

The DoC Lab WACC Compiler: User Manual

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1 What is WACC?

WACC (pronounced “whack”) is a simple variant on the While family of languages encountered in many program reasoning/verification courses (in particular in the Models of Computation course taught to our 2nd year undergraduates). It features all of the common language constructs you would expect of a While-like language, such as program variables, simple expressions, conditional branching, looping and no-ops. It also features a rich set of extra constructs, such as simple types, functions, arrays and basic tuple creation on the heap.

The WACC language is intended to help unify the material taught in our more theoretical courses (such as Models of Computation) with the material taught in our more practical courses (such as Compilers). The core of the language should be simple enough to reason about and the extensions should pose some interesting challenges and design choices for anyone implementing it.

2 WACC Compiler Reference Implementation

The lab has written a reference implementation of the WACC compiler which will enable you to explore the behaviour of the WACC language. The core of this compiler has been written in Java, making use of the powerful ANTLR parser generator (<http://www.antlr.org/>).

There are two ways in which you can access the reference compiler:

- 1) via a web interface that lets you upload a WACC program and set the compiler options;
- 2) via a Ruby script that provides a programmatic interface to the web-service.

We discuss each of these in more detail below and provide a brief guide to help get you started with using the reference compiler.

2.1 Web Interface

A web interface to the reference compiler can be found on-line at:

- https://teaching.doc.ic.ac.uk/wacc_compiler.

As well as the interface to the reference compiler, the site provides some basic information on the project and links to related resources, the most important of these being a repository of example WACC programs (`WACCExamples`) hosted on the department’s GitLab service (<https://gitlab.doc.ic.ac.uk/>).

The site itself is just a simple HTML page which makes use of the popular Bootstrap framework. All of the dynamic content is managed by a small amount of JavaScript code which captures the contents of the input form and then calls a simple server-side Ruby script which passes this information on to the reference compiler. The compiler results are then passed back to the page as a JSON sting, which is processed and displayed by another piece of JavaScript.

2.2 Command-Line Interface

A Ruby script `refCompile`, which provides a traditional command-line interface to the reference WACC compiler, can be found on the web interface pages described above. The script is also included in the provided Git repository for the 2nd Year Compiler Lab and can be found in `/vol1/lab/secondyear/bin` if working on a DoC lab machine. The script allows for programmatic access to the reference compiler, which you will probably find useful when testing your WACC compiler.

The script is written for Ruby1.9.1 and requires the “rest-client” and “json” gems to be installed on your machine. These are included in the standard setup on a DoC lab machine.

3 Usage Information

To see a full list of the compiler’s options, simply run the compiler without any arguments or with the ‘Help’ `-help` option:

```
prompt> ./refCompile -help
Usage: ./refCompile [options] <target.wacc>
options:
-po Parse-Only. Check the input file for syntax errors and generate an AST.
-sc Semantic-Check. Parse the file for syntax and semantic errors and generate an AST.
-vast View-AST. Display AST generated by the parser.
-vasm View-Assembly. Display ARM assembly code generated by the code generator.
-exe Execute. Assemble and Emulate the generated ARM code and display its output.
-dir Directory. Run the compiler over all files in target directory.
-help Help. Display this usage information
```

`target.wacc`: path to wacc program file to compile (or target directory if `-dir` option set)

Note that the ‘Help’ `-help` option is not available on the web interface, but similar usage information can be displayed on the website.

The reference compiler parses the input file `target.wacc` and, if this was successful, generates ARM assembly code for the input file. The compiler expects the target file to have the `.wacc` extension and will throw a warning if this is not the case (although it will still try to run over the file).

By default (with no option flags set) it runs the full compilation process, generating temporary files on the server that are cleaned up as soon as the compiler terminates. If you want to see the contents of these output files, then you can use the ‘View-AST’ `-vast` and ‘View-Assembly’ `-vasm` options that display the abstract syntax tree and generated assembly code (if the compiler gets that far) respectively.

The reference compiler can be stopped midway through the compilation process, if you just want to know if a program is syntactically or semantically correct. The ‘Parse-Only’ option `-po` stops the compiler after the program has been run through the lexer and parser, whilst the ‘Semantic-Check’ option `-sc` additionally performs semantic analysis of the target program. In both cases the compiler exits before generating any assembly code, so the ‘View-Assembly’ `-vasm` option will be ignored.

The reference compiler can also simulate the execution of the generated ARM code using the ‘Execute’ `-exe` option. The user will first be prompted for an input stream that will later be passed to the compiled program. For example, running:

```
prompt> ./refCompile -exe WACCEXamples/valid/print.wacc
```

will prompt the user for an input stream and then compile the program and simulate the generated code for the `print.wacc` program from the provided `WACCEXamples` repository. Note that the reference compiler automatically imposes a 5 second timeout on the execution of any WACC program. This is to prevent long-running or non-terminating programs from clogging up the server.

The `refCompile` script additionally allows you to run the reference compiler over all of the `.wacc` files within a target directory with the ‘Directory’ `-dir` option. For example, running:

```
prompt> ./refCompile -dir WACCEXamples
```

Will run the compiler over all of the WACC programs in the provided `WACCEXamples` repository. If the ‘Execute’ `-exe` option is also enabled, then the script will prompt the user for an input stream for each program.

You may find it useful to pipe the output from running the `refCompile` script to a file, particularly if you are running it in ‘Directory’ mode. For example, running:

```
prompt> ./refCompile -exe -dir WACCEexamples | tee refCompile.out
```

will generate the file `refCompile.out` found in the provided `WACCEexamples` repository. Note that the use of the `tee` command means that the output from the program will be sent to both the console and the output file `refCompile.out`. You will find this helpful when the script is asking you to provide an input stream for each program.

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