

are no fixes duties assigned to officers and men, and the ranks are formed in a slovenly haphazard manner, the result is utter disorganization.

- 19. When a general, unable to estimate the enemy's strength, allows an inferior force to engage a larger one, or hurls a weak detachment against a powerful one, and neglects to place picked soldiers in the front rank, the result must be rout.
- 20. These are six ways of courting defeat, which must be carefully noted by the general who has attained a responsible post.
- 21. The natural formation of the country is the soldier's best ally; but a power of estimating the adversary, of controlling the forces of victory, and of shrewdly calculating difficulties, dangers and distances, constitutes the test of a great general.
- 22. He who knows these things, and in fighting puts his knowledge into practice, will win his battles. He who knows them not, nor practices them, will surely be defeated.
- 23. If fighting is sure to result in victory, then you must fight, even though the ruler forbid it; if fighting will not result in victory, then you must not fight even at the ruler's bidding.



- 24. The general who advances without coveting fame and retreats without fearing disgrace, whose only thought is to protect his country and do good service for his sovereign, is the jewel of the kingdom.
- 25. Regard your soldiers as your children, and they will follow you into the deepest valleys; look upon them as your own beloved sons, and they will stand by you even unto death.
- 26. If, however, you are indulgent, but unable to make your authority felt; kind-hearted, but unable to enforce your commands; and incapable, moreover, of quelling disorder: then your soldiers must be likened to spoilt children; they are useless for any practical purpose.
- 27. If we know that our own men are in a condition to attack, but are unaware that the enemy is not open to attack, we have gone only halfway towards victory.
- 28. If we know that the enemy is open to attack, but are unaware that our own men are not in a condition to attack, we have gone only halfway towards victory.
- 29. If we know that the enemy is open to attack, and also know that our men are in a condition to attack, but are unaware that the nature of the ground makes fighting impracticable, we have still gone only halfway towards victory.



- 30. Hence the experienced soldier, once in motion, is never bewildered; once he has broken camp, he is never at a loss.
- 31. Hence the saying: If you know the enemy and know yourself, your victory will not stand in doubt; if you know Heaven and know Earth, you may make your victory complete.

XI

The Nine Situations

- 1. *Sun Tzu said:* The art of war recognizes nine varieties of ground:
 - (1) Dispersive ground;
 - (2) facile ground;
 - (3) contentious ground;
 - (4) open ground;
 - (5) ground of intersecting highways;
 - (6) serious ground;
 - (7) difficult ground;
 - (8) hemmed-in ground;
 - (9) desperate ground.
- 2. When a chieftain is fighting in his own territory, it is dispersive ground.
- 3. When he has penetrated into hostile territory, but to no great distance, it is facile ground.
- 4. Ground the possession of which imports great advantage to either side, is contentious ground.
- 5. Ground on which each side has liberty of movement is open ground.
- 6. Ground which forms the key to three contiguous states, so that he who occupies it first has most of the



Empire at his command, is a ground of intersecting highways.

- 7. When an army has penetrated into the heart of a hostile country, leaving a number of fortified cities in its rear, it is serious ground.
- 8. Mountain forests, rugged steeps, marshes and fens—all country that is hard to traverse: this is difficult ground.
- 9. Ground which is reached through narrow gorges, and from which we can only retire by tortuous paths so that a small number of the enemy would suffice to crush a large body of our men: this is hemmed in ground.
- 10. Ground on which we can only be saved from destruction by fighting without delay, is desperate ground.
- 11. On dispersive ground, therefore, fight not. On facile ground, halt not. On contentious ground, attack not.
- 12. On open ground, do not try to block the enemy's way. On the ground of intersecting highways, join hands with your allies.
- 13. On serious ground, gather in plunder. In difficult ground, keep steadily on the march.