

# **Internet of Things- Arduino Final Project**

Layla de Souza Barbosa

Lizandra Esterque

Georgian At Ilac - Computer Programming Diploma

# I. Project Overview

The Wake to Sunrise Alarm Clock is a Arduino program simulating a digital clock with a alarm function attached where a RGB light simulates the sunlight, making it easier to human body to wake. This project aims to fulfill requirements for the final project in Internet of Things using Arduino course for Computer Programming Diploma.

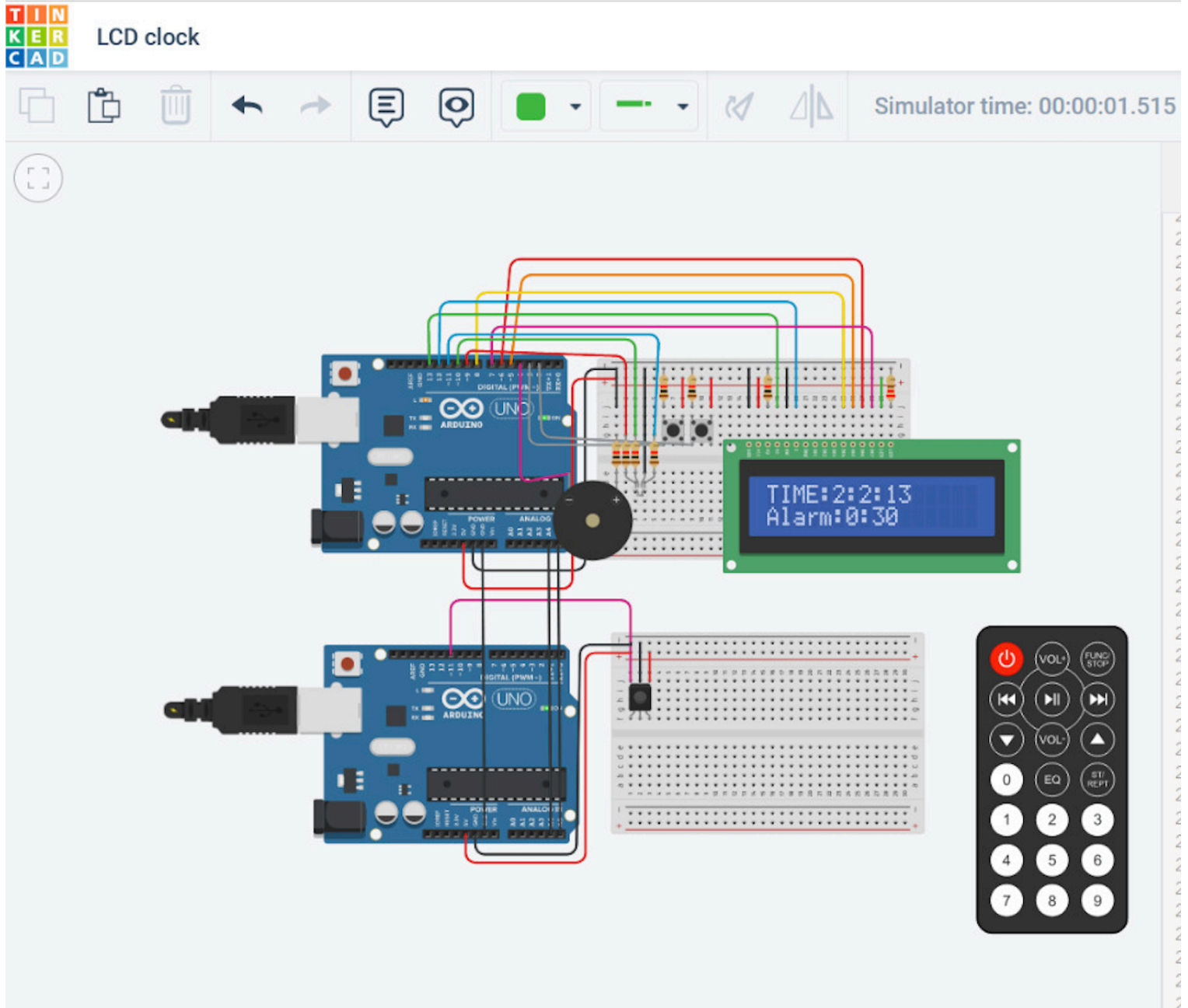
The development environment used to create the circuit was the Tinkercad website and the code was written using C++ language, To create a functional project we made use of a series of components, as listed:

- 2 Arduino UNO R3 connected through the master-slave system;
- 2 bread boards used to organize the wires and components;
- A Liquid Crystal Display 16x2;
- A piezo buzzer;
- A RGB LED;
- 2 pushbuttons;
- An IR remote and sensor;
- Resistors and wires as needed to connect components to both Arduino UNO.

In addition, we imported some libraries that allowed the use of methods to work with the components selected, such as:

- Wire.h : allows you to communicate with I2C/TWI devices, opening the communication door between 2 Arduinos UNO connected between themselves.
- IRremote.h: send and receive infrared signals with multiple protocols, allowing us to use the remote to control the alarm settings
- LiquidCrystal.h: allows an Arduino board to control LiquidCrystal displays, making possible to actually show the user the time and alarm that is set up.

## II. Circuit set up



### III. Code

#### A. Clock\_1:

```
/*C++
```

```
Authors: Lizandra Esterque & Layla Barbosa
```

```
Date: 12/10/2022
```

```
Slave clock: This board has the lcd to show time and alarm time set up, the led light that turns on with a buzzer that plays a warm song when the time and alarm time are the same. To control the 2 variables, hours and minutes, it has 2 push buttons, one for each variable.
```

```
*/
```

```
// importing libraries
```

```
#include <LiquidCrystal.h>
```

```
#include <Wire.h>
```

```
//public constants
```

```
#define NOTE_B0 31
```

```
#define NOTE_C1 33
```

```
#define NOTE_CS1 35
```

```
#define NOTE_D1 37
```

```
#define NOTE_DS1 39
```

```
#define NOTE_E1 41
```

```
#define NOTE_F1 44
```

```
#define NOTE_FS1 46
```

```
#define NOTE_G1 49
```

```
#define NOTE_GS1 52
```

```
#define NOTE_A1 55
```

```
#define NOTE_AS1 58
```

```
#define NOTE_B1 62
```

```
#define NOTE_C2 65
```

```
#define NOTE_CS2 69
```

```
#define NOTE_D2 73
```

```
#define NOTE_DS2 78
```

```
#define NOTE_E2 82
```

```
#define NOTE_F2 87
```

```
#define NOTE_FS2 93
```

```
#define NOTE_G2 98
```

```
#define NOTE_GS2 104
```

```
#define NOTE_A2 110
```

```
#define NOTE_AS2 117
```

```
#define NOTE_B2 123
```

```
#define NOTE_C3 131
```

```
#define NOTE_CS3 139
```

```
#define NOTE_D3 147
```

```
#define NOTE_DS3 156
```

```
#define NOTE_E3 165
```

```
#define NOTE_F3 175
```

```
#define NOTE_FS3 185
```

```
#define NOTE_G3 196
```

```
#define NOTE_GS3 208
```

```
#define NOTE_A3 220
```

```
#define NOTE_AS3 233
#define NOTE_B3 247
#define NOTE_C4 262
#define NOTE_CS4 277
#define NOTE_D4 294
#define NOTE_DS4 311
#define NOTE_E4 330
#define NOTE_F4 349
#define NOTE_FS4 370
#define NOTE_G4 392
#define NOTE_GS4 415
#define NOTE_A4 440
#define NOTE_AS4 466
#define NOTE_B4 494
#define NOTE_C5 523
#define NOTE_CS5 554
#define NOTE_D5 587
#define NOTE_DS5 622
#define NOTE_E5 659
#define NOTE_F5 698
#define NOTE_FS5 740
#define NOTE_G5 784
#define NOTE_GS5 831
#define NOTE_A5 880
#define NOTE_AS5 932
#define NOTE_B5 988
#define NOTE_C6 1047
#define NOTE_CS6 1109
#define NOTE_D6 1175
#define NOTE_DS6 1245
#define NOTE_E6 1319
#define NOTE_F6 1397
#define NOTE_FS6 1480
#define NOTE_G6 1568
#define NOTE_GS6 1661
#define NOTE_A6 1760
#define NOTE_AS6 1865
#define NOTE_B6 1976
#define NOTE_C7 2093
#define NOTE_CS7 2217
#define NOTE_D7 2349
#define NOTE_DS7 2489
#define NOTE_E7 2637
#define NOTE_F7 2794
#define NOTE_FS7 2960
#define NOTE_G7 3136
#define NOTE_GS7 3322
#define NOTE_A7 3520
#define NOTE_AS7 3729
#define NOTE_B7 3951
#define NOTE_C8 4186
#define NOTE_CS8 4435
#define NOTE_D8 4699
#define NOTE_DS8 4978
```

```

#define REST    0

//instantiating variables and an array for the alarm song
int tempo = 180;
int melody[] = {
  NOTE_E5, 8, NOTE_D5, 8, NOTE_FS4, 4, NOTE_GS4, 4,
  NOTE_CS5, 8, NOTE_B4, 8, NOTE_D4, 4, NOTE_E4, 4,
  NOTE_B4, 8, NOTE_A4, 8, NOTE_CS4, 4, NOTE_E4, 4,
  NOTE_A4, 2,
};
int notes = sizeof(melody) / sizeof(melody[0]) / 2;
int wholenote = (60000 * 4) / tempo;
int divider = 0, noteDuration = 0;

//instantiating variables for lcd, rgbled and pushbuttons
LiquidCrystal lcd (13,12,8,5,6,7);
int RedPin = 9;
int GreenPin =10;
int BluePin = 11;
int buzzerPin = 4;
int buttonpin = 3;
int buttonpin2=2;

//instantiating variables for seconds, hour and minutes for the clock;
int h =1;
int m =0;
int s;
//and minutes and hours for alarm
int hA;
int mA;

void setup()
{
  //inititalizing all components and communication doors
  Wire.begin(1);
  Wire.onReceive(receiveEvent);
  Serial.begin(9600);
  lcd.begin (16,2);
  pinMode(RedPin, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(GreenPin, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(BluePin, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(buzzerPin, OUTPUT);
  //defining function for the pushbuttons
  attachInterrupt(digitalPinToInterrupt(buttonpin), hours, RISING);
  attachInterrupt(digitalPinToInterrupt(buttonpin2), minu, RISING);
}

//function that receives information from the master
void receiveEvent(int bytes) {
  mA = Wire.read();
}

```

//functions to define hour and minute

```
void hours () {  
    h++;  
}
```

```
void minu () {  
    m++;  
}
```

```
void loop(){  
    //starting the rub turned off  
    analogWrite(RedPin,0);  
    analogWrite(GreenPin,0);  
    analogWrite(BluePin,0);  
    lcd.clear();  
  
    //attributing the value received from the master to a inside variable  
    int Time = mA;  
  
    //if controllers for set up the alarm in 60 minutes intervals and 24 hours  
    if (Time>=60) {  
        Time=0;  
        hA++;  
        if (hA==24) {  
            hA=0;  
        }  
    }  
  
    if (Time<0) {  
        Time=45;  
        hA--;  
        if (hA==-1){  
            hA=23;  
        }  
    }  
  
    //printing the value on the monitor serial for better following the program flow  
    Serial.print(mA);  
    //printing the timed alarm time on the lcd  
    lcd.setCursor(0, 0);  
    s++;  
    lcd.print("TIME:" );  
    lcd.print(h);  
    lcd.print(":");  
    lcd.print(m);  
    lcd.print(":");  
    lcd.print(s);  
  
    lcd.setCursor(0, 1);  
    lcd.print(" Alarm:" );  
    lcd.print(hA);  
    lcd.print(":");  
    lcd.print(Time);
```

```

    delay(100);
    //get the time rolling as a clock
    if (s == 60){
        s = 0;
        m++;
    }
    if (m == 60){
        m = 0;
        h = h++;
    }
    if (h == 24){
        h = 0;
    }

    //checking if the alarm should goes off
    if (h == hA && m == Time) {
        Alarm();}
    }
    //function for when the alarm goes off
    void Alarm () {
        //turn on the rgbled
        analogWrite(RedPin,255);
        analogWrite(GreenPin,255);
        analogWrite(BluePin,255);
        //play the song
        for (int thisNote = 0; thisNote < notes * 2; thisNote = thisNote + 2) {
            // if controller to define melody
            divider = melody[thisNote + 1];
            if (divider > 0) {
                //regular note, just proceed
                noteDuration = (wholenote) / divider;
            }
            else if (divider < 0) {
                // dotted notes are represented with negative durations!!
                noteDuration = (wholenote) / abs(divider);
                noteDuration *= 1.5; // increases the duration in half for dotted notes
            }
            //playing each note in the buzzer
            tone(buzzerPin, melody[thisNote], noteDuration * 0.9);
            delay(noteDuration);
            noTone(buzzerPin);
        }
    }
}

```

---



## B. Clock\_2:

/\*C++

Authors: Lizandra Esterque & Layla Barbosa

Date: 12/10/2022

Master clock: This board has the IR remote that controls the alarm with increments of 15 minutes, also sends the message for the slave to set up the alarm

\*/

// importing libraries

#include <Wire.h>

#include <IRremote.h>

//instantiating variables for the remote

int RECV\_PIN = 11; // the pin where you connect the output pin of IR sensor

IRrecv irrecv(RECV\_PIN);

decode\_results results;

//ant variables to store information further sent to the slave

int value = 0;

int mA;

void setup(){

    //opening communications doors and initializing components

    Wire.begin();

    Serial.begin(9600);

    irrecv.enableIRIn();

}

void loop(){

    //transmitting information to slave

    Wire.beginTransmission(1);

    Wire.write(mA);

    Wire.endTransmission();

    //reading input from remote

    if (irrecv.decode(&results)) {

        value = results.value;

        Serial.println(" ");

        Serial.print("Code: ");

        Serial.println(value); //prints the value a a button press

        Serial.println(" ");

        irrecv.resume(); // Receive the next value

        Serial.println("\*\*\*\*\*");

    }

    //nested if controllers for add 15 min increments to the variable in a clock wise form

    if (value == -32641) {

        mA= 15 + mA;

        if (mA>=61) {

            mA=0;

```
    }  
    value=0;  
    }  
  
    //nested if controllers for subtract 15 min increments to the variable in a clock wise form  
    if (value == -32641) {  
        mA= mA - 15;  
  
        if (mA>=-1) {  
            mA=45;  
        }  
    }  
    value=0;  
    }  
}
```