1 Syntax

```
create{IPLAYER} player creates an instance of IPLAYER and assigns it to player
```

```
player := create{IPLAYER} same as create{IPLAYER} player
```

iplayer.play_mp3(create{MP3_FILE}.make) initializes and passes an MP3-File to the feature

check not player.is_playing end Work just like pre-/postconditions, just that they're right in the body (assertion)

```
NATURAL from 0 up

modulo \\
integer division 5 // 2 = 2

v ?= e downcast, needs runtime checking

h@k dictionary access (stands for h.at(k))

attached a_node synonym to a_node /= Void

str ~ str same as str.is_equal(str), just void-safe
```

2 Semantics

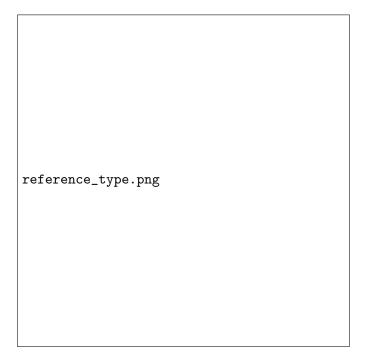
Qualified call explicitly lists the target object, e.g. x.f(args)

Feature export • Information hiding only applies to qualified calls.

- Features exported to *NONE* (a class inheriting from all classes) can not be accessed by clients. It may only be accessed within the defining class itself or its descendants.
- Creation procedures exported to *NONE* may only be used as creation procedures by clients.

3 Reference types vs. expanded types

Reference types contain the address (reference, or location of the object) ⇒ they don't exist when we declare them (they are initally void)



Expanded types points directly to the object

 \Rightarrow they exist by just declaring them (they are never void)

expanded_type.png

Object comparison

```
s1: STRING = "Teddy"
s2: STRING = "Teddy"
```

s1 = s2 (comparison) \rightarrow FALSE: reference comparison on different objects s1 \backsim s2 (comparison) \rightarrow TRUE: compares the content of two objects

4 Containers

- **Hash Tables** Open Hashing: Every entry has a Linked List, collided keys are therefore just stored in the same list.
 - Closed Hashing: In case of a collision, look for open spots somewhere around the index, where the collision took place (that's what Hash Tables in Eiffel use)

Tuples Tuple [A,B,C] conforms to [A,B] and [A]

5 Design by Contracts

Class invariant Must be satisfied after creation and after the execution of any feature by any client (so affects qualified calls only, unqualified calls and calls to non-exported features may break the invariant)

If inherited, may only be stronger or equally strong

Precondition If inherited, may only be weaker or equally strong

Postcondition If inherited, may only be stronger or equally strong

Loop Invariant Boolean expression to determine whether the loop achieves its purpose. Needs to be TRUE after initialization of the loop and preserved by the loop body (so has to be true after the last step as well).

Loop Variant Integer expression to determine whether the loop will terminate. Has to be non-negative after initialization of the loop and decreased by at least one, while remaining non-negative, by any execution of the loop body. May be broken during the execution of the loop body.

6 Agents

LIST • do₋all(action: PROCEDURE) apply action to every item

 do_if(action: PROCEDURE, test: FUNCTION) apply action to every item that satisfies test

• there_exists(test: FUNCTION): BOOLEAN is test true for at least one element

• for_all(test: FUNCTION) is test true for all elements