ECE 498 HW1

Name: Shuyue Lai NetID: shuyuel2 Status: Registered

A. Show the data structure you used to parse in the raw log file in terms of python dictionaries, lists, sets, etc. (1 slide)

I use list as the output data structure. The first character of entry if different as below:

- 1506816069251:firefox:13179:0x282235aae:R:minor:50
- </usr/lib/x86 64-linux-gnu/libcairo.so.2.11400.10+0xa7b5f/0xff3f00>

Thus, make it as a while condition to split every entry.

Then, combine values from the first line and lib/addr/offset together as a string. Last, add this string into the list.

```
1 # parse each line into your data structure
     # remember to convert addresses from strings to integers
 3 index = 0 # index of csv
4 i = 0 # index of line
 5 length = len(lines) # length of input
    outputs = []
    while(i != length):
        value1 = lines[i].split(':') # 1506816069251:firefox:13179:0x282235aae:R:minor:50
# print(value1)
10
11
        i = i + 1
index = index + 1
13
        while(i != length and lines[i][0] == '<'): # </usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libcairo.so.2.11400.10+0xa7b5f/6
value2 = lines[i].split('+')</pre>
              value2 = tiles[i].strip('<')
value3 = value2[0].strip('<')
value3 = value2[1].split('/')
offset = int(value3[0], 16)
addr = int(value3[1].strip('>'), 16)
result = '\t'.join([str(index), value1[0], value1[1], value1[2], str(int(value1[3], 16)), value1[4], value1[4]
16
17
18
19
20
                # print(result)
22
23
                outputs.append(result)
```

result = '\t'.join([str(index), value1[0], value1[1], value1[2], str(int(value1[3], 16)), value1[4], value1[5], value1[6], lib, str(addr), str(offset)])

B. Data Analysis

a. What time range does this data cover?

The start date is 2017-10-01 00:01:09.251000 The end date is 2018-01-07 18:59:50.839000 Then range is 98 days 18:58:41.588000

а

What time range does this data cover?

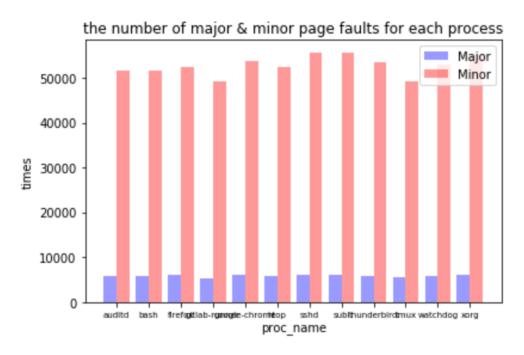
b. How many unique processes were executed over this period? How many times was each process executed?

- 12 unique processes were executed
- auditd 57185
- bash 57427
- firefox 58289
- gitlab-runner 54543
- google-chrome 59596
- htop 58304
- sshd 61721
- subl 61746
- thunderbird 59393
- tmux 54661
- watchdog 58839
- xorg 61072

b.

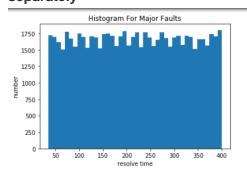
How many unique processes were executed over this period? How many times was each process executed?

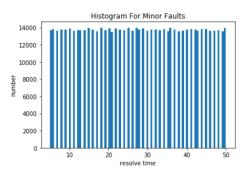
- c. Compare the number of major & minor page faults for each process (averaged over all runs). Plot a bar chart with two categories major & minor, to demonstrate your results.
- According to the plot, the number of minor page faults are nearly 10 times to major page faults.



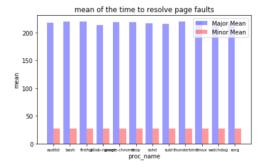
```
process = df['index'].groupby([df['proc_name'], df['major_minor']]).unique()
 3
    list_process_name = []
 4
    major_val = []
minor_val = []
6
    for i in range(len(process)):
         cur_process_name = process.index[i][0]
cur_name = process.index[i][1]
cur_val = len(process[i])
print(cur_process_name, cur_name, cur_val)
if cur_name == 'major':
    list_process_name_append/cur_process_name
8
 9
13
               list_process_name.append(cur_process_name)
14
              major_val.append(cur_val)
15
         else:
               minor val.append(cur val)
16
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
n_groups = len(list_process_name)
20
21
22
23
    index = np.arange(n_groups)
    bar width = 0.4
    opacity = 0.4
24
    rects1 = ax.bar(index, major_val, bar_width,
                         alpha=opacity, color='b',
   26
27
28
29
30
   ax.set_xlabel('proc_name')
ax.set_ylabel('times')
ax.set_title('the number of major & minor page faults for each process')
31
32
33
34
    ax.set_xticks(index + bar_width/2)
35
    ax.set_xticklabels(list_process_name)
36
    ax.legend()
37
38
   fig.tight_layout()
39
    plt.xticks(fontsize = 7)
40 plt.show()
```

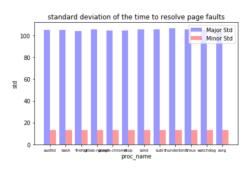
d. Plot the histogram for the time to resolve page faults. Label the axes. For each process, report the mean and standard deviation of the time to resolve page faults. Plotting and calculations should be done for major and minor page faults separately





```
df_index_unique = df.groupby(df['index']).head(1)
major_hist = list(df_index_unique[df_index_unique['major_minor'] == 'major']['resolve_time'])
minor_hist = list(df_index_unique[df_index_unique['major_minor'] == 'minor']['resolve_time'])
```





auditd major mean: 217.74495702508332 std: 105.35906622785735 auditd minor mean: 27.52037526221739 std: 13.286257258669712 bash major mean: 217.9333099947488 std: 105.21799066066299 bash minor mean: 27.441137796341415 std: 13.27484236956508 firefox major mean: 220.67785010849607 std: 104.52043936727114 firefox minor mean: 27.571360281463917 std: 13.276757678780305 gitlab-runner major mean: 213.84048384048384 std: 106.11060977256928 gitlab-runner minor mean: 27.37474620319987 std: 13.26370137953019 google-chrome major mean: 218.56416301785112 std: 104.98036266868435 google-chrome minor mean: 27.508144172350814 std: 13.230825904103908 htop major mean: 218.407319552694 std: 104.72779963102408 htop minor mean: 27.42723560169459 std: 13.277470988175734 sshd major mean: 216.40532107078337 std: 105.3689123905007 sshd minor mean: 27.506794650560828 std: 13.299933666952612 subl major mean: 215.4346549192364 std: 105.69754011721432 subl minor mean: 27.445493284427425 std: 13.255274351430309 thunderbird major mean: 220.43844971828582 std: 107.00165023266837 thunderbird minor mean: 27.487018081291094 std: 13.252947868596987 tmux major mean: 218.88298649142024 std: 105.85161912756197 tmux minor mean: 27.447288697314114 std: 13.27651808931501

watchdog major mean: 217.2808242506812 std: 105.42146631340314 watchdog minor mean: 27.599203277512412 std: 13.269930245395235 xorg major mean: 217.52352747614347 std: 105.73048449828167 xorg minor mean: 27.534931083390916 std: 13.278452551205989