

### Introduction to General Game Playing

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### **Outline**

Introduction

**Playing Games** 

Implementing a GGP

### Al Challenges

#### Al systems are able to

- make autonomous decisions
- adapt flexibly to unforeseen situations

Do they, really?

#### Most existing AI systems are

- designed for a specific and narrow application
- use tailor-made algorithms

The intelligence lies with the programmers-not their systems

## Computer Game Playing



Kasparov vs. Deep Blue (1997)



Kejie vs. AlphaGo (2017)

### General Game Player

#### A General Game Player is a system that

- understands description of arbitrary games
- learns to play these games without human intervention

Translation: They don't know the rules until the game starts.

Unlike specialised game players (e.g. Deep Blue, AlphaGo), they do not use algorithms designed in advance for specific games.

### General Game Playing

Rather than being concerned with a specialized solution to a narrow problem, General Game Playing encompasses a variety of Al areas:

- Game Playing
- Knowledge Representation
- Planning and Search
- Learning

General Game Playing is considered as a grand Al Challenge

### Variety of Games



General Game Playing Contest @AAAI since 2005

## General Game Playing Initiative

#### games.stanford.edu

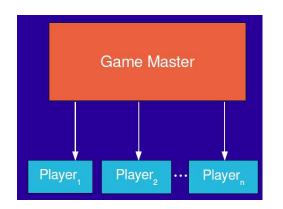
- Game description language
- Variety of games/actual matches
- Basic player available for download
- Annual world cup @AAAI (since 2005)Price money: US\$ 10,000

### **GGP Winners**

- 2005: Cluneplayer, by Jim Clune (UCLA)
- 2006: Fluxplayer, [5] by Stephan Schiffel and Michael Thielscher (Dresden University of Technology)
- 2007: Cadiaplayer, [6] by Yngvi Björnsson and Hilmar Finnsson (Reykjavik University)
- 2008: Cadiaplayer, by Yngvi Björnsson, Hilmar Finnsson and Gylfi Þór Guðmundsson (Reykjavík University)
- 2009: Ary, by Jean Méhat (Paris 8 University)
- 2010: Ary, by Jean Méhat (Paris 8 University)
- 2011: TurboTurtle, by Sam Schreiber
- 2012: Cadiaplayer, by Hilmar Finnsson and Yngvi Björnsson (Reykjavik University)
- 2013: TurboTurtle, by Sam Schreiber
- 2014: Sancho, [7] by Steve Draper and Andrew Rose
- 2015: Galvanise, by Richard Emslie
- 2016: WoodStock, by Eric Piette (Artois University)

-Wikipedia

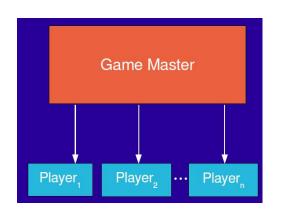
#### How it works



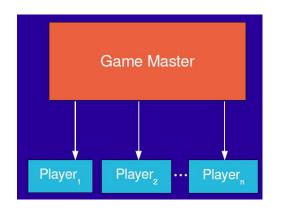
Game description Time to think:  $30s \sim 120s$  Time per move:  $15s \sim 60s$ 

Your role

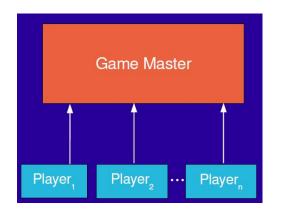
### How it works



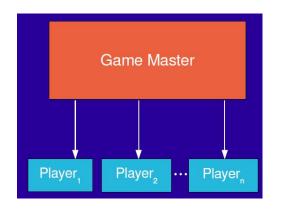
Start



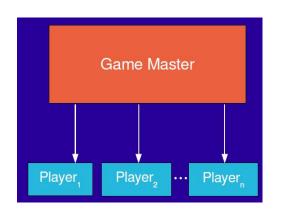
Your move, please



Individual moves



Individual Information about statesmoves



End of game

### Roadmap

- ► The Game Description Language GDL: Knowledge Representation
- How to make legal moves: Automated Reasoning
- How to solve simple games: Planning & Search
- How to play well: Learning

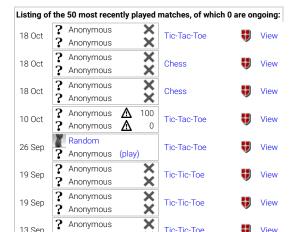
### △ GGP.org Tiltyard Hosting

**Games you've never seen before.** Play over 100 different games against humans or intelligent computers.

Would you like to start a Two-Player Free-For-All

v match? Yes!

You can include human players, computer players, and random players.



10/25/2019

	GGP.org - Tiltyard Gaming Server								
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	? Anonymous 🛕	0		•					
14 Aug	Random	0	Sudoku Grade 3	•	View				
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13 Aug	Random	10	Two-Player Free-F	ij	view				
13 Aug	? Anonymous	×	Tic-Tac-Toe	<b>*</b>	View				
13 Aug	? Anonymous	×	Tic-Tac-Toe	V					
11 Aug	? Anonymous 🛕	50	Tic-Tic-Toe	•	View				
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# Playing Games

## http://euklid.inf.tu-dresden.de: 8180/ggpserver/index.jsp

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#### Games



http://euklid.inf.tu-dresden.de:8180/appoerver/public/show.games.isp?page+6

#### View Matches

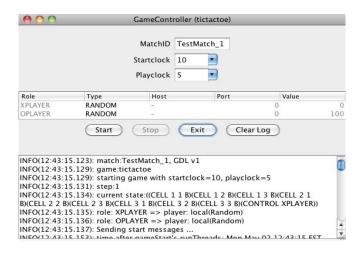


# http://www.general-game-playing.de/downloads. htmlDownloadManager



Download Manager and Basic Players

### Game Controller App



# Implementing a General Game Player

### Implementing a Player

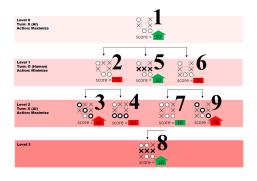
- Free implementation
- Reasoning is not compulsory
- Main technique:
  - Search-Space and Heuristics
  - Compute the value of the next state
- eg. (1) Minimax
- eg. (2) Monte-Carlo Tree Search

- > 🌐 org.ggp.base.player.gamer.statemachine.random
- e ggp.base.player.gamer.statemachine.sample
  - SampleGamer.java
    - SampleLegalGamer.java
  - SampleMonteCarloGamer.java
  - SampleNoopGamer.java
  - SampleSearchLightGamer.java
- > # orq.qqp.base.player.proxy

### **Minimax**

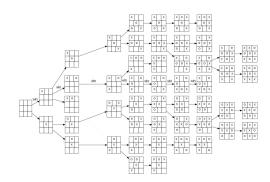
#### Extensive search

- depth first
- min value for the opponents (worst case)
- max value for myself (best case)
- depth of search may be limited (heuristics)



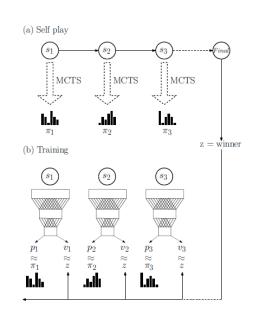
### Monte Carlo Tree Search

- Run random simulation
- Sampling the game tree
- Estimation of actions



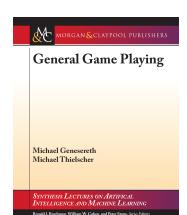
### Deep Reinforcement Learning

- MCTS to generate the training set through self-play
- Neural Network
- State, Move Distribution and Winner



### **Further Reading**

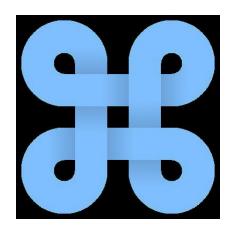
- www.generalgameplaying. de/literature.html
- www.ggp.org/
- ggp.stanford.edu/
- www.general-game-playing. de



# Other Platforms



# Ludii https://ludii.games/index.php







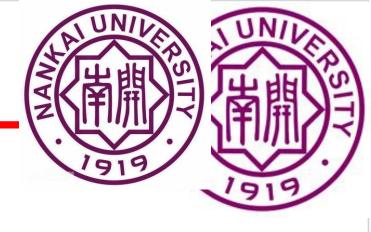


## **Botzone** https://www.botzone.org.cn/



# **AI LAB, Peking University**

Game Name	Create Time	Author	Description	Player Number	
Mahjong ( <b>X</b> 旧麻将)	2014-6-7 12:58:14	Administrator	▲ 请选用更新的Mahjong-New游	4 - 4	Game Discussion
Reversi (黑白棋)	2014-6-7 12:58:14	zhouhy	黑白棋是一款历史悠久的游戏。	2 - 2	☐ Game Discussion
VideoPlayer	2014-8-7 12:58:14	zhouhy	名副其实的视频播放器。不支持b	1-1	☐ Game Discussion  ↓¹ Bot Rank List
Minesweeper (扫雷)	2014-10-1 12:58:14	zhouhy	【最后更新2014.12.3】单人扫	1-1	Game Discussion
Gomoku ( <del>无禁手五</del> 子棋)	2014-10-7 21:45:37	leedy	【完全可用四】 五子棋是一种有	2 - 2	Game Discussion
					- c - c - c - c - c - c - c - c - c - c



# Computational Social Choice

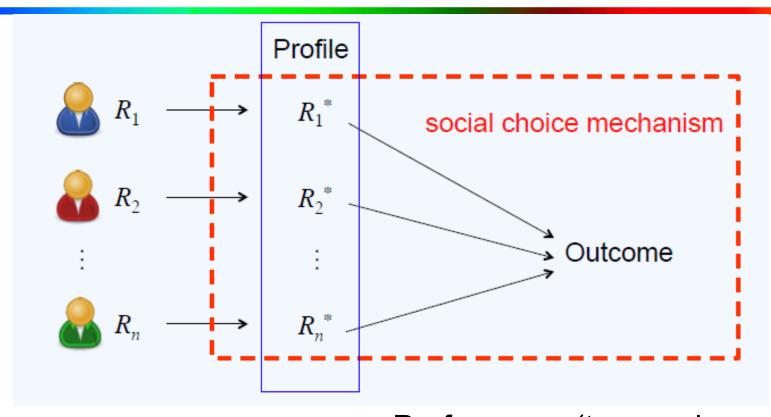
# What is Social Choice Theory



 Social choice theory is about methods for collective decision making, such as political decision making by groups of economic agents.

# Social Choice





- Agents
- Alternatives
- Outcomes

- Preferences (true and reported)
- Social choice mechanism





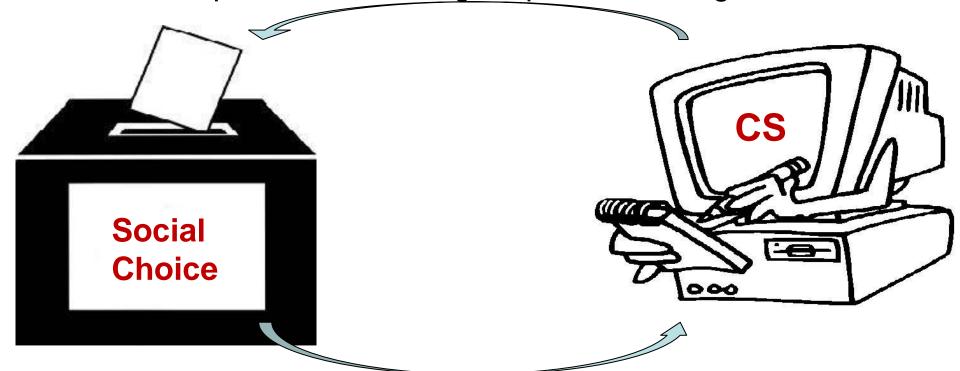
 "Computational social choice is an interdisciplinary field of study at the interface of social choice theory and computer science, promoting an exchange of ideas in both directions."

---http://www.illc.uva.nl/COMSOC/

# Computational Social Choice



Computational thinking + optimization algorithms



Strategic thinking + methods/principles of aggregation

 Interdisciplinary field of study at the interface of social choice theory and computer science, promoting an exchange of ideas in both directions.



How to design a good social choice mechanism?

WHAT IS BEING "GOOD"?

# Two goals for social choice mechanisms

**GOAL1:** democracy





**GOAL2:** truth





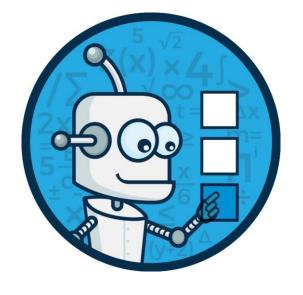


# Challenges

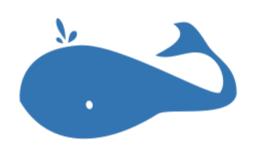


- Goodness:
  - democracy: fairness, efficiency, etc
  - truth: accuracy
- Computation: how can we compute the outcome as fast as possible
- Incentives: what if an agent does not report her true preferences?

# Computational Social Choice and the West







robovote.org

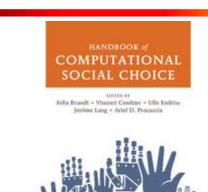
spliddit.org

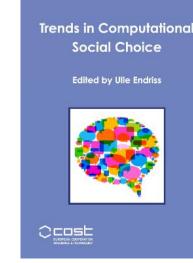
whale.imag.fr

Building tools to allow users to interact directly with social choice algorithms on the web is not only useful for those users but also an opportunity to collect data and get ideas for new research questions.

# Finding out about New Developments

- The Handbook of COMSOC (2016) represents the state of the art around 2012, when it was conceived.
- Trends in COMSOC (2017) covers several important developments that have taken place since then.



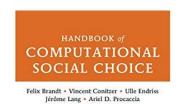


- A lot of work in COMSOC gets published at major AI conferences: AAMAS is the most important multiagent systems conference IJCAI, AAAI, ECAI are the main general-purpose AI conferences
- At the interface with Algorithmic Game Theory (and Theoretical Computer Science more generally), the most important conference is EC.
- In Computer Science most new ideas (first) show up at conferences, but also look at the corresponding journals (JAIR, AIJ, TEAC, JAAMAS).

# Welcome to Join Us









- If you're interested in doing a project/thesis/...on General Game Playing and Computational Social Choice
- Join us and Contact me at

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