

```
In [213]: #import visulization library
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
sns.set(color_codes = True) #for presenting data in attractive way
```

```
In [214]: #read the first dataset-weather
weather = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\layal\\OneDrive\\المستندات\\IR\\Test.csv')
```

```
In [215]: weather.head() #view the dataset column
```

```
Out[215]:
```

	date_time	is_holiday	air_pollution_index	humidity	wind_speed	wind_direction	visibility_in_m
0	18-05-2017 00:00	None	73	63	1	27	
1	18-05-2017 00:00	None	251	63	1	27	
2	18-05-2017 00:00	None	75	56	1	0	
3	18-05-2017 01:00	None	98	56	1	351	
4	18-05-2017 01:00	None	283	56	1	351	

```
In [216]: weather.info() # to check data type and values for each columns
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 199 entries, 0 to 198
Data columns (total 14 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   date_time                            199 non-null    object
1   is_holiday                          199 non-null    object
2   air_pollution_index                199 non-null    int64
3   humidity                            199 non-null    int64
4   wind_speed                          199 non-null    int64
5   wind_direction                      199 non-null    int64
6   visibility_in_miles                 199 non-null    int64
7   dew_point                           199 non-null    int64
8   temperature                         199 non-null    float64
9   rain_p_h                            199 non-null    int64
10  snow_p_h                            199 non-null    int64
11  clouds_all                          199 non-null    int64
12  weather_type                        199 non-null    object
13  weather_description                 199 non-null    object
dtypes: float64(1), int64(9), object(4)
memory usage: 21.9+ KB
```

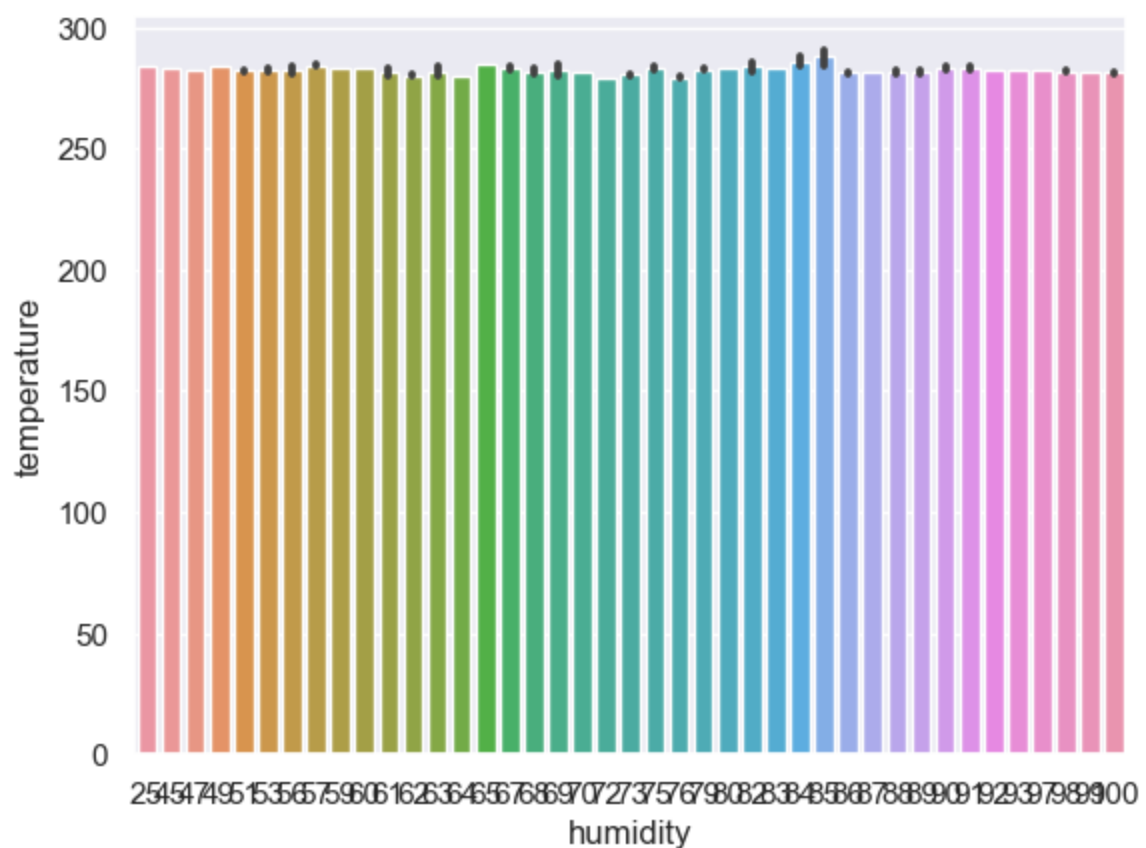
# barplot

```
In [217]: sns.barplot(weather['humidity'], weather['temperature'])
```

C:\Users\layal\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\\_decorators.py:36:  
FutureWarning:

Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

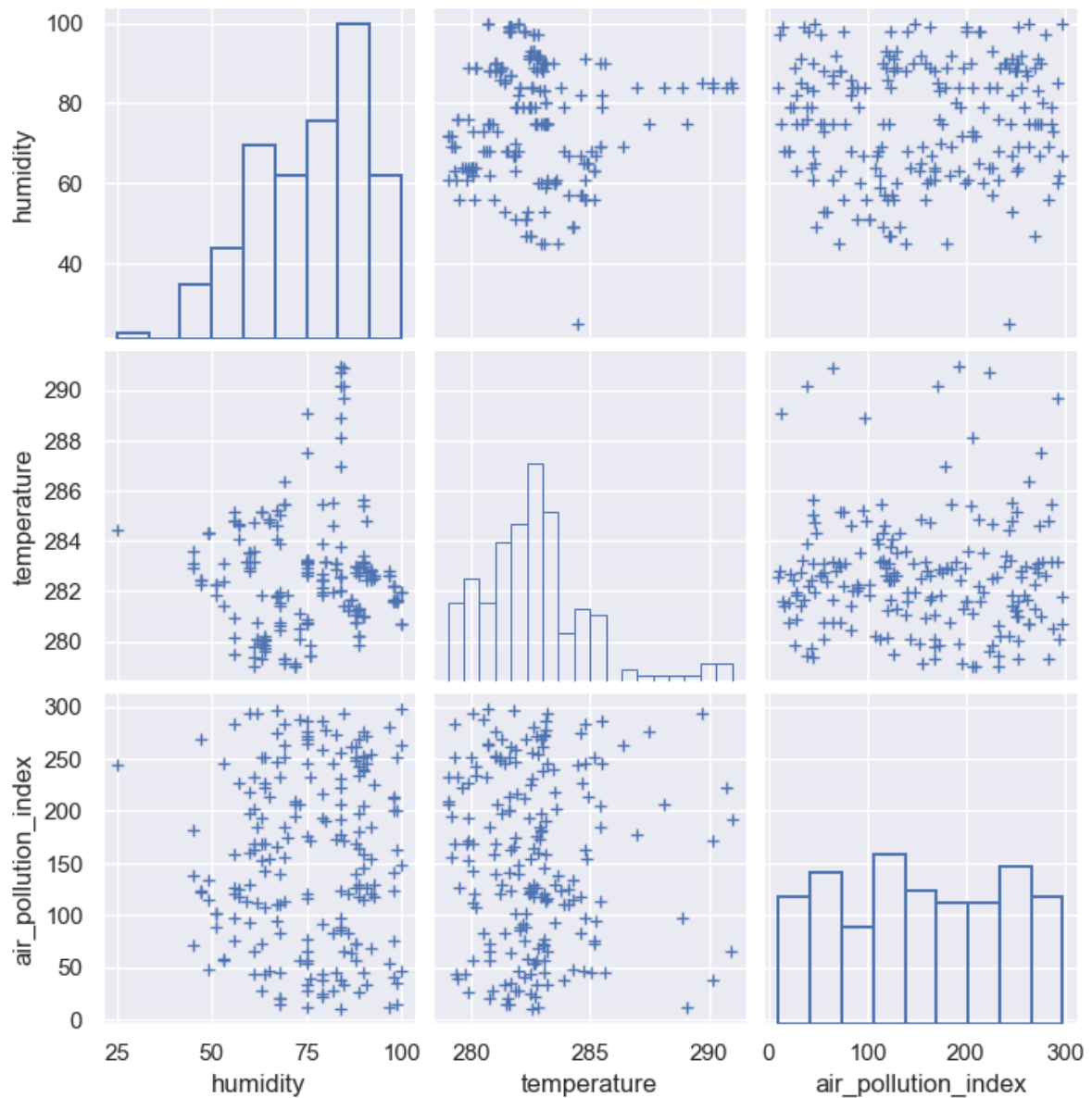
```
Out[217]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='humidity', ylabel='temperature'>
```



## pairplot

```
In [222]: sns.pairplot(weather[['humidity', 'temperature', 'air_pollution_index']],pl  
          diag_kws=dict(fill=False),)
```

```
Out[222]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x296d7623d00>
```

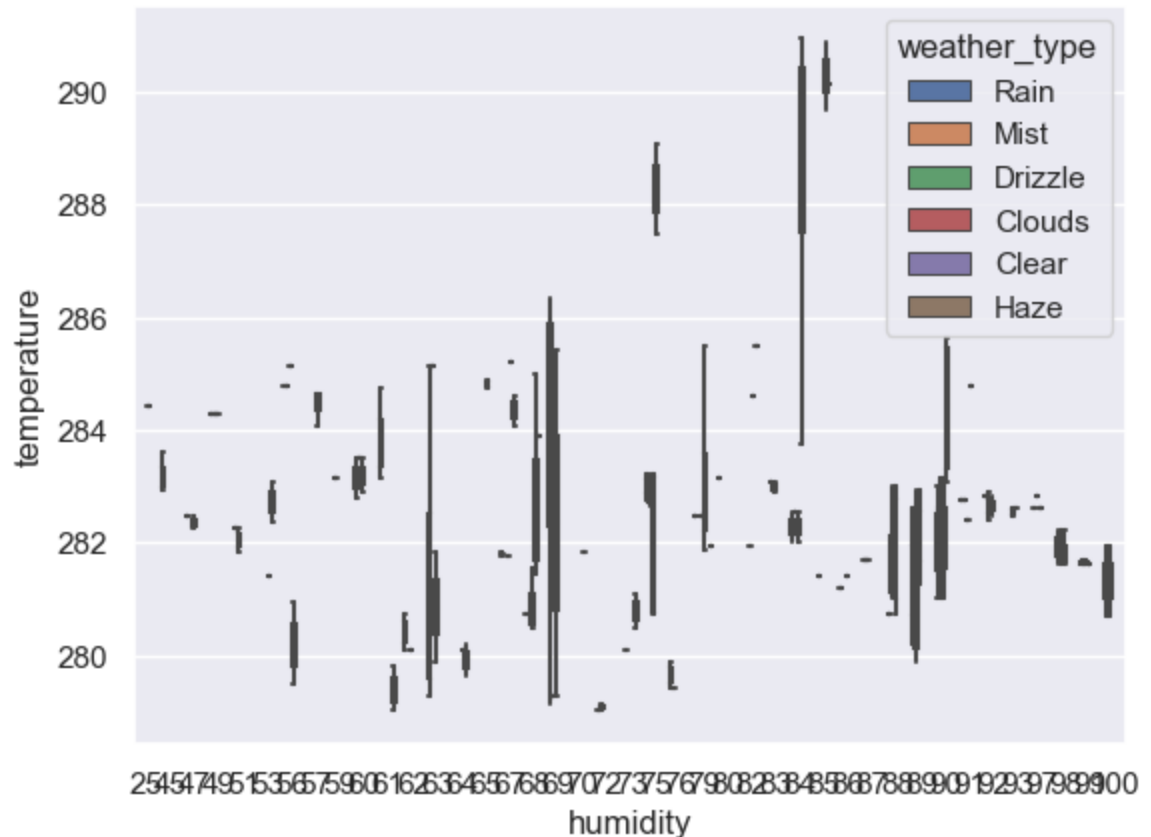


## boxplot

```
In [15]: sns.boxplot(weather['humidity'], weather['temperature'], hue=weather['wea
```

C:\Users\layal\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\\_decorators.py:36:  
 FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. From  
 version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and  
 passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an  
 error or misinterpretation.  
 warnings.warn(

```
Out[15]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='humidity', ylabel='temperature'>
```



```
In [16]: # library for creating interactive plot visualization
import plotly.express as px
import plotly
```

## animation bar chart

In [223]:

```
weather['date_time'] = pd.to_datetime(weather['date_time'])

WType = weather['weather_type']
WDirec = weather['wind_direction']
Wdate = weather['date_time'].dt.strftime('%Y-%m-%d')

fig = px.bar(
    weather,
    x = WType,
    y = WDirec,
    color = WType,
    animation_frame = Wdate,
    animation_group = WType,
    range_y = [0,600]
)

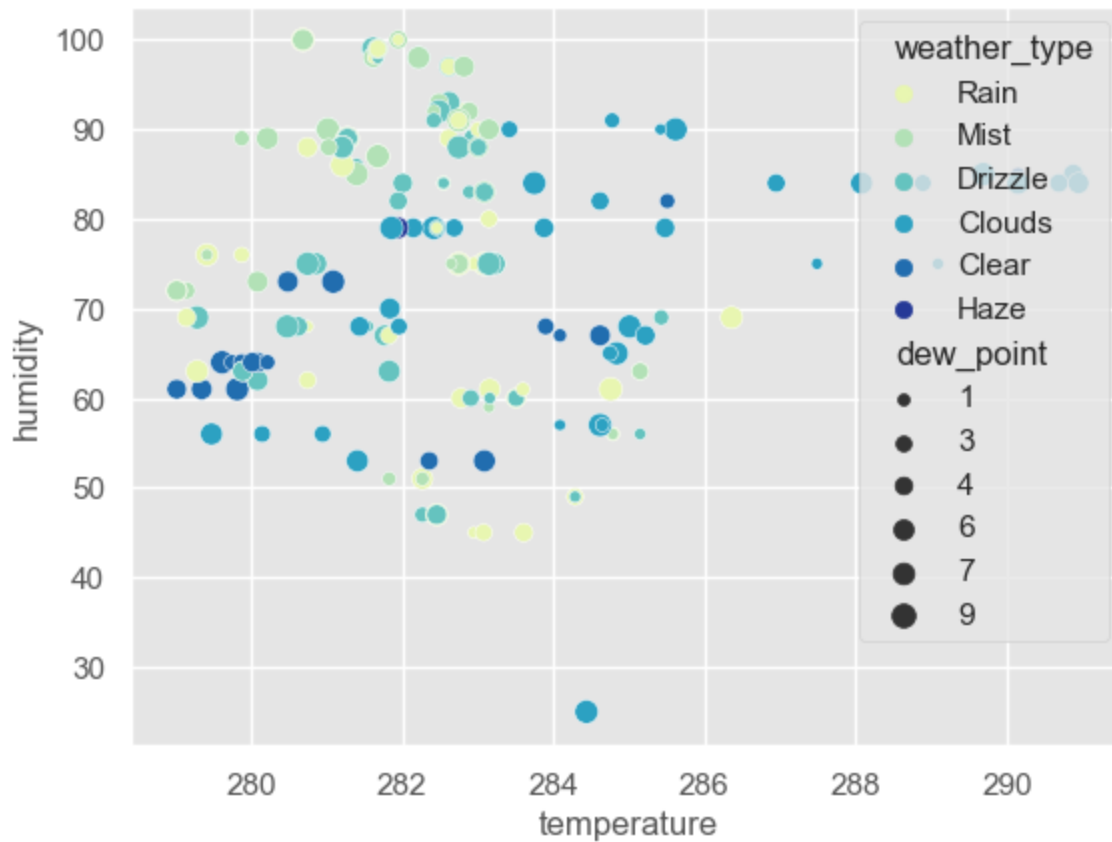
plotly.offline.plot(fig, filename='animatedBar.html') #new html page
```

Out[223]: 'animatedBar.html'

## scatterplot

```
In [186]: weather = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\layal\\OneDrive\\المستندات\\IR\\Test.csv')
sns.scatterplot(x='temperature', y='humidity', data=weather, hue='weather_',
               ,palette='YlGnBu')
```

```
Out[186]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='temperature', ylabel='humidity'>
```



**animation scatter**

```
In [289]: #air pollution vs weather description based on date and time
weather = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\layal\\OneDrive\\المستندات\\IR\\Test.csv')
px.scatter(weather,
            x='weather_description',
            y='air_pollution_index',
            animation_frame='date_time',
            animation_group='weather_description',
            size='air_pollution_index',
            color='weather_description',
            hover_name='weather_description',
            size_max=100,
            range_x=[-100, 600],
            range_y=[0, 600]
            )
```

```
In [75]: # import static, animated python library
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
from matplotlib import style
```

## plt.plot

```

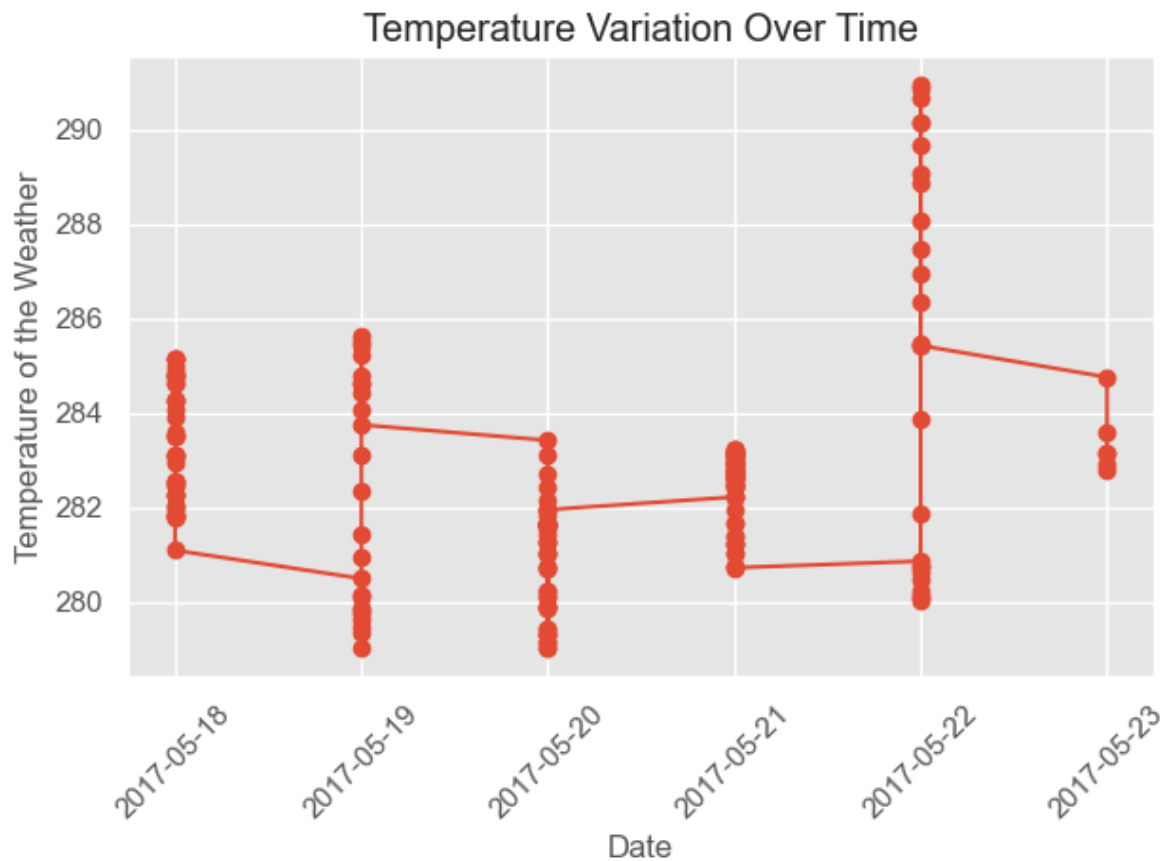
In [117]: style.use('ggplot')
# Read the CSV file
weather = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\layal\\OneDrive\\المستندات\\IR\\Test.csv')

# Convert 'date_time' to datetime
weather['date_time'] = pd.to_datetime(weather['date_time'])

# Extract necessary columns
WTemp = weather['temperature']
Wdate2 = weather['date_time'].dt.strftime('%Y-%m-%d')

# Plot the histogram
plt.plot(Wdate2, WTemp, marker='o', linestyle='--')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Temperature of the Weather')
plt.title('Temperature Variation Over Time')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```



**plt.histogram**

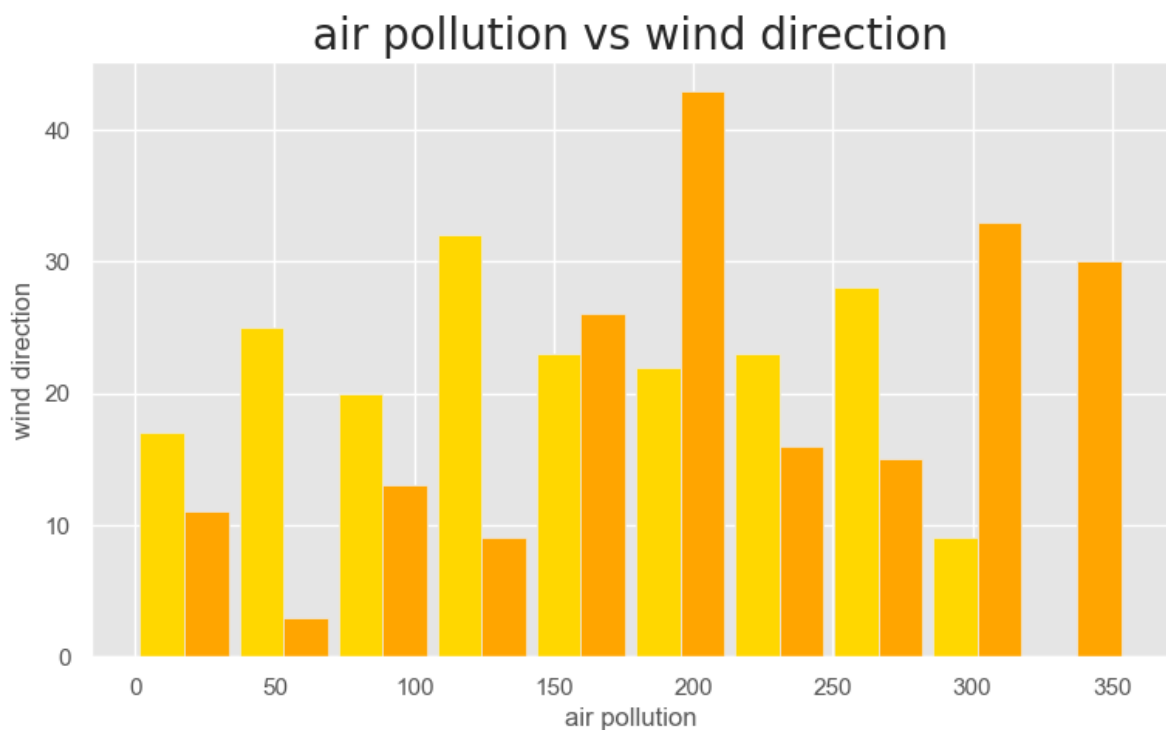


```
In [297]: #air pollution vs wind direction
plt.figure(figsize=(9,5))
plt.style.use('ggplot')
weather = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\layal\\OneDrive\\المستندات\\IR\\Test.csv')

# Extract necessary columns
WAirP = weather['air_pollution_index']
WWind = weather['wind_direction']

plt.hist([WAirP,WWind],color=['gold','orange'], rwidth=0.9)
plt.xlabel('air pollution')
plt.ylabel('wind direction')
plt.title('air pollution vs wind direction',fontsize=20,fontfamily='Dejavu')
```

Out[297]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'air pollution vs wind direction')



```
In [161]: #downloading wordcloud
pip install wordcloud
```

```
Collecting wordcloud
  Downloading wordcloud-1.9.2-cp39-cp39-win_amd64.whl (153 kB)
----- 153.3/153.3 kB 1.5 MB/s et
a 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: pillow in c:\users\layal\anaconda3\lib\
\site-packages (from wordcloud) (9.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in c:\users\layal\anaconda3\
\lib\site-packages (from wordcloud) (3.5.2)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.6.1 in c:\users\layal\anaconda
3\lib\site-packages (from wordcloud) (1.21.5)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.2.1 in c:\users\layal\anac
onda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->wordcloud) (3.0.9)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in c:\users\layal\
anaconda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->wordcloud) (2.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in c:\users\layal\anaconda
3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->wordcloud) (0.11.0)
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in c:\users\layal\ana
conda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->wordcloud) (4.25.0)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in c:\users\layal\anaco
nda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->wordcloud) (21.3)
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in c:\users\layal\ana
conda3\lib\site-packages (from matplotlib->wordcloud) (1.4.2)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in c:\users\layal\anaconda3\li
b\site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7->matplotlib->wordcloud) (1.
16.0)
Installing collected packages: wordcloud
Successfully installed wordcloud-1.9.2
Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
```

```
In [212]: # read Dialog file
data_file = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\layal\\OneDrive\\المستندات\\IR\\Dialog
data_file.head()
```

```
Out[212]:
```

	Dialogue ID	Chapter ID	Place ID	Character ID	Dialogue
0	1	1	8	4	I should have known that you would be here...P...
1	2	1	8	7	Good evening, Professor Dumbledore. Are the ru...
2	3	1	8	4	I'm afraid so, Professor. The good, and the bad.
3	4	1	8	7	And the boy?
4	5	1	8	4	Hagrid is bringing him.

## wordcloud

```
In [316]: from wordcloud import WordCloud, STOPWORDS , ImageColorGenerator
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from PIL import Image
import numpy as np

# stopword analysis
stopwords = set(STOPWORDS)

# circle mask shape
x, y = np.ogrid[:300, :300]
mask = (x - 150) ** 2 + (y - 150) ** 2 > 130 ** 2
mask = 255 * mask.astype(int)

#read only the dialog column in wordcloud
data_file = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\layal\\OneDrive\\المستندات\\IR\\Dialog
#wordcloud
wordcloud = WordCloud( stopwords = stopwords ,width=600 , height=800,cont
                        contour_color = "pink",background_color="White",
                        colormap="Set2").generate(''.join(data_file['Dialog
# edit figsize
plt.figure(figsize=(20,7),facecolor='k')

# Remove the axis and display the data as image
plt.imshow(wordcloud,interpolation='bilinear')
plt.axis('off')
plt.tight_layout (pad=0)

plt.show()
```



```

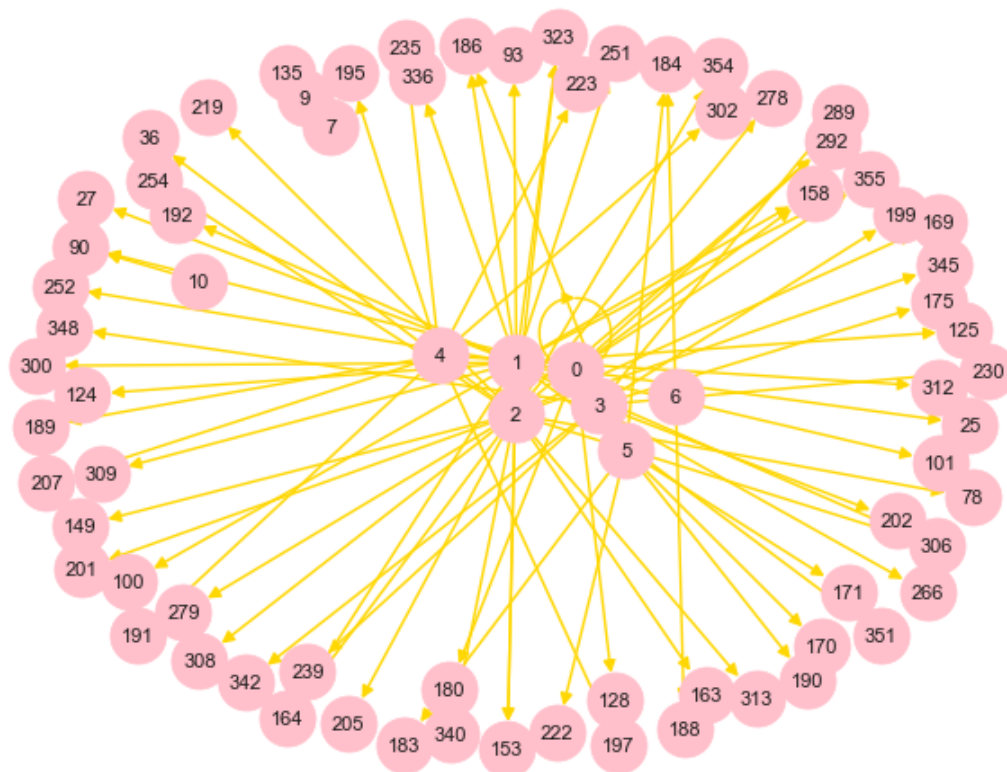
In [211]: # import naetwork library
import networkx as nx

weather = pd.read_csv('C:\\Users\\layal\\OneDrive\\المستندات\\IR\\Test.csv')
# Create a directed graph from the weather dataset
G = nx.from_pandas_edgelist(weather, 'wind_speed', 'wind_direction', create_using=nx.DiGraph)

# draw the graph
pos = nx.fruchterman_reingold_layout(G)
nx.draw(G, pos, with_labels=True, font_weight='normal', node_size=500, node_color='pink',
        font_size=8, edge_color='gold')

plt.show()

```



In [ ]: