

assignment2

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my_ping module

`my_ping.calculate_checksum(data)`

Compute the ICMP checksum

Parameters: **data** – data to compute the checksum

Return checksum:

`my_ping.create_packet(identifier, seq, size)`

Create ICMP Echo Request packet

Parameters:

- **identifier** – unique id for the packet
- **seq** – sequence number for the packet
- **size** – size of the packet in bytes

Returns: returns the packet

`my_ping.main()`

Parse command-line arguments and initiate the ping process.

This function handles user input, resolves the target hostname to an IP address, and calls the `send_ping` function to perform the ICMP Echo Request. The user can specify the number of packets to send, the interval between packets, the payload size, and the timeout.

Command-line arguments:

- **host**: Target IP address or hostname to ping.
- **-c**: Number of packets to send.
- **-i**: Interval (in seconds) between packets (default is 1.0).
- **-s**: Payload size in bytes (default is 56).
- **-t**: Timeout in seconds for when the program terminates.

Returns: None

`my_ping.resolve_target(target)`

Given a domain as the hostname, get the ip

Parameters: **target** – target destination of the packets

Returns: ip of the target

`my_ping.send_ping(dest_ip, count, interval, size, timeout, hostname)`

Send ICMP Echo Request packets and display response details.

Parameters:

- **dest_ip** – Destination IP address to send the ping.
- **count** – Number of packets to send (None for unlimited).
- **interval** – Time interval between successive packets in seconds.
- **size** – Size of the ICMP payload in bytes.
- **timeout** – Time in seconds to wait for a response before considering a packet lost.
- **hostname** – Hostname of the target (if resolved from a domain).

Returns: None

my_traceroute module

`my_traceroute.calculate_checksum(data)`

Compute the ICMP checksum

Parameters: `data` – data to compute the checksum

Return checksum:

`my_traceroute.create_packet(identifier, seq, size)`

Create ICMP Echo Request packet

Parameters:

- **identifier** – unique id for the packet
- **seq** – sequence number for the packet
- **size** – size of the packet in bytes

Returns: returns the packet

`my_traceroute.main()`

Parse command-line arguments and initiate the traceroute process.

This function handles user input, resolves the target hostname to an IP address, and calls the *traceroute* function to perform the ICMP Echo Request. The user can specify the number of probes per TTL, whether to print hop addresses numerically, and whether to display a summary of unanswered probes.

Command-line arguments:

- `-n`: Print hop addresses numerically (no hostname resolution).
- `-q`: Number of probes per TTL (default is 3).
- `-S`: Print a summary of how many probes were not answered per hop.
- `host`: Target IP address or hostname to trace the route.

Returns: None

`my_traceroute.resolve_domain(ip)`

Given an IP address, gets the host name

Parameters: `ip` – IP address

Returns: hostname/domain of the IP address

`my_traceroute.resolve_target(target)`

Given a domain as the hostname, get the ip

Parameters: `target` – target destination of the packets

Returns: ip of the target

`my_traceroute.send_probe(dest, ttl, probe_count, print_numerically, timeout=4)`

Send ICMP Echo Requests (probes) to a destination with a given TTL

Parameters:

- **dest** – target destination IP
- **ttl** – Time-To-Live value for packets
- **probe_count** – number of probes per TTL
- **print_numerically** – whether to print only numerical addresses
- **timeout** – timeout for each probe response (default: 4s)

Returns: list of probe results (address, TTL, round-trip time) or None on timeout

`my_traceroute.traceroute(dest, max_hops, probe_count, print_numerically, print_summary)`

Perform a traceroute to a destination

- Parameters:**
- **dest** – target IP address
 - **max_hops** – maximum number of hops to trace
 - **probe_count** – number of probes per hop
 - **print_numerically** – whether to print only IPs
 - **print_summary** – whether to display packet loss per hop