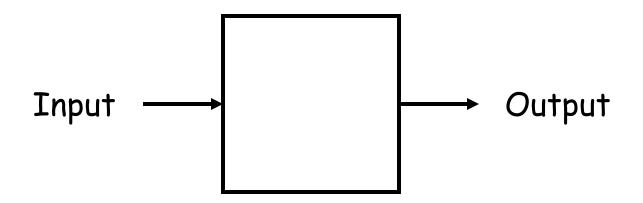
EECS 20
Lecture 4 (January 24, 2001)
Tom Henzinger

- 1 Systems are functions
- 2 Signals are functions

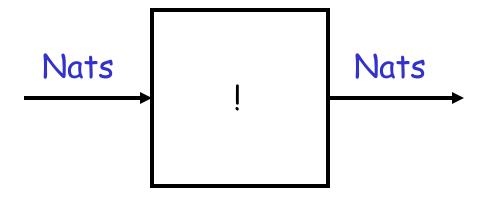
#### Systems as Functions

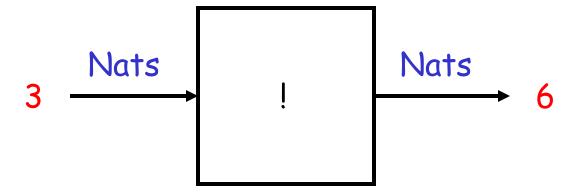


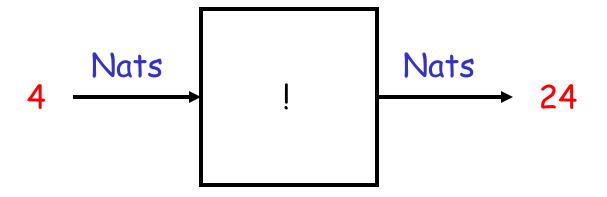
Domain: set of possible inputs

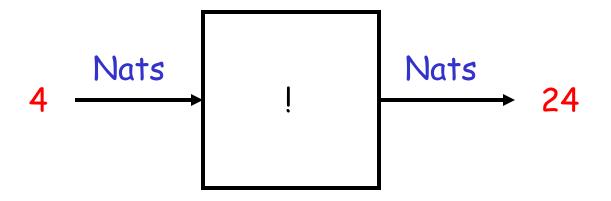
Range: set of possible outputs

Graph: set of pairs (input, output)





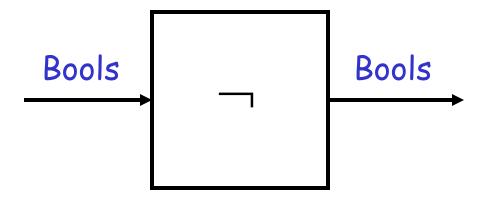


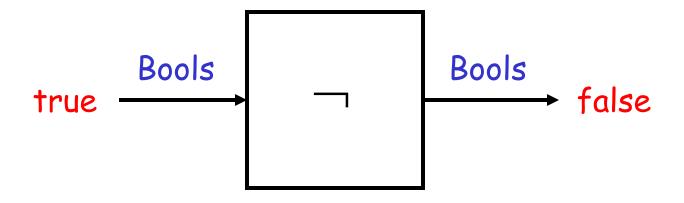


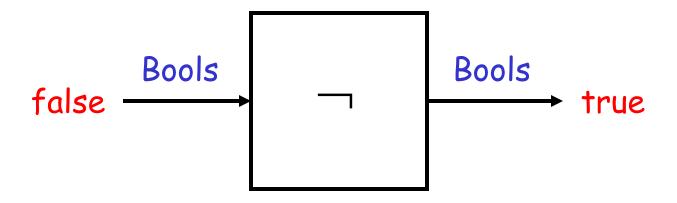
Domain: Nats

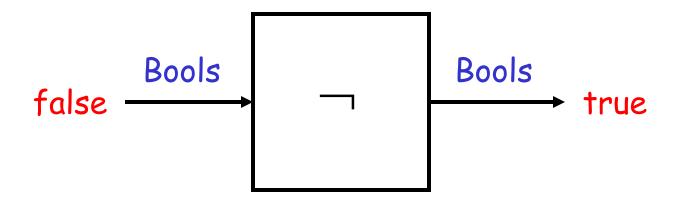
Range: Nats

Graph: {(1,1),(2,2),(3,6),(4,24),...}







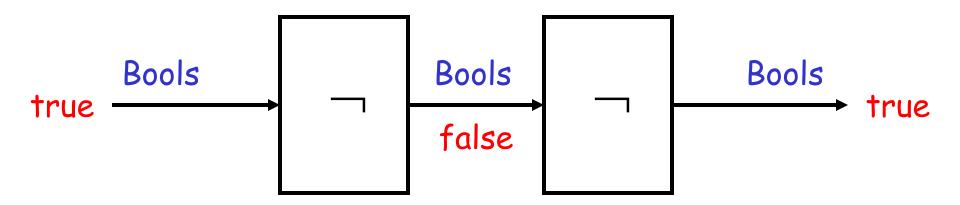


Domain: Bools

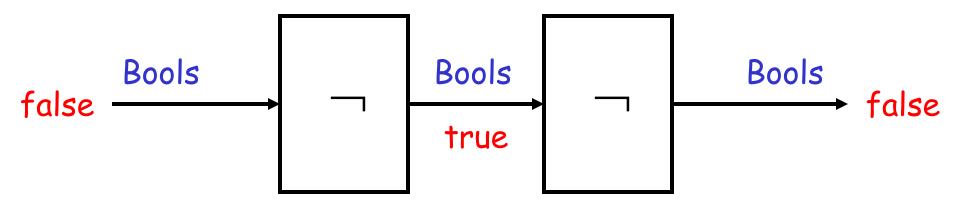
Range: Bools

Graph: { (true, false), (false, true)}

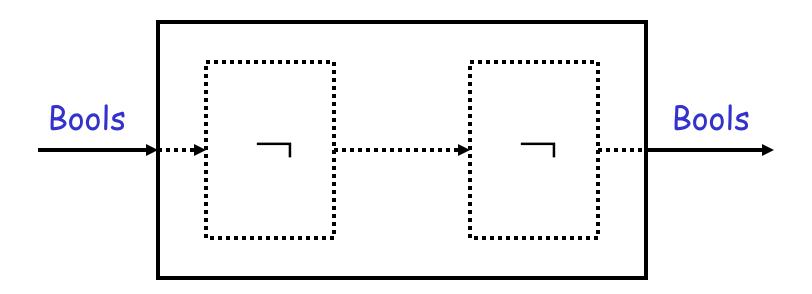
### Composition of Systems



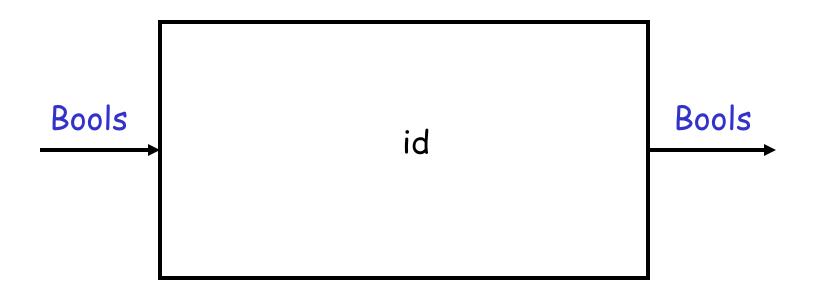
### Composition of Systems



# This is again a system!



#### The Identity System



Domain: Bools

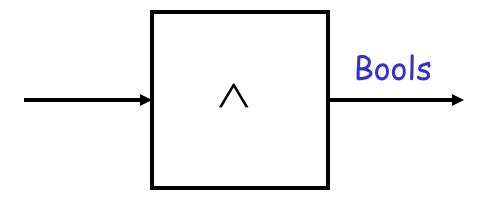
Range: Bools

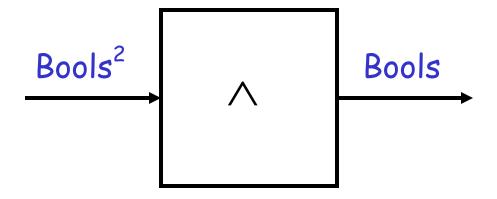
Graph:  $\{(x,y) \in Bools^2 \mid x=y\}$ 

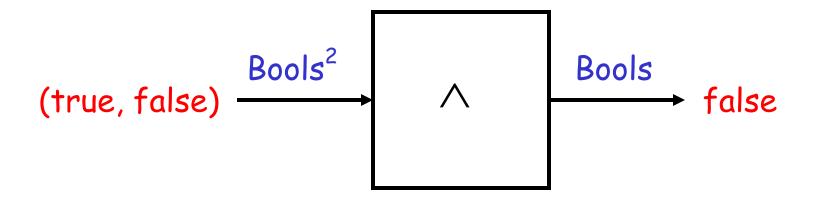
### System Composition is Function Composition

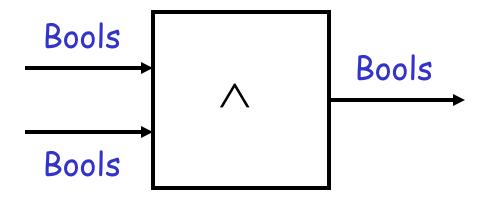
$$\neg 2 \neg = id$$

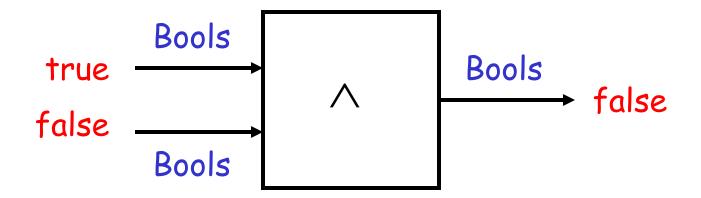
because domain 
$$(\neg \ \Box \ \neg) = domain (id)$$
  
range  $(\neg \ \Box \ \neg) = range (id)$   
 $\forall x \in Bools, (\neg \neg x) = id (x)$ 



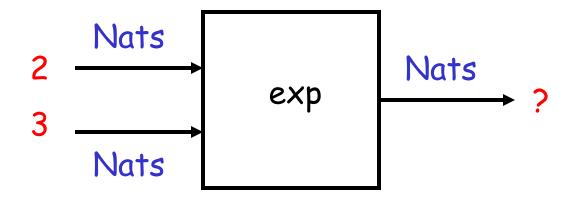






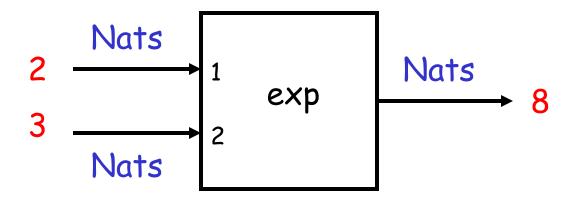


#### Exponentiation System



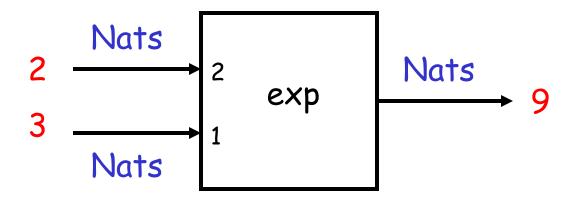
graph (exp) = 
$$\{((x,y), z) \in \text{Nats}^2 \times \text{Nats} \mid z = x^y\}$$

#### Exponentiation System

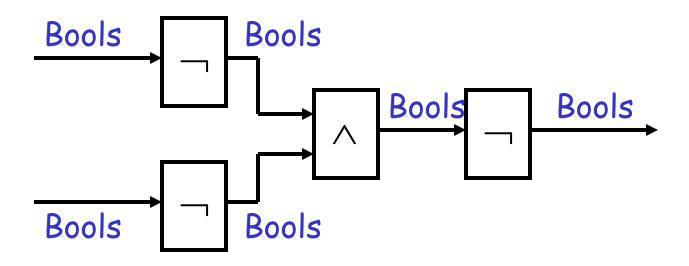


graph (exp) = 
$$\{((x,y), z) \in \text{Nats}^2 \times \text{Nats} \mid z = x^y\}$$

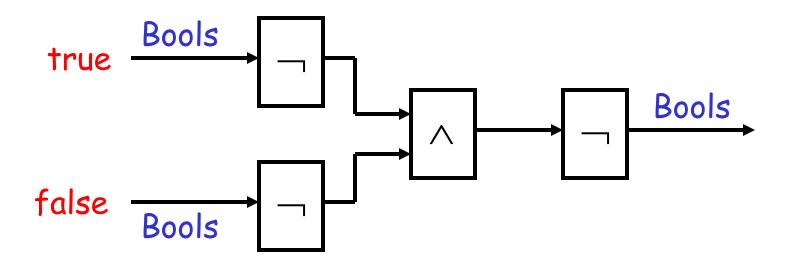
#### Exponentiation System

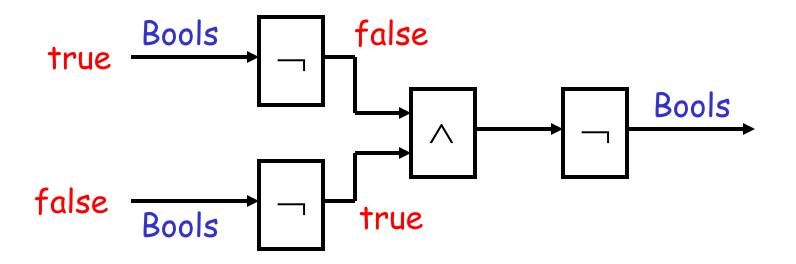


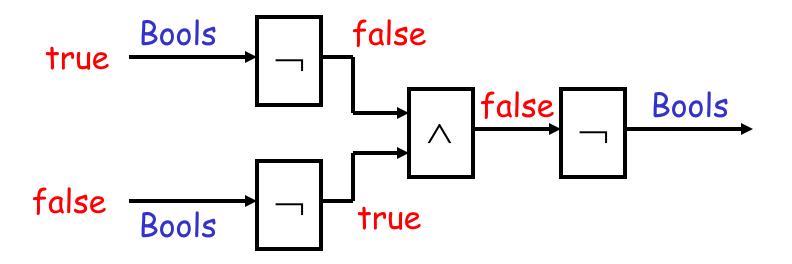
graph (exp) = 
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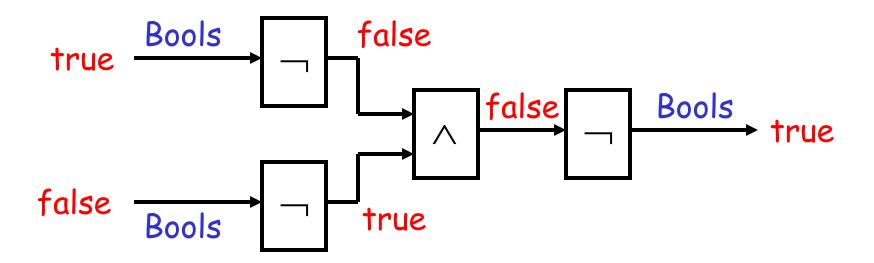


This cannot be written easily using 2 .

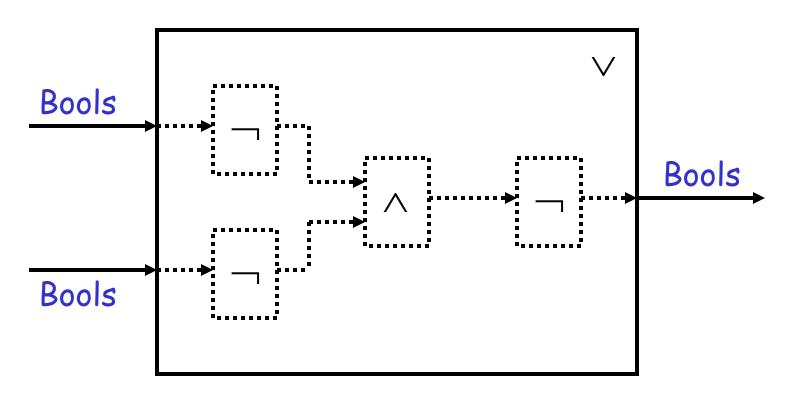






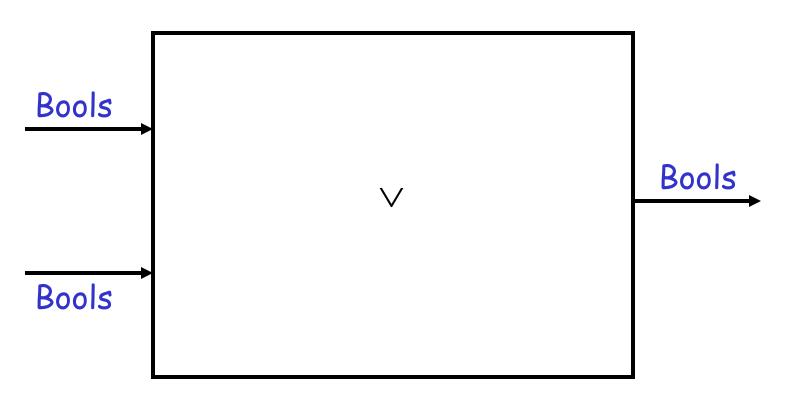


#### Or System

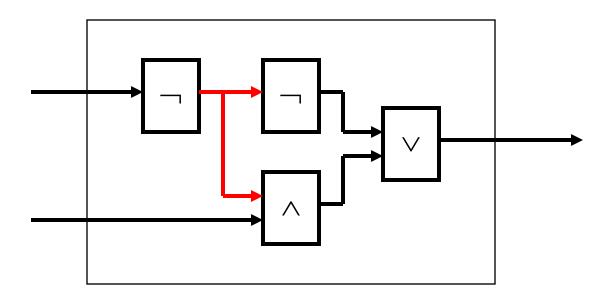


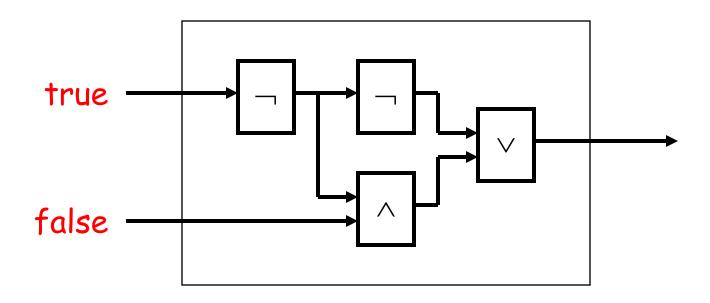
```
domain (\vee) = Bools<sup>2</sup>
range (\vee) = Bools
graph (\vee) = { ((x,y), z) \in Bools<sup>2</sup> \times Bools | z = x \vee y }
```

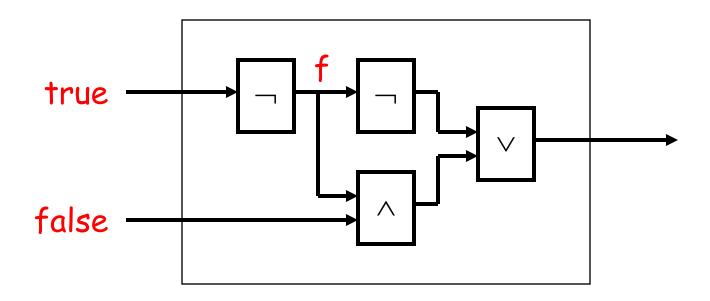
#### Or System

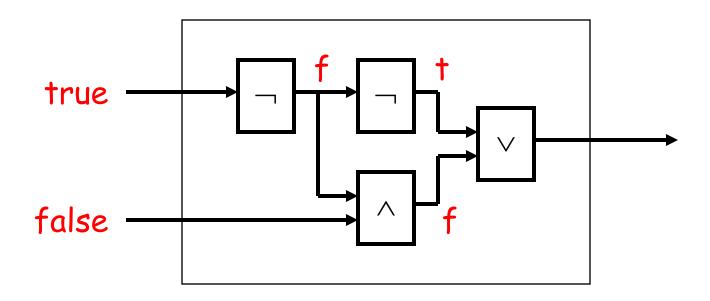


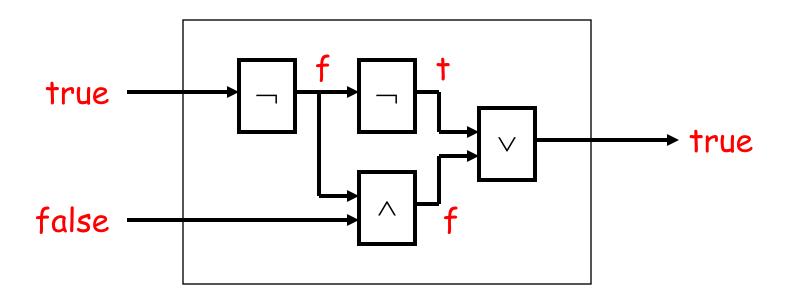
```
domain (\vee) = Bools<sup>2</sup>
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graph (\vee) = { ((x,y), z) \in Bools<sup>2</sup> \times Bools | z = x \vee y }
```



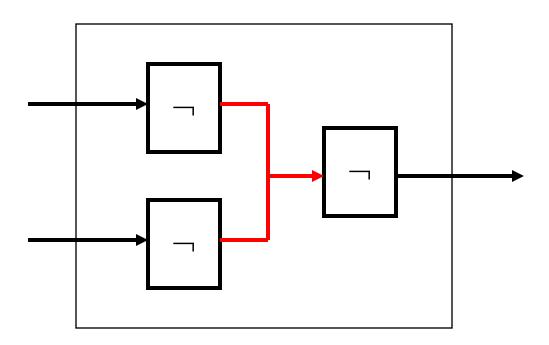




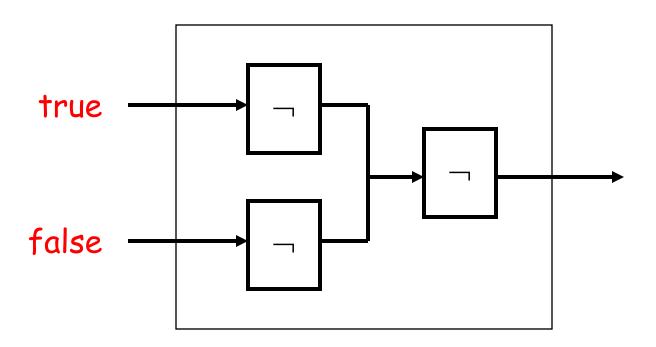




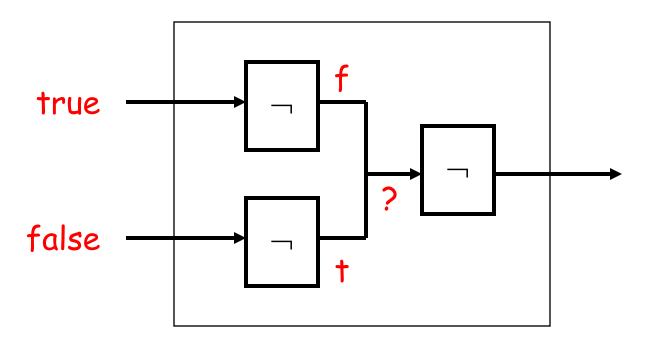
# Joins are illegal



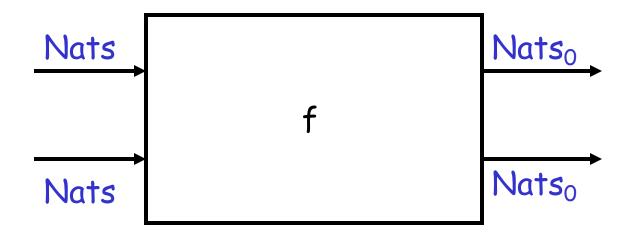
# Joins are illegal



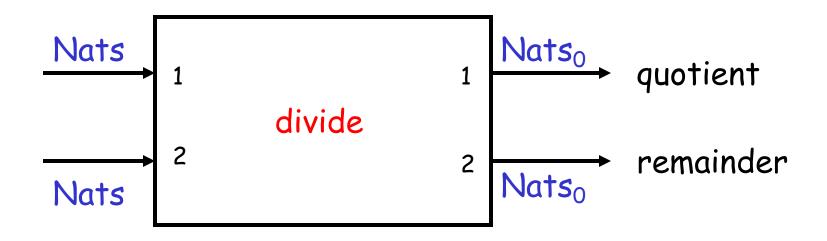
# Joins are illegal



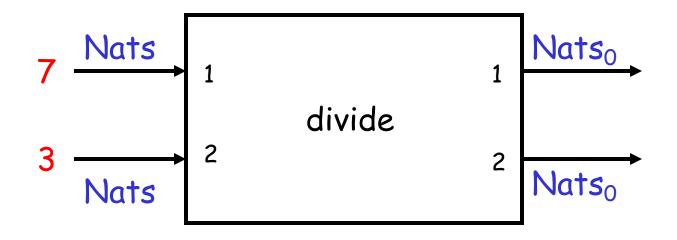
### Multiple Outputs



f: Nats<sup>2</sup>  $\rightarrow$  Nats<sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup> such that  $\forall x,y \in \text{Nats}$ ,  $f(x,y) = \{ (q,r) \in \text{Nats}$ <sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup>  $\mid x = q \cdot y + r \wedge r \cdot y \}$ 

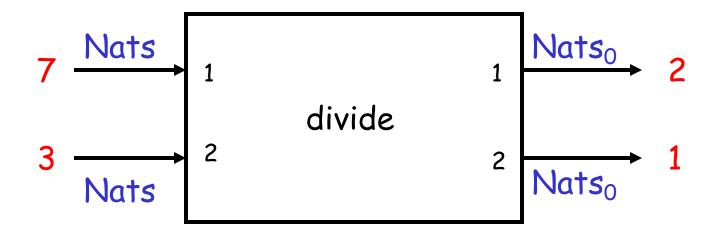


divide: Nats<sup>2</sup>  $\rightarrow$  Nats<sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup> such that  $\forall x,y \in \text{Nats}$ , divide  $(x,y) = \{ (q,r) \in \text{Nats}$ <sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup>  $\mid x = q \cdot y + r \wedge r \cdot y \}$ 

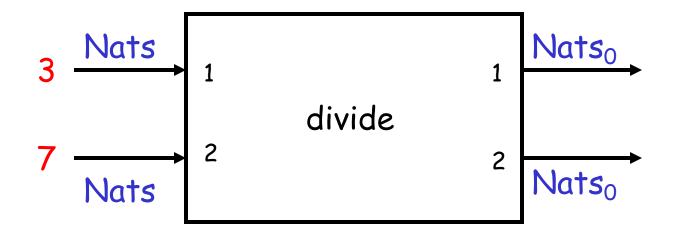


divide: Nats<sup>2</sup>  $\rightarrow$  Nats<sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup> such that

 $\forall x,y \in Nats$ , divide  $(x,y) = \{ (q,r) \in Nats_0^2 \mid x = q \cdot y + r \wedge r \cdot y \}$ 

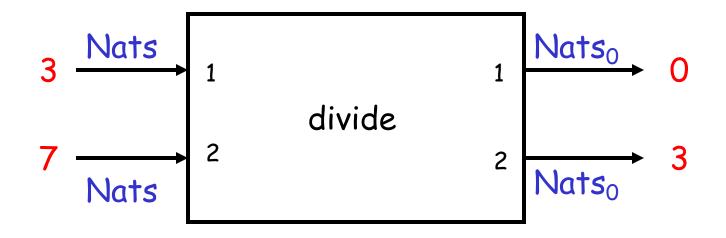


divide: Nats<sup>2</sup>  $\rightarrow$  Nats<sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup> such that  $\forall x,y \in \text{Nats}$ , divide  $(x,y) = \{ (q,r) \in \text{Nats}$ <sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup>  $\mid x = q \cdot y + r \wedge r \cdot y \}$ 

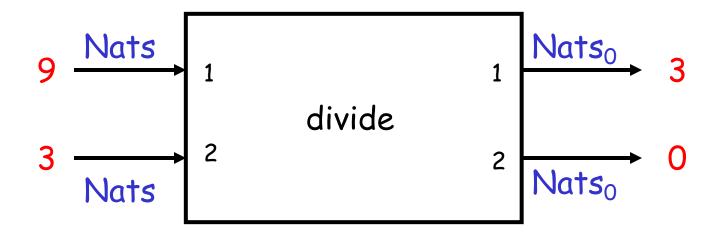


divide: Nats<sup>2</sup>  $\rightarrow$  Nats<sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup> such that

 $\forall x,y \in Nats$ , divide  $(x,y) = \{ (q,r) \in Nats_0^2 \mid x = q \cdot y + r \wedge r \cdot y \}$ 

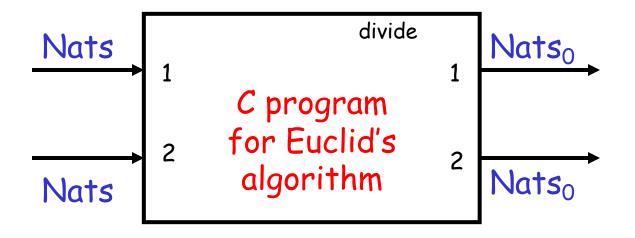


divide: Nats<sup>2</sup>  $\rightarrow$  Nats<sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup> such that  $\forall x,y \in \text{Nats}$ , divide  $(x,y) = \{ (q,r) \in \text{Nats}$ <sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup>  $\mid x = q \cdot y + r \wedge r \cdot y \}$ 



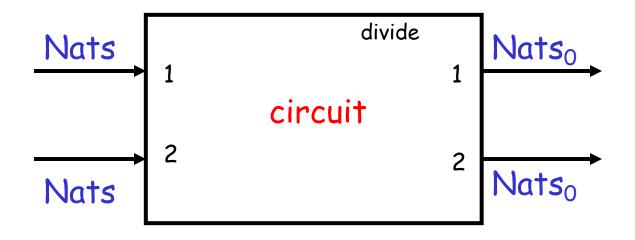
 $\forall x,y \in Nats$ , divide  $(x,y) = \{ (q,r) \in Nats_0^2 \mid x = q \cdot y + r \wedge r \cdot y \}$ 

### Many possible implementations



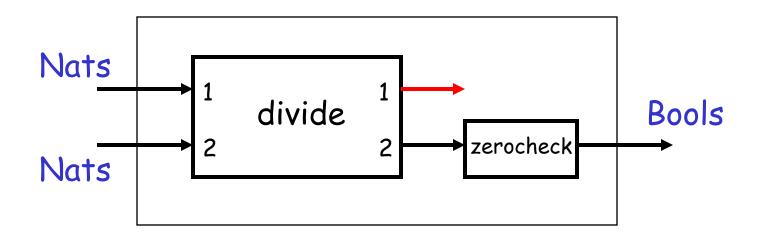
divide: Nats<sup>2</sup>  $\rightarrow$  Nats<sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup> such that  $\forall x,y \in \text{Nats}$ , divide  $(x,y) = \{ (q,r) \in \text{Nats}_0^2 \mid x = q \cdot y + r \wedge r \cdot y \}$ 

### Many possible implementations



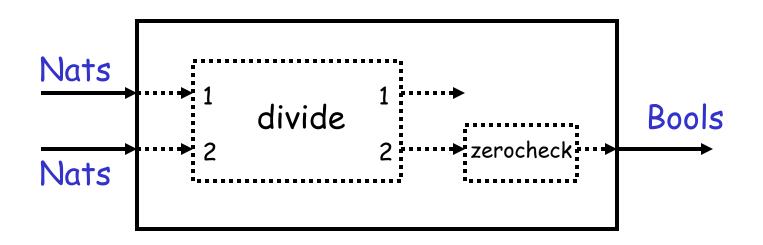
divide: Nats<sup>2</sup>  $\rightarrow$  Nats<sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup> such that  $\forall x,y \in \text{Nats}$ , divide  $(x,y) = \{ (q,r) \in \text{Nats}$ <sub>0</sub><sup>2</sup>  $\mid x = q \cdot y + r \wedge r \cdot y \}$ 

# Block diagrams can hide outputs



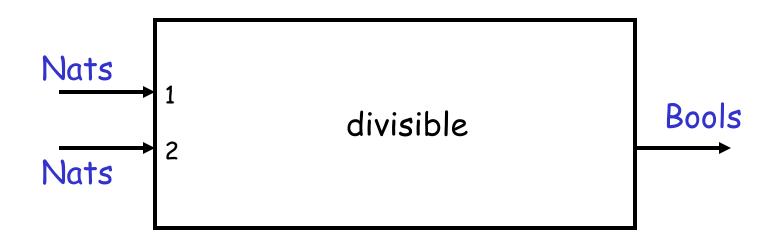
zerocheck: Nats<sub>0</sub>  $\rightarrow$  Bools such that  $\forall x \in \text{Nats}$ , zerocheck (x)  $\Leftrightarrow x = 0$ .

### Block Diagrams can hide outputs



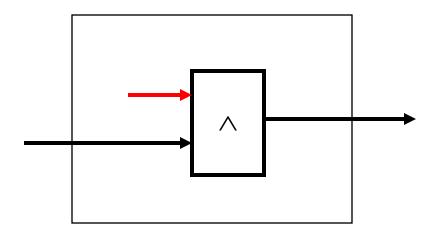
zerocheck: Nats<sub>0</sub>  $\rightarrow$  Bools such that  $\forall x \in \text{Nats}$ , zerocheck (x)  $\Leftrightarrow x = 0$ .

# Block Diagrams can hide outputs

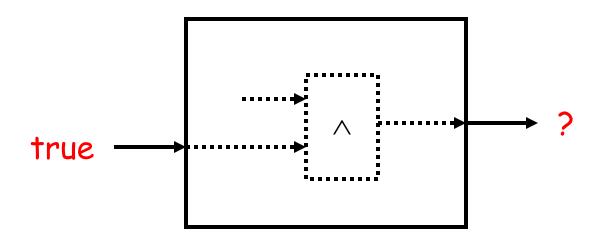


divisible: Nats<sup>2</sup>  $\rightarrow$  Bools such that  $\forall x,y \in N$  ats, divisible  $(x,y) \Leftrightarrow (\exists q \in N$  ats,  $x = q \cdot y)$ .

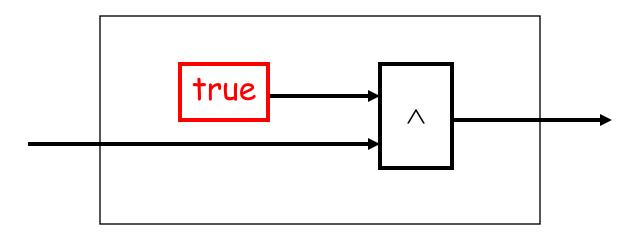
# Hidden inputs are illegal, for now



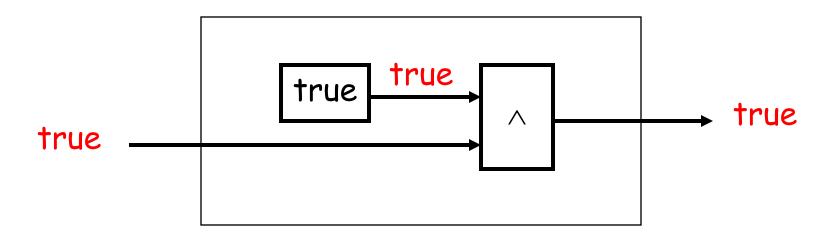
# Hidden inputs are illegal, for now



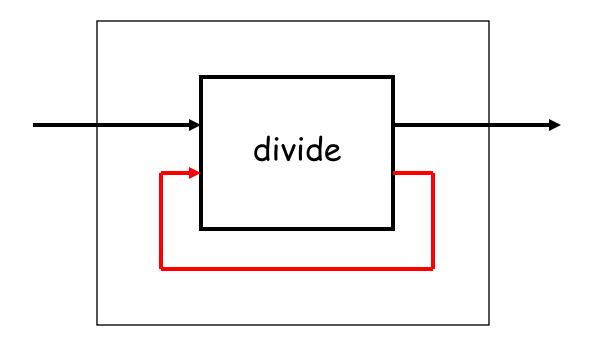
# Constant functions have no inputs



#### Constant function



# Cycles are illegal, for now



### Block Diagrams

- -are nested, directed, acyclic graphs
- -allow compositional, hierarchical system description

#### Quiz

- 1.  $\forall$  set x,  $x \subseteq P(x)$
- 2.  $\exists$  function f,  $\{x \in \text{domain}(f) \mid x = f(x)\}$
- 3.  $\forall n \in \text{Nats}, n = 2 \implies (n, n+1) \in \{1, 2, 3\}^2$
- 4.  $\exists f \in [Nats \rightarrow Nats], f(x) = x^2$