

## **Session 12 Additional Exercise**

### **Problem Statement 1:**

A company manufactures LED bulbs with a faulty rate of 30%. If I randomly select 6 chosen LEDs, what is the probability of having 2 faulty LEDs in my sample? Calculate the average value of this process. Also evaluate the standard deviation associated with it.

### **Solution:**

$$p = \text{Success} = 0.7;$$

$$q = \text{Failure} = 0.3$$

#### **1. Calculate Mean**

$$\mu = E(x) = n \cdot p$$

### **Where:**

$$n = \text{No. of Trials} = 6$$

$$p = \text{Success ratio} = 0.7$$

$$\therefore \text{Mean} = 6 \cdot 0.7$$

$$= 4.2$$

#### **2. Standard Deviation**

$$\sigma = \sqrt{npq}$$

### **Where:**

$$n = \text{No. of selected Leds} = 6$$

$$p = \text{Success ratio} = 0.7$$

$$q = \text{Failure ratio} = 0.3$$

$$\therefore \text{Standard Deviation} = \sqrt{6 \cdot 0.7 \cdot 0.3}$$

$$= 1.12$$

**Problem Statement 2:**

Gaurav and Barakha are both preparing for entrance exams. Gaurav attempts to solve 8 questions per day with a correction rate of 75%, while Barakha averages around 12 questions per day with a correction rate of 45%. What is the probability that each of them will solve 5 questions correctly? What happens in cases of 4 and 6 correct solutions? What do you infer from it? What are the two main governing factors affecting their ability to solve questions correctly? Give a pictorial representation of the same to validate your answer.

**Solution:**

**Gaurav:**

$$n = 8$$

$$p = 0.75$$

$$q = 0.25$$

**Barakha:**

$$n = 12$$

$$p = 0.45$$

$$q = 0.55$$

**Problem Statement 3:**

Customers arrive at a rate of 72 per hour to my shop. What is the probability of k customers arriving in 4 minutes?

a) 5 customers, b) not more than 3 customers, c) more than 3 customers.

Give a pictorial representation of the same to validate your answer.

**Solution:**

Answers is C: more than 3 customers.

60 minutes - 72 customers are arriving

4 minutes - ?

$$\frac{4}{60} * 72 = 4.8$$

Answer is

**Problem Statement 4:**

**I work as a data analyst in Aeon Learning Pvt. Ltd. After analyzing data, I make reports, where I have the efficiency of entering 77 words per minute with 6 errors per hour. What is the probability that I will commit 2 errors in a 455-word financial report?**

**What happens when the no. of words increases/decreases (in case of 1000 words, 255 words)? How is the  $\lambda$  affected? How does it influence the PMF? Give a pictorial representation of the same to validate your answer.**