Zombie model with human behavior equations

Luke Botti Course number: MATH 502

December 5, 2020

$$\begin{split} \frac{dS}{dt} &= bS(t) - mS(t) - \alpha S(t)Z(t) + r(Q(t) + E(t)) \\ C(t) &= \begin{cases} 0 & Q(t) < q_{\max} \vee X_S(t) < 1/2 \\ C_0 & Q(t) \geq q_{\max} \wedge X_S(t) \geq 1/2 \end{cases} \\ \frac{dE}{dt} &= \begin{cases} \alpha S(t)Z(t) - zE(t) - rE(t) - (C_0 + X_I(t))E(t) - C(t)E(t) & Q(t) < q_{\max} \\ \alpha S(t)Z(t) - zE(t) - rE(t) - C(t)E(t) & Q(t) \geq q_{\max} \end{cases} \\ \frac{dQ}{dt} &= \begin{cases} (C_0 + X_I)E - rQ(t) - zQ(t) & Q(t) < q_{\max} \\ rQ(t) - zQ(t) & Q(t) \geq q_{\max} \end{cases} \\ \frac{dZ}{dt} &= zE(t) - kS(t)Z(t) \\ \frac{dD}{dt} &= kS(t)Z(t) + mS(t) + zQ(t) + C(t)E \\ \frac{dX_S}{dt} &= k_SX_S(t)(1 - X_S(t))[Z(t) + Q(t) - \epsilon_SL_S(t)] \\ \frac{dX_I}{dt} &= \begin{cases} k_IX_I(t)(1 - X_I(t))\{(z - r)[E(t) + Q(t)] - \epsilon_I\} & Q(t) < q_{\max} \\ 0 & Q(t) \geq q_{\max} \end{cases} \\ \frac{dL_S}{dt} &= \alpha_SC(t) - \mu L_S(t) \end{split}$$