

STOCKHOLM

HYBRID CONFERENCE

Improve your tests with Makina

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#CodeBEAM



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PBT models

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Proprety-Based Testing (PBT) is a great testing methodology.

Successful tools widely used:

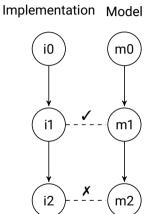
- Quviq QuickCheck
- PropEr

These tools are great for testing pure functions.

They have mechanisms to test stateful programs.

PBT state-machines or models.

A PBT model works like an oracle.



Problems with PBT models



Despite their proven effectiveness:

Very slow adoption

Why?

- 1. Models are hard to reuse.
- 2. Bugs in models are hard to detect.
- 3. Errors are hard to understand.

All these problems made models hard to write and maintain.

Our solution: Makina



Makina is a DSL for writing PBT models.

- 1. Models are hard to reuse.
 - Modular reusable models.
- 2. Bugs in models are hard to detect.
 - Automatic type and specs generation.
- 3. Errors are hard to understand.
 - Automatic runtime-checks generation.

Makina: The Language

Makina is implemented using Elixir macros.

```
defmodule Name do
 use Makina, [_option_]
 state [_attribute_]
 invariants [_invariants_]
 command declaration do
   _command_body_
 end
end
_option_
  extends: module()
  extends: [module()]
  implemented_by: module()
```

```
_attribute_
• name: expr
```

```
name: expr type
declaration

    name(arg1, ..., argN)

  name(arg1 type1, ..., argN typeN) return_type
_command_body_
  pre boolean()
  args generator()
  call return_type
  next [updates()]
  post boolean()
```

Ethereum Blockchain

Why Ethereum?

It is a complex system.



API

, vi i		
accounts!/0	accounts/0	block_number!/0
call_transaction!/4	call_transaction!/5	call_transaction/4
client_version!/0	client_version/0	compile_solidity!/1
deploy!/3	deploy!/4	deploy/3
estimate_gas!/4	estimate_gas!/5	estimate_gas/4
estimate_gas_cost!/4	estimate_gas_cost!/5	estimate_gas_cost/4
gas_cost!/1	gas_cost/1	gas_price!/0

The properties to test:

- 1. Mining blocks.
- 2. Account access.
- 3. Transactions between accounts.

How Makina handles this complexity?

Mining blocks



The API:

Command	Returns
mine/0	:ok
block_number/0	integer()

- 1. create module.
- 2. import Makina.
- 3. define state.
- 4. define invariants.
- 5. define commands.

```
defmodule Blocks do
  use Makina
  state height: 0
  invariants non_neg_height: height > 0
  command block_number() do
    pre true
    args []
    call Etherex.block number
   next []
   post height == result
  end
```

Mining blocks



The API:

Command	Returns
mine/0	:ok
block_number/0	integer()

- 1. create module.
- 2. import Makina.
- 3. define state.
- 4. define invariants.
- 5. define commands.

```
defmodule Blocks do
  use Makina, implemented_by: Etherex
  state height: 0
  invariants non_neg_height: height > 0
  command block_number() do
    post height == result
  end
  command mine() do
   next height: height + 1
  end
end
```



```
$ mix test
Failed! After 1 tests.
Postcondition crashed:
** invariant "non_neg_height" check failed
block_number/0
Last state: %{height: 0}
This is a runtime check added by Makina!
```

```
defmodule Blocks do
  use Makina, implemented_by: Etherex
  state height: 0
  invariants non_neg_height: height > 0
  command block_number() do
    post height == result
  end
  command mine() do
   next height: height + 1
  end
end
```



```
$ mix test
Failed! After 1 tests.
Postcondition crashed:
** invariant "non_neg_height" check failed
block_number/0
Last state: %{height: 0}
This is a runtime check added by Makina!
```

```
defmodule Blocks do
  use Makina, implemented_by: Etherex
  state height: 0
  invariants non_neg_height: height >= 0
  command block_number() do
    post height == result
  end
  command mine() do
   next height: height + 1
  end
end
```



```
$ mix test
OK, passed 100 tests
                                                                   end
51.5 \text{ mine/} \theta
48.5 block_number/0
                                                                   end
                                                                 end
```

```
defmodule Blocks do
  use Makina, implemented_by: Etherex
  state height: 0
  invariants non_neg_height: height >= 0
  command block_number() do
   post height == result
  command mine() do
   next height: height + 1
```

Adding type information



```
$ mix gradient
                                                     defmodule Blocks do
                                                       use Makina, implemented_by: Etherex
Ś
                                                       state height: 0 :: integer()
Something changes in Etherex...
                                                        invariants non_neg_height: height >= 0
                                                       command block_number() :: integer() do
$ mix gradient
                                                          post height == result
                                                  10
                                                       end
The function call Etherex.block number()
                                                  11
on line 8 is expected to have type integer()
                                                  12
                                                       command mine() :: :ok do
but it has type
                                                  13
                                                         next height: height + 1
{:ok, quantity()} | {:error, error()}
                                                  14
                                                       end
                                                  15
                                                     end
$
```

Adding documentation

```
iex> h Blocks
Contains a Makina model called Blocks
Checks blocks are mined correctly.
## Commands
- mine
- block number
## State attributes
- height
## Invariants
- non_neg_height
```

```
defmodule Blocks do
  use Makina, implemented by: Etherex
  @moduledoc """
  Checks blocks are mined correctly.
  state height: 0 :: integer()
  invariants non_neg_height: height >= 0
  command block_number() :: integer() do
    @moduledoc "Gets the block number."
    post {:ok, height} == result
  end
  command mine() :: :ok do
    @moduledoc "Mines a new block."
    next height: height + 1
  end
end
```

Adding documentation

```
iex> h Blocks.Command.Mine
This module contains the functions necessary to
generate and execute the command mine.
Mines a new block.
## Definitions
- next
- call
- weight
- post
- args
- pre
```

```
defmodule Blocks do
  use Makina, implemented by: Etherex
  @moduledoc """
  Checks blocks are mined correctly.
  state height: 0 :: integer()
  invariants non_neg_height: height >= 0
  command block_number() :: integer() do
    @moduledoc "Gets the block number."
    post height == result
  end
  command mine() :: :ok do
    @moduledoc "Mines a new block."
   next height: height + 1
  end
end
```

Adding documentation

```
iex> h Blocks.Command.Mine.post
This definition contains a predicate that should
be true after the execution of mine
## Available variables
### State
- state
- height
### Arguments
- arguments
### Result
- result
                                                      end
```

```
defmodule Blocks do
  use Makina, implemented by: Etherex
  @moduledoc """
  Checks blocks are mined correctly.
  state height: 0 :: integer()
  invariants non_neg_height: height >= 0
  command block_number() :: integer() do
    @moduledoc "Gets the block number."
    post height == result
  end
  command mine() :: :ok do
    @moduledoc "Mines a new block."
   next height: height + 1
  end
```

Account access



The API:

Command Returns balance/1 integer()

- 1. create module.
- 2. import Makina.
- 3. define state.
- 4. define commands.

```
defmodule Accounts do
    use Makina, implemented_by: Etherex

@type balances() :: %{address() => integer()}

state accounts: Etherex.accounts() :: [address()],
    balances: Etherex.balances() :: balances()

command balance(account :: address()) :: integer() do
    pre accounts != []
    post balances[account] == result
end
end
```



```
$ mix test

** (Makina.Error) argument
'account' missing in command
get_balance
```

This is a runtime-check added by Makina!

```
defmodule Accounts do
    use Makina, implemented_by: Etherex

@type balances() :: %{address() => integer()}

state accounts: Etherex.accounts() :: [address()],
    balances: Etherex.balances() :: balances()

command balance(account :: address()) :: integer() do
    pre accounts != []
    post balances[account] == result
end
end
```



```
$ mix test

** (Makina.Error) argument
'account' missing in command
get_balance
```

This is a runtime-check added by Makina!

```
defmodule Accounts do
  use Makina. implemented_by: Etherex
  @type balances() :: %{address() => integer()}
  state accounts: Etherex.accounts() :: [address()],
        balances: Etherex.balances() :: balances()
  command balance(account :: address()) :: integer() do
    args account: oneof(accounts)
    pre accounts != []
    post balances[account] == result
  end
end
```



```
$ mix test
.....
OK, passed 100 tests
'100.0 get_balance/1
```

```
defmodule Accounts do
   use Makina, implemented_by: Etherex
   @type balances() :: %{address() => integer()}

state accounts: Etherex.accounts() :: [address()],
        balances: Etherex.balances() :: balances()

command balance(account :: address()) :: integer() do
   args account: oneof(accounts)
   pre accounts != []
   post balances[account] == result
end
```

Generating transactions



The API to generate and check transactions:

Command	Returns	Implemented
mine/0	:ok	\checkmark
block_number/0	integer()	\checkmark
get_balance/1	integer()	\checkmark
transfer/3	hash()	

We can compose Blocks and Accounts!

```
defmodule Transactions do
  use Makina,
    extends: [Blocks, Accounts],
    implemented_by: Etherex
end
```

Generates a model Transactions.Composed.

```
iex(1)> h Transactions.Composed
```

```
# Transactions.Composed
```

Commands

- mine storedget_balance
- block_number

State attributes

- heiaht
- balances
- accounts

Invariants

- non_neg_height

Generating transactions



```
Transactions extends: Transactions.Composed.
```

```
Command Returns transfer/3 hash()
```

```
defmodule Transactions do
  use Makina,
    implemented_by: Etherex,
    extends: [Accounts, Blocks]

command transfer(from, to, value) :: hash() do
    pre accounts != []
    args from: oneof(accounts),
        to: oneof(accounts),
        value: pos_integer()
    next balances: update(balances, from, to, value)
end
end
```



```
defmodule Transactions do
    use Makina,
    implemented_by: Etherex,
    extends: [Accounts, Blocks]

command transfer(from, to, value) :: hash() do
    pre accounts != []
    args from: oneof(accounts),
        to: oneof(accounts),
        value: pos_integer()
    next balances: update(balances, from, to, value)
end
end
```



```
defmodule Transactions do
 use Makina.
    implemented_by: Etherex,
    extends: [Accounts, Blocks]
 command transfer(from, to, value) :: hash() do
   pre accounts != []
    args from: oneof(accounts),
         to: oneof(accounts),
         value: pos_integer()
    next height: height + 1,
         balances: update(balances, from, to, value)
 end
end
```



```
$ mix test
transfer("0x90f8bf6a479f320",
         "0xffcf8fdee72ac11".
get_balance("0x90f8bf6a479f320")
Postcondition failed.
get_balance("0x90f8bf6a479f320")
-> {:ok. 979000}
Last state: %{
    balances: %{
        "0x90f8bf6a479f320" => 1000000
        .. }
```

```
defmodule Transactions do
 use Makina.
    implemented_by: Etherex,
    extends: [Accounts, Blocks]
 command transfer(from, to, value) :: hash() do
    pre accounts != []
    args from: oneof(accounts),
         to: oneof(accounts).
         value: pos_integer()
    next height: height + 1,
         balances: update(balances, from, to, value)
 end
end
```



To fix this error we need to extract the gas cost after producing a transaction.

Model execution is performed in two phases:

- 1. Generation of the command sequence.
- 2. Real execution of the test.

PBT libraries solve this documenting:

- symbolic state: state of the model during phase 1.
- dynamic state: state of the model during phase 2.

```
defmodule Transactions do
 use Makina.
    implemented_by: Etherex.
    extends: [Accounts. Blocks]
  command transfer(from, to, value) :: hash() do
    pre accounts != []
    args from: oneof(accounts),
         to: oneof(accounts),
         value: pos_integer()
    next height: height + 1.
         balances: update(balances, from, to, value)
  end
end
```

Makina makes the difference between symbolic and dynamic explicit.

Provides two mechanisms to add information about symbolic state:

- symbolic(t) type.
- symbolic(expr) macro.

Rules on symbolic state:

- An attribute with a symbolic type cannot be inspected in next.
 - If we need to update a symbolic attribute we should use symbolic macro.

To fix our model we need

- 1. Add symbolic attributes to the state.
- 2. Store and update symbolic attributes.

defmodule Transactions do
use Makina,
implemented_by: Etherex,
extends: [Accounts, Blocks]

balances: update(balances, from, to, value)

|> symbolic()

state transactions: [] :: [symbolic(hash())]
 balances: super() :: symbolic(balances)

command transfer(from, to, value) :: hash() do

pre accounts != []
args from: oneof(accounts),
 to: oneof(accounts),
 value: pos_integer()
next height: height + 1,
 transactions: [result | transactions],

end

end

command get_balance() do
 pre transactions == []
end

#CodeBEAM



We import *Transactions* model using :extends.

We add a command that gets the cost of a transaction.



'11.8 get_balance/1

Results



Problem on PBT models	Makina solution
Hard to reuse.	Modular and composable models.
Bugs are hard to detect.	Type and specs generation.
Generate cryptic errors.	Automatic runtime-checks.

Before Makina	After Makina
4 files 4513 lines	18 files 1692 lines

Links



Makina library:

https://gitlab.com/babel-upm/makina/makina/

Etherex library:

https://gitlab.com/babel-upm/blockchain/etherex

Slides and code examples:

https://github.com/lbueso/code_beam_2022