Chapter 7: Bien manger, bien vivre: 7-7b Structure 7.2

Book Title: Atelier

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7-7b Structure 7.2

Writing verbs with minor spelling changes Les verbes avec changements orthographiques

Some -er verbs in French have regular endings but require slight spelling changes to reflect their pronunciation.

The verbs **préférer** (to prefer), **espérer** (to hope [for]), and **répéter** (to repeat) follow this pattern:

je préf**è**re BUT nous préf**é**rons ils préf**è**rent BUT vous préf**é**rez

Verbs such as **acheter** have a slightly different change:

ils ach**è**tent BUT nous tu ach**è**tes BUT vous ach**e**tez ach**e**tons

For the verb **appeler**, the I doubles when preceded by a pronounced **e**.

nous appelons BUT j'appe**ll**e vous appelez BUT tu appe**ll**es

Verbs ending in -ger, such as manger and nager, have the following change: $g \rightarrow ge$ before -ons to maintain the soft g sound.

je mange BUT nous mang**e**ons

Verbs ending in -cer, such as commencer, have the following change: $\mathbf{c} \rightarrow \mathbf{c}$ before -ons to maintain the soft \mathbf{c} sound.

je commence BUT nous commen ${f c}$ ons

The **nous** and **vous** forms of these verbs always have the same stem as the infinitive. The **passé composé** of these verbs is formed regularly on the infinitive.

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appeler → j'ai appelé acheter → j'ai acheté
espérer → j'ai espéré manger → j'ai mangé
répéter → j'ai répété commencer → j'ai commencé
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