NAAMES 1 and 2 16S rRNA Amplicon Analysis

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Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	Samples, data generation and raw data availability	1
3	Pipeline to generate working tables 3.1 Pre-processing sequence files: CUTADAPT	3 5
	3.4 Working files	12
4	Figures	12

1 Introduction

This pipeline was created and used for the analysis of NAAMES 1 and NAAMES 2 datasets, which results are presented in the manuscript: "Small Phytoplankton Dominate Western North Atlantic Biomass"

2 Samples, data generation and raw data availability

During NAAMES1 and NAAMES2, 56 and 64 microbial biomass samples were collected, respectively (see SOD for more information). 16S rRNA amplicon sequencing was performed on libraries made using 27F (5'-AGAGTTTGATCNTGGCTCAG-3) and 338 RPL (5'-GCWGCCWCCCGTAGGWGT-3') primer set.

Raw 16S rRNA datasets are publicly available at:

- https://seabass.gsfc.nasa.gov/archive/OSU/NAAMES/naames_1/archive/NAAMES1_RawFwd.tgz
- https://seabass.gsfc.nasa.gov/archive/OSU/NAAMES/naames_1/archive/NAAMES1_RawRev.tgz

- https://seabass.gsfc.nasa.gov/archive/OSU/NAAMES/naames_2/archive/NAAMES2_RawFwd.tgz
- $-\ https://seabass.gsfc.nasa.gov/archive/OSU/NAAMES/naames_2/archive/NAAMES2_RawRev.tgz$ If using these datasets for publication please contact
- Stephen Giovannoni (Steve.giovannoni@oregonstate.edu) or
- Luis M Bolanos (bolanosl@oregonstate.edu, lbolanos@lcg.unam.mx)
- and cite: Small Phytoplankton Dominate Western North Atlantic Biomass

3 Pipeline to generate working tables

The following scripts were used sequentially to achieve the results showed in the article. Output processed tables used for R analysis can be found attached to this file.

Task 3.1 Pre-processing sequence files: CUTADAPT

Cutadapt is used to chop the primers from the raw sequences. In this SOP we are using a fixed number of bp to trim each paired-end. The fixed number match the primer length: 27F (20bp) and 338RPL (18bp)

We created two bash scripts (trimf.sh and trimrev.sh) to chop the fixed number of bp from the raw sequences

```
Listing 1: trimf.sh
```

```
#!/bin/bash
for i in *_R1.fastq.gz;
do
SAMPLE=$(echo ${i} | sed "s/_R1\.fastq\.gz//")
echo ${SAMPLE}_R1.fastq.gz
cutadapt -u 20 ${SAMPLE}_R1.fastq.gz -o ../${SAMPLE}_R1.fastq #
    output is redirected to the higher class directory. Scripts
    can be modified to direct the output to a specific directory
    created by the user.
done

Listing 2: trimrev.sh
#!/bin/bash
for i in *_R2.fastq.gz;
do
SAMPLE=$(echo ${i} | sed "s/_R2\.fastq\.gz//")
echo ${SAMPLE}_R2.fastq.gz
```

```
cutadapt -u 18 ${SAMPLE}_R2.fastq.gz -o ../${SAMPLE}_R2.fastq #
  output is redirected to the higher class directory. Scripts
  can be modified to direct the output to a specific directory
  created by the user.
done
```

Task 3.2 Run DADA2 version 1.2

We used dada2 to generate an amplified nucleotide variant table coupled with taxonomic assignation using SILVA database train version 123 (silva_nr_v123_train_set.fa) and the R version used was R-3.4.1

Listing 3: DadaR.R

```
library(dada2)
#filter
path <- "/nfs0/Giovannoni_Lab/workspaces/bolanos1/NAAMES/DADA2/</pre>
    N1N2"
fnFs <- sort(list.files(path, pattern="_R1_001.fastq", full.names</pre>
     = TRUE))
fnRs <- sort(list.files(path, pattern="_R2_001.fastq", full.names</pre>
     = TRUE))
sample.names <- sapply(strsplit(basename(fnFs), "_L"), '[', 1)</pre>
filt_path <- file.path(path, "filtered")</pre>
filtFs <- file.path(filt_path, paste0(sample.names, "_F_filt.</pre>
    fastq"))
filtRs <- file.path(filt_path, pasteO(sample.names, "_R_filt.</pre>
    fastq"))
for(i in seq_along(fnFs)) {
  fastqPairedFilter(c(fnFs[i], fnRs[i]), c(filtFs[i], filtRs[i]),
                   truncLen=c(220,190),
                   maxN=0, maxEE=c(2,2), truncQ=2, rm.phix=TRUE,
                   compress=TRUE, verbose=TRUE)
}
derepFs <- derepFastq(filtFs, verbose=TRUE)</pre>
derepRs <- derepFastq(filtRs, verbose=TRUE)</pre>
# Name the derep-class objects by the sample names
names(derepFs) <- sample.names</pre>
names(derepRs) <- sample.names</pre>
dadaFs.lrn <- dada(derepFs, err=NULL, selfConsist = TRUE,</pre>
    multithread=TRUE)
errF <- dadaFs.lrn[[1]]$err_out
```

```
dadaRs.lrn <- dada(derepRs, err=NULL, selfConsist = TRUE,</pre>
    multithread=TRUE)
errR <- dadaRs.lrn[[1]]$err_out
saveRDS(errF, "/nfs0/Giovannoni_Lab/workspaces/bolanos1/NAAMES/
    DADA2/N1N2/errF.rds")
saveRDS(errR, "/nfs0/Giovannoni_Lab/workspaces/bolanos1/NAAMES/
    DADA2/N1N2/errR.rds")
dadaFs <- dada(derepFs, err=errF, multithread=TRUE)</pre>
dadaRs <- dada(derepRs, err=errR, multithread=TRUE)</pre>
saveRDS(dadaFs, "/nfs0/Giovannoni_Lab/workspaces/bolanos1/NAAMES/
    DADA2/N1N2/dadaFs_N.rds")
saveRDS(dadaRs, "/nfs0/Giovannoni_Lab/workspaces/bolanos1/NAAMES/
    DADA2/N1N2/dadaRs_N.rds")
mergers <- mergePairs(dadaFs, derepFs, dadaRs, derepRs, verbose=</pre>
    TRUE)
saveRDS(mergers, "/nfs0/Giovannoni_Lab/workspaces/bolanos1/NAAMES
    /DADA2/N1N2/mergers.rds")
seqtab <- makeSequenceTable(mergers[names(mergers) != "Mock"])</pre>
dim(seqtab)
# Inspect distribution of sequence lengths
table(nchar(getSequences(seqtab)))
seqtab.nochim <- removeBimeraDenovo(seqtab, verbose=TRUE)</pre>
sum(seqtab.nochim)/sum(seqtab)
dim(seqtab.nochim)
saveRDS(seqtab.nochim, "/nfs0/Giovannoni_Lab/workspaces/bolanosl/
    NAAMES/DADA2/N1N2/seqtab.nochim.rds")
taxa <- assignTaxonomy(seqtab.nochim, "/nfs0/Giovannoni_Lab/</pre>
    workspaces/bolanosl/BIOS/ProcessSeqs/SEQ1pr/silva_nr_v123_
    train_set.fa")
unname(head(taxa))
saveRDS(taxa, "/nfs0/Giovannoni_Lab/workspaces/bolanos1/NAAMES/
   DADA2/N1N2/taxa.rds")
```

```
write.table(cbind(t(seqtab.nochim) , taxa), "/nfs0/Giovannoni_Lab
   /workspaces/bolanosl/NAAMES/DADA2/N1N2/seqtab-nochimtaxa.txt"
   , sep="\t", row.names=TRUE, col.names=NA, quote=FALSE)
write.table(taxa,"/nfs0/Giovannoni_Lab/workspaces/bolanosl/NAAMES
   /DADA2/N1N2/N1N2/taxa.txt", sep="\t", row.names=TRUE, col.
   names=NA, quote=FALSE)
```

Task 3.3 Parse Dada output

Dada output is an ASV table named seqtab-nochimtaxa.txt" with the unique sequence as row name (identifier) and assigned taxa as the last columns (SILVA hierarchical format). We need to parse this file to generate an ASV table and a fasta file for the "photosynthetic origin" fraction of the sequences and link them with different identifiers.

```
Listing 4: parseNames.pl
#This script (parseNames.pl) change the headers name
#!/usr/bin/perl
use warnings;
use strict;
my $seqtab = $ARGV[0];
my $filename = 'seqtab-par.txt';
my @printablehds;
my $headers;
open my $file, '<', $seqtab or die "cant open the file: $! \n"; #
   Open Fileders
$headers = <$file>; # Get the first line, in this case, the
   headers
open my $out_fh, '>', "$filename.tmp" #Open output file
 or die "Cannot open $filename.tmp for writing: $!";
my @newheaders= split(/\t/,$headers); #split by tab the headers
   saved in the new line
foreach my $loop_variable (@newheaders) {
       if (sloop_variable = (.+) - (.+-.+_.+) /)  #if the header
           is of the form X-X-X-X get just the last significant
           part
       push @printablehds, $2;
       else{
       push @printablehds, $loop_variable; # New first line with
           shortened headers
```

```
}

print {$out_fh} join "\t", @printablehds; # Print the first new
    line
print {$out_fh} $_ while <$file>; # printe everything of the
    original file except the 1st line
close $out_fh;
close $file;
```

The generated file seqtab-par.txt.tmp will be use as input of the following perl script addcolnm.pl to add a column with a fix number which will help us to identify the ASVs and link them to the fasta file.

Listing 5: addcolnm.pl

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
use warnings;
use strict;
my $input = $ARGV[0];
my $filename = 'seqtab-par.txt.tmp.co';
my $line=1;
open my $fh, '<', $input or die $!;</pre>
open my $out_fh, '>', $filename or die "Cannot open $filename for
     writing: $!";
my $firstLine = 1;
while (<$fh>){
   if($firstLine){
       $firstLine = 0;
       s/^/\t/;
       print $out_fh $_;
}
   else{
       s/^/N1N2_SNV$line\t/;
       print $out_fh $_;
       $line++;
}
}
close $out_fh;
close $fh;
```

- Listing 6: Extracting only Photosynthetic sequences using shell commands ###Remove non 16S rRNA eukaryotic sequences and create two files for photosynthetic and heterotrophic 16S sequences
- grep -vw Eukaryota" seqtab-par.txt.tmp.co > seqtab-par_on16.txt
- grep "Cyanobacteria" seqtab-par_on16.txt | cut -f 1 >
 Assignationparse.input.phot.list
- ON16 split into Phytoplankton and het bacteria
- grep -vwf Assignationparse.input.phot.list seqtab-par_on16.txt >
 seqtab-par_on16.photo.txt #From the total this is the
 photosynthetic fraction
- grep -vwf Assignationparse.input.hete.list seqtab-par_on16.txt >
 seqtab-par_on16.hete.txt #From the total this is the
 heterotrophic bacteria fraction
- ###Create fasta file from seqtab-par_on16.photo.txt and annotate
 using phyloassigner along the curated datasets found on https
 ://www.mbari.org/resources-worden-lab/
- cut -f 1,2 seqtab-par_on16.photo.txt | sed "s/N1N2/>N1N2/" | sed
 "s/\t/\n/" > seqtab-par_on16.photo.fa
- perl /raid1/home/micro/bolanosl/local/source/phyloassigner-6.166/phyloassigner.pl --hmmerdir /raid1/home/micro/bolanosl/bin/--pplacerdir /raid1/home/micro/bolanosl/local/source/phyloassigner-6.166/binaries/ -o /nfs0/Giovannoni_Lab/workspaces/bolanosl/NAAMES/DADA2/N1N2/phyto_N1N2plastid_arb_691_30apr2015.phyloassignerdb /nfs0/Giovannoni_Lab/workspaces/bolanosl/NAAMES/DADA2/N1N2/seqtab-par_on16.photo.fa
- cat phyto_N1N2_str/phyto_N1N2_str.fas.aln.jplace.tab
 phyto_N1N2_cya/phyto_N1N2_cya.fas.aln.jplace.tab
 phyto_N1N2_vir/phyto_N1N2_vir.fas.aln.jplace.tab >
 N1N_strvircya.tab
- cut -f 1,2,3 N1N_strvircya.tab | sort | sed '/^#/ d'>
 N1N_strvircya1.tab

```
cut -f 1 N1N_strvircya1.tab > lsttogrep.lst
grep -vwf lsttogrep.lst phyto_N1N2_plastid/phyto_N1N2.fa.aln.
    jplace.tab | cut -f 1,2,3 > complofstrvircya.tab
cat N1N_strvircya1.tab complofstrvircya.tab | sed '/^#/ d' | sed
   "s/SNV/SNV\t/" | sort -k 2,2 -n | sed "s/SNV\t/SNV/" | sed 's
   /;$//'> tax_node_ass.txt
From the Phyloassigner output, we changed to the following
   consensus taxonomy instead of abbreviations. SILVA
   hierarchical taxonomy (Domain Phylum Class Order Family Genus
    Species)
bac --> Eukaryota Stramenopiles Bacillariophyceae
Basal --> Bacteria Cyanobacteria
Basal; MarPico; MarSynA; SynVI --> Bacteria Cyanobacteria MarSynB
   Synechococcales Synechococcaceae Synechococcus SynVI
Basal; MarPico; MarSynB; SynI --> Bacteria Cyanobacteria MarSynB
   Synechococcales Synechococcaceae Synechococcus SynI
Basal; MarPico; MarSynC; SynEPC2 --> Bacteria Cyanobacteria MarSynB
   Synechococcales Synechococcaceae Synechococcus SynEPC2
Basal; MarPico; MarSynC; SynII --> Bacteria Cyanobacteria MarSynB
   Synechococcales Synechococcaceae Synechococcus SynII
Basal;MarPico;MarSynC;SynIII --> Bacteria Cyanobacteria MarSynB
   Synechococcales Synechococcaceae Synechococcus SynIII
Basal; MarPico; MarSynC; SynIV --> Bacteria Cyanobacteria MarSynB
   Synechococcales Synechococcaceae Synechococcus SynIV
Basal; MarPico; MarSynC; SynWPC1 --> Bacteria Cyanobacteria MarSynB
   Synechococcales Synechococcaceae Synechococcus SynWPC1
Basal;MarPico;MarSynD;SynXVI --> Bacteria Cyanobacteria MarSynB
   Synechococcales Synechococcaceae Synechococcus SynXVI
Basal; MarPico; Pro; ProHL; ProHLI --> Bacteria Cyanobacteria MarSynB
    Synechococcales Prochloraceae Prochlorococcus ProHLI
Basal;MarPico;Pro;ProHL;ProHLII --> Bacteria Cyanobacteria
   MarSynB Synechococcales Prochloraceae Prochlorococcus ProHLII
Basal;MarPico;Pro;ProHL;ProHNLCs;ProHNLC1 --> Bacteria
   Cyanobacteria MarSynB Synechococcales Prochloraceae
   Prochlorococcus ProHNLCs
Basal; MarPico; Pro; ProLLI --> Bacteria Cyanobacteria MarSynB
   Synechococcales Prochloraceae Prochlorococcus ProLLI
Basal;MarPico;Pro;ProLLIV --> Bacteria Cyanobacteria MarSynB
   Synechococcales Prochloraceae Prochlorococcus ProLLIV
Basal;MarPico;Syn5_3 --> Bacteria Cyanobacteria MarSynB
   Synechococcales Synechococcaceae Synechococcus Syn5_3
```

Basal;NonMarPico;Cmb2 --> Cmb2
Basal;NonMarPico;GroupB --> GroupB

- bol --> Eukaryota Stramenopiles Bolidophyceae
- Chlorophyta --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta
- Chlorophyta; 2ndaryPlastid --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta 2ndaryPlastid
- Chlorophyta;2ndaryPlastid;Alveo_Green --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta 2 ndaryPlastid Alveo_Green Chlorophyta;Chlo_Chlo --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta Chlorara
- Chlorophyta; Chlo_mix --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta Chlorara
- Chlorophyta; Chlorara --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta Chlorara
- Chlorophyta; Chlo_Trebou --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta Trebouxiophyceae
- Chlorophyta; PrasI --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta PrasinophyceaeI
- Chlorophyta; PrasIII --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta PrasinophyceaeIII
- Chlorophyta;PrasII;PrasII_Crusto --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta
 PrasinophyceaeII
- Chlorophyta;PrasII;PrasII_Mamiello --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta PrasinophyceaeII Mamiellales
- Chlorophyta;PrasII;PrasII_Mamiello;Bathy --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta PrasinophyceaeII Mamiellales Bathycoccaceae Bathycoccus
- Chlorophyta; PrasII; PrasII_Mamiello; OstreoI --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta PrasinophyceaeII Mamiellales Bathycoccaceae Ostreococcus OstreococcusI
- Chlorophyta; PrasII; PrasII_Mamiello; OstreoII --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta PrasinophyceaeII Mamiellales Bathycoccaceae Ostreococcus OstreococcusII
- Chlorophyta;PrasII;PrasII_Mamiello;PrasII_Mam_Mant_Mic;
 PrasII_Mami --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta PrasinophyceaeII
- Chlorophyta;PrasII;PrasII_Mamiello;PrasII_Mam_Mant_Mic;
 PrasII_Mant_Mic --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta PrasinophyceaeII
 Mamiellales Mamiellaceae Micromonas
- Chlorophyta;PrasII;PrasII_Mamiello;PrasII_Mam_Mant_Mic;
 PrasII_Mant_Mic;PrasII_MicroABC --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta
 PrasinophyceaeII Mamiellales Mamiellaceae Micromonas
 MicromonasABC
- Chlorophyta;PrasII;PrasII_Mamiello;PrasII_Mam_Mant_Mic;
 PrasII_Mant_Mic;PrasII_MicroABC;PrasII_MicroABC_C -->
 Eukaryota Chlorophyta PrasinophyceaeII Mamiellales
 Mamiellaceae Micromonas MicromonasABC_C
- Chlorophyta;PrasII;PrasII_Mamiello;PrasII_Mam_Mant_Mic;
 PrasII_Mant_Mic;PrasII_MicroE2 --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta
 PrasinophyceaeII Mamiellales Mamiellaceae Micromonas
 MicromonasE2
- Chlorophyta;PrasII;PrasII_Mono --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta
 PrasinophyceaeII
- Chlorophyta;PrasIV --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta PrasinophyceaeIV Chlorophyta;PrasV --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta PrasinophyceaeV

```
Chlorophyta; PrasVII_CCMP1205 --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta
   PrasinophyceaeVII_CCMP1205
Chlorophyta; PrasVIII --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta PrasinophyceaeVIII
Chlorophyta; PrasVI_Pcoccus --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta
   PrasinophyceaeVI_Pcoccus
Chlorophyta; PrasVI_Pderma --> Eukaryota Chlorophyta
   PrasinophyceaeVI_Pderma
chr --> Eukaryota Stramenopiles Chrysophyceae
cry --> Eukaryota Cryptophyta Cryptophyceae
dic --> Eukaryota Stramenopiles Dictyochophyceae
din --> Alveolata Dinophyceae
eus;eus_clade_B --> Eukaryota Eusiphoniidae
mel --> mel
NA --> NA
new_euk_A --> Eukaryota new_euk_A
new_euk_B --> Eukaryota new_euk_B
new_euk_C --> Eukaryota new_euk_C
pel --> Eukaryota Stramenopiles Pelagophyceae
pel;pel_clade_A --> Eukaryota Stramenopiles Pelagophyceae
   Pelagophyceae Pelagomonadales pelA
pel;pel_clade_B --> Eukaryota Stramenopiles Pelagophyceae
   Pelagophyceae Pelagomonadales pelB
pry --> Eukaryota Haptophyta Prymnesiophyceae
rap --> Eukaryota Rappemonad
rho --> Eukaryota Rhodophyta
str_env --> Eukaryota Stramenopiles
Strepto --> Strepto
xan --> xan
#We blasted all the sequences and those with a full alignment and
     identity >99% were annotated to genus.
blastall -p blastn -d nt -i seqtab-par_on16.photo.fa -e 0.001 -m
   8 -o seqtab-par_on16.bsn.tab -v 10 -b 10
Because of this blast result, we noticed that some sequences were
    mitochondrial segments and were removed manually. List of
   removed sequences:
SNV13881
SNV14167
SNV11730
SNV11084
SNV14641
SNV10225
SNV12585
SNV12882
```

```
SNV10859
SNV14617
SNV14128
SNV14174
SNV9399
SNV9469
SNV8073
SNV13811
SNV14301
SNV12559
SNV9677
SNV6157
SNV11829
SNV7863
SNV10876
SNV9746
SNV9037
SNV13550
SNV12778
SNV13496
SNV14468
SNV14599
SNV14470
SNV10819
SNV2961
SNV10774
SNV10432
SNV9541
SNV11167
SNV10664
```

This manually curated taxonomic file were named seqtab-par_on16. photo1351_taxa.txt

With the blast results we also noticed that all sequences annotated as "ML635J-21" (with the prefix Cyanobacteria) belonged to heterotrophic bacteria. So we removed them

grep -w "ML635J-21" seqtab-par_on16.photo1351_taxa.txt > ML635J
-21.lst

cut -f 2 ML635J-21.lst > extractfrom1351.lst

grep -wf "890.lst" seqtab-par.txt.tmp.co | cut -f 1,2 | sed "s/

```
N1N2/>N1N2/" | sed "s/\t/\n/" > on16_photo891.fasta
grep -vwf extractfrom1351.lst seqtab-par_on16.photo1351.tab >
    on16_photo891.tab
grep -vwf extractfrom1351.lst seqtab-par_on16.photo1351_taxa.txt
    > on16_photo891_taxa.txt
```

Task 3.4 Working files

Working files are located in github along this SOP. The following are the ones used to generate the figures:

- on16_photo891.tab = curated ASV table
- on16_photo891_taxa.txt = curated taxonomy table
- seqtab-par_on16.photo1351_sampledata.txt = file with the environmental data of the samples, including temperature and MLD (Dens_Thresh_MLD) used in figure 2a and 2b.

4 Figures

Figures created from amplicon datasets were done using R. Code is shown below.

Listing 7: N1N2figscripts

setwd("/Users/luisbolanos/Documents/OSU_postdoc/NAAMES/N1N2/
analysisDada/Photo/FinalDatasets")

```
#Load libraries
library("phyloseq")
library("vegan")
library("DESeq2")
library("ggplot2")
library("dendextend")
library("tidyr")
library("viridis")
library("reshape")
library("dplyr")
library("phangorn")
library("data.table")
library("gplots")
library("VennDiagram")
library("UpSetR")
count_tab <- read.table("on16_photo891.tab", header=T, row.names</pre>
    =1, check.names=F)
```

```
sample_info_tab <- read.table("seqtab-par_on16.photo1351_</pre>
    sampledata.txt", header=T, row.names=1, check.names=F, sep ="
    \t")
tax_tab <- as.matrix(read.table("on16_photo891_taxa.txt", header=
    T, row.names=1, check.names=F, na.strings="", sep="\t"))
sample_info_tab$color[sample_info_tab$Type == "Subtropical-Spring"]
    "] <- "seagreen3"
sample_info_tab$color[sample_info_tab$Type == "Subtropical-Winter"]
    "] <- "darkgreen"
sample_info_tab$color[sample_info_tab$Type == "Subpolar-Spring"]
   <- "steelblue2"
sample_info_tab$color[sample_info_tab$Type == "Subpolar-Winter"]
    <- "royalblue"
sample_info_tab$colordepth[sample_info_tab$depth== "5"] <- "</pre>
    cadetblue1"
sample_info_tab$colordepth[sample_info_tab$depth== "25"] <- "</pre>
    cadetblue2"
sample_info_tab$colordepth[sample_info_tab$depth== "50"] <- "</pre>
    cadetblue3"
sample_info_tab$colordepth[sample_info_tab$depth== "75"] <- "</pre>
    aquamarine3"
sample_info_tab$colordepth[sample_info_tab$depth== "100"] <- "</pre>
    cadetblue4"
sample_info_tab$colordepth[sample_info_tab$depth== "150"] <- "</pre>
    cadetblue"
sample_info_tab$colordepth[sample_info_tab$depth== "200"] <- "</pre>
    gray47"
sample_info_tab$colordepth[sample_info_tab$depth== "300"] <- "</pre>
    gray27"
OTU = otu_table(count_tab, taxa_are_rows = TRUE)
TAX = tax_table(tax_tab)
SAM = sample_data(sample_info_tab)
physeqphot = phyloseq(OTU,TAX,SAM)
euph = get_variable(physeqphot, "depth") %in% c("5", "25", "50",
    "75", "100")
sample_data(physeqphot)$euph <- factor(euph)</pre>
phyeuph<-subset_samples(physeqphot, euph %in% TRUE)</pre>
phyeuphminV1 = prune_samples(sample_sums(phyeuph) > 1600, phyeuph
phyeuphminV1filt= filter_taxa(phyeuphminV1, function(x) sum(x >
    2) > (0.015*length(x)), TRUE) #This is going to be considered
     the master PHYLOSEQ OBJECT, where we are going to derive
```

```
most of the data
phyeuphminV1rel<-transform_sample_counts(phyeuphminV1filt,</pre>
    function(x)\{x / sum(x)\})
####FIG 1 ####
#Hierarchical Clustering
deseq_counts <- phyloseq_to_deseq2(phyeuphminV1filt, ~Type)</pre>
deseq_counts_vst <- varianceStabilizingTransformation(deseq_</pre>
    counts)
vst_trans_count_tab <- assay(deseq_counts_vst)</pre>
euc_dist <- dist(t(vst_trans_count_tab))</pre>
euc_clust <- hclust(euc_dist, method="ward.D2")</pre>
euc_dend <- as.dendrogram(euc_clust, hang= -1,lwd = 3, lty = 3,</pre>
    sub = "")
dend_cols <- (sample_data(phyeuphminV1filt)$color)[order.</pre>
    dendrogram(euc_dend)]
labels_colors(euc_dend)<-dend_cols</pre>
namesdend<- (sample_data(phyeuphminV1filt)$name)[order.dendrogram</pre>
    (euc_dend)]
labels(euc_dend)<-namesdend</pre>
col_depth<-(sample_data(phyeuphminV1filt)$colordepth)</pre>
svg("euclplot.svg", height=11,width=12)
plot(euc_dend, xlab="", ylab="", main="", sub="", axes=FALSE)
colored_bars(col_depth,euc_dend, rowLabels = "Depth", cex.
    rowLabels=1, y_shift = -52)
par(cex=1)
title("NAAMES 1 and 2 dendogram", line=1)
title(ylab="VST Euclidean distance")
axis(2)
legend("topright", legend = c("Subtropical-Spring", "Subtropical-
    Winter", "Subpolar-Spring", "Subpolar-Winter") , fill= c("
    seagreen3","darkgreen", "steelblue2", "royalblue"), bty="n",
    cex=1.00, title="Region-Season")
legend("topleft", legend = c("5m","25m","50m", "75m", "100m") ,
    fill= c("cadetblue1", "cadetblue2", "cadetblue3", "aquamarine3
    ", "cadetblue4"), bty="n", cex=.8)
dev.off()
#MAP
library(ggmap)
```

```
library(maps)
library(mapdata)
##Fit Colors with clustering
##"Subtropical-Spring" "seagreen3"
##"Subtropical-Winter" "darkgreen"
##"Subpolar-Spring" "steelblue2"
##"Subpolar-Winter" "royalblue"
samps <- read.table("/Users/luisbolanos/Documents/OSU_postdoc/</pre>
         NAAMES/N1N2/Metadata/CoordsSt.txt", header=T,sep="\t")
image(x=-75:-15, y = 30:60, z = outer(0, 0), xlab = "lon", ylab = "lon
            "lat")
map("world", add = TRUE, fill=TRUE,bg='light blue')
pdf("mapV1.pdf")
map("world", add = TRUE, fill=TRUE,bg='light blue')
points(samps[1:1,3], samps[1:1,2], pch=19, col="darkgreen", cex
         =1, type="o")
points(samps[2:3,3], samps[2:3,2], pch=19, col="royalblue", cex
         =1, type="o")
points(samps[4:7,3], samps[4:7,2], pch=19, col="darkgreen", cex
         =1, type="o")
points(samps[8:10,3], samps[8:10,2], pch=19, col="steelblue2",
         cex=1, type="o")
points(samps[11:12,3], samps[11:12,2], pch=19, col="seagreen3",
         cex=1, type="o")
dev.off()
#mapV1.pdf is overlapped and aligned in inkscape with the MDT map
           provided by Alice Della Penna and Peter Gaube. Colors were
         modified for better visualization when overlapped with the
         MDT.
####FIG 2 ####
#For Figure 2a and 2b we used a custom taxonomy file "on16_
         photo891_taxaNEW_V3"
##FIG 2a##
tax_tab <- as.matrix(read.table("on16_photo891_taxaNEW_V3.txt",</pre>
         header=T, row.names=1, check.names=F, na.strings="", sep="\t"
         ))
```

```
count_tab <- read.table("on16_photo891.tab", header=T, row.names</pre>
    =1, check.names=F)
sample_info_tab <- read.table("seqtab-par_on16.photo1351_</pre>
    sampledata.txt", header=T, row.names=1, check.names=F, sep ="
    \t")
OTU = otu_table(count_tab, taxa_are_rows = TRUE)
TAX = tax_table(tax_tab)
SAM = sample_data(sample_info_tab)
TREE = phy_tree(bs_inp)
physeqphot = phyloseq(OTU,TAX,SAM,TREE)
euph = get_variable(physeqphot, "depth") %in% c("5", "25", "50",
    "75", "100")
sample_data(physeqphot)$euph <- factor(euph)</pre>
phyeuph<-subset_samples(physeqphot, euph %in% TRUE)</pre>
phyeuphminN1N2 = prune_samples(sample_sums(phyeuph) > 1600,
    phyeuph)
phyeuphminV1<-tip_glom(phyeuphminN1N2, h = 0.02)#Disminuye de
phyeuphminV1filt= filter_taxa(phyeuphminV1, function(x) sum(x >
    2) > (0.015*length(x)), TRUE)
glomV1filt<-tax_glom(phyeuphminV1filt, taxrank="Taxa")</pre>
MeanStV2rel<-transform_sample_counts(glomV1filt, function(x){x /</pre>
    sum(x))
taxaSubp<-as.data.frame(tax_table(MeanStV2rel)[,2])</pre>
ASV_frame<-as.data.frame(otu_table(MeanStV2rel))
ASV_frame[ "Taxa" ] <- taxaSubp[,1]
#dim(ASV_frame)
#[1] 22 72
ASV_frame2 <- ASV_frame[,-72]
rownames(ASV_frame2) <- ASV_frame[,72]</pre>
ASV_frw<-t(ASV_frame2)
md_to_add<-as.data.frame(sample_data(MeanStV2rel))[,c</pre>
    (1,2,12,14,33,36)
final_2a<-cbind(ASV_frw,md_to_add)</pre>
```

```
fn2a_melt<-melt(final_2a,id.vars=c("name","depth","Station","TEMP</pre>
    ","Type","position"), measure.vars = c("Diatoms","
    Bolidophyceae", "Dictyochophyceae", "Pelagophyceae", "
    Chrysophyceae", "Micromonas", "Bathycoccus", "OstreococcusI", "
    OstreococcusII", "Cryptophyceae", "Prymnesiophyceae", "
    Rappemonad", "ASV357", "Other plastid", "ProchlorococcusHLI", "
    ProchlorococcusHLII", "ProchlorococcusLLI", "SynechococcusI", "
    SynechococcusIV", "SynechococcusII", "Other Cyanobacteria", "Not
     assigned"))
coloresbarplot = c("Diatoms"="blue", "Bolidophyceae"="cadetblue","
    Dictyochophyceae"="lightskyblue", "Pelagophyceae"="aquamarine"
    ,"Chrysophyceae"="turquoise","Prymnesiophyceae"="
    darkgoldenrod3 ","Rappemonad"= "gold2","Cryptophyceae"="
    coral3" , "Micromonas" = "forestgreen", "Bathycoccus" = "limegreen"
    , "OstreococcusII"="olivedrab", "OstreococcusI"="palegreen4","
    PrasinophyceaeI"="greenyellow", "Other plastid"="lightgreen", "
    ASV357"="lemonchiffon3", "ProchlorococcusHLI"="lightcoral","
    ProchlorococcusHLII"="hotpink", "ProchlorococcusLLI"="maroon1"
    , "SynechococcusI"="blueviolet", "SynechococcusII"="
    mediumpurple", "SynechococcusIV"="plum3", "Other Cyanobacteria"
    ="mediumvioletred", "others"="cornsilk4", "Not assigned"="
    gray34")
Fig2a<-ggplot(fn2a_melt, aes(x = position, y = value, fill =
    variable)) + geom_bar(stat = "identity", width=.85)+ scale_
    fill_manual(values = coloresbarplot) + theme_bw()+ ylab("
    Relative contribution [%]") +theme(strip.background = element
    _blank(),strip.text.x = element_text(size=18),axis.text.y=
    element_text(size=16), axis.text.x=element_text(size=12,angle
     = 90, hjust = 1, vjust=.5), text = element_text(size=21),
    strip.text = element_text(size=22),axis.title.y=element_text(
    size=18), legend.text=element_text(size=14)) +facet_grid(~
    Station,scales = "free_x",space = "free_x")
svg("newfig2a_July.svg", width =13, height=10)
Fig2a
dev.off()
##Temperature heat map to be added to one side of the barplots
ggplot(fn2a_melt, aes(Station,depth)) + geom_tile(aes(fill = TEMP
    )) + scale_fill_gradientn(colours = topo.colors(2))
##FIG 2b##
```

```
##Winter pie charts##
pies<- read.table("piedwinter.txt", header=T, row.names=1, check.</pre>
    names=F)
pies_molten <- melt( pies, id.vars="Taxa", value.name="RelAb",</pre>
    variable.name="Sample" )
pies_molten$Taxa<-factor(pies_molten$Taxa, levels = c("</pre>
    Cyanobacteria", "ASV357", "Prasinophyta", "Cryptophyceae", "
    Rappemonad", "Prymnesiophyceae", "Stramenopiles: Chrysophyceae
    ", "Stramenopiles:Pelagophyceae", "Stramenopiles:
    Dictyochophyceae", "Stramenopiles:Bolidophyceae", "
    Stramenopiles:Diatoms", "others"))
coloresbarplot = c("Stramenopiles:Diatoms"="blue", "Stramenopiles:
    Bolidophyceae"="cadetblue", "Stramenopiles:Dictyochophyceae"="
    lightskyblue", "Stramenopiles:Pelagophyceae"="aquamarine", "
    Stramenopiles: Chrysophyceae"="turquoise", "Prymnesiophyceae"="
    darkgoldenrod3", "Rappemonad"="gold2", "Cryptophyceae"="coral3"
    ,"Prasinophyta"="forestgreen","ASV357"="lemonchiffon3","
    Cyanobacteria"="purple","others"="cornsilk4")
svg("figwinterpied2.svg", height=12,width=10)
ggplot(pies_molten, aes(x = "", y = value, fill = Taxa)) +
geom_bar(stat = "identity", width = 1, position = position_fill()
    ) +
labs(x = NULL, y = NULL, fill = NULL ) +
coord_polar(theta = "y") +
facet_wrap( ~ variable)+ theme_bw()+ theme(axis.text.x=element_
   blank())+ scale_fill_manual(values = coloresbarplot)
dev.off()
##Spring pie charts##
piesSpring<- read.table("piedspring.txt", header=T, row.names=1,</pre>
    check.names=F)
pies_moltenSpring <- melt( piesSpring, id.vars="Taxa", value.name</pre>
    ="RelAb", variable.name="Sample" )
pies_moltenSpring$variable<- factor(pies_moltenSpring$variable,</pre>
    levels = c("NAAMES2-1_S21", "NAAMES2-2_S22", "NAAMES2-4_S37",
     "NAAMES2-5_S23", "NAAMES2-9_S24", "NAAMES2-10_S39", "NAAMES2
    -11_S40", "NAAMES2-13_S41", "NAAMES2-14_S42", "NAAMES2-17_S25
    ","NAAMES2-18_S26", "NAAMES2-19_S44", "NAAMES2-21_S27"))
pies_moltenSpring$Taxa<-factor(pies_moltenSpring$Taxa, levels = c</pre>
    ("Cyanobacteria", "ASV357", "Prasinophyta", "Cryptophyceae",
    "Rappemonad", "Prymnesiophyceae", "Stramenopiles:
```

```
Chrysophyceae", "Stramenopiles:Pelagophyceae", "Stramenopiles
    :Dictyochophyceae", "Stramenopiles:Bolidophyceae", "
   Stramenopiles:Diatoms", "others"))
svg("figspringpied2.svg", height=12,width=10)
ggplot(pies_moltenSpring, aes(x = "", y = value, fill = Taxa)) +
geom_bar(stat = "identity", width = 1, position = position_fill()
   ) +
labs(x = NULL, y = NULL, fill = NULL ) +
coord_polar(theta = "y") +
facet_wrap( ~ variable)+ theme_bw()+ theme(axis.text.x=element_
   blank())+ scale_fill_manual(values = coloresbarplot)
dev.off()
#Chlorophyl Background #
subpolar = get_variable(phyeuphminV1rel, "region") %in% "Subpolar
sample_data(phyeuphminV1rel)$Subpolar <- factor(Subpolar)</pre>
physubp<-subset_samples(phyeuphminV1rel, subpolar %in% TRUE)</pre>
sp<-data.frame(sample_data(physubp))</pre>
hsp < -sp[,c(2,12,32)]
hsp[is.na(hsp)] <- 0
hspm<-melt( hsp, id.vars=c("Station", "depth"))</pre>
write.table(hspm,file= "hspm_CHLA.txt", quote=FALSE, sep = "\t")
hspm1<-read.table("hspm_CHLA.txt",sep = "\t", header=TRUE)
ggplot(hspm1, aes(Station, depth)) + geom_tile(aes(fill = value))
   +scale_fill_gradient(low = "white",high = "forestgreen",
   breaks=c(0,0.5,1,1.5,2,2.5,3,3.5,4,4.5,5), limits=c(0,5))
####FIG 3a Flow Cytometry STALCKED BARPLOT FCM ####
library("ggplot2")
library("reshape2")
library("dplyr")
dflow<-read.table("/Users/luisbolanos/Documents/OSU_postdoc/
   NAAMES/Metadata/Jason_Data/Rorganized/flowcytmetadata.txt",
   header=T, sep ="\t")
```

```
coloresFCM<-c(Prochlorococcus="lightcoral", Synechococcus="plum3"
    , Picoeukaryotes="forestgreen", Nanoeukaryotes="blue")
d5<-dflow[dflow$depth==5,]
inp<-d5 %>% select(Sample, Prochlorococcus, Synechococcus,
    Picoeukaryotes, Nanoeukaryotes, CHLA, cruise)
meltedDat<-melt(inp, id.vars = c("Sample","CHLA","cruise"))</pre>
stackedplot<-ggplot(data=meltedDat, aes(x=Sample, y=value, fill=
    factor(variable))) + geom_bar(stat="identity")+ scale_fill_
    manual(values =coloresFCM) +geom_line(aes(x=Sample, y=CHLA*
    10000000), stat="identity", color="red", group = 1, size=1.5)+
    scale_y_continuous(sec.axis = sec_axis(~./10000000,name = "
    Chlorophyll a [mg/m^3]"))+theme_bw()+facet_grid( . ~ cruise,
    scales = "free") + ylab("Cell counts [cells/mL]")+theme(axis.
    text.x = element_text(angle=30, size=6),axis.text.y= element_
    text(size=12),legend.text=element_text(size=13) )
svg("FCM_barplot.svg", width=12)
stackedplot
dev.off()
####FIG S2-S5####
PROFILES, we added CHAO1 index to the metadata file
(seqtab-par_on16.photo1351_envdataV2.txt)
#####MULTIPLOT FUNCTION#####
multiplot <- function(..., plotlist=NULL, file, cols=1, layout=</pre>
   NULL) {
 library(grid)
 # Make a list from the ... arguments and plotlist
 plots <- c(list(...), plotlist)</pre>
 numPlots = length(plots)
 # If layout is NULL, then use 'cols' to determine layout
 if (is.null(layout)) {
   # Make the panel
   # ncol: Number of columns of plots
   # nrow: Number of rows needed, calculated from # of cols
   layout <- matrix(seq(1, cols * ceiling(numPlots/cols)),</pre>
                  ncol = cols, nrow = ceiling(numPlots/cols))
 }
```

```
if (numPlots==1) {
   print(plots[[1]])
 } else {
   # Set up the page
   grid.newpage()
   pushViewport(viewport(layout = grid.layout(nrow(layout), ncol(
       layout))))
   # Make each plot, in the correct location
   for (i in 1:numPlots) {
     # Get the i,j matrix positions of the regions that contain
         this subplot
     matchidx <- as.data.frame(which(layout == i, arr.ind = TRUE)</pre>
     print(plots[[i]], vp = viewport(layout.pos.row = matchidx$
                                   layout.pos.col = matchidx$col))
   }
 }
set.seed(717)
phyeuphminrartodos = rarefy_even_depth(phyeuphminV1filt, sample.
   size = 1594)
dfchao<- estimate_richness(phyeuphminrartodos, measures="Chao1")
write.table(dfchao,file= "dfchao.txt", quote=FALSE, sep = "\t")
metadata <- read.table("/Users/luisbolanos/Documents/MisDrafts/</pre>
   InProgress/PhytoNAAMES/V5/Figures/seqtab-par_on16.photo1351_
   envdataV2.txt", header=T, row.names=1, sep="\t")
newdata <- subset(metadata, depth <= 100) #Only 0-100</pre>
sp_chao1<-ggplot(newdata, aes(x = depth, y = Chao1_phyto)) + geom</pre>
    _point(aes(color=statioNodef), size=2) + geom_line(aes(color=
   statioNodef), ) +scale_x_reverse() +scale_color_manual(values
   =c("darkcyan","darkblue","cyan2","chartreuse4","chartreuse3",
   "chartreuse", "darkolivegreen2", "darkorange2", "darkgoldenrod2"
    ,"brown3")) + coord_flip()+ theme_bw() + facet_grid(rows =
   vars(Type))+ ylab("Species richness [Chao1]") + theme(strip.
   background = element_blank(),strip.text.x = element_blank(),
   axis.text.y=element_blank(), axis.text.x=element_text(size
```

```
size=20),axis.title.y=element_blank(),legend.text=element_
   text(size=18))
CHLAprof<-ggplot(newdata, aes(x = depth, y = CHLA)) + geom_point(</pre>
   aes(color=statioNodef), size=2) + geom_line(aes(color=
   statioNodef)) +scale_x_reverse()+scale_color_manual(values=c())
   "darkcyan", "darkblue", "cyan2", "chartreuse4", "chartreuse3", "
    chartreuse", "darkolivegreen2", "darkorange2", "darkgoldenrod2",
    "brown3")) + coord_flip()+ theme_bw() + facet_grid(rows =
   vars(Type))+ ylab("Chlorophyll a [mg/m^3]")+ xlab("depth [m]"
   )+ theme(strip.background = element_blank(), axis.text.x=
   element_text(size=16), text = element_text(size=18), strip.
   text.y = element_blank(),legend.position = "none")
Photoperc<-ggplot(newdata, aes(x = depth, y = Chl.perce)) + geom_
   point(aes(color=statioNodef), size=2) + geom_line(aes(color=
    statioNodef)) +scale_x_reverse()+scale_color_manual(values=c())
    "darkcyan", "darkblue", "cyan2", "chartreuse4", "chartreuse3", "
    chartreuse", "darkolivegreen2", "darkorange2", "darkgoldenrod2",
    "brown3")) + coord_flip()+ theme_bw() + facet_grid(rows =
   vars(Type)) + ylab("Phytoplankton sequences [%]")+xlab("depth
     [m]")+ theme(strip.background = element_blank(),strip.text.x
     = element_blank(), axis.text.y=element_blank(), axis.text.x=
   element_text(size=16), text = element_text(size=18),strip.
   text = element_text(size=20),strip.text.y = element_blank(),
   axis.title.y=element_blank(),legend.position = "none")
svg("/Users/luisbolanos/Documents/MisDrafts/InProgress/
   PhytoNAAMES/V5/Figures/bio_profile.svg", width=16, height=12)
multiplot(CHLAprof, Photoperc, sp_chao1, cols=3)
dev.off()
02<-ggplot(newdata, aes(x = depth, y = 02)) + geom_point(aes(
   color=statioNodef), size=2) + geom_line(aes(color=statioNodef)
   ))+ geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=02-02sd, ymax=02+02sd,color=
   statioNodef), width=.2) +scale_x_reverse() +scale_color_
   manual(values=c("darkcyan", "darkblue", "cyan2", "chartreuse4", "
   chartreuse3", "chartreuse", "darkolivegreen2", "darkorange2", "
   darkgoldenrod2","brown3")) + coord_flip()+ theme_bw() + facet
    _grid(rows = vars(Type))+ ylab("Dissolved Oxygen [mg/L]") +
```

=16), text = element_text(size=18), strip.text = element_text(

theme(strip.background = element_blank(), strip.text.x =
element_blank(), axis.text.y=element_blank(), axis.text.x=
element_text(size=16), text = element_text(size=18), strip.

```
text = element_text(size=20),axis.title.y=element_blank(),
   legend.text=element_text(size=18),legend.position = "none")
Temp<-ggplot(newdata, aes(x = depth, y = TEMP)) + geom_point(aes(</pre>
   color=statioNodef), size=2) + geom_line(aes(color=statioNodef)
   )) +scale_x_reverse()+scale_color_manual(values=c("darkcyan",
   "darkblue", "cyan2", "chartreuse4", "chartreuse3", "chartreuse", "
   darkolivegreen2","darkorange2","darkgoldenrod2","brown3")) +
    coord_flip()+ theme_bw() + facet_grid(rows = vars(Type))+
   ylab("Temperature [C]")+ xlab("depth [m]")+ theme(strip.
   background = element_blank(), axis.text.x=element_text(size
   =16), text = element_text(size=18), strip.text.y = element_
   blank(),legend.position = "none")
Sal<-ggplot(newdata, aes(x = depth, y = Salinity)) + geom_point(</pre>
   aes(color=statioNodef), size=2) + geom_line(aes(color=
   statioNodef)) +scale_x_reverse()+scale_color_manual(values=c())
    "darkcyan", "darkblue", "cyan2", "chartreuse4", "chartreuse3", "
    chartreuse","darkolivegreen2","darkorange2","darkgoldenrod2",
    "brown3")) + coord_flip()+ theme_bw() + facet_grid(rows =
   vars(Type)) + ylab("Salinity [PSU]")+xlab("depth [m]")+ theme
    (strip.background = element_blank(),strip.text.x = element_
   blank(),axis.text.y=element_blank(), axis.text.x=element_text
    (size=16), text = element_text(size=18),strip.text = element_
   text(size=20),strip.text.y = element_blank(),axis.title.y=
   element_blank(),legend.position = "none")
svg("/Users/luisbolanos/Documents/MisDrafts/InProgress/
   PhytoNAAMES/V5/Figures/phy_profile.svg", width=16, height=12)
multiplot(Temp, Sal, 02, cols=3)
dev.off()
SiO4 \leftarrow ggplot(newdata, aes(x = depth, y = SiO4)) + geom_point(aes(
   color=statioNodef), size=2) + geom_line(aes(color=statioNodef)
   ))+scale_x_reverse() +scale_color_manual(values=c("darkcyan",
    "darkblue", "cyan2", "chartreuse4", "chartreuse3", "chartreuse", "
   darkolivegreen2","darkorange2","darkgoldenrod2","brown3")) +
   coord_flip()+ theme_bw() + facet_grid(rows = vars(Type))+
   ylab("Silicate SiO4 [umol]") + theme(strip.background =
   element_blank(),strip.text.x = element_blank(),axis.text.y=
```

element_blank(), axis.text.x=element_text(size=16), text =
element_text(size=18),strip.text = element_text(size=20),axis
.title.y=element_blank(),legend.text=element_text(size=18),

```
Nitrate < - ggplot (newdata, aes (x = depth, y = NO3)) + geom_point (aes
    (color=statioNodef), size=2) + geom_line(aes(color=
    statioNodef)) +scale_x_reverse()+scale_color_manual(values=c())
    "darkcyan", "darkblue", "cyan2", "chartreuse4", "chartreuse3", "
    chartreuse", "darkolivegreen2", "darkorange2", "darkgoldenrod2",
    "brown3")) + coord_flip()+ theme_bw() + facet_grid(rows =
    vars(Type))+ ylab("Nitrate NO3 [umol]")+ xlab("depth [m]")+
    theme(strip.background = element_blank(), axis.text.x=element
    _text(size=16), text = element_text(size=18), strip.text.y =
    element_blank(),legend.position = "none")
Ammonia <- ggplot (newdata, aes(x = depth, y = NH4)) + geom_point(
    aes(color=statioNodef), size=2) + geom_line(aes(color=
    statioNodef)) +scale_x_reverse()+scale_color_manual(values=c())
    "darkcyan", "darkblue", "cyan2", "chartreuse4", "chartreuse3", "
    chartreuse", "darkolivegreen2", "darkorange2", "darkgoldenrod2",
    "brown3")) + coord_flip()+ theme_bw() + facet_grid(rows =
    vars(Type)) + ylab("Ammonia NH4 [umol]")+xlab("depth [m]")+
    theme(strip.background = element_blank(),strip.text.x =
    element_blank(),axis.text.y=element_blank(), axis.text.x=
    element_text(size=16), text = element_text(size=18),strip.
    text = element_text(size=20),strip.text.y = element_blank(),
    axis.title.y=element_blank(),legend.position = "none")
Phosphate \leftarrow -ggplot (newdata, aes (x = depth, y = PO43)) + geom_point
    (aes(color=statioNodef), size=2) + geom_line(aes(color=
    statioNodef)) +scale_x_reverse()+scale_color_manual(values=c())
    "darkcyan", "darkblue", "cyan2", "chartreuse4", "chartreuse3", "
    chartreuse", "darkolivegreen2", "darkorange2", "darkgoldenrod2",
    "brown3")) + coord_flip()+ theme_bw() + facet_grid(rows =
    vars(Type)) + ylab("Phosphate PO4 [umol]")+xlab("depth [m]")+
    theme(strip.background = element_blank(),strip.text.x =
    element_blank(),axis.text.y=element_blank(), axis.text.x=
    element_text(size=16), text = element_text(size=18),strip.
    text = element_text(size=20),strip.text.y = element_blank(),
    axis.title.y=element_blank(),legend.position = "none")
svg("/Users/luisbolanos/Documents/MisDrafts/InProgress/
    PhytoNAAMES/V5/Figures/nutr_profile.svg", width=16, height
multiplot(Nitrate, Ammonia, Phosphate, SiO4, cols=4)
dev.off()
####FIG S6####
```

legend.position = "none")

```
set.seed(717)
phyeuphminrartodos = rarefy_even_depth(phyeuphminV1filt, sample.
    size = 1594)
ordtodos = ordinate(phyeuphminrartodos, "PCoA", "bray")
#ord
p = plot_ordination(phyeuphminrartodos, ordtodos, color = "lat",
    shape = "cruise")
p = p + geom_point(size = 3, alpha = 0.7) + scale_color_gradient
     (low = "#132B43", high ="red") + geom_text(aes(label =
    Station), size = 2.5, vjust = 2) + theme_bw()
р
Color Lines were added arbitrarily in inkscape to highlight the
    order and position of certain samples
####FIG S7####
#PLOT SHOWING COMMON
wint_pol= subset_samples(phyeuphminV1filt, Type=="Subpolar-Winter")
wintpol<-unname(unlist(as.vector(rownames(otu_table(prune_taxa(</pre>
   taxa_sums(wint_pol) > 0, wint_pol)))))
spr_pol= subset_samples(phyeuphminV1filt, Type=="Subpolar-Spring"
sprpol<-unname(unlist(as.vector(rownames(otu_table(prune_taxa(</pre>
    taxa_sums(spr_pol) > 0, spr_pol))))))
wint_trop= subset_samples(phyeuphminV1filt, Type == "Subtropical-
    Winter")
winttrop<-unname(unlist(as.vector(rownames(otu_table(prune_taxa(</pre>
    taxa_sums(wint_trop) > 0, wint_trop))))))
spr_trop= subset_samples(phyeuphminV1filt, Type =="Subtropical-
    Spring")
sprtrop<-unname(unlist(as.vector(rownames(otu_table(prune_taxa(</pre>
    taxa_sums(spr_trop) > 0, spr_trop))))))
listinput<-list(Subpolar_winter=wintpol,Subpolar_spring=sprpol,</pre>
    Subtropical_winter=winttrop,Subtropical_spring=sprtrop)
```

PCoA

```
venn(list(wintpol, sprpol,winttrop,sprtrop))
upset(fromList(listinput), order.by = "freq", sets.bar.color = "
    #56B4E9")
 GET THE LIST of intersections
#FUNCTION from list 1#
fromList1 <- function (input) {</pre>
  # Same as original fromList()...
  elements <- unique(unlist(input))</pre>
  data <- unlist(lapply(input, function(x) {</pre>
      x <- as.vector(match(elements, x))</pre>
      }))
  data[is.na(data)] <- as.integer(0)</pre>
  data[data != 0] <- as.integer(1)</pre>
  data <- data.frame(matrix(data, ncol = length(input), byrow = F</pre>
      ))
  data <- data[which(rowSums(data) != 0), ]</pre>
  names(data) <- names(input)</pre>
  # ... Except now it conserves your original value names!
  row.names(data) <- elements</pre>
  return(data)
  }
#Example list:
getlist<-fromList1(listinput) #getlist is going to be a dataframe</pre>
     with 1 and 0s
#Then use getintersect to generate the different groups seen in
    the upsetR plot
get_intersect_members <- function (x, ...){</pre>
  require(dplyr)
  require(tibble)
  x <- x[,sapply(x, is.numeric)][,0<=colMeans(x[,sapply(x, is.</pre>
      numeric)],na.rm=T) & colMeans(x[,sapply(x, is.numeric)],na.
      rm=T) <=1
  n \leftarrow names(x)
  x %>% rownames_to_column() -> x
  1 <- c(...)
  a <- intersect(names(x), 1)</pre>
```

```
ar <- vector('list',length(n)+1)</pre>
 ar[[1]] <- x
 i=2
 for (item in n) {
   if (item %in% a){
     if (class(x[[item]])=='integer'){
       ar[[i]] <- paste(item, '>= 1')
       i <- i + 1
   } else {
     if (class(x[[item]]) == 'integer'){
       ar[[i]] <- paste(item, '== 0')</pre>
       i <- i + 1
     }
   }
 }
 do.call(filter_, ar) %>% column_to_rownames() -> x
 return(x)
}
#####Now get intersect for all the combinations (4 groups = 15
    combinations)#######
uniqsubpwint<-rownames(get_intersect_members(getlist, "Subpolar_
Uniqsubpspr<-rownames(get_intersect_members(getlist, "Subpolar_</pre>
    spring"))
Uniqsubtrspr<-rownames(get_intersect_members(getlist, "</pre>
    Subtropical_spring"))
Uniqsubtrwint<-rownames(get_intersect_members(getlist, "</pre>
    Subtropical_winter"))
All4<-rownames(get_intersect_members(getlist, "Subpolar_winter",
    "Subpolar_spring", "Subtropical_spring", "Subtropical_winter"
polar2<-rownames(get_intersect_members(getlist, "Subpolar_winter"</pre>
    ,"Subpolar_spring"))
Trop2<-rownames(get_intersect_members(getlist, "Subtropical_</pre>
    winter", "Subtropical_spring"))
Spr2<-rownames(get_intersect_members(getlist, "Subpolar_spring","</pre>
    Subtropical_spring"))
wint2<-rownames(get_intersect_members(getlist, "Subpolar_winter",</pre>
    "Subtropical_winter"))
cruz1<-rownames(get_intersect_members(getlist, "Subpolar_winter",</pre>
    "Subtropical_spring"))
```

```
cruz2<-rownames(get_intersect_members(getlist, "Subpolar_spring", "</pre>
    Subtropical_winter"))
Tres1<-rownames(get_intersect_members(getlist, "Subpolar_winter",</pre>
    "Subpolar_spring", "Subtropical_winter"))
Tres2<-rownames(get_intersect_members(getlist, "Subpolar_winter",</pre>
    "Subpolar_spring", "Subtropical_spring"))
Tres3<-rownames(get_intersect_members(getlist, "Subtropical_</pre>
    winter", "Subtropical_spring", "Subpolar_winter"))
Tres4<-rownames(get_intersect_members(getlist, "Subtropical_</pre>
    winter", "Subtropical_spring", "Subpolar_spring"))
#Sacar del total de reads en los 4 grupos el porcentaje que hace
    los subgroups)
sum(sample_sums(phyeuphminV1filt)) #TOTAL para usar como
    complemento
[1] 1642543
uniqsubpwintcount <- sum (sample_sums(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,
    rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% uniqsubpwint)))
Uniqsubpsprcount<-sum(sample_sums(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,</pre>
    rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% Uniqsubpspr)))
Uniqsubtrsprcount<-sum(sample_sums(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,</pre>
    rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% Uniqsubtrspr)))
Uniqsubtrwintcount<-sum(sample_sums(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,</pre>
     rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% Uniqsubtrwint)))
All4count<-sum(sample_sums(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt, rownames
    (tax_table(physeq)) %in% All4)))
polar2count<-sum(sample_sums(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,</pre>
    rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% polar2)))
Trop2count<-sum(sample_sums(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,</pre>
    rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% Trop2)))
Spr2count<-sum(sample_sums(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt, rownames
    (tax_table(physeq)) %in% Spr2)))
wint2count<-sum(sample_sums(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,</pre>
    rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% wint2)))
cruz1count<-sum(sample_sums(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,</pre>
    rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% cruz1)))
cruz2count<-sum(sample_sums(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,</pre>
    rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% cruz2)))
Tres1count<-sum(sample_sums(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,</pre>
    rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% Tres1)))
Tres2count<-sum(sample_sums(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,</pre>
    rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% Tres2)))
Tres3count<-sum(sample_sums(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,</pre>
    rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% Tres3)))
```

```
Tres4count<-sum(sample_sums(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,</pre>
   rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% Tres4)))
#Counts were organized in a tsv file.
upsetR bars use use the counts of Phylum
Etc
data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt, rownames(tax_
   table(physeq)) %in% Tres1))))[,1:3])
(data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt, rownames(tax_
   table(physeq)) %in% Tres2))))
(data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt, rownames(tax_
   table(physeq)) %in% Tres3))))
(data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt, rownames(tax_
   table(physeq)) %in% Tres4))))
#Counts were organized in a tsv file.
#Read phylotypes distribution
#Create upsetRinputbarsV1.txt
PS_PW_TW1<-data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,
   rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% Tres1))[,1:3]) #foreachone
PS_PW_TS2<-data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,
   rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% Tres2))[,1:3])
TS_TW_PS4<-data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,
   rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% Tres4))[,1:3])
TS_TW_PW3<-data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,
   rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% Tres3))[,1:3])
Unique_Subtr_wint<-data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa()))</pre>
   phyeuphminV1filt, rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in%
   Uniqsubtrwint))[,1:3])
Unique_Subtr_spr<-data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa(</pre>
   phyeuphminV1filt, rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in%
   Uniqsubtrspr))[,1:3])
Unique_Subpol_spr<-data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa(</pre>
   phyeuphminV1filt, rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in%
   Uniqsubpspr))[,1:3])
Unique_Subpol_wint<-data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa(</pre>
   phyeuphminV1filt, rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in%
   uniqsubpwint))[,1:3])
All4_all<-data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt,
   rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% All4))[,1:3])
```

```
Polar_2seasons<-data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa(phyeuphminV1filt
    , rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% polar2))[,1:3])
Subtropical_2seasons<-data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa(
    phyeuphminV1filt, rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% Trop2))
    [,1:3])
Spring_2regions<-data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa()))</pre>
    phyeuphminV1filt, rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% Spr2))
    [,1:3])
Winter_2regions<-data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa()))</pre>
    phyeuphminV1filt, rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% wint2))
PolWint_TropSpring<-data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa(</pre>
    phyeuphminV1filt, rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% cruz1))
PolSpr_Tropwint<-data.frame(tax_table(subset_taxa()))</pre>
    phyeuphminV1filt, rownames(tax_table(physeq)) %in% cruz2))
    [,1:3]
Unique_Subtr_wint %>% group_by_all() %>% summarise(COUNT = n())
Unique_Subtr_spr %>% group_by_all() %>% summarise(COUNT = n())
Unique_Subpol_spr %>% group_by_all() %>% summarise(COUNT = n())
Unique_Subpol_wint %>% group_by_all() %>% summarise(COUNT = n())
All4_all%>% group_by_all() %>% summarise(COUNT = n())
Polar_2seasons %>% group_by_all() %>% summarise(COUNT = n())
Subtropical_2seasons %>% group_by_all() %>% summarise(COUNT = n()
Spring_2regions %>% group_by_all() %>% summarise(COUNT = n())
Winter_2regions %>% group_by_all() %>% summarise(COUNT = n())
PolWint_TropSpring %>% group_by_all() %>% summarise(COUNT = n())
PolSpr_Tropwint %>% group_by_all() %>% summarise(COUNT = n())
PS_PW_TW1 %>% group_by_all() %>% summarise(COUNT = n())
PS_PW_TS2 %>% group_by_all() %>% summarise(COUNT = n())
TS_TW_PS4 %>% group_by_all() %>% summarise(COUNT = n())
TS_TW_PW3 %>% group_by_all() %>% summarise(COUNT = n())
#barsSNVs<-read.table("upsetRinputbars.txt", header=T, row.names</pre>
    =1, check.names=F)#OLD
coloresbarplot = c("Stramenopiles:Diatoms"="blue", "Stramenopiles:
    Bolidophyceae"="cadetblue", "Stramenopiles:Dictyochophyceae"="
    lightskyblue", "Stramenopiles:Pelagophyceae"="aquamarine", "
    Stramenopiles: Chrysophyceae "="turquoise", "Prymnesiophyceae"="
    darkgoldenrod3", "Rappemonad"="gold2", "Cryptophyceae"="coral3"
    , "Prasinophyta"="forestgreen", "Eusiphoniidae"="lemonchiffon3"
    , "Cyanobacteria"="purple", "Unassigned"="cornsilk4", Alveolata
```

```
="rosybrown3", Rhodophyta="tan1")
barsSNVs<-read.table("upsetRinputbarsV1.txt", header=T, row.names
   =1, check.names=F)#NEW
melted <- melt(barsSNVs, id="Position")</pre>
ggplot(melted, aes(x = Position, y = value, fill = variable)) +
   geom_bar(stat = "identity", width=.5) + theme_bw()+ scale_fill
    _manual(values = coloresbarplot)
upset(fromList(listinput), order.by = "freq", sets.bar.color = "
   #56B4E9")
###Now with total reads
barsVenn<-read.table("venn_counts.txt", header=T, row.names=1,</pre>
   check.names=F)
meltedTot <- melt(barsVenn, id="Position")</pre>
ggplot(meltedTot, aes(x = Position, y = value, fill = variable))
   + geom_bar(stat = "identity", width=.5) + theme_bw()
svg(barplotforupster.svg)
ggplot(melted, aes(x = Position, y = value, fill = variable)) +
   geom_bar(stat = "identity", width=.5) + theme_bw()+ scale_fill
   _manual(values = coloresbarplot)
####FIG S8####
#DESEQ2 DIFFERENTIAL ABUNDANCE
pol_wintspr= subset_samples(phyeuphminV1filt, Type == "Subpolar-
   Winter" | Type=="Subpolar-Spring")
trop_wintspr= subset_samples(phyeuphminV1filt, Type =="
   Subtropical-Winter" | Type=="Subtropical-Spring")
spr_poltrop= subset_samples(phyeuphminV1filt, Type =="Subtropical")
    -Spring" | Type=="Subpolar-Spring")
wint_poltrop= subset_samples(phyeuphminV1filt, Type =="
   Subtropical-Winter" | Type=="Subpolar-Winter")
diagdds_pol = phyloseq_to_deseq2(pol_wintspr, ~ Type)
diagdds_pol = DESeq(diagdds_pol, test="Wald", fitType="parametric")
res = results(diagdds_pol, cooksCutoff = FALSE)
```

```
alpha = 0.01
sigtab = res[which(res$padj < alpha), ]</pre>
sigtab = cbind(as(sigtab, "data.frame"), as(tax_table(
    phyeuphminV1filt)[rownames(sigtab), ], "matrix"))
head(sigtab)
diagdds_trop = phyloseq_to_deseq2(trop_wintspr, ~ Type)
diagdds_trop = DESeq(diagdds_trop, test="Wald", fitType="
    parametric")
restrop = results(diagdds_trop, cooksCutoff = FALSE)
alpha = 0.01
sigtabtrop = restrop[which(restrop$padj < alpha), ]</pre>
sigtabtrop = cbind(as(sigtabtrop, "data.frame"), as(tax_table(
    phyeuphminV1filt)[rownames(sigtabtrop), ], "matrix"))
head(sigtabtrop)
diagdds_spr = phyloseq_to_deseq2(spr_poltrop, ~ Type)
diagdds_spr = DESeq(diagdds_spr, test="Wald", fitType="parametric")
   ")
resspr = results(diagdds_spr, cooksCutoff = FALSE)
alpha = 0.01
sigtabspr = resspr[which(resspr$padj < alpha), ]</pre>
sigtabspr = cbind(as(sigtabspr, "data.frame"), as(tax_table())
   phyeuphminV1filt)[rownames(sigtabspr), ], "matrix"))
head(sigtabspr)
diagdds_wint = phyloseq_to_deseq2(wint_poltrop, ~ Type)
diagdds_wint = DESeq(diagdds_wint, test="Wald", fitType="
    parametric")
reswint = results(diagdds_wint, cooksCutoff = FALSE)
alpha = 0.01
sigtabwint = reswint[which(reswint$padj < alpha), ]</pre>
sigtabwint = cbind(as(sigtabwint, "data.frame"), as(tax_table(
    phyeuphminV1filt)[rownames(sigtabwint), ], "matrix"))
head(sigtabwint)
#PLOT CIRCLES PHYLA_CLASS#
phylumcolors<-c("new_euk_C" = "black","Chlorophyta" = "</pre>
    chartreuse4", "Cryptophyta" = "deeppink", "Cyanobacteria"="
    purple", "Alveolata"="brown", "new_euk_A"="darkseagreen","
    Haptophyta"="orange","Eusiphoniidae"="gray", "NA" = "
    firebrick", "Stramenopiles"="darkturquoise", "Rhodophyta"="
```

```
antiquewhite3")
theme_set(theme_bw())
scale_fill_discrete <- function(palname = "Set1", ...) {</pre>
   scale_fill_brewer(palette = palname, ...)
}
       _____Differential
#AFTER PLOTTING, We want to know from this differential
    abundances, which ones didnt have a representative in winter.
    Overwintering/NonOverwintering Add the Overwintering/No OV
    condition
#1st get names of the differential phylotypes from the sigtab
   files
sigtab_names<-row.names(sigtab)</pre>
sigtabwint_names<-row.names(sigtabwint)</pre>
sigtabspr_names<-row.names(sigtabspr)</pre>
sigtabtrop_names<-row.names(sigtabtrop)</pre>
#Extract them from the main Phyloseq object
differentPolar <- subset(otu_table(phyeuphminV1filt), rownames(</pre>
    otu_table(phyeuphminV1filt)) %in% sigtab_names)
differentTrop <- subset(otu_table(phyeuphminV1filt), rownames(otu</pre>
    _table(phyeuphminV1filt)) %in% sigtabtrop_names)
differentwint<- subset(otu_table(phyeuphminV1filt), rownames(otu_</pre>
    table(phyeuphminV1filt)) %in% sigtabwint_names)
differentspr<- subset(otu_table(phyeuphminV1filt), rownames(otu_</pre>
    table(phyeuphminV1filt)) %in% sigtabspr_names)
#create a phyloseq for each one (collapse info and makes easier
    to work with them) Just for the moment only seasonal
    comparison POLAR and TROPCIAL
diffpolar_physeq <- merge_phyloseq(differentPolar, tax_table(</pre>
    phyeuphminV1filt), sample_data(phyeuphminV1filt), phy_tree(
    phyeuphminV1filt))
difftrop_physeq <- merge_phyloseq(differentTrop, tax_table(</pre>
    phyeuphminV1filt), sample_data(phyeuphminV1filt), phy_tree(
    phyeuphminV1filt))
```

```
sumsPol<-rowSums(otu_table(subset_samples(diffpolar_physeq,</pre>
    cruise=="N1")))==0 #if it is == 0 means that we didnt detect
    in any samples above 100m
 sumstrop<-rowSums(otu_table(subset_samples(difftrop_physeq,</pre>
     cruise=="N1"))) ==0 #if it is == 0 means that we didnt detect
      in any samples above 100m
dfPol <- data.frame(names(sumsPol),as.vector(sumsPol))</pre>
dftrop <-data.frame(names(sumstrop),as.vector(sumstrop))</pre>
dfPol$condition[dfPol$as.vector.sums== "TRUE"] = "non-
     overwintering"
dfPol$condition[dfPol$as.vector.sums== "FALSE"] = "overwintering
 dftrop$condition[dftrop$as.vector.sums== "TRUE"] = "non-
     overwintering"
 dftrop$condition[dftrop$as.vector.sums== "FALSE"] = "
     overwintering"
#Add "condition" column to sigtab and sigtabtrop
sampPol <- dfPol[,-1]</pre>
rownames(sampPol) <- dfPol[,1]</pre>
sampTrop <- dftrop[,-1]</pre>
rownames(sampTrop) <- dftrop[,1]</pre>
Sigtab1<-cbind(sigtab, sampPol[, "condition"][match(rownames(</pre>
    sigtab), rownames(sampPol))])
colnames(Sigtab1)[14] <- "condition" #WORK with Sigtab1 for the</pre>
   plots
Sigtab2<-cbind(sigtabtrop, sampTrop[, "condition"][match(rownames</pre>
    (sigtabtrop), rownames(sampTrop))])
colnames(Sigtab2)[14] <- "condition" #WORK with Sigtab2 for the</pre>
   plots
# Phylum order POLAR
x = tapply(Sigtab1$log2FoldChange, Sigtab1$Phylum, function(x)
   max(x))
x = sort(x, TRUE)
Sigtab1$Phylum = factor(as.character(Sigtab1$Phylum), levels=
   names(x))
```

```
# Genus order POLAR
x = tapply(Sigtab1$log2FoldChange, Sigtab1$Class, function(x) max
    (x)
x = sort(x, TRUE)
Sigtab1$Class = factor(as.character(Sigtab1$Class), levels=names(
   x))
write.table(Sigtab1,file= "DeseqSub_Sigtab1.txt", quote=FALSE,
   sep = "\t")
jitter <- position_jitter(width = 0.2, height = 0.0) #just to</pre>
   shake the symbols a little bit
polar<-ggplot(Sigtab1, aes(x=Class, y=log2FoldChange, color=</pre>
   Phylum, label=rownames(Sigtab1), shape=condition)) + geom_
   point(size=3, position=jitter) + theme(axis.text.x = element_
   text(angle = -45, hjust = 0, vjust=0.5))+ geom_text(vjust="
   inward",hjust="inward", size = 2,position=jitter) +geom_hline
    (yintercept = 0, color="black")+geom_hline(yintercept = c
    (-5,5), color="red")+ggtitle("subpolar region")+scale_color_
   manual(name = "Phylum", values=phylumcolors) + coord_flip()
# Phylum order TROPICAL
x1 = tapply(Sigtab2$log2FoldChange, Sigtab2$Phylum, function(x1)
   \max(x1)
x1 = sort(x1, TRUE)
Sigtab2$Phylum = factor(as.character(Sigtab2$Phylum), levels=
   names(x1)
# Genus order POLAR
x1 = tapply(Sigtab2$log2FoldChange, Sigtab2$Class, function(x1)
   \max(x1)
x1 = sort(x1, TRUE)
Sigtab2$Class = factor(as.character(Sigtab2$Class), levels=names(
   x1))
write.table(Sigtab2,file= "DeseqSubtr_Sigtab2.txt", quote=FALSE,
   sep = "\t")
tropical<-ggplot(Sigtab2, aes(x=Class, y=log2FoldChange, color=</pre>
   Phylum, label=rownames(Sigtab2), shape=condition)) + geom_
   text(vjust="inward",hjust="inward", size = 2,position=jitter)
   +geom_point(size=3,position=jitter) + theme(axis.text.x =
   element_text(angle = -45, hjust = 0, vjust=0.5)) +geom_hline(
   yintercept = 0, color="black")+geom_hline(yintercept = c
```

```
(-5,5), color="red")+ggtitle("subtropical region")+scale_
   color_manual(name = "Phylum", values=phylumcolors) + coord_
   flip()
# Phylum order SPRING
x2 = tapply(sigtabspr$log2FoldChange, sigtabspr$Phylum, function(
   x2) \max(x2))
x2 = sort(x2, TRUE)
sigtabspr$Phylum = factor(as.character(sigtabspr$Phylum), levels=
   names(x2)
# Genus order POLAR
x2 = tapply(sigtabspr$log2FoldChange, sigtabspr$Class, function(
   x2) \max(x2)
x2 = sort(x2, TRUE)
sigtabspr$Class = factor(as.character(sigtabspr$Class), levels=
   names(x2)
spring<-ggplot(sigtabspr, aes(x=Class, y=log2FoldChange, color=
   Phylum, label=rownames(sigtabspr))) + geom_point(size=3)+
   geom_text(vjust="inward",hjust="inward", size = 2) + theme(
   axis.text.x = element_text(angle = -45, hjust = 0, vjust=0.5)
   ) +geom_hline(yintercept = 0, color="black")+geom_hline(
   yintercept = c(-5,5), color="red")+ggtitle("Significant
   differential abundances between subpolar and subtropical
   North Atlantic regions in spring")+scale_color_manual(name =
    "Phylum", values=phylumcolors)
# Phylum order Winter
x3 = tapply(sigtabwint$log2FoldChange, sigtabwint$Phylum,
   function(x3) max(x3)
x3 = sort(x3, TRUE)
sigtabwint$Phylum = factor(as.character(sigtabwint$Phylum),
   levels=names(x3))
# Genus order POLAR
x3 = tapply(sigtabwint$log2FoldChange, sigtabwint$Class, function
    (x3) \max(x3)
x3 = sort(x3, TRUE)
sigtabwint$Class = factor(as.character(sigtabwint$Class), levels=
   names(x3))
winter<-ggplot(sigtabwint, aes(x=Class, y=log2FoldChange, color=</pre>
   Phylum, label=rownames(sigtabwint))) + geom_point(size=3)+
   geom_text(vjust="inward",hjust="inward", size = 2) + theme(
   axis.text.x = element_text(angle = -45, hjust = 0, vjust=0.5)
```

```
) +geom_hline(yintercept = 0, color="black")+geom_hline(
    yintercept = c(-5,5), color="red")+ggtitle("Significant
    differential abundances between subpolar and subtropical
    North Atlantic regions in winter")+scale_color_manual(name =
    "Phylum", values=phylumcolors)
svg("regiondeseq.svg", width=15, height=9)
multiplot(polar,tropical, cols=2)
dev.off()
svg("cruisedeseq.svg", width=12,height=12)
multiplot(winter,spring, cols=1)
dev.off()
####2nd part deseq ##### Corroborate condition in the winter
    100-300m
#GetNOW
NOW_polar<-row.names(subset(Sigtab1 , condition == "non-</pre>
    overwintering"))
NOW_trop<-row.names(subset(Sigtab2 , condition == "non-</pre>
    overwintering"))
#SacarPhyseq con las NOW
NOW_polPHYSEQ <- subset(otu_table(phyeuphminV1filt), rownames(otu</pre>
    _table(phyeuphminV1filt)) %in% NOW_polar)
NOW_tropPHYSEQ <- subset(otu_table(phyeuphminV1filt), rownames(</pre>
   otu_table(phyeuphminV1filt)) %in% NOW_trop)
#Get 100 to 300
deep = get_variable(physeqphot, "depth") %in% c("150", "200", "
    300")
sample_data(physeqphot)$deep <- factor(deep)</pre>
phydeep<-subset_samples(physeqphot, deep %in% TRUE)</pre>
phydeepminN1N2 = prune_samples(sample_sums(phydeep) > 1600,
    phydeep)
phydeepminV1<-tip_glom(phydeepminN1N2, h = 0.02)#Disminuye de
    1351 a 886
phydeepminV1filt= (filter_taxa(phydeepminV1, function(x) sum(x >
    2) > (0.015*length(x)), TRUE)
```

```
NOW_polPHYSEQ300 <- subset(otu_table(phydeepminV1filt), rownames(
   otu_table(phydeepminV1filt)) %in% NOW_polar)
NOW_tropPHYSEQ300 <- subset(otu_table(phydeepminV1filt), rownames
   (otu_table(phydeepminV1filt)) %in% NOW_trop)</pre>
```