

Control Systems

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CONTENTS

1	Compensators	1
1.1	lag-lead Compensator	1

Abstract—The objective of this manual is to introduce control system design at an elementary level.

Download python codes using

```
svn co https://github.com/gadepall/school/trunk/
control/ketan/codes
```

1 COMPENSATORS

1.1 lag-lead Compensator

1.1. For the unity feedback system shown in Fig. 1.1 , with

$$G(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+1)(s+4)} \quad (1.1.1)$$

Design a lag-lead compensator to yield a $K_v = 12$ as well as peak overshoot of 12% and peak time of less than or equal to 2 seconds.

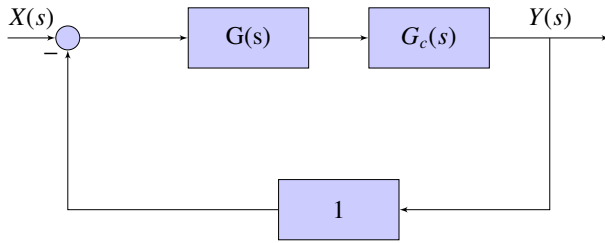


Fig. 1.1

1.2. Solution:

$$K_v = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} sG(s) = 12 \quad (1.2.1)$$

$$\Rightarrow K = 48 \quad (1.2.2)$$

The bode plot for $G(s)$ is as follows :

$$G(s) = \frac{48}{s(s+1)(s+4)} \quad (1.2.3)$$

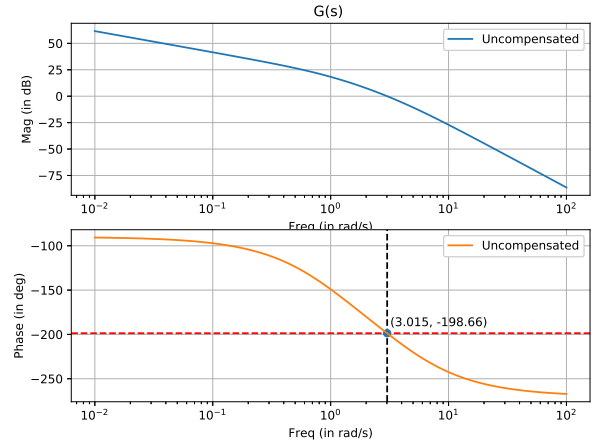


Fig. 1.2: $G(s)$ Bode Plot

Damping Ratio ζ

$$\zeta = \frac{-\ln\left(\frac{OS\%}{100}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi^2 + \left(\ln\left(\frac{OS\%}{100}\right)\right)^2}} \quad (1.2.4)$$

Phase Margin ϕ_M

$$\phi_M = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2\zeta}{\sqrt{-2\zeta^2 + \sqrt{4\zeta^4 + 1}}} \right) \quad (1.2.5)$$

closed-loop Bandwidth ω_{bw}

$$\omega_{bw} = \frac{\pi}{T_p \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}} \sqrt{1 - 2\zeta^2 + \sqrt{4\zeta^4 - 4\zeta^2 + 2}} \quad (1.2.6)$$

The following code computes the above quantities.

```
codes/ee18btech11049/ee18btech11049_1.py
```

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$$\zeta = 0.557 \quad (1.2.7)$$

$$\phi_M = 56.13^\circ \quad (1.2.8)$$

$$\omega_{bw} = 2.27 \text{ rad/sec} \quad (1.2.9)$$

The required phase margin to yield a 12% OS is 56.13°

Let us select $\omega = 1.83 \text{ rad/s}$ as the new phase-margin frequency.

At this frequency, the uncompensated phase is -176 and would require, if we add a -6 contribution from the lag compensator, a $+56$ contribution from the lead compensator.

$$G_{Lead}(s) G_{Lag}(s) = \left(\frac{s + \frac{1}{T_1}}{s + \frac{\gamma}{T_1}} \right) \left(\frac{s + \frac{1}{T_2}}{s + \frac{1}{\gamma T_2}} \right) \quad (1.2.10)$$

Choose the lag compensator 1-decade below, so that its will have minimal effect at the new phase-margin frequency.

$$\phi_{max,lead} = 56 = \sin^{-1} \frac{1 - \beta}{1 + \beta} \quad (1.2.11)$$

$$\beta = 0.092 \quad (1.2.12)$$

$$\gamma = 10.86 \text{ since } \gamma = \frac{1}{\beta} \quad (1.2.13)$$

Thus with $\gamma = 10.86$

$$G_{Lag}(s) = \left(\frac{s + \frac{1}{T_2}}{s + \frac{1}{\gamma T_2}} \right) = \frac{s + 0.183}{s + 0.0168} \quad (1.2.14)$$

$$\omega_{max} = \frac{1}{T_1 \sqrt{\beta}} \quad (1.2.15)$$

Using Values of $\omega_{max} = 1.83$ and $\beta = 0.094$

$$G_{Lag}(s) = \left(\frac{s + \frac{1}{T_1}}{s + \frac{\gamma}{T_1}} \right) = \frac{s + 0.55}{s + 5.69} \quad (1.2.16)$$

The lag-lead Compensated System's open loop transfer function is

$$G_{total}(s) = \frac{48(s + 0.183)(s + 0.55)}{s(s + 1)(s + 4)(s + 0.0168)(s + 5.69)} \quad (1.2.17)$$

1.3. **Verification :** We could observe the affect of the lag-lead compensator from these phase

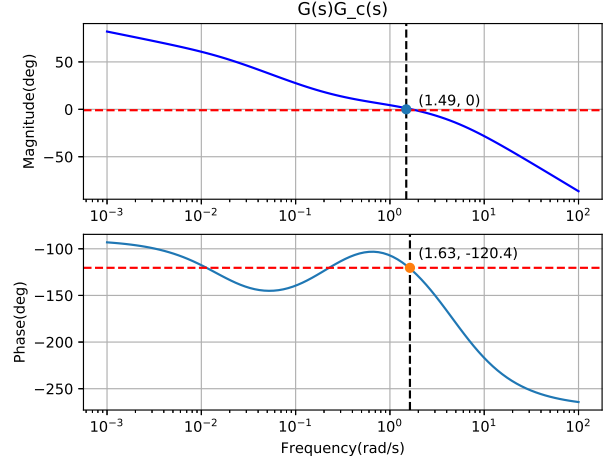


Fig. 1.2: G(s) Compensated Bode Plot

plots.

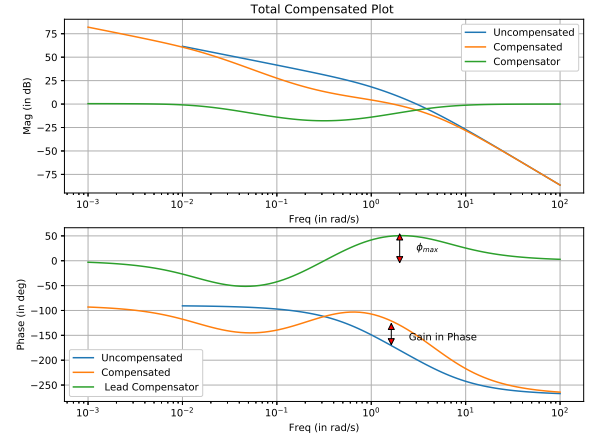


Fig. 1.3: Combined Bode Plots

These plots are generated using the below code:

```
codes/ee18btech11049/ee18btech11049_2.py
```

1.4. **Result :** The below is the summary for the designed lead-lead compensator.

Specifications	Expected	Proposed
OS%	12%	10.2%
T_p	≤ 2	1.61
ϕ_M	56	59.6
ω_{bw}	≥ 2.27	3
ω_{gc}	-	1.63
K_v	12	12

TABLE 1.4: Comparing the desired and obtained results