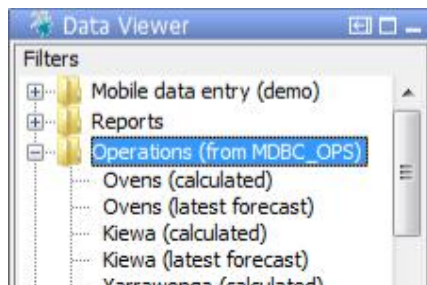
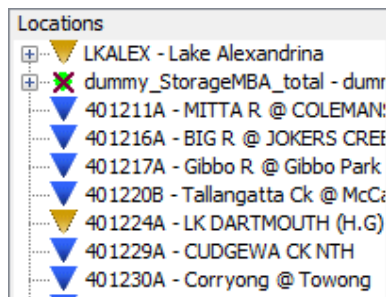


How to	Delft FEWS Data Viewer
Description	Step by step description of how to perform a specific task in ROWS.
Comments	The <i>italic</i> phrases correspond to the red markings in the screenshots. Please be aware that the screenshots may deviate slightly from the application
version	2015-02

The *Data Viewer* is located on the left side of the Explorer and can be opened by selecting the *Data Viewer* tab. It contains a list of data filters for viewing scalar time series.

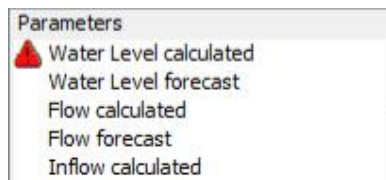


Via the *Filters* list the *data sources* are organized in several groups, related to the work process.



The *Locations* list contains all locations that are included in the database for the selected data source. The locations list is organized such that the stations are ordered alphabetically and can include one or more sensors (sub-locations).

The location name is shown in the list box. When hovering over a location in the list, a tooltip is shown with additional meta data for that location.



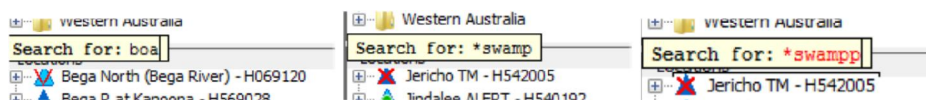
The *Parameters* list contains all parameters included in the selected data source.

The Parameters list is ordered alphabetically per parameter group.

When a location is selected from the locations list that does not have time series for all parameters in the parameters list, these parameters are greyed.

The context menu allows the user to order the parameters by name or select all parameters from the list.

Note: The **CTRL+A** button can be used in all list boxes to select all elements in one go. The **CTRL** or **SHIFT** buttons can be used to select multiple elements from the list; this is standard Windows functionality.



Note: The list box of the Data Viewer contain a search mechanism that can be used to find a location or parameter. To enable the search mechanism, select the appropriate list box and start typing the name of the location or parameter. While typing, the list will search for the location that starts with the letters type in the search box. It is also possible to use wildcard * while searching. When no location can be found, the text will turn red.