## Context Effects on Auditory Category Knowledge

Shannon Heald<sup>1</sup>, Stephen Van Hedger<sup>2</sup>, & Lauren Kingsly<sup>1</sup>

- <sup>1</sup> University of Chicago
- <sup>2</sup> University of Western Ontario

## Author Note

- Add complete departmental affiliations for each author here. Each new line herein must be indented, like this line.
- Enter author note here.
- The authors made the following contributions. Shannon Heald: Conceptualization,
- Writing Original Draft Preparation, Writing Review & Editing; Stephen Van Hedger:
- Writing Review & Editing, Supervision; Lauren Kingsly: Writing Review & Editing,
- 12 Supervision.

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- 13 Correspondence concerning this article should be addressed to Shannon Heald, 5848 S
- University Ave, Chicago, IL 60637. E-mail: smbowdre@uchicago.edu,
- 15 laurenbacall@uchicago.edu

Abstract

Given the rise of AI speech to text and voice to text machines (Amazon Alexa, Siri, etc.),

we believe examining how acoustics effect speech is imperative to understanding the lack of

invariance problem within contexts effects of speech.

Two to three sentences of more detailed background, comprehensible to scientists

in related disciplines.

One sentence clearly stating the **general problem** being addressed by this particular

23 study.

One sentence summarizing the main result (with the words "here we show" or their

25 equivalent).

Two or three sentences explaining what the **main result** reveals in direct comparison

to what was thought to be the case previously, or how the main result adds to previous

28 knowledge.

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One or two sentences to put the results into a more **general context**.

Two or three sentences to provide a **broader perspective**, readily comprehensible to

a scientist in any discipline.

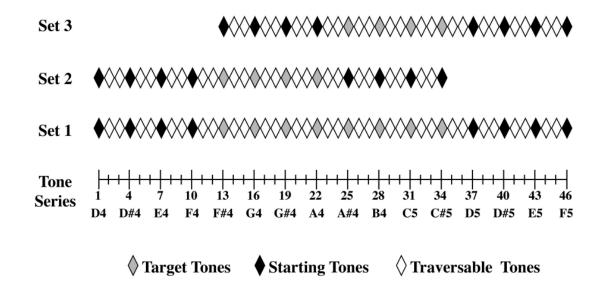
Keywords: auditory perception, speech perception, lack of invariance

Word count: X

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- As referenced in Table 1 each subject was counterbalanced such that they received a mean trial tone position across all trials of 9.5 (which correlates to x note)
- In Figure 1 we can see that the there was a difference in bias between participants identification of vowels versus words when given a high tone compared to a lower tone.
- Whereas, we can see in Figure 2 that a word or vowel (embedded versus
  non-embedded) effects the overall bias for the tones in a different way. For example, high
  probe tones for vowels embedded within a word have a higher bias than vowels themselves.
- The Figure ?? represents the range of tones used in the experiment and the starting tones indicate the probe tones.

## 45 Methods

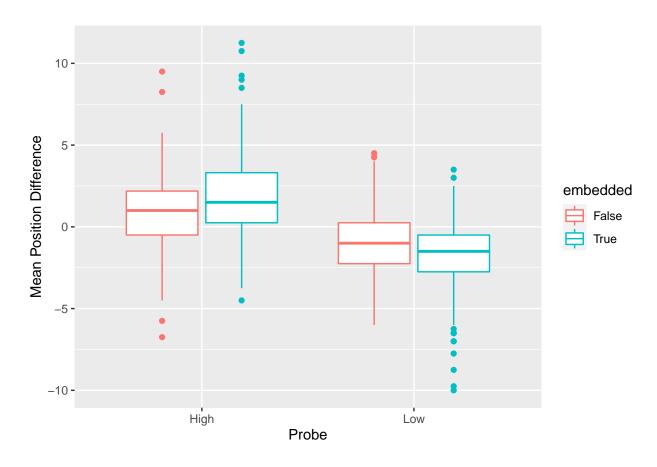
We based our methodology from our previous paper that examined auditory category knowledge within experts and novices. <sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Heald, S. L., Van Hedger, S. C., & Nusbaum, H. C. (2014). Auditory category knowledge in experts and novices. Frontiers in Neuroscience, 8, 260.

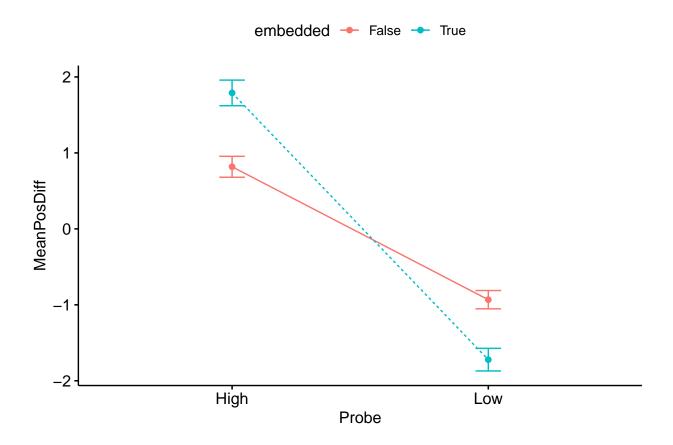
48	Participants	
49	Material	
50	Procedure	
51	Data analysis	
52		Results
53		Discussion
54		References

Table 1

C 1:	M. D.D.C
Subject	mean.MeanPosDiff
1	0.10
2	-0.37
3	-0.60
4	0.58
5	-0.27
6	0.13
7	0.56
8	0.18
9	0.17
10	-0.17
11	-0.08
12	0.27
13	0.03
14	0.66
15	-0.40
16	0.32
17	-0.47
18	-0.20
19	-0.55
20	-0.99



Figure~1. Boxplot of Speech Perception Differences Between Words and Vowels



 $Figure\ 2.$  Difference in Context Effects for Words and Vowels