## Exercise1

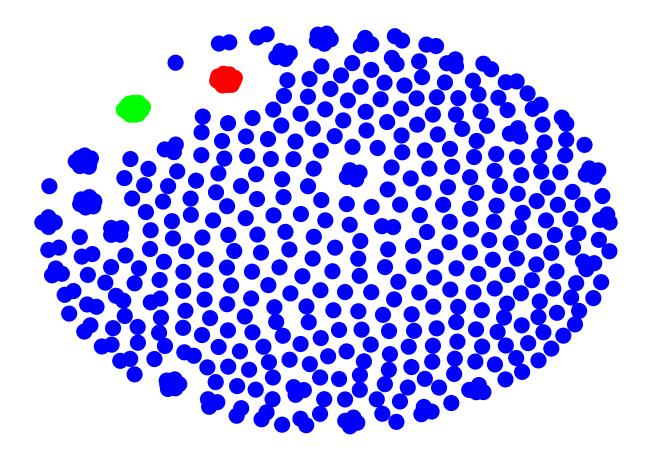
Read the data

```
library(tidyverse)
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.3.1
## Warning: package 'lubridate' was built under R version 4.3.1
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr 1.1.2
                      v readr 2.1.4
## v forcats 1.0.0 v stringr 1.5.0
## v ggplot2 3.5.0 v tibble 3.2.1
## v lubridate 1.9.3
                    v tidyr
                                 1.3.0
## v purrr
            1.0.1
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
df <- read csv("Connections.csv")</pre>
## Rows: 490 Columns: 7
## -- Column specification ------
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (7): First Name, Last Name, URL, Email Address, Company, Position, Conne...
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
Get the count of contancts by their current employer + total count
count_by_emp <- df %>%
  group_by(Company) %>%
 summarise(count = n()) %>%
  arrange(desc(count))
# total count
total_count <- df %>%
  summarise(count = n())
print(count_by_emp)
```

```
## # A tibble: 348 x 2
##
      Company
                                                            count
      <chr>
##
                                                            <int>
## 1 <NA>
                                                              24
## 2 McGill University - Desautels Faculty of Management
                                                               20
## 3 McGill University
                                                               14
## 4 Sophia University
                                                                8
## 5 Deloitte
                                                                7
## 6 CN
                                                                6
## 7 L'Oréal
                                                                6
## 8 Amazon
## 9 BOMBARDIER
                                                                4
## 10 BRP
## # i 338 more rows
print(total_count)
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
##
     count
##
     <int>
## 1
       490
Create nodes and edges dataframe to use with igraph (use tidygraph)
library(tidygraph)
## Warning: package 'tidygraph' was built under R version 4.3.1
## Attaching package: 'tidygraph'
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter
library(igraph)
## Warning: package 'igraph' was built under R version 4.3.1
##
## Attaching package: 'igraph'
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidygraph':
##
##
       groups
## The following objects are masked from 'package:lubridate':
##
##
       %--%, union
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       as_data_frame, groups, union
## The following objects are masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
       compose, simplify
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##
       crossing
## The following object is masked from 'package:tibble':
##
##
       as_data_frame
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       decompose, spectrum
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       union
# rename columns
df <- df %>%
  rename(First = `First Name`)
df <- df %>%
  rename(Last = `Last Name`)
# create label as a combination of first and first letter of last name
df <- df %>%
  mutate(label = paste(First, substr(Last, 1, 1), sep = " "))
If we color "McGill" differently...
library(ggraph)
## Warning: package 'ggraph' was built under R version 4.3.1
df <- df %>%
        mutate(color = case_when(
                Company == "McGill University" ~ "red",
                Company == "McGill University - Desautels Faculty of Management" ~ "green",
                TRUE ~ "blue"
        ))
nodes <- df %>%
        select(name = label, color)
edges <- expand.grid(from = df$label, to = df$label) %>%
```

```
left_join(df, by = c("from" = "label")) %>%
       rename(from_company = Company) %>%
       left_join(df, by = c("to" = "label")) %>%
        rename(to_company = Company) %>%
        filter(from_company == to_company, from != to) %>%
        select(from, to) %>%
        distinct()
## Warning in left_join(., df, by = c(from = "label")): Detected an unexpected many-to-many relationshi
## i Row 14 of 'x' matches multiple rows in 'y'.
## i Row 79 of 'y' matches multiple rows in 'x'.
## i If a many-to-many relationship is expected, set 'relationship =
## "many-to-many" 'to silence this warning.
## Warning in left_join(., df, by = c(to = "label")): Detected an unexpected many-to-many relationship
## i Row 6449 of 'x' matches multiple rows in 'y'.
## i Row 1 of 'y' matches multiple rows in 'x'.
## i If a many-to-many relationship is expected, set 'relationship =
    "many-to-many" ' to silence this warning.
# Use the modified nodes dataframe to create the tbl_graph
graph <- tbl_graph(nodes = nodes, edges = edges, directed = FALSE)</pre>
# Plot with color differentiation
ggraph(graph, layout = "fr") +
       geom_edge_link() +
       geom_node_point(aes(color = color), size = 5) +
       geom_node_text(aes(label = name, filter = name == "McGill University"), repel = TRUE) +
       scale color identity() +
       theme_void()
```



## What do we see in the network?

It is clear that most of the connections are from McGill University and Desautels Faculty of Management take very concentrated which means they take a lot of space in my network.