# laygo2 cheatsheet 0.1

# laygo2

# What is laygo2?

The laygo2 package is a comprehensive framework for automatic IC layout generation in Python Use the following import command:

laygo2.github.io

```
>>> import laygo2
```

#### Create design hierarchy

```
>>> l = laygo2.Library(name="mylib") # library
>>> d = laygo2.Design(name="mydsn") # design
```

#### Layout on physical grids

```
>>> r = laygo2.Rect(xy=[[0, 0], [100, 100]], layer=["M1", "drawing"])
>>> t = laygo2.Text(xy=[0, 200], layer=["text", "drawing"], text="test")
>>> p = laygo2.Pin(xy=[[0, 0], [100, 100]], layer=["M1", "pin"], netname="net0"))
>>> i = laygo2.Instance(xy=[0, 0], libname="mylib", cellname="mycell", pins={"net0":p})
>>> d.append([r,t,p,i])
```

# Load templates and abstract grids

```
>>> import laygo2_tech as tech
>>> templates = tech.load_templates() # load technology templates
>>> grids = tech.load_grids(templates=templates) # load technology grids
>>> tmpl = templates["nmos"]
>>> i1 = tmpl.generate(params={"nf":4}) # generate instance
>>> pg = grids["placement"]
>>> rg = grids["route_M1_M2"]
```

### Layout on abstract grids

```
>>> i = d.place(grid=pg, inst=i, mn=[0, 0]) # place instance
>>> i1 = d.place(grid=pg, inst=i1, mn=pg.mn.top_left(i)) # use pointer
>>> d.route(grid=rg, mn=[[0, 1], rg.mn(i.pins["p"])[0]) # route wire
>>> d.pin(name="X", grid=rg, mn=rg.mn(i.pins["p"]) # pin
```

#### **Export design**

```
>>> laygo2.interface.gdspy.export(lib, filename, cellname, scale, layermapfile) # GDS
>>> laygo2.interface.skill.export(lib, filename, cellname, scale) # skill
>>> laygo2.interface.bag.export(lib, filename, cellname, scale) # bag
>>> laygo2.interface.mpl.export(lib, cellname, colormap, order, filename) # matplotlib
```

#### Register template

```
>>> tmpl1 = d.export_to_template() # convert instance to native template
>>> laygo2.interface.yaml.export(tmpl1, filename, mode="append") # register template
```