

Wave equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial x^2}$$

$$\psi(x, t) = X(x) T(t)$$

$$\frac{1}{T(t)} \frac{d^2 T(t)}{dt^2} = c^2 \frac{1}{X(x)} \frac{d^2 X(x)}{dx^2} = -\omega^2$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} \frac{d^2 X}{dx^2} + k^2 X(x) &= 0 \\ \frac{d^2 T}{dt^2} + \omega^2 T &= 0 \end{aligned}}$$

$$k^2 = \frac{\omega^2}{c^2}$$

ODE

$$\frac{d^2 T}{dt^2} + \omega^2 T = 0$$

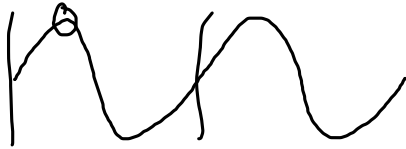
$$X(x) = A_1 e^{ikx} + A_2 e^{-ikx}$$

$$T(t) = B_1 e^{i\omega t} + B_2 e^{-i\omega t}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \psi(x, t) &= \left(A_1 e^{ikx} + A_2 e^{-ikx} \right) \left(B_1 e^{i\omega t} + B_2 e^{-i\omega t} \right) \\ &= A_1 B_1 e^{i(\omega t + kx)} + A_2 B_2 e^{-i(\omega t + kx)} \\ &\quad + A_1 B_2 e^{-i(\omega t - kx)} + A_2 B_1 e^{i(\omega t - kx)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\psi(x, t) = a \sin(\omega t - kx)$$

ω → Angular frequency
 $\nu = \frac{\omega}{2\pi}$
 a → Amplitude
 k → Wavenumber
 $\omega t - kx$ → Forward Phase



$$a \sin(\omega t + kx) \rightarrow \text{Backward}$$

Time period $T \rightarrow$

$$\underline{\nu = \frac{1}{T}}$$

Superposition of waves

$$\psi_1(x, t) = \psi_0 \sin(kx - \omega t)$$

$$\psi_2(x, t) = \psi_0 \sin(kx - \omega t + \phi)$$

$$\psi_1 + \psi_2 = \psi = \psi_0 \sin(kx - \omega t) + \psi_0 \sin(kx - \omega t + \phi)$$

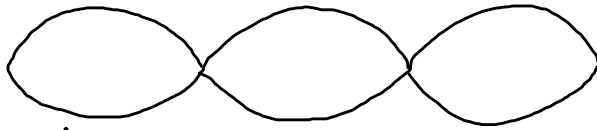
$$\psi = 2\psi_0 \cos\left(\frac{\phi}{2}\right) \sin\left(kx - \omega t + \frac{\phi}{2}\right)$$

$\phi = 0$ Max

$\phi = \pi$ Min
Interference

$$\Psi = \Psi_0 \sin(kx - \omega t) + \Psi_0 \sin(kx + \omega t)$$

$$= 2\Psi_0 \cos \omega t \sin kx$$



Standing wave

$$kx = 0, \pi, 2\pi, \dots$$

$$kx = n\pi$$

$$n = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$$

Nodes

$$\frac{2n+1}{2} \pi$$

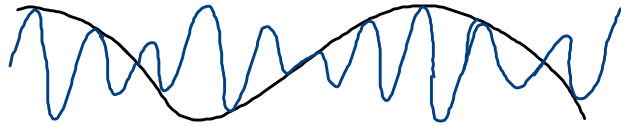
Different frequencies

$$\psi(x, t) = \psi_0 \sin(k_1 x - \omega_1 t) + \psi_0 \sin(k_2 x - \omega_2 t)$$

$$= 2\psi_0 \cos\left[\frac{k_1 - k_2}{2}x - \frac{\omega_1 - \omega_2}{2}t\right] \sin\left[\frac{k_1 + k_2}{2}x - \frac{\omega_1 + \omega_2}{2}t\right]$$

Beat frequency

sine wave



sound frequency

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots \right)$$

$$= 0 + 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots$$

$$\text{Set } x=1 \rightarrow 2.718 \dots$$

$$\frac{d^2 x}{dx^2} = -k^2 x$$

$$x(x) = A e^{ikx}$$

$$x = e^{ikx}$$

$$A e^{ikx} + B e^{-ikx}$$

$$i = \sqrt{-1}$$

General solution

$$e^{i\theta} = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta}}{2i}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta}}{2}$$