

"Charcoal may be imported into the State of Andhra Pradesh under the permits issued by the concerned States."

SYED GHULAM RASOOL,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

THE WHEAT ROLLER FLOUR MILLS (LICENSING AND CONTROL) AMENDMENT ORDER, 1966.

[G.O. Ms. No. 1159, Food and Agriculture (CS-VII), 3rd May 1966.]

The following Order of the Government of India, Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Department of Food), dated New Delhi 24th March 1966, is republished:—

G. S. R. 462.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955) the Central Government hereby makes the following order further to amend the Wheat Roller Flour Mills (Licensing and Control) Order, 1957, namely:—

1. This order may be called the Wheat Roller Flour Mills (Licensing and Control) Amendment Order, 1966.

2. In the Wheat Roller Flour Mills (Licensing and Control) Order, 1957, for item (a) of sub-clause (i) of clause 10 the following shall be substituted, namely:—

(a) the source from which and the manner in which wheat shall be obtained for the purpose of manufacture of wheat products.

[No. 205 (Genl) (2)/872/66 PY II.]

G. H. ANSARI,

Deputy Secretary to Government.

(LABOUR-II)

HOME DEPARTMENT

ANDHRA PRADESH MATERNITY BENEFIT RULES, 1966.

[G.O. Ms. No. 821, Home (Labour-II) 23rd April, 1966.]

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 28 of the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 (Central Act 53 of 1961), the Governor of Andhra Pradesh hereby makes the following rules, the same having been previously published, as required by the said section.

RULES.

1. *Short title and commencement.*—(1) These rules may be called the Andhra Pradesh Maternity Benefit Rules, 1966.

(2) They shall come into force on 20th June, 1966.

2. *Definitions.*—In these rules, unless the context otherwise requires,

(a) "Act" means the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 (Central Act 53 of 1961).

(b) "Competent Authority" means in relation to establishments other than mines, the Chief Inspector of Factories.

(c) "Form" means a form appended to these rules;

(d) "muster roll" means a muster roll maintained under rule 3;

(e) "registered medical practitioners" means a medical practitioner whose name has been enrolled in a register maintained under any law for the time being in force regulating the registration of practitioners of medicine.

(f) "section" means a section of the Act.

(g) All other words and expressions used hereinafter but not defined herein shall have the same meaning as respectively assigned to them in the Act.

3. *Muster Roll.*—(1) The employer of every establishment in which women are employed shall prepare and maintain a muster roll in Form "A" and shall enter therein particulars of all women workers in the establishment.

(2) All entries in the muster roll shall be made in regional language in ink and maintained upto date and it shall always be available for inspection by the Inspector during working hours.

(3) The employer may enter in the muster roll such other particulars as may be required for any other purpose of the Act.

4. *Proof.*—(1) The fact that a woman is pregnant or has been delivered of a child or has undergone miscarriage or is suffering from illness arising out of pregnancy, delivery, premature birth of child or miscarriage shall be proved by the production of a certificate to that effect.—

(a) from a Medical Officer of a Government Hospital or a dispensary set up by the employer of an establishment for providing medical aid to the workers employed by him; or

(b) where there is a hospital set up by the Employees State Insurance Corporation from the Medical Officer in charge of the hospital; or

(c) from a Registered Medical Practitioner.

The certificate shall be in Form 'B'.

(2) The fact that a woman as been confined may also be proved by the production of a certified extract from a birth register maintained under the provisions of any law for the time being in force;

(3) The fact that a woman has undergone miscarriage may also be proved by the production of a certificate signed by a registered midwife. The certificate from a registered midwife shall be in Form 'D'.

(4) The fact of death of a woman or a child may be proved by the production of a certificate to that effect in Form 'C' from any of the authorities referred to in sub-rule (1) or by the production of a certified extract from a death register maintained under the provisions of any law for the time being in force.

5. *Method and time of payment.*—(1) A woman employed in an establishment and entitled to maternity benefit shall give notice to her employer in Form 'E'.

(2) The employer shall make payment of the maternity benefit or other amount due under the Act to the woman concerned or in cases governed by the 1st and 2nd provisos to sub-section (3) of section 5 of the Act to the person nominated by the woman in her notice in Form 'E' and in case there is no such nominee, to her legal representative, as the case may be.

(3) In case of doubt, the maternity benefit or other amount due to a woman employed in any establishment, shall be deposited by the employer, within two months from the date of death of the woman concerned with the competent authority, who shall, after making necessary enquiries, pay it to the person, who in his opinion is entitled to receive it.

(4) Whenever the payment referred to in sub-rule (1) is made, a receipt shall be obtained by the employer in Form 'F' from the person to whom the payment is made. In cases falling under sub-rule (2), a receipt shall be given to the employer by the competent authority.

(5) The medical bonus shall be paid along with the second instalment of the maternity benefit.

(6) The payment under Section 7 shall be made within two months from the date of the death of the woman.

(7) The wages due under section 9 of the Act shall be paid within 48 hours after production of the certificate in form 'B' or 'D'.

(8) The wages due under section 10 shall be paid within 48 hours of the expiry of the period of leave referred to in that section.

9. *Break for nursing.*—Each of the two breaks mentioned in section 11 of the Act shall be of 15 minutes duration.

Provided that in case the creche or the place where children are left by women while on duty is not in the vicinity of the place of work, a period upto 15 minutes more may be allowed for the purpose of journey to and fro;

Provided further that the extra period allowed shall not be less than five minutes and shall be fixed depending on the distance to be covered. In cases of disputes on the extra period allowable, the matter shall be referred to the Chief Inspector of Factories, whose decision thereon shall be final.

7. *Duties and powers of the competent authority and Inspector.*—(1) The competent authority shall be responsible for the administration of these rules throughout the territories to which they extend.

(2) Every Inspector shall discharge his duties within the area assigned to him by the State Government and shall act under the supervision and control of the competent authority.

(3) Every Inspector shall at each inspection of an establishment see—
(a) whether due action has been taken on every notice given under section 6.

(b) whether the muster roll prescribed under rule 3 is correctly maintained;

(c) whether there have been any cases of discharge or dismissal or notices of discharge or dismissal in contravention of the provisions of section 12 since the last inspection;

(d) whether the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 4, sub-sections (3) and (4) of section 6, sections 8, 9, 10, 11, 13 and 14 have been complied with and whether amounts due have been paid within the prescribed time;

(e) whether there have been any cases of deprivation of maternity benefit or medical bonus in contravention of sub-section (2) of section 12; and

(f) how far the irregularities pointed out at previous inspections have been remedied and how far orders previously issued have been complied with.

(4) where an Inspector observed irregularities against the Act or these rules, he shall issue orders in writing to the employer asking the latter to rectify the irregularities within a specified period and to report compliance to the Inspector.

8. Acts which constitute gross misconduct.—The following acts shall constitute gross misconduct for purposes of section 12, namely :—

- (a) wilful destruction of employer's goods or property ;
- (b) assaulting any superior or co-employee at the place of work ;
- (c) criminal offence involving moral turpitude resulting in conviction in a court of law;
- (d) theft, fraud, or dishonesty in connection with the employer's business or property ; and
- (e) wilful non-observance of safety measures or rules on the subject or wilful interference with safety devices or with fire fighting equipment.

9. Appeal under section 12.—(1) An appeal under clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 12 shall be preferred to the competent authority in Form 'G'.

(2) The appeal may be made in writing and either handed over personally or sent under a registered cover to the competent authority.

(3) When an appeal is received, the competent authority shall furnish a copy of the memorandum of appeal to the employer, call for his reply thereto and also ask him to produce documents connected with the issue of the appeal by a fixed date. The competent authority may ascertain further details if necessary, from the employer as well as from the woman. On considering the facts presented to him and ascertained by him the competent authority shall give his decision. In case the employer fails to submit his reply or produce the required documents within the specified period, the competent authority may give his decision *ex parte*.

10. Complaint under Section 17.—(1) A complaint under sub-section (1) of section 17 shall be made in writing in Form 'H' or 'I' as the case may be.

(2) When a complaint referred to in section 17 is received by an Inspector, he shall examine the relevant records maintained by the employer in this behalf, examine any person employed in the establishment and take down necessary statement for the purpose of the enquiry and if he is satisfied that the maternity benefit or the amount has been improperly withheld, he shall direct the employer to make the payment to the woman or to the person claiming the payment under section 7, as case may be, immediately or for special reasons within a specified period.

11. Appeal under Section 17.—(1) An appeal against the decision of the Inspector under sub-section (2) of section 17, shall lie to the competent authority.

(2) The aggrieved person shall prefer an appeal in writing to the competent authority in Form 'J' and file other supporting documents.

(3) When an appeal is received the competent authority shall call from the Inspector before a fixed date, the record of the case. The competent authority shall, if necessary, also record the statements of the aggrieved person, and of the Inspector and seek clarification if any is required.

(4) Taking into account the documents, the evidence produced before him and the facts presented to him or ascertained by him, the competent authority shall give his decision.

12. Supply of Form.—The employer shall supply to every woman employed by him at her request free of cost copies of Forms 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E', 'F', 'G', 'H' and 'I'.

13. Non-submission of notices, appeals or complaints in the prescribed forms.—Nothing in rules, 5, 9 and 10 shall affect the right of a woman entitled to receive maternity benefit or any other amount due under the Act if she fails to submit a notice, appeal or complaint under the said rules, as the case may be, in a prescribed form.

Provided that where a notice, appeal or complaint under the said rules has been submitted by a woman entitled to receive maternity benefit or any other amount due under the Act in a Form other than the prescribed Form, the authority concerned, may within 15 days of the receipt of such notice, appeal or complaint require the woman to submit the notice, appeal or complaint, as the case may be, in the prescribed form.

14. Records.—Records kept under the provisions of the Act and these rules shall be preserved for a period of two years from the date of their preparation.

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13. *Abstract*.—The abstract of the provisions of the Act and these rules required to be exhibited under section 19 shall be in Form 'K' and shall be exhibited at or near the main entrance to the establishment.

14. *Annual returns*.—(1) The employer of every establishment shall on or before the 31st day of January of each year submit to the competent authority a return in each of the Forms 'L', 'M', 'N' and 'O' giving information as to the particulars specified in respect of the preceding year.

(2) If the employer of an establishment to which the Act applies, sells, abandons or discontinues the working of the establishment, he shall, within one month from the date of the sale or abandonment or four months from the date of discontinuance, as the case may be, submit to the competent authority a further return in each of the said forms in respect of the period between the end of the preceding year and the date of sale, abandonment or discontinuance.

FORM 'A'

(See Rule 3)

MUSTER ROLL

Name of the establishment

1. Serial Number.
2. Name of woman and her father's (or, if married husband's) name;
3. Date of appointment
4. Nature of work
5. Dates with month and year in which she is employed, laid off and not employed;

YEAR

Month	No. of days employed.	No. of days laid off	No. of days not employed.	Remarks.
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6. Date on which the woman gives notice under section 6;

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7. Date of discharge/dismissal, if any;
8. Date of production of proof of pregnancy under section 6;
9. Date of birth of child;
10. Date of production of proof of delivery miscarriage/death;
11. Date of production of proof of illness referred to in section 10;
12. Date with the amount of maternity benefit paid in advance of expected delivery;
13. Date with the amount of subsequent payment of maternity benefit;
14. Date with the amount of bonus, if paid, under section 8;
15. Date with amount of wages paid on account of leave under section 9;
16. Date with amount of wages paid on account of leave under section 10 and period of leave granted;
17. Name of the person nominated by the woman under section 6;
18. If the woman dies, the date of her death; the name of the person to whom maternity benefit and/or other amount was paid, the amount thereof, and the date of payment;
19. If the woman dies and the child survives, the name of the person to whom the amount of maternity benefit was paid on behalf of the child and the period for which it was paid;
20. Signature of the employer of the establishment authenticating the entries in the muster roll;
21. Remarks (for the use of the Inspector);

FORM 'B'

[See Rule 4 (1)]

This is to certify that I have examined.....wife/daughter of.....a woman employee in.....(Name of establishment) on.....(Date and found cannot discover that she is pregnant and is expected to be delivered of a child within (months and days) from the above mentioned date, has undergone miscarriage, has been delivered of a child on.....(date) or is suffering from.....(date) from illness arising out of pregnancy/delivery/premature birth of a child or miscarriage.

Date:.....
Signature, qualification and designation of Medical Officer/Medical Practitioner.

Definitions of "Child" and "miscarriage" as in the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961:—

1. "Child" includes a still-born child.
2. "Miscarriage" means expulsion of the contents of a pregnant uterus at any period prior to or during the twenty-sixth week of pregnancy but does not include any miscarriage, the causing of which is punishable under the Indian Penal Code, 1860.

FORM 'C'

[See Rule 4(4)].

This is to certify that Sent.....Wife/daughter of.....employed in.....before during/after (name of factory) expired on.....survives her confinement. The Child died on.....

Date:.....
Signature, qualification and designation of Medical Officer/Medical Practitioner.

FORM 'D'

[See Rule 4(3)].

This is to certify that I examined.....wife/daughter of.....a woman employee in.....(name of establishment) and found that she has been delivered a child, has undergone miscarriage on.....(date).

Date:.....
Signature of registered midwife.

Definitions of "Child" and "Miscarriage" as in the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961:—

1. "Child" includes a still-born child.
2. "Miscarriage" means expulsion of the contents of a pregnant uterus at Any period prior to or during the twenty-sixth week of pregnancy but does not include any miscarriage, the causing of which is punishable under the Indian Penal Code, 1860.

FORM 'E'

[See Rule 5(1)].

Notice under section 6 of the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961.

Name of the Establishment:—

I,.....(name of woman) wife/daughter of.....employed as.....at.....(name of establishment) hereby give notice that I expect to be confined within six weeks next following from the date of this notice have given birth to a child on.....(date) and shall be absent from work from.....(date). I shall not work in any establishment during the period for which I receive maternity benefit.

2. For the purpose of section 7 of the Act, I hereby nominate.....(here enter name and address of the nominee) to receive maternity benefit and/or any other amount due to me under the Act in case of my death.

Signature of an attester in case the woman is not able to sign and affix thumb impression. Signature or thumb impression of woman. Date:.....

FORM "F"

[See Rule 5(4)].

Form of Receipt of Maternity Benefit.

To,

(Name of the establishment).

I, the undersigned, a* woman employed
 the nominee of woman employee by legal repre-
 sentative of woman employee deceased
 in (name of the establishment) at
 district received maternity benefit and/
 of other amount due under the Maternity
 Benefit Act, 1961, from the employer of the establishment referred to above,
 as detailed below :—

Rs. .. being the first instalment of maternity benefit paid on

Rs. .. being the second instalment of maternity benefit after deli-
 very paid onRs. .. being the medical bonus under section 8 of the Act paid on
Rs. .. being the wages for the leave period from
 to mentioned under section 9 or 10 of
 the Act.

*My/Her confinement/miscarriage took place on of

I/she fell ill because of pregnancy, delivery, premature birth of a child or
 miscarriage on In consequence, I
 Her/himself, or her legal representative have received the aforesaid amount
 prescribed in Sections 5, 8, 9 and 10 of the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961.

Signature or Thumb impression of

* Women employee or her nominee or legal representative.

Signature of an attester in case the woman is not able to sign and
 affix thumb impression.

**Strike out unnecessary portion.

Date :—

FORM "C"

(See rule 9)

To

The Competent Authority,
 appointed under the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 (Address)

Sir,

I, the undersigned, woman employee of
 (name of the establishment and full address)
 having been wrongly deprived by the employer of maternity benefit or
 medical bonus or both (strike out unnecessary portion) for the reasons
 attached hereto, prefer this appeal under sub-section (2) of section 12 of the
 Act and request that the said employer be ordered to pay the above men-
 tioned amount to me. A copy of the order of the employer in this behalf
 is enclosed.

Date :

Signature or thumb impression of the
 woman.

Signature of an attester in case the
 woman is not able to sign and affix
 thumb impression.

FORM "H"

(See rule 10)

To

The Inspector,

(Under the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961).

Sir,

I, (name of woman) employed in
 (name and full address of the establishment) having fulfilled the conditions
 laid down in the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 and the rules thereunder in

entitled to Rs. being maternity benefit and/or Rs. being the medical bonus and/or Rs. being wages for leave due under section 9 or 10 of the Act but the same has been improperly withheld by the employer. He may, therefore, be directed to pay the amount to me.

Signature or thumb impression of the woman.

Date :—

Full address :

Strike out unnecessary portion.

FORM 'I'

(See rule 10)

To

The Inspector,

(Under the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961).

I, (name) a person nominated under section 6 of the Act by or a legal representative of (name of woman) employed in (name and full address of the establishment) have to complain that the said woman having fulfilled the condition laid down in the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 and the rules thereunder is entitled to Rs. being maternity benefit and/or Rs. being the medical bonus and/or Rs. being wages for leave due under section 9 or 10 of the Act but the same has been improperly withheld by the employer. He may, therefore, be directed to pay the amount to me.

Date :—

Signature or thumb impression of the nominee/legal representative.

Full Address :

FORM 'J'

(See rule 11)

To

Sir,

Shri Inspector, having directed under sub-section (2) of section 17 of the Act to pay the maternity benefit or other amount being (nature of amount) to which (name of woman) is said to be entitled, I prefer this appear under sub-section (3) of section 17 of the Act. In view of the facts mentioned in the memorandum attached hereto and other documents filed herewith, it is submitted that the woman is not entitled to the maternity benefit or the said amount and hence the decision of the Inspector in this behalf, copy of which is enclosed, may be set aside.

Date :

Signature of aggrieved person & full address :—

FORM 'K'

(See rule 15)

(Abstract of the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961, and the Rules made thereunder)

1. No employer shall knowingly employ a woman during the six weeks immediately following the day of her delivery or miscarriage and no woman shall work in any establishment during the said period.

2. No pregnant woman shall, on a request being made by her in this behalf, be required by her employer to do during the period of one month immediately preceding the period of six weeks before the date of her expected delivery and also for any period during this period of six weeks for which she does not avail of leave of absence, any work which is of an arduous nature or which involves long hours of standing, or which in any way is likely to interfere with her pregnancy or normal development of the fetus, or is likely to cause her miscarriage or otherwise to adversely affect her health.

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3. (1) Subject to the provisions of the Act, every woman who has actually worked in an establishment of the employer from whom she claims maternity benefit for a period of not less than one hundred and sixty days, including the days during which she was laid off, shall be entitled to, and her employer shall be liable for, the payment of maternity benefit at the rate of her average daily wages for one rupee a day, whichever is higher, for the period of her actual absence not exceeding six weeks immediately preceding and including the day of her delivery and for the six weeks immediately following that day.

Provided that the qualifying period of one hundred and sixty days aforesaid shall not apply to a woman who has immigrated into the State of Assam and was pregnant at the time of the immigration.

Provided further that where a woman dies during the period for which maternity benefit is payable to her, the benefit shall be payable only for the days upto and including the day of her death. However, where the woman having been delivered of a child, dies during her delivery or during the period of six weeks immediately following the date of her delivery, leaving behind in either case the child, the employer shall be liable for the payment of maternity benefit for the entire period of six weeks immediately following the day of her delivery but if the child also dies during the said period, then, for the days upto and including the day of the death of the child.

(2) The amount of maternity benefit for the period preceding the date of her expected delivery shall be paid in advance by the employer to the woman on production of a certificate in Form 'B' stating that she is pregnant and is expected to be delivered of a child within six weeks of the date of production of the certificate, and the amount due for the subsequent period shall be paid by the employer to the woman within forty-eight hours of production of the certificate in Form 'B' or Form 'D' stating that she has been delivered of a child or production of a certified extract from a birth register maintained under the provisions of any law for the time being in force.

4. (1) Any woman employed in an establishment and entitled to maternity benefit under the provisions of the Act may give notice in writing in Form 'E' to her employer, stating that her maternity benefit and any other amount to which she may be entitled under this Act may be paid to her or to such persons as she may nominate in the notice and that she will not work in any establishment during the period for which she receives maternity benefit.

(2) In the case of a woman who is pregnant, such notice shall state the date from which she will be absent from work, not being a date earlier than six weeks from the date of her expected delivery.

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(3) Any woman who has not given the notice when she was pregnant may give such notice as soon as possible after the delivery.

(4) On receipt of the notice the employer shall permit such woman to absent herself from the establishment until the expiry of six weeks after the day of her delivery.

5. (1) Every woman entitled to maternity benefit under the Act shall also be entitled to receive from her employer a medical bonus of twenty-five rupees, if no pre-natal, confinement and post-natal care is provided for by the employer free of charge. The medical bonus shall be paid along with the second instalment of the maternity benefit.

(2) In case of miscarriage, a woman shall, on production of a certificate in Form 'B' or Form 'D' be entitled to leave with wages at the rate of maternity benefit for a period of six weeks immediately following the day of her miscarriage. The wages shall be paid within 48 hours of production of the certificate in Form 'B' or Form 'D'.

(3) A woman suffering from illness arising out of pregnancy, delivery or premature birth of child or miscarriage shall, on production of a certificate in Form 'B' be entitled, in addition to the period of absence allowed to her on account of maternity or miscarriage, as the case may be, to leave with wages at the rate of maternity benefit for a maximum period of one month. The wages for the leave period shall be paid within 48 hours of the expiry of that period.

6. Every woman delivered of a child who returns to duty after such delivery shall, in addition to the interval for rest allowed to her, be allowed in the course of her daily work two breaks of 15 minutes duration for nursing the child until the child attains the age of fifteen months. An extra sufficient period, depending upon the distance to be covered, shall be allowed for the purpose of the journey to and from the creche or the place where the children are left by women while on duty, provided that such extra period shall not be less than 5 minutes and more than 15 minutes duration.

7. (1) When a woman absents herself from work in accordance with the provisions of the Act, it shall be unlawful for her employer to discharge or dismiss her during or on account of such absence or to give notice of discharge or dismissal on such a day that the notice will expire during such absence, or to vary to her disadvantage any of the conditions of her service.

(2) (a) The discharge or dismissal of a woman at any time during or pregnancy, if the woman but for such discharge or dismissal, would have been entitled to maternity benefit or medical bonus shall not have the effect of depriving her of the maternity benefit or medical bonus.

Provided that where the dismissal is for one or more of the following facts, the employer may, by order in writing communicate to the woman, deprive her of the maternity benefit or medical bonus or both :

- (i) wilful destruction of employer's goods or property ;
 - (ii) assaulting any superior or co-employee at the place of work ;
 - (iii) criminal offence involving moral turpitude resulting in conviction in a court of law ;
 - (iv) theft, fraud, or dishonesty in connection with the employer's business or property ; and
 - (v) wilful non-observance of safety measures or rules on the subject or wilful interference with safety devices or with fire-fighting equipment.
- (b) Any woman deprived of maternity benefit or medical bonus or both, may, within sixty days from the date on which the order of such deprivation is communicated to her appeal in Form 'G' to the competent authority and the decision on the competent authority on such appeal to whether the woman should or should not be deprived of maternity benefit or medical bonus or both, shall be final.

8. If a woman works in any establishment after she has been permitted by her employer to absent herself under the provisions of the Act, she shall forfeit her claim to the maternity benefit for such period.

9. (1) Any woman claiming that maternity benefit or any other amount to which she is entitled under the Act and any person claiming that payment due has been improperly withheld may make a complaint to the Inspector in writing in Form 'H' or 'I' as the case may be.

(2) The Inspector may, of his own motion or on receipt of a complaint in Form 'H' or 'I' make an enquiry or cause an enquiry to be made and if satisfied that payment has been wrongfully withheld, may direct the payment to be made in accordance with his orders.

(3) Any person aggrieved by the decision of the Inspector may, within thirty days from the date on which such decision is communicated to such person, appeal to the competent authority.

(4) The decision of the competent authority where an appeal has been preferred to him or of the Inspector where no such appeal has been preferred, shall be final.

10. (a) The employer shall supply to every woman employed by him the request free of cost copies of Forms 'B', 'C', 'D', 'E', 'F', 'G', 'H' and 'I'.

(3) Failure to submit a notice, appeal or complaint in the prescribed Form shall not affect the right of a woman entitled to receive maternity benefit or any other amount under the Act. Where a notice, appeal or complaint has been received in a form other than the prescribed form, the authority concerned shall within fifteen days of the receipt of such notice, appeal or complaint, require the woman to submit the notice, appeal or complaint, as the case may be in the prescribed form.

11. (a) (i) The employer of every establishment in which women are employed shall prepare and maintain a muster roll in Form 'A' and shall enter therein particulars of all women workers in the establishment.

(ii) All entries in the muster roll shall be made in the regional language in ink and maintained up to date and it shall always be available for inspection by the Inspector during working hours.

(b) The employer of every establishment shall on or before the 31st January of each year submit to the competent authority, a return in each of the Forms 'L', 'M', 'N' and 'O' giving information as to the particulars specified in respect of the preceding year.

Form 'L'.

(See rule 10.)

Annual return for the year ending on the 31st December, 19

1. Name of the establishment :

2. Situation of the establishment :

Taluk.

District.

State.

Nearest railway station :

3. Date of opening of the establishment :

4. Date of closing if closed :

5. Postal address of the establishment :

6. Name of employer.

Postal address of employer.

7. Name of managing agent, if any :

Postal address of managing agent :

8. Name of agent or representative of employer; Postal address of representative of employer :

9. Name of Manager.

Postal address of Manager :

10. (a) Name of medical officer, attached to the establishment :

(b) Qualification of medical officer attached to the establishment :

(c) Is he resident at the establishment :

(d) If a part time employee, how often does he pay visits to the establishment :

11. (a) Is there any hospital at the establishment :

(b) If so, how many beds are provided for women employees ?

(c) Is there a lady doctor ?

(d) If so, what are her qualifications ?

(e) Is there a qualified mid-wife ?

(f) Has any creche been provided ?

Signature of employer.

Dated.

Form 'M'

(See rule 10)

Employment, dismissal, payment of bonus and the like of women for the year ending on the 31st December, 19 .

1. Name of the establishment.
2. Aggregate number of women permanently or temporarily employed during the year :
3. Number of women who worked for a period of not less than one hundred and sixty days in the twelve months immediately preceding the date of delivery :
4. Number of women who gave notice under section 6 of the Act :
5. Number of women who were granted permission to absent on receipt of notice of confinement :
6. Number of claims for maternity benefit paid :
7. Number of claims for maternity benefit rejected :
8. Number of cases where prenatal confinement and postnatal care was provided by the management free of charge (section 8) :
9. Number of claims for medical bonus paid (Section 8) :
10. Number of claims for medical bonus rejected :
11. Number of cases in which leave for miscarriage was granted :
12. Number of cases in which leave for miscarriage was applied for but was rejected :
13. Number of cases in which additional leave for illness under section 10 of the Act was granted :

14. Number of cases in which additional leave for illness under section 10 of the Act was applied for but was rejected;

15. Number of women who died:

(a) before delivery;

(b) after delivery;

16. Number of cases in which payment was made to persons other than the women concerned;

17. Number of women discharged or dismissed while working;

18. Number of women deprived of maternity benefit and/or medical bonus under proviso to sub-section (2) of section 12 of the Act.

19. Number of cases in which payment was made on the order of the competent authority or Inspector;

20. Remarks:

N.B.—Full particulars of each case and reason for the action taken under serial 7, 10, 12, 14, 17 and 18 should be given in the Appendix below:

Signature of employer

Dated:

Form 'N'

(See rule 16)

Details of payment made during the year ending 31st December, 19

Name of person to whom paid: Amount paid:

1. Date of payment:
2. Woman employee:
3. Nominee of the woman:
4. Legal representative of the woman:
5. Amount for the period preceding the date of expected delivery:
6. Amount for the subsequent period:

7. Under section 8 of the Act:

8. Under section 9 of the Act:

9. Under Section 10 of the Act:

10. Number of women workers who absconded after receiving the first instalment of maternity benefit;

11. Cases where claims were contested in a court of law:

12. Results of such cases:

13. Remarks:

Signature of employer:

Date:

Form 'O'

(See rule 16)

Prosecution during the year ending with the 31st December, 19

Place of employment of the woman employee	Number of cases instituted	Number of cases which resulted in conviction	Remarks
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)

(For establishment)

N.B.—Reasons for prosecution should be given in full in the Appendix below:—

ATTESTED

Signature of employer

Dated:

T. N. CAPOOR,

Deputy Director, Deputy Secretary to Government.

A.P. STATE ARCHIVES

TORNALA HYDERABAD.

R-S-P-II-4