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```
1 "use strict";
 2
  /**ERROR CODES:
 3
4
 5
   * 0: No error: the request was successful
   * 1: No city could be extracted from the req.params object - usually means the user
   has made a mistake and the input is undefined or null
   * 2: The city provided in params failed the regex test - contains something other
   than alphabet characters
   * 3: There was a problem making the open weather api request - done inside
   callWeatherAPI function. Usually means city name is not found from the API.
9
10
11 const express = require('express');
12 const axios = require("axios");
13 const app = express();
14 const cors = require("cors");
15 const port = 3000;
16 const OPEN_KEY = "3e2d927d4f28b456c6bc662f34350957";
17
18
19 app.use(cors());
20
21 // Fix our cors issues, by adding middleware to allow requests from localhost
22 // app.use(function(req, res, next) {
          //res.header("Access-Control-Allow-Origin", "no-cors");
23 //
          res.header("Access-Control-Allow-Headers", "Origin, X-Requested-With,
24 //
   Content-Type, Accept");
25 //
          next();
26 //
        });
27
28 //Function returns a JSON object of the weather metrics we require
29 const callWeatherAPI = async (cityName) => {
30
           const urlForWeather = `https://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/forecast?
31
   q=${cityName}&appid=${OPEN_KEY}&units=metric`; //url taken from API on Open Weather
   website
           const response = await axios.get(urlForWeather); //returns a promise, going
32
   to use async await rather than a .then
33
           //OpenWeatherMap will return 200 if it succeeded in getting a valid response
34
   i.e. works properly
35
           if (response.status === 200){
                                                   //data = the data object
36
               const data = response.data;
   OpenWeatherMap returns
37
38
                   if (data.cnt === 40)
                                                   //error checking to ensure number of
   days is 40 as it should be
39
                   {
40
                   //Check each day for rain
                   //some(): tests whether at least one element in the array passes the
41
   test implemented by the provided function. It returns a Boolean value.
42
                   const doesRainIn5days = data.list.some((element) => {
                       if (element.rain !== undefined) return (element.rain["3h"] > 0);
43
                       else return false;
44
45
                   });
46
47
                   //Get the average temp over the next 5 days to check if they should
   pack for cold warm hot
```

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```
//reduce(): executes a reducer function on each element of the array
48
   using the accumulator value and the current value, resulting in single output value.
                   var packFor = ""; // Variable to store what the user should pack
49
   for- options can be["Cold", "Warm", "Hot"]
                   const averageTemp = (data.list.reduce((accum, current) => accum +
50
   current.main.temp, 0)) / data.cnt;
                   if (averageTemp < 10) packFor = "Cold";</pre>
51
52
                   else if (averageTemp >= 10 && averageTemp < 20) packFor = "Warm";
53
                   else packFor = "Hot";
54
55
                   //Get forecast for each day (weather taken 3 times a day for 5 days
   is 40 forecasts, we want one for each day. 40/5 =8 so ensure the forecast is
   divisible by 8)
                   //filter(); creates a new array with all elements that pass the test
56
   implemented by the provided function.
57
                   const weatherList = data.list.filter((element, index) => {
58
                       //return the temp at midday
                       const timestamp = (element.dt * 1000); //dt is the timestamp in
59
   seconds, it needs to be in milliseconds for a javascript object so *1000
60
                       const date = new Date(timestamp);
                                                             //made a js date object
   from the date
                       // console.log(date.toLocaleString());
61
                       // console.log(date.getHours());
62
                       if(date.getHours() === 12) return true;
63
                        else return false;
64
                   });
65
66
                   const mappedWeatherList = weatherList.map(element => {
67
                        //check if rain element exists and storing it in variable rain
68
   if it does, will put 0 as the rainfall amount if rain element does not exist
69
                       var rain = 0;
                        if (element.rain !== undefined && element.rain["3h"] !== null)
70
   rain = element.rain["3h"];
                       //return weather list with metrics we require mapped
71
72
                       return {
73
                            temp: element.main.temp,
                            weather: element.weather[0].main,
74
75
                            windSpeed: element.wind.speed,
                            rain: rain
76
77
                       };
78
                   });
79
80
                   //Oject we will return to our front end
81
                   return {
82
                       code: 0,
                                                                 //Success code
83
84
                       doesRainIn5days: doesRainIn5days,
                                                                 //tell them if they
   should bring umberella - Boolean
85
                       packFor: packFor,
                                                                 //tell them if they
   should pack for cold warm or hot - String
86
                       weatherList: mappedWeatherList
                                                                 //includes weather
   metrics for each day - Array of objects
87
                   }
88
               } else return null;
89
90
91
           } else return null;
92
       }
93
       //catch any exceptions axios catches, print to console what went wrong
       catch (e){
94
```

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 95
             console.log(e);
 96
             return null;
 97
         }
 98 }
 99
100 //Function will return false if the city name is invalid due to irregular
     charachters found. Uses regular expressions to check.
101 const cityNameIsValid = (cityName) => {
         const re = /[^a-zA-Z]/;
102
103
         return !re.test(cityName);
104 }
105
106 //Whenever it receives a request on port 30000, it reads where it gets directed to,
     finds the / (the root its given), creates a request
107 //object which then can be accessed inside the function. When you want to send
     something back you return a response object.
108 //You are defining what will get sent back.
109 app.get('/:cityName', async (req,res, next) => {
110
         const cityName = req.params.cityName;
111
112
         console.log(cityName);
         //Make sure city name is input correctly, else return error code so can decide
113
     what to do with front-end UI based on error code returned
         if (cityName === undefined || cityName === null) return
114
     res.status(400).json({code: 1, error: "City name is not defined"});
         else if (!cityNameIsValid(cityName)) return res.status(400).json({code: 2,
115
     message: "City name is not valid"});
116
117
118
         //callWeatherAPI function returns a promise as it uses async await.
         //If the method returns null then there was an error inside the callWeatherAPI
119
     function.
120
         const weatherResponse = await callWeatherAPI(cityName);
121
         if (weatherResponse === null) return res.status(500).json({code: 3, message:
     "Server encountered an error while making request"});
122
         return res.status(200).json(weatherResponse);
123
124|});
125
126
127
128 app.listen(port, () => console.log(`example app listening on port ${port}!`));
129
```