

Zombie model with human behavior equations

Luke Botti

Course number: MATH 502

December 15, 2020

$$\frac{dS}{dt} = bS(t) - mS(t) - \alpha S(t)Z(t) + r(Q(t) + E(t))$$

$$C(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & Q(t) < q_{\max} \vee X_S(t) < 1/2 \\ C_0 & Q(t) \geq q_{\max} \wedge X_S(t) \geq 1/2 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = \begin{cases} \alpha S(t)Z(t) - zE(t) - rE(t) - (C_0 + X_E(t))E(t) - C(t)E(t) & Q(t) < q_{\max} \\ \alpha S(t)Z(t) - zE(t) - rE(t) - C(t)E(t) & Q(t) \geq q_{\max} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{dQ}{dt} = \begin{cases} (C_0 + X_E)E - rQ(t) - zQ(t) & Q(t) < q_{\max} \\ -rQ(t) - zQ(t) & Q(t) \geq q_{\max} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{dZ}{dt} = zE(t) - kS(t)Z(t)$$

$$\frac{dD}{dt} = kS(t)Z(t) + mS(t) + zQ(t) + C(t)E$$

$$\frac{dX_S}{dt} = k_S X_S(t)(1 - X_S(t))[Z(t) + Q(t) - \epsilon_S L_S(t)]$$

$$\frac{dX_E}{dt} = k_E X_E(t)(1 - X_E(t))\{(z - r)[E(t) + Q(t)] - \epsilon_E\}$$

$$\frac{dL_S}{dt} = \beta C(t) - \mu L_S(t)$$