

Exercise Session 3 MDMC Spring 2023

Lorenzo Agosta, Virginia Carnevali, Simon Dürr, Sophia Johnson, Nikolaos Lempesis, Andrea Levy

March 28, 2023



Exercise Check-In

How did you feel during the process of completing, turning in, interviewing, and receiving the comments for Ex 1?

Remember: Exercises contribute to 1/2 of final grade! We count the best 5 out of the 6 reports for your exercise grade.



Notebooks Reminder

- Always access the notebooks via the rocket button on the top right of the code files and choose JupyterHub to launch noto.epfl.ch
- Make sure to access noto this way each time you begin the exercise to ensure you have the latest version!



Launch on JupyterHub JupyterHub



Exercise Structure

- Learning goals
 - Understand importance sampling
 - Learn importance of detailed balance
 - Apply the Metropolis Monte Carlo algorithm to calculate properties of a model gas
- Chapter in script
 - Chapter 3 Monte Carlo Simulations
- Resources
 - Understanding Molecular Simulation, Frenkel & Smit, 2nd Edition - Chapter 3 & Chapter 5 (extra)
 - Computer Simulation of Liquids, Allen & Tildesley, 2nd Edition -Chapter 4



Exercise 3 - Intro & Tips

Today we'll be writing and executing Monte Carlo code.

Tips!

- The theoretical part is about basic Monte Carlo simulations.
 Be sure to know what we mean by:
 - random sampling vs importance sampling
 - configurational space
 - transition or Markov matrix
 - detailed balance
 - Metropolis algorithm
- In the practical part we will run MC code for two systems:
 - A photon gas in which the energy states are quantized meaning we can calculate the ensemble average of state occupancy analytically
 - A gas in which we test different ensembles (NVT vs NPT) and use the Lennard-Jones potential to describe pairwise interactions



Exercise 3 - Intro & Tips

- Photon Gas
 - You'll need to write a loop of code to define the estimatedOccupancy function (read the hints and ask questions)
 - NB: randint(0,1) function will generate either 0 or 1. However, in our loop we need either 1 or -1
 - \bullet Recall that beta is the inverse of the product of the Boltzmann constant and simulation temperature. Varying beta is a way of varying simulation ${\cal T}$



Exercise 3 - Intro & Tips

- LJ Potential
 - Lots of helper functions to import and functions to define
 - While there is quite a bit of code to execute, the goal is to see how we incorporate the system ensemble and its interactions when generating sample configurations for MC moves



Exercises 3 & 4 - Additional Notes

Due to the Easter Break, report 3 won't be due until at 9am on Tuesday April 25th when we hold the session for Exercise 4

26.3. Tue	exercise	Ex 3 - LJ gas Monte Carlo
02.4. Tue		Easter Break
09.4. Tue	course	Chapter 4 (MD Simulations 1)
16.4. Tue	exercise	Ex 4 - Molecular Dynamics