CIRI Dataset Exercise

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CIRI Human Rights Data Project

In this short exercise I will explore some of the values collected in the CIRI Human Rights Data Project. This dataset is one of the most prominent and commonly used datasets when testing human rights violations in IR. It contains standards-based quantitative information on government respect for 15 internationally recognized human rights for 202 countries, annually from 1981-2011

I will be looking at three different human rights violations, embodied in a number of International treaties: Political killings or unlawful deprivation of life, torture and abuse and freedom of speech. Variables are coded from 0 to 2, where 0 indicates that the norm is frequently violated (ie. frequent political killings and torture or complete government censorship of media), 1 indicates occasional violations and 2 indicates no reported violations.

I begin by cleaning the data:

##

##

##

CTRY

<fct>

1 Afghanistan
2 Albania

```
#Political Killings:
CIRI$KILL[CIRI$KILL==-999] <- NA
CIRI$KILL[CIRI$KILL==-77] <- NA
CIRI$KILL[CIRI$KILL==-66] <- NA
#Torture:
CIRI$TORT[CIRI$TORT==-999] <- NA
CIRI$TORT[CIRI$TORT==-77] <- NA
CIRI$TORT[CIRI$TORT==-66] <- NA
#Freedom of speech:
CIRI$SPEECH[CIRI$SPEECH==-999] <- NA
CIRI$SPEECH[CIRI$SPEECH==-77] <- NA
CIRI$SPEECH[CIRI$SPEECH==-66] <- NA
# a little shorter with dplyr
CIRI %<>%
  mutate(KILL = ifelse(KILL %in% c(-999,-77,-66), NA, KILL)) %>%
  mutate(TORT = ifelse(TORT %in% c(-999,-77,-66), NA, TORT)) %>%
  mutate(SPEECH = ifelse(SPEECH %in% c(-999,-77,-66), NA, SPEECH))
```

Now, we can use the summarise() function to observe some of the variation in the variables. As mentioned in the previous paragraph, larger numbers will indicate less violations, while smaller numbers indicate frequent violations.

```
CIRI%>%
  filter(!is.na(KILL))%>%
  group_by(CTRY)%>%
  summarise(count_KILL=sum(KILL)) %>%
  complete(CTRY) ## complete() adds missing potential combinations of values. I don't think it is doing
## # A tibble: 202 x 2
```

1

count_KILL

<int> 5

32

```
## 3 Algeria
                                  31
## 4 Andorra
                                  20
## 5 Angola
                                  11
## 6 Antigua and Barbuda
                                  20
##
   7 Argentina
                                  30
## 8 Armenia
                                  33
## 9 Australia
                                  61
## 10 Austria
                                  59
## # ... with 192 more rows
```

Unsurprisingly, we learn that undemocratic countries (such as Afghanistan) receive low scores and do not conform with the international norms, while democratic countries such as Austria, receive higher scores.

We observe similar trends with torture and speech:

9 Australia

10 Austria

```
#Torture
CIRI%>%
  filter(!is.na(TORT))%>%
  group_by(CTRY)%>%
  summarise(count_TORT=sum(TORT))%>%
  complete(CTRY)
## # A tibble: 202 x 2
      CTRY
                          count TORT
##
##
      <fct>
                               <int>
##
  1 Afghanistan
## 2 Albania
                                  14
## 3 Algeria
                                  20
## 4 Andorra
                                  20
## 5 Angola
                                  12
## 6 Antigua and Barbuda
                                  10
   7 Argentina
                                  23
##
## 8 Armenia
                                   6
## 9 Australia
                                  38
## 10 Austria
                                  39
## # ... with 192 more rows
#Speech
CIRI%>%
  filter(!is.na(SPEECH))%>%
  group_by(CTRY)%>%
  summarise(count_SPEECH=sum(SPEECH))%>%
  complete(CTRY)
## # A tibble: 202 x 2
      CTRY
##
                          count_SPEECH
##
      <fct>
                                 <int>
##
  1 Afghanistan
                                     5
## 2 Albania
                                    25
## 3 Algeria
                                    10
## 4 Andorra
                                    19
## 5 Angola
                                    10
## 6 Antigua and Barbuda
                                    12
##
   7 Argentina
                                    44
## 8 Armenia
                                    17
```

60

42

... with 192 more rows

Indeed, we observe a similar trend. We may want to test in the future, using other datasets, whether there are other variations worth exploring (for example, why do some non-democracies or new democracies violate these rights more frequently than others?, one explanation is the treaties and organizations they are members of, others is whether or not they are frequently targeted by NGOs).

```
d <- CIRI
# When we group by country, we get groups of years 1981-2011, but not all countries are measured every
d %<>%
 group_by(CTRY)%>%
 mutate(mean_KILL = mean(KILL, na.rm = T),
     mean_TORT = mean(TORT, na.rm = T),
     mean_SPEECH = mean(SPEECH, na.rm = T) )
glimpse(d)
## Observations: 6,262
## Variables: 31
## Groups: CTRY [202]
## $ CTRY
          <fct> Afghanistan, Afghanistan, Afghanistan, Afghanistan...
## $ YEAR
          <int> 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 19...
## $ CIRI
          ## $ COW
          ## $ POLITY
## $ UNCTRY
          ## $ UNREG
          ## $ UNSUBREG
          ## $ PHYSINT
          <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, NA, NA, NA, NA, O...
## $ DISAP
          ## $ KILL
          <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, NA, NA, NA, NA, O...
## $ POLPRIS
          ## $ TORT
          <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, NA, NA, NA, NA, O...
## $ OLD_EMPINX
          <int> 0, 2, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 2, 2, 2, 0, NA, NA, NA, NA, 3...
          <int> 2, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 3, 2, 3, 2, 3, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, 3...
## $ NEW EMPINX
          ## $ ASSN
## $ FORMOV
          <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 2, -77, -77, -77, -7...
## $ DOMMOV
          ## $ OLD_MOVE
          <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, NA, NA, NA, NA, 1...
## $ SPEECH
          <int> 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, -77, -77, -77, -7...
## $ ELECSD
## $ OLD_RELFRE
          <int> 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, -77, -77, -77, -7...
## $ NEW_RELFRE
          <int> 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, -77, -77, -77, -7...
          ## $ WORKER
## $ WECON
          ## $ WOPOL
          <int> 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, -77, -77, -77, -7...
## $ WOSOC
          ## $ INJUD
          ## $ mean_KILL
## $ mean TORT
          <dbl> 0.08, 0.08, 0.08, 0.08, 0.08, 0.08, 0.08, 0.08, 0....
# make a smaller data frame with one observation per country
d1 <- d %>%
```

The correlation between Polity score and freedom from speech violations is -0.325773. The correlation between Polity score and freedom from torture violations is 0.0055049 The correlation between Polity score and freedom from political killings is -0.0454884

\$ mean_SPEECH <dbl> 0.2000000, 0.8064516, 0.3225806, 1.9000000, 0.3333...

