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# **LVGL Documentation 8.3**

**LVGL community**

**Mar 01, 2022**

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PDF version: LVGL.pdf

## INTRODUCTION

LVGL (Light and Versatile Graphics Library) is a free and open-source graphics library providing everything you need to create an embedded GUI with easy-to-use graphical elements, beautiful visual effects and a low memory footprint.

### 1.1 Key features

- Powerful building blocks such as buttons, charts, lists, sliders, images, etc.
- Advanced graphics with animations, anti-aliasing, opacity, smooth scrolling
- Various input devices such as touchpad, mouse, keyboard, encoder, etc.
- Multi-language support with UTF-8 encoding
- Multi-display support, i.e. use multiple TFT, monochrome displays simultaneously
- Fully customizable graphic elements with CSS-like styles
- Hardware independent: use with any microcontroller or display
- Scalable: able to operate with little memory (64 kB Flash, 16 kB RAM)
- OS, external memory and GPU are supported but not required
- Single frame buffer operation even with advanced graphic effects
- Written in C for maximal compatibility (C++ compatible)
- Simulator to start embedded GUI design on a PC without embedded hardware
- Binding to MicroPython
- Tutorials, examples, themes for rapid GUI design
- Documentation is available online and as PDF
- Free and open-source under MIT license

## 1.2 Requirements

Basically, every modern controller which is able to drive a display is suitable to run LVGL. The minimal requirements are:

## 1.3 License

The LVGL project (including all repositories) is licensed under [MIT license](#). This means you can use it even in commercial projects.

It's not mandatory, but we highly appreciate it if you write a few words about your project in the [My projects](#) category of the forum or a private message to [lvgl.io](#).

Although you can get LVGL for free there is a massive amount of work behind it. It's created by a group of volunteers who made it available for you in their free time.

To make the LVGL project sustainable, please consider [contributing](#) to the project. You can choose from *many different ways of contributing* such as simply writing a tweet about you using LVGL, fixing bugs, translating the documentation, or even becoming a maintainer.

## 1.4 Repository layout

All repositories of the LVGL project are hosted on GitHub: <https://github.com/lvgl>

You will find these repositories there:

- [lvgl](#) The library itself with many [examples](#).
- [lv\\_demos](#) Demos created with LVGL.
- [lv\\_drivers](#) Display and input device drivers
- [blog](#) Source of the blog's site (<https://blog.lvgl.io>)
- [sim](#) Source of the online simulator's site (<https://sim.lvgl.io>)
- [lv\\_sim\\_...](#) Simulator projects for various IDEs and platforms
- [lv\\_port\\_...](#) LVGL ports to development boards
- [lv\\_binding\\_...](#) Bindings to other languages
- [lv\\_...](#) Ports to other platforms

## 1.5 Release policy

The core repositories follow the rules of [Semantic versioning](#):

- Major versions for incompatible API changes. E.g. v5.0.0, v6.0.0
- Minor version for new but backward-compatible functionalities. E.g. v6.1.0, v6.2.0
- Patch version for backward-compatible bug fixes. E.g. v6.1.1, v6.1.2

Tags like vX.Y.Z are created for every release.

### 1.5.1 Release cycle

- Bug fixes: Released on demand even weekly
- Minor releases: Every 3-4 months
- Major releases: Approximately yearly

### 1.5.2 Branches

The core repositories have at least the following branches:

- `master` latest version, patches are merged directly here.
- `release/vX.Y` stable versions of the minor releases
- `fix/some-description` temporary branches for bug fixes
- `feat/some-description` temporary branches for features

### 1.5.3 Changelog

The changes are recorded in *CHANGELOG.md*.

### 1.5.4 Version support

Before v8 every minor release of major releases is supported for 1 year. Starting from v8, every minor release is supported for 1 year.

## 1.6 FAQ

### 1.6.1 Where can I ask questions?

You can ask questions in the forum: <https://forum.lvgl.io/>.

We use [GitHub issues](#) for development related discussion. You should use them only if your question or issue is tightly related to the development of the library.

Before posting a question, please read this FAQ section as you might find answer to your issue here too.

### 1.6.2 Is my MCU/hardware supported?

Every MCU which is capable of driving a display via parallel port, SPI, RGB interface or anything else and fulfills the *Requirements* is supported by LVGL.

This includes:

- "Common" MCUs like STM32F, STM32H, NXP Kinetis, LPC, iMX, dsPIC33, PIC32 etc.
- Bluetooth, GSM, Wi-Fi modules like Nordic NRF and Espressif ESP32
- Linux with frame buffer device such as `/dev/fb0`. This includes Single-board computers like the Raspberry Pi
- Anything else with a strong enough MCU and a peripheral to drive a display



### 1.6.3 Is my display supported?

LVGL needs just one simple driver function to copy an array of pixels into a given area of the display. If you can do this with your display then you can use it with LVGL.

Some examples of the supported display types:

- TFTs with 16 or 24 bit color depth
- Monitors with an HDMI port
- Small monochrome displays
- Gray-scale displays
- even LED matrices
- or any other display where you can control the color/state of the pixels

See the [Porting](#) section to learn more.

### 1.6.4 LVGL doesn't start, randomly crashes or nothing is drawn on the display. What can be the problem?

- Try increasing `LV_MEM_SIZE`.
- Be sure `lv_disp_drv_t`, `lv_indev_drv_t` and `lv_fs_drv_t` are global or `static`.
- Be sure your display works without LVGL. E.g. paint it to red on start up.
- Enable [Logging](#)
- Enable asserts in `lv_conf.h` (`LV_USE_ASSERT_...`)
- If you use an RTOS
  - increase the stack size of the task which calls `lv_timer_handler()`
  - Be sure you used a mutex as [described here](#)

### 1.6.5 My display driver is not called. What have I missed?

Be sure you are calling `lv_tick_inc(x)` in an interrupt and `lv_timer_handler()` in your main `while(1)`.

Learn more in the [Tick](#) and [Task handler](#) sections.

### 1.6.6 Why is the display driver called only once? Only the upper part of the display is refreshed.

Be sure you are calling `lv_disp_flush_ready(drv)` at the end of your "*display flush callback*".

### 1.6.7 Why do I see only garbage on the screen?

Probably there a bug in your display driver. Try the following code without using LVGL. You should see a square with red-blue gradient.

```
#define BUF_W 20
#define BUF_H 10

lv_color_t buf[BUF_W * BUF_H];
lv_color_t * buf_p = buf;
uint16_t x, y;
for(y = 0; y < BUF_H; y++) {
    lv_color_t c = lv_color_mix(LV_COLOR_BLUE, LV_COLOR_RED, (y * 255) / BUF_H);
    for(x = 0; x < BUF_W; x++){
        (*buf_p) = c;
        buf_p++;
    }
}

lv_area_t a;
a.x1 = 10;
a.y1 = 40;
a.x2 = a.x1 + BUF_W - 1;
a.y2 = a.y1 + BUF_H - 1;
my_flush_cb(NULL, &a, buf);
```

### 1.6.8 Why do I see nonsense colors on the screen?

Probably LVGL's color format is not compatible with your display's color format. Check `LV_COLOR_DEPTH` in `lv_conf.h`.

If you are using 16-bit colors with SPI (or another byte-oriented interface) you probably need to set `LV_COLOR_16_SWAP 1` in `lv_conf.h`. It swaps the upper and lower bytes of the pixels.

### 1.6.9 How to speed up my UI?

- Turn on compiler optimization and enable cache if your MCU has it
- Increase the size of the display buffer
- Use two display buffers and flush the buffer with DMA (or similar peripheral) in the background
- Increase the clock speed of the SPI or parallel port if you use them to drive the display
- If your display has an SPI port consider changing to a model with a parallel interface because it has much higher throughput
- Keep the display buffer in internal RAM (not in external SRAM) because LVGL uses it a lot and it should have a fast access time

### 1.6.10 How to reduce flash/ROM usage?

You can disable all the unused features (such as animations, file system, GPU etc.) and object types in *lv\_conf.h*.

If you are using GCC you can add `-fdata-sections -ffunction-sections` compiler flags and `--gc-sections` linker flag to remove unused functions and variables from the final binary.

### 1.6.11 How to reduce the RAM usage

- Lower the size of the *Display buffer*
- Reduce `LV_MEM_SIZE` in *lv\_conf.h*. This memory is used when you create objects like buttons, labels, etc.
- To work with lower `LV_MEM_SIZE` you can create objects only when required and delete them when they are not needed anymore

### 1.6.12 How to work with an operating system?

To work with an operating system where tasks can interrupt each other (preemptively) you should protect LVGL related function calls with a mutex. See the *Operating system and interrupts* section to learn more.

## EXAMPLES

## 2.1 Get started

### 2.1.1 A button with a label and react on click event

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_BTN

static void btn_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        static uint8_t cnt = 0;
        cnt++;

        /*Get the first child of the button which is the label and change its text*/
        lv_obj_t * label = lv_obj_get_child(btn, 0);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Button: %d", cnt);
    }
}

/**
 * Create a button with a label and react on click event.
 */
void lv_example_get_started_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());    /*Add a button the current
↪screen*/
    lv_obj_set_pos(btn, 10, 10);                    /*Set its position*/
    lv_obj_set_size(btn, 120, 50);                  /*Set its size*/
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, btn_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL); /*Assign a
↪callback to the button*/

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);          /*Add a label to the button*/
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Button");              /*Set the labels text*/
    lv_obj_center(label);
}

#endif
```

```

class CounterBtn():
    def __init__(self):
        self.cnt = 0
        #
        # Create a button with a label and react on click event.
        #

        btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act()) # Add a button the_
↪current screen
        btn.set_pos(10, 10) # Set its position
        btn.set_size(120, 50) # Set its size
        btn.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER,0,0)
        btn.add_event_cb(self.btn_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None) # Assign a callback_
↪to the button
        label = lv.label(btn) # Add a label to the_
↪button
        label.set_text("Button") # Set the labels text
        label.center()

        def btn_event_cb(self,evt):
            code = evt.get_code()
            btn = evt.get_target()
            if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
                self.cnt += 1

            # Get the first child of the button which is the label and change its text
            label = btn.get_child(0)
            label.set_text("Button: " + str(self.cnt))

counterBtn = CounterBtn()

```

## 2.1.2 Create styles from scratch for buttons

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BTN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_style_t style_btn;
static lv_style_t style_btn_pressed;
static lv_style_t style_btn_red;

static lv_color_t darken(const lv_color_filter_dsc_t * dsc, lv_color_t color, lv_opa_
↪t opa)
{
    LV_UNUSED(dsc);
    return lv_color_darken(color, opa);
}

static void style_init(void)
{
    /*Create a simple button style*/
    lv_style_init(&style_btn);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_btn, 10);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_btn, LV_OPA_COVER);

```

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```

lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_btn, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 3));
lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style_btn, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));
lv_style_set_bg_grad_dir(&style_btn, LV_GRAD_DIR_VER);

lv_style_set_border_color(&style_btn, lv_color_black());
lv_style_set_border_opa(&style_btn, LV_OPA_20);
lv_style_set_border_width(&style_btn, 2);

lv_style_set_text_color(&style_btn, lv_color_black());

/*Create a style for the pressed state.
 *Use a color filter to simply modify all colors in this state*/
static lv_color_filter_dsc_t color_filter;
lv_color_filter_dsc_init(&color_filter, darken);
lv_style_init(&style_btn_pressed);
lv_style_set_color_filter_dsc(&style_btn_pressed, &color_filter);
lv_style_set_color_filter_opa(&style_btn_pressed, LV_OPA_20);

/*Create a red style. Change only some colors.*/
lv_style_init(&style_btn_red);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_btn_red, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style_btn_red, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_RED, 3));
}

/**
 * Create styles from scratch for buttons.
 */
void lv_example_get_started_2(void)
{
    /*Initialize the style*/
    style_init();

    /*Create a button and use the new styles*/
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    /* Remove the styles coming from the theme
     * Note that size and position are also stored as style properties
     * so lv_obj_remove_style_all will remove the set size and position too */
    lv_obj_remove_style_all(btn);
    lv_obj_set_pos(btn, 10, 10);
    lv_obj_set_size(btn, 120, 50);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn, &style_btn, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn, &style_btn_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);

    /*Add a label to the button*/
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Button");
    lv_obj_center(label);

    /*Create another button and use the red style too*/
    lv_obj_t * btn2 = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_remove_style_all(btn2);
    lv_obj_set_pos(btn2, 10, 80);
    lv_obj_set_size(btn2, 120, 50);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_btn, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_btn_red, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_btn_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
    /*Remove the styles coming
    ↪from the theme*/
}

```

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```

    lv_obj_set_style_radius(btn2, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0); /*Add a local style too*/

    label = lv_label_create(btn2);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Button 2");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Create styles from scratch for buttons.
#
style_btn = lv.style_t()
style_btn_red = lv.style_t()
style_btn_pressed = lv.style_t()

# Create a simple button style
style_btn.init()
style_btn.set_radius(10)
style_btn.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style_btn.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3))
style_btn.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
style_btn.set_bg_grad_dir(lv.GRAD_DIR.VER)

# Add a border
style_btn.set_border_color(lv.color_white())
style_btn.set_border_opa(lv.OPA._70)
style_btn.set_border_width(2)

# Set the text style
style_btn.set_text_color(lv.color_white())

# Create a red style. Change only some colors.
style_btn_red.init()
style_btn_red.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style_btn_red.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.RED, 2))

# Create a style for the pressed state.
style_btn_pressed.init()
style_btn_pressed.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style_btn_pressed.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.RED, 3))

# Create a button and use the new styles
btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act()) # Add a button the current screen
# Remove the styles coming from the theme
# Note that size and position are also stored as style properties
# so lv_obj_remove_style_all will remove the set size and position too
btn.remove_style_all() # Remove the styles coming from the theme
btn.set_pos(10, 10) # Set its position
btn.set_size(120, 50) # Set its size
btn.add_style(style_btn, 0)
btn.add_style(style_btn_pressed, lv.STATE.PRESSED)

label = lv.label(btn) # Add a label to the button
label.set_text("Button") # Set the labels text
label.center()

```

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```

# Create another button and use the red style too
btn2 = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
btn2.remove_style_all()           # Remove the styles coming from the theme
btn2.set_pos(10, 80)             # Set its position
btn2.set_size(120, 50)           # Set its size
btn2.add_style(style_btn, 0)
btn2.add_style(style_btn_red, 0)
btn2.add_style(style_btn_pressed, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
btn2.set_style_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0) # Add a local style

label = lv.label(btn2)           # Add a label to the button
label.set_text("Button 2")       # Set the labels text
label.center()

```

### 2.1.3 Create a slider and write its value on a label

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_SLIDER

static lv_obj_t * label;

static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_event_get_target(e);

    /*Refresh the text*/
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%LV_PRIId32, lv_slider_get_value(slider));
    lv_obj_align_to(label, slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -15); /*Align top of
↪the slider*/
}

/**
 * Create a slider and write its value on a label.
 */
void lv_example_get_started_3(void)
{
    /*Create a slider in the center of the display*/
    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_width(slider, 200); /*Set the width*/
    lv_obj_center(slider);         /*Align to the center of
↪the parent (screen)*/
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL); /
    ↪*Assign an event function*/

    /*Create a label below the slider*/
    label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "0");
    lv_obj_align_to(label, slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -15); /*Align top of
↪the slider*/
}

#endif

```



```

def slider_event_cb(evt):
    slider = evt.get_target()

    # Refresh the text
    label.set_text(str(slider.get_value()))

#
# Create a slider and write its value on a label.
#

# Create a slider in the center of the display
slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
slider.set_width(200) # Set the width
slider.center() # Align to the center of the parent (screen)
slider.add_event_cb(slider_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None) # Assign an event function
# Create a label below the slider
label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set_text("0")
label.align_to(slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -15) # Align below the slider

```

## 2.2 Styles

### 2.2.1 Size styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

/**
 * Using the Size, Position and Padding style properties
 */
void lv_example_style_1(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);

    /*Make a gradient*/
    lv_style_set_width(&style, 150);
    lv_style_set_height(&style, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);

    lv_style_set_pad_ver(&style, 20);
    lv_style_set_pad_left(&style, 5);

    lv_style_set_x(&style, lv_pct(50));
    lv_style_set_y(&style, 80);

    /*Create an object with the new style*/
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());

```

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```

    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello");
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Using the Size, Position and Padding style properties
#
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_radius(5)

# Make a gradient
style.set_width(150)
style.set_height(lv.SIZE.CONTENT)

style.set_pad_ver(20)
style.set_pad_left(5)

style.set_x(lv.pct(50))
style.set_y(80)

# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)

label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("Hello")

```

## 2.2.2 Background styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Using the background style properties
 */
void lv_example_style_2(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);

    /*Make a gradient*/
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    static lv_grad_dsc_t grad;
    grad.dir = LV_GRAD_DIR_VER;
    grad.stops_count = 2;
    grad.stops[0].color = lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1);
    grad.stops[1].color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE);
}

```

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```

    /*Shift the gradient to the bottom*/
    grad.stops[0].frac = 128;
    grad.stops[1].frac = 192;

    lv_style_set_bg_grad(&style, &grad);

    /*Create an object with the new style*/
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
    lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Using the background style properties
#
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_radius(5)

# Make a gradient
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA_COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE_GREY, 1))
style.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE_BLUE))
style.set_bg_grad_dir(lv.GRAD_DIR_VER)

# Shift the gradient to the bottom
style.set_bg_main_stop(128)
style.set_bg_grad_stop(192)

# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)
obj.center()

```

### 2.2.3 Border styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Using the border style properties
 */
void lv_example_style_3(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    /*Set a background color and a radius*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 10);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1));

```

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```

    /*Add border to the bottom+right*/
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_border_opa(&style, LV_OPA_50);
    lv_style_set_border_side(&style, LV_BORDER_SIDE_BOTTOM | LV_BORDER_SIDE_RIGHT);

    /*Create an object with the new style*/
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
    lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Using the border style properties
#
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()

# Set a background color and a radius
style.set_radius(10)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA_COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE_GREY, 1))

# Add border to the bottom+right
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_border_width(5)
style.set_border_opa(lv.OPA_50)
style.set_border_side(lv.BORDER_SIDE.BOTTOM | lv.BORDER_SIDE.RIGHT)

# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)
obj.center()

```

## 2.2.4 Outline styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Using the outline style properties
 */
void lv_example_style_4(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    /*Set a background color and a radius*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1));

```

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```

    /*Add outline*/
    lv_style_set_outline_width(&style, 2);
    lv_style_set_outline_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_outline_pad(&style, 8);

    /*Create an object with the new style*/
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
    lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Using the outline style properties
#

style = lv.style_t()
style.init()

# Set a background color and a radius
style.set_radius(5)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA_COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 1))

# Add outline
style.set_outline_width(2)
style.set_outline_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_outline_pad(8)

# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)
obj.center()

```

## 2.2.5 Shadow styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Using the Shadow style properties
 */
void lv_example_style_5(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    /*Set a background color and a radius*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1));

```

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```

    /*Add a shadow*/
    lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style, 55);
    lv_style_set_shadow_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    //    lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_x(&style, 10);
    //    lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_y(&style, 20);

    /*Create an object with the new style*/
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
    lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Using the Shadow style properties
#

style = lv.style_t()
style.init()

# Set a background color and a radius
style.set_radius(5)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA_COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE_GREY, 1))

# Add a shadow
style.set_shadow_width(8)
style.set_shadow_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_shadow_ofs_x(10)
style.set_shadow_ofs_y(20)

# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)
obj.center()

```

## 2.2.6 Image styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

/**
 * Using the Image style properties
 */
void lv_example_style_6(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    /*Set a background color and a radius*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);

```

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```

lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 3));
lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 2);
lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));

lv_style_set_img_recolor(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
lv_style_set_img_recolor_opa(&style, LV_OPA_50);
lv_style_set_transform_angle(&style, 300);

/*Create an object with the new style*/
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);

LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_cogwheel_argb);
lv_img_set_src(obj, &img_cogwheel_argb);

lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif

```

```

from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/img_cogwheel_argb.png', 'rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_cogwheel_argb.png")
    sys.exit()

img_cogwheel_argb = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(png_data),
    'data': png_data
})

#
# Using the Image style properties
#
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()

# Set a background color and a radius
style.set_radius(5)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA_COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE_GREY, 3))
style.set_border_width(2)
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE_BLUE))

style.set_img_recolor(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE_BLUE))
style.set_img_recolor_opa(lv.OPA_50)
# style.set_transform_angle(300)

```

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```
# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)

obj.set_src(img_cogwheel_argb)

obj.center()
```

## 2.2.7 Text styles

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_LABEL

/**
 * Using the text style properties
 */
void lv_example_style_8(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 2));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 2);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style, 10);

    lv_style_set_text_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_text_letter_space(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_text_line_space(&style, 20);
    lv_style_set_text_decor(&style, LV_TEXT_DECOR_UNDERLINE);

    /*Create an object with the new style*/
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
    lv_label_set_text(obj, "Text of\n"
                          "a label");

    lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif
```

```
#
# Using the text style properties
#

style = lv.style_t()
style.init()

style.set_radius(5)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA_COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE_GREY, 3))
```

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```

style.set_border_width(2)
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_pad_all(10)

style.set_text_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_text_letter_space(5)
style.set_text_line_space(20)
style.set_text_decor(lv.TEXT_DECOR.UNDERLINE)

# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)
obj.set_text("Text of\n"
            "a label")

obj.center()

```

## 2.2.8 Line styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_LINE

/**
 * Using the line style properties
 */
void lv_example_style_9(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    lv_style_set_line_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));
    lv_style_set_line_width(&style, 6);
    lv_style_set_line_rounded(&style, true);

    /*Create an object with the new style*/
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_line_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);

    static lv_point_t p[] = {{10, 30}, {30, 50}, {100, 0}};
    lv_line_set_points(obj, p, 3);

    lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Using the line style properties
#

style = lv.style_t()
style.init()

```

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```

style.set_line_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
style.set_line_width(6)
style.set_line_rounded(True)

# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.line(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)
p = [ {"x":10, "y":30},
      {"x":30, "y":50},
      {"x":100, "y":0}]

obj.set_points(p, 3)

obj.center()

```

## 2.2.9 Transition

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

/**
 * Creating a transition
 */
void lv_example_style_10(void)
{
    static const lv_style_prop_t props[] = {LV_STYLE_BG_COLOR, LV_STYLE_BORDER_COLOR,
    ↪ LV_STYLE_BORDER_WIDTH, 0};

    /* A default transition
     * Make it fast (100ms) and start with some delay (200 ms)*/
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t trans_def;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&trans_def, props, lv_anim_path_linear, 100, 200,
    ↪ NULL);

    /* A special transition when going to pressed state
     * Make it slow (500 ms) but start without delay*/
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t trans_pr;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&trans_pr, props, lv_anim_path_linear, 500, 0, NULL);

    static lv_style_t style_def;
    lv_style_init(&style_def);
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_def, &trans_def);

    static lv_style_t style_pr;
    lv_style_init(&style_pr);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_pr, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_pr, 6);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_pr, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_RED, 3));
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_pr, &trans_pr);

    /*Create an object with the new style_pr*/
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_def, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_pr, LV_STATE_PRESSED);

```

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```

    lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Creating a transition
#

props = [lv.STYLE.BG_COLOR, lv.STYLE.BORDER_COLOR, lv.STYLE.BORDER_WIDTH, 0]

# A default transition
# Make it fast (100ms) and start with some delay (200 ms)

trans_def = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
trans_def.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 100, 200, None)

# A special transition when going to pressed state
# Make it slow (500 ms) but start without delay

trans_pr = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
trans_pr.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 500, 0, None)

style_def = lv.style_t()
style_def.init()
style_def.set_transition(trans_def)

style_pr = lv.style_t()
style_pr.init()
style_pr.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style_pr.set_border_width(6)
style_pr.set_border_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.RED, 3))
style_pr.set_transition(trans_pr)

# Create an object with the new style_pr
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style_def, 0)
obj.add_style(style_pr, lv.STATE.PRESSED)

obj.center()

```

## 2.2.10 Using multiple styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

/**
 * Using multiple styles
 */
void lv_example_style_11(void)
{
    /*A base style*/
    static lv_style_t style_base;

```

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```

lv_style_init(&style_base);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_base, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_LIGHT_BLUE));
lv_style_set_border_color(&style_base, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_LIGHT_BLUE, 3));
lv_style_set_border_width(&style_base, 2);
lv_style_set_radius(&style_base, 10);
lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style_base, 10);
lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_y(&style_base, 5);
lv_style_set_shadow_opa(&style_base, LV_OPA_50);
lv_style_set_text_color(&style_base, lv_color_white());
lv_style_set_width(&style_base, 100);
lv_style_set_height(&style_base, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);

/*Set only the properties that should be different*/
static lv_style_t style_warning;
lv_style_init(&style_warning);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_warning, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_YELLOW));
lv_style_set_border_color(&style_warning, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_YELLOW, 3));
lv_style_set_text_color(&style_warning, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_YELLOW, 4));

/*Create an object with the base style only*/
lv_obj_t * obj_base = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj_base, &style_base, 0);
lv_obj_align(obj_base, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 20, 0);

lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj_base);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Base");
lv_obj_center(label);

/*Create another object with the base style and earnings style too*/
lv_obj_t * obj_warning = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj_warning, &style_base, 0);
lv_obj_add_style(obj_warning, &style_warning, 0);
lv_obj_align(obj_warning, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -20, 0);

label = lv_label_create(obj_warning);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Warning");
lv_obj_center(label);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Using multiple styles
#
# A base style

style_base = lv.style_t()
style_base.init()
style_base.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.LIGHT_BLUE))
style_base.set_border_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.LIGHT_BLUE, 3))
style_base.set_border_width(2)
style_base.set_radius(10)
style_base.set_shadow_width(10)
style_base.set_shadow_ofs_y(5)

```

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```

style_base.set_shadow_opa(lv.OPA._50)
style_base.set_text_color(lv.color_white())
style_base.set_width(100)
style_base.set_height(lv.SIZE.CONTENT)

# Set only the properties that should be different
style_warning = lv.style_t()
style_warning.init()
style_warning.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW))
style_warning.set_border_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW, 3))
style_warning.set_text_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW, 4))

# Create an object with the base style only
obj_base = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj_base.add_style(style_base, 0)
obj_base.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT_MID, 20, 0)

label = lv.label(obj_base)
label.set_text("Base")
label.center()

# Create another object with the base style and earnings style too
obj_warning = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj_warning.add_style(style_base, 0)
obj_warning.add_style(style_warning, 0)
obj_warning.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT_MID, -20, 0)

label = lv.label(obj_warning)
label.set_text("Warning")
label.center()

```

## 2.2.11 Local styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

/**
 * Local styles
 */
void lv_example_style_12(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN));
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREEN, 3));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 3);

    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);

    /*Overwrite the background color locally*/
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(obj, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_ORANGE), LV_PART_MAIN);

    lv_obj_center(obj);
}

```

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```

}

#endif

#
# Local styles
#

style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREEN, 3))
style.set_border_width(3)

obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)

# Overwrite the background color locally
obj.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.ORANGE), lv.PART.MAIN)

obj.center()

```

## 2.2.12 Add styles to parts and states

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

/**
 * Add styles to parts and states
 */
void lv_example_style_13(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style_indic;
    lv_style_init(&style_indic);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_RED, 3));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_dir(&style_indic, LV_GRAD_DIR_HOR);

    static lv_style_t style_indic_pr;
    lv_style_init(&style_indic_pr);
    lv_style_set_shadow_color(&style_indic_pr, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style_indic_pr, 10);
    lv_style_set_shadow_spread(&style_indic_pr, 3);

    /*Create an object with the new style_pr*/
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_indic, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_indic_pr, LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_PRESSED);
    lv_slider_set_value(obj, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Add styles to parts and states
#

style_indic = lv.style_t()
style_indic.init()
style_indic.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.RED, 3))
style_indic.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style_indic.set_bg_grad_dir(lv.GRAD_DIR.HOR)

style_indic_pr = lv.style_t()
style_indic_pr.init()
style_indic_pr.set_shadow_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style_indic_pr.set_shadow_width(10)
style_indic_pr.set_shadow_spread(3)

# Create an object with the new style_pr
obj = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style_indic, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
obj.add_style(style_indic_pr, lv.PART.INDICATOR | lv.STATE.PRESSED)
obj.set_value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
obj.center()

```

## 2.2.13 Extending the current theme

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

static lv_style_t style_btn;

/*Will be called when the styles of the base theme are already added
to add new styles*/
static void new_theme_apply_cb(lv_theme_t * th, lv_obj_t * obj)
{
    LV_UNUSED(th);

    if(lv_obj_check_type(obj, &lv_btn_class)) {
        lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_btn, 0);
    }
}

static void new_theme_init_and_set(void)
{
    /*Initialize the styles*/
    lv_style_init(&style_btn);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_btn, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN));
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_btn, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_GREEN, 3));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_btn, 3);

    /*Initialize the new theme from the current theme*/
    lv_theme_t * th_act = lv_disp_get_theme(NULL);
    static lv_theme_t th_new;
    th_new = *th_act;
}

```

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```

    /*Set the parent theme and the style apply callback for the new theme*/
    lv_theme_set_parent(&th_new, th_act);
    lv_theme_set_apply_cb(&th_new, new_theme_apply_cb);

    /*Assign the new theme to the current display*/
    lv_disp_set_theme(NULL, &th_new);
}

/**
 * Extending the current theme
 */
void lv_example_style_14(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * btn;
    lv_obj_t * label;

    btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(btn, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 20);

    label = lv_label_create(btn);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Original theme");

    new_theme_init_and_set();

    btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(btn, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_MID, 0, -20);

    label = lv_label_create(btn);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "New theme");
}

#endif

```

```

# Will be called when the styles of the base theme are already added
# to add new styles

class NewTheme(lv.theme_t):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__()
        # Initialize the styles
        self.style_btn = lv.style_t()
        self.style_btn.init()
        self.style_btn.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
        self.style_btn.set_border_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.GREEN, 3))
        self.style_btn.set_border_width(3)

        # This theme is based on active theme
        th_act = lv.theme_get_from_obj(lv.scr_act())
        # This theme will be applied only after base theme is applied
        self.set_parent(th_act)

class ExampleStyle_14:

```

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```

def __init__(self):
    #
    # Extending the current theme
    #

    btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
    btn.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 0, 20)

    label = lv.label(btn)
    label.set_text("Original theme")

    self.new_theme_init_and_set()

    btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
    btn.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_MID, 0, -20)

    label = lv.label(btn)
    label.set_text("New theme")

def new_theme_apply_cb(self, th, obj):
    print(th,obj)
    if obj.get_class() == lv.btn_class:
        obj.add_style(self.th_new.style_btn, 0)

def new_theme_init_and_set(self):
    print("new_theme_init_and_set")
    # Initialize the new theme from the current theme
    self.th_new = NewTheme()
    self.th_new.set_apply_cb(self.new_theme_apply_cb)
    lv.disp_get_default().set_theme(self.th_new)

```

```
exampleStyle_14 = ExampleStyle_14()
```

## 2.3 Animations

### 2.3.1 Start animation on an event

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_SWITCH

static void anim_x_cb(void * var, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_x(var, v);
}

static void sw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * sw = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_event_get_user_data(e);

    if(lv_obj_has_state(sw, LV_STATE_CHECKED)) {

```

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```

        lv_anim_t a;
        lv_anim_init(&a);
        lv_anim_set_var(&a, label);
        lv_anim_set_values(&a, lv_obj_get_x(label), 100);
        lv_anim_set_time(&a, 500);
        lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, anim_x_cb);
        lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a, lv_anim_path_overshoot);
        lv_anim_start(&a);
    }
    else {
        lv_anim_t a;
        lv_anim_init(&a);
        lv_anim_set_var(&a, label);
        lv_anim_set_values(&a, lv_obj_get_x(label), -lv_obj_get_width(label));
        lv_anim_set_time(&a, 500);
        lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, anim_x_cb);
        lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a, lv_anim_path_ease_in);
        lv_anim_start(&a);
    }
}

/**
 * Start animation on an event
 */
void lv_example_anim_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello animations!");
    lv_obj_set_pos(label, 100, 10);

    lv_obj_t * sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_center(sw);
    lv_obj_add_state(sw, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, sw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, label);
}

#endif

```

```

def anim_x_cb(label, v):
    label.set_x(v)

def sw_event_cb(e, label):
    sw = e.get_target()

    if sw.has_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED):
        a = lv.anim_t()
        a.init()
        a.set_var(label)
        a.set_values(label.get_x(), 100)
        a.set_time(500)
        a.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_overshoot)
        a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a, val: anim_x_cb(label, val))
        lv.anim_t.start(a)
    else:

```

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```

    a = lv.anim_t()
    a.init()
    a.set_var(label)
    a.set_values(label.get_x(), -label.get_width())
    a.set_time(500)
    a.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_in)
    a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: anim_x_cb(label,val))
    lv.anim_t.start(a)

#
# Start animation on an event
#

label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set_text("Hello animations!")
label.set_pos(100, 10)

sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.center()
sw.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
sw.add_event_cb(lambda e: sw_event_cb(e,label), lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)

```

### 2.3.2 Playback animation

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_SWITCH

static void anim_x_cb(void * var, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_x(var, v);
}

static void anim_size_cb(void * var, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_size(var, v, v);
}

/**
 * Create a playback animation
 */
void lv_example_anim_2(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(obj, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_radius(obj, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0);

    lv_obj_align(obj, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 10, 0);
}

```

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```

    lv_anim_t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, obj);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 10, 50);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 1000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_delay(&a, 100);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 300);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&a, 500);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a, lv_anim_path_ease_in_out);

    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, anim_size_cb);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, anim_x_cb);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 10, 240);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

```

```

def anim_x_cb(obj, v):
    obj.set_x(v)

def anim_size_cb(obj, v):
    obj.set_size(v, v)

#
# Create a playback animation
#
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), 0)
obj.set_style_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0)

obj.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT_MID, 10, 0)

a1 = lv.anim_t()
a1.init()
a1.set_var(obj)
a1.set_values(10, 50)
a1.set_time(1000)
a1.set_playback_delay(100)
a1.set_playback_time(300)
a1.set_repeat_delay(500)
a1.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a1.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_in_out)
a1.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a1, val: anim_size_cb(obj, val))
lv.anim_t.start(a1)

a2 = lv.anim_t()
a2.init()
a2.set_var(obj)
a2.set_values(10, 240)
a2.set_time(1000)
a2.set_playback_delay(100)
a2.set_playback_time(300)

```

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```

a2.set_repeat_delay(500)
a2.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a2.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_in_out)
a2.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a1,val: anim_x_cb(obj,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a2)

```

### 2.3.3 Animation timeline

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_anim_timeline_t * anim_timeline = NULL;

static lv_obj_t * obj1 = NULL;
static lv_obj_t * obj2 = NULL;
static lv_obj_t * obj3 = NULL;

static const lv_coord_t obj_width = 90;
static const lv_coord_t obj_height = 70;

static void set_width(void * var, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_width((lv_obj_t *)var, v);
}

static void set_height(void * var, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_height((lv_obj_t *)var, v);
}

static void anim_timeline_create(void)
{
    /* obj1 */
    lv_anim_t a1;
    lv_anim_init(&a1);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a1, obj1);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a1, 0, obj_width);
    lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a1, false);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a1, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_width);
    lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a1, lv_anim_path_overshoot);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a1, 300);

    lv_anim_t a2;
    lv_anim_init(&a2);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a2, obj1);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a2, 0, obj_height);
    lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a2, false);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a2, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_height);
    lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a2, lv_anim_path_ease_out);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a2, 300);

    /* obj2 */
    lv_anim_t a3;
    lv_anim_init(&a3);

```

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```

lv_anim_set_var(&a3, obj2);
lv_anim_set_values(&a3, 0, obj_width);
lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a3, false);
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a3, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_width);
lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a3, lv_anim_path_overshoot);
lv_anim_set_time(&a3, 300);

lv_anim_t a4;
lv_anim_init(&a4);
lv_anim_set_var(&a4, obj2);
lv_anim_set_values(&a4, 0, obj_height);
lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a4, false);
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a4, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_height);
lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a4, lv_anim_path_ease_out);
lv_anim_set_time(&a4, 300);

/* obj3 */
lv_anim_t a5;
lv_anim_init(&a5);
lv_anim_set_var(&a5, obj3);
lv_anim_set_values(&a5, 0, obj_width);
lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a5, false);
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a5, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_width);
lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a5, lv_anim_path_overshoot);
lv_anim_set_time(&a5, 300);

lv_anim_t a6;
lv_anim_init(&a6);
lv_anim_set_var(&a6, obj3);
lv_anim_set_values(&a6, 0, obj_height);
lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a6, false);
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a6, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_height);
lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a6, lv_anim_path_ease_out);
lv_anim_set_time(&a6, 300);

/* Create anim timeline */
anim_timeline = lv_anim_timeline_create();
lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 0, &a1);
lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 0, &a2);
lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 200, &a3);
lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 200, &a4);
lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 400, &a5);
lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 400, &a6);
}

static void btn_start_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_event_get_target(e);

    if(!anim_timeline) {
        anim_timeline_create();
    }

    bool reverse = lv_obj_has_state(btn, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
    lv_anim_timeline_set_reverse(anim_timeline, reverse);
    lv_anim_timeline_start(anim_timeline);
}

```

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```

static void btn_del_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    LV_UNUSED(e);
    if(anim_timeline) {
        lv_anim_timeline_del(anim_timeline);
        anim_timeline = NULL;
    }
}

static void btn_stop_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    LV_UNUSED(e);
    if(anim_timeline) {
        lv_anim_timeline_stop(anim_timeline);
    }
}

static void slider_prg_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_event_get_target(e);

    if(!anim_timeline) {
        anim_timeline_create();
    }

    int32_t progress = lv_slider_get_value(slider);
    lv_anim_timeline_set_progress(anim_timeline, progress);
}

/**
 * Create an animation timeline
 */
void lv_example_anim_timeline_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * par = lv_scr_act();
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(par, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW);
    lv_obj_set_flex_align(par, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_AROUND, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER);

    /* create btn_start */
    lv_obj_t * btn_start = lv_btn_create(par);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn_start, btn_start_event_handler, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    lv_obj_add_flag(btn_start, LV_OBJ_FLAG_IGNORE_LAYOUT);
    lv_obj_add_flag(btn_start, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CHECKABLE);
    lv_obj_align(btn_start, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, -100, 20);

    lv_obj_t * label_start = lv_label_create(btn_start);
    lv_label_set_text(label_start, "Start");
    lv_obj_center(label_start);

    /* create btn_del */
    lv_obj_t * btn_del = lv_btn_create(par);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn_del, btn_del_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    lv_obj_add_flag(btn_del, LV_OBJ_FLAG_IGNORE_LAYOUT);
    lv_obj_align(btn_del, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 20);
}

```

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```

lv_obj_t * label_del = lv_label_create(btn_del);
lv_label_set_text(label_del, "Delete");
lv_obj_center(label_del);

/* create btn_stop */
lv_obj_t * btn_stop = lv_btn_create(par);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn_stop, btn_stop_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
lv_obj_add_flag(btn_stop, LV_OBJ_FLAG_IGNORE_LAYOUT);
lv_obj_align(btn_stop, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 100, 20);

lv_obj_t * label_stop = lv_label_create(btn_stop);
lv_label_set_text(label_stop, "Stop");
lv_obj_center(label_stop);

/* create slider_prg */
lv_obj_t * slider_prg = lv_slider_create(par);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider_prg, slider_prg_event_handler, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED,
↪ NULL);
lv_obj_add_flag(slider_prg, LV_OBJ_FLAG_IGNORE_LAYOUT);
lv_obj_align(slider_prg, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_MID, 0, -20);
lv_slider_set_range(slider_prg, 0, 65535);

/* create 3 objects */
obj1 = lv_obj_create(par);
lv_obj_set_size(obj1, obj_width, obj_height);

obj2 = lv_obj_create(par);
lv_obj_set_size(obj2, obj_width, obj_height);

obj3 = lv_obj_create(par);
lv_obj_set_size(obj3, obj_width, obj_height);
}

#endif

```

```

class LV_ExampleAnimTimeline_1(object):

    def __init__(self):
        self.obj_width = 120
        self.obj_height = 150
        #
        # Create an animation timeline
        #

        self.par = lv.scr_act()
        self.par.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW_ROW)
        self.par.set_flex_align(lv.FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_AROUND, lv.FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER, lv.
↪ FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER)

        self.btn_run = lv.btn(self.par)
        self.btn_run.add_event_cb(self.btn_run_event_handler, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED,
↪ None)
        self.btn_run.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.IGNORE_LAYOUT)
        self.btn_run.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.CHECKABLE)
        self.btn_run.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, -50, 20)

```

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```

self.label_run = lv.label(self.btn_run)
self.label_run.set_text("Run")
self.label_run.center()

self.btn_del = lv.btn(self.par)
self.btn_del.add_event_cb(self.btn_del_event_handler, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
self.btn_del.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.IGNORE_LAYOUT)
self.btn_del.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 50, 20)

self.label_del = lv.label(self.btn_del)
self.label_del.set_text("Stop")
self.label_del.center()

self.slider = lv.slider(self.par)
self.slider.add_event_cb(self.slider_prg_event_handler, lv.EVENT.VALUE_
↪CHANGED, None)
self.slider.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.IGNORE_LAYOUT)
self.slider.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_RIGHT, -20, -20)
self.slider.set_range(0, 65535)

self.obj1 = lv.obj(self.par)
self.obj1.set_size(self.obj_width, self.obj_height)

self.obj2 = lv.obj(self.par)
self.obj2.set_size(self.obj_width, self.obj_height)

self.obj3 = lv.obj(self.par)
self.obj3.set_size(self.obj_width, self.obj_height)

self.anim_timeline = None

def set_width(self, obj, v):
    obj.set_width(v)

def set_height(self, obj, v):
    obj.set_height(v)

def anim_timeline_create(self):
    # obj1
    self.a1 = lv.anim_t()
    self.a1.init()
    self.a1.set_values(0, self.obj_width)
    self.a1.set_early_apply(False)
    self.a1.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a, v: self.set_width(self.obj1, v))
    self.a1.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_overshoot)
    self.a1.set_time(300)

    self.a2 = lv.anim_t()
    self.a2.init()
    self.a2.set_values(0, self.obj_height)
    self.a2.set_early_apply(False)
    self.a2.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a, v: self.set_height(self.obj1, v))
    self.a2.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_out)
    self.a2.set_time(300)

    # obj2

```

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```

self.a3=lv.anim_t()
self.a3.init()
self.a3.set_values(0, self.obj_width)
self.a3.set_early_apply(False)
self.a3.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,v: self.set_width(self.obj2,v))
self.a3.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_overshoot)
self.a3.set_time(300)

self.a4 = lv.anim_t()
self.a4.init()
self.a4.set_values(0, self.obj_height)
self.a4.set_early_apply(False)
self.a4.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,v: self.set_height(self.obj2,v))
self.a4.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_out)
self.a4.set_time(300)

# obj3
self.a5 = lv.anim_t()
self.a5.init()
self.a5.set_values(0, self.obj_width)
self.a5.set_early_apply(False)
self.a5.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,v: self.set_width(self.obj3,v))
self.a5.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_overshoot)
self.a5.set_time(300)

self.a6 = lv.anim_t()
self.a6.init()
self.a6.set_values(0, self.obj_height)
self.a6.set_early_apply(False)
self.a6.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,v: self.set_height(self.obj3,v))
self.a6.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_out)
self.a6.set_time(300)

# Create anim timeline
print("Create new anim_timeline")
self.anim_timeline = lv.anim_timeline_create()
lv.anim_timeline_add(self.anim_timeline, 0, self.a1)
lv.anim_timeline_add(self.anim_timeline, 0, self.a2)
lv.anim_timeline_add(self.anim_timeline, 200, self.a3)
lv.anim_timeline_add(self.anim_timeline, 200, self.a4)
lv.anim_timeline_add(self.anim_timeline, 400, self.a5)
lv.anim_timeline_add(self.anim_timeline, 400, self.a6)

def slider_prg_event_handler(self,e):
    slider = e.get_target()

    if not self.anim_timeline:
        self.anim_timeline_create()

    progress = slider.get_value()
    lv.anim_timeline_set_progress(self.anim_timeline, progress)

def btn_run_event_handler(self,e):
    btn = e.get_target()
    if not self.anim_timeline:
        self.anim_timeline_create()

```

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```

        reverse = btn.has_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
        lv.anim_timeline_set_reverse(self.anim_timeline, reverse)
        lv.anim_timeline_start(self.anim_timeline)

    def btn_del_event_handler(self, e):
        if self.anim_timeline:
            lv.anim_timeline_del(self.anim_timeline)
        self.anim_timeline = None

lv_example_anim_timeline_1 = LV_ExampleAnimTimeline_1()

```

## 2.4 Events

### 2.4.1 Button click event

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_SWITCH

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    LV_LOG_USER("Clicked");

    static uint32_t cnt = 1;
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_obj_get_child(btn, 0);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%LV_PRIu32", cnt);
    cnt++;
}

/**
 * Add click event to a button
 */
void lv_example_event_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(btn, 100, 50);
    lv_obj_center(btn);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_cb, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Click me!");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}

#endif

```

```

class Event_1():
    def __init__(self):
        self.cnt = 1
        #
        # Add click event to a button

```

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```

#

btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
btn.set_size(100, 50)
btn.center()
btn.add_event_cb(self.event_cb, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)

label = lv.label(btn)
label.set_text("Click me!")
label.center()

def event_cb(self,e):
    print("Clicked")

    btn = e.get_target()
    label = btn.get_child(0)
    label.set_text(str(self.cnt))
    self.cnt += 1

evt1 = Event_1()

```

## 2.4.2 Handle multiple events

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_SWITCH

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_event_get_user_data(e);

    switch(code) {
        case LV_EVENT_PRESSED:
            lv_label_set_text(label, "The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_PRESSED");
            break;
        case LV_EVENT_CLICKED:
            lv_label_set_text(label, "The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_CLICKED");
            break;
        case LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED:
            lv_label_set_text(label, "The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED");
            break;
        case LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
            lv_label_set_text(label, "The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_
↪ REPEAT");
            break;
        default:
            break;
    }
}

/**
 * Handle multiple events
 */
void lv_example_event_2(void)

```

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```

{
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(btn, 100, 50);
    lv_obj_center(btn);

    lv_obj_t * btn_label = lv_label_create(btn);
    lv_label_set_text(btn_label, "Click me!");
    lv_obj_center(btn_label);

    lv_obj_t * info_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(info_label, "The last button event:\nNone");

    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, info_label);
}

#endif

```

```

def event_cb(e, label):
    code = e.get_code()
    if code == lv.EVENT.PRESSED:
        label.set_text("The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_PRESSED")
    elif code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        label.set_text("The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_CLICKED")
    elif code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED:
        label.set_text("The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED")
    elif code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        label.set_text("The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT")
btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
btn.set_size(100, 50)
btn.center()

btn_label = lv.label(btn)
btn_label.set_text("Click me!")
btn_label.center()

info_label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
info_label.set_text("The last button event:\nNone")

btn.add_event_cb(lambda e: event_cb(e, info_label), lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

```

## 2.4.3 Event bubbling

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_FLEX

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    /*The original target of the event. Can be the buttons or the container*/
    lv_obj_t * target = lv_event_get_target(e);

    /*The current target is always the container as the event is added to it*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_event_get_current_target(e);

    /*If container was clicked do nothing*/

```

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```

    if(target == cont) return;

    /*Make the clicked buttons red*/
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(target, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), 0);
}

/**
 * Demonstrate event bubbling
 */
void lv_example_event_3(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 290, 200);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP);

    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 30; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(cont);
        lv_obj_set_size(btn, 80, 50);
        lv_obj_add_flag(btn, LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE);

        lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }

    lv_obj_add_event_cb(cont, event_cb, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
}

#endif

```

```

def event_cb(e):

    # The original target of the event. Can be the buttons or the container
    target = e.get_target()
    # print(type(target))

    # If container was clicked do nothing
    if type(target) != type(lv.btn()):
        return

    # Make the clicked buttons red
    target.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), 0)

    #
    # Demonstrate event bubbling
    #

    cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
    cont.set_size(320, 200)
    cont.center()
    cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW_WRAP)

    for i in range(30):

```

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```

btn = lv.btn(cont)
btn.set_size(80, 50)
btn.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.EVENT_BUBBLE)

label = lv.label(btn)
label.set_text(str(i))
label.center()

cont.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)

```

## 2.5 Layouts

### 2.5.1 Flex

#### A simple row and a column layout with flexbox

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * A simple row and a column layout with flexbox
 */
void lv_example_flex_1(void)
{
    /*Create a container with ROW flex direction*/
    lv_obj_t * cont_row = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont_row, 300, 75);
    lv_obj_align(cont_row, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 5);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont_row, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW);

    /*Create a container with COLUMN flex direction*/
    lv_obj_t * cont_col = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont_col, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_align_to(cont_col, cont_row, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 5);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont_col, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);

    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * obj;
        lv_obj_t * label;

        /*Add items to the row*/
        obj = lv_btn_create(cont_row);
        lv_obj_set_size(obj, 100, LV_PCT(100));

        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Item: %u", i);
        lv_obj_center(label);

        /*Add items to the column*/
        obj = lv_btn_create(cont_col);
        lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_PCT(100), LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
    }
}

```

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```

        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Item: %"LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}

#endif

```

```

#
# A simple row and a column layout with flexbox
#

# Create a container with ROW flex direction
cont_row = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont_row.set_size(300, 75)
cont_row.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 0, 5)
cont_row.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW)

# Create a container with COLUMN flex direction
cont_col = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont_col.set_size(200, 150)
cont_col.align_to(cont_row, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 5)
cont_col.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.COLUMN)

for i in range(10):
    # Add items to the row
    obj = lv.btn(cont_row)
    obj.set_size(100, lv.pct(100))

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("Item: {:d}".format(i))
    label.center()

    # Add items to the column
    obj = lv.btn(cont_col)
    obj.set_size(lv.pct(100), lv.SIZE.CONTENT)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("Item: {:d}".format(i))
    label.center()

```

## Arrange items in rows with wrap and even spacing

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Arrange items in rows with wrap and place the items to get even space around them.
 */
void lv_example_flex_2(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

```

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```

lv_style_set_flex_flow(&style, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP);
lv_style_set_flex_main_place(&style, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_EVENLY);
lv_style_set_layout(&style, LV_LAYOUT_FLEX);

lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
lv_obj_center(cont);
lv_obj_add_style(cont, &style, 0);

uint32_t i;
for(i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 70, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
    lv_obj_add_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CHECKABLE);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32, i);
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Arrange items in rows with wrap and place the items to get even space around them.
#
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW_WRAP)
style.set_flex_main_place(lv.FLEX_ALIGN.SPACE_EVENLY)
style.set_layout(lv.LAYOUT_FLEX.value)

cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.add_style(style, 0)

for i in range(8):
    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    obj.set_size(70, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("{:d}".format(i))
    label.center()

```

## Demonstrate flex grow

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Demonstrate flex grow.
 */
void lv_example_flex_3(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW);

    lv_obj_t * obj;
    obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 40, 40);           /*Fix size*/

    obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_height(obj, 40);
    lv_obj_set_flex_grow(obj, 1);           /*1 portion from the free space*/

    obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_height(obj, 40);
    lv_obj_set_flex_grow(obj, 2);           /*2 portion from the free space*/

    obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 40, 40);           /*Fix size. It is flushed to the right by
    ↪ the "grow" items*/
}

#endif
```

```
#
# Demonstrate flex grow.
#

cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW)

obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_size(40, 40)           # Fix size

obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_height(40)
obj.set_flex_grow(1)           # 1 portion from the free space

obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_height(40)
obj.set_flex_grow(2)           # 2 portion from the free space

obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_size(40, 40)           # Fix size. It is flushed to the right by the "grow"
    ↪ items
```

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**Demonstrate flex grow.**

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Reverse the order of flex items
 */
void lv_example_flex_4(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN_REVERSE);

    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        lv_obj_set_size(obj, 100, 50);

        lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Item: %"LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Reverse the order of flex items
#
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.COLUMN_REVERSE)

for i in range(6):
    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    obj.set_size(100, 50)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("Item: " + str(i))
    label.center()

```

## Demonstrate column and row gap style properties

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void row_gap_anim(void * obj, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_row(obj, v, 0);
}

static void column_gap_anim(void * obj, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_column(obj, v, 0);
}

/**
 * Demonstrate the effect of column and row gap style properties
 */
void lv_example_flex_5(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP);

    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        lv_obj_set_size(obj, 70, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);

        lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }

    lv_anim_t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, cont);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 10);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);

    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, row_gap_anim);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 500);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 500);
    lv_anim_start(&a);

    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, column_gap_anim);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif
```

```
def row_gap_anim(obj, v):
    obj.set_style_pad_row(v, 0)
```

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```

def column_gap_anim(obj, v):
    obj.set_style_pad_column(v, 0)

#
# Demonstrate the effect of column and row gap style properties
#

cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW_WRAP)

for i in range(9):
    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    obj.set_size(70, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text(str(i))
    label.center()

a_row = lv.anim_t()
a_row.init()
a_row.set_var(cont)
a_row.set_values(0, 10)
a_row.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)

a_row.set_time(500)
a_row.set_playback_time(500)
a_row.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a, val: row_gap_anim(cont, val))
lv.anim_t.start(a_row)

a_col = lv.anim_t()
a_col.init()
a_col.set_var(cont)
a_col.set_values(0, 10)
a_col.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)

a_col.set_time(3000)
a_col.set_playback_time(3000)
a_col.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a, val: column_gap_anim(cont, val))

lv.anim_t.start(a_col)

```

### RTL base direction changes order of the items

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * RTL base direction changes order of the items.
 * Also demonstrate how horizontal scrolling works with RTL.
 */
void lv_example_flex_6(void)

```

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```

{
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(cont, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP);

    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        lv_obj_set_size(obj, 70, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);

        lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}
#endif

```

```

#
# RTL base direction changes order of the items.
# Also demonstrate how horizontal scrolling works with RTL.
#

cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_style_base_dir(lv.BASE_DIR.RTL,0)
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW_WRAP)

for i in range(20):
    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    obj.set_size(70, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text(str(i))
    label.center()

```

## 2.5.2 Grid

### A simple grid

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GRID && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * A simple grid
 */
void lv_example_grid_1(void)
{
    static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {70, 70, 70, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {50, 50, 50, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};

```

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```

/*Create a container with grid*/
lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_set_style_grid_column_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, 0);
lv_obj_set_style_grid_row_dsc_array(cont, row_dsc, 0);
lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
lv_obj_center(cont);
lv_obj_set_layout(cont, LV_LAYOUT_GRID);

lv_obj_t * label;
lv_obj_t * obj;

uint32_t i;
for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
    uint8_t col = i % 3;
    uint8_t row = i / 3;

    obj = lv_btn_create(cont);
    /*Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
    *Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized*/
    lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                        LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, row, 1);

    label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "c%d, r%d", col, row);
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
}

#endif

```

```

#
# A simple grid
#

col_dsc = [70, 70, 70, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [50, 50, 50, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_style_grid_column_dsc_array(col_dsc, 0)
cont.set_style_grid_row_dsc_array(row_dsc, 0)
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_layout(lv.LAYOUT_GRID.value)

for i in range(9):
    col = i % 3
    row = i // 3

    obj = lv.btn(cont)
    # Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
    # Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized
    obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, col, 1,
                    lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, row, 1)

    label = lv.label(obj)

```

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```
label.set_text("c" +str(col) + "r" +str(row))
label.center()
```

### Demonstrate cell placement and span

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GRID && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Demonstrate cell placement and span
 */
void lv_example_grid_2(void)
{
    static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {70, 70, 70, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {50, 50, 50, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};

    /*Create a container with grid*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, row_dsc);
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);

    lv_obj_t * label;
    lv_obj_t * obj;

    /*Cell to 0;0 and align to to the start (left/top) horizontally and vertically
    ↳too*/
    obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
    lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_START, 0, 1,
                        LV_GRID_ALIGN_START, 0, 1);
    label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "c0, r0");

    /*Cell to 1;0 and align to to the start (left) horizontally and center vertically
    ↳too*/
    obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
    lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_START, 1, 1,
                        LV_GRID_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 1);
    label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "c1, r0");

    /*Cell to 2;0 and align to to the start (left) horizontally and end (bottom)
    ↳vertically too*/
    obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
    lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_START, 2, 1,
                        LV_GRID_ALIGN_END, 0, 1);
    label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "c2, r0");

    /*Cell to 1;1 but 2 column wide (span = 2).Set width and height to stretched.*/

```

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```

obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, 1, 2,
                    LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, 1, 1);
label = lv_label_create(obj);
lv_label_set_text(label, "c1-2, r1");

/*Cell to 0;1 but 2 rows tall (span = 2).Set width and height to stretched.*/
obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, 0, 1,
                    LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, 1, 2);
label = lv_label_create(obj);
lv_label_set_text(label, "c0\nr1-2");
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Demonstrate cell placement and span
#

col_dsc = [70, 70, 70, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [50, 50, 50, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Create a container with grid
cont = lv_obj(lv_scr_act())
cont.set_grid_dsc_array(col_dsc, row_dsc)
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()

# Cell to 0;0 and align to the start (left/top) horizontally and vertically too
obj = lv_obj(cont)
obj.set_size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.START, 0, 1,
                 lv.GRID_ALIGN.START, 0, 1)
label = lv_label(obj)
label.set_text("c0, r0")

# Cell to 1;0 and align to the start (left) horizontally and center vertically too
obj = lv_obj(cont)
obj.set_size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.START, 1, 1,
                 lv.GRID_ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 1)
label = lv_label(obj)
label.set_text("c1, r0")

# Cell to 2;0 and align to the start (left) horizontally and end (bottom) vertically,
↳ too
obj = lv_obj(cont)
obj.set_size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.START, 2, 1,
                 lv.GRID_ALIGN.END, 0, 1)
label = lv_label(obj)
label.set_text("c2, r0")

```

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```
# Cell to 1;1 but 2 column wide (span = 2).Set width and height to stretched.
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, 1, 2,
                  lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, 1, 1)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("c1-2, r1")

# Cell to 0;1 but 2 rows tall (span = 2).Set width and height to stretched.
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, 0, 1,
                  lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, 1, 2)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("c0\nr1-2")
```

### Demonstrate grid's "free unit"

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GRID && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Demonstrate grid's "free unit"
 */
void lv_example_grid_3(void)
{
    /*Column 1: fix width 60 px
    *Column 2: 1 unit from the remaining free space
    *Column 3: 2 unit from the remaining free space*/
    static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {60, LV_GRID_FR(1), LV_GRID_FR(2), LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_
↪LAST};

    /*Row 1: fix width 50 px
    *Row 2: 1 unit from the remaining free space
    *Row 3: fix width 50 px*/
    static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {50, LV_GRID_FR(1), 50, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};

    /*Create a container with grid*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, row_dsc);

    lv_obj_t * label;
    lv_obj_t * obj;
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        uint8_t col = i % 3;
        uint8_t row = i / 3;

        obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        /*Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
        *Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized*/
        lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                             LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, row, 1);
    }
}
```

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```

        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%d,%d", col, row);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Demonstrate grid's "free unit"
#

# Column 1: fix width 60 px
# Column 2: 1 unit from the remaining free space
# Column 3: 2 unit from the remaining free space

col_dsc = [60, lv.grid_fr(1), lv.grid_fr(2), lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Row 1: fix width 60 px
# Row 2: 1 unit from the remaining free space
# Row 3: fix width 60 px

row_dsc = [40, lv.grid_fr(1), 40, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_grid_dsc_array(col_dsc, row_dsc)

for i in range(9):
    col = i % 3
    row = i // 3

    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    # Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
    # Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized
    obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, col, 1,
                     lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, row, 1)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("%d,%d"%(col, row))
    label.center()

```

## Demonstrate track placement

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GRID && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Demonstrate track placement
 */
void lv_example_grid_4(void)
{
    static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {60, 60, 60, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {45, 45, 45, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};

    /*Add space between the columns and move the rows to the bottom (end)*/

    /*Create a container with grid*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_grid_align(cont, LV_GRID_ALIGN_SPACE_BETWEEN, LV_GRID_ALIGN_END);
    lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, row_dsc);
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);

    lv_obj_t * label;
    lv_obj_t * obj;
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        uint8_t col = i % 3;
        uint8_t row = i / 3;

        obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        /*Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
        *Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized*/
        lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                             LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, row, 1);

        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%d,%d", col, row);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}

#endif
```

```
#
# Demonstrate track placement
#

col_dsc = [60, 60, 60, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [40, 40, 40, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Add space between the columns and move the rows to the bottom (end)

# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_grid_align(lv.GRID_ALIGN.SPACE_BETWEEN, lv.GRID_ALIGN.END)
```

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```

cont.set_grid_dsc_array(col_dsc, row_dsc)
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()

for i in range(9):
    col = i % 3
    row = i // 3

    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    # Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
    # Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized
    obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, col, 1,
                     lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, row, 1)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("{:d}{:d}".format(col, row))
    label.center()

```

### Demonstrate column and row gap

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GRID && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void row_gap_anim(void * obj, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_row(obj, v, 0);
}

static void column_gap_anim(void * obj, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_column(obj, v, 0);
}

/**
 * Demonstrate column and row gap
 */
void lv_example_grid_5(void)
{
    /*60x60 cells*/
    static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {60, 60, 60, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {45, 45, 45, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};

    /*Create a container with grid*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, row_dsc);

    lv_obj_t * label;
    lv_obj_t * obj;
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {

```

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```

uint8_t col = i % 3;
uint8_t row = i / 3;

obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                     LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, row, 1);
label = lv_label_create(obj);
lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%d,%d", col, row);
lv_obj_center(label);
}

lv_anim_t a;
lv_anim_init(&a);
lv_anim_set_var(&a, cont);
lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 10);
lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);

lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, row_gap_anim);
lv_anim_set_time(&a, 500);
lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 500);
lv_anim_start(&a);

lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, column_gap_anim);
lv_anim_set_time(&a, 3000);
lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 3000);
lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

```

```

def row_gap_anim(obj, v):
    obj.set_style_pad_row(v, 0)

def column_gap_anim(obj, v):
    obj.set_style_pad_column(v, 0)

#
# Demonstrate column and row gap
#

# 60x60 cells
col_dsc = [60, 60, 60, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [40, 40, 40, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_grid_dsc_array(col_dsc, row_dsc)

for i in range(9):
    col = i % 3
    row = i // 3

    obj = lv.obj(cont)

```

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```

obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, col, 1,
                  lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, row, 1)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("{:d},{:d}".format(col, row))
label.center()

a_row = lv.anim_t()
a_row.init()
a_row.set_var(cont)
a_row.set_values(0, 10)
a_row.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a_row.set_time(500)
a_row.set_playback_time(500)
a_row.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: row_gap_anim(cont,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a_row)

a_col = lv.anim_t()
a_col.init()
a_col.set_var(cont)
a_col.set_values(0, 10)
a_col.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a_col.set_time(500)
a_col.set_playback_time(500)
a_col.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: column_gap_anim(cont,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a_col)

```

### Demonstrate RTL direction on grid

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GRID && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Demonstrate RTL direction on grid
 */
void lv_example_grid_6(void)
{
    static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {60, 60, 60, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {45, 45, 45, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};

    /*Create a container with grid*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(cont, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);
    lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, row_dsc);

    lv_obj_t * label;
    lv_obj_t * obj;
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        uint8_t col = i % 3;
        uint8_t row = i / 3;

```

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```

    obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    /*Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
    *Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized*/
    lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                        LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, row, 1);

    label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%d,%d", col, row);
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
}
#endif

```

```

#
# Demonstrate RTL direction on grid
#
col_dsc = [60, 60, 60, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [40, 40, 40, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Create a container with grid
cont = lv_obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_style_base_dir(lv.BASE_DIR.RTL, 0)
cont.set_grid_dsc_array(col_dsc, row_dsc)

for i in range(9):
    col = i % 3
    row = i // 3

    obj = lv_obj(cont)
    # Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
    # Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized
    obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                    lv.GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, row, 1)

    label = lv_label(obj)
    label.set_text("{:d},{:d}".format(col, row))
    label.center()

```

## 2.6 Scrolling

### 2.6.1 Nested scrolling

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Demonstrate how scrolling appears automatically
 */

```

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```

void lv_example_scroll_1(void)
{
    /*Create an object with the new style*/
    lv_obj_t * panel = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(panel, 200, 200);
    lv_obj_center(panel);

    lv_obj_t * child;
    lv_obj_t * label;

    child = lv_obj_create(panel);
    lv_obj_set_pos(child, 0, 0);
    lv_obj_set_size(child, 70, 70);
    label = lv_label_create(child);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Zero");
    lv_obj_center(label);

    child = lv_obj_create(panel);
    lv_obj_set_pos(child, 160, 80);
    lv_obj_set_size(child, 80, 80);

    lv_obj_t * child2 = lv_btn_create(child);
    lv_obj_set_size(child2, 100, 50);

    label = lv_label_create(child2);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Right");
    lv_obj_center(label);

    child = lv_obj_create(panel);
    lv_obj_set_pos(child, 40, 160);
    lv_obj_set_size(child, 100, 70);
    label = lv_label_create(child);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Bottom");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Demonstrate how scrolling appears automatically
#
# Create an object with the new style
panel = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
panel.set_size(200, 200)
panel.center()

child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set_pos(0, 0)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set_text("Zero")
label.center()

child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set_pos(-40, 100)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set_text("Left")

```

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```

label.center()

child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set_pos(90, -30)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set_text("Top")
label.center()

child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set_pos(150, 80)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set_text("Right")
label.center()

child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set_pos(60, 170)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set_text("Bottom")
label.center()

```

## 2.6.2 Snapping

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_FLEX

static void sw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * sw = lv_event_get_target(e);

    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        lv_obj_t * list = lv_event_get_user_data(e);

        if(lv_obj_has_state(sw, LV_STATE_CHECKED)) lv_obj_add_flag(list, LV_OBJ_FLAG_
↪SCROLL_ONE);
        else lv_obj_clear_flag(list, LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_ONE);
    }
}

/**
 * Show an example to scroll snap
 */
void lv_example_scroll_2(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * panel = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(panel, 280, 120);
    lv_obj_set_scroll_snap_x(panel, LV_SCROLL_SNAP_CENTER);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(panel, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW);
    lv_obj_align(panel, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 20);

    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(panel);

```

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```

    lv_obj_set_size(btn, 150, lv_pct(100));

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);
    if(i == 3) {
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Panel %"LV_PRIu32"\nno snap", i);
        lv_obj_clear_flag(btn, LV_OBJ_FLAG_SNAPPABLE);
    }
    else {
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Panel %"LV_PRIu32, i);
    }

    lv_obj_center(label);
}
lv_obj_update_snap(panel, LV_ANIM_ON);

#if LV_USE_SWITCH
    /*Switch between "One scroll" and "Normal scroll" mode*/
    lv_obj_t * sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(sw, LV_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT, -20, 10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, sw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, panel);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "One scroll");
    lv_obj_align_to(label, sw, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 5);
#endif
}

#endif

```

```

def sw_event_cb(e, panel):

    code = e.get_code()
    sw = e.get_target()

    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:

        if sw.has_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED):
            panel.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.SCROLL_ONE)
        else:
            panel.clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.SCROLL_ONE)

#
# Show an example to scroll snap
#

panel = lv.obj(lv_scr_act())
panel.set_size(280, 150)
panel.set_scroll_snap_x(lv.SCROLL_SNAP.CENTER)
panel.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW)
panel.center()

for i in range(10):
    btn = lv.btn(panel)
    btn.set_size(150, 100)

    label = lv.label(btn)

```

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```

    if i == 3:
        label.set_text("Panel {:d}\nno snap".format(i))
        btn.clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.SNAPPABLE)
    else:
        label.set_text("Panel {:d}".format(i))
        label.center()

panel.update_snap(lv.ANIM.ON)

# Switch between "One scroll" and "Normal scroll" mode
sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_RIGHT, -20, 10)
sw.add_event_cb(lambda evt: sw_event_cb(evt, panel), lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set_text("One scroll")
label.align_to(sw, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 5)

```

### 2.6.3 Floating button

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_LIST

static uint32_t btn_cnt = 1;

static void float_btn_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * float_btn = lv_event_get_target(e);

    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        lv_obj_t * list = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
        char buf[32];
        lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "Track %d", (int)btn_cnt);
        lv_obj_t * list_btn = lv_list_add_btn(list, LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO, buf);
        btn_cnt++;

        lv_obj_move_foreground(float_btn);

        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(list_btn, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}

/**
 * Create a list a with a floating button
 */
void lv_example_scroll_3(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * list = lv_list_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(list, 280, 220);
    lv_obj_center(list);
}

```

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```

for(btn_cnt = 1; btn_cnt <= 2; btn_cnt++) {
    char buf[32];
    lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "Track %d", (int)btn_cnt);
    lv_list_add_btn(list, LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO, buf);
}

lv_obj_t * float_btn = lv_btn_create(list);
lv_obj_set_size(float_btn, 50, 50);
lv_obj_add_flag(float_btn, LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLOATING);
lv_obj_align(float_btn, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_RIGHT, 0, -lv_obj_get_style_pad_
↪right(list, LV_PART_MAIN));
lv_obj_add_event_cb(float_btn, float_btn_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, list);
lv_obj_set_style_radius(float_btn, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0);
lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_src(float_btn, LV_SYMBOL_PLUS, 0);
lv_obj_set_style_text_font(float_btn, lv_theme_get_font_large(float_btn), 0);
}

#endif

```

```

class ScrollExample_3():
    def __init__(self):
        self.btn_cnt = 1
        #
        # Create a list a with a floating button
        #

        list = lv.list(lv.scr_act())
        list.set_size(280, 220)
        list.center()

        for btn_cnt in range(2):
            list.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.AUDIO, "Track {:d}".format(btn_cnt))

        float_btn = lv.btn(list)
        float_btn.set_size(50, 50)
        float_btn.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.FLOATING)
        float_btn.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_RIGHT, 0, -list.get_style_pad_right(lv.PART.
↪MAIN))
        float_btn.add_event_cb(lambda evt: self.float_btn_event_cb(evt, list), lv.
↪EVENT.ALL, None)
        float_btn.set_style_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0)
        float_btn.set_style_bg_img_src(lv.SYMBOL.PLUS, 0)
        float_btn.set_style_text_font(lv.theme_get_font_large(float_btn), 0)

        def float_btn_event_cb(self, e, list):
            code = e.get_code()
            float_btn = e.get_target()

            if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
                list_btn = list.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.AUDIO, "Track {:d}".format(self.btn_
↪cnt))
                self.btn_cnt += 1

                float_btn.move_foreground()

                list_btn.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)

```

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```
scroll_example_3 = ScrollExample_3()
```

## 2.6.4 Styling the scrollbars

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_LIST

/**
 * Styling the scrollbars
 */
void lv_example_scroll_4(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 200, 100);
    lv_obj_center(obj);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text(label,
        "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.\n"
        "Etiam dictum, tortor vestibulum lacinia laoreet, mi neque.
↳consectetur neque, vel mattis odio dolor egestas ligula. \n"
        "Sed vestibulum sapien nulla, id convallis ex porttitor nec. \n"
        "Duis et massa eu libero accumsan faucibus a in arcu. \n"
        "Ut pulvinar odio lorem, vel tempus turpis condimentum quis.
↳Nam consectetur condimentum sem in auctor. \n"
        "Sed nisl augue, venenatis in blandit et, gravida ac tortor. \n"
        "Etiam dapibus elementum suscipit. \n"
        "Proin mollis sollicitudin convallis. \n"
        "Integer dapibus tempus arcu nec viverra. \n"
        "Donec molestie nulla enim, eu interdum velit placerat quis. \n"
        "Donec id efficitur risus, at molestie turpis. \n"
        "Suspendisse vestibulum consectetur nunc ut commodo. \n"
        "Fusce molestie rhoncus nisi sit amet tincidunt. \n"
        "Suspendisse a nunc ut magna ornare volutpat.");

    /*Remove the style of scrollbar to have clean start*/
    lv_obj_remove_style(obj, NULL, LV_PART_SCROLLBAR | LV_STATE_ANY);

    /*Create a transition the animate the some properties on state change*/
    static const lv_style_prop_t props[] = {LV_STYLE_BG_OPA, LV_STYLE_WIDTH, 0};
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t trans;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&trans, props, lv_anim_path_linear, 200, 0, NULL);

    /*Create a style for the scrollbars*/
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_width(&style, 4);           /*Width of the scrollbar*/
    lv_style_set_pad_right(&style, 5);       /*Space from the parallel side*/
    lv_style_set_pad_top(&style, 5);         /*Space from the perpendicular side*/
}
```

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```

lv_style_set_radius(&style, 2);
lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_70);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 3));
lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 2);
lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style, 8);
lv_style_set_shadow_spread(&style, 2);
lv_style_set_shadow_color(&style, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 1));

lv_style_set_transition(&style, &trans);

/*Make the scrollbars wider and use 100% opacity when scrolled*/
static lv_style_t style_scrolled;
lv_style_init(&style_scrolled);
lv_style_set_width(&style_scrolled, 8);
lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_scrolled, LV_OPA_COVER);

lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, LV_PART_SCROLLBAR);
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_scrolled, LV_PART_SCROLLBAR | LV_STATE_SCROLLED);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Styling the scrollbars
#
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.set_size(200, 100)
obj.center()

label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text(
    """
    Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.
    Etiam dictum, tortor vestibulum lacinia laoreet, mi neque consectetur neque, vel
    ↪mattis odio dolor egestas ligula.
    Sed vestibulum sapien nulla, id convallis ex porttitor nec.
    Duis et massa eu libero accumsan faucibus a in arcu.
    Ut pulvinar odio lorem, vel tempus turpis condimentum quis. Nam consectetur
    ↪condimentum sem in auctor.
    Sed nisl augue, venenatis in blandit et, gravida ac tortor.
    Etiam dapibus elementum suscipit.
    Proin mollis sollicitudin convallis.
    Integer dapibus tempus arcu nec viverra.
    Donec molestie nulla enim, eu interdum velit placerat quis.
    Donec id efficitur risus, at molestie turpis.
    Suspendisse vestibulum consectetur nunc ut commodo.
    Fusce molestie rhoncus nisi sit amet tincidunt.
    Suspendisse a nunc ut magna ornare volutpat.
    """)

# Remove the style of scrollbar to have clean start
obj.remove_style(None, lv.PART.SCROLLBAR | lv.STATE.ANY)

```

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```

# Create a transition the animate the some properties on state change
props = [lv.STYLE.BG_OPA, lv.STYLE.WIDTH, 0]
trans = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
trans.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 200, 0, None)

# Create a style for the scrollbars
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_width(4)           # Width of the scrollbar
style.set_pad_right(5)       # Space from the parallel side
style.set_pad_top(5)         # Space from the perpendicular side

style.set_radius(2)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA._70)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 3))
style.set_border_width(2)
style.set_shadow_width(8)
style.set_shadow_spread(2)
style.set_shadow_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 1))

style.set_transition(trans)

# Make the scrollbars wider and use 100% opacity when scrolled
style_scrolled = lv.style_t()
style_scrolled.init()
style_scrolled.set_width(8)
style_scrolled.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)

obj.add_style(style, lv.PART.SCROLLBAR)
obj.add_style(style_scrolled, lv.PART.SCROLLBAR | lv.STATE.SCROLLED)

```

## 2.6.5 Right to left scrolling

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_FONT_DEJAVU_16_PERSIAN_HEBREW

```

```

/**
 * Scrolling with Right To Left base direction
 */

```

```

void lv_example_scroll_5(void)
{

```

```

    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(obj, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 200, 100);
    lv_obj_center(obj);

```

```

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text(label,

```

ریزپردازنده گونه‌ای (Microcontroller) انگلیسی: (به میکروکنترلر "پورت‌های تایمر، (ROM) فقطخواندنی حافظه و (RAM) تصادفی دسترسی حافظه دارای که است →  
 و است، تراشه خود درون سریال)، پورت (Serial Port) ترتیبی درگاه و (I/O) خروجی و ورودی →  
 مدار میکروکنترلر، یک دیگر عبارت به کند. کنترل را دیگر ابزارهای تنه‌ای به می‌تواند →  
 خروجی و ورودی درگاه‌های تایمر، مانند دیگری اجزای و کوچک CPU یک از که است کوچکی مجتمع →  
 ("شده است. تشکیل حافظه و دیجیتالی و آنالوگ");

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```

lv_obj_set_width(label, 400);
lv_obj_set_style_text_font(label, &lv_font_dejavu_16_persian_hebrew, 0);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Scrolling with Right To Left base direction
#
obj = lv_obj(lv_scr_act())
obj.set_style_base_dir(lv.BASE_DIR.RTL, 0)
obj.set_size(200, 100)
obj.center()

label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("Microcontroller انگلیسی: به میکروکنترلر  

→ و ورودی پورتهای تایمر، (ROM) فقطخواندنی حافظه و (RAM) تصادفی دسترسی حافظه دارای  

→ میتواند و است، تراشه خود درون سریال، پورت (Serial Port) ترتیبی درگاه و (I/O) خروجی  

→ مجتمع مدار میکروکنترلر، یک دیگر عبارت به کند. کنترل را دیگر ابزارهای تنهائی به  

→ خروجی و ورودی درگاههای تایمر، مانند دیگری اجزای و کوچک CPU یک از که است کوچکی  

→ شده است. تشکیل حافظه و دیجیتالی و آنالوگ")
label.set_width(400)
label.set_style_text_font(lv.font_dejavu_16_persian_hebrew, 0)

```

## 2.6.6 Translate on scroll

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_FLEX

static void scroll_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_event_get_target(e);

    lv_area_t cont_a;
    lv_obj_get_coords(cont, &cont_a);
    lv_coord_t cont_y_center = cont_a.y1 + lv_area_get_height(&cont_a) / 2;

    lv_coord_t r = lv_obj_get_height(cont) * 7 / 10;
    uint32_t i;
    uint32_t child_cnt = lv_obj_get_child_cnt(cont);
    for(i = 0; i < child_cnt; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * child = lv_obj_get_child(cont, i);
        lv_area_t child_a;
        lv_obj_get_coords(child, &child_a);

        lv_coord_t child_y_center = child_a.y1 + lv_area_get_height(&child_a) / 2;

        lv_coord_t diff_y = child_y_center - cont_y_center;
        diff_y = LV_ABS(diff_y);

        /*Get the x of diff_y on a circle*/
        lv_coord_t x;
    }
}

```

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```

    /*If diff_y is out of the circle use the last point of the circle (the
↪radius)*/
    if(diff_y >= r) {
        x = r;
    }
    else {
        /*Use Pythagoras theorem to get x from radius and y*/
        uint32_t x_sqr = r * r - diff_y * diff_y;
        lv_sqrt_res_t res;
        lv_sqrt(x_sqr, &res, 0x8000); /*Use lvgl's built in sqrt root function*/
        x = r - res.i;
    }

    /*Translate the item by the calculated X coordinate*/
    lv_obj_set_style_translate_x(child, x, 0);

    /*Use some opacity with larger translations*/
    lv_opa_t opa = lv_map(x, 0, r, LV_OPA_TRANSP, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_obj_set_style_opa(child, LV_OPA_COVER - opa, 0);
}
}

/**
 * Translate the object as they scroll
 */
void lv_example_scroll_6(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 200, 200);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(cont, scroll_event_cb, LV_EVENT_SCROLL, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_style_radius(cont, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_clip_corner(cont, true, 0);
    lv_obj_set_scroll_dir(cont, LV_DIR_VER);
    lv_obj_set_scroll_snap_y(cont, LV_SCROLL_SNAP_CENTER);
    lv_obj_set_scrollbar_mode(cont, LV_SCROLLBAR_MODE_OFF);

    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(cont);
        lv_obj_set_width(btn, lv_pct(100));

        lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Button %"LV_PRIu32, i);
    }

    /*Update the buttons position manually for first*/
    lv_event_send(cont, LV_EVENT_SCROLL, NULL);

    /*Be sure the first button is in the middle*/
    lv_obj_scroll_to_view(lv_obj_get_child(cont, 0), LV_ANIM_OFF);
}

#endif

```

```

def scroll_event_cb(e):

    cont = e.get_target()

    cont_a = lv.area_t()
    cont.get_coords(cont_a)
    cont_y_center = cont_a.y1 + cont_a.get_height() // 2

    r = cont.get_height() * 7 // 10

    child_cnt = cont.get_child_cnt()
    for i in range(child_cnt):
        child = cont.get_child(i)
        child_a = lv.area_t()
        child.get_coords(child_a)

        child_y_center = child_a.y1 + child_a.get_height() // 2

        diff_y = child_y_center - cont_y_center
        diff_y = abs(diff_y)

        # Get the x of diff_y on a circle.

        # If diff_y is out of the circle use the last point of the circle (the radius)
        if diff_y >= r:
            x = r
        else:
            # Use Pythagoras theorem to get x from radius and y
            x_sqr = r * r - diff_y * diff_y
            res = lv.sqrt_res_t()
            lv.sqrt(x_sqr, res, 0x8000) # Use lvgl's built in sqrt root function
            x = r - res.i

        # Translate the item by the calculated X coordinate
        child.set_style_translate_x(x, 0)

        # Use some opacity with larger translations
        opa = lv.map(x, 0, r, lv.OPA.TRANSP, lv.OPA.COVER)
        child.set_style_opa(lv.OPA.COVER - opa, 0)

#
# Translate the object as they scroll
#

    cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
    cont.set_size(200, 200)
    cont.center()
    cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.COLUMN)
    cont.add_event_cb(scroll_event_cb, lv.EVENT.SCROLL, None)
    cont.set_style_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0)
    cont.set_style_clip_corner(True, 0)
    cont.set_scroll_dir(lv.DIR.VER)
    cont.set_scroll_snap_y(lv.SCROLL_SNAP.CENTER)
    cont.set_scrollbar_mode(lv.SCROLLBAR_MODE.OFF)

    for i in range(20):
        btn = lv.btn(cont)

```

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```

btn.set_width(lv.pct(100))

label = lv.label(btn)
label.set_text("Button " + str(i))

# Update the buttons position manually for first*
lv.event_send(cont, lv.EVENT.SCROLL, None)

# Be sure the first button is in the middle
#lv.obj.scroll_to_view(cont.get_child(0), lv.ANIM.OFF)
cont.get_child(0).scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.OFF)

```

## 2.7 Widgets

### 2.7.1 Base object

#### Base objects with custom styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_obj_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj1;
    obj1 = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(obj1, 100, 50);
    lv_obj_align(obj1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, -60, -30);

    static lv_style_t style_shadow;
    lv_style_init(&style_shadow);
    lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style_shadow, 10);
    lv_style_set_shadow_spread(&style_shadow, 5);
    lv_style_set_shadow_color(&style_shadow, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));

    lv_obj_t * obj2;
    obj2 = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj2, &style_shadow, 0);
    lv_obj_align(obj2, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 60, 30);
}
#endif

```

```

obj1 = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj1.set_size(100, 50)
obj1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, -60, -30)

style_shadow = lv.style_t()
style_shadow.init()
style_shadow.set_shadow_width(10)
style_shadow.set_shadow_spread(5)
style_shadow.set_shadow_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))

obj2 = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())

```

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```
obj2.add_style(style_shadow, 0)
obj2.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 60, 30)
```

### Make an object draggable

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void drag_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);

    lv_indev_t * indev = lv_indev_get_act();
    if(indev == NULL) return;

    lv_point_t vect;
    lv_indev_get_vect(indev, &vect);

    lv_coord_t x = lv_obj_get_x(obj) + vect.x;
    lv_coord_t y = lv_obj_get_y(obj) + vect.y;
    lv_obj_set_pos(obj, x, y);
}

/**
 * Make an object draggable.
 */
void lv_example_obj_2(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj;
    obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 150, 100);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(obj, drag_event_handler, LV_EVENT_PRESSING, NULL);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Drag me");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
#endif
```

```
def drag_event_handler(e):

    obj = e.get_target()

    indev = lv.indev_get_act()

    vect = lv.point_t()
    indev.get_vect(vect)
    x = obj.get_x() + vect.x
    y = obj.get_y() + vect.y
    obj.set_pos(x, y)
```

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```
#  
# Make an object draggable.  
#  
  
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())  
obj.set_size(150, 100)  
obj.add_event_cb(drag_event_handler, lv.EVENT.PRESSING, None)  
  
label = lv.label(obj)  
label.set_text("Drag me")  
label.center()
```

## 2.7.2 Arc

### Simple Arc

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"  
  
#if LV_USE_ARC && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES  
  
void lv_example_arc_1(void)  
{  
    /*Create an Arc*/  
    lv_obj_t * arc = lv_arc_create(lv_scr_act());  
    lv_obj_set_size(arc, 150, 150);  
    lv_arc_set_rotation(arc, 135);  
    lv_arc_set_bg_angles(arc, 0, 270);  
    lv_arc_set_value(arc, 40);  
    lv_obj_center(arc);  
}  
  
#endif
```

```
# Create an Arc  
arc = lv.arc(lv.scr_act())  
arc.set_end_angle(200)  
arc.set_size(150, 150)  
arc.center()
```

## Loader with Arc

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"

#if LV_USE_ARC && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void set_angle(void * obj, int32_t v)
{
    lv_arc_set_value(obj, v);
}

/**
 * Create an arc which acts as a loader.
 */
void lv_example_arc_2(void)
{
    /*Create an Arc*/
    lv_obj_t * arc = lv_arc_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_arc_set_rotation(arc, 270);
    lv_arc_set_bg_angles(arc, 0, 360);
    lv_obj_remove_style(arc, NULL, LV_PART_KNOB); /*Be sure the knob is not
↪displayed*/
    lv_obj_clear_flag(arc, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CLICKABLE); /*To not allow adjusting by
↪click*/
    lv_obj_center(arc);

    lv_anim_t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, arc);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_angle);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 1000);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE); /*Just for the demo*/
    lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&a, 500);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 100);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif
```

```
#
# An `lv_timer` to call periodically to set the angles of the arc
#
class ArcLoader():
    def __init__(self):
        self.a = 270

    def arc_loader_cb(self, tim, arc):
        # print(tim, arc)
        self.a += 5

        arc.set_end_angle(self.a)

        if self.a >= 270 + 360:
            tim._del()
```

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```

#
# Create an arc which acts as a loader.
#

# Create an Arc
arc = lv.arc(lv.scr_act())
arc.set_bg_angles(0, 360)
arc.set_angles(270, 270)
arc.center()

# create the loader
arc_loader = ArcLoader()

# Create an `lv_timer` to update the arc.

timer = lv.timer_create_basic()
timer.set_period(20)
timer.set_cb(lambda src: arc_loader.arc_loader_cb(timer, arc))

```

## 2.7.3 Bar

### Simple Bar

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_bar_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * bar1 = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(bar1, 200, 20);
    lv_obj_center(bar1);
    lv_bar_set_value(bar1, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
}

#endif

```

```

bar1 = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar1.set_size(200, 20)
bar1.center()
bar1.set_value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)

```



## Styling a bar

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Example of styling the bar
 */
void lv_example_bar_2(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style_bg;
    static lv_style_t style_indic;

    lv_style_init(&style_bg);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_bg, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_bg, 2);
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style_bg, 6); /*To make the indicator smaller*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_bg, 6);
    lv_style_set_anim_time(&style_bg, 1000);

    lv_style_init(&style_indic);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_indic, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_indic, 3);

    lv_obj_t * bar = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_remove_style_all(bar); /*To have a clean start*/
    lv_obj_add_style(bar, &style_bg, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(bar, &style_indic, LV_PART_INDICATOR);

    lv_obj_set_size(bar, 200, 20);
    lv_obj_center(bar);
    lv_bar_set_value(bar, 100, LV_ANIM_ON);
}

#endif
```

```
#
# Example of styling the bar
#
style_bg = lv.style_t()
style_indic = lv.style_t()

style_bg.init()
style_bg.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style_bg.set_border_width(2)
style_bg.set_pad_all(6) # To make the indicator smaller
style_bg.set_radius(6)
style_bg.set_anim_time(1000)

style_indic.init()
style_indic.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA_COVER)
style_indic.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style_indic.set_radius(3)

bar = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar.remove_style_all() # To have a clean start
```

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```

bar.add_style(style_bg, 0)
bar.add_style(style_indic, lv.PART.INDICATOR)

bar.set_size(200, 20)
bar.center()
bar.set_value(100, lv.ANIM.ON)

```

## Temperature meter

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void set_temp(void * bar, int32_t temp)
{
    lv_bar_set_value(bar, temp, LV_ANIM_ON);
}

/**
 * A temperature meter example
 */
void lv_example_bar_3(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style_indic;

    lv_style_init(&style_indic);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_indic, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_dir(&style_indic, LV_GRAD_DIR_VER);

    lv_obj_t * bar = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(bar, &style_indic, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
    lv_obj_set_size(bar, 20, 200);
    lv_obj_center(bar);
    lv_bar_set_range(bar, -20, 40);

    lv_anim_t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_temp);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, bar);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, -20, 40);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

```

```

def set_temp(bar, temp):
    bar.set_value(temp, lv.ANIM.ON)

```

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```

#
# A temperature meter example
#

style_indic = lv.style_t()

style_indic.init()
style_indic.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style_indic.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style_indic.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style_indic.set_bg_grad_dir(lv.GRAD_DIR.VER)

bar = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar.add_style(style_indic, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
bar.set_size(20, 200)
bar.center()
bar.set_range(-20, 40)

a = lv.anim_t()
a.init()
a.set_time(3000)
a.set_playback_time(3000)
a.set_var(bar)
a.set_values(-20, 40)
a.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a, val: set_temp(bar, val))
lv.anim_t.start(a)

```

## Stripe pattern and range value

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Bar with stripe pattern and ranged value
 */
void lv_example_bar_4(void)
{
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_skew_strip);
    static lv_style_t style_indic;

    lv_style_init(&style_indic);
    lv_style_set_bg_img_src(&style_indic, &img_skew_strip);
    lv_style_set_bg_img_tiled(&style_indic, true);
    lv_style_set_bg_img_opa(&style_indic, LV_OPA_30);

    lv_obj_t * bar = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(bar, &style_indic, LV_PART_INDICATOR);

    lv_obj_set_size(bar, 260, 20);
    lv_obj_center(bar);
    lv_bar_set_mode(bar, LV_BAR_MODE_RANGE);
    lv_bar_set_value(bar, 90, LV_ANIM_OFF);
}

```

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```

    lv_bar_set_start_value(bar, 20, LV_ANIM_OFF);
}

#endif

#
# get an icon
#
def get_icon(filename,xres,yres):
    try:
        sdl_filename = "../assets/" + filename + "_" + str(xres) + "x" + str(yres) +
        + "_argb8888.fnt"
        print("file name: ", sdl_filename)
        with open(sdl_filename,'rb') as f:
            icon_data = f.read()
    except:
        print("Could not find image file: " + filename)
        return None

    icon_dsc = lv.img_dsc_t(
        {
            "header": {"always_zero": 0, "w": xres, "h": yres, "cf": lv.img.CF.TRUE_
        + COLOR_ALPHA},
            "data": icon_data,
            "data_size": len(icon_data),
        }
    )
    return icon_dsc

#
# Bar with stripe pattern and ranged value
#

img_skew_strip_dsc = get_icon("img_skew_strip",80,20)
style_indic = lv.style_t()

style_indic.init()
style_indic.set_bg_img_src(img_skew_strip_dsc)
style_indic.set_bg_img_tiled(True)
style_indic.set_bg_img_opa(lv.OPA_30)

bar = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar.add_style(style_indic, lv.PART.INDICATOR)

bar.set_size(260, 20)
bar.center()
bar.set_mode(lv.bar.MODE.RANGE)
bar.set_value(90, lv.ANIM.OFF)
bar.set_start_value(20, lv.ANIM.OFF)

```

## Bar with LTR and RTL base direction

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Bar with LTR and RTL base direction
 */
void lv_example_bar_5(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * label;

    lv_obj_t * bar_ltr = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(bar_ltr, 200, 20);
    lv_bar_set_value(bar_ltr, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_obj_align(bar_ltr, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -30);

    label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Left to Right base direction");
    lv_obj_align_to(label, bar_ltr, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5);

    lv_obj_t * bar_rtl = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(bar_rtl, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);
    lv_obj_set_size(bar_rtl, 200, 20);
    lv_bar_set_value(bar_rtl, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_obj_align(bar_rtl, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 30);

    label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Right to Left base direction");
    lv_obj_align_to(label, bar_rtl, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5);
}

#endif
```

```
#
# Bar with LTR and RTL base direction
#

bar_ltr = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar_ltr.set_size(200, 20)
bar_ltr.set_value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
bar_ltr.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -30)

label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set_text("Left to Right base direction")
label.align_to(bar_ltr, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5)

bar_rtl = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar_rtl.set_style_base_dir(lv.BASE_DIR.RTL, 0)
bar_rtl.set_size(200, 20)
bar_rtl.set_value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
bar_rtl.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 30)

label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set_text("Right to Left base direction")
label.align_to(bar_rtl, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5)
```

## Custom drawer to show the current value

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void set_value(void * bar, int32_t v)
{
    lv_bar_set_value(bar, v, LV_ANIM_OFF);
}

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_param(e);
    if(dsc->part != LV_PART_INDICATOR) return;

    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);

    lv_draw_label_dsc_t label_dsc;
    lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&label_dsc);
    label_dsc.font = LV_FONT_DEFAULT;

    char buf[8];
    lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%d", (int)lv_bar_get_value(obj));

    lv_point_t txt_size;
    lv_txt_get_size(&txt_size, buf, label_dsc.font, label_dsc.letter_space, label_dsc.
↪line_space, LV_COORD_MAX,
                    label_dsc.flag);

    lv_area_t txt_area;
    /*If the indicator is long enough put the text inside on the right*/
    if(lv_area_get_width(dsc->draw_area) > txt_size.x + 20) {
        txt_area.x2 = dsc->draw_area->x2 - 5;
        txt_area.x1 = txt_area.x2 - txt_size.x + 1;
        label_dsc.color = lv_color_white();
    }
    /*If the indicator is still short put the text out of it on the right*/
    else {
        txt_area.x1 = dsc->draw_area->x2 + 5;
        txt_area.x2 = txt_area.x1 + txt_size.x - 1;
        label_dsc.color = lv_color_black();
    }

    txt_area.y1 = dsc->draw_area->y1 + (lv_area_get_height(dsc->draw_area) - txt_size.
↪y) / 2;
    txt_area.y2 = txt_area.y1 + txt_size.y - 1;

    lv_draw_label(dsc->draw_ctx, &label_dsc, &txt_area, buf, NULL);
}

/**
 * Custom drawer on the bar to display the current value
 */
void lv_example_bar_6(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * bar = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(bar, event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END, NULL);
}

```

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```

lv_obj_set_size(bar, 200, 20);
lv_obj_center(bar);

lv_anim_t a;
lv_anim_init(&a);
lv_anim_set_var(&a, bar);
lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 100);
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_value);
lv_anim_set_time(&a, 2000);
lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 2000);
lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

def set_value(bar, v):
    bar.set_value(v, lv.ANIM.OFF)

def event_cb(e):
    dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    if dsc.part != lv.PART.INDICATOR:
        return

    obj = e.get_target()

    label_dsc = lv.draw_label_dsc_t()
    label_dsc.init()
    # label_dsc.font = LV_FONT_DEFAULT;

    value_txt = str(obj.get_value())
    txt_size = lv.point_t()
    lv.txt_get_size(txt_size, value_txt, label_dsc.font, label_dsc.letter_space,
    ↪ label_dsc.line_space, lv.COORD.MAX, label_dsc.flag)

    txt_area = lv.area_t()
    # If the indicator is long enough put the text inside on the right
    if dsc.draw_area.get_width() > txt_size.x + 20:
        txt_area.x2 = dsc.draw_area.x2 - 5
        txt_area.x1 = txt_area.x2 - txt_size.x + 1
        label_dsc.color = lv.color_white()
    # If the indicator is still short put the text out of it on the right*/
    else:
        txt_area.x1 = dsc.draw_area.x2 + 5
        txt_area.x2 = txt_area.x1 + txt_size.x - 1
        label_dsc.color = lv.color_black()

    txt_area.y1 = dsc.draw_area.y1 + (dsc.draw_area.get_height() - txt_size.y) // 2
    txt_area.y2 = txt_area.y1 + txt_size.y - 1

    dsc.draw_ctx.label(label_dsc, txt_area, value_txt, None)

#
# Custom drawer on the bar to display the current value
#

```

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```

bar = lv_bar(lv_scr_act())
bar.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT_DRAW_PART_END, None)
bar.set_size(200, 20)
bar.center()

a = lv_anim_t()
a.init()
a.set_var(bar)
a.set_values(0, 100)
a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a, val: set_value(bar, val))
a.set_time(2000)
a.set_playback_time(2000)
a.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
lv_anim_t.start(a)

```

## 2.7.4 Button

### Simple Buttons

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BTN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);

    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        LV_LOG_USER("Clicked");
    }
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        LV_LOG_USER("Toggled");
    }
}

void lv_example_btn_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * label;

    lv_obj_t * btn1 = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn1, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_align(btn1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -40);

    label = lv_label_create(btn1);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Button");
    lv_obj_center(label);

    lv_obj_t * btn2 = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn2, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_align(btn2, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 40);
    lv_obj_add_flag(btn2, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CHECKABLE);
    lv_obj_set_height(btn2, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
}

```

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```

    label = lv_label_create(btn2);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Toggle");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
#endif

```

```

def event_handler(evt):
    code = evt.get_code()

    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        print("Clicked event seen")
    elif code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        print("Value changed seen")

# create a simple button
btn1 = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())

# attach the callback
btn1.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

btn1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -40)
label=lv.label(btn1)
label.set_text("Button")

# create a toggle button
btn2 = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())

# attach the callback
#btn2.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
btn2.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

btn2.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 40)
btn2.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.CHECKABLE)
btn2.set_height(lv.SIZE.CONTENT)

label=lv.label(btn2)
label.set_text("Toggle")
label.center()

```

## Styling buttons

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BTN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Style a button from scratch
 */
void lv_example_btn_2(void)
{
    /*Init the style for the default state*/
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 3);

```

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```

lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_100);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 2));
lv_style_set_bg_grad_dir(&style, LV_GRAD_DIR_VER);

lv_style_set_border_opa(&style, LV_OPA_40);
lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 2);
lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));

lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style, 8);
lv_style_set_shadow_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));
lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_y(&style, 8);

lv_style_set_outline_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
lv_style_set_outline_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));

lv_style_set_text_color(&style, lv_color_white());
lv_style_set_pad_all(&style, 10);

/*Init the pressed style*/
static lv_style_t style_pr;
lv_style_init(&style_pr);

/*Add a large outline when pressed*/
lv_style_set_outline_width(&style_pr, 30);
lv_style_set_outline_opa(&style_pr, LV_OPA_TRANSP);

lv_style_set_translate_y(&style_pr, 5);
lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_y(&style_pr, 3);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_pr, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 2));
lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style_pr, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 4));

/*Add a transition to the outline*/
static lv_style_transition_dsc_t trans;
static lv_style_prop_t props[] = {LV_STYLE_OUTLINE_WIDTH, LV_STYLE_OUTLINE_OPA, 0}
↪;
lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&trans, props, lv_anim_path_linear, 300, 0, NULL);

lv_style_set_transition(&style_pr, &trans);

lv_obj_t * btn1 = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_remove_style_all(btn1);
↪from the theme*/
lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style, 0);
lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_pr, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
lv_obj_set_size(btn1, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
lv_obj_center(btn1);

lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn1);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Button");
lv_obj_center(label);
}
#endif

```

#

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```

# Style a button from scratch
#

# Init the style for the default state
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()

style.set_radius(3)

style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 2))
style.set_bg_grad_dir(lv.GRAD_DIR.VER)

style.set_border_opa(lv.OPA._40)
style.set_border_width(2)
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))

style.set_shadow_width(8)
style.set_shadow_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
style.set_shadow_ofs_y(8)

style.set_outline_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_outline_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))

style.set_text_color(lv.color_white())
style.set_pad_all(10)

# Init the pressed style
style_pr = lv.style_t()
style_pr.init()

# Add a large outline when pressed
style_pr.set_outline_width(30)
style_pr.set_outline_opa(lv.OPA.TRANSP)

style_pr.set_translate_y(5)
style_pr.set_shadow_ofs_y(3)
style_pr.set_bg_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 2))
style_pr.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 4))

# Add a transition to the outline
trans = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
props = [lv.STYLE.OUTLINE_WIDTH, lv.STYLE.OUTLINE_OPA, 0]
trans.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 300, 0, None)

style_pr.set_transition(trans)

btn1 = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
btn1.remove_style_all()
# Remove the style coming from the
↪ theme
btn1.add_style(style, 0)
btn1.add_style(style_pr, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
btn1.set_size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
btn1.center()

label = lv.label(btn1)

```

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```
label.set_text("Button")
label.center()
```

## Gummy button

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_BTN

/**
 * Create a style transition on a button to act like a gum when clicked
 */
void lv_example_btn_3(void)
{
    /*Properties to transition*/
    static lv_style_prop_t props[] = {
        LV_STYLE_TRANSFORM_WIDTH, LV_STYLE_TRANSFORM_HEIGHT, LV_STYLE_TEXT_LETTER_
↪SPACE, 0
    };

    /*Transition descriptor when going back to the default state.
     *Add some delay to be sure the press transition is visible even if the press was
↪very short*/
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t transition_dsc_def;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&transition_dsc_def, props, lv_anim_path_overshoot,
↪250, 100, NULL);

    /*Transition descriptor when going to pressed state.
     *No delay, go to presses state immediately*/
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t transition_dsc_pr;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&transition_dsc_pr, props, lv_anim_path_ease_in_out,
↪250, 0, NULL);

    /*Add only the new transition to the default state*/
    static lv_style_t style_def;
    lv_style_init(&style_def);
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_def, &transition_dsc_def);

    /*Add the transition and some transformation to the presses state.*/
    static lv_style_t style_pr;
    lv_style_init(&style_pr);
    lv_style_set_transform_width(&style_pr, 10);
    lv_style_set_transform_height(&style_pr, -10);
    lv_style_set_text_letter_space(&style_pr, 10);
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_pr, &transition_dsc_pr);

    lv_obj_t * btn1 = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(btn1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -80);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_pr, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_def, 0);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn1);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Gum");
}
#endif
```

```

#
# Create a style transition on a button to act like a gum when clicked
#

# Properties to transition
props = [lv.STYLE.TRANSFORM_WIDTH, lv.STYLE.TRANSFORM_HEIGHT, lv.STYLE.TEXT_LETTER_
↳SPACE, 0]

# Transition descriptor when going back to the default state.
# Add some delay to be sure the press transition is visible even if the press was_
↳very short*/
transition_dsc_def = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
transition_dsc_def.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_overshoot, 250, 100, None)

# Transition descriptor when going to pressed state.
# No delay, go to pressed state immediately
transition_dsc_pr = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
transition_dsc_pr.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_ease_in_out, 250, 0, None)

# Add only the new transition to the default state
style_def = lv.style_t()
style_def.init()
style_def.set_transition(transition_dsc_def)

# Add the transition and some transformation to the presses state.
style_pr = lv.style_t()
style_pr.init()
style_pr.set_transform_width(10)
style_pr.set_transform_height(-10)
style_pr.set_text_letter_space(10)
style_pr.set_transition(transition_dsc_pr)

btn1 = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
btn1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -80)
btn1.add_style(style_pr, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
btn1.add_style(style_def, 0)

label = lv.label(btn1)
label.set_text("Gum")

```

## 2.7.5 Button matrix

### Simple Button matrix

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BTNMATRIX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        uint32_t id = lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(obj);
        const char * txt = lv_btnmatrix_get_btn_text(obj, id);
    }
}

```

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```

        LV_LOG_USER("%s was pressed\n", txt);
    }
}

static const char * btnm_map[] = {"1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "\n",
                                   "6", "7", "8", "9", "0", "\n",
                                   "Action1", "Action2", ""
                                   };

void lv_example_btnmatrix_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * btnm1 = lv_btnmatrix_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_btnmatrix_set_map(btnm1, btnm_map);
    lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_width(btnm1, 10, 2);           /*Make "Action1" twice as wide_
↪as "Action2"*/
    lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(btnm1, 10, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE);
    lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(btnm1, 11, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKED);
    lv_obj_align(btnm1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btnm1, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}

#endif

```

```

def event_handler(evt):
    code = evt.get_code()
    obj = evt.get_target()

    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED :
        id = obj.get_selected_btn()
        txt = obj.get_btn_text(id)

        print("%s was pressed"%txt)

btnm_map = ["1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "\n",
            "6", "7", "8", "9", "0", "\n",
            "Action1", "Action2", ""]

btnm1 = lv.btnmatrix(lv.scr_act())
btnm1.set_map(btnm_map)
btnm1.set_btn_width(10, 2)           # Make "Action1" twice as wide as "Action2"
btnm1.set_btn_ctrl(10, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKABLE)
btnm1.set_btn_ctrl(11, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKED)
btnm1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
btnm1.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

#endif

```

## Custom buttons

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BTNMATRIX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN) {
        lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_param(e);

        /*Change the draw descriptor the 2nd button*/
        if(dsc->id == 1) {
            dsc->rect_dsc->radius = 0;
            if(lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(obj) == dsc->id) dsc->rect_dsc->bg_
↪ color = lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 3);
            else dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE);

            dsc->rect_dsc->shadow_width = 6;
            dsc->rect_dsc->shadow_ofs_x = 3;
            dsc->rect_dsc->shadow_ofs_y = 3;
            dsc->label_dsc->color = lv_color_white();
        }
        /*Change the draw descriptor the 3rd button*/
        else if(dsc->id == 2) {
            dsc->rect_dsc->radius = LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE;
            if(lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(obj) == dsc->id) dsc->rect_dsc->bg_
↪ color = lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_RED, 3);
            else dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED);

            dsc->label_dsc->color = lv_color_white();
        }
        else if(dsc->id == 3) {
            dsc->label_dsc->opa = LV_OPA_TRANSP; /*Hide the text if any*/
        }
    }
    if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END) {
        lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_param(e);

        /*Add custom content to the 4th button when the button itself was drawn*/
        if(dsc->id == 3) {
            LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_star);
            lv_img_header_t header;
            lv_res_t res = lv_img_decoder_get_info(&img_star, &header);
            if(res != LV_RES_OK) return;

            lv_area_t a;
            a.x1 = dsc->draw_area->x1 + (lv_area_get_width(dsc->draw_area) - header.
↪ w) / 2;
            a.x2 = a.x1 + header.w - 1;
            a.y1 = dsc->draw_area->y1 + (lv_area_get_height(dsc->draw_area) - header.
↪ h) / 2;
            a.y2 = a.y1 + header.h - 1;
        }
    }
}
#endif

```

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```

        lv_draw_img_dsc_t img_draw_dsc;
        lv_draw_img_dsc_init(&img_draw_dsc);
        img_draw_dsc.recolor = lv_color_black();
        if(lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(obj) == dsc->id) img_draw_dsc.recolor_
↪ opa = LV_OPA_30;

        lv_draw_img(dsc->draw_ctx, &img_draw_dsc, &a, &img_star);
    }
}

/**
 * Add custom drawer to the button matrix to customize buttons one by one
 */
void lv_example_btnmatrix_2(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * btnm = lv_btnmatrix_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btnm, event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_center(btnm);
}

#endif

```

```

from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/img_star.png', 'rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find star.png")
    sys.exit()

img_star_argb = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(png_data),
    'data': png_data
})

def event_cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    if code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN:
        # Change the draw descriptor the 2nd button
        if dsc.id == 1:
            dsc.rect_dsc.radius = 0
            if obj.get_selected_btn() == dsc.id:
                dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3)
            else:
                dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE)

```

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```

dsc.rect_dsc.shadow_width = 6
dsc.rect_dsc.shadow_ofs_x = 3
dsc.rect_dsc.shadow_ofs_y = 3
dsc.label_dsc.color = lv.color_white()

# Change the draw descriptor the 3rd button

elif dsc.id == 2:
    dsc.rect_dsc.radius = lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE
    if obj.get_selected_btn() == dsc.id:
        dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.RED, 3)
    else:
        dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED)

        dsc.label_dsc.color = lv.color_white()
elif dsc.id == 3:
    dsc.label_dsc.opa = lv.OPA.TRANSP # Hide the text if any

if code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_END:
    # Add custom content to the 4th button when the button itself was drawn
    if dsc.id == 3:
        # LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_star)
        header = lv.img_header_t()
        res = lv.img.decoder_get_info(img_star_argb, header)
        if res != lv.RES.OK:
            print("error when getting image header")
            return
        else:
            a = lv.area_t()
            a.x1 = dsc.draw_area.x1 + (dsc.draw_area.get_width() - header.w) // 2
            a.x2 = a.x1 + header.w - 1
            a.y1 = dsc.draw_area.y1 + (dsc.draw_area.get_height() - header.h) // 2
            a.y2 = a.y1 + header.h - 1
            img_draw_dsc = lv.draw_img_dsc_t()
            img_draw_dsc.init()
            img_draw_dsc.recolor = lv.color_black()
            if obj.get_selected_btn() == dsc.id:
                img_draw_dsc.recolor_opa = lv.OPA._30

            dsc.draw_ctx.img(img_draw_dsc, a, img_star_argb)

#
# Add custom drawer to the button matrix to c
#
btnm = lv.btnmatrix(lv.scr_act())
btnm.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btnm.center()

```

## Pagination

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BTNMATRIX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    uint32_t id = lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(obj);
    bool prev = id == 0 ? true : false;
    bool next = id == 6 ? true : false;
    if(prev || next) {
        /*Find the checked button*/
        uint32_t i;
        for(i = 1; i < 7; i++) {
            if(lv_btnmatrix_has_btn_ctrl(obj, i, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKED)) break;
        }

        if(prev && i > 1) i--;
        else if(next && i < 5) i++;

        lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(obj, i, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKED);
    }
}

/**
 * Make a button group (pagination)
 */
void lv_example_btnmatrix_3(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style_bg;
    lv_style_init(&style_bg);
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style_bg, 0);
    lv_style_set_pad_gap(&style_bg, 0);
    lv_style_set_clip_corner(&style_bg, true);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_bg, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_bg, 0);

    static lv_style_t style_btn;
    lv_style_init(&style_btn);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_btn, 0);
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_btn, 1);
    lv_style_set_border_opa(&style_btn, LV_OPA_50);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_btn, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));
    lv_style_set_border_side(&style_btn, LV_BORDER_SIDE_INTERNAL);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_btn, 0);

    static const char * map[] = {LV_SYMBOL_LEFT, "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", LV_SYMBOL_
↵RIGHT, ""};

    lv_obj_t * btnm = lv_btnmatrix_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_btnmatrix_set_map(btnm, map);
    lv_obj_add_style(btnm, &style_bg, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(btnm, &style_btn, LV_PART_ITEMS);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btnm, event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_size(btnm, 225, 35);
}
```

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```

    /*Allow selecting on one number at time*/
    lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl_all(btnm, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE);
    lv_btnmatrix_clear_btn_ctrl(btnm, 0, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE);
    lv_btnmatrix_clear_btn_ctrl(btnm, 6, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE);

    lv_btnmatrix_set_one_checked(btnm, true);
    lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(btnm, 1, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKED);

    lv_obj_center(btnm);
}

#endif

```

```

def event_cb(e):
    obj = e.get_target()
    id = obj.get_selected_btn()
    if id == 0:
        prev = True
    else:
        prev = False
    if id == 6:
        next = True
    else:
        next = False
    if prev or next:
        # Find the checked butto
        for i in range(7):
            if obj.has_btn_ctrl(i, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKED):
                break
        if prev and i > 1:
            i-=1
        elif next and i < 5:
            i+=1

        obj.set_btn_ctrl(i, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKED)

#
# Make a button group
#

style_bg = lv.style_t()
style_bg.init()
style_bg.set_pad_all(0)
style_bg.set_pad_gap(0)
style_bg.set_clip_corner(True)
style_bg.set_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE)
style_bg.set_border_width(0)

style_btn = lv.style_t()
style_btn.init()
style_btn.set_radius(0)
style_btn.set_border_width(1)
style_btn.set_border_opa(lv.OPA._50)

```

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```

style_btn.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
style_btn.set_border_side(lv.BORDER_SIDE.INTERNAL)
style_btn.set_radius(0)

map = [lv.SYMBOL.LEFT, "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", lv.SYMBOL.RIGHT, ""]

btnm = lv.btnmatrix(lv.scr_act())
btnm.set_map(map)
btnm.add_style(style_bg, 0)
btnm.add_style(style_btn, lv.PART.ITEMS)
btnm.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
btnm.set_size(225, 35)

# Allow selecting on one number at time
btnm.set_btn_ctrl_all(lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKABLE)
btnm.clear_btn_ctrl(0, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKABLE)
btnm.clear_btn_ctrl(6, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKABLE)

btnm.set_one_checked(True)
btnm.set_btn_ctrl(1, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKED)

btnm.center()

```

## 2.7.6 Calendar

### Calendar with header

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CALENDAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_current_target(e);

    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        lv_calendar_date_t date;
        if(lv_calendar_get_pressed_date(obj, &date)) {
            LV_LOG_USER("Clicked date: %02d.%02d.%d", date.day, date.month, date.
↪year);
        }
    }
}

void lv_example_calendar_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * calendar = lv_calendar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(calendar, 185, 185);
    lv_obj_align(calendar, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 27);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(calendar, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

    lv_calendar_set_today_date(calendar, 2021, 02, 23);
    lv_calendar_set_showed_date(calendar, 2021, 02);

```

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```

    /*Highlight a few days*/
    static lv_calendar_date_t highlighted_days[3];           /*Only its pointer will be
    ↪ saved so should be static*/
    highlighted_days[0].year = 2021;
    highlighted_days[0].month = 02;
    highlighted_days[0].day = 6;

    highlighted_days[1].year = 2021;
    highlighted_days[1].month = 02;
    highlighted_days[1].day = 11;

    highlighted_days[2].year = 2022;
    highlighted_days[2].month = 02;
    highlighted_days[2].day = 22;

    lv_calendar_set_highlighted_dates(calendar, highlighted_days, 3);

    #if LV_USE_CALENDAR_HEADER_DROPDOWN
        lv_calendar_header_dropdown_create(calendar);
    #elif LV_USE_CALENDAR_HEADER_ARROW
        lv_calendar_header_arrow_create(calendar);
    #endif
    lv_calendar_set_showed_date(calendar, 2021, 10);
}

#endif

```

```

def event_handler(evt):
    code = evt.get_code()

    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        source = evt.get_current_target()
        date = lv.calendar_date_t()
        if source.get_pressed_date(date) == lv.RES.OK:
            calendar.set_today_date(date.year, date.month, date.day)
            print("Clicked date: %02d.%02d.%02d"%(date.day, date.month, date.year))

calendar = lv.calendar(lv.scr_act())
calendar.set_size(200, 200)
calendar.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 20)
calendar.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

calendar.set_today_date(2021, 02, 23)
calendar.set_showed_date(2021, 02)

# Highlight a few days
highlighted_days=[
    lv.calendar_date_t({'year':2021, 'month':2, 'day':6}),
    lv.calendar_date_t({'year':2021, 'month':2, 'day':11}),
    lv.calendar_date_t({'year':2021, 'month':2, 'day':22})
]

calendar.set_highlighted_dates(highlighted_days, len(highlighted_days))

```

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```
lv_calendar_header_dropdown(calendar)
```

## 2.7.7 Canvas

### Drawing on the Canvas and rotate

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CANVAS && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

#define CANVAS_WIDTH 200
#define CANVAS_HEIGHT 150

void lv_example_canvas_1(void)
{
    lv_draw_rect_dsc_t rect_dsc;
    lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&rect_dsc);
    rect_dsc.radius = 10;
    rect_dsc.bg_opa = LV_OPA_COVER;
    rect_dsc.bg_grad.dir = LV_GRAD_DIR_HOR;
    rect_dsc.bg_grad.stops[0].color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED);
    rect_dsc.bg_grad.stops[1].color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE);
    rect_dsc.border_width = 2;
    rect_dsc.border_opa = LV_OPA_90;
    rect_dsc.border_color = lv_color_white();
    rect_dsc.shadow_width = 5;
    rect_dsc.shadow_ofs_x = 5;
    rect_dsc.shadow_ofs_y = 5;

    lv_draw_label_dsc_t label_dsc;
    lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&label_dsc);
    label_dsc.color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_ORANGE);

    static lv_color_t cbuf[LV_CANVAS_BUF_SIZE_TRUE_COLOR(CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_
↪HEIGHT)];

    lv_obj_t * canvas = lv_canvas_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_canvas_set_buffer(canvas, cbuf, CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_HEIGHT, LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_
↪COLOR);
    lv_obj_center(canvas);
    lv_canvas_fill_bg(canvas, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 3), LV_OPA_COVER);

    lv_canvas_draw_rect(canvas, 70, 60, 100, 70, &rect_dsc);

    lv_canvas_draw_text(canvas, 40, 20, 100, &label_dsc, "Some text on text canvas");

    /*Test the rotation. It requires another buffer where the original image is
↪stored.
    *So copy the current image to buffer and rotate it to the canvas*/
    static lv_color_t cbuf_tmp[CANVAS_WIDTH * CANVAS_HEIGHT];
    memcpy(cbuf_tmp, cbuf, sizeof(cbuf_tmp));
    lv_img_dsc_t img;
    img.data = (void *)cbuf_tmp;
```

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```

img.header.cf = LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR;
img.header.w = CANVAS_WIDTH;
img.header.h = CANVAS_HEIGHT;

lv_canvas_fill_bg(canvas, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 3), LV_OPA_COVER);
lv_canvas_transform(canvas, &img, 120, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE, 0, 0, CANVAS_WIDTH / 2,
↪ CANVAS_HEIGHT / 2, true);
}

#endif

```

```

_CANVAS_WIDTH = 200
_CANVAS_HEIGHT = 150
LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE = 256

rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
rect_dsc.init()
rect_dsc.radius = 10
rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA_COVER
rect_dsc.bg_grad.dir = lv.GRAD_DIR_HOR
rect_dsc.bg_grad.stops[0].color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE_RED)
rect_dsc.bg_grad.stops[1].color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE_BLUE)
rect_dsc.border_width = 2
rect_dsc.border_opa = lv.OPA_90
rect_dsc.border_color = lv.color_white()
rect_dsc.shadow_width = 5
rect_dsc.shadow_ofs_x = 5
rect_dsc.shadow_ofs_y = 5

label_dsc = lv.draw_label_dsc_t()
label_dsc.init()
label_dsc.color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE_YELLOW)

cbuf = bytearray(_CANVAS_WIDTH * _CANVAS_HEIGHT * 4)

canvas = lv.canvas(lv.scr_act())
canvas.set_buffer(cbuf, _CANVAS_WIDTH, _CANVAS_HEIGHT, lv.img.cf.TRUE_COLOR)
canvas.center()
canvas.fill_bg(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE_GREY, 3), lv.OPA_COVER)

canvas.draw_rect(70, 60, 100, 70, rect_dsc)
canvas.draw_text(40, 20, 100, label_dsc, "Some text on text canvas")

# Test the rotation. It requires another buffer where the original image is stored.
# So copy the current image to buffer and rotate it to the canvas

img = lv.img_dsc_t()
img.data = cbuf[:]
img.header.cf = lv.img.cf.TRUE_COLOR
img.header.w = _CANVAS_WIDTH
img.header.h = _CANVAS_HEIGHT

canvas.fill_bg(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE_GREY, 3), lv.OPA_COVER)
canvas.transform(img, 30, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE, 0, 0, _CANVAS_WIDTH // 2, _CANVAS_HEIGHT /
↪ / 2, True)

```

## Transparent Canvas with chroma keying

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CANVAS && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

#define CANVAS_WIDTH 50
#define CANVAS_HEIGHT 50

/**
 * Create a transparent canvas with Chroma keying and indexed color format (palette).
 */
void lv_example_canvas_2(void)
{
    /*Create a button to better see the transparency*/
    lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());

    /*Create a buffer for the canvas*/
    static lv_color_t cbuf[LV_CANVAS_BUF_SIZE_INDEXED_1BIT(CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_
↵HEIGHT)];

    /*Create a canvas and initialize its palette*/
    lv_obj_t * canvas = lv_canvas_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_canvas_set_buffer(canvas, cbuf, CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_HEIGHT, LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED_
↵1BIT);
    lv_canvas_set_palette(canvas, 0, LV_COLOR_CHROMA_KEY);
    lv_canvas_set_palette(canvas, 1, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));

    /*Create colors with the indices of the palette*/
    lv_color_t c0;
    lv_color_t c1;

    c0.full = 0;
    c1.full = 1;

    /*Red background (There is no dedicated alpha channel in indexed images so LV_OPA_
↵COVER is ignored)*/
    lv_canvas_fill_bg(canvas, c1, LV_OPA_COVER);

    /*Create hole on the canvas*/
    uint32_t x;
    uint32_t y;
    for(y = 10; y < 30; y++) {
        for(x = 5; x < 20; x++) {
            lv_canvas_set_px_color(canvas, x, y, c0);
        }
    }
}
#endif

```

```

CANVAS_WIDTH    = 50
CANVAS_HEIGHT   = 50
LV_COLOR_CHROMA_KEY = lv_color_hex(0x00ff00)

def LV_IMG_BUF_SIZE_ALPHA_1BIT(w, h):
    return int(((w / 8) + 1) * h)

```

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```

def LV_IMG_BUF_SIZE_INDEXED_1BIT(w, h):
    return LV_IMG_BUF_SIZE_ALPHA_1BIT(w, h) + 4 * 2

def LV_CANVAS_BUF_SIZE_INDEXED_1BIT(w, h):
    return LV_IMG_BUF_SIZE_INDEXED_1BIT(w, h)

#
# Create a transparent canvas with Chroma keying and indexed color format (palette).
#

# Create a button to better see the transparency
btn=lv.btn(lv.scr_act())

# Create a buffer for the canvas
cbuf= bytearray(LV_CANVAS_BUF_SIZE_INDEXED_1BIT(CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_HEIGHT))

# Create a canvas and initialize its palette
canvas = lv.canvas(lv.scr_act())
canvas.set_buffer(cbuf, CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_HEIGHT, lv.img.CF.INDEXED_1BIT)
canvas.set_palette(0, LV_COLOR_CHROMA_KEY)
canvas.set_palette(1, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))

# Create colors with the indices of the palette
c0 = lv.color_t()
c1 = lv.color_t()

c0.full = 0
c1.full = 1

# Red background (There is no dedicated alpha channel in indexed images so LV_OPA_
→COVER is ignored)
canvas.fill_bg(c1, lv.OPA.COVER)

# Create hole on the canvas
for y in range(10,30):
    for x in range(5,20):
        canvas.set_px(x, y, c0)

```

## 2.7.8 Chart

### Line Chart

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_chart_1(void)
{
    /*Create a chart*/
    lv_obj_t * chart;
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_center(chart);
    lv_chart_set_type(chart, LV_CHART_TYPE_LINE);    /*Show lines and points too*/
}

```

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```

/*Add two data series*/
lv_chart_series_t * ser1 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
lv_chart_series_t * ser2 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪GREEN), LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y);

/*Set the next points on 'ser1'*/
lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 30);
lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 70);
lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 90);

/*Directly set points on 'ser2'*/
ser2->y_points[0] = 90;
ser2->y_points[1] = 70;
ser2->y_points[2] = 65;
ser2->y_points[3] = 65;
ser2->y_points[4] = 65;
ser2->y_points[5] = 65;
ser2->y_points[6] = 65;
ser2->y_points[7] = 65;
ser2->y_points[8] = 65;
ser2->y_points[9] = 65;

lv_chart_refresh(chart); /*Required after direct set*/
}

#endif

```

```

# Create a chart
chart = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
chart.set_size(200, 150)
chart.center()
chart.set_type(lv.chart.TYPE.LINE) # Show lines and points too

# Add two data series
ser1 = chart.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
ser2 = chart.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN), lv.chart.AXIS.SECONDARY_Y)
print(ser2)
# Set next points on ser1
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,30)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,70)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,90)

```

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```
# Directly set points on 'ser2'
ser2.y_points = [90, 70, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65]
chart.refresh()      # Required after direct set
```

### Faded area line chart with custom division lines

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_DRAW_COMPLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * chart1;
static lv_chart_series_t * ser1;
static lv_chart_series_t * ser2;

static void draw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);

    /*Add the faded area before the lines are drawn*/
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
    if(dsc->part == LV_PART_ITEMS) {
        if(!dsc->p1 || !dsc->p2) return;

        /*Add a line mask that keeps the area below the line*/
        lv_draw_mask_line_param_t line_mask_param;
        lv_draw_mask_line_points_init(&line_mask_param, dsc->p1->x, dsc->p1->y, dsc->
↪p2->x, dsc->p2->y,
                                   LV_DRAW_MASK_LINE_SIDE_BOTTOM);
        int16_t line_mask_id = lv_draw_mask_add(&line_mask_param, NULL);

        /*Add a fade effect: transparent bottom covering top*/
        lv_coord_t h = lv_obj_get_height(obj);
        lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t fade_mask_param;
        lv_draw_mask_fade_init(&fade_mask_param, &obj->coords, LV_OPA_COVER, obj->
↪coords.y1 + h / 8, LV_OPA_TRANSP,
                               obj->coords.y2);
        int16_t fade_mask_id = lv_draw_mask_add(&fade_mask_param, NULL);

        /*Draw a rectangle that will be affected by the mask*/
        lv_draw_rect_dsc_t draw_rect_dsc;
        lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&draw_rect_dsc);
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = LV_OPA_20;
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = dsc->line_dsc->color;

        lv_area_t a;
        a.x1 = dsc->p1->x;
        a.x2 = dsc->p2->x - 1;
        a.y1 = LV_MIN(dsc->p1->y, dsc->p2->y);
        a.y2 = obj->coords.y2;
        lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &draw_rect_dsc, &a);

        /*Remove the masks*/
        lv_draw_mask_free_param(&line_mask_param);
        lv_draw_mask_free_param(&fade_mask_param);
    }
}
```

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```

        lv_draw_mask_remove_id(line_mask_id);
        lv_draw_mask_remove_id(fade_mask_id);
    }
    /*Hook the division lines too*/
    else if(dsc->part == LV_PART_MAIN) {
        if(dsc->line_dsc == NULL || dsc->p1 == NULL || dsc->p2 == NULL) return;

        /*Vertical line*/
        if(dsc->p1->x == dsc->p2->x) {
            dsc->line_dsc->color = lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1);
            if(dsc->id == 3) {
                dsc->line_dsc->width = 2;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_gap = 0;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_width = 0;
            }
            else {
                dsc->line_dsc->width = 1;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_gap = 6;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_width = 6;
            }
        }
        /*Horizontal line*/
        else {
            if(dsc->id == 2) {
                dsc->line_dsc->width = 2;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_gap = 0;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_width = 0;
            }
            else {
                dsc->line_dsc->width = 2;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_gap = 6;
                dsc->line_dsc->dash_width = 6;
            }

            if(dsc->id == 1 || dsc->id == 3) {
                dsc->line_dsc->color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN);
            }
            else {
                dsc->line_dsc->color = lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1);
            }
        }
    }
}

static void add_data(lv_timer_t * timer)
{
    LV_UNUSED(timer);
    static uint32_t cnt = 0;
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart1, ser1, lv_rand(20, 90));

    if(cnt % 4 == 0) lv_chart_set_next_value(chart1, ser2, lv_rand(40, 60));

    cnt++;
}

/**
 * Add a faded area effect to the line chart and make some division lines ticker

```

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```

*/
void lv_example_chart_2(void)
{
    /*Create a chart1*/
    chart1 = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart1, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_center(chart1);
    lv_chart_set_type(chart1, LV_CHART_TYPE_LINE);    /*Show lines and points too*/

    lv_chart_set_div_line_count(chart1, 5, 7);

    lv_obj_add_event_cb(chart1, draw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN, NULL);
    lv_chart_set_update_mode(chart1, LV_CHART_UPDATE_MODE_CIRCULAR);

    /*Add two data series*/
    ser1 = lv_chart_add_series(chart1, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_
↪PRIMARY_Y);
    ser2 = lv_chart_add_series(chart1, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), LV_CHART_
↪AXIS_SECONDARY_Y);

    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv_chart_set_next_value(chart1, ser1, lv_rand(20, 90));
        lv_chart_set_next_value(chart1, ser2, lv_rand(30, 70));
    }

    lv_timer_create(add_data, 200, NULL);
}

#endif

```

```

def draw_event_cb(e):

    obj = e.get_target()

    # Add the faded area before the lines are drawn
    dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    if dsc.part != lv.PART.ITEMS:
        return
    if not dsc.p1 or not dsc.p2:
        return

    # Add a line mask that keeps the area below the line
    line_mask_param = lv.draw_mask_line_param_t()
    line_mask_param.points_init(dsc.p1.x, dsc.p1.y, dsc.p2.x, dsc.p2.y, lv.DRAW_MASK_
↪LINE_SIDE.BOTTOM)
    # line_mask_id = line_mask_param.draw_mask_add(None)
    line_mask_id = lv.draw_mask_add(line_mask_param, None)
    # Add a fade effect: transparent bottom covering top
    h = obj.get_height()
    fade_mask_param = lv.draw_mask_fade_param_t()
    coords = lv.area_t()
    obj.get_coords(coords)
    fade_mask_param.init(coords, lv.OPA.COVER, coords.y1 + h // 8, lv.OPA TRANSP,
↪coords.y2)
    fade_mask_id = lv.draw_mask_add(fade_mask_param, None)

```

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```

# Draw a rectangle that will be affected by the mask
draw_rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
draw_rect_dsc.init()
draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA_20
draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = dsc.line_dsc.color

a = lv.area_t()
a.x1 = dsc.p1.x
a.x2 = dsc.p2.x - 1
a.y1 = min(dsc.p1.y, dsc.p2.y)
coords = lv.area_t()
obj.get_coords(coords)
a.y2 = coords.y2
dsc.draw_ctx.rect(draw_rect_dsc, a)

# Remove the masks
lv.draw_mask_remove_id(line_mask_id)
lv.draw_mask_remove_id(fade_mask_id)

def add_data(timer):
    # LV_UNUSED(timer);
    cnt = 0
    chart1.set_next_value(ser1, lv.rand(20, 90))

    if cnt % 4 == 0:
        chart1.set_next_value(ser2, lv.rand(40, 60))

    cnt +=1

#
# Add a faded area effect to the line chart
#

# Create a chart1
chart1 = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
chart1.set_size(200, 150)
chart1.center()
chart1.set_type(lv.chart.TYPE.LINE)    # Show lines and points too

chart1.add_event_cb(draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN, None)
chart1.set_update_mode(lv.chart.UPDATE_MODE.CIRCULAR)

# Add two data series
ser1 = chart1.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
ser2 = chart1.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), lv.chart.AXIS.SECONDARY_Y)

for i in range(10):
    chart1.set_next_value(ser1, lv.rand(20, 90))
    chart1.set_next_value(ser2, lv.rand(30, 70))

timer = lv.timer_create(add_data, 200, None)

```

## Axis ticks and labels with scrolling

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void draw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
    if(!lv_obj_draw_part_check_type(dsc, &lv_chart_class, LV_CHART_DRAW_PART_TICK_
↪ LABEL)) return;

    if(dsc->id == LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_X && dsc->text) {
        const char * month[] = {"Jan", "Febr", "March", "Apr", "May", "Jun", "July",
↪ "Aug", "Sept", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec"};
        lv_snprintf(dsc->text, dsc->text_length, "%s", month[dsc->value]);
    }
}

/**
 * Add ticks and labels to the axis and demonstrate scrolling
 */
void lv_example_chart_3(void)
{
    /*Create a chart*/
    lv_obj_t * chart;
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_center(chart);
    lv_chart_set_type(chart, LV_CHART_TYPE_BAR);
    lv_chart_set_range(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 0, 100);
    lv_chart_set_range(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y, 0, 400);
    lv_chart_set_point_count(chart, 12);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(chart, draw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN, NULL);

    /*Add ticks and label to every axis*/
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_X, 10, 5, 12, 3, true, 40);
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 2, true, 50);
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y, 10, 5, 3, 4, true, 50);

    /*Zoom in a little in X*/
    lv_chart_set_zoom_x(chart, 800);

    /*Add two data series*/
    lv_chart_series_t * ser1 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_lighten(LV_
↪ PALETTE_GREEN, 2), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    lv_chart_series_t * ser2 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_darken(LV_
↪ PALETTE_GREEN, 2),
                                                    LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y);

    /*Set the next points on 'ser1'*/
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 31);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 66);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 89);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 63);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 56);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 32);
}

```

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```

lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 35);
lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 57);
lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 85);
lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 22);
lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 58);

lv_coord_t * ser2_array = lv_chart_get_y_array(chart, ser2);
/*Directly set points on 'ser2'*/
ser2_array[0] = 92;
ser2_array[1] = 71;
ser2_array[2] = 61;
ser2_array[3] = 15;
ser2_array[4] = 21;
ser2_array[5] = 35;
ser2_array[6] = 35;
ser2_array[7] = 58;
ser2_array[8] = 31;
ser2_array[9] = 53;
ser2_array[10] = 33;
ser2_array[11] = 73;

lv_chart_refresh(chart); /*Required after direct set*/
}

#endif

```

```

def draw_event_cb(e):

    dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.TICKS and dsc.id == lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_X:
        month = ["Jan", "Febr", "March", "Apr", "May", "Jun", "July", "Aug", "Sept",
        ↪ "Oct", "Nov", "Dec"]
        # dsc.text is defined char text[16], I must therefore convert the Python_
        ↪ string to a byte_array
        dsc.text = bytes(month[dsc.value], "ascii")
    #
    # Add ticks and labels to the axis and demonstrate scrolling
    #

    # Create a chart
    chart = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
    chart.set_size(200, 150)
    chart.center()
    chart.set_type(lv.chart.TYPE.BAR)
    chart.set_range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 0, 100)
    chart.set_range(lv.chart.AXIS.SECONDARY_Y, 0, 400)
    chart.set_point_count(12)
    chart.add_event_cb(draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN, None)

    # Add ticks and label to every axis
    chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_X, 10, 5, 12, 3, True, 40)
    chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 2, True, 50)
    chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.SECONDARY_Y, 10, 5, 3, 4, True, 50)

    # Zoom in a little in X
    chart.set_zoom_x(800)

```

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```

# Add two data series
ser1 = lv.chart.add_series(chart, lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREEN, 2), lv.chart.
↪AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
ser2 = lv.chart.add_series(chart, lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.GREEN, 2), lv.chart.
↪AXIS.SECONDARY_Y)

# Set the next points on 'ser1'
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 31)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 66)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 89)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 63)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 56)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 32)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 35)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 57)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 85)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 22)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 58)

# Directly set points on 'ser2'
ser2.y_points = [92,71,61,15,21,35,35,58,31,53,33,73]

chart.refresh() # Required after direct set

```

### Show the value of the pressed points

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * chart = lv_event_get_target(e);

    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        lv_obj_invalidate(chart);
    }
    if(code == LV_EVENT_REFR_EXT_DRAW_SIZE) {
        lv_coord_t * s = lv_event_get_param(e);
        *s = LV_MAX(*s, 20);
    }
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_POST_END) {
        int32_t id = lv_chart_get_pressed_point(chart);
        if(id == LV_CHART_POINT_NONE) return;

        LV_LOG_USER("Selected point %d", (int)id);

        lv_chart_series_t * ser = lv_chart_get_series_next(chart, NULL);
        while(ser) {
            lv_point_t p;
            lv_chart_get_point_pos_by_id(chart, ser, id, &p);

```

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```

        lv_coord_t * y_array = lv_chart_get_y_array(chart, ser);
        lv_coord_t value = y_array[id];

        char buf[16];
        lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), LV_SYMBOL_DUMMY"%d", value);

        lv_draw_rect_dsc_t draw_rect_dsc;
        lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&draw_rect_dsc);
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = lv_color_black();
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = LV_OPA_50;
        draw_rect_dsc.radius = 3;
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_img_src = buf;
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_img_recolor = lv_color_white();

        lv_area_t a;
        a.x1 = chart->coords.x1 + p.x - 20;
        a.x2 = chart->coords.x1 + p.x + 20;
        a.y1 = chart->coords.y1 + p.y - 30;
        a.y2 = chart->coords.y1 + p.y + 10;

        lv_draw_ctx_t * draw_ctx = lv_event_get_draw_ctx(e);
        lv_draw_rect(draw_ctx, &draw_rect_dsc, &a);

        ser = lv_chart_get_series_next(chart, ser);
    }
}
else if(code == LV_EVENT_RELEASED) {
    lv_obj_invalidate(chart);
}
}

/**
 * Show the value of the pressed points
 */
void lv_example_chart_4(void)
{
    /*Create a chart*/
    lv_obj_t * chart;
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_center(chart);

    lv_obj_add_event_cb(chart, event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_refresh_ext_draw_size(chart);

    /*Zoom in a little in X*/
    lv_chart_set_zoom_x(chart, 800);

    /*Add two data series*/
    lv_chart_series_t * ser1 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    lv_chart_series_t * ser2 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪GREEN), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, lv_rand(60, 90));
    }
}

```

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```

        lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser2, lv_rand(10, 40));
    }
}

#endif

```

```

def event_cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    chart = e.get_target()

    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        chart.invalidate()

    if code == lv.EVENT.REFR_EXT_DRAW_SIZE:
        e.set_ext_draw_size(20)

    elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_POST_END:
        id = lv.chart.get_pressed_point(chart)
        if id == lv.CHART_POINT.NONE:
            return
        # print("Selected point ", id)
        for i in range(len(series)):
            p = lv.point_t()
            chart.get_point_pos_by_id(series[i], id, p)
            value = series_points[i][id]
            buf = lv.SYMBOL.DUMMY + "$" + str(value)

            draw_rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
            draw_rect_dsc.init()
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.color_black()
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA._50
            draw_rect_dsc.radius = 3
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_img_src = buf
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_img_recolor = lv.color_white()

            a = lv.area_t()
            coords = lv.area_t()
            chart.get_coords(coords)
            a.x1 = coords.x1 + p.x - 20
            a.x2 = coords.x1 + p.x + 20
            a.y1 = coords.y1 + p.y - 30
            a.y2 = coords.y1 + p.y - 10

            clip_area = lv.area_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
            lv.draw_rect(a, clip_area, draw_rect_dsc)

    elif code == lv.EVENT.RELEASED:
        chart.invalidate()

#
# Add ticks and labels to the axis and demonstrate scrolling
#

# Create a chart
chart = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
chart.set_size(200, 150)

```

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```

chart.center()

chart.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
chart.refresh_ext_draw_size()

# Zoom in a little in X
chart.set_zoom_x(800)

# Add two data series
ser1 = chart.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
ser2 = chart.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)

ser1_p = []
ser2_p = []
for i in range(10):
    ser1_p.append(lv.rand(60,90))
    ser2_p.append(lv.rand(10,40))
ser1.y_points = ser1_p
ser2.y_points = ser2_p

series = [ser1,ser2]
series_points=[ser1_p,ser2_p]

```

### Display 1000 data points with zooming and scrolling

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_USE_SLIDER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * chart;
/* Source: https://github.com/ankur219/ECG-Arrhythmia-classification/blob/
↳ 642230149583adfae1e4bd26c6f0e1fd8af2be0e/sample.csv*/
static const lv_coord_t ecg_sample[] = {
    -2, 2, 0, -15, -39, -63, -71, -68, -67, -69, -84, -95, -104, -107, -108, -107, -
↳ 107, -107, -107, -114, -118, -117,
    -112, -100, -89, -83, -71, -64, -58, -58, -62, -62, -58, -51, -46, -39, -27, -
↳ 10, 4, 7, 1, -3, 0, 14, 24, 30, 25, 19,
    13, 7, 12, 15, 18, 21, 13, 6, 9, 8, 17, 19, 13, 11, 11, 11, 23, 30, 37, 34,
↳ 25, 14, 15, 19, 28, 31, 26, 23, 25, 31,
    39, 37, 37, 34, 30, 32, 22, 29, 31, 33, 37, 23, 13, 7, 2, 4, -2, 2, 11, 22,
↳ 33, 19, -1, -27, -55, -67, -72, -71, -63,
    -49, -18, 35, 113, 230, 369, 525, 651, 722, 730, 667, 563, 454, 357, 305, 288,
↳ 274, 255, 212, 173, 143, 117, 82, 39,
    -13, -53, -78, -91, -101, -113, -124, -131, -131, -131, -129, -128, -129, -
↳ 125, -123, -123, -129, -139, -148, -153,
    -159, -166, -183, -205, -227, -243, -248, -246, -254, -280, -327, -381, -429,
↳ -473, -517, -556, -592, -612, -620,
    -620, -614, -604, -591, -574, -540, -497, -441, -389, -358, -336, -313, -284,
↳ -222, -167, -114, -70, -47, -28, -4, 12,
    38, 52, 58, 56, 56, 57, 68, 77, 86, 86, 80, 69, 67, 70, 82, 85, 89, 90, 89,
↳ 89, 88, 91, 96, 97, 91, 83, 78, 82, 88, 95,
    96, 105, 106, 110, 102, 100, 96, 98, 97, 101, 98, 99, 100, 107, 113, 119, 115,
↳ 110, 96, 85, 73, 64, 69, 76, 79,
    78, 75, 85, 100, 114, 113, 105, 96, 84, 74, 66, 60, 75, 85, 89, 83, 67, 61,
↳ 67, 73, 79, 74, 63, 57, 56, 58, 61, 55,

```

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```

48, 45, 46, 55, 62, 55, 49, 43, 50, 59, 63, 57, 40, 31, 23, 25, 27, 31, 35, ↵
↪34, 30, 36, 34, 42, 38, 36, 40, 46, 50,
47, 32, 30, 32, 52, 67, 73, 71, 63, 54, 53, 45, 41, 28, 13, 3, 1, 4, 4, -8, -
↪23, -32, -31, -19, -5, 3, 9, 13, 19,
24, 27, 29, 25, 22, 26, 32, 42, 51, 56, 60, 57, 55, 53, 53, 54, 59, 54, 49, ↵
↪26, -3, -11, -20, -47, -100, -194, -236,
-212, -123, 8, 103, 142, 147, 120, 105, 98, 93, 81, 61, 40, 26, 28, 30, 30, ↵
↪27, 19, 17, 21, 20, 19, 19, 22, 36, 40,
35, 20, 7, 1, 10, 18, 27, 22, 6, -4, -2, 3, 6, -2, -13, -14, -10, -2, 3, 2, -
↪1, -5, -10, -19, -32, -42, -55, -60,
-68, -77, -86, -101, -110, -117, -115, -104, -92, -84, -85, -84, -73, -65, -
↪52, -50, -45, -35, -20, -3, 12, 20, 25,
26, 28, 28, 30, 28, 25, 28, 33, 42, 42, 36, 23, 9, 0, 1, -4, 1, -4, -4, 1, 5, ↵
↪9, 9, -3, -1, -18, -50, -108, -190,
-272, -340, -408, -446, -537, -643, -777, -894, -920, -853, -697, -461, -251, ↵
↪-60, 58, 103, 129, 139, 155, 170, 173,
178, 185, 190, 193, 200, 208, 215, 225, 224, 232, 234, 240, 240, 236, 229, ↵
↪226, 224, 232, 233, 232, 224, 219, 219,
223, 231, 226, 223, 219, 218, 223, 223, 223, 233, 245, 268, 286, 296, 295, ↵
↪283, 271, 263, 252, 243, 226, 210, 197,
186, 171, 152, 133, 117, 114, 110, 107, 96, 80, 63, 48, 40, 38, 34, 28, 15, 2,
↪-7, -11, -14, -18, -29, -37, -44, -50,
-58, -63, -61, -52, -50, -48, -61, -59, -58, -54, -47, -52, -62, -61, -64, -
↪54, -52, -59, -69, -76, -76, -69, -67,
-74, -78, -81, -80, -73, -65, -57, -53, -51, -47, -35, -27, -22, -22, -24, -
↪21, -17, -13, -10, -11, -13, -20, -20,
-12, -2, 7, -1, -12, -16, -13, -2, 2, -4, -5, -2, 9, 19, 19, 14, 11, 13, 19, ↵
↪21, 20, 18, 19, 19, 19, 16, 15, 13, 14,
9, 3, -5, -9, -5, -3, -2, -3, -3, 2, 8, 9, 9, 5, 6, 8, 8, 7, 4, 3, 4, 5, 3, 5,
↪5, 13, 13, 12, 10, 10, 15, 22, 17,
14, 7, 10, 15, 16, 11, 12, 10, 13, 9, -2, -4, -2, 7, 16, 16, 17, 16, 7, -1, -
↪16, -18, -16, -9, -4, -5, -10, -9, -8,
-3, -4, -10, -19, -20, -16, -9, -9, -23, -40, -48, -43, -33, -19, -21, -26, -
↪31, -33, -19, 0, 17, 24, 9, -17, -47,
-63, -67, -59, -52, -51, -50, -49, -42, -26, -21, -15, -20, -23, -22, -19, -
↪12, -8, 5, 18, 27, 32, 26, 25, 26, 22,
23, 17, 14, 17, 21, 25, 2, -45, -121, -196, -226, -200, -118, -9, 73, 126, ↵
↪131, 114, 87, 60, 42, 29, 26, 34, 35, 34,
25, 12, 9, 7, 3, 2, -8, -11, 2, 23, 38, 41, 23, 9, 10, 13, 16, 8, -8, -17, -
↪23, -26, -25, -21, -15, -10, -13, -13,
-19, -22, -29, -40, -48, -48, -54, -55, -66, -82, -85, -90, -92, -98, -114, -
↪119, -124, -129, -132, -146, -146, -138,
-124, -99, -85, -72, -65, -65, -65, -66, -63, -64, -64, -58, -46, -26, -9, 2, ↵
↪2, 4, 0, 1, 4, 3, 10, 11, 10, 2, -4,
0, 10, 18, 20, 6, 2, -9, -7, -3, -3, -2, -7, -12, -5, 5, 24, 36, 31, 25, 6, 3,
↪7, 12, 17, 11, 0, -6, -9, -8, -7, -5,
-6, -2, -2, -6, -2, 2, 14, 24, 22, 15, 8, 4, 6, 7, 12, 16, 25, 20, 7, -16, -
↪41, -60, -67, -65, -54, -35, -11, 30,
84, 175, 302, 455, 603, 707, 743, 714, 625, 519, 414, 337, 300, 281, 263, 239,
↪197, 163, 136, 109, 77, 34, -18, -50,
-66, -74, -79, -92, -107, -117, -127, -129, -135, -139, -141, -155, -159, -
↪167, -171, -169, -174, -175, -178, -191,
-202, -223, -235, -243, -237, -240, -256, -298, -345, -393, -432, -475, -518, ↵
↪-565, -596, -619, -623, -623, -614,
-599, -583, -559, -524, -477, -425, -383, -357, -331, -301, -252, -198, -143, ↵
↪-96, -57, -29, -8, 10, 31, 45, 60, 65,
70, 74, 76, 79, 82, 79, 75, 62,

```

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```

};

static void slider_x_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    int32_t v = lv_slider_get_value(obj);
    lv_chart_set_zoom_x(chart, v);
}

static void slider_y_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    int32_t v = lv_slider_get_value(obj);
    lv_chart_set_zoom_y(chart, v);
}

/**
 * Display 1000 data points with zooming and scrolling.
 * See how the chart changes drawing mode (draw only vertical lines) when
 * the points get too crowded.
 */
void lv_example_chart_5(void)
{
    /*Create a chart*/
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_align(chart, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, -30, -30);
    lv_chart_set_range(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, -1000, 1000);

    /*Do not display points on the data*/
    lv_obj_set_style_size(chart, 0, LV_PART_INDICATOR);

    lv_chart_series_t * ser = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
    ↪RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);

    uint32_t pcnt = sizeof(ecg_sample) / sizeof(ecg_sample[0]);
    lv_chart_set_point_count(chart, pcnt);
    lv_chart_set_ext_y_array(chart, ser, (lv_coord_t *)ecg_sample);

    lv_obj_t * slider;
    slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_slider_set_range(slider, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE * 10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_x_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_size(slider, 200, 10);
    lv_obj_align_to(slider, chart, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 20);

    slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_slider_set_range(slider, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE * 10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_y_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_size(slider, 10, 150);
    lv_obj_align_to(slider, chart, LV_ALIGN_OUT_RIGHT_MID, 20, 0);
}

#endif

```

```

# Source: https://github.com/ankur219/ECG-Arrhythmia-classification/blob/642230149583adfae1e4bd26c6f0e1fd8af2be0e/sample.csv

```

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```

ecg_sample = [
    -2, 2, 0, -15, -39, -63, -71, -68, -67, -69, -84, -95, -104, -107, -108, -107, -
    ↪ 107, -107, -107, -114, -118, -117,
    -112, -100, -89, -83, -71, -64, -58, -58, -62, -62, -58, -51, -46, -39, -27, -10, ↪
    ↪ 4, 7, 1, -3, 0, 14, 24, 30, 25, 19,
    13, 7, 12, 15, 18, 21, 13, 6, 9, 8, 17, 19, 13, 11, 11, 11, 23, 30, 37, 34, 25, ↪
    ↪ 14, 15, 19, 28, 31, 26, 23, 25, 31,
    39, 37, 37, 34, 30, 32, 22, 29, 31, 33, 37, 23, 13, 7, 2, 4, -2, 2, 11, 22, 33, ↪
    ↪ 19, -1, -27, -55, -67, -72, -71, -63,
    -49, -18, 35, 113, 230, 369, 525, 651, 722, 730, 667, 563, 454, 357, 305, 288, ↪
    ↪ 274, 255, 212, 173, 143, 117, 82, 39,
    -13, -53, -78, -91, -101, -113, -124, -131, -131, -131, -129, -128, -129, -125, -
    ↪ 123, -123, -129, -139, -148, -153,
    -159, -166, -183, -205, -227, -243, -248, -246, -254, -280, -327, -381, -429, -
    ↪ 473, -517, -556, -592, -612, -620,
    -620, -614, -604, -591, -574, -540, -497, -441, -389, -358, -336, -313, -284, -
    ↪ 222, -167, -114, -70, -47, -28, -4, 12,
    38, 52, 58, 56, 56, 57, 68, 77, 86, 86, 80, 69, 67, 70, 82, 85, 89, 90, 89, 89, ↪
    ↪ 88, 91, 96, 97, 91, 83, 78, 82, 88, 95,
    96, 105, 106, 110, 102, 100, 96, 98, 97, 101, 98, 99, 100, 107, 113, 119, 115, ↪
    ↪ 110, 96, 85, 73, 64, 69, 76, 79,
    78, 75, 85, 100, 114, 113, 105, 96, 84, 74, 66, 60, 75, 85, 89, 83, 67, 61, 67, ↪
    ↪ 73, 79, 74, 63, 57, 56, 58, 61, 55,
    48, 45, 46, 55, 62, 55, 49, 43, 50, 59, 63, 57, 40, 31, 23, 25, 27, 31, 35, 34, ↪
    ↪ 30, 36, 34, 42, 38, 36, 40, 46, 50,
    47, 32, 30, 32, 52, 67, 73, 71, 63, 54, 53, 45, 41, 28, 13, 3, 1, 4, 4, -8, -23, -
    ↪ 32, -31, -19, -5, 3, 9, 13, 19,
    24, 27, 29, 25, 22, 26, 32, 42, 51, 56, 60, 57, 55, 53, 53, 54, 59, 54, 49, 26, -
    ↪ 3, -11, -20, -47, -100, -194, -236,
    -212, -123, 8, 103, 142, 147, 120, 105, 98, 93, 81, 61, 40, 26, 28, 30, 30, 27, ↪
    ↪ 19, 17, 21, 20, 19, 19, 22, 36, 40,
    35, 20, 7, 1, 10, 18, 27, 22, 6, -4, -2, 3, 6, -2, -13, -14, -10, -2, 3, 2, -1, -
    ↪ 5, -10, -19, -32, -42, -55, -60,
    -68, -77, -86, -101, -110, -117, -115, -104, -92, -84, -85, -84, -73, -65, -52, -
    ↪ 50, -45, -35, -20, -3, 12, 20, 25,
    26, 28, 28, 30, 28, 25, 28, 33, 42, 42, 36, 23, 9, 0, 1, -4, 1, -4, -4, 1, 5, 9, ↪
    ↪ 9, -3, -1, -18, -50, -108, -190,
    -272, -340, -408, -446, -537, -643, -777, -894, -920, -853, -697, -461, -251, -60,
    ↪ 58, 103, 129, 139, 155, 170, 173,
    178, 185, 190, 193, 200, 208, 215, 225, 224, 232, 234, 240, 240, 236, 229, 226, ↪
    ↪ 224, 232, 233, 232, 224, 219, 219,
    223, 231, 226, 223, 219, 218, 223, 223, 223, 233, 245, 268, 286, 296, 295, 283, ↪
    ↪ 271, 263, 252, 243, 226, 210, 197,
    186, 171, 152, 133, 117, 114, 110, 107, 96, 80, 63, 48, 40, 38, 34, 28, 15, 2, -7,
    ↪ -11, -14, -18, -29, -37, -44, -50,
    -58, -63, -61, -52, -50, -48, -61, -59, -58, -54, -47, -52, -62, -61, -64, -54, -
    ↪ 52, -59, -69, -76, -76, -69, -67,
    -74, -78, -81, -80, -73, -65, -57, -53, -51, -47, -35, -27, -22, -22, -24, -21, -
    ↪ 17, -13, -10, -11, -13, -20, -20,
    -12, -2, 7, -1, -12, -16, -13, -2, 2, -4, -5, -2, 9, 19, 19, 14, 11, 13, 19, 21, ↪
    ↪ 20, 18, 19, 19, 19, 16, 15, 13, 14,
    9, 3, -5, -9, -5, -3, -2, -3, -3, 2, 8, 9, 9, 5, 6, 8, 8, 7, 4, 3, 4, 5, 3, 5, 5, ↪
    ↪ 13, 13, 12, 10, 10, 15, 22, 17,
    14, 7, 10, 15, 16, 11, 12, 10, 13, 9, -2, -4, -2, 7, 16, 16, 17, 16, 7, -1, -16, -
    ↪ 18, -16, -9, -4, -5, -10, -9, -8,
    -3, -4, -10, -19, -20, -16, -9, -9, -23, -40, -48, -43, -33, -19, -21, -26, -31, -
    ↪ 33, -19, 0, 17, 24, 9, -17, -47,

```

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```

-63, -67, -59, -52, -51, -50, -49, -42, -26, -21, -15, -20, -23, -22, -19, -12, -
↪ 8, 5, 18, 27, 32, 26, 25, 26, 22,
    23, 17, 14, 17, 21, 25, 2, -45, -121, -196, -226, -200, -118, -9, 73, 126, 131, ↵
↪ 114, 87, 60, 42, 29, 26, 34, 35, 34,
    25, 12, 9, 7, 3, 2, -8, -11, 2, 23, 38, 41, 23, 9, 10, 13, 16, 8, -8, -17, -23, -
↪ 26, -25, -21, -15, -10, -13, -13,
    -19, -22, -29, -40, -48, -48, -54, -55, -66, -82, -85, -90, -92, -98, -114, -119, ↵
↪ -124, -129, -132, -146, -146, -138,
    -124, -99, -85, -72, -65, -65, -65, -66, -63, -64, -64, -58, -46, -26, -9, 2, 2, ↵
↪ 4, 0, 1, 4, 3, 10, 11, 10, 2, -4,
    0, 10, 18, 20, 6, 2, -9, -7, -3, -3, -2, -7, -12, -5, 5, 24, 36, 31, 25, 6, 3, 7, ↵
↪ 12, 17, 11, 0, -6, -9, -8, -7, -5,
    -6, -2, -2, -6, -2, 2, 14, 24, 22, 15, 8, 4, 6, 7, 12, 16, 25, 20, 7, -16, -41, -
↪ 60, -67, -65, -54, -35, -11, 30,
    84, 175, 302, 455, 603, 707, 743, 714, 625, 519, 414, 337, 300, 281, 263, 239, ↵
↪ 197, 163, 136, 109, 77, 34, -18, -50,
    -66, -74, -79, -92, -107, -117, -127, -129, -135, -139, -141, -155, -159, -167, -
↪ 171, -169, -174, -175, -178, -191,
    -202, -223, -235, -243, -237, -240, -256, -298, -345, -393, -432, -475, -518, -
↪ 565, -596, -619, -623, -623, -614,
    -599, -583, -559, -524, -477, -425, -383, -357, -331, -301, -252, -198, -143, -96,
↪ -57, -29, -8, 10, 31, 45, 60, 65,
    70, 74, 76, 79, 82, 79, 75, 62,
]

def slider_x_event_cb(e):

    slider = e.get_target()
    v = slider.get_value()
    chart.set_zoom_x(v)

def slider_y_event_cb(e):

    slider = e.get_target()
    v = slider.get_value()
    chart.set_zoom_y(v)

#
# Display 1000 data points with zooming and scrolling.
# See how the chart changes drawing mode (draw only vertical lines) when
# the points get too crowded.

# Create a chart
chart = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
chart.set_size(200, 150)
chart.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, -30, -30)
chart.set_range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, -1000, 1000)

# Do not display points on the data
chart.set_style_size(0, lv.PART.INDICATOR)

ser = chart.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)

pcnt = len(ecg_sample)
chart.set_point_count(pcnt)
chart.set_ext_y_array(ser, ecg_sample)

```

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```

slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
slider.set_range(lv.IMG_ZOOM.NONE, lv.IMG_ZOOM.NONE * 10)
slider.add_event_cb(slider_x_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
slider.set_size(200,10)
slider.align_to(chart, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 20)

slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
slider.set_range(lv.IMG_ZOOM.NONE, lv.IMG_ZOOM.NONE * 10)
slider.add_event_cb(slider_y_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
slider.set_size(10, 150)
slider.align_to(chart, lv.ALIGN.OUT_RIGHT_MID, 20, 0)

```

### Show cursor on the clicked point

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * chart;
static lv_chart_series_t * ser;
static lv_chart_cursor_t * cursor;

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    static int32_t last_id = -1;
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);

    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        last_id = lv_chart_get_pressed_point(obj);
        if(last_id != LV_CHART_POINT_NONE) {
            lv_chart_set_cursor_point(obj, cursor, NULL, last_id);
        }
    }
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END) {
        lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
        if(!lv_obj_draw_part_check_type(dsc, &lv_chart_class, LV_CHART_DRAW_PART_CURSOR)) return;
        if(dsc->p1 == NULL || dsc->p2 == NULL || dsc->p1->y != dsc->p2->y || last_id < 0) return;

        lv_coord_t * data_array = lv_chart_get_y_array(chart, ser);
        lv_coord_t v = data_array[last_id];
        char buf[16];
        lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%d", v);

        lv_point_t size;
        lv_txt_get_size(&size, buf, LV_FONT_DEFAULT, 0, 0, LV_COORD_MAX, LV_TEXT_FLAG_NONE);

        lv_area_t a;
        a.y2 = dsc->p1->y - 5;
        a.y1 = a.y2 - size.y - 10;
        a.x1 = dsc->p1->x + 10;

```

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```

    a.x2 = a.x1 + size.x + 10;

    lv_draw_rect_dsc_t draw_rect_dsc;
    lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&draw_rect_dsc);
    draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE);
    draw_rect_dsc.radius = 3;

    lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &draw_rect_dsc, &a);

    lv_draw_label_dsc_t draw_label_dsc;
    lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&draw_label_dsc);
    draw_label_dsc.color = lv_color_white();
    a.x1 += 5;
    a.x2 -= 5;
    a.y1 += 5;
    a.y2 -= 5;
    lv_draw_label(dsc->draw_ctx, &draw_label_dsc, &a, buf, NULL);
}

/**
 * Show cursor on the clicked point
 */
void lv_example_chart_6(void)
{
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_align(chart, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -10);

    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 5, true, 40);
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_X, 10, 5, 10, 1, true, 30);

    lv_obj_add_event_cb(chart, event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_refresh_ext_draw_size(chart);

    cursor = lv_chart_add_cursor(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), LV_DIR_LEFT,
↪ LV_DIR_BOTTOM);

    ser = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_
↪ PRIMARY_Y);
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser, lv_rand(10, 90));
    }

    lv_chart_set_zoom_x(chart, 500);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Click on a point");
    lv_obj_align_to(label, chart, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5);
}

#endif

```

```
class ExampleChart_6():
```

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```

def __init__(self):
    self.last_id = -1
    #
    # Show cursor on the clicked point
    #

    chart = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
    chart.set_size(200, 150)
    chart.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -10)

    chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 5, True, 40)
    chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_X, 10, 5, 10, 1, True, 30)

    chart.add_event_cb(self.event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
    chart.refresh_ext_draw_size()

    self.cursor = chart.add_cursor(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), lv.DIR.LEFT,
    ↪ lv.DIR.BOTTOM)

    self.ser = chart.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.
    ↪ PRIMARY_Y)

    self.ser_p = []
    for i in range(10):
        self.ser_p.append(lv.rand(10,90))
    self.ser.y_points = self.ser_p

    newser = chart.get_series_next(None)
    # print("length of data points: ", len(newser.points))
    chart.set_zoom_x(500)

    label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
    label.set_text("Click on a point")
    label.align_to(chart, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5)

def event_cb(self,e):

    code = e.get_code()
    chart = e.get_target()

    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        # print("last_id: ", self.last_id)
        self.last_id = chart.get_pressed_point()
        if self.last_id != lv.CHART_POINT.NONE:
            p = lv.point_t()
            chart.get_point_pos_by_id(self.ser, self.last_id, p)
            chart.set_cursor_point(self.cursor, None, self.last_id)

    elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_END:
        # print("EVENT.DRAW_PART_END")
        dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
        # if dsc.p1 and dsc.p2:
        #     print("p1, p2", dsc.p1,dsc.p2)
        #     print("p1.y, p2.y", dsc.p1.y, dsc.p2.y)
        #     print("last_id: ", self.last_id)
        if dsc.part == lv.PART.CURSOR and dsc.p1 and dsc.p2 and dsc.p1.y == dsc.
        ↪ p2.y and self.last_id >= 0:

```

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```

        v = self.ser_p[self.last_id]

        # print("value: ",v)
        value_txt = str(v)
        size = lv.point_t()
        lv.txt_get_size(size, value_txt, lv.font_default(), 0, 0, lv.COORD.
↪MAX, lv.TEXT_FLAG.NONE)

        a = lv.area_t()
        a.y2 = dsc.p1.y - 5
        a.y1 = a.y2 - size.y - 10
        a.x1 = dsc.p1.x + 10
        a.x2 = a.x1 + size.x + 10

        draw_rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
        draw_rect_dsc.init()
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE)
        draw_rect_dsc.radius = 3

        lv.draw_rect(a, dsc.clip_area, draw_rect_dsc)

        draw_label_dsc = lv.draw_label_dsc_t()
        draw_label_dsc.init()
        draw_label_dsc.color = lv.color_white()
        a.x1 += 5
        a.x2 -= 5
        a.y1 += 5
        a.y2 -= 5
        lv.draw_label(a, dsc.clip_area, draw_label_dsc, value_txt, None)

example_chart_6 = ExampleChart_6()

```

## Scatter chart

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void draw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
    if(dsc->part == LV_PART_ITEMS) {
        lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
        lv_chart_series_t * ser = lv_chart_get_series_next(obj, NULL);
        uint32_t cnt = lv_chart_get_point_count(obj);
        /*Make older value more transparent*/
        dsc->rect_dsc->bg_opa = (LV_OPA_COVER * dsc->id) / (cnt - 1);

        /*Make smaller values blue, higher values red*/
        lv_coord_t * x_array = lv_chart_get_x_array(obj, ser);
        lv_coord_t * y_array = lv_chart_get_y_array(obj, ser);
        /*dsc->id is the tells drawing order, but we need the ID of the point being
↪drawn.*/
        uint32_t start_point = lv_chart_get_x_start_point(obj, ser);
        uint32_t p_act = (start_point + dsc->id) % cnt; /*Consider start point to get
↪the index of the array*/
    }
}

```

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```

        lv_opa_t x_opa = (x_array[p_act] * LV_OPA_50) / 200;
        lv_opa_t y_opa = (y_array[p_act] * LV_OPA_50) / 1000;

        dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_color_mix(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED),
                                                lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE),
                                                x_opa + y_opa);
    }
}

static void add_data(lv_timer_t * timer)
{
    LV_UNUSED(timer);
    lv_obj_t * chart = timer->user_data;
    lv_chart_set_next_value2(chart, lv_chart_get_series_next(chart, NULL), lv_rand(0,
↪200), lv_rand(0, 1000));
}

/**
 * A scatter chart
 */
void lv_example_chart_7(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_align(chart, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(chart, draw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_style_line_width(chart, 0, LV_PART_ITEMS); /*Remove the lines*/

    lv_chart_set_type(chart, LV_CHART_TYPE_SCATTER);

    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_X, 5, 5, 5, 1, true, 30);
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 5, true, 50);

    lv_chart_set_range(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_X, 0, 200);
    lv_chart_set_range(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 0, 1000);

    lv_chart_set_point_count(chart, 50);

    lv_chart_series_t * ser = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 50; i++) {
        lv_chart_set_next_value2(chart, ser, lv_rand(0, 200), lv_rand(0, 1000));
    }

    lv_timer_create(add_data, 100, chart);
}

#endif

```

```

#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import utime as time
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver

def draw_event_cb(e):

```

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```

dsc = e.get_draw_part_dsc()
if dsc.part == lv.PART.ITEMS:
    obj = e.get_target()
    ser = obj.get_series_next(None)
    cnt = obj.get_point_count()
    # print("cnt: ", cnt)
    # Make older value more transparent
    dsc.rect_dsc.bg_opa = (lv.OPA.COVER * dsc.id) // (cnt - 1)

    # Make smaller values blue, higher values red
    # x_array = chart.get_x_array(ser)
    # y_array = chart.get_y_array(ser)
    # dsc->id is the tells drawing order, but we need the ID of the point being
    ↪drawn.
    start_point = chart.get_x_start_point(ser)
    # print("start point: ", start_point)
    p_act = (start_point + dsc.id) % cnt # Consider start point to get the index
    ↪of the array
    # print("p_act", p_act)
    x_opa = (x_array[p_act] * lv.OPA._50) // 200
    y_opa = (y_array[p_act] * lv.OPA._50) // 1000

    dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED).color_mix(
                                                lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE),
                                                x_opa + y_opa)

def add_data(timer, chart):
    # print("add_data")
    x = lv.rand(0, 200)
    y = lv.rand(0, 1000)
    chart.set_next_value2(ser, x, y)
    # chart.set_next_value2(chart.gx, y)
    x_array.pop(0)
    x_array.append(x)
    y_array.pop(0)
    y_array.append(y)

#
# A scatter chart
#

chart = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
chart.set_size(200, 150)
chart.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
chart.add_event_cb(draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN, None)
chart.set_style_line_width(0, lv.PART.ITEMS) # Remove the lines

chart.set_type(lv.chart.TYPE.SCATTER)

chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_X, 5, 5, 5, 1, True, 30)
chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 5, True, 50)

chart.set_range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_X, 0, 200)
chart.set_range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 0, 1000)

chart.set_point_count(50)

```

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```

ser = chart.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)

x_array = []
y_array = []
for i in range(50):
    x_array.append(lv.rand(0, 200))
    y_array.append(lv.rand(0, 1000))

ser.x_points = x_array
ser.y_points = y_array

# Create an `lv_timer` to update the chart.

timer = lv.timer_create_basic()
timer.set_period(100)
timer.set_cb(lambda src: add_data(timer, chart))

```

## Stacked area chart

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_DRAW_COMPLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/* A struct is used to keep track of the series list because later we need to draw
↳ to the series in the reverse order to which they were initialised. */
typedef struct {
    lv_obj_t * obj;
    lv_chart_series_t * series_list[3];
} stacked_area_chart_t;

static stacked_area_chart_t stacked_area_chart;

/**
 * Callback which draws the blocks of colour under the lines
 */
static void draw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);

    /*Add the faded area before the lines are drawn*/
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
    if(dsc->part == LV_PART_ITEMS) {
        if(!dsc->p1 || !dsc->p2)
            return;

        /*Add a line mask that keeps the area below the line*/
        lv_draw_mask_line_param_t line_mask_param;
        lv_draw_mask_line_points_init(&line_mask_param, dsc->p1->x, dsc->p1->y, dsc->
↳ p2->x, dsc->p2->y,
                                     LV_DRAW_MASK_LINE_SIDE_BOTTOM);
        int16_t line_mask_id = lv_draw_mask_add(&line_mask_param, NULL);

        /*Draw a rectangle that will be affected by the mask*/
        lv_draw_rect_dsc_t draw_rect_dsc;
        lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&draw_rect_dsc);
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = LV_OPA_COVER;
    }
}

```

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```

    draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = dsc->line_dsc->color;

    lv_area_t a;
    a.x1 = dsc->p1->x;
    a.x2 = dsc->p2->x;
    a.y1 = LV_MIN(dsc->p1->y, dsc->p2->y);
    a.y2 = obj->coords.y2 -
        13; /* -13 cuts off where the rectangle draws over the chart margin.
↳ Without this an area of 0 doesn't look like 0 */
    lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &draw_rect_dsc, &a);

    /*Remove the mask*/
    lv_draw_mask_free_param(&line_mask_param);
    lv_draw_mask_remove_id(line_mask_id);
}
}

/**
 * Helper function to round a fixed point number
 */
static int32_t round_fixed_point(int32_t n, int8_t shift)
{
    /* Create a bitmask to isolates the decimal part of the fixed point number */
    int32_t mask = 1;
    for(int32_t bit_pos = 0; bit_pos < shift; bit_pos++) {
        mask = (mask << 1) + 1;
    }

    int32_t decimal_part = n & mask;

    /* Get 0.5 as fixed point */
    int32_t rounding_boundary = 1 << (shift - 1);

    /* Return either the integer part of n or the integer part + 1 */
    return (decimal_part < rounding_boundary) ? (n & ~mask) : ((n >> shift) + 1) <<
↳ shift;
}

/**
 * Stacked area chart
 */
void lv_example_chart_8(void)
{
    /*Create a stacked_area_chart.obj*/
    stacked_area_chart.obj = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(stacked_area_chart.obj, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_center(stacked_area_chart.obj);
    lv_chart_set_type(stacked_area_chart.obj, LV_CHART_TYPE_LINE);
    lv_chart_set_div_line_count(stacked_area_chart.obj, 5, 7);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(stacked_area_chart.obj, draw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_
↳ BEGIN, NULL);

    /* Set range to 0 to 100 for percentages. Draw ticks */
    lv_chart_set_range(stacked_area_chart.obj, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 0, 100);
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(stacked_area_chart.obj, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 3, 0, 5,
↳ 1, true, 30);

```

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```

    /*Set point size to 0 so the lines are smooth */
    lv_obj_set_style_size(stacked_area_chart.obj, 0, LV_PART_INDICATOR);

    /*Add some data series*/
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[0] = lv_chart_add_series(stacked_area_chart.obj, ↵
    ↵lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED),
                                                    LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[1] = lv_chart_add_series(stacked_area_chart.obj, ↵
    ↵lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE),
                                                    LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[2] = lv_chart_add_series(stacked_area_chart.obj, ↵
    ↵lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN),
                                                    LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);

    for(int point = 0; point < 10; point++) {
        /* Make some random data */
        uint32_t vals[3] = {lv_rand(10, 20), lv_rand(20, 30), lv_rand(20, 30)};

        int8_t fixed_point_shift = 5;
        uint32_t total = vals[0] + vals[1] + vals[2];
        uint32_t draw_heights[3];
        uint32_t int_sum = 0;
        uint32_t decimal_sum = 0;

        /* Fixed point cascade rounding ensures percentages add to 100 */
        for(int32_t series_index = 0; series_index < 3; series_index++) {
            decimal_sum += (((vals[series_index] * 100) << fixed_point_shift) / ↵
    ↵total);
            int_sum += (vals[series_index] * 100) / total;

            int32_t modifier = (round_fixed_point(decimal_sum, fixed_point_shift) >> ↵
    ↵fixed_point_shift) - int_sum;

            /* The draw heights are equal to the percentage of the total each value ↵
    ↵is + the cumulative sum of the previous percentages.
               The accumulation is how the values get "stacked" */
            draw_heights[series_index] = int_sum + modifier;

            /* Draw to the series in the reverse order to which they were ↵
    ↵initialised.
               Without this the higher values will draw on top of the lower ones.
               This is because the Z-height of a series matches the order it was ↵
    ↵initialised */
            ↵lv_chart_set_next_value(stacked_area_chart.obj, stacked_area_chart.series_
    ↵list[3 - series_index - 1],
                                draw_heights[series_index]);
        }
    }

    lv_chart_refresh(stacked_area_chart.obj);
}

#endif

```

```

import display_driver
import lvgl as lv

```

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```

# A class is used to keep track of the series list because later we
# need to draw to the series in the reverse order to which they were initialised.
class StackedAreaChart:
    def __init__(self):
        self.obj = None
        self.series_list = [None, None, None]

stacked_area_chart = StackedAreaChart()

#
# Callback which draws the blocks of colour under the lines
#
def draw_event_cb(e):

    obj = e.get_target()
    cont_a = lv.area_t()
    obj.get_coords(cont_a)

    #Add the faded area before the lines are drawn
    dsc = e.get_draw_part_dsc()
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.ITEMS:
        if not dsc.p1 or not dsc.p2:
            return

        # Add a line mask that keeps the area below the line
        line_mask_param = lv.draw_mask_line_param_t()
        line_mask_param.points_init(dsc.p1.x, dsc.p1.y, dsc.p2.x, dsc.p2.y, lv.DRAW_
↪ MASK_LINE_SIDE.BOTTOM)
        line_mask_id = lv.draw_mask_add(line_mask_param, None)

        #Draw a rectangle that will be affected by the mask
        draw_rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
        draw_rect_dsc.init()
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA.COVER
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = dsc.line_dsc.color

        a = lv.area_t()
        a.x1 = dsc.p1.x
        a.x2 = dsc.p2.x
        a.y1 = min(dsc.p1.y, dsc.p2.y)
        a.y2 = cont_a.y2 - 13 # -13 cuts off where the rectangle draws over the chart_
↪ margin. Without this an area of 0 doesn't look like 0
        dsc.draw_ctx.rect(draw_rect_dsc, a)

        # Remove the mask
        lv.draw_mask_free_param(line_mask_param)
        lv.draw_mask_remove_id(line_mask_id)

#
# Helper function to round a fixed point number
#
def round_fixed_point(n, shift):
    # Create a bitmask to isolates the decimal part of the fixed point number
    mask = 1
    for bit_pos in range(shift):

```

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```

        mask = (mask << 1) + 1

    decimal_part = n & mask

    # Get 0.5 as fixed point
    rounding_boundary = 1 << (shift - 1)

    # Return either the integer part of n or the integer part + 1
    if decimal_part < rounding_boundary:
        return (n & ~mask)
    return ((n >> shift) + 1) << shift

#
# Stacked area chart
#
def lv_example_chart_8():

    #Create a stacked_area_chart.obj
    stacked_area_chart.obj = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
    stacked_area_chart.obj.set_size(200, 150)
    stacked_area_chart.obj.center()
    stacked_area_chart.obj.set_type( lv.chart.TYPE.LINE)
    stacked_area_chart.obj.set_div_line_count(5, 7)
    stacked_area_chart.obj.add_event_cb( draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN,
    ↪None)

    # Set range to 0 to 100 for percentages. Draw ticks
    stacked_area_chart.obj.set_range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y,0,100)
    stacked_area_chart.obj.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 3, 0, 5, 1, True,
    ↪30)

    #Set point size to 0 so the lines are smooth
    stacked_area_chart.obj.set_style_size(0, lv.PART.INDICATOR)

    # Add some data series
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[0] = stacked_area_chart.obj.add_series(lv.palette_
    ↪main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[1] = stacked_area_chart.obj.add_series(lv.palette_
    ↪main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[2] = stacked_area_chart.obj.add_series(lv.palette_
    ↪main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)

    for point in range(10):
        # Make some random data
        vals = [lv.rand(10, 20), lv.rand(20, 30), lv.rand(20, 30)]

        fixed_point_shift = 5
        total = vals[0] + vals[1] + vals[2]
        draw_heights = [0, 0, 0]
        int_sum = 0
        decimal_sum = 0

        # Fixed point cascade rounding ensures percentages add to 100
        for series_index in range(3):
            decimal_sum += int(((vals[series_index] * 100) << fixed_point_shift) //
    ↪total)

```

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```

        int_sum += int((vals[series_index] * 100) / total)

        modifier = (round_fixed_point(decimal_sum, fixed_point_shift) >> fixed_
↪point_shift) - int_sum

        # The draw heights are equal to the percentage of the total each value.
↪is + the cumulative sum of the previous percentages.
        # The accumulation is how the values get "stacked"
        draw_heights[series_index] = int(int_sum + modifier)

        # Draw to the series in the reverse order to which they were initialised.
        # Without this the higher values will draw on top of the lower ones.
        # This is because the Z-height of a series matches the order it was
↪initialised
        stacked_area_chart.obj.set_next_value( stacked_area_chart.series_list[3 -
↪series_index - 1], draw_heights[series_index])

        stacked_area_chart.obj.refresh()

lv_example_chart_8()

```

## 2.7.9 Checkbox

### Simple Checkboxes

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHECKBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        const char * txt = lv_checkbox_get_text(obj);
        const char * state = lv_obj_get_state(obj) & LV_STATE_CHECKED ? "Checked" :
↪"Unchecked";
        LV_LOG_USER("%s: %s", txt, state);
    }
}

void lv_example_checkbox_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(lv_scr_act(), LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);
    lv_obj_set_flex_align(lv_scr_act(), LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_START, LV_
↪FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER);

    lv_obj_t * cb;
    cb = lv_checkbox_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_checkbox_set_text(cb, "Apple");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(cb, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

    cb = lv_checkbox_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_checkbox_set_text(cb, "Banana");
    lv_obj_add_state(cb, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
}

```

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```

lv_obj_add_event_cb(cb, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

cb = lv_checkbox_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_checkbox_set_text(cb, "Lemon");
lv_obj_add_state(cb, LV_STATE_DISABLED);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(cb, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

cb = lv_checkbox_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_state(cb, LV_STATE_CHECKED | LV_STATE_DISABLED);
lv_checkbox_set_text(cb, "Melon\nand a new line");
lv_obj_add_event_cb(cb, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

lv_obj_update_layout(cb);
}

#endif

```

```

def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        txt = obj.get_text()
        if obj.get_state() & lv.STATE.CHECKED:
            state = "Checked"
        else:
            state = "Unchecked"
        print(txt + ":" + state)

lv_scr_act().set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.COLUMN)
lv_scr_act().set_flex_align(lv.FLEX_ALIGN.CENTER, lv.FLEX_ALIGN.START, lv.FLEX_ALIGN.
↪CENTER)

cb = lv.checkbox(lv_scr_act())
cb.set_text("Apple")
cb.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

cb = lv.checkbox(lv_scr_act())
cb.set_text("Banana")
cb.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
cb.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

cb = lv.checkbox(lv_scr_act())
cb.set_text("Lemon")
cb.add_state(lv.STATE.DISABLED)
cb.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

cb = lv.checkbox(lv_scr_act())
cb.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED | lv.STATE.DISABLED)
cb.set_text("Melon")
cb.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

cb.update_layout()

```

## Checkboxes as radio buttons

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHECKBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_style_t style_radio;
static lv_style_t style_radio_chk;
static uint32_t active_index_1 = 0;
static uint32_t active_index_2 = 0;

static void radio_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    uint32_t * active_id = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_event_get_current_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * act_cb = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * old_cb = lv_obj_get_child(cont, *active_id);

    /*Do nothing if the container was clicked*/
    if(act_cb == cont) return;

    lv_obj_clear_state(old_cb, LV_STATE_CHECKED); /*Uncheck the previous radio_
↪button*/
    lv_obj_add_state(act_cb, LV_STATE_CHECKED); /*Uncheck the current radio_
↪button*/

    *active_id = lv_obj_get_index(act_cb);

    LV_LOG_USER("Selected radio buttons: %d, %d", (int)active_index_1, (int)active_
↪index_2);
}

static void radiobutton_create(lv_obj_t * parent, const char * txt)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_checkbox_create(parent);
    lv_checkbox_set_text(obj, txt);
    lv_obj_add_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_radio, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_radio_chk, LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_CHECKED);
}

/**
 * Checkboxes as radio buttons
 */
void lv_example_checkbox_2(void)
{
    /* The idea is to enable `LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE` on checkboxes and process the
    * `LV_EVENT_CLICKED` on the container.
    * A variable is passed as event user data where the index of the active
    * radiobutton is saved */

    lv_style_init(&style_radio);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_radio, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);

    lv_style_init(&style_radio_chk);
    lv_style_set_bg_img_src(&style_radio_chk, NULL);
}
```

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```

uint32_t i;
char buf[32];

lv_obj_t * cont1 = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont1, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);
lv_obj_set_size(cont1, lv_pct(40), lv_pct(80));
lv_obj_add_event_cb(cont1, radio_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, &active_index_
↪1);

for(i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "A %d", (int)i + 1);
    radiobutton_create(cont1, buf);
}
/*Make the first checkbox checked*/
lv_obj_add_state(lv_obj_get_child(cont1, 0), LV_STATE_CHECKED);

lv_obj_t * cont2 = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont2, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);
lv_obj_set_size(cont2, lv_pct(40), lv_pct(80));
lv_obj_set_x(cont2, lv_pct(50));
lv_obj_add_event_cb(cont2, radio_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, &active_index_
↪2);

for(i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
    lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "B %d", (int)i + 1);
    radiobutton_create(cont2, buf);
}

/*Make the first checkbox checked*/
lv_obj_add_state(lv_obj_get_child(cont2, 0), LV_STATE_CHECKED);
}

#endif

```

Error encountered **while** trying to **open** /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/widgets/checkbox/lv\_example\_checkbox\_2.py  
↪checkbox/lv\_example\_checkbox\_2.py

## 2.7.10 Colorwheel

### Simple Colorwheel

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_COLORWHEEL && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_colorwheel_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * cw;

    cw = lv_colorwheel_create(lv_scr_act(), true);
    lv_obj_set_size(cw, 200, 200);
    lv_obj_center(cw);
}

```

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```
}
#endif
```

```
cw = lv.colorwheel(lv.scr_act(), True)
cw.set_size(200, 200)
cw.center()
```

## 2.7.11 Dropdown

### Simple Drop down list

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_DROPDOWN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        char buf[32];
        lv_dropdown_get_selected_str(obj, buf, sizeof(buf));
        LV_LOG_USER("Option: %s", buf);
    }
}

void lv_example_dropdown_1(void)
{
    /*Create a normal drop down list*/
    lv_obj_t * dd = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_dropdown_set_options(dd, "Apple\n"
                               "Banana\n"
                               "Orange\n"
                               "Cherry\n"
                               "Grape\n"
                               "Raspberry\n"
                               "Melon\n"
                               "Orange\n"
                               "Lemon\n"
                               "Nuts");

    lv_obj_align(dd, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 20);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(dd, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}

#endif
```

```
def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
```

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```

    option = " "*10 # should be large enough to store the option
    obj.get_selected_str(option, len(option))
    # .strip() removes trailing spaces
    print("Option: \"%s\" \" % option.strip())

# Create a normal drop down list
dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())
dd.set_options("\n".join([
    "Apple",
    "Banana",
    "Orange",
    "Cherry",
    "Grape",
    "Raspberry",
    "Melon",
    "Orange",
    "Lemon",
    "Nuts"]))

dd.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 0, 20)
dd.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

```

### Drop down in four directions

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_DROPDOWN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Create a drop down, up, left and right menus
 */
void lv_example_dropdown_2(void)
{
    static const char * opts = "Apple\n"
                                "Banana\n"
                                "Orange\n"
                                "Melon";

    lv_obj_t * dd;
    dd = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_dropdown_set_options_static(dd, opts);
    lv_obj_align(dd, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 10);

    dd = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_dropdown_set_options_static(dd, opts);
    lv_dropdown_set_dir(dd, LV_DIR_BOTTOM);
    lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dd, LV_SYMBOL_UP);
    lv_obj_align(dd, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_MID, 0, -10);

    dd = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_dropdown_set_options_static(dd, opts);
    lv_dropdown_set_dir(dd, LV_DIR_RIGHT);
    lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dd, LV_SYMBOL_RIGHT);
    lv_obj_align(dd, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 10, 0);
}

```

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```

    dd = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_dropdown_set_options_static(dd, opts);
    lv_dropdown_set_dir(dd, LV_DIR_LEFT);
    lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dd, LV_SYMBOL_LEFT);
    lv_obj_align(dd, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -10, 0);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Create a drop down, up, left and right menus
#

opts = "\n".join([
    "Apple",
    "Banana",
    "Orange",
    "Melon",
    "Grape",
    "Raspberry"])

dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())
dd.set_options_static(opts)
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 0, 10)
dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())
dd.set_options_static(opts)
dd.set_dir(lv.DIR.BOTTOM)
dd.set_symbol(lv.SYMBOL.UP)
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_MID, 0, -10)

dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())
dd.set_options_static(opts)
dd.set_dir(lv.DIR.RIGHT)
dd.set_symbol(lv.SYMBOL.RIGHT)
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT_MID, 10, 0)

dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())
dd.set_options_static(opts)
dd.set_dir(lv.DIR.LEFT)
dd.set_symbol(lv.SYMBOL.LEFT)
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT_MID, -10, 0)

```

## Menu

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_DROPDOWN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * dropdown = lv_event_get_target(e);
    char buf[64];
    lv_dropdown_get_selected_str(dropdown, buf, sizeof(buf));
    LV_LOG_USER("%s is selected", buf);
}

/**
 * Create a menu from a drop-down list and show some drop-down list features and
 * styling
 */
void lv_example_dropdown_3(void)
{
    /*Create a drop down list*/
    lv_obj_t * dropdown = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(dropdown, LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT, 10, 10);
    lv_dropdown_set_options(dropdown, "New project\n"
                                     "New file\n"
                                     "Save\n"
                                     "Save as ...\n"
                                     "Open project\n"
                                     "Recent projects\n"
                                     "Preferences\n"
                                     "Exit");

    /*Set a fixed text to display on the button of the drop-down list*/
    lv_dropdown_set_text(dropdown, "Menu");

    /*Use a custom image as down icon and flip it when the list is opened*/
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_caret_down)
    lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dropdown, &img_caret_down);
    lv_obj_set_style_transform_angle(dropdown, 1800, LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_
    CHECKED);

    /*In a menu we don't need to show the last clicked item*/
    lv_dropdown_set_selected_highlight(dropdown, false);

    lv_obj_add_event_cb(dropdown, event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
}

#endif
```

```
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
```

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```

    with open('../assets/img_caret_down.png', 'rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_caret_down.png")
    sys.exit()

img_caret_down_argb = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(png_data),
    'data': png_data
})

def event_cb(e):
    dropdown = e.get_target()
    option = " "*64 # should be large enough to store the option
    dropdown.get_selected_str(option, len(option))
    print(option.strip() + " is selected")
#
# Create a menu from a drop-down list and show some drop-down list features and
# styling
#

# Create a drop down list
dropdown = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())
dropdown.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_LEFT, 10, 10)
dropdown.set_options("\n".join([
    "New project",
    "New file",
    "Open project",
    "Recent projects",
    "Preferences",
    "Exit"]))

# Set a fixed text to display on the button of the drop-down list
dropdown.set_text("Menu")

# Use a custom image as down icon and flip it when the list is opened
# LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_caret_down)
dropdown.set_symbol(img_caret_down_argb)
dropdown.set_style_transform_angle(1800, lv.PART.INDICATOR | lv.STATE.CHECKED)

# In a menu we don't need to show the last clicked item
dropdown.set_selected_highlight(False)

dropdown.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)

```

## 2.7.12 Image

### Image from variable and symbol

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_IMG && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_img_1(void)
{
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_cogwheel_argb);
    lv_obj_t * img1 = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_img_set_src(img1, &img_cogwheel_argb);
    lv_obj_align(img1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -20);
    lv_obj_set_size(img1, 200, 200);

    lv_obj_t * img2 = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_img_set_src(img2, LV_SYMBOL_OK "Accept");
    lv_obj_align_to(img2, img1, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 20);
}

#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import sys as sys
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
from image_tools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/img_cogwheel_argb.png', 'rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_cogwheel_argb.png")
    sys.exit()

img_cogwheel_argb = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(png_data),
    'data': png_data
})

img1 = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
img1.set_src(img_cogwheel_argb)
img1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -20)
img1.set_size(200, 200)

img2 = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
img2.set_src(lv.SYMBOL.OK + "Accept")
img2.align_to(img1, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 20)
```

## Image recoloring

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_IMG && LV_USE_SLIDER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * create_slider(lv_color_t color);
static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e);

static lv_obj_t * red_slider, * green_slider, * blue_slider, * intense_slider;
static lv_obj_t * img1;

/**
 * Demonstrate runtime image re-coloring
 */
void lv_example_img_2(void)
{
    /*Create 4 sliders to adjust RGB color and re-color intensity*/
    red_slider = create_slider(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    green_slider = create_slider(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN));
    blue_slider = create_slider(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    intense_slider = create_slider(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));

    lv_slider_set_value(red_slider, LV_OPA_20, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_slider_set_value(green_slider, LV_OPA_90, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_slider_set_value(blue_slider, LV_OPA_60, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_slider_set_value(intense_slider, LV_OPA_50, LV_ANIM_OFF);

    lv_obj_align(red_slider, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 25, 0);
    lv_obj_align_to(green_slider, red_slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0);
    lv_obj_align_to(blue_slider, green_slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0);
    lv_obj_align_to(intense_slider, blue_slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0);

    /*Now create the actual image*/
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_cogwheel_argb)
    img1 = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_img_set_src(img1, &img_cogwheel_argb);
    lv_obj_align(img1, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -20, 0);

    lv_event_send(intense_slider, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
}

static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    LV_UNUSED(e);

    /*Recolor the image based on the sliders' values*/
    lv_color_t color = lv_color_make(lv_slider_get_value(red_slider), lv_slider_get_
↪value(green_slider),
                                lv_slider_get_value(blue_slider));
    lv_opa_t intense = lv_slider_get_value(intense_slider);
    lv_obj_set_style_img_recolor_opa(img1, intense, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_img_recolor(img1, color, 0);
}

static lv_obj_t * create_slider(lv_color_t color)
{

```

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```

lv_obj_t * slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_slider_set_range(slider, 0, 255);
lv_obj_set_size(slider, 10, 200);
lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(slider, color, LV_PART_KNOB);
lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(slider, lv_color_darken(color, LV_OPA_40), LV_PART_
↪INDICATOR);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
return slider;
}

#endif

```

```

#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import usys as sys
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/img_cogwheel_argb.png', 'rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_cogwheel_argb.png")
    sys.exit()

img_cogwheel_argb = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(png_data),
    'data': png_data
})

def create_slider(color):
    slider = lv.slider(lv_scr_act())
    slider.set_range(0, 255)
    slider.set_size(10, 200)
    slider.set_style_bg_color(color, lv.PART.KNOB)
    slider.set_style_bg_color(color.color_darken(lv.OPA_40), lv.PART.INDICATOR)
    slider.add_event_cb(slider_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
    return slider

def slider_event_cb(e):
    # Recolor the image based on the sliders' values
    color = lv.color_make(red_slider.get_value(), green_slider.get_value(), blue_
↪slider.get_value())
    intense = intense_slider.get_value()
    img1.set_style_img_recolor_opa(intense, 0)
    img1.set_style_img_recolor(color, 0)

#
# Demonstrate runtime image re-coloring
#

```

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```

# Create 4 sliders to adjust RGB color and re-color intensity
red_slider = create_slider(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
green_slider = create_slider(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
blue_slider = create_slider(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
intense_slider = create_slider(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))

red_slider.set_value(lv.OPA._20, lv.ANIM.OFF)
green_slider.set_value(lv.OPA._90, lv.ANIM.OFF)
blue_slider.set_value(lv.OPA._60, lv.ANIM.OFF)
intense_slider.set_value(lv.OPA._50, lv.ANIM.OFF)

red_slider.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT_MID, 25, 0)
green_slider.align_to(red_slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0)
blue_slider.align_to(green_slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0)
intense_slider.align_to(blue_slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0)

# Now create the actual image
img1 = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
img1.set_src(img_cogwheel_argb)
img1.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT_MID, -20, 0)

lv.event_send(intense_slider, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)

```

## Rotate and zoom

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_IMG && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void set_angle(void * img, int32_t v)
{
    lv_img_set_angle(img, v);
}

static void set_zoom(void * img, int32_t v)
{
    lv_img_set_zoom(img, v);
}

/**
 * Show transformations (zoom and rotation) using a pivot point.
 */
void lv_example_img_3(void)
{
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_cogwheel_argb);

    /*Now create the actual image*/
    lv_obj_t * img = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_img_set_src(img, &img_cogwheel_argb);
    lv_obj_align(img, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 50, 50);
}

```

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```

lv_img_set_pivot(img, 0, 0);    /*Rotate around the top left corner*/

lv_anim_t a;
lv_anim_init(&a);
lv_anim_set_var(&a, img);
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_angle);
lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 3600);
lv_anim_set_time(&a, 5000);
lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
lv_anim_start(&a);

lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_zoom);
lv_anim_set_values(&a, 128, 256);
lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 3000);
lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

```

```

#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import sys as sys
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/img_cogwheel_argb.png', 'rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_cogwheel_argb.png")
    sys.exit()

img_cogwheel_argb = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(png_data),
    'data': png_data
})

def set_angle(img, v):
    img.set_angle(v)

def set_zoom(img, v):
    img.set_zoom(v)

#
# Show transformations (zoom and rotation) using a pivot point.
#

# Now create the actual image
img = lv.img(lv.scr_act())

```

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```

img.set_src(img_cogwheel_argb)
img.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 50, 50)
img.set_pivot(0, 0)           # Rotate around the top left corner

a1 = lv.anim_t()
a1.init()
a1.set_var(img)
a1.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: set_angle(img,val))
a1.set_values(0, 3600)
a1.set_time(5000)
a1.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
lv.anim_t.start(a1)

a2 = lv.anim_t()
a2.init()
a2.set_var(img)
a2.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: set_zoom(img,val))
a2.set_values(128, 256)
a2.set_time(5000)
a2.set_playback_time(3000)
a2.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
lv.anim_t.start(a2)

```

## Image offset and styling

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_IMG && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void ofs_y_anim(void * img, int32_t v)
{
    lv_img_set_offset_y(img, v);
}

/**
 * Image styling and offset
 */
void lv_example_img_4(void)
{
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_skew_strip);

    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_YELLOW));
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_img_recolor_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_img_recolor(&style, lv_color_black());

    lv_obj_t * img = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(img, &style, 0);
    lv_img_set_src(img, &img_skew_strip);
    lv_obj_set_size(img, 150, 100);
    lv_obj_center(img);
}

```

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```

    lv_anim_t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, img);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, ofs_y_anim);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 100);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 500);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

```

```

from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

def ofs_y_anim(img, v):
    img.set_offset_y(v)
    # print(img,v)

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/img_skew_strip.png','rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_skew_strip.png")
    sys.exit()

img_skew_strip = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(png_data),
    'data': png_data
})

#
# Image styling and offset
#

style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW))
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_img_recolor_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_img_recolor(lv.color_black())

img = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
img.add_style(style, 0)
img.set_src(img_skew_strip)
img.set_size(150, 100)
img.center()

a = lv.anim_t()

```

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```

a.init()
a.set_var(img)
a.set_values(0, 100)
a.set_time(3000)
a.set_playback_time(500)
a.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: ofs_y_anim(img,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a)

```

## 2.7.13 Image button

### Simple Image button

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_IMGBTN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_imgbtn_1(void)
{
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(imgbtn_left);
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(imgbtn_right);
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(imgbtn_mid);

    /*Create a transition animation on width transformation and recolor.*/
    static lv_style_prop_t tr_prop[] = {LV_STYLE_TRANSFORM_WIDTH, LV_STYLE_IMG_
↪RECOLOR_OPA, 0};
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t tr;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&tr, tr_prop, lv_anim_path_linear, 200, 0, NULL);

    static lv_style_t style_def;
    lv_style_init(&style_def);
    lv_style_set_text_color(&style_def, lv_color_white());
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_def, &tr);

    /*Darken the button when pressed and make it wider*/
    static lv_style_t style_pr;
    lv_style_init(&style_pr);
    lv_style_set_img_recolor_opa(&style_pr, LV_OPA_30);
    lv_style_set_img_recolor(&style_pr, lv_color_black());
    lv_style_set_transform_width(&style_pr, 20);

    /*Create an image button*/
    lv_obj_t * imgbtn1 = lv_imgbtn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_imgbtn_set_src(imgbtn1, LV_IMGBTN_STATE_RELEASED, &imgbtn_left, &imgbtn_mid, &
↪imgbtn_right);
    lv_obj_add_style(imgbtn1, &style_def, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(imgbtn1, &style_pr, LV_STATE_PRESSED);

    lv_obj_align(imgbtn1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);

    /*Create a label on the image button*/
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(imgbtn1);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Button");
    lv_obj_align(label, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -4);

```

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```
}
#endif
```

```
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/imgbtn_left.png', 'rb') as f:
        imgbtn_left_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find imgbtn_left.png")
    sys.exit()

imgbtn_left_dsc = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(imgbtn_left_data),
    'data': imgbtn_left_data
})

try:
    with open('../assets/imgbtn_mid.png', 'rb') as f:
        imgbtn_mid_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find imgbtn_mid.png")
    sys.exit()

imgbtn_mid_dsc = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(imgbtn_mid_data),
    'data': imgbtn_mid_data
})

try:
    with open('../assets/imgbtn_right.png', 'rb') as f:
        imgbtn_right_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find imgbtn_right.png")
    sys.exit()

imgbtn_right_dsc = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(imgbtn_right_data),
    'data': imgbtn_right_data
})

# Create a transition animation on width transformation and recolor.
tr_prop = [lv.STYLE.TRANSFORM_WIDTH, lv.STYLE.IMG_RECOLOR_OPA, 0]
tr = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
tr.init(tr_prop, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 200, 0, None)

style_def = lv.style_t()
style_def.init()
style_def.set_text_color(lv.color_white())
```

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```

style_def.set_transition(tr)

# Darken the button when pressed and make it wider
style_pr = lv.style_t()
style_pr.init()
style_pr.set_img_recolor_opa(lv.OPA_30)
style_pr.set_img_recolor(lv.color_black())
style_pr.set_transform_width(20)

# Create an image button
imgbtn1 = lv.imgbtn(lv.scr_act())
imgbtn1.set_src(lv.imgbtn.STATE.RELEASED, imgbtn_left_dsc, imgbtn_mid_dsc, imgbtn_
↪right_dsc)
imgbtn1.add_style(style_def, 0)
imgbtn1.add_style(style_pr, lv.STATE.PRESSED)

imgbtn1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)

# Create a label on the image button
label = lv.label(imgbtn1)
label.set_text("Button")
label.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -4)

```

## 2.7.14 Keyboard

### Keyboard with text area

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_KEYBOARD && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * kb = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_FOCUSED) {
        lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, ta);
        lv_obj_clear_flag(kb, LV_OBJ_FLAG_HIDDEN);
    }

    if(code == LV_EVENT_DEFOCUSED) {
        lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, NULL);
        lv_obj_add_flag(kb, LV_OBJ_FLAG_HIDDEN);
    }
}

void lv_example_keyboard_1(void)
{
    /*Create a keyboard to use it with an of the text areas*/
    lv_obj_t * kb = lv_keyboard_create(lv_scr_act());

    /*Create a text area. The keyboard will write here*/
    lv_obj_t * ta;

```

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```

    ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(ta, LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT, 10, 10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, kb);
    lv_textarea_set_placeholder_text(ta, "Hello");
    lv_obj_set_size(ta, 140, 80);

    ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(ta, LV_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT, -10, 10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, kb);
    lv_obj_set_size(ta, 140, 80);

    lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, ta);
}
#endif

```

```

def ta_event_cb(e, kb):
    code = e.get_code()
    ta = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.FOCUSED:
        kb.set_textarea(ta)
        kb.clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.HIDDEN)

    if code == lv.EVENT.DEFOCUSED:
        kb.set_textarea(None)
        kb.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.HIDDEN)

# Create a keyboard to use it with one of the text areas
kb = lv.keyboard(lv.scr_act())

# Create a text area. The keyboard will write here
ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
ta.set_width(200)
ta.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_LEFT, 10, 10)
ta.add_event_cb(lambda e: ta_event_cb(e, kb), lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
ta.set_placeholder_text("Hello")

ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
ta.set_width(200)
ta.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_RIGHT, -10, 10)
ta.add_event_cb(lambda e: ta_event_cb(e, kb), lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

kb.set_textarea(ta)

```

## 2.7.15 Label

### Line wrap, recoloring and scrolling

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LABEL && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Show line wrap, re-color, line align and text scrolling.
 */

```

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```

void lv_example_label_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * label1 = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_long_mode(label1, LV_LABEL_LONG_WRAP);           /*Break the long lines*/
    lv_label_set_recolor(label1, true);                           /*Enable re-coloring by
↪commands in the text*/
    lv_label_set_text(label1, "#0000ff Re-color# #ff00ff words# #ff0000 of a# label,
↪align the lines to the center "
                           "and wrap long text automatically.");
    lv_obj_set_width(label1, 150); /*Set smaller width to make the lines wrap*/
    lv_obj_set_style_text_align(label1, LV_TEXT_ALIGN_CENTER, 0);
    lv_obj_align(label1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -40);

    lv_obj_t * label2 = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_long_mode(label2, LV_LABEL_LONG_SCROLL_CIRCULAR); /*Circular
↪scroll*/
    lv_obj_set_width(label2, 150);
    lv_label_set_text(label2, "It is a circularly scrolling text. ");
    lv_obj_align(label2, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 40);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Show line wrap, re-color, line align and text scrolling.
#
label1 = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label1.set_long_mode(lv.label.LONG.WRAP)           # Break the long lines*/
label1.set_recolor(True)                           # Enable re-coloring by commands in the
↪text
label1.set_text("#0000ff Re-color# #ff00ff words# #ff0000 of a# label, align the
↪lines to the center"
               "and wrap long text automatically.")
label1.set_width(150)                               # Set smaller width to make the lines
↪wrap
label1.set_style_text_align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0)
label1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -40)

label2 = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label2.set_long_mode(lv.label.LONG.SCROLL_CIRCULAR) # Circular scroll
label2.set_width(150)
label2.set_text("It is a circularly scrolling text. ")
label2.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 40)

```



## Text shadow

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LABEL && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Create a fake text shadow
 */
void lv_example_label_2(void)
{
    /*Create a style for the shadow*/
    static lv_style_t style_shadow;
    lv_style_init(&style_shadow);
    lv_style_set_text_opa(&style_shadow, LV_OPA_30);
    lv_style_set_text_color(&style_shadow, lv_color_black());

    /*Create a label for the shadow first (it's in the background)*/
    lv_obj_t * shadow_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(shadow_label, &style_shadow, 0);

    /*Create the main label*/
    lv_obj_t * main_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(main_label, "A simple method to create\n"
                                "shadows on a text.\n"
                                "It even works with\n\n"
                                "newlines      and spaces.");

    /*Set the same text for the shadow label*/
    lv_label_set_text(shadow_label, lv_label_get_text(main_label));

    /*Position the main label*/
    lv_obj_align(main_label, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);

    /*Shift the second label down and to the right by 2 pixel*/
    lv_obj_align_to(shadow_label, main_label, LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT, 2, 2);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Create a fake text shadow
#

# Create a style for the shadow
style_shadow = lv.style_t()
style_shadow.init()
style_shadow.set_text_opa(lv.OPA._30)
style_shadow.set_text_color(lv.color_black())

# Create a label for the shadow first (it's in the background)
shadow_label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
shadow_label.add_style(style_shadow, 0)

# Create the main label
main_label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
main_label.set_text("A simple method to create\n"
                  "shadows on a text.\n"

```

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```

        "It even works with\n\n"
        "newlines      and spaces.")

# Set the same text for the shadow label
shadow_label.set_text(lv.label.get_text(main_label))

# Position the main label
main_label.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)

# Shift the second label down and to the right by 2 pixel
shadow_label.align_to(main_label, lv.ALIGN.TOP_LEFT, 2, 2)

```

## Show LTR, RTL and Chinese texts

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LABEL && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_FONT_DEJAVU_16_PERSIAN_HEBREW && LV_FONT_SIMSUN_16_CJK && LV_USE_BIDI

/**
 * Show mixed LTR, RTL and Chinese label
 */
void lv_example_label_3(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * ltr_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(ltr_label, "In modern terminology, a microcontroller is similar  
to a system on a chip (SoC).");
    lv_obj_set_style_text_font(ltr_label, &lv_font_montserrat_16, 0);
    lv_obj_set_width(ltr_label, 310);
    lv_obj_align(ltr_label, LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT, 5, 5);

    lv_obj_t * rtl_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(rtl_label,
        ",\u0647\u0627 \u0628\u0647 \u0627\u06cc\u0646 \u0627\u0646\u062f \u0627\u0631\u062a\u0628\u0627\u0633\u062a :CPU - Central  
Processing Unit.");
    lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(rtl_label, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_text_font(rtl_label, &lv_font_dejavu_16_persian_hebrew, 0);
    lv_obj_set_width(rtl_label, 310);
    lv_obj_align(rtl_label, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 5, 0);

    lv_obj_t * cz_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(cz_label,
        "\u4e2d\u56fd\u5c5e\u4e8e\u5d4c\u5165\u5f0f\u7cfb\u7edf\u7684\u4e00\u90e8\u5206");
    lv_obj_set_style_text_font(cz_label, &lv_font_simsun_16_cjk, 0);
    lv_obj_set_width(cz_label, 310);
    lv_obj_align(cz_label, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_LEFT, 5, -5);
}

#endif
```

```
import fs_driver
#
# Show mixed LTR, RTL and Chinese label
#
```

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[illegible]

### Draw label with gradient color

```
#include "../..//lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LABEL && LV_USE_CANVAS && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_DRAW_COMPLEX

#define MASK_WIDTH 100
#define MASK_HEIGHT 45

static void add_mask_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    static lv_draw_mask_map_param_t m;
    static int16_t mask_id;

    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_opa_t * mask_map = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_COVER_CHECK) {
        lv_event_set_cover_res(e, LV_COVER_RES_MASKED);
    }
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_MAIN_BEGIN) {

```

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```

        lv_draw_mask_map_init(&m, &obj->coords, mask_map);
        mask_id = lv_draw_mask_add(&m, NULL);

    }
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_MAIN_END) {
        lv_draw_mask_free_param(&m);
        lv_draw_mask_remove_id(mask_id);
    }
}

/**
 * Draw label with gradient color
 */
void lv_example_label_4(void)
{
    /* Create the mask of a text by drawing it to a canvas*/
    static lv_opa_t mask_map[MASK_WIDTH * MASK_HEIGHT];

    /*Create a "8 bit alpha" canvas and clear it*/
    lv_obj_t * canvas = lv_canvas_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_canvas_set_buffer(canvas, mask_map, MASK_WIDTH, MASK_HEIGHT, LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_
↪8BIT);
    lv_canvas_fill_bg(canvas, lv_color_black(), LV_OPA_TRANSP);

    /*Draw a label to the canvas. The result "image" will be used as mask*/
    lv_draw_label_dsc_t label_dsc;
    lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&label_dsc);
    label_dsc.color = lv_color_white();
    label_dsc.align = LV_TEXT_ALIGN_CENTER;
    lv_canvas_draw_text(canvas, 5, 5, MASK_WIDTH, &label_dsc, "Text with gradient");

    /*The mask is reads the canvas is not required anymore*/
    lv_obj_del(canvas);

    /* Create an object from where the text will be masked out.
     * Now it's a rectangle with a gradient but it could be an image too*/
    lv_obj_t * grad = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(grad, MASK_WIDTH, MASK_HEIGHT);
    lv_obj_center(grad);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(grad, lv_color_hex(0xff0000), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_grad_color(grad, lv_color_hex(0x0000ff), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_grad_dir(grad, LV_GRAD_DIR_HOR, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(grad, add_mask_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, mask_map);
}

#endif

```

Error encountered **while** trying to **open** /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/widgets/label/lv\_example\_label\_4.py

## Customize circular scrolling animation

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LABEL && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Show customizing the circular scrolling animation of a label with `LV_LABEL_LONG_
 * ↪SCROLL_CIRCULAR`
 * long mode.
 */
void lv_example_label_5(void)
{
    static lv_anim_t animation_template;
    static lv_style_t label_style;

    lv_anim_init(&animation_template);
    lv_anim_set_delay(&animation_template, 1000);           /*Wait 1 second to start_
    ↪the first scroll*/
    lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&animation_template,
                            3000); /*Repeat the scroll 3 seconds after the label_
    ↪scrolls back to the initial position*/

    /*Initialize the label style with the animation template*/
    lv_style_init(&label_style);
    lv_style_set_anim(&label_style, &animation_template);

    lv_obj_t * label1 = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_long_mode(label1, LV_LABEL_LONG_SCROLL_CIRCULAR); /*Circular_
    ↪scroll*/
    lv_obj_set_width(label1, 150);
    lv_label_set_text(label1, "It is a circularly scrolling text. ");
    lv_obj_align(label1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 40);
    lv_obj_add_style(label1, &label_style, LV_STATE_DEFAULT); /*Add the_
    ↪style to the label*/
}

#endif
```

```
#
# Show customizing the circular scrolling animation of a label with `LV_LABEL_LONG_
# ↪SCROLL_CIRCULAR` long mode.
#

label1 = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label1.set_long_mode(lv.label.LONG.SCROLL_CIRCULAR) # Circular scroll
label1.set_width(150)
label1.set_text("It is a circularly scrolling text. ")
label1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 40)
```

## 2.7.16 LED

### LED with custom style

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LED && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Create LED's with different brightness and color
 */
void lv_example_led_1(void)
{
    /*Create a LED and switch it OFF*/
    lv_obj_t * led1 = lv_led_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(led1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, -80, 0);
    lv_led_off(led1);

    /*Copy the previous LED and set a brightness*/
    lv_obj_t * led2 = lv_led_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(led2, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);
    lv_led_set_brightness(led2, 150);
    lv_led_set_color(led2, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));

    /*Copy the previous LED and switch it ON*/
    lv_obj_t * led3 = lv_led_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(led3, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 80, 0);
    lv_led_on(led3);
}

#endif
```

```
#
# Create LED's with different brightness and color
#

# Create a LED and switch it OFF
led1 = lv.led(lv.scr_act())
led1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, -80, 0)
led1.off()

# Copy the previous LED and set a brightness
led2 = lv.led(lv.scr_act())
led2.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
led2.set_brightness(150)
led2.set_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))

# Copy the previous LED and switch it ON
led3 = lv.led(lv.scr_act())
led3.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 80, 0)
led3.on()
```

## 2.7.17 Line

### Simple Line

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LINE && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_line_1(void)
{
    /*Create an array for the points of the line*/
    static lv_point_t line_points[] = { {5, 5}, {70, 70}, {120, 10}, {180, 60}, {240, 10} };

    /*Create style*/
    static lv_style_t style_line;
    lv_style_init(&style_line);
    lv_style_set_line_width(&style_line, 8);
    lv_style_set_line_color(&style_line, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_line_rounded(&style_line, true);

    /*Create a line and apply the new style*/
    lv_obj_t * line1;
    line1 = lv_line_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_line_set_points(line1, line_points, 5);      /*Set the points*/
    lv_obj_add_style(line1, &style_line, 0);
    lv_obj_center(line1);
}

#endif
```

```
# Create an array for the points of the line
line_points = [ {"x":5, "y":5},
                {"x":70, "y":70},
                {"x":120, "y":10},
                {"x":180, "y":60},
                {"x":240, "y":10}]

# Create style
style_line = lv.style_t()
style_line.init()
style_line.set_line_width(8)
style_line.set_line_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style_line.set_line_rounded(True)

# Create a line and apply the new style
line1 = lv.line(lv.scr_act())
line1.set_points(line_points, 5)      # Set the points
line1.add_style(style_line, 0)
line1.center()
```

## 2.7.18 List

### Simple List

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LIST && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static lv_obj_t * list1;

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        LV_LOG_USER("Clicked: %s", lv_list_get_btn_text(list1, obj));
    }
}

void lv_example_list_1(void)
{
    /*Create a list*/
    list1 = lv_list_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(list1, 180, 220);
    lv_obj_center(list1);

    /*Add buttons to the list*/
    lv_obj_t * btn;

    lv_list_add_text(list1, "File");
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_FILE, "New");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_DIRECTORY, "Open");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_SAVE, "Save");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_CLOSE, "Delete");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_EDIT, "Edit");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);

    lv_list_add_text(list1, "Connectivity");
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_BLUETOOTH, "Bluetooth");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_GPS, "Navigation");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_USB, "USB");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_BATTERY_FULL, "Battery");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);

    lv_list_add_text(list1, "Exit");
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_OK, "Apply");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_CLOSE, "Close");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
}

#endif
```



```

def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        print("Clicked: list1." + list1.get_btn_text(obj))

# Create a list
list1 = lv.list(lv.scr_act())
list1.set_size(180, 220)
list1.center()

# Add buttons to the list
list1.add_text("File")
btn_new = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.FILE, "New")
btn_new.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_open = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.DIRECTORY, "Open")
btn_open.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_save = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.SAVE, "Save")
btn_save.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_delete = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.CLOSE, "Delete")
btn_delete.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_edit = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.EDIT, "Edit")
btn_edit.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

list1.add_text("Connectivity")
btn_bluetooth = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.BLUETOOTH, "Bluetooth")
btn_bluetooth.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_navig = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.GPS, "Navigation")
btn_navig.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_USB = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.USB, "USB")
btn_USB.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_battery = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.BATTERY_FULL, "Battery")
btn_battery.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

list1.add_text("Exit")
btn_apply = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.OK, "Apply")
btn_apply.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_close = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.CLOSE, "Close")
btn_close.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

```

## Sorting a List using up and down buttons

```

#include <stdlib.h>

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LIST && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * list1;
static lv_obj_t * list2;

static lv_obj_t * currentButton = NULL;

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)

```

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```

{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        LV_LOG_USER("Clicked: %s", lv_list_get_btn_text(list1, obj));

        if(currentButton == obj) {
            currentButton = NULL;
        }
        else {
            currentButton = obj;
        }
        lv_obj_t * parent = lv_obj_get_parent(obj);
        uint32_t i;
        for(i = 0; i < lv_obj_get_child_cnt(parent); i++) {
            lv_obj_t * child = lv_obj_get_child(parent, i);
            if(child == currentButton) {
                lv_obj_add_state(child, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
            }
            else {
                lv_obj_clear_state(child, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
            }
        }
    }
}

static void event_handler_top(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        if(currentButton == NULL) return;
        lv_obj_move_background(currentButton);
        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}

static void event_handler_up(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if((code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) || (code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT)) {
        if(currentButton == NULL) return;
        uint32_t index = lv_obj_get_index(currentButton);
        if(index <= 0) return;
        lv_obj_move_to_index(currentButton, index - 1);
        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}

static void event_handler_center(lv_event_t * e)
{
    const lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if((code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) || (code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT)) {
        if(currentButton == NULL) return;

        lv_obj_t * parent = lv_obj_get_parent(currentButton);
        const uint32_t pos = lv_obj_get_child_cnt(parent) / 2;
    }
}

```

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```

        lv_obj_move_to_index(currentButton, pos);

        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}

static void event_handler_dn(lv_event_t * e)
{
    const lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if((code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) || (code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT)) {
        if(currentButton == NULL) return;
        const uint32_t index = lv_obj_get_index(currentButton);

        lv_obj_move_to_index(currentButton, index + 1);
        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}

static void event_handler_bottom(lv_event_t * e)
{
    const lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        if(currentButton == NULL) return;
        lv_obj_move_foreground(currentButton);
        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}

static void event_handler_swap(lv_event_t * e)
{
    const lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    // lv_obj_t* obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if((code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) || (code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT)) {
        uint32_t cnt = lv_obj_get_child_cnt(list1);
        for(int i = 0; i < 100; i++)
            if(cnt > 1) {
                lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_get_child(list1, rand() % cnt);
                lv_obj_move_to_index(obj, rand() % cnt);
                if(currentButton != NULL) {
                    lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
                }
            }
    }
}

void lv_example_list_2(void)
{
    /*Create a list*/
    list1 = lv_list_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(list1, lv_pct(60), lv_pct(100));
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_row(list1, 5, 0);

    /*Add buttons to the list*/
    lv_obj_t * btn;
    int i;
    for(i = 0; i < 15; i++) {
        btn = lv_btn_create(list1);

```

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```

    lv_obj_set_width(btn, lv_pct(50));
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);

    lv_obj_t * lab = lv_label_create(btn);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(lab, "Item %d", i);
}

/*Select the first button by default*/
currentButton = lv_obj_get_child(list1, 0);
lv_obj_add_state(currentButton, LV_STATE_CHECKED);

/*Create a second list with up and down buttons*/
list2 = lv_list_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_set_size(list2, lv_pct(40), lv_pct(100));
lv_obj_align(list2, LV_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT, 0, 0);
lv_obj_set_flex_flow(list2, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);

btn = lv_list_add_btn(list2, NULL, "Top");
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler_top, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
lv_group_remove_obj(btn);

btn = lv_list_add_btn(list2, LV_SYMBOL_UP, "Up");
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler_up, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
lv_group_remove_obj(btn);

btn = lv_list_add_btn(list2, LV_SYMBOL_LEFT, "Center");
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler_center, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
lv_group_remove_obj(btn);

btn = lv_list_add_btn(list2, LV_SYMBOL_DOWN, "Down");
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler_dn, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
lv_group_remove_obj(btn);

btn = lv_list_add_btn(list2, NULL, "Bottom");
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler_bottom, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
lv_group_remove_obj(btn);

btn = lv_list_add_btn(list2, LV_SYMBOL_SHUFFLE, "Shuffle");
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler_swap, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
lv_group_remove_obj(btn);
}

#endif

```

```

import urandom

currentButton = None
list1 = None

def event_handler(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get_code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        if currentButton == obj:
            currentButton = None

```

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```

        else:
            currentButton = obj
            parent = obj.get_parent()
            for i in range( parent.get_child_cnt()):
                child = parent.get_child(i)
                if child == currentButton:
                    child.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
                else:
                    child.clear_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)

def event_handler_top(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get_code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        if currentButton == None:
            return
        currentButton.move_background()
        currentButton.scroll_to_view( lv.ANIM.ON)

def event_handler_up(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get_code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        if currentButton == None:
            return
        index = currentButton.get_index()
        if index <= 0:
            return
        currentButton.move_to_index(index - 1)
        currentButton.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)

def event_handler_center(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get_code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        if currentButton == None:
            return
        parent = currentButton.get_parent()
        pos = parent.get_child_cnt() // 2
        currentButton.move_to_index(pos)
        currentButton.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)

def event_handler_dn(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get_code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        if currentButton == None:
            return
        index = currentButton.get_index()
        currentButton.move_to_index(index + 1)
        currentButton.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)

def event_handler_bottom(evt):

```

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```

global currentButton
code = evt.get_code()
obj = evt.get_target()
if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
    if currentButton == None:
        return
    currentButton.move_foreground()
    currentButton.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)

def event_handler_swap(evt):
    global currentButton
    global list1
    code = evt.get_code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        cnt = list1.get_child_cnt()
        for i in range(100):
            if cnt > 1:
                obj = list1.get_child(urandom.getrandbits(32) % cnt)
                obj.move_to_index(urandom.getrandbits(32) % cnt)
        if currentButton != None:
            currentButton.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)

#Create a list with buttons that can be sorted
list1 = lv.list(lv.scr_act())
list1.set_size(lv.pct(60), lv.pct(100))
list1.set_style_pad_row( 5, 0)

for i in range(15):
    btn = lv.btn(list1)
    btn.set_width(lv.pct(100))
    btn.add_event_cb( event_handler, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
    lab = lv.label(btn)
    lab.set_text("Item " + str(i))

#Select the first button by default
currentButton = list1.get_child(0)
currentButton.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)

#Create a second list with up and down buttons
list2 = lv.list(lv.scr_act())
list2.set_size(lv.pct(40), lv.pct(100))
list2.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_RIGHT, 0, 0)
list2.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.COLUMN)

btn = list2.add_btn(None, "Top")
btn.add_event_cb(event_handler_top, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group_remove_obj(btn)

btn = list2.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.UP, "Up")
btn.add_event_cb(event_handler_up, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group_remove_obj(btn)

btn = list2.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.LEFT, "Center")
btn.add_event_cb(event_handler_center, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group_remove_obj(btn)

```

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```

btn = list2.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.DOWN, "Down")
btn.add_event_cb(event_handler_dn, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group_remove_obj(btn)

btn = list2.add_btn(None, "Bottom")
btn.add_event_cb(event_handler_bottom, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group_remove_obj(btn)

btn = list2.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.SHUFFLE, "Shuffle")
btn.add_event_cb(event_handler_swap, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group_remove_obj(btn)

```

## 2.7.19 Menu

### Simple Menu

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MENU && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_menu_1(void)
{
    /*Create a menu object*/
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_menu_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(menu, lv_disp_get_hor_res(NULL), lv_disp_get_ver_res(NULL));
    lv_obj_center(menu);

    lv_obj_t * cont;
    lv_obj_t * label;

    /*Create a sub page*/
    lv_obj_t * sub_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");

    /*Create a main page*/
    lv_obj_t * main_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 1");

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 2");

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 3 (Click me!)");
    lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_page);

    lv_menu_set_page(menu, main_page);
}

```

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```
#endif
```

```
# Create a menu object
menu = lv.menu(lv.scr_act())
menu.set_size(320, 240)
menu.center()

# Create a sub page
sub_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding here")

# Create a main page
main_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 1")

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 2")

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 3 (Click me!)")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page)

menu.set_page(main_page)
```

## Simple Menu with root btn

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MENU && LV_USE_MSGBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void back_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_event_get_user_data(e);

    if(lv_menu_back_btn_is_root(menu, obj)) {
        lv_obj_t * mbox1 = lv_msgbox_create(NULL, "Hello", "Root back btn click.",
↪ NULL, true);
        lv_obj_center(mbox1);
    }
}

void lv_example_menu_2(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_menu_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_menu_set_mode_root_back_btn(menu, LV_MENU_ROOT_BACK_BTN_ENABLED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(menu, back_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, menu);
}
```

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```

lv_obj_set_size(menu, lv_disp_get_hor_res(NULL), lv_disp_get_ver_res(NULL));
lv_obj_center(menu);

lv_obj_t * cont;
lv_obj_t * label;

/*Create a sub page*/
lv_obj_t * sub_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);

cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_page);
label = lv_label_create(cont);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");

/*Create a main page*/
lv_obj_t * main_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);

cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
label = lv_label_create(cont);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 1");

cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
label = lv_label_create(cont);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 2");

cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
label = lv_label_create(cont);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 3 (Click me!)");
lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_page);

lv_menu_set_page(menu, main_page);
}

#endif

```

```

def back_event_handler(e):
    obj = e.get_target()
    if menu.back_btn_is_root(obj):
        mbox1 = lv.msgbox(lv.scr_act(), "Hello", "Root back btn click.", None, True)
        mbox1.center()

# Create a menu object
menu = lv.menu(lv.scr_act())
menu.set_mode_root_back_btn(lv.menu.ROOT_BACK_BTN.ENABLED)
menu.add_event_cb(back_event_handler, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
menu.set_size(320, 240)
menu.center()

# Create a sub page
sub_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding here")

# Create a main page
main_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)

```

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```

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 1")

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 2")

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 3 (Click me!)")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page)

menu.set_page(main_page)

```

### Simple Menu with custom header

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MENU && LV_USE_USER_DATA && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_menu_3(void)
{
    /*Create a menu object*/
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_menu_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(menu, lv_disp_get_hor_res(NULL), lv_disp_get_ver_res(NULL));
    lv_obj_center(menu);

    /*Modify the header*/
    lv_obj_t * back_btn = lv_menu_get_main_header_back_btn(menu);
    lv_obj_t * back_btn_label = lv_label_create(back_btn);
    lv_label_set_text(back_btn_label, "Back");

    lv_obj_t * cont;
    lv_obj_t * label;

    /*Create sub pages*/
    lv_obj_t * sub_1_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, "Page 1");

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_1_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");

    lv_obj_t * sub_2_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, "Page 2");

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_2_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");

    lv_obj_t * sub_3_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, "Page 3");

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_3_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");

    /*Create a main page*/

```

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```

lv_obj_t * main_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);

cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
label = lv_label_create(cont);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 1 (Click me!)");
lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_1_page);

cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
label = lv_label_create(cont);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 2 (Click me!)");
lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_2_page);

cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
label = lv_label_create(cont);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 3 (Click me!)");
lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_3_page);

lv_menu_set_page(menu, main_page);
}

#endif

```

```

# Create a menu object
menu = lv.menu(lv.scr_act())
menu.set_size(320, 240)
menu.center()

# Create sub pages
sub_page_1 = lv.menu_page(menu, "Page 1")

cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page_1)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding here")

sub_page_2 = lv.menu_page(menu, "Page 2")

cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page_2)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding here")

sub_page_3 = lv.menu_page(menu, "Page 3")

cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page_3)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding here")

# Create a main page
main_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 1 (Click me!)")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page_1)

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)

```

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```

label.set_text("Item 2 (Click me!)")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page_2)

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 3 (Click me!)")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page_3)

menu.set_page(main_page)

```

### Simple Menu with floating btn to add new menu page

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MENU && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static uint32_t btn_cnt = 1;
static lv_obj_t * main_page;
static lv_obj_t * menu;

static void float_btn_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    LV_UNUSED(e);

    btn_cnt++;

    lv_obj_t * cont;
    lv_obj_t * label;

    lv_obj_t * sub_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Hello, I am hiding inside %i", btn_cnt);

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Item %i", btn_cnt);
    lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_page);

    lv_obj_scroll_to_view_recursive(cont, LV_ANIM_ON);
}

void lv_example_menu_4(void)
{
    /*Create a menu object*/
    menu = lv_menu_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(menu, lv_disp_get_hor_res(NULL), lv_disp_get_ver_res(NULL));
    lv_obj_center(menu);

    lv_obj_t * cont;
    lv_obj_t * label;

    /*Create a sub page*/
    lv_obj_t * sub_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);

```

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```

cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_page);
label = lv_label_create(cont);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding inside the first item");

/*Create a main page*/
main_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);

cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
label = lv_label_create(cont);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 1");
lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_page);

lv_menu_set_page(menu, main_page);

/*Create floating btn*/
lv_obj_t * float_btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_set_size(float_btn, 50, 50);
lv_obj_add_flag(float_btn, LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLOATING);
lv_obj_align(float_btn, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_RIGHT, -10, -10);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(float_btn, float_btn_event_cb, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, menu);
lv_obj_set_style_radius(float_btn, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0);
lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_src(float_btn, LV_SYMBOL_PLUS, 0);
lv_obj_set_style_text_font(float_btn, lv_theme_get_font_large(float_btn), 0);
}

#endif

```

```

btn_cnt = 1

def float_btn_event_cb(e):
    global btn_cnt
    btn_cnt += 1

    sub_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)

    cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page)
    label = lv.label(cont)
    label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding inside {:d}".format(btn_cnt))

    cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
    label = lv.label(cont)
    label.set_text("Item {:d}".format(btn_cnt))
    menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page)

# Create a menu object
menu = lv.menu(lv.scr_act())
menu.set_size(320, 240)
menu.center()

# Create a sub page
sub_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)

cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding inside the first item")

```

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```
# Create a main page
main_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 1")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page)

menu.set_page(main_page)

float_btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
float_btn.set_size(50, 50)
float_btn.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.FLOATING)
float_btn.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_RIGHT, -10, -10)
float_btn.add_event_cb(float_btn_event_cb, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
float_btn.set_style_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0)
float_btn.set_style_bg_img_src(lv.SYMBOL.PLUS, 0)
float_btn.set_style_text_font(lv.theme_get_font_large(float_btn), 0)
```

## Complex Menu

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MENU && LV_USE_MSGBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

enum {
    LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1,
    LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_2
};
typedef uint8_t lv_menu_builder_variant_t;

static void back_event_handler(lv_event_t * e);
static void switch_handler(lv_event_t * e);
lv_obj_t * root_page;
static lv_obj_t * create_text(lv_obj_t * parent, const char * icon, const char * txt,
                             lv_menu_builder_variant_t builder_variant);
static lv_obj_t * create_slider(lv_obj_t * parent,
                               const char * icon, const char * txt, int32_t min,
                               ↪ int32_t max, int32_t val);
static lv_obj_t * create_switch(lv_obj_t * parent,
                               const char * icon, const char * txt, bool chk);

void lv_example_menu_5(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_menu_create(lv_scr_act());

    lv_color_t bg_color = lv_obj_get_style_bg_color(menu, 0);
    if(lv_color_brightness(bg_color) > 127) {
        lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(menu, lv_color_darken(lv_obj_get_style_bg_
↪ color(menu, 0), 10), 0);
    }
    else {
        lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(menu, lv_color_darken(lv_obj_get_style_bg_
↪ color(menu, 0), 50), 0);
    }
}
```

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```

lv_menu_set_mode_root_back_btn(menu, LV_MENU_ROOT_BACK_BTN_ENABLED);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(menu, back_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, menu);
lv_obj_set_size(menu, lv_disp_get_hor_res(NULL), lv_disp_get_ver_res(NULL));
lv_obj_center(menu);

lv_obj_t * cont;
lv_obj_t * section;

/*Create sub pages*/
lv_obj_t * sub_mechanics_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_mechanics_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_
↪get_main_header(menu), 0), 0);
lv_menu_separator_create(sub_mechanics_page);
section = lv_menu_section_create(sub_mechanics_page);
create_slider(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Velocity", 0, 150, 120);
create_slider(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Acceleration", 0, 150, 50);
create_slider(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Weight limit", 0, 150, 80);

lv_obj_t * sub_sound_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_sound_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_get_
↪main_header(menu), 0), 0);
lv_menu_separator_create(sub_sound_page);
section = lv_menu_section_create(sub_sound_page);
create_switch(section, LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO, "Sound", false);

lv_obj_t * sub_display_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_display_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_get_
↪main_header(menu), 0), 0);
lv_menu_separator_create(sub_display_page);
section = lv_menu_section_create(sub_display_page);
create_slider(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Brightness", 0, 150, 100);

lv_obj_t * sub_software_info_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_software_info_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_
↪menu_get_main_header(menu), 0), 0);
section = lv_menu_section_create(sub_software_info_page);
create_text(section, NULL, "Version 1.0", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1);

lv_obj_t * sub_legal_info_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_legal_info_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_
↪get_main_header(menu), 0), 0);
section = lv_menu_section_create(sub_legal_info_page);
for(uint32_t i = 0; i < 15; i++) {
    create_text(section, NULL,
        "This is a long long long long long long long long long text, if_
↪it is long enough it may scroll.",
        LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1);
}

lv_obj_t * sub_about_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_about_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_get_
↪main_header(menu), 0), 0);
lv_menu_separator_create(sub_about_page);
section = lv_menu_section_create(sub_about_page);
cont = create_text(section, NULL, "Software information", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_
↪VARIANT_1);
lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_software_info_page);

```

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```

    cont = create_text(section, NULL, "Legal information", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_
↪ VARIANT_1);
    lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_legal_info_page);

    lv_obj_t * sub_menu_mode_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_menu_mode_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_
↪ get_main_header(menu), 0), 0);
    lv_menu_separator_create(sub_menu_mode_page);
    section = lv_menu_section_create(sub_menu_mode_page);
    cont = create_switch(section, LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO, "Sidebar enable", true);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(lv_obj_get_child(cont, 2), switch_handler, LV_EVENT_VALUE_
↪ CHANGED, menu);

    /*Create a root page*/
    root_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, "Settings");
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(root_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_get_main_
↪ header(menu), 0), 0);
    section = lv_menu_section_create(root_page);
    cont = create_text(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Mechanics", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_
↪ VARIANT_1);
    lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_mechanics_page);
    cont = create_text(section, LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO, "Sound", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_
↪ VARIANT_1);
    lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_sound_page);
    cont = create_text(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Display", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_
↪ VARIANT_1);
    lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_display_page);

    create_text(root_page, NULL, "Others", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1);
    section = lv_menu_section_create(root_page);
    cont = create_text(section, NULL, "About", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1);
    lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_about_page);
    cont = create_text(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Menu mode", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_
↪ VARIANT_1);
    lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_menu_mode_page);

    lv_menu_set_sidebar_page(menu, root_page);

    lv_event_send(lv_obj_get_child(lv_obj_get_child(lv_menu_get_cur_sidebar_
↪ page(menu), 0), 0), LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
}

static void back_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_event_get_user_data(e);

    if(lv_menu_back_btn_is_root(menu, obj)) {
        lv_obj_t * mbox1 = lv_msgbox_create(NULL, "Hello", "Root back btn click.",
↪ NULL, true);
        lv_obj_center(mbox1);
    }
}

static void switch_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);

```

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```

lv_obj_t * menu = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
    if(lv_obj_has_state(obj, LV_STATE_CHECKED)) {
        lv_menu_set_page(menu, NULL);
        lv_menu_set_sidebar_page(menu, root_page);
        lv_event_send(lv_obj_get_child(lv_obj_get_child(lv_menu_get_cur_sidebar_
↪page(menu), 0), 0), LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    }
    else {
        lv_menu_set_sidebar_page(menu, NULL);
        lv_menu_clear_history(menu); /* Clear history because we will be showing ↪
↪the root page later */
        lv_menu_set_page(menu, root_page);
    }
}
}

static lv_obj_t * create_text(lv_obj_t * parent, const char * icon, const char * txt,
                             lv_menu_builder_variant_t builder_variant)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_menu_cont_create(parent);

    lv_obj_t * img = NULL;
    lv_obj_t * label = NULL;

    if(icon) {
        img = lv_img_create(obj);
        lv_img_set_src(img, icon);
    }

    if(txt) {
        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text(label, txt);
        lv_label_set_long_mode(label, LV_LABEL_LONG_SCROLL_CIRCULAR);
        lv_obj_set_flex_grow(label, 1);
    }

    if(builder_variant == LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_2 && icon && txt) {
        lv_obj_add_flag(img, LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLEX_IN_NEW_TRACK);
        lv_obj_swap(img, label);
    }

    return obj;
}

static lv_obj_t * create_slider(lv_obj_t * parent, const char * icon, const char * ↪
↪txt, int32_t min, int32_t max,
                             int32_t val)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = create_text(parent, icon, txt, LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_2);

    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_slider_create(obj);
    lv_obj_set_flex_grow(slider, 1);
    lv_slider_set_range(slider, min, max);
    lv_slider_set_value(slider, val, LV_ANIM_OFF);
}

```

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```

    if(icon == NULL) {
        lv_obj_add_flag(slider, LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLEX_IN_NEW_TRACK);
    }

    return obj;
}

static lv_obj_t * create_switch(lv_obj_t * parent, const char * icon, const char * _
↪txt, bool chk)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = create_text(parent, icon, txt, LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1);

    lv_obj_t * sw = lv_switch_create(obj);
    lv_obj_add_state(sw, chk ? LV_STATE_CHECKED : 0);

    return obj;
}

#endif

```

Error encountered **while** trying to **open** /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/widgets/
↪menu/lv\_example\_menu\_5.py

## 2.7.20 Meter

### Simple meter

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_METER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * meter;

static void set_value(void * indic, int32_t v)
{
    lv_meter_set_indicator_value(meter, indic, v);
}

/**
 * A simple meter
 */
void lv_example_meter_1(void)
{
    meter = lv_meter_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_center(meter);
    lv_obj_set_size(meter, 200, 200);

    /*Add a scale first*/
    lv_meter_scale_t * scale = lv_meter_add_scale(meter);
    lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale, 41, 2, 10, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪GREY));
    lv_meter_set_scale_major_ticks(meter, scale, 8, 4, 15, lv_color_black(), 10);

    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic;

```

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```

/*Add a blue arc to the start*/
indic = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 3, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), 0);
lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic, 0);
lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, 20);

/*Make the tick lines blue at the start of the scale*/
indic = lv_meter_add_scale_lines(meter, scale, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE),
↪lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE),
false, 0);
lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic, 0);
lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, 20);

/*Add a red arc to the end*/
indic = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 3, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), 0);
lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic, 80);
lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, 100);

/*Make the tick lines red at the end of the scale*/
indic = lv_meter_add_scale_lines(meter, scale, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED),
↪lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), false,
0);
lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic, 80);
lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, 100);

/*Add a needle line indicator*/
indic = lv_meter_add_needle_line(meter, scale, 4, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪GREY), -10);

/*Create an animation to set the value*/
lv_anim_t a;
lv_anim_init(&a);
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_value);
lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic);
lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 100);
lv_anim_set_time(&a, 2000);
lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&a, 100);
lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 500);
lv_anim_set_playback_delay(&a, 100);
lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

```

```

#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import utime as time
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver

def set_value(indic, v):
    meter.set_indicator_value(indic, v)

#
# A simple meter
#

```

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```

meter = lv.meter(lv.scr_act())
meter.center()
meter.set_size(200, 200)

# Add a scale first
scale = meter.add_scale()
meter.set_scale_ticks(scale, 51, 2, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
meter.set_scale_major_ticks(scale, 10, 4, 15, lv.color_black(), 10)

indic = lv.meter_indicator_t()

# Add a blue arc to the start
indic = meter.add_arc(scale, 3, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic, 0)
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic, 20)

# Make the tick lines blue at the start of the scale
indic = meter.add_scale_lines(scale, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), lv.palette_
↳main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), False, 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic, 0)
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic, 20)

# Add a red arc to the end
indic = meter.add_arc(scale, 3, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic, 80)
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic, 100)

# Make the tick lines red at the end of the scale
indic = meter.add_scale_lines(scale, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.palette_
↳main(lv.PALETTE.RED), False, 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic, 80)
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic, 100)

# Add a needle line indicator
indic = meter.add_needle_line(scale, 4, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY), -10)

# Create an animation to set the value
a = lv.anim_t()
a.init()
a.set_var(indic)
a.set_values(0, 100)
a.set_time(2000)
a.set_repeat_delay(100)
a.set_playback_time(500)
a.set_playback_delay(100)
a.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a, val: set_value(indic, val))
lv.anim_t.start(a)

```

## A meter with multiple arcs

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_METER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * meter;

static void set_value(void * indic, int32_t v)
{
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, v);
}

/**
 * A meter with multiple arcs
 */
void lv_example_meter_2(void)
{
    meter = lv_meter_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_center(meter);
    lv_obj_set_size(meter, 200, 200);

    /*Remove the circle from the middle*/
    lv_obj_remove_style(meter, NULL, LV_PART_INDICATOR);

    /*Add a scale first*/
    lv_meter_scale_t * scale = lv_meter_add_scale(meter);
    lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale, 11, 2, 10, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪GREY));
    lv_meter_set_scale_major_ticks(meter, scale, 1, 2, 30, lv_color_hex3(0xeeee), 15);
    lv_meter_set_scale_range(meter, scale, 0, 100, 270, 90);

    /*Add a three arc indicator*/
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic1 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 10, lv_palette_
↪main(LV_PALETTE_RED), 0);
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic2 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 10, lv_palette_
↪main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN), -10);
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic3 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 10, lv_palette_
↪main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), -20);

    /*Create an animation to set the value*/
    lv_anim_t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_value);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 100);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&a, 100);
    lv_anim_set_playback_delay(&a, 100);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);

    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 2000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 500);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic1);
    lv_anim_start(&a);

    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 1000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 1000);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic2);

```

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```

    lv_anim_start(&a);

    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 1000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 2000);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic3);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

```

```

#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import utime as time
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver

def set_value(indic,v):
    meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic, v)

#
# A meter with multiple arcs
#

meter = lv.meter(lv.scr_act())
meter.center()
meter.set_size(200, 200)

# Remove the circle from the middle
meter.remove_style(None, lv.PART.INDICATOR)

# Add a scale first
scale = meter.add_scale()
meter.set_scale_ticks(scale, 11, 2, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
meter.set_scale_major_ticks(scale, 1, 2, 30, lv.color_hex3(0xeeee), 10)
meter.set_scale_range(scale, 0, 100, 270, 90)

# Add a three arc indicator
indic1 = meter.add_arc(scale, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), 0)
indic2 = meter.add_arc(scale, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN), -10)
indic3 = meter.add_arc(scale, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), -20)

# Create an animation to set the value
a1 = lv.anim_t()
a1.init()
a1.set_values(0, 100)
a1.set_time(2000)
a1.set_repeat_delay(100)
a1.set_playback_delay(100)
a1.set_playback_time(500)
a1.set_var(indic1)
a1.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a1.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: set_value(indic1,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a1)

a2 = lv.anim_t()
a2.init()
a2.set_values(0, 100)

```

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```

a2.set_time(1000)
a2.set_repeat_delay(100)
a2.set_playback_delay(100)
a2.set_playback_time(1000)
a2.set_var(indic2)
a2.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a2.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: set_value(indic2,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a2)

a3 = lv.anim_t()
a3.init()
a3.set_values(0, 100)
a3.set_time(1000)
a3.set_repeat_delay(100)
a3.set_playback_delay(100)
a3.set_playback_time(2000)
a3.set_var(indic3)
a3.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a3.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: set_value(indic3,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a3)

```

### A clock from a meter

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_METER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * meter;

static void set_value(void * indic, int32_t v)
{
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, v);
}

/**
 * A clock from a meter
 */
void lv_example_meter_3(void)
{
    meter = lv_meter_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(meter, 220, 220);
    lv_obj_center(meter);

    /*Create a scale for the minutes*/
    /*61 ticks in a 360 degrees range (the last and the first line overlaps)*/
    lv_meter_scale_t * scale_min = lv_meter_add_scale(meter);
    lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale_min, 61, 1, 10, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪GREY));
    lv_meter_set_scale_range(meter, scale_min, 0, 60, 360, 270);

    /*Create another scale for the hours. It's only visual and contains only major
↪ticks*/
    lv_meter_scale_t * scale_hour = lv_meter_add_scale(meter);

```

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```

    lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale_hour, 12, 0, 0, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪ GREY));          /*12 ticks*/
    lv_meter_set_scale_major_ticks(meter, scale_hour, 1, 2, 20, lv_color_black(), 10);
↪    /*Every tick is major*/
    lv_meter_set_scale_range(meter, scale_hour, 1, 12, 330, 300);          /*[1..12] ↪
↪ values in an almost full circle*/

    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_hand)

    /*Add a the hands from images*/
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic_min = lv_meter_add_needle_img(meter, scale_min, &img_
↪ hand, 5, 5);
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic_hour = lv_meter_add_needle_img(meter, scale_min, &
↪ img_hand, 5, 5);

    /*Create an animation to set the value*/
    lv_anim_t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_value);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 60);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 2000);          /*2 sec for 1 turn of the minute hand (1 hour)*/
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic_min);
    lv_anim_start(&a);

    lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic_hour);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 24000);          /*24 sec for 1 turn of the hour hand*/
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 60);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

```

```

#!/usr/bin/env python3 -i
import utime as time
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/img_hand_min.png', 'rb') as f:
        img_hand_min_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_hand_min.png")
    sys.exit()

img_hand_min_dsc = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(img_hand_min_data),
    'data': img_hand_min_data
})

```

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```

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/img_hand_hour.png','rb') as f:
        img_hand_hour_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_hand_hour.png")
    sys.exit()

img_hand_hour_dsc = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(img_hand_hour_data),
    'data': img_hand_hour_data
})

def set_value(indic, v):
    meter.set_indicator_value(indic, v)
#
# A clock from a meter
#

meter = lv.meter(lv.scr_act())
meter.set_size(220, 220)
meter.center()

# Create a scale for the minutes
# 61 ticks in a 360 degrees range (the last and the first line overlaps)
scale_min = meter.add_scale()
meter.set_scale_ticks(scale_min, 61, 1, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
meter.set_scale_range(scale_min, 0, 60, 360, 270)

# Create another scale for the hours. It's only visual and contains only major ticks
scale_hour = meter.add_scale()
meter.set_scale_ticks(scale_hour, 12, 0, 0, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY)) # 12 ↴
↵ ticks
meter.set_scale_major_ticks(scale_hour, 1, 2, 20, lv.color_black(), 10) # ↴
↵ Every tick is major
meter.set_scale_range(scale_hour, 1, 12, 330, 300) # [1..
↵ 12] values in an almost full circle

# LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_hand)

# Add the hands from images
indic_min = meter.add_needle_img(scale_min, img_hand_min_dsc, 5, 5)
indic_hour = meter.add_needle_img(scale_min, img_hand_hour_dsc, 5, 5)

# Create an animation to set the value
a1 = lv.anim_t()
a1.init()
a1.set_values(0, 60)
a1.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a1.set_time(2000) # 2 sec for 1 turn of the minute hand (1 hour)
a1.set_var(indic_min)
a1.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a1,val: set_value(indic_min,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a1)

a2 = lv.anim_t()
a2.init()

```

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```

a2.set_var(indic_hour)
a2.set_time(24000)      # 24 sec for 1 turn of the hour hand
a2.set_values(0, 60)
a2.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a2,val: set_value(indic_hour,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a2)

```

## Pie chart

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_METER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Create a pie chart
 */
void lv_example_meter_4(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * meter = lv_meter_create(lv_scr_act());

    /*Remove the background and the circle from the middle*/
    lv_obj_remove_style(meter, NULL, LV_PART_MAIN);
    lv_obj_remove_style(meter, NULL, LV_PART_INDICATOR);

    lv_obj_set_size(meter, 200, 200);
    lv_obj_center(meter);

    /*Add a scale first with no ticks.*/
    lv_meter_scale_t * scale = lv_meter_add_scale(meter);
    lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale, 0, 0, 0, lv_color_black());
    lv_meter_set_scale_range(meter, scale, 0, 100, 360, 0);

    /*Add a three arc indicator*/
    lv_coord_t indic_w = 100;
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic1 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, indic_w, lv_
↪palette_main(LV_PALETTE_ORANGE), 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic1, 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic1, 40);

    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic2 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, indic_w, lv_
↪palette_main(LV_PALETTE_YELLOW), 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic2, 40); /*Start from the
↪previous*/
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic2, 80);

    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic3 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, indic_w, lv_
↪palette_main(LV_PALETTE_DEEP_ORANGE), 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic3, 80); /*Start from the
↪previous*/
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic3, 100);
}

#endif

```

#

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```

# Create a pie chart
#

meter = lv.meter(lv.scr_act())

# Remove the background and the circle from the middle
meter.remove_style(None, lv.PART.MAIN)
meter.remove_style(None, lv.PART.INDICATOR)

meter.set_size(200, 200)
meter.center()

# Add a scale first with no ticks.
scale = meter.add_scale()
meter.set_scale_ticks(scale, 0, 0, 0, lv.color_black())
meter.set_scale_range(scale, 0, 100, 360, 0)

# Add a three arc indicator*
indic_w = 100
indic1 = meter.add_arc(scale, indic_w, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.ORANGE), 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic1, 0)
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic1, 40)

indic2 = meter.add_arc(scale, indic_w, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW), 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic2, 40) # Start from the previous
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic2, 80)

indic3 = meter.add_arc(scale, indic_w, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.DEEP_ORANGE), 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic3, 80) # Start from the previous
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic3, 100)

```

## 2.7.21 Message box

### Simple Message box

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MSGBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_current_target(e);
    LV_LOG_USER("Button %s clicked", lv_msgbox_get_active_btn_text(obj));
}

void lv_example_msgbox_1(void)
{
    static const char * btns[] = {"Apply", "Close", ""};

    lv_obj_t * mbox1 = lv_msgbox_create(NULL, "Hello", "This is a message box with
↪two buttons.", btns, true);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(mbox1, event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    lv_obj_center(mbox1);
}

```

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`#endif`

```
def event_cb(e):
    mbox = e.get_current_target()
    print("Button %s clicked" % mbox.get_active_btn_text())

btns = ["Apply", "Close", ""]

mbox1 = lv.msgbox(lv.scr_act(), "Hello", "This is a message box with two buttons.",
    ↪ btns, True)
mbox1.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
mbox1.center()
```

## 2.7.22 Roller

### Simple Roller

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_ROLLER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        char buf[32];
        lv_roller_get_selected_str(obj, buf, sizeof(buf));
        LV_LOG_USER("Selected month: %s\n", buf);
    }
}

/**
 * An infinite roller with the name of the months
 */
void lv_example_roller_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * roller1 = lv_roller_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_roller_set_options(roller1,
        "January\n"
        "February\n"
        "March\n"
        "April\n"
        "May\n"
        "June\n"
        "July\n"
        "August\n"
        "September\n"
        "October\n"
        "November\n"
        "December",
        LV_ROLLER_MODE_INFINITE);
}
```

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```

lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller1, 4);
lv_obj_center(roller1);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller1, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}

#endif

```

```

def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        option = " "*10
        obj.get_selected_str(option, len(option))
        print("Selected month: " + option.strip())

#
# An infinite roller with the name of the months
#

roller1 = lv.roller(lv.scr_act())
roller1.set_options("\n".join([
    "January",
    "February",
    "March",
    "April",
    "May",
    "June",
    "July",
    "August",
    "September",
    "October",
    "November",
    "December"]),lv.roller.MODE.INFINITE)

roller1.set_visible_row_count(4)
roller1.center()
roller1.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

```

## Styling the roller

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_ROLLER && LV_FONT_MONTERRAT_22 && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        char buf[32];
        lv_roller_get_selected_str(obj, buf, sizeof(buf));
        LV_LOG_USER("Selected value: %s", buf);
    }
}

```

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```

/**
 * Roller with various alignments and larger text in the selected area
 */
void lv_example_roller_2(void)
{
    /*A style to make the selected option larger*/
    static lv_style_t style_sel;
    lv_style_init(&style_sel);
    lv_style_set_text_font(&style_sel, &lv_font_montserrat_22);

    const char * opts = "1\n2\n3\n4\n5\n6\n7\n8\n9\n10";
    lv_obj_t * roller;

    /*A roller on the left with left aligned text, and custom width*/
    roller = lv_roller_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_roller_set_options(roller, opts, LV_ROLLER_MODE_NORMAL);
    lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller, 2);
    lv_obj_set_width(roller, 100);
    lv_obj_add_style(roller, &style_sel, LV_PART_SELECTED);
    lv_obj_set_style_text_align(roller, LV_TEXT_ALIGN_LEFT, 0);
    lv_obj_align(roller, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 10, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_roller_set_selected(roller, 2, LV_ANIM_OFF);

    /*A roller on the middle with center aligned text, and auto (default) width*/
    roller = lv_roller_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_roller_set_options(roller, opts, LV_ROLLER_MODE_NORMAL);
    lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller, 3);
    lv_obj_add_style(roller, &style_sel, LV_PART_SELECTED);
    lv_obj_align(roller, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_roller_set_selected(roller, 5, LV_ANIM_OFF);

    /*A roller on the right with right aligned text, and custom width*/
    roller = lv_roller_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_roller_set_options(roller, opts, LV_ROLLER_MODE_NORMAL);
    lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller, 4);
    lv_obj_set_width(roller, 80);
    lv_obj_add_style(roller, &style_sel, LV_PART_SELECTED);
    lv_obj_set_style_text_align(roller, LV_TEXT_ALIGN_RIGHT, 0);
    lv_obj_align(roller, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -10, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_roller_set_selected(roller, 8, LV_ANIM_OFF);
}

#endif

```

```

import fs_driver

def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        option = " " * 10

```

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```

        obj.get_selected_str(option, len(option))
        print("Selected value: %s\n" + option.strip())

#
# Roller with various alignments and larger text in the selected area
#

# A style to make the selected option larger
style_sel = lv.style_t()
style_sel.init()

try:
    style_sel.set_text_font(lv.font_montserrat_22)
except:
    fs_drv = lv.fs_drv_t()
    fs_driver.fs_register(fs_drv, 'S')
    print("montserrat-22 not enabled in lv_conf.h, dynamically loading the font")
    font_montserrat_22 = lv.font_load("S:" + "../../../assets/font/montserrat-22.fnt")
    style_sel.set_text_font(font_montserrat_22)

opts = "\n".join(["1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8", "9", "10"])

# A roller on the left with left aligned text, and custom width
roller = lv.roller(lv.scr_act())
roller.set_options(opts, lv.roller.MODE.NORMAL)
roller.set_visible_row_count(2)
roller.set_width(100)
roller.add_style(style_sel, lv.PART.SELECTED)
roller.set_style_text_align(lv.TEXT_ALIGN.LEFT, 0)
roller.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT_MID, 10, 0)
roller.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
roller.set_selected(2, lv.ANIM.OFF)

# A roller in the middle with center aligned text, and auto (default) width
roller = lv.roller(lv.scr_act())
roller.set_options(opts, lv.roller.MODE.NORMAL)
roller.set_visible_row_count(3)
roller.add_style(style_sel, lv.PART.SELECTED)
roller.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
roller.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
roller.set_selected(5, lv.ANIM.OFF)

# A roller on the right with right aligned text, and custom width
roller = lv.roller(lv.scr_act())
roller.set_options(opts, lv.roller.MODE.NORMAL)
roller.set_visible_row_count(4)
roller.set_width(80)
roller.add_style(style_sel, lv.PART.SELECTED)
roller.set_style_text_align(lv.TEXT_ALIGN.RIGHT, 0)
roller.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT_MID, -10, 0)
roller.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
roller.set_selected(8, lv.ANIM.OFF)

```

## add fade mask to roller

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_ROLLER && LV_DRAW_COMPLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void mask_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);

    static int16_t mask_top_id = -1;
    static int16_t mask_bottom_id = -1;

    if(code == LV_EVENT_COVER_CHECK) {
        lv_event_set_cover_res(e, LV_COVER_RES_MASKED);
    }
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_MAIN_BEGIN) {
        /* add mask */
        const lv_font_t * font = lv_obj_get_style_text_font(obj, LV_PART_MAIN);
        lv_coord_t line_space = lv_obj_get_style_text_line_space(obj, LV_PART_MAIN);
        lv_coord_t font_h = lv_font_get_line_height(font);

        lv_area_t roller_coords;
        lv_obj_get_coords(obj, &roller_coords);

        lv_area_t rect_area;
        rect_area.x1 = roller_coords.x1;
        rect_area.x2 = roller_coords.x2;
        rect_area.y1 = roller_coords.y1;
        rect_area.y2 = roller_coords.y1 + (lv_obj_get_height(obj) - font_h - line_
↪space) / 2;

        lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t * fade_mask_top = lv_mem_buf_get(sizeof(lv_draw_
↪mask_fade_param_t));
        lv_draw_mask_fade_init(fade_mask_top, &rect_area, LV_OPA_TRANSP, rect_area.y1,
↪ LV_OPA_COVER, rect_area.y2);
        mask_top_id = lv_draw_mask_add(fade_mask_top, NULL);

        rect_area.y1 = rect_area.y2 + font_h + line_space - 1;
        rect_area.y2 = roller_coords.y2;

        lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t * fade_mask_bottom = lv_mem_buf_get(sizeof(lv_draw_
↪mask_fade_param_t));
        lv_draw_mask_fade_init(fade_mask_bottom, &rect_area, LV_OPA_COVER, rect_area.
↪y1, LV_OPA_TRANSP, rect_area.y2);
        mask_bottom_id = lv_draw_mask_add(fade_mask_bottom, NULL);
    }
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_POST_END) {
        lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t * fade_mask_top = lv_draw_mask_remove_id(mask_top_
↪id);
        lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t * fade_mask_bottom = lv_draw_mask_remove_id(mask_
↪bottom_id);
        lv_draw_mask_free_param(fade_mask_top);
        lv_draw_mask_free_param(fade_mask_bottom);
        lv_mem_buf_release(fade_mask_top);
    }
}

```

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```

        lv_mem_buf_release(fade_mask_bottom);
        mask_top_id = -1;
        mask_bottom_id = -1;
    }
}

/**
 * Add a fade mask to roller.
 */
void lv_example_roller_3(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_color_black());
    lv_style_set_text_color(&style, lv_color_white());
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 0);
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(lv_scr_act(), &style, 0);

    lv_obj_t * roller1 = lv_roller_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(roller1, &style, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_opa(roller1, LV_OPA_TRANSP, LV_PART_SELECTED);

    #if LV_FONT_MONTSEERRAT_22
        lv_obj_set_style_text_font(roller1, &lv_font_montserrat_22, LV_PART_SELECTED);
    #endif

    lv_roller_set_options(roller1,
        "January\n"
        "February\n"
        "March\n"
        "April\n"
        "May\n"
        "June\n"
        "July\n"
        "August\n"
        "September\n"
        "October\n"
        "November\n"
        "December",
        LV_ROLLER_MODE_NORMAL);

    lv_obj_center(roller1);
    lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller1, 3);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller1, mask_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}

#endif

```

```

import fs_driver
import sys

class Lv_Roller_3():

    def __init__(self):
        self.mask_top_id = -1

```

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```

self.mask_bottom_id = -1

#
# Add a fade mask to roller.
#
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_bg_color(lv.color_black())
style.set_text_color(lv.color_white())

lv.scr_act().add_style(style, 0)

roller1 = lv.roller(lv.scr_act())
roller1.add_style(style, 0)
roller1.set_style_border_width(0, 0)
roller1.set_style_pad_all(0, 0)
roller1.set_style_bg_opa(lv.OPA.TRANSP, lv.PART.SELECTED)

#if LV_FONT_MONTSEERRAT_22
#   lv_obj_set_style_text_font(roller1, &lv_font_montserrat_22, LV_PART_
↪SELECTED);
#endif
try:
    roller1.set_style_text_font(lv.font_montserrat_22,lv.PART.SELECTED)
except:
    fs_drv = lv.fs_drv_t()
    fs_driver.fs_register(fs_drv, 'S')
    print("montserrat-22 not enabled in lv_conf.h, dynamically loading the_
↪font")
    font_montserrat_22 = lv.font_load("S:" + "../../../assets/font/montserrat-22.
↪fnt")
    roller1.set_style_text_font(font_montserrat_22,lv.PART.SELECTED)

roller1.set_options("\n".join([
    "January",
    "February",
    "March",
    "April",
    "May",
    "June",
    "July",
    "August",
    "September",
    "October",
    "November",
    "December"]),lv.roller.MODE.NORMAL)

roller1.center()
roller1.set_visible_row_count(3)
roller1.add_event_cb(self.mask_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

def mask_event_cb(self,e):

    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()

    if code == lv.EVENT.COVER_CHECK:

```

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```

        e.set_cover_res(lv.COVER_RES.MASKED)

    elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_MAIN_BEGIN:
        # add mask
        font = obj.get_style_text_font(lv.PART.MAIN)
        line_space = obj.get_style_text_line_space(lv.PART.MAIN)
        font_h = font.get_line_height()

        roller_coords = lv.area_t()
        obj.get_coords(roller_coords)

        rect_area = lv.area_t()
        rect_area.x1 = roller_coords.x1
        rect_area.x2 = roller_coords.x2
        rect_area.y1 = roller_coords.y1
        rect_area.y2 = roller_coords.y1 + (obj.get_height() - font_h - line_
↪space) // 2

        fade_mask_top = lv.draw_mask_fade_param_t()
        fade_mask_top.init(rect_area, lv.OPA.TRANSP, rect_area.y1, lv.OPA.COVER,
↪rect_area.y2)
        self.mask_top_id = lv.draw_mask_add(fade_mask_top, None)

        rect_area.y1 = rect_area.y2 + font_h + line_space - 1
        rect_area.y2 = roller_coords.y2

        fade_mask_bottom = lv.draw_mask_fade_param_t()
        fade_mask_bottom.init(rect_area, lv.OPA.COVER, rect_area.y1, lv.OPA.
↪TRANSP, rect_area.y2)
        self.mask_bottom_id = lv.draw_mask_add(fade_mask_bottom, None)

    elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_POST_END:
        fade_mask_top = lv.draw_mask_remove_id(self.mask_top_id)
        fade_mask_bottom = lv.draw_mask_remove_id(self.mask_bottom_id)
        # Remove the masks
        lv.draw_mask_remove_id(self.mask_top_id)
        lv.draw_mask_remove_id(self.mask_bottom_id)
        self.mask_top_id = -1
        self.mask_bottom_id = -1

roller3 = Lv_Roller_3()

```

## 2.7.23 Slider

### Simple Slider

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SLIDER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e);
static lv_obj_t * slider_label;

/**
 * A default slider with a label displaying the current value

```

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```

*/
void lv_example_slider_1(void)
{
    /*Create a slider in the center of the display*/
    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_center(slider);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);

    /*Create a label below the slider*/
    slider_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(slider_label, "0%");

    lv_obj_align_to(slider_label, slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 10);
}

static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_event_get_target(e);
    char buf[8];
    lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%d%%", (int)lv_slider_get_value(slider));
    lv_label_set_text(slider_label, buf);
    lv_obj_align_to(slider_label, slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 10);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# A default slider with a label displaying the current value
#
def slider_event_cb(e):

    slider = e.get_target()
    slider_label.set_text("{:d}%".format(slider.get_value()))
    slider_label.align_to(slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 10)

# Create a slider in the center of the display
slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
slider.center()
slider.add_event_cb(slider_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)

# Create a label below the slider
slider_label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
slider_label.set_text("0%")

slider_label.align_to(slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 10)

```

## Slider with custom style

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SLIDER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Show how to style a slider.
 */
void lv_example_slider_2(void)
{
    /*Create a transition*/
    static const lv_style_prop_t props[] = {LV_STYLE_BG_COLOR, 0};
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t transition_dsc;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&transition_dsc, props, lv_anim_path_linear, 300, 0,
↪ NULL);

    static lv_style_t style_main;
    static lv_style_t style_indicator;
    static lv_style_t style_knob;
    static lv_style_t style_pressed_color;
    lv_style_init(&style_main);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_main, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_main, lv_color_hex3(0xbbb));
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_main, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);
    lv_style_set_pad_ver(&style_main, -2); /*Makes the indicator larger*/

    lv_style_init(&style_indicator);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_indicator, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_indicator, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_CYAN));
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_indicator, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_indicator, &transition_dsc);

    lv_style_init(&style_knob);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_knob, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_knob, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_CYAN));
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_knob, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_CYAN, 3));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_knob, 2);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_knob, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style_knob, 6); /*Makes the knob larger*/
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_knob, &transition_dsc);

    lv_style_init(&style_pressed_color);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_pressed_color, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_CYAN,
↪ 2));

    /*Create a slider and add the style*/
    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_remove_style_all(slider); /*Remove the styles coming from the
↪ theme*/

    lv_obj_add_style(slider, &style_main, LV_PART_MAIN);
    lv_obj_add_style(slider, &style_indicator, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
    lv_obj_add_style(slider, &style_pressed_color, LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_
↪ PRESSED);
    lv_obj_add_style(slider, &style_knob, LV_PART_KNOB);

```

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```

    lv_obj_add_style(slider, &style_pressed_color, LV_PART_KNOB | LV_STATE_PRESSED);

    lv_obj_center(slider);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Show how to style a slider.
#
# Create a transition
props = [lv.STYLE.BG_COLOR, 0]
transition_dsc = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
transition_dsc.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 300, 0, None)

style_main = lv.style_t()
style_indicator = lv.style_t()
style_knob = lv.style_t()
style_pressed_color = lv.style_t()
style_main.init()
style_main.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style_main.set_bg_color(lv.color_hex3(0xbbb))
style_main.set_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE)
style_main.set_pad_ver(-2) # Makes the indicator larger

style_indicator.init()
style_indicator.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style_indicator.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.CYAN))
style_indicator.set_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE)
style_indicator.set_transition(transition_dsc)

style_knob.init()
style_knob.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style_knob.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.CYAN))
style_knob.set_border_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.CYAN, 3))
style_knob.set_border_width(2)
style_knob.set_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE)
style_knob.set_pad_all(6) # Makes the knob larger
style_knob.set_transition(transition_dsc)

style_pressed_color.init()
style_pressed_color.set_bg_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.CYAN, 2))

# Create a slider and add the style
slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
slider.remove_style_all() # Remove the styles coming from the theme

slider.add_style(style_main, lv.PART.MAIN)
slider.add_style(style_indicator, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
slider.add_style(style_pressed_color, lv.PART.INDICATOR | lv.STATE.PRESSED)
slider.add_style(style_knob, lv.PART.KNOB)
slider.add_style(style_pressed_color, lv.PART.KNOB | lv.STATE.PRESSED)

slider.center()

```

## Slider with extended drawer

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SLIDER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e);

/**
 * Show the current value when the slider is pressed by extending the drawer
 */
void lv_example_slider_3(void)
{
    /*Create a slider in the center of the display*/
    lv_obj_t * slider;
    slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_center(slider);

    lv_slider_set_mode(slider, LV_SLIDER_MODE_RANGE);
    lv_slider_set_value(slider, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_slider_set_left_value(slider, 20, LV_ANIM_OFF);

    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_refresh_ext_draw_size(slider);
}

static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);

    /*Provide some extra space for the value*/
    if(code == LV_EVENT_REFR_EXT_DRAW_SIZE) {
        lv_event_set_ext_draw_size(e, 50);
    }
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END) {
        lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
        if(dsc->part == LV_PART_INDICATOR) {
            char buf[16];
            lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%d - %d", (int)lv_slider_get_left_value(obj), (int)lv_slider_get_value(obj));

            lv_point_t label_size;
            lv_txt_get_size(&label_size, buf, LV_FONT_DEFAULT, 0, 0, LV_COORD_MAX, 0);
            lv_area_t label_area;
            label_area.x1 = dsc->draw_area->x1 + lv_area_get_width(dsc->draw_area) / 2 - label_size.x / 2;
            label_area.x2 = label_area.x1 + label_size.x;
            label_area.y2 = dsc->draw_area->y1 - 10;
            label_area.y1 = label_area.y2 - label_size.y;

            lv_draw_label_dsc_t label_draw_dsc;
            lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&label_draw_dsc);
            label_draw_dsc.color = lv_color_hex3(0x888);
            lv_draw_label(dsc->draw_ctx, &label_draw_dsc, &label_area, buf, NULL);
        }
    }
}

```

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```

}

#endif

def slider_event_cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()

    # Provide some extra space for the value
    if code == lv.EVENT.REFR_EXT_DRAW_SIZE:
        e.set_ext_draw_size(50)

    elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_END:
        # print("DRAW_PART_END")
        dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
        # print(dsc)
        if dsc.part == lv.PART.INDICATOR:
            label_text = "{:d} - {:d}".format(obj.get_left_value(), slider.get_value())
            label_size = lv.point_t()
            lv.txt_get_size(label_size, label_text, lv.font_default(), 0, 0, lv.COORD.
↪MAX, 0)
            # print(label_size.x, label_size.y)
            label_area = lv.area_t()
            label_area.x1 = dsc.draw_area.x1 + dsc.draw_area.get_width() // 2 - label_
↪size.x // 2
            label_area.x2 = label_area.x1 + label_size.x
            label_area.y2 = dsc.draw_area.y1 - 10
            label_area.y1 = label_area.y2 - label_size.y

            label_draw_dsc = lv.draw_label_dsc_t()
            label_draw_dsc.init()

            dsc.draw_ctx.label(label_draw_dsc, label_area, label_text, None)

#
# Show the current value when the slider is pressed by extending the drawer
#
#
# Create a slider in the center of the display

slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
slider.center()

slider.set_mode(lv.slider.MODE.RANGE)
slider.set_value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
slider.set_left_value(20, lv.ANIM.OFF)

slider.add_event_cb(slider_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
slider.refresh_ext_draw_size()

```



## 2.7.24 Span

### Span with custom styles

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SPAN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Create span.
 */
void lv_example_span_1(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 1);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_ORANGE));
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style, 2);

    lv_obj_t * spans = lv_spangroup_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_width(spans, 300);
    lv_obj_set_height(spans, 300);
    lv_obj_center(spans);
    lv_obj_add_style(spans, &style, 0);

    lv_spangroup_set_align(spans, LV_TEXT_ALIGN_LEFT);
    lv_spangroup_set_overflow(spans, LV_SPAN_OVERFLOW_CLIP);
    lv_spangroup_set_indent(spans, 20);
    lv_spangroup_set_mode(spans, LV_SPAN_MODE_BREAK);

    lv_span_t * span = lv_spangroup_new_span(spans);
    lv_span_set_text(span, "China is a beautiful country.");
    lv_style_set_text_color(&span->style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv_style_set_text_decor(&span->style, LV_TEXT_DECOR_STRIKETHROUGH | LV_TEXT_DECOR_
    UNDERLINE);
    lv_style_set_text_opa(&span->style, LV_OPA_50);

    span = lv_spangroup_new_span(spans);
    lv_span_set_text_static(span, "good good study, day day up.");
#if LV_FONT_MONTSEERRAT_24
    lv_style_set_text_font(&span->style, &lv_font_montserrat_24);
#endif
    lv_style_set_text_color(&span->style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN));

    span = lv_spangroup_new_span(spans);
    lv_span_set_text_static(span, "LVGL is an open-source graphics library.");
    lv_style_set_text_color(&span->style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));

    span = lv_spangroup_new_span(spans);
    lv_span_set_text_static(span, "the boy no name.");
    lv_style_set_text_color(&span->style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN));
#if LV_FONT_MONTSEERRAT_20
    lv_style_set_text_font(&span->style, &lv_font_montserrat_20);
#endif
    lv_style_set_text_decor(&span->style, LV_TEXT_DECOR_UNDERLINE);

    span = lv_spangroup_new_span(spans);
    lv_span_set_text(span, "I have a dream that hope to come true.");
}
```

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```

    lv_spangroup_refr_mode(spans);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Create span
#
style = lv_style_t()
style.init()
style.set_border_width(1)
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.ORANGE))
style.set_pad_all(2)

spans = lv_spangroup(lv.scr_act())
spans.set_width(300)
spans.set_height(300)
spans.center()
spans.add_style(style, 0)

spans.set_align(lv.TEXT_ALIGN.LEFT)
spans.set_overflow(lv.SPAN_OVERFLOW.CLIP)
spans.set_indent(20)
spans.set_mode(lv.SPAN_MODE.BREAK)

span = spans.new_span()
span.set_text("china is a beautiful country.")
span.style.set_text_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
span.style.set_text_decor(lv.TEXT_DECOR.STRIKETHROUGH | lv.TEXT_DECOR.UNDERLINE)
span.style.set_text_opa(lv.OPA_30)

span = spans.new_span()
span.set_text_static("good good study, day day up.")
#if LV_FONT_MONTSEERRAT_24
#    lv_style_set_text_font(&span->style, &lv_font_montserrat_24);
#endif
span.style.set_text_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))

span = spans.new_span()
span.set_text_static("LVGL is an open-source graphics library.")
span.style.set_text_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))

span = spans.new_span()
span.set_text_static("the boy no name.")
span.style.set_text_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
#if LV_FONT_MONTSEERRAT_20
#    lv_style_set_text_font(&span->style, &lv_font_montserrat_20);
#endif
span.style.set_text_decor(lv.TEXT_DECOR.UNDERLINE)

span = spans.new_span()
span.set_text("I have a dream that hope to come true.")

spans.refr_mode()

```

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```
# lv_span_del(spans, span);
# lv_obj_del(spans);
```

## 2.7.25 Spinbox

### Simple Spinbox

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SPINBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * spinbox;

static void lv_spinbox_increment_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_SHORT_CLICKED || code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT) {
        lv_spinbox_increment(spinbox);
    }
}

static void lv_spinbox_decrement_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_SHORT_CLICKED || code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT) {
        lv_spinbox_decrement(spinbox);
    }
}

void lv_example_spinbox_1(void)
{
    spinbox = lv_spinbox_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_spinbox_set_range(spinbox, -1000, 25000);
    lv_spinbox_set_digit_format(spinbox, 5, 2);
    lv_spinbox_step_prev(spinbox);
    lv_obj_set_width(spinbox, 100);
    lv_obj_center(spinbox);

    lv_coord_t h = lv_obj_get_height(spinbox);

    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(btn, h, h);
    lv_obj_align_to(btn, spinbox, LV_ALIGN_OUT_RIGHT_MID, 5, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_src(btn, LV_SYMBOL_PLUS, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, lv_spinbox_increment_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

    btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(btn, h, h);
    lv_obj_align_to(btn, spinbox, LV_ALIGN_OUT_LEFT_MID, -5, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_src(btn, LV_SYMBOL_MINUS, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, lv_spinbox_decrement_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}

#endif
```

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`#endif`

```

def increment_event_cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    if code == lv.EVENT.SHORT_CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        spinbox.increment()

def decrement_event_cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    if code == lv.EVENT.SHORT_CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        spinbox.decrement()

spinbox = lv.spinbox(lv.scr_act())
spinbox.set_range(-1000, 25000)
spinbox.set_digit_format(5, 2)
spinbox.step_prev()
spinbox.set_width(100)
spinbox.center()

h = spinbox.get_height()

btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
btn.set_size(h, h)
btn.align_to(spinbox, lv.ALIGN.OUT_RIGHT_MID, 5, 0)
btn.set_style_bg_img_src(lv.SYMBOL.PLUS, 0)
btn.add_event_cb(increment_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
btn.set_size(h, h)
btn.align_to(spinbox, lv.ALIGN.OUT_LEFT_MID, -5, 0)
btn.set_style_bg_img_src(lv.SYMBOL.MINUS, 0)
btn.add_event_cb(decrement_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

```

## 2.7.26 Spinner

### Simple spinner

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SPINNER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_spinner_1(void)
{
    /*Create a spinner*/
    lv_obj_t * spinner = lv_spinner_create(lv_scr_act(), 1000, 60);
    lv_obj_set_size(spinner, 100, 100);
    lv_obj_center(spinner);
}

#endif

```

```

# Create a spinner
spinner = lv.spinner(lv.scr_act(), 1000, 60)

```

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```
spinner.set_size(100, 100)
spinner.center()
```

## 2.7.27 Switch

### Simple Switch

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SWITCH && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        LV_LOG_USER("State: %s\n", lv_obj_has_state(obj, LV_STATE_CHECKED) ? "On" :
↪ "Off");
    }
}

void lv_example_switch_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(lv_scr_act(), LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);
    lv_obj_set_flex_align(lv_scr_act(), LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER,
↪ LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER);

    lv_obj_t * sw;

    sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

    sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_state(sw, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

    sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_state(sw, LV_STATE_DISABLED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

    sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_state(sw, LV_STATE_CHECKED | LV_STATE_DISABLED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}

#endif
```

```
def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        if obj.has_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED):
            print("State: on")
```

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```

    else:
        print("State: off")

lv.scr_act().set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.COLUMN)
lv.scr_act().set_flex_align(lv.FLEX_ALIGN.CENTER, lv.FLEX_ALIGN.CENTER, lv.FLEX_ALIGN.
↪CENTER)

sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
sw.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.add_state(lv.STATE.DISABLED)
sw.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED | lv.STATE.DISABLED)
sw.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

```

## 2.7.28 Table

### Simple table

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TABLE && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void draw_part_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_param(e);
    /*If the cells are drawn...*/
    if(dsc->part == LV_PART_ITEMS) {
        uint32_t row = dsc->id / lv_table_get_col_cnt(obj);
        uint32_t col = dsc->id - row * lv_table_get_col_cnt(obj);

        /*Make the texts in the first cell center aligned*/
        if(row == 0) {
            dsc->label_dsc->align = LV_TEXT_ALIGN_CENTER;
            dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_color_mix(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), ↪
↪dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color, LV_OPA_20);
            dsc->rect_dsc->bg_opa = LV_OPA_COVER;
        }
        /*In the first column align the texts to the right*/
        else if(col == 0) {
            dsc->label_dsc->align = LV_TEXT_ALIGN_RIGHT;
        }

        /*MAke every 2nd row grayish*/
        if((row != 0 && row % 2) == 0) {

```

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```

        dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_color_mix(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY),
↪dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color, LV_OPA_10);
        dsc->rect_dsc->bg_opa = LV_OPA_COVER;
    }
}

void lv_example_table_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * table = lv_table_create(lv_scr_act());

    /*Fill the first column*/
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 0, 0, "Name");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 1, 0, "Apple");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 2, 0, "Banana");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 3, 0, "Lemon");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 4, 0, "Grape");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 5, 0, "Melon");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 6, 0, "Peach");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 7, 0, "Nuts");

    /*Fill the second column*/
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 0, 1, "Price");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 1, 1, "$7");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 2, 1, "$4");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 3, 1, "$6");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 4, 1, "$2");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 5, 1, "$5");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 6, 1, "$1");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 7, 1, "$9");

    /*Set a smaller height to the table. It'll make it scrollable*/
    lv_obj_set_height(table, 200);
    lv_obj_center(table);

    /*Add an event callback to to apply some custom drawing*/
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(table, draw_part_event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN, NULL);
}

#endif

```

```

def draw_part_event_cb(e):
    obj = e.get_target()
    dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    # If the cells are drawn..
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.ITEMS:
        row = dsc.id // obj.get_col_cnt()
        col = dsc.id - row * obj.get_col_cnt()

        # Make the texts in the first cell center aligned
        if row == 0:
            dsc.label_dsc.align = lv.TEXT_ALIGN.CENTER
            dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE).color_mix(dsc.
↪rect_dsc.bg_color, lv.OPA_20)
            dsc.rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA_COVER

```

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```

    # In the first column align the texts to the right
    elif col == 0:
        dsc.label_dsc.flag = lv.TEXT_ALIGN.RIGHT

    # Make every 2nd row grayish
    if row != 0 and (row % 2) == 0:
        dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY).color_mix(dsc.
↪rect_dsc.bg_color, lv.OPA._10)
        dsc.rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA.COVER

table = lv.table(lv.scr_act())

# Fill the first column
table.set_cell_value(0, 0, "Name")
table.set_cell_value(1, 0, "Apple")
table.set_cell_value(2, 0, "Banana")
table.set_cell_value(3, 0, "Lemon")
table.set_cell_value(4, 0, "Grape")
table.set_cell_value(5, 0, "Melon")
table.set_cell_value(6, 0, "Peach")
table.set_cell_value(7, 0, "Nuts")

# Fill the second column
table.set_cell_value(0, 1, "Price")
table.set_cell_value(1, 1, "$7")
table.set_cell_value(2, 1, "$4")
table.set_cell_value(3, 1, "$6")
table.set_cell_value(4, 1, "$2")
table.set_cell_value(5, 1, "$5")
table.set_cell_value(6, 1, "$1")
table.set_cell_value(7, 1, "$9")

# Set a smaller height to the table. It'll make it scrollable
table.set_height(200)
table.center()

# Add an event callback to apply some custom drawing
table.add_event_cb(draw_part_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN, None)

```

### Lightweight list from table

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TABLE && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

#define ITEM_CNT 200

static void draw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
    /*If the cells are drawn...*/
    if(dsc->part == LV_PART_ITEMS) {

```

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```

    bool chk = lv_table_has_cell_ctrl(obj, dsc->id, 0, LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_
    ↪1);

    lv_draw_rect_dsc_t rect_dsc;
    lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&rect_dsc);
    rect_dsc.bg_color = chk ? lv_theme_get_color_primary(obj) : lv_palette_
    ↪lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 2);
    rect_dsc.radius = LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE;

    lv_area_t sw_area;
    sw_area.x1 = dsc->draw_area->x2 - 50;
    sw_area.x2 = sw_area.x1 + 40;
    sw_area.y1 = dsc->draw_area->y1 + lv_area_get_height(dsc->draw_area) / 2 - 10;
    sw_area.y2 = sw_area.y1 + 20;
    lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &rect_dsc, &sw_area);

    rect_dsc.bg_color = lv_color_white();
    if(chk) {
        sw_area.x2 -= 2;
        sw_area.x1 = sw_area.x2 - 16;
    }
    else {
        sw_area.x1 += 2;
        sw_area.x2 = sw_area.x1 + 16;
    }
    sw_area.y1 += 2;
    sw_area.y2 -= 2;
    lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &rect_dsc, &sw_area);
}

static void change_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    uint16_t col;
    uint16_t row;
    lv_table_get_selected_cell(obj, &row, &col);
    bool chk = lv_table_has_cell_ctrl(obj, row, 0, LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_1);
    if(chk) lv_table_clear_cell_ctrl(obj, row, 0, LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_1);
    else lv_table_add_cell_ctrl(obj, row, 0, LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_1);
}

/**
 * A very light-weighted list created from table
 */
void lv_example_table_2(void)
{
    /*Measure memory usage*/
    lv_mem_monitor_t mon1;
    lv_mem_monitor(&mon1);

    uint32_t t = lv_tick_get();

    lv_obj_t * table = lv_table_create(lv_scr_act());

    /*Set a smaller height to the table. It'll make it scrollable*/

```

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```

lv_obj_set_size(table, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, 200);

lv_table_set_col_width(table, 0, 150);
lv_table_set_row_cnt(table, ITEM_CNT); /*Not required but avoids a lot of memory_
↪ reallocation lv_table_set_set_value*/
lv_table_set_col_cnt(table, 1);

/*Don't make the cell pressed, we will draw something different in the event*/
lv_obj_remove_style(table, NULL, LV_PART_ITEMS | LV_STATE_PRESSED);

uint32_t i;
for(i = 0; i < ITEM_CNT; i++) {
    lv_table_set_cell_value_fmt(table, i, 0, "Item %"LV_PRIu32, i + 1);
}

lv_obj_align(table, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -20);

/*Add an event callback to to apply some custom drawing*/
lv_obj_add_event_cb(table, draw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END, NULL);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(table, change_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);

lv_mem_monitor_t mon2;
lv_mem_monitor(&mon2);

uint32_t mem_used = mon1.free_size - mon2.free_size;

uint32_t elaps = lv_tick_elaps(t);

lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32" items were created in %"LV_PRIu32" ms\n
↪ "
                        "using %"LV_PRIu32" bytes of memory",
                        ITEM_CNT, elaps, mem_used);

lv_obj_align(label, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_MID, 0, -10);
}

#endif

```

```

from utime import ticks_ms
import gc

ITEM_CNT = 200

def draw_event_cb(e):
    obj = e.get_target()
    dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    # If the cells are drawn...
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.ITEMS:
        chk = obj.has_cell_ctrl(dsc.id, 0, lv.table.CELL_CTRL.CUSTOM_1)

        rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
        rect_dsc.init()

        if chk:

```

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```

        rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.theme_get_color_primary(obj)
    else:
        rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 2)

    rect_dsc.radius = lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE

    sw_area = lv.area_t()
    sw_area.x1 = dsc.draw_area.x2 - 50
    sw_area.x2 = sw_area.x1 + 40
    sw_area.y1 = dsc.draw_area.y1 + dsc.draw_area.get_height() // 2 - 10
    sw_area.y2 = sw_area.y1 + 20
    dsc.draw_ctx.rect(rect_dsc, sw_area)

    rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.color_white()

    if chk:
        sw_area.x2 -= 2
        sw_area.x1 = sw_area.x2 - 16
    else:
        sw_area.x1 += 2
        sw_area.x2 = sw_area.x1 + 16
    sw_area.y1 += 2
    sw_area.y2 -= 2
    dsc.draw_ctx.rect(rect_dsc, sw_area)

def change_event_cb(e):
    obj = e.get_target()
    row = lv.C_Pointer()
    col = lv.C_Pointer()
    table.get_selected_cell(row, col)
    # print("row: ", row.uint_val)

    chk = table.has_cell_ctrl(row.uint_val, 0, lv.table.CELL_CTRL.CUSTOM_1)
    if chk:
        table.clear_cell_ctrl(row.uint_val, 0, lv.table.CELL_CTRL.CUSTOM_1)
    else:
        table.add_cell_ctrl(row.uint_val, 0, lv.table.CELL_CTRL.CUSTOM_1)

#
# A very light-weighted list created from table
#

# Measure memory usage
gc.enable()
gc.collect()
mem_free = gc.mem_free()
print("mem_free: ", mem_free)
t = ticks_ms()
print("ticks: ", t)
table = lv.table(lv.scr_act())

# Set a smaller height to the table. It'll make it scrollable
table.set_size(150, 200)

table.set_col_width(0, 150)
table.set_row_cnt(ITEM_CNT) # Not required but avoids a lot of memory reallocation.
↪ lv_table_set_set_value

```

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```

table.set_col_cnt(1)

# Don't make the cell pressed, we will draw something different in the event
table.remove_style(None, lv.PART.ITEMS | lv.STATE.PRESSED)

for i in range(ITEM_CNT):
    table.set_cell_value(i, 0, "Item " + str(i+1))

table.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -20)

# Add an event callback to apply some custom drawing
table.add_event_cb(draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_END, None)
table.add_event_cb(change_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)

gc.collect()
mem_used = mem_free - gc.mem_free()
elaps = ticks_ms()-t

label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set_text(str(ITEM_CNT) + " items were created in " + str(elaps) + " ms\n using
→ " + str(mem_used) + " bytes of memory")
#label.set_text(str(ITEM_CNT) + " items were created in " + str(elaps) + " ms")

label.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_MID, 0, -10)

```

## 2.7.29 Tabview

### Simple Tabview

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TABVIEW && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_tabview_1(void)
{
    /*Create a Tab view object*/
    lv_obj_t * tabview;
    tabview = lv_tabview_create(lv_scr_act(), LV_DIR_TOP, 50);

    /*Add 3 tabs (the tabs are page (lv_page) and can be scrolled*/
    lv_obj_t * tab1 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 1");
    lv_obj_t * tab2 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 2");
    lv_obj_t * tab3 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 3");

    /*Add content to the tabs*/
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(tab1);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "This the first tab\n\n"
        "If the content\n"
        "of a tab\n"
        "becomes too\n"
        "longer\n"
        "than the\n"
        "container\n"
        "then it\n"
        "automatically\n"

```

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```

        "becomes\n"
        "scrollable.\n"
        "\n"
        "\n"
        "\n"
        "Can you see it?");

    label = lv_label_create(tab2);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Second tab");

    label = lv_label_create(tab3);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Third tab");

    lv_obj_scroll_to_view_recursive(label, LV_ANIM_ON);
}
#endif

```

```

# Create a Tab view object
tabview = lv.tabview(lv.scr_act(), lv.DIR.TOP, 50)

# Add 3 tabs (the tabs are page (lv_page) and can be scrolled
tab1 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 1")
tab2 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 2")
tab3 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 3")

# Add content to the tabs
label = lv.label(tab1)
label.set_text("This the first tab

If the content
of a tab
becomes too
longer
than the
container
then it
automatically
becomes
scrollable.

Can you see it?")

label = lv.label(tab2)
label.set_text("Second tab")

label = lv.label(tab3)
label.set_text("Third tab");

label.scroll_to_view_recursive(lv.ANIM.ON)

```

## Tabs on the left, styling and no scrolling

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TABVIEW && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void scroll_begin_event(lv_event_t * e)
{
    /*Disable the scroll animations. Triggered when a tab button is clicked */
    if(lv_event_get_code(e) == LV_EVENT_SCROLL_BEGIN) {
        lv_anim_t * a = lv_event_get_param(e);
        if(a) a->time = 0;
    }
}

void lv_example_tabview_2(void)
{
    /*Create a Tab view object*/
    lv_obj_t * tabview;
    tabview = lv_tabview_create(lv_scr_act(), LV_DIR_LEFT, 80);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(lv_tabview_get_content(tabview), scroll_begin_event, LV_EVENT_
    ↪SCROLL_BEGIN, NULL);

    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(tabview, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_RED, 2), 0);

    lv_obj_t * tab_btns = lv_tabview_get_tab_btns(tabview);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(tab_btns, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 3), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_text_color(tab_btns, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 5), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_border_side(tab_btns, LV_BORDER_SIDE_RIGHT, LV_PART_ITEMS | LV_
    ↪STATE_CHECKED);

    /*Add 3 tabs (the tabs are page (lv_page) and can be scrolled*/
    lv_obj_t * tab1 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 1");
    lv_obj_t * tab2 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 2");
    lv_obj_t * tab3 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 3");
    lv_obj_t * tab4 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 4");
    lv_obj_t * tab5 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 5");

    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(tab2, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_AMBER, 3), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_opa(tab2, LV_OPA_COVER, 0);

    /*Add content to the tabs*/
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(tab1);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "First tab");

    label = lv_label_create(tab2);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Second tab");

    label = lv_label_create(tab3);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Third tab");

    label = lv_label_create(tab4);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Forth tab");

    label = lv_label_create(tab5);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Fifth tab");
}
```

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```

    lv_obj_clear_flag(lv_tabview_get_content(tabview), LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLLABLE);
}
#endif

```

```

def scroll_begin_event(e):

    #Disable the scroll animations. Triggered when a tab button is clicked */
    if e.get_code() == lv.EVENT.SCROLL_BEGIN:
        a = lv.anim_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
        if a:
            a.time = 0

# Create a Tab view object
tabview = lv.tabview(lv.scr_act(), lv.DIR.LEFT, 80)
tabview.get_content().add_event_cb(scroll_begin_event, lv.EVENT.SCROLL_BEGIN, None)

tabview.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.RED, 2), 0)

tab_btns = tabview.get_tab_btns()
tab_btns.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3), 0)
tab_btns.set_style_text_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 5), 0)
tab_btns.set_style_border_side(lv.BORDER_SIDE.RIGHT, lv.PART.ITEMS | lv.STATE.CHECKED)

# Add 3 tabs (the tabs are page (lv_page) and can be scrolled
tab1 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 1")
tab2 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 2")
tab3 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 3")
tab4 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 4")
tab5 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 5")

tab2.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.AMBER, 3), 0)
tab2.set_style_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER, 0)

# Add content to the tabs
label = lv.label(tab1)
label.set_text("First tab")

label = lv.label(tab2)
label.set_text("Second tab")

label = lv.label(tab3)
label.set_text("Third tab")

label = lv.label(tab4)
label.set_text("Forth tab")

label = lv.label(tab5)
label.set_text("Fifth tab")

tabview.get_content().clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.SCROLLABLE)

```

## 2.7.30 Textarea

### Simple Text area

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TEXTAREA && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void textarea_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_target(e);
    LV_LOG_USER("Enter was pressed. The current text is: %s", lv_textarea_get_
↪text(ta));
}

static void btnm_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    const char * txt = lv_btnmatrix_get_btn_text(obj, lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_
↪btn(obj));

    if(strcmp(txt, LV_SYMBOL_BACKSPACE) == 0) lv_textarea_del_char(ta);
    else if(strcmp(txt, LV_SYMBOL_NEW_LINE) == 0) lv_event_send(ta, LV_EVENT_READY, ↪
↪NULL);
    else lv_textarea_add_text(ta, txt);
}

void lv_example_textarea_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_textarea_set_one_line(ta, true);
    lv_obj_align(ta, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(ta, textarea_event_handler, LV_EVENT_READY, ta);
    lv_obj_add_state(ta, LV_STATE_FOCUSED); /*To be sure the cursor is visible*/

    static const char * btnm_map[] = {"1", "2", "3", "\n",
                                       "4", "5", "6", "\n",
                                       "7", "8", "9", "\n",
                                       LV_SYMBOL_BACKSPACE, "0", LV_SYMBOL_NEW_LINE, ""
                                       };

    lv_obj_t * btnm = lv_btnmatrix_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(btnm, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_align(btnm, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_MID, 0, -10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btnm, btnm_event_handler, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, ta);
    lv_obj_clear_flag(btnm, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CLICK_FOCUSABLE); /*To keep the text area ↪
↪focused on button clicks*/
    lv_btnmatrix_set_map(btnm, btnm_map);
}

#endif
```

```
def textarea_event_handler(e, ta):
    print("Enter was pressed. The current text is: " + ta.get_text())
```

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```

def btnm_event_handler(e, ta):
    obj = e.get_target()
    txt = obj.get_btn_text(obj.get_selected_btn())
    if txt == lv.SYMBOL.BACKSPACE:
        ta.del_char()
    elif txt == lv.SYMBOL.NEW_LINE:
        lv.event_send(ta, lv.EVENT.READY, None)
    elif txt:
        ta.add_text(txt)

ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
ta.set_one_line(True)
ta.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 0, 10)
ta.add_event_cb(lambda e: textarea_event_handler(e, ta), lv.EVENT.READY, None)
ta.add_state(lv.STATE.FOCUSED) # To be sure the cursor is visible

btnm_map = ["1", "2", "3", "\n",
            "4", "5", "6", "\n",
            "7", "8", "9", "\n",
            lv.SYMBOL.BACKSPACE, "0", lv.SYMBOL.NEW_LINE, ""]

btnm = lv.btnmatrix(lv.scr_act())
btnm.set_size(200, 150)
btnm.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_MID, 0, -10)
btnm.add_event_cb(lambda e: btnm_event_handler(e, ta), lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
btnm.clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.CLICK_FOCUSABLE) # To keep the text area focused on
↳ button clicks
btnm.set_map(btnm_map)

```

## Text area with password field

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TEXTAREA && LV_USE_KEYBOARD && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e);

static lv_obj_t * kb;

void lv_example_textarea_2(void)
{
    /*Create the password box*/
    lv_obj_t * pwd_ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_textarea_set_text(pwd_ta, "");
    lv_textarea_set_password_mode(pwd_ta, true);
    lv_textarea_set_one_line(pwd_ta, true);
    lv_obj_set_width(pwd_ta, lv_pct(40));
    lv_obj_set_pos(pwd_ta, 5, 20);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(pwd_ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

    /*Create a label and position it above the text box*/
    lv_obj_t * pwd_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(pwd_label, "Password:");
    lv_obj_align_to(pwd_label, pwd_ta, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_LEFT, 0, 0);
}

```

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```

/*Create the one-line mode text area*/
lv_obj_t * text_ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_textarea_set_one_line(text_ta, true);
lv_textarea_set_password_mode(text_ta, false);
lv_obj_set_width(text_ta, lv_pct(40));
lv_obj_add_event_cb(text_ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
lv_obj_align(text_ta, LV_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT, -5, 20);

/*Create a label and position it above the text box*/
lv_obj_t * oneline_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_label_set_text(oneline_label, "Text:");
lv_obj_align_to(oneline_label, text_ta, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_LEFT, 0, 0);

/*Create a keyboard*/
kb = lv_keyboard_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_set_size(kb, LV_HOR_RES, LV_VER_RES / 2);

lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, pwd_ta); /*Focus it on one of the text areas to
↪start*/
}

static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED || code == LV_EVENT_FOCUSED) {
        /*Focus on the clicked text area*/
        if(kb != NULL) lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, ta);
    }

    else if(code == LV_EVENT_READY) {
        LV_LOG_USER("Ready, current text: %s", lv_textarea_get_text(ta));
    }
}

#endif

```

```

def ta_event_cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    ta = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.FOCUSED:
        # Focus on the clicked text area
        if kb != None:
            kb.set_textarea(ta)

    elif code == lv.EVENT.READY:
        print("Ready, current text: " + ta.get_text())

# Create the password box
LV_HOR_RES = lv.scr_act().get_disp().driver.hor_res
LV_VER_RES = lv.scr_act().get_disp().driver.ver_res

pwd_ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
pwd_ta.set_text("")

```

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```

pwd_ta.set_password_mode(True)
pwd_ta.set_one_line(True)
pwd_ta.set_width(LV_HOR_RES // 2 - 20)
pwd_ta.set_pos(5, 20)
pwd_ta.add_event_cb(ta_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

# Create a label and position it above the text box
pwd_label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
pwd_label.set_text("Password:")
pwd_label.align_to(pwd_ta, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_LEFT, 0, 0)

# Create the one-line mode text area
text_ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
text_ta.set_width(LV_HOR_RES // 2 - 20)
text_ta.set_one_line(True)
text_ta.add_event_cb(ta_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
text_ta.set_password_mode(False)

text_ta.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_RIGHT, -5, 20)

# Create a label and position it above the text box
online_label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
online_label.set_text("Text:")
online_label.align_to(text_ta, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_LEFT, 0, 0)

# Create a keyboard
kb = lv.keyboard(lv.scr_act())
kb.set_size(LV_HOR_RES, LV_VER_RES // 2)

kb.set_textarea(pwd_ta) # Focus it on one of the text areas to start

```

## Text auto-formatting

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TEXTAREA && LV_USE_KEYBOARD && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e);

static lv_obj_t * kb;

/**
 * Automatically format text like a clock. E.g. "12:34"
 * Add the ':' automatically.
 */
void lv_example_textarea_3(void)
{
    /*Create the text area*/
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    lv_textarea_set_accepted_chars(ta, "0123456789:");
    lv_textarea_set_max_length(ta, 5);
    lv_textarea_set_one_line(ta, true);
    lv_textarea_set_text(ta, "");
}

```

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```

/*Create a keyboard*/
kb = lv_keyboard_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_set_size(kb, LV_HOR_RES, LV_VER_RES / 2);
lv_keyboard_set_mode(kb, LV_KEYBOARD_MODE_NUMBER);
lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, ta);
}

static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_target(e);
    const char * txt = lv_textarea_get_text(ta);
    if(txt[0] >= '0' && txt[0] <= '9' &&
       txt[1] >= '0' && txt[1] <= '9' &&
       txt[2] != ':') {
        lv_textarea_set_cursor_pos(ta, 2);
        lv_textarea_add_char(ta, ':');
    }
}

#endif

```

```

def ta_event_cb(e):
    ta = e.get_target()
    txt = ta.get_text()
    # print(txt)
    pos = ta.get_cursor_pos()
    # print("cursor pos: ",pos)
    # find position of ":" in text
    colon_pos= txt.find(":")
    # if there are more than 2 digits before the colon, remove the last one entered
    if colon_pos == 3:
        ta.del_char()
    if colon_pos != -1:
        # if there are more than 3 digits after the ":" remove the last one entered
        rest = txt[colon_pos:]
        if len(rest) > 3:
            ta.del_char()

    if len(txt) < 2:
        return
    if ":" in txt:
        return
    if txt[0] >= '0' and txt[0] <= '9' and \
       txt[1] >= '0' and txt[1] <= '9':
        if len(txt) == 2 or txt[2] != ':' :
            ta.set_cursor_pos(2)
            ta.add_char(ord(':'))

#
# Automatically format text like a clock. E.g. "12:34"
# Add the ':' automatically
#
# Create the text area

LV_HOR_RES = lv.scr_act().get_disp().driver.hor_res
LV_VER_RES = lv.scr_act().get_disp().driver.ver_res

```

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```

ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
ta.add_event_cb(ta_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
ta.set_accepted_chars("0123456789:")
ta.set_max_length(5)
ta.set_one_line(True)
ta.set_text("")
ta.add_state(lv.STATE.FOCUSED)

# Create a keyboard
kb = lv.keyboard(lv.scr_act())
kb.set_size(LV_HOR_RES, LV_VER_RES // 2)
kb.set_mode(lv.keyboard.MODE.NUMBER)
kb.set_textarea(ta)

```

## 2.7.31 Tabview

### Tileview with content

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TILEVIEW && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Create a 2x2 tile view and allow scrolling only in an "L" shape.
 * Demonstrate scroll chaining with a long list that
 * scrolls the tile view when it can't be scrolled further.
 */
void lv_example_tileview_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * tv = lv_tileview_create(lv_scr_act());

    /*Tile1: just a label*/
    lv_obj_t * tile1 = lv_tileview_add_tile(tv, 0, 0, LV_DIR_BOTTOM);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(tile1);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Scroll down");
    lv_obj_center(label);

    /*Tile2: a button*/
    lv_obj_t * tile2 = lv_tileview_add_tile(tv, 0, 1, LV_DIR_TOP | LV_DIR_RIGHT);

    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(tile2);

    label = lv_label_create(btn);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Scroll up or right");

    lv_obj_set_size(btn, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
    lv_obj_center(btn);

    /*Tile3: a list*/
    lv_obj_t * tile3 = lv_tileview_add_tile(tv, 1, 1, LV_DIR_LEFT);
    lv_obj_t * list = lv_list_create(tile3);
    lv_obj_set_size(list, LV_PCT(100), LV_PCT(100));
}

```

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```

    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "One");
    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Two");
    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Three");
    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Four");
    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Five");
    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Six");
    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Seven");
    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Eight");
    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Nine");
    lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Ten");
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Create a 2x2 tile view and allow scrolling only in an "L" shape.
# Demonstrate scroll chaining with a long list that
# scrolls the tile view when it can't be scrolled further.
#
tv = lv.tileview(lv.scr_act())

# Tile1: just a label
tile1 = tv.add_tile(0, 0, lv.DIR.BOTTOM)
label = lv.label(tile1)
label.set_text("Scroll down")
label.center()

# Tile2: a button
tile2 = tv.add_tile(0, 1, lv.DIR.TOP | lv.DIR.RIGHT)

btn = lv.btn(tile2)

label = lv.label(btn)
label.set_text("Scroll up or right")

btn.set_size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
btn.center()

# Tile3: a list
tile3 = tv.add_tile(1, 1, lv.DIR.LEFT)
list = lv.list(tile3)
list.set_size(lv.pct(100), lv.pct(100))

list.add_btn(None, "One")
list.add_btn(None, "Two")
list.add_btn(None, "Three")
list.add_btn(None, "Four")
list.add_btn(None, "Five")
list.add_btn(None, "Six")
list.add_btn(None, "Seven")
list.add_btn(None, "Eight")
list.add_btn(None, "Nine")
list.add_btn(None, "Ten")

```

## 2.7.32 Window

### Simple window

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_WIN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    LV_LOG_USER("Button %d clicked", (int)lv_obj_get_index(obj));
}

void lv_example_win_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * win = lv_win_create(lv_scr_act(), 40);
    lv_obj_t * btn;
    btn = lv_win_add_btn(win, LV_SYMBOL_LEFT, 40);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);

    lv_win_add_title(win, "A title");

    btn = lv_win_add_btn(win, LV_SYMBOL_RIGHT, 40);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);

    btn = lv_win_add_btn(win, LV_SYMBOL_CLOSE, 60);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);

    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_win_get_content(win); /*Content can be added here*/
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "This is\n"
                             "a pretty\n"
                             "long text\n"
                             "to see how\n"
                             "the window\n"
                             "becomes\n"
                             "scrollable.\n"
                             "\n"
                             "\n"
                             "Some more\n"
                             "text to be\n"
                             "sure it\n"
                             "overflows. :)");
}

#endif
```

```
def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        print("Button {:d} clicked".format(obj.get_child_id()))
```

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```
win = lv.win(lv.scr_act(), 60)
btn1 = win.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.LEFT, 40)
btn1.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
win.add_title("A title")
btn2=win.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.RIGHT, 40)
btn2.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn3 = win.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.CLOSE, 60)
btn3.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

cont = win.get_content() # Content can be added here
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("""This is
a pretty
long text
to see how
the window
becomes
scrollable.

We need
quite some text
and we will
even put
some more
text to be
sure it
overflows.
""")
```



## GET STARTED

There are several ways to get your feet wet with LVGL. Here is one recommended order of documents to read and things to play with when you are learning to use LVGL:

1. Check the [Online demos](#) to see LVGL in action (3 minutes)
2. Read the [Introduction](#) page of the documentation (5 minutes)
3. Read the [Quick overview](#) page of the documentation (15 minutes)
4. Set up a [Simulator](#) (10 minutes)
5. Try out some [Examples](#)
6. Check out the Platform-specific tutorials. (in this section below). (10 minutes)
7. Port LVGL to a board. See the [Porting](#) guide or check the ready to use [Projects](#)
8. Read the [Overview](#) page to get a better understanding of the library. (2-3 hours)
9. Check the documentation of the [Widgets](#) to see their features and usage
10. If you have questions got to the [Forum](#)
11. Read the [Contributing](#) guide to see how you can help to improve LVGL (15 minutes)

### 3.1 Quick overview

Here you can learn the most important things about LVGL. You should read this first to get a general impression and read the detailed [Porting](#) and [Overview](#) sections after that.

#### 3.1.1 Get started in a simulator

Instead of porting LVGL to embedded hardware straight away, it's highly recommended to get started in a simulator first.

LVGL is ported to many IDEs to be sure you will find your favorite one. Go to the [Simulators](#) section to get ready-to-use projects that can be run on your PC. This way you can save the time of porting for now and get some experience with LVGL immediately.

### 3.1.2 Add LVGL into your project

If you would rather try LVGL on your own project follow these steps:

- [Download](#) or clone the library from GitHub with `git clone https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl.git`.
- Copy the `lvgl` folder into your project.
- Copy `lvgl/lv_conf_template.h` as `lv_conf.h` next to the `lvgl` folder, change the first `#if 0` to 1 to enable the file's content and set the `LV_COLOR_DEPTH` defines.
- Include `lvgl/lvgl.h` in files where you need to use LVGL related functions.
- Call `lv_tick_inc(x)` every `x` milliseconds in a Timer or Task (`x` should be between 1 and 10). It is required for the internal timing of LVGL. Alternatively, configure `LV_TICK_CUSTOM` (see `lv_conf.h`) so that LVGL can retrieve the current time directly.
- Call `lv_init()`
- Create a draw buffer: LVGL will render the graphics here first, and send the rendered image to the display. The buffer size can be set freely but 1/10 screen size is a good starting point.

```
static lv_disp_draw_buf_t draw_buf;
static lv_color_t buf1[DISP_HOR_RES * DISP_VER_RES / 10];
/*Declare a buffer for 1/10 screen size*/
lv_disp_draw_buf_init(&draw_buf, buf1, NULL, MY_DISP_HOR_RES * MY_DISP_VER_RES / 10);
/*Initialize the display buffer*/
```

- Implement and register a function which can copy the rendered image to an area of your display:

```
static lv_disp_drv_t disp_drv; /*Descriptor of a display driver*/
lv_disp_drv_init(&disp_drv); /*Basic initialization*/
disp_drv.flush_cb = my_disp_flush; /*Set your driver function*/
disp_drv.draw_buf = &draw_buf; /*Assign the buffer to the display*/
disp_drv.hor_res = MY_DISP_HOR_RES; /*Set the horizontal resolution of the display*/
disp_drv.ver_res = MY_DISP_VER_RES; /*Set the vertical resolution of the display*/
lv_disp_drv_register(&disp_drv); /*Finally register the driver*/

void my_disp_flush(lv_disp_drv_t * disp, const lv_area_t * area, lv_color_t * color_p)
{
    int32_t x, y;
    /*It's a very slow but simple implementation.
    *`set_pixel` needs to be written by you to a set pixel on the screen*/
    for(y = area->y1; y <= area->y2; y++) {
        for(x = area->x1; x <= area->x2; x++) {
            set_pixel(x, y, *color_p);
            color_p++;
        }
    }

    lv_disp_flush_ready(disp); /* Indicate you are ready with the flushing*/
}
```

- Implement and register a function which can read an input device. E.g. for a touchpad:

```
static lv_indev_drv_t indev_drv; /*Descriptor of a input device driver*/
lv_indev_drv_init(&indev_drv); /*Basic initialization*/
indev_drv.type = LV_INDEV_TYPE_POINTER; /*Touch pad is a pointer-like device*/
indev_drv.read_cb = my_touchpad_read; /*Set your driver function*/
lv_indev_drv_register(&indev_drv); /*Finally register the driver*/
```

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```

void my_touchpad_read(lv_indev_t * indev, lv_indev_data_t * data)
{
    /*`touchpad_is_pressed` and `touchpad_get_xy` needs to be implemented by you*/
    if(touchpad_is_pressed()) {
        data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_PRESSED;
        touchpad_get_xy(&data->point.x, &data->point.y);
    } else {
        data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_RELEASED;
    }
}

```

- Call `lv_timer_handler()` periodically every few milliseconds in the main `while(1)` loop or in an operating system task. It will redraw the screen if required, handle input devices, animation etc.

For a more detailed guide go to the [Porting](#) section.

### 3.1.3 Learn the basics

#### Widgets

The graphical elements like Buttons, Labels, Sliders, Charts etc. are called objects or widgets. Go to [Widgets](#) to see the full list of available widgets.

Every object has a parent object where it is created. For example, if a label is created on a button, the button is the parent of label.

The child object moves with the parent and if the parent is deleted the children will be deleted too.

Children can be visible only within their parent's bounding area. In other words, the parts of the children outside the parent are clipped.

A Screen is the "root" parent. You can have any number of screens.

To get the current screen call `lv_scr_act()`, and to load a screen use `lv_scr_load(scr1)`.

You can create a new object with `lv_<type>_create(parent)`. It will return an `lv_obj_t *` variable that can be used as a reference to the object to set its parameters.

For example:

```
lv_obj_t * slider1 = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
```

To set some basic attributes `lv_obj_set_<parameter_name>(obj, <value>)` functions can be used. For example:

```

lv_obj_set_x(btn1, 30);
lv_obj_set_y(btn1, 10);
lv_obj_set_size(btn1, 200, 50);

```

Along with the basic attributes, widgets can have type specific parameters which are set by `lv_<widget_type>_set_<parameter_name>(obj, <value>)` functions. For example:

```
lv_slider_set_value(slider1, 70, LV_ANIM_ON);
```

To see the full API visit the documentation of the widgets or the related header file (e.g. `lvgl/src/widgets/lv_slider.h`).

## Events

Events are used to inform the user that something has happened with an object. You can assign one or more callbacks to an object which will be called if the object is clicked, released, dragged, being deleted, etc.

A callback is assigned like this:

```
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, btn_event_cb, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL); /*Assign a callback_
↳to the button*/

...

void btn_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    printf("Clicked\n");
}
```

LV\_EVENT\_ALL can be used instead of LV\_EVENT\_CLICKED to invoke the callback for any event.

From lv\_event\_t \* e the current event code can be retrieved with:

```
lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
```

The object that triggered the event can be retrieved with:

```
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
```

To learn all features of the events go to the [Event overview](#) section.

## Parts

Widgets might be built from one or more *parts*. For example, a button has only one part called LV\_PART\_MAIN. However, a *Slider* has LV\_PART\_MAIN, LV\_PART\_INDICATOR and LV\_PART\_KNOB.

By using parts you can apply different styles to sub-elements of a widget. (See below)

Read the widgets' documentation to learn which parts each uses.

## States

LVGL objects can be in a combination of the following states:

- LV\_STATE\_DEFAULT Normal, released state
- LV\_STATE\_CHECKED Toggled or checked state
- LV\_STATE\_FOCUSED Focused via keypad or encoder or clicked via touchpad/mouse
- LV\_STATE\_FOCUS\_KEY Focused via keypad or encoder but not via touchpad/mouse
- LV\_STATE\_EDITED Edit by an encoder
- LV\_STATE\_HOVERED Hovered by mouse (not supported now)
- LV\_STATE\_PRESSED Being pressed
- LV\_STATE\_SCROLLED Being scrolled
- LV\_STATE\_DISABLED Disabled

For example, if you press an object it will automatically go to the `LV_STATE_FOCUSED` and `LV_STATE_PRESSED` states and when you release it the `LV_STATE_PRESSED` state will be removed while focus remains active.

To check if an object is in a given state use `lv_obj_has_state(obj, LV_STATE_...)`. It will return `true` if the object is currently in that state.

To manually add or remove states use:

```
lv_obj_add_state(obj, LV_STATE_...);
lv_obj_clear_state(obj, LV_STATE_...);
```

## Styles

A style instance contains properties such as background color, border width, font, etc. that describe the appearance of objects.

Styles are represented with `lv_style_t` variables. Only their pointer is saved in the objects so they need to be defined as static or global. Before using a style it needs to be initialized with `lv_style_init(&style1)`. After that, properties can be added to configure the style. For example:

```
static lv_style_t style1;
lv_style_init(&style1);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style1, lv_color_hex(0xa03080))
lv_style_set_border_width(&style1, 2))
```

See the full list of properties [here](#).

Styles are assigned using the ORed combination of an object's part and state. For example to use this style on the slider's indicator when the slider is pressed:

```
lv_obj_add_style(slider1, &style1, LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_PRESSED);
```

If the *part* is `LV_PART_MAIN` it can be omitted:

```
lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style1, LV_STATE_PRESSED); /*Equal to LV_PART_MAIN | LV_STATE_
↪PRESSED*/
```

Similarly, `LV_STATE_DEFAULT` can be omitted too:

```
lv_obj_add_style(slider1, &style1, LV_PART_INDICATOR); /*Equal to LV_PART_INDICATOR |
↪LV_STATE_DEFAULT*/
```

For `LV_STATE_DEFAULT` and `LV_PART_MAIN` simply write 0:

```
lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style1, 0); /*Equal to LV_PART_MAIN | LV_STATE_DEFAULT*/
```

Styles can be cascaded (similarly to CSS). It means you can add more styles to a part of an object. For example `style_btn` can set a default button appearance, and `style_btn_red` can overwrite the background color to make the button red:

```
lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_btn, 0);
lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style1_btn_red, 0);
```

If a property is not set on for the current state, the style with `LV_STATE_DEFAULT` will be used. A default value is used if the property is not defined in the default state.

Some properties (typically the text-related ones) can be inherited. This means if a property is not set in an object it will be searched for in its parents too. For example, you can set the font once in the screen's style and all text on that screen will inherit it by default.

Local style properties also can be added to objects. This creates a style which resides inside the object and is used only by the object:

```
lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(slider1, lv_color_hex(0x2080bb), LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_
↪STATE_PRESSED);
```

To learn all the features of styles see the *Style overview* section.

## Themes

Themes are the default styles for objects. Styles from a theme are applied automatically when objects are created.

The theme for your application is a compile time configuration set in `lv_conf.h`.

### 3.1.4 Examples

#### A button with a label and react on click event

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_BTN

static void btn_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        static uint8_t cnt = 0;
        cnt++;

        /*Get the first child of the button which is the label and change its text*/
        lv_obj_t * label = lv_obj_get_child(btn, 0);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Button: %d", cnt);
    }
}

/**
 * Create a button with a label and react on click event.
 */
void lv_example_get_started_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());    /*Add a button the current_
↪screen*/
    lv_obj_set_pos(btn, 10, 10);                    /*Set its position*/
    lv_obj_set_size(btn, 120, 50);                  /*Set its size*/
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, btn_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL); /*Assign a
↪callback to the button*/

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);          /*Add a label to the button*/
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Button");              /*Set the labels text*/
    lv_obj_center(label);
}


```

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```
#endif
```

```
class CounterBtn():
    def __init__(self):
        self.cnt = 0
        #
        # Create a button with a label and react on click event.
        #

        btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())           # Add a button the
        ↪current screen
        btn.set_pos(10, 10)                  # Set its position
        btn.set_size(120, 50)                # Set its size
        btn.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER,0,0)
        btn.add_event_cb(self.btn_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None) # Assign a callback
        ↪to the button
        label = lv.label(btn)                # Add a label to the
        ↪button
        label.set_text("Button")              # Set the labels text
        label.center()

        def btn_event_cb(self,evt):
            code = evt.get_code()
            btn = evt.get_target()
            if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
                self.cnt += 1

            # Get the first child of the button which is the label and change its text
            label = btn.get_child(0)
            label.set_text("Button: " + str(self.cnt))

counterBtn = CounterBtn()
```

### Create styles from scratch for buttons

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BTN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_style_t style_btn;
static lv_style_t style_btn_pressed;
static lv_style_t style_btn_red;

static lv_color_t darken(const lv_color_filter_dsc_t * dsc, lv_color_t color, lv_opa_
↪t opa)
{
    LV_UNUSED(dsc);
    return lv_color_darken(color, opa);
}

static void style_init(void)
```

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```

{
    /*Create a simple button style*/
    lv_style_init(&style_btn);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_btn, 10);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_btn, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_btn, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 3));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style_btn, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_dir(&style_btn, LV_GRAD_DIR_VER);

    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_btn, lv_color_black());
    lv_style_set_border_opa(&style_btn, LV_OPA_20);
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_btn, 2);

    lv_style_set_text_color(&style_btn, lv_color_black());

    /*Create a style for the pressed state.
     *Use a color filter to simply modify all colors in this state*/
    static lv_color_filter_dsc_t color_filter;
    lv_color_filter_dsc_init(&color_filter, darken);
    lv_style_init(&style_btn_pressed);
    lv_style_set_color_filter_dsc(&style_btn_pressed, &color_filter);
    lv_style_set_color_filter_opa(&style_btn_pressed, LV_OPA_20);

    /*Create a red style. Change only some colors.*/
    lv_style_init(&style_btn_red);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_btn_red, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style_btn_red, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_RED, 3));
}

/**
 * Create styles from scratch for buttons.
 */
void lv_example_get_started_2(void)
{
    /*Initialize the style*/
    style_init();

    /*Create a button and use the new styles*/
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    /* Remove the styles coming from the theme
     * Note that size and position are also stored as style properties
     * so lv_obj_remove_style_all will remove the set size and position too */
    lv_obj_remove_style_all(btn);
    lv_obj_set_pos(btn, 10, 10);
    lv_obj_set_size(btn, 120, 50);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn, &style_btn, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn, &style_btn_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);

    /*Add a label to the button*/
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Button");
    lv_obj_center(label);

    /*Create another button and use the red style too*/
    lv_obj_t * btn2 = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_remove_style_all(btn2);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_btn_red, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_btn_red_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
    /*Remove the styles coming
    ↪ from the theme*/
}

```

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```

lv_obj_set_pos(btn2, 10, 80);
lv_obj_set_size(btn2, 120, 50);
lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_btn, 0);
lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_btn_red, 0);
lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_btn_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
lv_obj_set_style_radius(btn2, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0); /*Add a local style too*/

label = lv_label_create(btn2);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Button 2");
lv_obj_center(label);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Create styles from scratch for buttons.
#
style_btn = lv.style_t()
style_btn_red = lv.style_t()
style_btn_pressed = lv.style_t()

# Create a simple button style
style_btn.init()
style_btn.set_radius(10)
style_btn.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA_COVER)
style_btn.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE_GREY, 3))
style_btn.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE_GREY))
style_btn.set_bg_grad_dir(lv.GRAD_DIR_VER)

# Add a border
style_btn.set_border_color(lv.color_white())
style_btn.set_border_opa(lv.OPA_70)
style_btn.set_border_width(2)

# Set the text style
style_btn.set_text_color(lv.color_white())

# Create a red style. Change only some colors.
style_btn_red.init()
style_btn_red.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE_RED))
style_btn_red.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE_RED, 2))

# Create a style for the pressed state.
style_btn_pressed.init()
style_btn_pressed.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE_BLUE))
style_btn_pressed.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE_RED, 3))

# Create a button and use the new styles
btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act()) # Add a button the current screen
# Remove the styles coming from the theme
# Note that size and position are also stored as style properties
# so lv_obj_remove_style_all will remove the set size and position too
btn.remove_style_all() # Remove the styles coming from the theme
btn.set_pos(10, 10) # Set its position
btn.set_size(120, 50) # Set its size
btn.add_style(style_btn, 0)

```

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```

btn.add_style(style_btn_pressed, lv.STATE.PRESSED)

label = lv.label(btn)           # Add a label to the button
label.set_text("Button")       # Set the labels text
label.center()

# Create another button and use the red style too
btn2 = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
btn2.remove_style_all()         # Remove the styles coming from the theme
btn2.set_pos(10, 80)           # Set its position
btn2.set_size(120, 50)         # Set its size
btn2.add_style(style_btn, 0)
btn2.add_style(style_btn_red, 0)
btn2.add_style(style_btn_pressed, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
btn2.set_style_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0) # Add a local style

label = lv.label(btn2)         # Add a label to the button
label.set_text("Button 2")     # Set the labels text
label.center()

```

### Create a slider and write its value on a label

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_SLIDER

static lv_obj_t * label;

static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_event_get_target(e);

    /*Refresh the text*/
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRI32, lv_slider_get_value(slider));
    lv_obj_align_to(label, slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -15); /*Align top of
↪the slider*/
}

/**
 * Create a slider and write its value on a label.
 */
void lv_example_get_started_3(void)
{
    /*Create a slider in the center of the display*/
    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_width(slider, 200); /*Set the width*/
    lv_obj_center(slider);         /*Align to the center of
↪the parent (screen)*/
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL); /*
↪Assign an event function*/

    /*Create a label below the slider*/
    label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "0");
    lv_obj_align_to(label, slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -15); /*Align top of
↪the slider*/
}

```

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```
}
#endif
```

```
def slider_event_cb(evt):
    slider = evt.get_target()

    # Refresh the text
    label.set_text(str(slider.get_value()))

#
# Create a slider and write its value on a label.
#

# Create a slider in the center of the display
slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
slider.set_width(200) # Set the width
slider.center() # Align to the center of the parent (screen)
slider.add_event_cb(slider_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None) # Assign an event function
# Create a label below the slider
label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set_text("0")
label.align_to(slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -15) # Align below the slider
```

### 3.1.5 Micropython

Learn more about *Micropython*.

```
# Create a Button and a Label
scr = lv.obj()
btn = lv.btn(scr)
btn.align(lv.scr_act(), lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
label = lv.label(btn)
label.set_text("Button")

# Load the screen
lv.scr_load(scr)
```

## 3.2 Simulator on PC

You can try out LVGL **using only your PC** (i.e. without any development boards). LVGL will run on a simulator environment on the PC where anyone can write and experiment with real LVGL applications.

Using the simulator on a PC has the following advantages:

- Hardware independent - Write code, run it on the PC and see the result on a monitor.
- Cross-platform - Any Windows, Linux or macOS system can run the PC simulator.
- Portability - The written code is portable, which means you can simply copy it when migrating to embedded hardware.
- Easy Validation - The simulator is also very useful to report bugs because it provides a common platform for every user. So it's a good idea to reproduce a bug in the simulator and use that code snippet in the [Forum](#).

### 3.2.1 Select an IDE

The simulator is ported to various IDEs (Integrated Development Environments). Choose your favorite IDE, read its README on GitHub, download the project, and load it to the IDE.

- [Eclipse with SDL driver](#): Recommended on Linux and Mac
- [CodeBlocks](#): Recommended on Windows
- [VisualStudio with SDL driver](#): For Windows
- [VSCode with SDL driver](#): Recommended on Linux and Mac
- [PlatformIO with SDL driver](#): Recommended on Linux and Mac

You can use any IDE for development but, for simplicity, the configuration for Eclipse CDT is what we'll focus on in this tutorial. The following section describes the set-up guide of Eclipse CDT in more detail.

**Note: If you are on Windows, it's usually better to use the Visual Studio or CodeBlocks projects instead. They work out of the box without requiring extra steps.**

### 3.2.2 Set-up Eclipse CDT

#### Install Eclipse CDT

[Eclipse CDT](#) is a C/C++ IDE.

Eclipse is a Java-based tool so be sure **Java Runtime Environment** is installed on your system.

On Debian-based distros (e.g. Ubuntu): `sudo apt-get install default-jre`

Note: If you are using other distros, then please install a 'Java Runtime Environment' suitable to your distro. Note: If you are using macOS and get a "Failed to create the Java Virtual Machine" error, uninstall any other Java JDK installs and install Java JDK 8u. This should fix the problem.

You can download Eclipse's CDT from: <https://www.eclipse.org/cdt/downloads.php>. Start the installer and choose *Eclipse CDT* from the list.

## Install SDL 2

The PC simulator uses the [SDL 2](#) cross-platform library to simulate a TFT display and a touchpad.

### Linux

On **Linux** you can easily install SDL2 using a terminal:

1. Find the current version of SDL2: `apt-cache search libsdl2` (e.g. `libsdl2-2.0-0`)
2. Install SDL2: `sudo apt-get install libsdl2-2.0-0` (replace with the found version)
3. Install SDL2 development package: `sudo apt-get install libsdl2-dev`
4. If build essentials are not installed yet: `sudo apt-get install build-essential`

### Windows

If you are using **Windows** firstly you need to install MinGW ([64 bit version](#)). After installing MinGW, do the following steps to add SDL2:

1. Download the development libraries of SDL. Go to <https://www.libsdl.org/download-2.0.php> and download *Development Libraries: SDL2-devel-2.0.5-mingw.tar.gz*
2. Decompress the file and go to `x86_64-w64-mingw32` directory (for 64 bit MinGW) or to `i686-w64-mingw32` (for 32 bit MinGW)
3. Copy `...mingw32/include/SDL2` folder to `C:/MinGW/.../x86_64-w64-mingw32/include`
4. Copy `...mingw32/lib/` content to `C:/MinGW/.../x86_64-w64-mingw32/lib`
5. Copy `...mingw32/bin/SDL2.dll` to `{eclipse_workspace}/pc_simulator/Debug/`. Do it later when Eclipse is installed.

Note: If you are using **Microsoft Visual Studio** instead of Eclipse then you don't have to install MinGW.

### OSX

On **OSX** you can easily install SDL2 with brew: `brew install sdl2`

If something is not working, then please refer [this tutorial](#) to get started with SDL.

### Pre-configured project

A pre-configured graphics library project (based on the latest release) is always available to get started easily. You can find the latest one on [GitHub](#). (Please note that, the project is configured for Eclipse CDT).

## Add the pre-configured project to Eclipse CDT

Run Eclipse CDT. It will show a dialogue about the **workspace path**. Before accepting the path, check that path and copy (and unzip) the downloaded pre-configured project there. After that, you can accept the workspace path. Of course you can modify this path but in that case copy the project to the corresponding location.

Close the start-up window and go to **File->Import** and choose **General->Existing project into Workspace**. **Browse the root directory** of the project and click **Finish**

On **Windows** you have to do two additional things:

- Copy the **SDL2.dll** into the project's Debug folder
- Right-click on the project -> Project properties -> C/C++ Build -> Settings -> Libraries -> Add ... and add *mingw32* above SDLmain and SDL. (The order is important: mingw32, SDLmain, SDL)

## Compile and Run

Now you are ready to run LVGL on your PC. Click on the Hammer Icon on the top menu bar to Build the project. If you have done everything right, then you will not get any errors. Note that on some systems additional steps might be required to "see" SDL 2 from Eclipse but in most cases the configuration in the downloaded project is enough.

After a successful build, click on the Play button on the top menu bar to run the project. Now a window should appear in the middle of your screen.

Now you are ready to use LVGL and begin development on your PC.

## 3.3 STM32

TODO

## 3.4 NXP

NXP has integrated LVGL into the MCUXpresso SDK packages for several of their general purpose and crossover microcontrollers, allowing easy evaluation and migration into your product design. [Download an SDK for a supported board](#) today and get started with your next GUI application.

### 3.4.1 Creating new project with LVGL

Downloading the MCU SDK example project is recommended as a starting point. It comes fully configured with LVGL (and with PXP support if module is present), no additional integration work is required.

### 3.4.2 Adding HW acceleration for NXP iMX RT platforms using PXP (PiXeL Pipeline) engine for existing projects

Several drawing features in LVGL can be offloaded to the PXP engine. The CPU is available for other operations while the PXP is running. An RTOS is required to block the LVGL drawing thread and switch to another task or suspend the CPU for power savings.

#### Features supported:

- RGB565 color format
- Area fill + optional transparency
- BLIT (BLoK Image Transfer) + optional transparency
- Color keying + optional transparency
- Recoloring (color tint) + optional transparency
- RTOS integration layer
- Default FreeRTOS and bare metal code provided

#### Basic configuration:

- Select NXP PXP engine in lv\_conf.h: Set LV\_USE\_GPU\_NXP\_PXP to 1
- Enable default implementation for interrupt handling, PXP start function and automatic initialization: Set LV\_USE\_GPU\_NXP\_PXP\_AUTO\_INIT to 1
- If FSL\_RTOS\_FREE\_RTOS symbol is defined, FreeRTOS implementation will be used, otherwise bare metal code will be included

#### Basic initialization:

- If LV\_USE\_GPU\_NXP\_PXP\_AUTO\_INIT is enabled, no user code is required; PXP is initialized automatically in lv\_init()
- For manual PXP initialization, default configuration structure for callbacks can be used. Initialize PXP before calling lv\_init()

```
#if LV_USE_GPU_NXP_PXP
    #include "lv_gpu/lv_gpu_nxp_pxp.h"
    #include "lv_gpu/lv_gpu_nxp_pxp_osa.h"
#endif
. . .
#if LV_USE_GPU_NXP_PXP
    if (lv_gpu_nxp_pxp_init(&pxp_default_cfg) != LV_RES_OK) {
        PRINTF("PXP init error. STOP.\n");
        for ( ; ; ) ;
    }
#endif
```

**Project setup:**

- Add PXP related files to project:
  - `lv_gpu/lv_gpu_nxp.c`, `lv_gpu/lv_gpu_nxp.h`: low level drawing calls for LVGL
  - `lv_gpu/lv_gpu_nxp_osa.c`, `lv_gpu/lv_gpu_osa.h`: default implementation of OS-specific functions (bare metal and FreeRTOS only)
    - \* optional, required only if `LV_USE_GPU_NXP_PXP_AUTO_INIT` is set to 1
- PXP related code depends on two drivers provided by MCU SDK. These drivers need to be added to project:
  - `fsl_pxp.c`, `fsl_pxp.h`: PXP driver
  - `fsl_cache.c`, `fsl_cache.h`: CPU cache handling functions

**Advanced configuration:**

- Implementation depends on multiple OS-specific functions. The struct `lv_nxp_pxp_cfg_t` with callback pointers is used as a parameter for the `lv_gpu_nxp_pxp_init()` function. Default implementation for FreeRTOS and baremetal is provided in `lv_gpu_nxp_osa.c`
  - `pxp_interrupt_init()`: Initialize PXP interrupt (HW setup, OS setup)
  - `pxp_interrupt_deinit()`: Deinitialize PXP interrupt (HW setup, OS setup)
  - `pxp_run()`: Start PXP job. Use OS-specific mechanism to block drawing thread. PXP must finish drawing before leaving this function.
- There are configurable area thresholds which are used to decide whether the area will be processed by CPU, or by PXP. Areas smaller than a defined value will be processed by CPU and those bigger than the threshold will be processed by PXP. These thresholds may be defined as preprocessor variables. Default values are defined in `lv_gpu/lv_gpu_nxp_pxp.h`
  - `GPU_NXP_PXP_BLIT_SIZE_LIMIT`: size threshold for image BLIT, BLIT with color keying, and BLIT with recolor ( $OPA > LV\_OPA\_MAX$ )
  - `GPU_NXP_PXP_BLIT_OPA_SIZE_LIMIT`: size threshold for image BLIT and BLIT with color keying with transparency ( $OPA < LV\_OPA\_MAX$ )
  - `GPU_NXP_PXP_FILL_SIZE_LIMIT`: size threshold for fill operation ( $OPA > LV\_OPA\_MAX$ )
  - `GPU_NXP_PXP_FILL_OPA_SIZE_LIMIT`: size threshold for fill operation with transparency ( $OPA < LV\_OPA\_MAX$ )

## 3.5 Espressif (ESP32 chip series)

LVGL can be used and configured as a standard [ESP-IDF](#) component.

More information about ESP-IDF build system can be found [here](#).



### 3.5.1 LVGL demo project for ESP32

We've created `lv_port_esp32`, a project using ESP-IDF and LVGL to show one of the demos from `lv_demos`. You can configure the project to use one of the many supported display controllers and targets (chips).

See `lvgl_esp32_drivers` repository for a complete list of supported display and indev (touch) controllers and targets.

### 3.5.2 Using LVGL in your ESP-IDF project

#### Prerequisites

- ESP-IDF v4.1 and above
- ESP evaluation board with a display

#### Obtaining LVGL

##### Option 1: git submodule

Simply clone LVGL into your `project_root/components` directory and it will be automatically integrated into the project. If the project is a git repository you can include LVGL as a git submodule:

```
git submodule add https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl.git components/lvgl
```

The above command will clone LVGL's main repository into the `components/lvgl` directory. LVGL includes a `CMakeLists.txt` file that sets some configuration options so you can use LVGL right away.

##### Option 2: IDF Component Manager

LVGL is also distributed through `IDF Component Manager`. It allows users to seamlessly integrate `LVGL component` into their project with following command:

```
idf.py add-dependency lvgl/lvgl>=8.*
```

During next project build, LVGL component will be fetched from the component registry and added to project build.

#### Configuration

When you are ready to configure LVGL, launch the configuration menu with `idf.py menuconfig` in your project root directory, go to `Component config` and then `LVGL configuration`.

### 3.5.3 Using `lvgl_esp32_drivers` in ESP-IDF project

You can also add `lvgl_esp32_drivers` as a "component". This component should be located inside a directory named "components" in your project root directory.

When your project is a git repository you can include `lvgl_esp32_drivers` as a git submodule:

```
git submodule add https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl_esp32_drivers.git components/lvgl_esp32_drivers
```

## 3.6 Arduino

The [LVGL library](#) is directly available as Arduino libraries.

Note that you need to choose a board powerful enough to run LVGL and your GUI. See the [requirements of LVGL](#).

For example ESP32 is a good candidate to create UI's with LVGL.

### 3.6.1 Get the LVGL Arduino library

LVGL can be installed via the Arduino IDE Library Manager or as a .ZIP library.

You can [Download](#) the latest version of LVGL from GitHub and simply copy it to Arduino's library folder.

### 3.6.2 Set up drivers

To get started it's recommended to use [TFT\\_eSPI](#) library as a TFT driver to simplify testing. To make it work, setup [TFT\\_eSPI](#) according to your TFT display type via editing either

- `User_Setup.h`
- or by selecting a configuration in the `User_Setup_Select.h`

Both files are located in `TFT_eSPI` library's folder.

### 3.6.3 Configure LVGL

LVGL has its own configuration file called `lv_conf.h`. When LVGL is installed, follow these configuration steps:

1. Go to the directory of the installed Arduino libraries
2. Go to `lvgl` and copy `lv_conf_template.h` as `lv_conf.h` into the Arduino Libraries directory next to the `lvgl` library folder.
3. Open `lv_conf.h` and change the first `#if 0` to `#if 1` to enable the content of the file
4. Set the color depth of you display in `LV_COLOR_DEPTH`
5. Set `LV_TICK_CUSTOM 1`

Finally the layout with `lv_conf.h` should look like this:

```
arduino
|-libraries
|  |-lvgl
|  |-other_lib_1
|  |-other_lib_2
|  |-lv_conf.h
```

### 3.6.4 Initialize and run LVGL

Take a look at `LVGL_Arduino.ino` to see how to initialize LVGL. `TFT_eSPI` is used as the display driver.

In the INO file you can see how to register a display and a touchpad for LVGL and call an example.

### 3.6.5 Use the examples and demos

Note that, there is no dedicated INO file for every example. Instead, you can load an example by calling an `lv_example_...` function. For example `lv_example_btn_1()`.

**IMPORTANT** Due to some the limitations of Arduino's build system you need to copy `lvgl/examples` to `lvgl/src/examples`. Similarly for the demos `lvgl/demos` to `lvgl/src/demos`.

### 3.6.6 Debugging and logging

LVGL can display debug information in case of trouble. In the `LVGL_Arduino.ino` example there is a `my_print` method, which sends this debug information to the serial interface. To enable this feature you have to edit the `lv_conf.h` file and enable logging in the section `log settings`:

```
/*Log settings*/
#define USE_LV_LOG      1  /*Enable/disable the log module*/
#if LV_USE_LOG
/* How important log should be added:
 * LV_LOG_LEVEL_TRACE    A lot of logs to give detailed information
 * LV_LOG_LEVEL_INFO     Log important events
 * LV_LOG_LEVEL_WARN     Log if something unwanted happened but didn't cause a
↪problem
 * LV_LOG_LEVEL_ERROR    Only critical issue, when the system may fail
 * LV_LOG_LEVEL_NONE     Do not log anything
 */
# define LV_LOG_LEVEL    LV_LOG_LEVEL_WARN
```

After enabling the log module and setting `LV_LOG_LEVEL` accordingly, the output log is sent to the `Serial` port @ 115200 bps.

## 3.7 Micropython

### 3.7.1 What is Micropython?

**Micropython** is Python for microcontrollers. Using Micropython, you can write Python3 code and run it even on a bare metal architecture with limited resources.

## Highlights of Micropython

- **Compact** - Fits and runs within just 256k of code space and 16k of RAM. No OS is needed, although you can also run it with an OS, if you want.
  - **Compatible** - Strives to be as compatible as possible with normal Python (known as CPython).
  - **Versatile** - Supports many architectures (x86, x86-64, ARM, ARM Thumb, Xtensa).
  - **Interactive** - No need for the compile-flash-boot cycle. With the REPL (interactive prompt) you can type commands and execute them immediately, run scripts, etc.
  - **Popular** - Many platforms are supported. The user base is growing bigger. Notable forks: [MicroPython](#), [CircuitPython](#), [MicroPython\\_ESP32\\_psRAM\\_LoBo](#)
  - **Embedded Oriented** - Comes with modules specifically for embedded systems, such as the [machine module](#) for accessing low-level hardware (I/O pins, ADC, UART, SPI, I2C, RTC, Timers etc.)
- 

### 3.7.2 Why Micropython + LVGL?

Currently, Micropython [does not have a good high-level GUI library](#) by default. LVGL is an [Object-Oriented Component Based](#) high-level GUI library, which seems to be a natural candidate to map into a higher level language, such as Python. LVGL is implemented in C and its APIs are in C.

#### Here are some advantages of using LVGL in Micropython:

- Develop GUI in Python, a very popular high level language. Use paradigms such as Object-Oriented Programming.
- Usually, GUI development requires multiple iterations to get things right. With C, each iteration consists of **Change code > Build > Flash > Run**. In Micropython it's just **Change code > Run** ! You can even run commands interactively using the [REPL](#) (the interactive prompt)

#### Micropython + LVGL could be used for:

- Fast prototyping GUI.
  - Shortening the cycle of changing and fine-tuning the GUI.
  - Modelling the GUI in a more abstract way by defining reusable composite objects, taking advantage of Python's language features such as Inheritance, Closures, List Comprehension, Generators, Exception Handling, Arbitrary Precision Integers and others.
  - Make LVGL accessible to a larger audience. No need to know C to create a nice GUI on an embedded system. This goes well with [CircuitPython vision](#). CircuitPython was designed with education in mind, to make it easier for new or inexperienced users to get started with embedded development.
  - Creating tools to work with LVGL at a higher level (e.g. drag-and-drop designer).
-

### 3.7.3 So what does it look like?

TL;DR: It's very much like the C API, but Object-Oriented for LVGL components.

Let's dive right into an example!

#### A simple example

```
import lvgl as lv
lv.init()
scr = lv.obj()
btn = lv.btn(scr)
btn.align(lv.scr_act(), lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
label = lv.label(btn)
label.set_text("Button")
lv.scr_load(scr)
```

### 3.7.4 How can I use it?

#### Online Simulator

If you want to experiment with LVGL + Micropython without downloading anything - you can use our online simulator! It's a fully functional LVGL + Micropython that runs entirely in the browser and allows you to edit a python script and run it.

[Click here to experiment on the online simulator](#)

Hello World

Note: the online simulator is available for lvgl v6 and v7.

#### PC Simulator

Micropython is ported to many platforms. One notable port is "unix", which allows you to build and run Micropython (+LVGL) on a Linux machine. (On a Windows machine you might need Virtual Box or WSL or MinGW or Cygwin etc.)

[Click here to know more information about building and running the unix port](#)

#### Embedded platform

In the end, the goal is to run it all on an embedded platform. Both Micropython and LVGL can be used on many embedded architectures, such as stm32, ESP32 etc. You would also need display and input drivers. We have some sample drivers (ESP32+ILI9341, as well as some other examples), but chances are you would want to create your own input/display drivers for your specific hardware. Drivers can be implemented either in C as a Micropython module, or in pure Micropython!

### 3.7.5 Where can I find more information?

- In this [Blog Post](#)
- [lv\\_micropython README](#)
- [lv\\_binding\\_micropython README](#)
- The [LVGL micropython forum](#) (Feel free to ask anything!)
- At Micropython: [docs](#) and [forum](#)

## 3.8 Tasmota and berry

### 3.8.1 What is Tasmota?

[Tasmota](#) is a widely used open-source firmware for ESP8266 and ESP32 based devices. It supports a wide variety of devices, sensors and integrations to Home Automation and Cloud services. Tasmota firmware is downloaded more than 200,000 times each month, and has an active and growing community.

Tasmota provides access to hundreds of supported devices, full support of MQTT, HTTP(S), integration with major Home Automation systems, myriad of sensors, IR, RF, Zigbee, Bluetooth, AWS IoT, Azure IoT, Alexa and many more.

### 3.8.2 What is Berry?

[Berry](#) is a ultra-lightweight dynamically typed embedded scripting language. It is designed for lower-performance embedded devices. The interpreter of Berry include a one-pass compiler and register-based VM, all the code is written in ANSI C99. Berry offers a syntax very similar to Python, and is inspired from LUA VM. It is fully integrated in Tasmota

#### Highlights of Berry

Berry has the following advantages:

- **Lightweight:** A well-optimized interpreter with very little resources. Ideal for use in microprocessors.
- **Fast:** optimized one-pass bytecode compiler and register-based virtual machine.
- **Powerful:** supports imperative programming, object-oriented programming, functional programming.
- **Flexible:** Berry is a dynamic type script, and it's intended for embedding in applications. It can provide good dynamic scalability for the host system.
- **Simple:** simple and natural syntax, support garbage collection, and easy to use FFI (foreign function interface).
- **RAM saving:** With compile-time object construction, most of the constant objects are stored in read-only code data segments, so the RAM usage of the interpreter is very low when it starts.

All features are detailed in the [Berry Reference Manual](#)

---

### 3.8.3 Why LVGL + Tasmota + Berry?

In 2021, Tasmota added full support of LVGL for ESP32 based devices. It also introduced the Berry scripting language, a small-footprint language similar to Python and fully integrated in Tasmota.

A comprehensive mapping of LVGL in Berry language is now available, similar to the mapping of Micropython. It allows to use +98% of all LVGL features. It is also possible to write custom widgets in Berry.

Versions supported: LVGL v8.0.2, LodePNG v20201017, Freetype 2.10.4

#### Tasmota + Berry + LVGL could be used for:

- Fast prototyping GUI.
- Shortening the cycle of changing and fine-tuning the GUI.
- Modelling the GUI in a more abstract way by defining reusable composite objects, taking advantage of Berry's language features such as Inheritance, Closures, Exception Handling...
- Make LVGL accessible to a larger audience. No need to know C to create a nice GUI on an embedded system.

A higher level interface compatible with [OpenHASP](#) is also under development.

### 3.8.4 So what does it look like?

TL;DR: Similar to MicroPython, it's very much like the C API, but Object-Oriented for LVGL components.

Let's dive right into an example!

#### A simple example

```
lv.start()           # start LVGL
scr = lv.scr_act()   # get default screen
btn = lv.btn(scr)    # create button
btn.center()
label = lv.label(btn) # create a label in the button
label.set_text("Button") # set a label to the button
```

### 3.8.5 How can I use it?

You can start in less than 10 minutes on a M5Stack or equivalent device in less than 10 minutes in this [short tutorial](#)

### 3.8.6 Where can I find more information?

## 3.9 NuttX RTOS

### 3.9.1 What is NuttX?

[NuttX](#) is a mature and secure real-time operating system (RTOS) with an emphasis on technical standards compliance and small size. It is scalable from 8-bit to 64-bit microcontrollers and microprocessors and compliant with the Portable

Operating System Interface (POSIX) and the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) standards and with many Linux-like subsystems. The best way to think about NuttX is to think of it as a small Unix/Linux for microcontrollers.

### Highlights of NuttX

- **Small** - Fits and runs in microcontrollers as small as 32 kB Flash and 8 kB of RAM.
  - **Compliant** - Strives to be as compatible as possible with POSIX and Linux.
  - **Versatile** - Supports many architectures (ARM, ARM Thumb, AVR, MIPS, OpenRISC, RISC-V 32-bit and 64-bit, RX65N, x86-64, Xtensa, Z80/Z180, etc.).
  - **Modular** - Its modular design allows developers to select only what really matters and use modules to include new features.
  - **Popular** - NuttX is used by many companies around the world. Probably you already used a product with NuttX without knowing it was running NuttX.
  - **Predictable** - NuttX is a preemptible Realtime kernel, so you can use it to create predictable applications for realtime control.
- 

## 3.9.2 Why NuttX + LVGL?

Although NuttX has its own graphic library called **NX**, LVGL is a good alternative because users could find more eye-candy demos and they can reuse code from previous projects. LVGL is an **Object-Oriented Component Based** high-level GUI library, that could fit very well for a RTOS with advanced features like NuttX. LVGL is implemented in C and its APIs are in C.

### Here are some advantages of using LVGL in NuttX

- Develop GUI in Linux first and when it is done just compile it for NuttX. Nothing more, no wasting of time.
- Usually, GUI development for low level RTOS requires multiple iterations to get things right, where each iteration consists of **Change code > Build > Flash > Run**. Using LVGL, Linux and NuttX you can reduce this process and just test everything on your computer and when it is done, compile it on NuttX and that is it.

### NuttX + LVGL could be used for

- GUI demos to demonstrate your board graphics capacities.
  - Fast prototyping GUI for MVP (Minimum Viable Product) presentation.
  - visualize sensor data directly and easily on the board without using a computer.
  - Final products with a GUI without a touchscreen (i.e. 3D Printer Interface using Rotary Encoder to Input data).
  - Final products with a touchscreen (and all sorts of bells and whistles).
-



### 3.9.3 How to get started with NuttX and LVGL?

There are many boards in the [NuttX mainline](#) with support for LVGL. Let's use the [STM32F429IDISCOVERY](#) as an example because it is a very popular board.

#### First you need to install the pre-requisites on your system

Let's use the [Windows Subsystem for Linux](#)

```
$ sudo apt-get install automake bison build-essential flex gcc-arm-none-eabi gperf
↪git libncurses5-dev libtool libusb-dev libusb-1.0.0-dev pkg-config kconfig-
↪frontends openocd
```

#### Now let's create a workspace to save our files

```
$ mkdir ~/nuttxspace
$ cd ~/nuttxspace
```

#### Clone the NuttX and Apps repositories:

```
$ git clone https://github.com/apache/incubator-nuttX nuttx
$ git clone https://github.com/apache/incubator-nuttX-apps apps
```

#### Configure NuttX to use the stm32f429i-disco board and the LVGL Demo

```
$ ./tools/configure.sh stm32f429i-disco:lvgl
$ make
```

If everything went fine you should have now the file `nuttx.bin` to flash on your board:

```
$ ls -l nuttx.bin
-rwxrwxr-x 1 alan alan 287144 Jun 27 09:26 nuttx.bin
```

#### Flashing the firmware in the board using OpenOCD:

```
$ sudo openocd -f interface/stlink-v2.cfg -f target/stm32f4x.cfg -c init -c "reset
↪halt" -c "flash write_image erase nuttx.bin 0x08000000"
```

Reset the board and using the 'NSH>' terminal start the LVGL demo:

```
nsh> lvgl_demo
```

### 3.9.4 Where can I find more information?

- This blog post: [LVGL on LPCXpresso54628](#)
- NuttX mailing list: [Apache NuttX Mailing List](#)

## 3.10 RT-Thread RTOS

### 3.10.1 What is RT-Thread?

**RT-Thread** is an [open source](#), neutral, and community-based real-time operating system (RTOS). RT-Thread has **Standard version** and **Nano version**. For resource-constrained microcontroller (MCU) systems, the Nano version that requires only 3 KB Flash and 1.2 KB RAM memory resources can be tailored with easy-to-use tools. For resource-rich IoT devices, RT-Thread can use the **online software package** management tool, together with system configuration tools, to achieve intuitive and rapid modular cutting, seamlessly import rich software packages; thus, achieving complex functions like Android's graphical interface and touch sliding effects, smart voice interaction effects, and so on.

Key features:

- Designed for resource-constrained devices, the minimum kernel requires only 1.2KB of RAM and 3 KB of Flash.
- A variety of standard interfaces, such as POSIX, CMSIS, C++ application environment.
- Has rich components and a prosperous and fast growing package ecosystem
- Elegant code style, easy to use, read and master.
- High Scalability. RT-Thread has high-quality scalable software architecture, loose coupling, modularity, is easy to tailor and expand.
- Supports high-performance applications.
- Supports all mainstream compiling tools such as GCC, Keil and IAR.
- Supports a wide range of architectures and chips.

### 3.10.2 How to run LVGL on RT-Thread?



LVGL has registered as a [software package](#) of RT-Thread. By using [Env tool](#) or [RT-Thread Studio IDE](#), RT-Thread users can easily download LVGL source code and combine with RT-Thread project. RT-Thread community has port LVGL to several BSPs:

## 3.11 CMake

LVGL supports integrating with [CMake](#). It comes with preconfigured targets for:

On top of the preconfigured targets you can also use "plain" CMake to integrate LVGL into any custom C/C++ project.

### 3.11.1 Prerequisites

- CMake (  $\geq 3.12.4$  )
- Compatible build tool e.g.

### 3.11.2 Building LVGL with CMake

There are many ways to include external CMake projects into your own. A modern one also used in this example is the CMake `FetchContent` module. This module conveniently allows us to download dependencies directly at configure time from e.g. [GitHub](#). Here is an example how we might include LVGL into our own project.

```
cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.14)
include(FetchContent)

project(MyProject LANGUAGES C CXX)

# Build an executable called "MyFirmware"
add_executable(MyFirmware src/main.c)

# Specify path to own LVGL config header
set(LV_CONF_PATH
    ${CMAKE_CURRENT_SOURCE_DIR}/src/lv_conf.h
    CACHE STRING "" FORCE)

# Fetch LVGL from GitHub
FetchContent_Declare(lvgl URL https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl.git)
FetchContent_MakeAvailable(lvgl)

# The target "MyFirmware" depends on LVGL
target_link_libraries(MyFirmware PRIVATE lvgl::lvgl)
```

This configuration declares a dependency between the two targets **MyFirmware** and **lvgl**. Upon building the target **MyFirmware** this dependency will be resolved and **lvgl** will be built and linked with it. Since LVGL requires a config header called `lv_conf.h` to be includable by its sources we also set the option `LV_CONF_PATH` to point to our own copy of it.

#### Additional CMake options

Besides `LV_CONF_PATH` there are two additional CMake options to specify include paths.

`LV_LVGL_H_INCLUDE_SIMPLE` which specifies whether to `#include "lvgl.h"` absolut or relative

`LV_CONF_INCLUDE_SIMPLE` which specifies whether to `#include "lv_conf.h"` and `"lv_drv_conf.h"` absolut or relative

I do not recommend disabling those options unless your folder layout makes it absolutely necessary.

### 3.11.3 Building LVGL examples with CMake

LVGL examples have their own CMake target. If you want to build the examples simply add them to your dependencies.

```
# The target "MyFirmware" depends on LVGL and examples
target_link_libraries(MyFirmware PRIVATE lvgl::lvgl lvgl::examples)
```

### 3.11.4 Building LVGL drivers and demos with CMake

Exactly the same goes for the drivers and the demos.

```
# Specify path to own LVGL demos config header
set(LV_DEMO_CONF_PATH
    ${CMAKE_CURRENT_SOURCE_DIR}/src/lv_demo_conf.h
    CACHE STRING "" FORCE)

FetchContent_Declare(lv_drivers
    GIT_REPOSITORY https://github.com/lvgl/lv_drivers)
FetchContent_MakeAvailable(lv_drivers)
FetchContent_Declare(lv_demos
    GIT_REPOSITORY https://github.com/lvgl/lv_demos.git)
FetchContent_MakeAvailable(lv_demos)

# The target "MyFirmware" depends on LVGL, drivers and demos
target_link_libraries(MyFirmware PRIVATE lvgl::lvgl lvgl::drivers lvgl::examples)
```

Just like the `lv_conf.h` header demos comes with its own config header called `lv_demo_conf.h`. Analogous to `LV_CONF_PATH` its path can be set by using the option `LV_DEMO_CONF_PATH`.

## 4.1 Set up a project

### 4.1.1 Get the library

LVGL is available on GitHub: <https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl>.

You can clone it or [Download](#) the latest version of the library from GitHub.

### 4.1.2 Add lvgl to your project

The graphics library itself is the `lvgl` directory. It contains a couple of folders but to use `lvgl` you only need `.c` and `.h` files from the `SRC` folder.

#### Automatically add files

If your IDE automatically adds the files from the folders copied to the project folder (as Eclipse or VSCode does), you can simply copy the `lvgl` folder as it is into your project.

#### Make and CMake

LVGL also supports `make` and `CMake` build systems out of the box. To add LVGL to your Makefile based build system add these lines to your main Makefile:

```
LVGL_DIR_NAME ?= lvgl      #The name of the lvgl folder (change this if you have  
↪renamed it)  
LVGL_DIR ?= ${shell pwd}   #The path where the lvgl folder is  
include $(LVGL_DIR)/$(LVGL_DIR_NAME)/lvgl.mk
```

For integration with CMake take a look this section of the *Documentation*.

## Other platforms and tools

The [Get started](#) section contains many platform specific descriptions e.g. for ESP32, Arduino, NXP, RT-Thread, NuttX, etc.

## Demos and Examples

The `lvgl` folder also contains an `examples` and a `demos` folder. If you needed to add the source files manually to your project, you can do the same with the source files of these two folders too. `make` and `CMake` handles the examples and demos, so no extra action required in these cases.

### 4.1.3 Configuration file

There is a configuration header file for LVGL called `lv_conf.h`. You modify this header to set the library's basic behavior, disable unused modules and features, adjust the size of memory buffers in compile-time, etc.

To get `lv_conf.h` copy `lvgl/lv_conf_template.h` next to the `lvgl` directory and rename it to `lv_conf.h`. Open the file and change the `#if 0` at the beginning to `#if 1` to enable its content. So the layout of the files should look like this:

```
| -lvgl
| -lv_conf.h
| -other files and folders
```

Comments in the config file explain the meaning of the options. Be sure to set at least `LV_COLOR_DEPTH` according to your display's color depth. Note that, the examples and demos explicitly need to be enabled in `lv_conf.h`.

Alternatively, `lv_conf.h` can be copied to another place but then you should add the `LV_CONF_INCLUDE_SIMPLE` define to your compiler options (e.g. `-DLV_CONF_INCLUDE_SIMPLE` for GCC compiler) and set the include path manually (e.g. `-I../include/gui`). In this case LVGL will attempt to include `lv_conf.h` simply with `#include "lv_conf.h"`.

You can even use a different name for `lv_conf.h`. The custom path can be set via the `LV_CONF_PATH` define. For example `-DLV_CONF_PATH="/home/joe/my_project/my_custom_conf.h"`

If `LV_CONF_SKIP` is defined, LVGL will not try to include `lv_conf.h`. Instead you can pass the config defines using build options. For example `"-DLV_COLOR_DEPTH=32 -DLV_USE_BTN 1"`. The unset options will get a default value which is the same as the ones in `lv_conf_template.h`.

LVGL also can be used via `Kconfig` and `menuconfig`. You can use `lv_conf.h` together with `Kconfig`, but keep in mind that the value from `lv_conf.h` or build settings (`-D...`) overwrite the values set in `Kconfig`. To ignore the configs from `lv_conf.h` simply remove its content, or define `LV_CONF_SKIP`.

### 4.1.4 Initialization

To use the graphics library you have to initialize it and setup required components. The order of the initialization is:

1. Call `lv_init()`.
2. Initialize your drivers.
3. Register the display and input devices drivers in LVGL. Learn more about [Display](#) and [Input device](#) registration.
4. Call `lv_tick_inc(x)` every x milliseconds in an interrupt to report the elapsed time to LVGL. [Learn more](#).
5. Call `lv_timer_handler()` every few milliseconds to handle LVGL related tasks. [Learn more](#).

## 4.2 Display interface

To register a display for LVGL, a `lv_disp_draw_buf_t` and a `lv_disp_drv_t` variable have to be initialized.

- `lv_disp_draw_buf_t` contains internal graphic buffer(s) called draw buffer(s).
- `lv_disp_drv_t` contains callback functions to interact with the display and manipulate low level drawing behavior.

### 4.2.1 Draw buffer

Draw buffer(s) are simple array(s) that LVGL uses to render the screen content. Once rendering is ready the content of the draw buffer is sent to the display using the `flush_cb` function set in the display driver (see below).

A draw buffer can be initialized via a `lv_disp_draw_buf_t` variable like this:

```
/*A static or global variable to store the buffers*/
static lv_disp_draw_buf_t disp_buf;

/*Static or global buffer(s). The second buffer is optional*/
static lv_color_t buf_1[MY_DISP_HOR_RES * 10];
static lv_color_t buf_2[MY_DISP_HOR_RES * 10];

/*Initialize `disp_buf` with the buffer(s). With only one buffer use NULL instead buf_
2 */
lv_disp_draw_buf_init(&disp_buf, buf_1, buf_2, MY_DISP_HOR_RES*10);
```

Note that `lv_disp_draw_buf_t` must be a static, global or dynamically allocated variable. It cannot be a local variable as they are destroyed upon end of scope.

As you can see above, the draw buffer may be smaller than the screen. In this case, larger areas are redrawn in smaller segments that fit into the draw buffer(s). If only a small area changes (e.g. a button is pressed) then only that area will be refreshed.

A larger buffer results in better performance but above 1/10 screen sized buffer(s) there is no significant performance improvement. Therefore it's recommended to choose the size of the draw buffer(s) to be at least 1/10 screen sized.

### 4.2.2 Buffering modes

There are several settings to adjust the number draw buffers and buffering/refreshing modes.

You can measure the performance of different configurations using the [benchmark example](#).

#### One buffer

If only one buffer is used LVGL draws the content of the screen into that draw buffer and sends it to the display. LVGL then needs to wait until the content of the buffer is sent to the display before drawing something new in it.

## Two buffers

If two buffers are used LVGL can draw into one buffer while the content of the other buffer is sent to the display in the background. DMA or other hardware should be used to transfer data to the display so the MCU can continue drawing. This way, the rendering and refreshing of the display become parallel operations.

## Full refresh

In the display driver (`lv_disp_drv_t`) enabling the `full_refresh` bit will force LVGL to always redraw the whole screen. This works in both *one buffer* and *two buffers* modes. If `full_refresh` is enabled and two screen sized draw buffers are provided, LVGL's display handling works like "traditional" double buffering. This means the `flush_cb` callback only has to update the address of the framebuffer (`color_p` parameter). This configuration should be used if the MCU has an LCD controller peripheral and not with an external display controller (e.g. ILI9341 or SSD1963) accessed via serial link. The latter will generally be too slow to maintain high frame rates with full screen redraws.

## Direct mode

If the `direct_mode` flag is enabled in the display driver LVGL will draw directly into a **screen sized frame buffer**. That is the draw buffer(s) needs to be screen sized. In this case `flush_cb` will be called only once when all dirty areas are redrawn. With `direct_mode` the frame buffer always contains the current frame as it should be displayed on the screen. If 2 frame buffers are provided as draw buffers LVGL will alter the buffers but always draw only the dirty areas. Therefore the 2 buffers need to be synchronized in `flush_cb` like this:

1. Display the frame buffer pointed by `color_p`
2. Copy the redrawn areas from `color_p` to the other buffer.

To get the redrawn areas to copy use the following functions `_lv_refr_get_disp_refreshing()` returns the display being refreshed `disp->inv_areas[LV_INV_BUF_SIZE]` contains the invalidated areas `disp->inv_area_joined[LV_INV_BUF_SIZE]` if 1 that area was joined into another one and should be ignored `disp->inv_p` number of valid elements in `inv_areas`

### 4.2.3 Display driver

Once the buffer initialization is ready a `lv_disp_drv_t` display driver needs to be:

1. initialized with `lv_disp_drv_init(&disp_drv)`
2. its fields need to be set
3. it needs to be registered in LVGL with `lv_disp_drv_register(&disp_drv)`

Note that `lv_disp_drv_t` also needs to be a static, global or dynamically allocated variable.

## Mandatory fields

In the most simple case only the following fields of `lv_disp_drv_t` need to be set:

- `draw_buf` pointer to an initialized `lv_disp_draw_buf_t` variable.
- `hor_res` horizontal resolution of the display in pixels.
- `ver_res` vertical resolution of the display in pixels.



- `flush_cb` a callback function to copy a buffer's content to a specific area of the display. `lv_disp_flush_ready(&disp_drv)` needs to be called when flushing is ready. LVGL might render the screen in multiple chunks and therefore call `flush_cb` multiple times. To see if the current one is the last chunk of rendering use `lv_disp_flush_is_last(&disp_drv)`.

## Optional fields

There are some optional display driver data fields:

- `physical_hor_res` horizontal resolution of the full / physical display in pixels. Only set this when *not* using the full screen (defaults to -1 / same as `hor_res`).
- `physical_ver_res` vertical resolution of the full / physical display in pixels. Only set this when *not* using the full screen (defaults to -1 / same as `ver_res`).
- `offset_x` horizontal offset from the full / physical display in pixels. Only set this when *not* using the full screen (defaults to 0).
- `offset_y` vertical offset from the full / physical display in pixels. Only set this when *not* using the full screen (defaults to 0).
- `color_chroma_key` A color which will be drawn as transparent on chrome keyed images. Set to `LV_COLOR_CHROMA_KEY` from `lv_conf.h` by default.
- `anti_aliasing` use anti-aliasing (edge smoothing). Enabled by default if `LV_COLOR_DEPTH` is set to at least 16 in `lv_conf.h`.
- `rotated` and `sw_rotate` See the [Rotation](#) section below.
- `screen_transp` if 1 the screen itself can have transparency as well. `LV_COLOR_SCREEN_TRANSP` must be enabled in `lv_conf.h` and `LV_COLOR_DEPTH` must be 32.
- `user_data` A custom `void` user data for the driver.
- `full_refresh` always redrawn the whole screen (see above)
- `direct_mode` draw directly into the frame buffer (see above)

Some other optional callbacks to make it easier and more optimal to work with monochrome, grayscale or other non-standard RGB displays:

- `rounder_cb` Round the coordinates of areas to redraw. E.g. a 2x2 px can be converted to 2x8. It can be used if the display controller can refresh only areas with specific height or width (usually 8 px height with monochrome displays).
- `set_px_cb` a custom function to write the draw buffer. It can be used to store the pixels more compactly in the draw buffer if the display has a special color format. (e.g. 1-bit monochrome, 2-bit grayscale etc.) This way the buffers used in `lv_disp_draw_buf_t` can be smaller to hold only the required number of bits for the given area size. Note that rendering with `set_px_cb` is slower than normal rendering.
- `monitor_cb` A callback function that tells how many pixels were refreshed and in how much time. Called when the last chunk is rendered and sent to the display.
- `clean_dcache_cb` A callback for cleaning any caches related to the display.

LVGL has built-in support to several GPUs (see `lv_conf.h`) but if something else is required these functions can be used to make LVGL use a GPU:

- `gpu_fill_cb` fill an area in the memory with a color.
- `gpu_wait_cb` if any GPU function returns while the GPU is still working, LVGL will use this function when required to make sure GPU rendering is ready.

## Examples

All together it looks like this:

```
static lv_disp_drv_t disp_drv;           /*A variable to hold the drivers. Must be
↳static or global.*/
lv_disp_drv_init(&disp_drv);             /*Basic initialization*/
disp_drv.draw_buf = &disp_buf;          /*Set an initialized buffer*/
disp_drv.flush_cb = my_flush_cb;        /*Set a flush callback to draw to the
↳display*/
disp_drv.hor_res = 320;                  /*Set the horizontal resolution in pixels*/
disp_drv.ver_res = 240;                  /*Set the vertical resolution in pixels*/

lv_disp_t * disp;
disp = lv_disp_drv_register(&disp_drv); /*Register the driver and save the created
↳display objects*/
```

Here are some simple examples of the callbacks:

```
void my_flush_cb(lv_disp_drv_t * disp_drv, const lv_area_t * area, lv_color_t * color_
↳p)
{
    /*The most simple case (but also the slowest) to put all pixels to the screen one-
↳by-one
    *`put_px` is just an example, it needs to implemented by you.*/
    int32_t x, y;
    for(y = area->y1; y <= area->y2; y++) {
        for(x = area->x1; x <= area->x2; x++) {
            put_px(x, y, *color_p);
            color_p++;
        }
    }

    /* IMPORTANT!!!
    * Inform the graphics library that you are ready with the flushing*/
    lv_disp_flush_ready(disp_drv);
}

void my_gpu_fill_cb(lv_disp_drv_t * disp_drv, lv_color_t * dest_buf, const lv_area_t
↳* dest_area, const lv_area_t * fill_area, lv_color_t color);
{
    /*It's an example code which should be done by your GPU*/
    uint32_t x, y;
    dest_buf += dest_width * fill_area->y1; /*Go to the first line*/

    for(y = fill_area->y1; y < fill_area->y2; y++) {
        for(x = fill_area->x1; x < fill_area->x2; x++) {
            dest_buf[x] = color;
        }
        dest_buf+=dest_width; /*Go to the next line*/
    }
}

void my_rounder_cb(lv_disp_drv_t * disp_drv, lv_area_t * area)
{
    /* Update the areas as needed.
    * For example it makes the area to start only on 8th rows and have Nx8 pixel
↳height.*/
```

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```

    area->y1 = area->y1 & 0x07;
    area->y2 = (area->y2 & 0x07) + 8;
}

void my_set_px_cb(lv_disp_drv_t * disp_drv, uint8_t * buf, lv_coord_t buf_w, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y, lv_color_t color, lv_opa_t opa)
{
    /* Write to the buffer as required for the display.
     * For example it writes only 1-bit for monochrome displays mapped vertically.*/
    buf += buf_w * (y >> 3) + x;
    if(lv_color_brightness(color) > 128) (*buf) |= (1 << (y % 8));
    else (*buf) &= ~(1 << (y % 8));
}

void my_monitor_cb(lv_disp_drv_t * disp_drv, uint32_t time, uint32_t px)
{
    printf("%d px refreshed in %d ms\n", time, ms);
}

void my_clean_dcache_cb(lv_disp_drv_t * disp_drv, uint32_t)
{
    /* Example for Cortex-M (CMSIS) */
    SCB_CleanInvalidatedDCache();
}

```

## 4.2.4 Other options

### Rotation

LVGL supports rotation of the display in 90 degree increments. You can select whether you'd like software rotation or hardware rotation.

If you select software rotation (`sw_rotate` flag set to 1), LVGL will perform the rotation for you. Your driver can and should assume that the screen width and height have not changed. Simply flush pixels to the display as normal. Software rotation requires no additional logic in your `flush_cb` callback.

There is a noticeable amount of overhead to performing rotation in software. Hardware rotation is available to avoid unwanted slowdowns. In this mode, LVGL draws into the buffer as if your screen width and height were swapped. You are responsible for rotating the provided pixels yourself.

The default rotation of your display when it is initialized can be set using the `rotated` flag. The available options are `LV_DISP_ROT_NONE`, `LV_DISP_ROT_90`, `LV_DISP_ROT_180`, or `LV_DISP_ROT_270`. The rotation values are relative to how you would rotate the physical display in the clockwise direction. Thus, `LV_DISP_ROT_90` means you rotate the hardware 90 degrees clockwise, and the display rotates 90 degrees counterclockwise to compensate.

(Note for users upgrading from 7.10.0 and older: these new rotation enum values match up with the old 0/1 system for rotating 90 degrees, so legacy code should continue to work as expected. Software rotation is also disabled by default for compatibility.)

Display rotation can also be changed at runtime using the `lv_disp_set_rotation(disp, rot)` API.

Support for software rotation is a new feature, so there may be some glitches/bugs depending on your configuration. If you encounter a problem please open an issue on [GitHub](#).

## Decoupling the display refresh timer

Normally the dirty (a.k.a invalid) areas are checked and redrawn in every `LV_DISP_DEF_REFR_PERIOD` milliseconds (set in `lv_conf.h`). However, in some cases you might need more control on when the display refreshing happen, for example to synchronize rendering with VSYNC or the TE signal.

You can do this in the following way:

```
/*Delete the original display refresh timer*/
lv_timer_del disp->refr_timer;
disp->refr_timer = NULL;

/*Call this anywhere you want to refresh the dirty areas*/
_lv_disp_refr_timer(NULL);
```

If you have multiple displays call `lv_disp_set_default(disp1)`; to select the display to refresh before `_lv_disp_refr_timer(NULL)`;

Note that `lv_timer_handler()` and `_lv_disp_refr_timer()` can not run at the same time.

If the performance monitor is enabled, the value of `LV_DISP_DEF_REFR_PERIOD` needs to be set to be consistent with the refresh period of the display to ensure that the statistical results are correct.

## 4.2.5 Further reading

- [lv\\_port\\_disp\\_template.c](#) for a template for your own driver.
- [Drawing](#) to learn more about how rendering works in LVGL.
- [Display features](#) to learn more about higher level display features.

## 4.2.6 API

@description Display Driver HAL interface header file

### Typedefs

typedef struct [\\_lv\\_disp\\_draw\\_buf\\_t](#) **lv\_disp\_draw\_buf\_t**  
Structure for holding display buffer information.

typedef struct [\\_lv\\_disp\\_drv\\_t](#) **lv\_disp\_drv\_t**  
Display Driver structure to be registered by HAL. Only its pointer will be saved in `lv_disp_t` so it should be declared as `static lv_disp_drv_t my_drv` or allocated dynamically.

typedef struct [\\_lv\\_disp\\_t](#) **lv\_disp\_t**  
Display structure.

---

**Note:** `lv_disp_drv_t` should be the first member of the structure.

---

## Enums

enum **lv\_disp\_rot\_t**

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_DISP\_ROT\_NONE**

enumerator **LV\_DISP\_ROT\_90**

enumerator **LV\_DISP\_ROT\_180**

enumerator **LV\_DISP\_ROT\_270**

## Functions

void **lv\_disp\_drv\_init**(*lv\_disp\_drv\_t* \*driver)

Initialize a display driver with default values. It is used to have known values in the fields and not junk in memory. After it you can safely set only the fields you need.

**Parameters** **driver** -- pointer to driver variable to initialize

void **lv\_disp\_draw\_buf\_init**(*lv\_disp\_draw\_buf\_t* \*draw\_buf, void \*buf1, void \*buf2, uint32\_t size\_in\_px\_cnt)

Initialize a display buffer

**Parameters**

- **draw\_buf** -- pointer *lv\_disp\_draw\_buf\_t* variable to initialize
- **buf1** -- A buffer to be used by LVGL to draw the image. Always has to be specified and can't be NULL. Can be an array allocated by the user. E.g. `static lv_color_t disp_buf1[1024 * 10]` Or a memory address e.g. in external SRAM
- **buf2** -- Optionally specify a second buffer to make image rendering and image flushing (sending to the display) parallel. In the `disp_drv->flush` you should use DMA or similar hardware to send the image to the display in the background. It lets LVGL to render next frame into the other buffer while previous is being sent. Set to NULL if unused.
- **size\_in\_px\_cnt** -- size of the `buf1` and `buf2` in pixel count.

*lv\_disp\_t* \***lv\_disp\_drv\_register**(*lv\_disp\_drv\_t* \*driver)

Register an initialized display driver. Automatically set the first display as active.

**Parameters** **driver** -- pointer to an initialized 'lv\_disp\_drv\_t' variable. Only its pointer is saved!

**Returns** pointer to the new display or NULL on error

void **lv\_disp\_drv\_update**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp, *lv\_disp\_drv\_t* \*new\_drv)

Update the driver in run time.

**Parameters**

- **disp** -- pointer to a display. (return value of `lv_disp_drv_register`)
- **new\_drv** -- pointer to the new driver

void **lv\_disp\_remove**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)

Remove a display

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to display

void **lv\_disp\_set\_default**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)  
 Set a default display. The new screens will be created on it by default.

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to a display

*lv\_disp\_t* \***lv\_disp\_get\_default**(void)  
 Get the default display

**Returns** pointer to the default display

lv\_coord\_t **lv\_disp\_get\_hor\_res**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)  
 Get the horizontal resolution of a display

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)

**Returns** the horizontal resolution of the display

lv\_coord\_t **lv\_disp\_get\_ver\_res**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)  
 Get the vertical resolution of a display

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)

**Returns** the vertical resolution of the display

lv\_coord\_t **lv\_disp\_get\_physical\_hor\_res**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)  
 Get the full / physical horizontal resolution of a display

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)

**Returns** the full / physical horizontal resolution of the display

lv\_coord\_t **lv\_disp\_get\_physical\_ver\_res**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)  
 Get the full / physical vertical resolution of a display

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)

**Returns** the full / physical vertical resolution of the display

lv\_coord\_t **lv\_disp\_get\_offset\_x**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)  
 Get the horizontal offset from the full / physical display

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)

**Returns** the horizontal offset from the full / physical display

lv\_coord\_t **lv\_disp\_get\_offset\_y**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)  
 Get the vertical offset from the full / physical display

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)

**Returns** the horizontal offset from the full / physical display

bool **lv\_disp\_get\_antialiasing**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)  
 Get if anti-aliasing is enabled for a display or not

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)

**Returns** true: anti-aliasing is enabled; false: disabled

lv\_coord\_t **lv\_disp\_get\_dpi**(const *lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)  
 Get the DPI of the display

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)

**Returns** dpi of the display

void **lv\_disp\_set\_rotation**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp, *lv\_disp\_rot\_t* rotation)  
 Set the rotation of this display.

**Parameters**

- **disp** -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)
- **rotation** -- rotation angle

*lv\_disp\_rot\_t* **lv\_disp\_get\_rotation**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)

Get the current rotation of this display.

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)

**Returns** rotation angle

*lv\_disp\_t* \***lv\_disp\_get\_next**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)

Get the next display.

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to the current display. NULL to initialize.

**Returns** the next display or NULL if no more. Give the first display when the parameter is NULL

*lv\_disp\_draw\_buf\_t* \***lv\_disp\_get\_draw\_buf**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)

Get the internal buffer of a display

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to a display

**Returns** pointer to the internal buffers

void **lv\_disp\_drv\_use\_generic\_set\_px\_cb**(*lv\_disp\_drv\_t* \*disp\_drv, *lv\_img\_cf\_t* cf)

struct **\_lv\_disp\_draw\_buf\_t**

*#include <lv\_hal\_disp.h>* Structure for holding display buffer information.

**Public Members**

void \***buf1**

First display buffer.

void \***buf2**

Second display buffer.

void \***buf\_act**

uint32\_t **size**

int **flushing**

int **flushing\_last**

uint32\_t **last\_area**

uint32\_t **last\_part**

struct **\_lv\_disp\_drv\_t**

*#include <lv\_hal\_disp.h>* Display Driver structure to be registered by HAL. Only its pointer will be saved in *lv\_disp\_t* so it should be declared as `static lv_disp_drv_t my_drv` or allocated dynamically.

## Public Members

`lv_coord_t` **hor\_res**  
Horizontal resolution.

`lv_coord_t` **ver\_res**  
Vertical resolution.

`lv_coord_t` **physical\_hor\_res**  
Horizontal resolution of the full / physical display. Set to -1 for fullscreen mode.

`lv_coord_t` **physical\_ver\_res**  
Vertical resolution of the full / physical display. Set to -1 for fullscreen mode.

`lv_coord_t` **offset\_x**  
Horizontal offset from the full / physical display. Set to 0 for fullscreen mode.

`lv_coord_t` **offset\_y**  
Vertical offset from the full / physical display. Set to 0 for fullscreen mode.

`lv_disp_draw_buf_t` \***draw\_buf**  
Pointer to a buffer initialized with `lv_disp_draw_buf_init()`. LVGL will use this buffer(s) to draw the screens contents

`uint32_t` **direct\_mode**  
1: Use screen-sized buffers and draw to absolute coordinates

`uint32_t` **full\_refresh**  
1: Always make the whole screen redrawn

`uint32_t` **sw\_rotate**  
1: use software rotation (slower)

`uint32_t` **antialiasing**  
1: anti-aliasing is enabled on this display.

`uint32_t` **rotated**  
1: turn the display by 90 degree.

**Warning:** Does not update coordinates for you!

`uint32_t` **screen\_transp**

`uint32_t` **dpi**  
Handle if the screen doesn't have a solid (`opa == LV_OPA_COVER`) background. Use only if required because it's slower.

`void` (\***flush\_cb**)(`struct _lv_disp_drv_t` \*`disp_drv`, `const lv_area_t` \*`area`, `lv_color_t` \*`color_p`)  
DPI (dot per inch) of the display. Default value is `LV_DPI_DEF`. MANDATORY: Write the internal buffer (`draw_buf`) to the display. '`lv_disp_flush_ready()`' has to be called when finished



void (\***rounder\_cb**)(struct *\_lv\_disp\_drv\_t* \*disp\_drv, lv\_area\_t \*area)  
 OPTIONAL: Extend the invalidated areas to match with the display drivers requirements E.g. round y to, 8, 16 ..) on a monochrome display

void (\***set\_px\_cb**)(struct *\_lv\_disp\_drv\_t* \*disp\_drv, uint8\_t \*buf, lv\_coord\_t buf\_w, lv\_coord\_t x, lv\_coord\_t y, lv\_color\_t color, lv\_opa\_t opa)  
 OPTIONAL: Set a pixel in a buffer according to the special requirements of the display Can be used for color format not supported in LittelvGL. E.g. 2 bit -> 4 gray scales

---

**Note:** Much slower then drawing with supported color formats.

---

void (\***clear\_cb**)(struct *\_lv\_disp\_drv\_t* \*disp\_drv, uint8\_t \*buf, uint32\_t size)

void (\***monitor\_cb**)(struct *\_lv\_disp\_drv\_t* \*disp\_drv, uint32\_t time, uint32\_t px)  
 OPTIONAL: Called after every refresh cycle to tell the rendering and flushing time + the number of flushed pixels

void (\***wait\_cb**)(struct *\_lv\_disp\_drv\_t* \*disp\_drv)  
 OPTIONAL: Called periodically while lvgl waits for operation to be completed. For example flushing or GPU User can execute very simple tasks here or yield the task

void (\***clean\_dcache\_cb**)(struct *\_lv\_disp\_drv\_t* \*disp\_drv)  
 OPTIONAL: Called when lvgl needs any CPU cache that affects rendering to be cleaned

void (\***drv\_update\_cb**)(struct *\_lv\_disp\_drv\_t* \*disp\_drv)  
 OPTIONAL: called when driver parameters are updated

lv\_color\_t **color\_chroma\_key**  
 On CHROMA\_KEYED images this color will be transparent. LV\_COLOR\_CHROMA\_KEY by default.  
 (lv\_conf.h)

lv\_draw\_ctx\_t \***draw\_ctx**

void (\***draw\_ctx\_init**)(struct *\_lv\_disp\_drv\_t* \*disp\_drv, lv\_draw\_ctx\_t \*draw\_ctx)

void (\***draw\_ctx\_deinit**)(struct *\_lv\_disp\_drv\_t* \*disp\_drv, lv\_draw\_ctx\_t \*draw\_ctx)

size\_t **draw\_ctx\_size**

void \***user\_data**  
 Custom display driver user data

struct **\_lv\_disp\_t**  
*#include <lv\_hal\_disp.h>* Display structure.

---

**Note:** lv\_disp\_drv\_t should be the first member of the structure.

---

## Public Members

struct *\_lv\_disp\_drv\_t* \***driver**

< Driver to the display A timer which periodically checks the dirty areas and refreshes them

*lv\_timer\_t* \***refr\_timer**

The theme assigned to the screen

struct *\_lv\_theme\_t* \***theme**

struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \*\***screens**

Screens of the display Array of screen objects.

struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \***act\_scr**

Currently active screen on this display

struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \***prev\_scr**

Previous screen. Used during screen animations

struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \***scr\_to\_load**

The screen prepared to load in lv\_scr\_load\_anim

struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \***top\_layer**

See *lv\_disp\_get\_layer\_top*

struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \***sys\_layer**

See *lv\_disp\_get\_layer\_sys*

uint32\_t **screen\_cnt**

uint8\_t **del\_prev**

1: Automatically delete the previous screen when the screen load animation is ready

uint8\_t **rendering\_in\_progress**

1: The current screen rendering is in progress

lv\_opa\_t **bg\_opa**

Opacity of the background color or wallpaper

lv\_color\_t **bg\_color**

Default display color when screens are transparent

const void \***bg\_img**

An image source to display as wallpaper

lv\_area\_t **inv\_areas**[LV\_INV\_BUF\_SIZE]

Invalidated (marked to redraw) areas

uint8\_t **inv\_area\_joined**[LV\_INV\_BUF\_SIZE]

uint16\_t **inv\_p**

uint32\_t **last\_activity\_time**

Last time when there was activity on this display

## 4.3 Input device interface

### 4.3.1 Types of input devices

To register an input device an `lv_indev_drv_t` variable has to be initialized. **Be sure to register at least one display before you register any input devices.**

```
lv_disp_drv_register(&disp_drv);

static lv_indev_drv_t indev_drv;
lv_indev_drv_init(&indev_drv);           /*Basic initialization*/
indev_drv.type = ...                     /*See below.*/
indev_drv.read_cb = ...                  /*See below.*/
/*Register the driver in LVGL and save the created input device object*/
lv_indev_t * my_indev = lv_indev_drv_register(&indev_drv);
```

The type member can be:

- `LV_INDEV_TYPE_POINTER` touchpad or mouse
- `LV_INDEV_TYPE_KEYPAD` keyboard or keypad
- `LV_INDEV_TYPE_ENCODER` encoder with left/right turn and push options
- `LV_INDEV_TYPE_BUTTON` external buttons virtually pressing the screen

`read_cb` is a function pointer which will be called periodically to report the current state of an input device.

Visit [Input devices](#) to learn more about input devices in general.

### Touchpad, mouse or any pointer

Input devices that can click points on the screen belong to this category.

```
indev_drv.type = LV_INDEV_TYPE_POINTER;
indev_drv.read_cb = my_input_read;

...

void my_input_read(lv_indev_drv_t * drv, lv_indev_data_t*data)
{
    if(touchpad_pressed) {
        data->point.x = touchpad_x;
        data->point.y = touchpad_y;
        data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_PRESSED;
    } else {
        data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_RELEASED;
    }
}
```

To set a mouse cursor use `lv_indev_set_cursor(my_indev, &img_cursor)`. (`my_indev` is the return value of `lv_indev_drv_register`)

## Keypad or keyboard

Full keyboards with all the letters or simple keypads with a few navigation buttons belong here.

To use a keyboard/keypad:

- Register a `read_cb` function with `LV_INDEV_TYPE_KEYPAD` type.
- An object group has to be created: `lv_group_t * g = lv_group_create()` and objects have to be added to it with `lv_group_add_obj(g, obj)`
- The created group has to be assigned to an input device: `lv_indev_set_group(my_indev, g)` (`my_indev` is the return value of `lv_indev_drv_register`)
- Use `LV_KEY_...` to navigate among the objects in the group. See `lv_core/lv_group.h` for the available keys.

```
indev_drv.type = LV_INDEV_TYPE_KEYPAD;
indev_drv.read_cb = keyboard_read;

...

void keyboard_read(lv_indev_drv_t * drv, lv_indev_data_t*data){
    data->key = last_key();           /*Get the last pressed or released key*/

    if(key_pressed()) data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_PRESSED;
    else data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_RELEASED;
}
```

## Encoder

With an encoder you can do the following:

1. Press its button
2. Long-press its button
3. Turn left
4. Turn right

In short, the Encoder input devices work like this:

- By turning the encoder you can focus on the next/previous object.
- When you press the encoder on a simple object (like a button), it will be clicked.
- If you press the encoder on a complex object (like a list, message box, etc.) the object will go to edit mode whereby you can navigate inside the object by turning the encoder.
- To leave edit mode, long press the button.

To use an *Encoder* (similarly to the *Keypads*) the objects should be added to groups.

```
indev_drv.type = LV_INDEV_TYPE_ENCODER;
indev_drv.read_cb = encoder_read;

...

void encoder_read(lv_indev_drv_t * drv, lv_indev_data_t*data){
    data->enc_diff = enc_get_new_moves();
}
```

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```

if(enc_pressed()) data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_PRESSED;
else data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_RELEASED;
}

```

### Using buttons with Encoder logic

In addition to standard encoder behavior, you can also utilize its logic to navigate(focus) and edit widgets using buttons. This is especially handy if you have only few buttons available, or you want to use other buttons in addition to encoder wheel.

You need to have 3 buttons available:

- LV\_KEY\_ENTER will simulate press or pushing of the encoder button
- LV\_KEY\_LEFT will simulate turning encoder left
- LV\_KEY\_RIGHT will simulate turning encoder right
- other keys will be passed to the focused widget

If you hold the keys it will simulate an encoder advance with period specified in `indev_drv.long_press_rep_time`.

```

indev_drv.type = LV_INDEV_TYPE_ENCODER;
indev_drv.read_cb = encoder_with_keys_read;

...

void encoder_with_keys_read(lv_indev_drv_t * drv, lv_indev_data_t*data){
    data->key = last_key();           /*Get the last pressed or released key*/
                                     /* use LV_KEY_ENTER for encoder press */
    if(key_pressed()) data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_PRESSED;
    else {
        data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_RELEASED;
        /* Optionally you can also use enc_diff, if you have encoder*/
        data->enc_diff = enc_get_new_moves();
    }
}

```

### Button

*Buttons* mean external "hardware" buttons next to the screen which are assigned to specific coordinates of the screen. If a button is pressed it will simulate the pressing on the assigned coordinate. (Similarly to a touchpad)

To assign buttons to coordinates use `lv_indev_set_button_points(my_indev, points_array)`. `points_array` should look like `const lv_point_t points_array[] = { {12,30},{60,90}, ... }`

**Important:** The `points_array` can't go out of scope. Either declare it as a global variable or as a static variable inside a function.

```

indev_drv.type = LV_INDEV_TYPE_BUTTON;
indev_drv.read_cb = button_read;

...

void button_read(lv_indev_drv_t * drv, lv_indev_data_t*data){
    static uint32_t last_btn = 0;    /*Store the last pressed button*/
    int btn_pr = my_btn_read();      /*Get the ID (0,1,2...) of the pressed button*/
    if(btn_pr >= 0) {                 /*Is there a button press? (E.g. -1 indicated no
↪button was pressed)*/
        last_btn = btn_pr;           /*Save the ID of the pressed button*/
        data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_PRESSED; /*Set the pressed state*/
    } else {
        data->state = LV_INDEV_STATE_RELEASED; /*Set the released state*/
    }

    data->btn = last_btn;             /*Save the last button*/
}

```

## 4.3.2 Other features

### Parameters

The default value of the following parameters can be changed in `lv_indev_drv_t`:

- `scroll_limit` Number of pixels to slide before actually scrolling the object.
- `scroll_throw` Scroll throw (momentum) slow-down in [%]. Greater value means faster slow-down.
- `long_press_time` Press time to send `LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED` (in milliseconds)
- `long_press_rep_time` Interval of sending `LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT` (in milliseconds)
- `read_timer` pointer to the `lv_timer` which reads the input device. Its parameters can be changed by `lv_timer_...()` functions. `LV_INDEV_DEF_READ_PERIOD` in `lv_conf.h` sets the default read period.

### Feedback

Besides `read_cb` a `feedback_cb` callback can be also specified in `lv_indev_drv_t`. `feedback_cb` is called when any type of event is sent by the input devices (independently of its type). This allows generating feedback for the user, e.g. to play a sound on `LV_EVENT_CLICKED`.

### Associating with a display

Every input device is associated with a display. By default, a new input device is added to the last display created or explicitly selected (using `lv_disp_set_default()`). The associated display is stored and can be changed in `disp` field of the driver.

## Buffered reading

By default, LVGL calls `read_cb` periodically. Because of this intermittent polling there is a chance that some user gestures are missed.

To solve this you can write an event driven driver for your input device that buffers measured data. In `read_cb` you can report the buffered data instead of directly reading the input device. Setting the `data->continue_reading` flag will tell LVGL there is more data to read and it should call `read_cb` again.

### 4.3.3 Further reading

- [lv\\_port\\_indev\\_template.c](#) for a template for your own driver.
- [INdev features](#) to learn more about higher level input device features.

### 4.3.4 API

@description Input Device HAL interface layer header file

#### Typedefs

```
typedef struct _lv_indev_drv_t lv_indev_drv_t
    Initialized by the user and registered by 'lv_indev_add()'
```

```
typedef struct _lv_indev_proc_t lv_indev_proc_t
    Run time data of input devices Internally used by the library, you should not need to touch it.
```

```
typedef struct _lv_indev_t lv_indev_t
    The main input device descriptor with driver, runtime data ('proc') and some additional information
```

#### Enums

```
enum lv_indev_type_t
    Possible input device types
```

*Values:*

```
enumerator LV_INDEV_TYPE_NONE
    Uninitialized state
```

```
enumerator LV_INDEV_TYPE_POINTER
    Touch pad, mouse, external button
```

```
enumerator LV_INDEV_TYPE_KEYPAD
    Keypad or keyboard
```

```
enumerator LV_INDEV_TYPE_BUTTON
    External (hardware button) which is assigned to a specific point of the screen
```

enumerator **LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_ENCODER**  
Encoder with only Left, Right turn and a Button

enum **lv\_indev\_state\_t**

States for input devices

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_INDEV\_STATE\_RELEASED**

enumerator **LV\_INDEV\_STATE\_PRESSED**

## Functions

void **lv\_indev\_drv\_init**(struct *lv\_indev\_drv\_t* \*driver)

Initialize an input device driver with default values. It is used to surely have known values in the fields and not memory junk. After it you can set the fields.

**Parameters** **driver** -- pointer to driver variable to initialize

*lv\_indev\_t* \***lv\_indev\_drv\_register**(struct *lv\_indev\_drv\_t* \*driver)

Register an initialized input device driver.

**Parameters** **driver** -- pointer to an initialized 'lv\_indev\_drv\_t' variable (can be local variable)

**Returns** pointer to the new input device or NULL on error

void **lv\_indev\_drv\_update**(*lv\_indev\_t* \*indev, struct *lv\_indev\_drv\_t* \*new\_drv)

Update the driver in run time.

**Parameters**

- **indev** -- pointer to an input device. (return value of **lv\_indev\_drv\_register**)
- **new\_drv** -- pointer to the new driver

void **lv\_indev\_delete**(*lv\_indev\_t* \*indev)

Remove the provided input device. Make sure not to use the provided input device afterwards anymore.

**Parameters** **indev** -- pointer to delete

*lv\_indev\_t* \***lv\_indev\_get\_next**(*lv\_indev\_t* \*indev)

Get the next input device.

**Parameters** **indev** -- pointer to the current input device. NULL to initialize.

**Returns** the next input device or NULL if there are no more. Provide the first input device when the parameter is NULL

void **\_lv\_indev\_read**(*lv\_indev\_t* \*indev, *lv\_indev\_data\_t* \*data)

Read data from an input device.

**Parameters**

- **indev** -- pointer to an input device
- **data** -- input device will write its data here

struct **lv\_indev\_data\_t**

*#include <lv\_hal\_indev.h>* Data structure passed to an input driver to fill



## Public Members

lv\_point\_t **point**

For LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_POINTER the currently pressed point

uint32\_t **key**

For LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_KEYPAD the currently pressed key

uint32\_t **btn\_id**

For LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_BUTTON the currently pressed button

int16\_t **enc\_diff**

For LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_ENCODER number of steps since the previous read

lv\_indev\_state\_t **state**

LV\_INDEV\_STATE\_REL or LV\_INDEV\_STATE\_PR

bool **continue\_reading**

If set to true, the read callback is invoked again

struct **lv\_indev\_drv\_t**

#include <lv\_hal\_indev.h> Initialized by the user and registered by 'lv\_indev\_add()'

## Public Members

lv\_indev\_type\_t **type**

< Input device type Function pointer to read input device data.

void (\***read\_cb**)(struct *lv\_indev\_drv\_t* \*indev\_drv, *lv\_indev\_data\_t* \*data)

void (\***feedback\_cb**)(struct *lv\_indev\_drv\_t* \*, uint8\_t)

Called when an action happened on the input device. The second parameter is the event from *lv\_event\_t*

void \***user\_data**

struct *lv\_disp\_t* \***disp**

< Pointer to the assigned display Timer to periodically read the input device

lv\_timer\_t \***read\_timer**

Number of pixels to slide before actually drag the object

uint8\_t **scroll\_limit**

Drag throw slow-down in [%]. Greater value means faster slow-down

uint8\_t **scroll\_throw**

At least this difference should be between two points to evaluate as gesture

uint8\_t **gesture\_min\_velocity**

At least this difference should be to send a gesture

uint8\_t **gesture\_limit**  
Long press time in milliseconds

uint16\_t **long\_press\_time**  
Repeated trigger period in long press [ms]

uint16\_t **long\_press\_repeat\_time**

struct **\_lv\_indev\_proc\_t**  
*#include <lv\_hal\_indev.h>* Run time data of input devices Internally used by the library, you should not need to touch it.

## Public Members

*lv\_indev\_state\_t* **state**  
Current state of the input device.

uint8\_t **long\_pr\_sent**

uint8\_t **reset\_query**

uint8\_t **disabled**

uint8\_t **wait\_until\_release**

lv\_point\_t **act\_point**  
Current point of input device.

lv\_point\_t **last\_point**  
Last point of input device.

lv\_point\_t **last\_raw\_point**  
Last point read from read\_cb.

lv\_point\_t **vect**  
Difference between act\_point and last\_point.

lv\_point\_t **scroll\_sum**

lv\_point\_t **scroll\_throw\_vect**

lv\_point\_t **scroll\_throw\_vect\_ori**

struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \***act\_obj**

struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \***last\_obj**

struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \***scroll\_obj**

struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \***last\_pressed**

lv\_area\_t **scroll\_area**

lv\_point\_t **gesture\_sum**

lv\_dir\_t **scroll\_dir**

lv\_dir\_t **gesture\_dir**

```

uint8_t gesture_sent
struct _lv_indev_proc_t::[anonymous]::[anonymous] pointer
lv_indev_state_t last_state
uint32_t last_key
struct _lv_indev_proc_t::[anonymous]::[anonymous] keypad
union _lv_indev_proc_t::[anonymous] types
uint32_t pr_timestamp
    Pressed time stamp

uint32_t longpr_rep_timestamp
    Long press repeat time stamp

```

```

struct _lv_indev_t
    #include <lv_hal_indev.h> The main input device descriptor with driver, runtime data ('proc') and some additional
    information

```

### Public Members

```

struct _lv_indev_drv_t *driver
    _lv_indev_proc_t proc
struct _lv_obj_t *cursor
    Cursor for LV_INPUT_TYPE_POINTER

struct _lv_group_t *group
    Keypad destination group

const lv_point_t *btn_points
    Array points assigned to the button ()screen will be pressed here by the buttons

```

## 4.4 Tick interface

LVGL needs a system tick to know elapsed time for animations and other tasks.

You need to call the `lv_tick_inc(tick_period)` function periodically and provide the call period in milliseconds. For example, `lv_tick_inc(1)` when calling every millisecond.

`lv_tick_inc` should be called in a higher priority routine than `lv_task_handler()` (e.g. in an interrupt) to precisely know the elapsed milliseconds even if the execution of `lv_task_handler` takes more time.

With FreeRTOS `lv_tick_inc` can be called in `vApplicationTickHook`.

On Linux based operating systems (e.g. on Raspberry Pi) `lv_tick_inc` can be called in a thread like below:

```

void * tick_thread (void *args)
{
    while(1) {
        usleep(5*1000);    /*Sleep for 5 millisecond*/
    }
}

```

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```

    lv_tick_inc(5);      /*Tell LVGL that 5 milliseconds were elapsed*/
}
}

```

#### 4.4.1 API

Provide access to the system tick with 1 millisecond resolution

##### Functions

uint32\_t **lv\_tick\_get**(void)

Get the elapsed milliseconds since start up

**Returns** the elapsed milliseconds

uint32\_t **lv\_tick\_elaps**(uint32\_t prev\_tick)

Get the elapsed milliseconds since a previous time stamp

**Parameters** **prev\_tick** -- a previous time stamp (return value of *lv\_tick\_get()*)

**Returns** the elapsed milliseconds since 'prev\_tick'

### 4.5 Task Handler

To handle the tasks of LVGL you need to call `lv_timer_handler()` periodically in one of the following:

- *while(1)* of *main()* function
- timer interrupt periodically (lower priority than `lv_tick_inc()`)
- an OS task periodically

The timing is not critical but it should be about 5 milliseconds to keep the system responsive.

Example:

```

while(1) {
    lv_timer_handler();
    my_delay_ms(5);
}

```

If you intend to use `lv_timer_handler()` in a super-loop, a helper function `lv_run_timer_handler_in_period(__ms)` is provided to simplify the porting:

```

while(1) {
    ...
    lv_timer_handler_run_period(5); /* run lv_timer_handler() every 5ms */
    ...
}

```

In OS environment, you can use it together with the delay or sleep provided by OS:

```
while (1) {
    lv_timer_handler_run_in_period(5); /* run lv_timer_handler() every 5ms */
    sleep(5); /* sleep 5ms */
}
```

To learn more about timers visit the [Timer](#) section.

## 4.6 Sleep management

The MCU can go to sleep when no user input happens. In this case, the main `while(1)` should look like this:

```
while(1) {
    /*Normal operation (no sleep) in < 1 sec inactivity*/
    if(lv_disp_get_inactive_time(NULL) < 1000) {
        lv_task_handler();
    }
    /*Sleep after 1 sec inactivity*/
    else {
        timer_stop(); /*Stop the timer where lv_tick_inc() is called*/
        sleep();      /*Sleep the MCU*/
    }
    my_delay_ms(5);
}
```

You should also add the following lines to your input device read function to signal a wake-up (press, touch or click etc.) has happened:

```
lv_tick_inc(LV_DISP_DEF_REFR_PERIOD); /*Force task execution on wake-up*/
timer_start(); /*Restart the timer where lv_tick_inc() is
↳called*/
lv_task_handler(); /*Call `lv_task_handler()` manually to process
↳the wake-up event*/
```

In addition to `lv_disp_get_inactive_time()` you can check `lv_anim_count_running()` to see if all animations have finished.

## 4.7 Operating system and interrupts

LVGL is **not thread-safe** by default.

However, in the following conditions it's valid to call LVGL related functions:

- In *events*. Learn more in [Events](#).
- In *lv\_timer*. Learn more in [Timers](#).

### 4.7.1 Tasks and threads

If you need to use real tasks or threads, you need a mutex which should be invoked before the call of `lv_timer_handler` and released after it. Also, you have to use the same mutex in other tasks and threads around every LVGL (`lv_...`) related function call and code. This way you can use LVGL in a real multitasking environment. Just make use of a mutex to avoid the concurrent calling of LVGL functions.

Here is some pseudocode to illustrate the concept:

```
static mutex_t lvgl_mutex;

void lvgl_thread(void)
{
    while(1) {
        mutex_lock(&lvgl_mutex);
        lv_task_handler();
        mutex_unlock(&lvgl_mutex);
        thread_sleep(10); /* sleep for 10 ms */
    }
}

void other_thread(void)
{
    /* You must always hold the mutex while using LVGL APIs */
    mutex_lock(&lvgl_mutex);
    lv_obj_t *img = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    mutex_unlock(&lvgl_mutex);

    while(1) {
        mutex_lock(&lvgl_mutex);
        /* change to the next image */
        lv_img_set_src(img, next_image);
        mutex_unlock(&lvgl_mutex);
        thread_sleep(2000);
    }
}
```

### 4.7.2 Interrupts

Try to avoid calling LVGL functions from interrupt handlers (except `lv_tick_inc()` and `lv_disp_flush_ready()`). But if you need to do this you have to disable the interrupt which uses LVGL functions while `lv_timer_handler` is running.

It's a better approach to simply set a flag or some value in the interrupt, and periodically check it in an LVGL timer (which is run by `lv_timer_handler`).

## 4.8 Logging

LVGL has a built-in *Log* module to inform the user about what is happening in the library.

### 4.8.1 Log level

To enable logging, set `LV_USE_LOG 1` in `lv_conf.h` and set `LV_LOG_LEVEL` to one of the following values:

- `LV_LOG_LEVEL_TRACE` A lot of logs to give detailed information
- `LV_LOG_LEVEL_INFO` Log important events
- `LV_LOG_LEVEL_WARN` Log if something unwanted happened but didn't cause a problem
- `LV_LOG_LEVEL_ERROR` Only critical issues, where the system may fail
- `LV_LOG_LEVEL_USER` Only user messages
- `LV_LOG_LEVEL_NONE` Do not log anything

The events which have a higher level than the set log level will be logged too. E.g. if you `LV_LOG_LEVEL_WARN`, errors will be also logged.

### 4.8.2 Printing logs

#### Logging with printf

If your system supports `printf`, you just need to enable `LV_LOG_PRINTF` in `lv_conf.h` to send the logs with `printf`.

#### Custom log function

If you can't use `printf` or want to use a custom function to log, you can register a "logger" callback with `lv_log_register_print_cb()`.

For example:

```
void my_log_cb(const char * buf)
{
    serial_send(buf, strlen(buf));
}

...

lv_log_register_print_cb(my_log_cb);
```

### 4.8.3 Add logs

You can also use the log module via the `LV_LOG_TRACE/INFO/WARN/ERROR/USER(text)` or `LV_LOG(text)` functions. Here:

- `LV_LOG_TRACE/INFO/WARN/ERROR/USER(text)` append following information to your `text`
  - Log Level
  - `__FILE__`
  - `__LINE__`
  - `__func__`
- `LV_LOG(text)` is similar to `LV_LOG_USER` but has no extra information attached.

## 4.9 Add custom GPU

LVGL has a flexible and extendable draw pipeline. You can hook it to do some rendering with a GPU or even completely replace the built-in software renderer.

### 4.9.1 Draw context

The core structure of drawing is `lv_draw_ctx_t`. It contains a pointer to a buffer where drawing should happen and a couple of callbacks to draw rectangles, texts, and other primitives.

#### Fields

`lv_draw_ctx_t` has the following fields:

- `void * buf` Pointer to a buffer to draw into
- `lv_area_t * buf_area` The position and size of `buf` (absolute coordinates)
- `const lv_area_t * clip_area` The current clip area with absolute coordinates, always the same or smaller than `buf_area`. All drawings should be clipped to this area.
- `void (*draw_rect)()` Draw a rectangle with shadow, gradient, border, etc.
- `void (*draw_arc)()` Draw an arc
- `void (*draw_img_decoded)()` Draw an (A)RGB image that is already decoded by LVGL.
- `lv_res_t (*draw_img)()` Draw an image before decoding it (it bypasses LVGL's internal image decoders)
- `void (*draw_letter)()` Draw a letter
- `void (*draw_line)()` Draw a line
- `void (*draw_polygon)()` Draw a polygon
- `void (*draw_bg)()` Replace the buffer with a rect without decoration like radius or borders.
- `void (*wait_for_finish)()` Wait until all background operation are finished. (E.g. GPU operations)
- `void * user_data` Custom user data for arbitrary purpose



(For the sake of simplicity the parameters of the callbacks are not shown here.)

All `draw_*` callbacks receive a pointer to the current `draw_ctx` as their first parameter. Among the other parameters there is a descriptor that tells what to draw, e.g. for `draw_rect` it's called `lv_draw_rect_dsc_t`, for `lv_draw_line` it's called `lv_draw_line_dsc_t`, etc.

To correctly render according to a `draw_dsc` you need to be familiar with the [Boxing model](#) of LVGL and the meanings of the fields. The name and meaning of the fields are identical to name and meaning of the [Style properties](#).

## Initialization

The `lv_disp_drv_t` has 4 fields related to the draw context:

- `lv_draw_ctx_t * draw_ctx` Pointer to the `draw_ctx` of this display
- `void (*draw_ctx_init)(struct _lv_disp_drv_t * disp_drv, lv_draw_ctx_t * draw_ctx)` Callback to initialize a `draw_ctx`
- `void (*draw_ctx_deinit)(struct _lv_disp_drv_t * disp_drv, lv_draw_ctx_t * draw_ctx)` Callback to de-initialize a `draw_ctx`
- `size_t draw_ctx_size` Size of the draw context structure. E.g. `sizeof(lv_draw_sw_ctx_t)`

When you ignore these fields, LVGL will set default values for callbacks and size in `lv_disp_drv_init()` based on the configuration in `lv_conf.h`. `lv_disp_drv_register()` will allocate a `draw_ctx` based on `draw_ctx_size` and call `draw_ctx_init()` on it.

However, you can overwrite the callbacks and the size values before calling `lv_disp_drv_register()`. It makes it possible to use your own `draw_ctx` with your own callbacks.

### 4.9.2 Software renderer

LVGL's built in software renderer extends the basic `lv_draw_ctx_t` structure and sets the draw callbacks. It looks like this:

```
typedef struct {
    /** Include the basic draw_ctx type*/
    lv_draw_ctx_t base_draw;

    /** Blend a color or image to an area*/
    void (*blend)(lv_draw_ctx_t * draw_ctx, const lv_draw_sw_blend_dsc_t * dsc);
} lv_draw_sw_ctx_t;
```

Set the draw callbacks in `draw_ctx_init()` like:

```
draw_sw_ctx->base_draw.draw_rect = lv_draw_sw_rect;
draw_sw_ctx->base_draw.draw_letter = lv_draw_sw_letter;
...
```

## Blend callback

As you saw above the software renderer adds the **blend** callback field. It's a special callback related to how the software renderer works. All draw operations end up in the **blend** callback which can either fill an area or copy an image to an area by considering an optional mask.

The `lv_draw_sw_blend_dsc_t` parameter describes what and how to blend. It has the following fields:

- `const lv_area_t * blend_area` The area with absolute coordinates to draw on `draw_ctx->buf`. If `src_buf` is set, it's the coordinates of the image to blend.
- `const lv_color_t * src_buf` Pointer to an image to blend. If set, `color` is ignored. If not set fill `blend_area` with `color`
- `lv_color_t color` Fill color. Used only if `src_buf == NULL`
- `lv_opa_t * mask_buf` NULL if ignored, or an alpha mask to apply on `blend_area`
- `lv_draw_mask_res_t mask_res` The result of the previous mask operation. (`LV_DRAW_MASK_RES_..`)
- `const lv_area_t * mask_area` The area of `mask_buf` with absolute coordinates
- `lv_opa_t opa` The overall opacity
- `lv_blend_mode_t blend_mode` E.g. `LV_BLEND_MODE_ADDITIVE`

## 4.9.3 Extend the software renderer

### New blend callback

Let's take a practical example: you would like to use your MCUs GPU for color fill operations only.

As all draw callbacks call **blend** callback to fill an area in the end only the **blend** callback needs to be overwritten.

First extend `lv_draw_sw_ctx_t`:

```
/*We don't add new fields, so just for clarity add new type*/
typedef lv_draw_sw_ctx_t my_draw_ctx_t;

void my_draw_ctx_init(lv_disp_drv_t * drv, lv_draw_ctx_t * draw_ctx)
{
    /*Initialize the parent type first */
    lv_draw_sw_init_ctx(drv, draw_ctx);

    /*Change some callbacks*/
    my_draw_ctx_t * my_draw_ctx = (my_draw_ctx_t *)draw_ctx;

    my_draw_ctx->blend = my_draw_blend;
    my_draw_ctx->base_draw.wait_for_finish = my_gpu_wait;
}
```

After calling `lv_disp_draw_init(&drv)` you can assign the new `draw_ctx_init` callback and set `draw_ctx_size` to overwrite the defaults:

```
static lv_disp_drv_t drv;
lv_disp_draw_init(&drv);
drv->hor_res = my_hor_res;
```

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```

drv->ver_res = my_ver_res;
drv->flush_cb = my_flush_cb;

/*New draw ctx settings*/
drv->draw_ctx_init = my_draw_ctx_init;
drv->draw_ctx_size = sizeof(my_draw_ctx_t);

lv_disp_drv_register(&drv);

```

This way when LVGL calls `blend` it will call `my_draw_blend` and we can do custom GPU operations. Here is a complete example:

```

void my_draw_blend(lv_draw_ctx_t * draw_ctx, const lv_draw_sw_blend_dsc_t * dsc)
{
    /*Let's get the blend area which is the intersection of the area to fill and the
    ↪ clip area.*/
    lv_area_t blend_area;
    if(!lv_area_intersect(&blend_area, dsc->blend_area, draw_ctx->clip_area)) return;
    ↪ /*Fully clipped, nothing to do*/

    /*Fill only non masked, fully opaque, normal blended and not too small areas*/
    if(dsc->src_buf == NULL && dsc->mask == NULL && dsc->opa >= LV_OPA_MAX &&
    dsc->blend_mode == LV_BLEND_MODE_NORMAL && lv_area_get_size(&blend_area) >
    ↪ 100) {

        /*Got the first pixel on the buffer*/
        lv_coord_t dest_stride = lv_area_get_width(draw_ctx->buf_area); /*Width of
    ↪ the destination buffer*/
        lv_color_t * dest_buf = draw_ctx->buf;
        dest_buf += dest_stride * (blend_area.y1 - draw_ctx->buf_area->y1) + (blend_
    ↪ area.x1 - draw_ctx->buf_area->x1);

        /*Make the blend area relative to the buffer*/
        lv_area_move(&blend_area, -draw_ctx->buf_area->x1, -draw_ctx->buf_area->y1);

        /*Call your custom goug fill function to fill blend_area, on dest_buf with dsc-
    ↪ > color*/
        my_gpu_fill(dest_buf, dest_stride, &blend_area, dsc->color);
    }
    /*Fallback: the GPU doesn't support these settings. Call the SW renderer.*/
    else {
        lv_draw_sw_blend_basic(draw_ctx, dsc);
    }
}

```

The implementation of wait callback is much simpler:

```

void my_gpu_wait(lv_draw_ctx_t * draw_ctx)
{
    while(my_gpu_is_working());

    /*Call SW renderer's wait callback too*/
    lv_draw_sw_wait_for_finish(draw_ctx);
}

```

## New rectangle drawer

If your MCU has a more powerful GPU that can draw e.g. rounded rectangles you can replace the original software drawer too. A custom `draw_rect` callback might look like this:

```
void my_draw_rect(lv_draw_ctx_t * draw_ctx, const lv_draw_rect_dsc_t * dsc, const lv_
↪area_t * coords)
{
    if(lv_draw_mask_is_any(coords) == false && dsc->grad == NULL && dsc->bg_img_src ==
↪NULL &&
        dsc->shadow_width == 0 && dsc->blend_mode == LV_BLEND_MODE_NORMAL)
    {
        /*Draw the background*/
        my_bg_drawer(draw_ctx, coords, dsc->bg_color, dsc->radius);

        /*Draw the border if any*/
        if(dsc->border_width) {
            my_border_drawer(draw_ctx, coords, dsc->border_width, dsc->border_color, dsc->
↪border_opa)
        }

        /*Draw the outline if any*/
        if(dsc->outline_width) {
            my_outline_drawer(draw_ctx, coords, dsc->outline_width, dsc->outline_color, dsc-
↪>outline_opa, dsc->outline_pad)
        }
    }
    /*Fallback*/
    else {
        lv_draw_sw_rect(draw_ctx, dsc, coords);
    }
}
```

`my_draw_rect` can fully bypass the use of `blend` callback if needed.

## 4.9.4 Fully custom draw engine

For example if your MCU/MPU supports a powerful vector graphics engine you might use only that instead of LVGL's SW renderer. In this case, you need to base the renderer on the basic `lv_draw_ctx_t` (instead of `lv_draw_sw_ctx_t`) and extend/initialize it as you wish.

## OVERVIEW

### 5.1 Objects

In LVGL the **basic building blocks** of a user interface are the objects, also called *Widgets*. For example a *Button*, *Label*, *Image*, *List*, *Chart* or *Text area*.

You can see all the *Object types* here.

All objects are referenced using an `lv_obj_t` pointer as a handle. This pointer can later be used to set or get the attributes of the object.

#### 5.1.1 Attributes

##### Basic attributes

All object types share some basic attributes:

- Position
- Size
- Parent
- Styles
- Event handlers
- Etc

You can set/get these attributes with `lv_obj_set_...` and `lv_obj_get_...` functions. For example:

```
/*Set basic object attributes*/  
lv_obj_set_size(btn1, 100, 50);          /*Set a button's size*/  
lv_obj_set_pos(btn1, 20, 30);           /*Set a button's position*/
```

To see all the available functions visit the *Base object's documentation*.

## Specific attributes

The object types have special attributes too. For example, a slider has

- Minimum and maximum values
- Current value

For these special attributes, every object type may have unique API functions. For example for a slider:

```
/*Set slider specific attributes*/
lv_slider_set_range(slider1, 0, 100);           /*Set ↵
↪the min. and max. values*/
lv_slider_set_value(slider1, 40, LV_ANIM_ON);    /*Set the current value ↵
↪(position)*/
```

The API of the widgets is described in their [Documentation](#) but you can also check the respective header files (e.g. `widgets/lv_slider.h`)

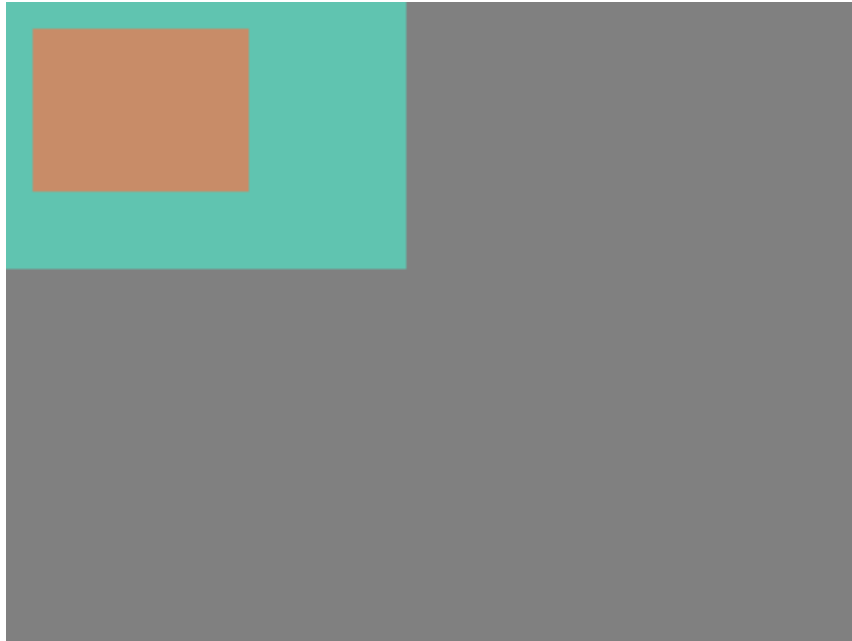
## 5.1.2 Working mechanisms

### Parent-child structure

A parent object can be considered as the container of its children. Every object has exactly one parent object (except screens), but a parent can have any number of children. There is no limitation for the type of the parent but there are objects which are typically a parent (e.g. button) or a child (e.g. label).

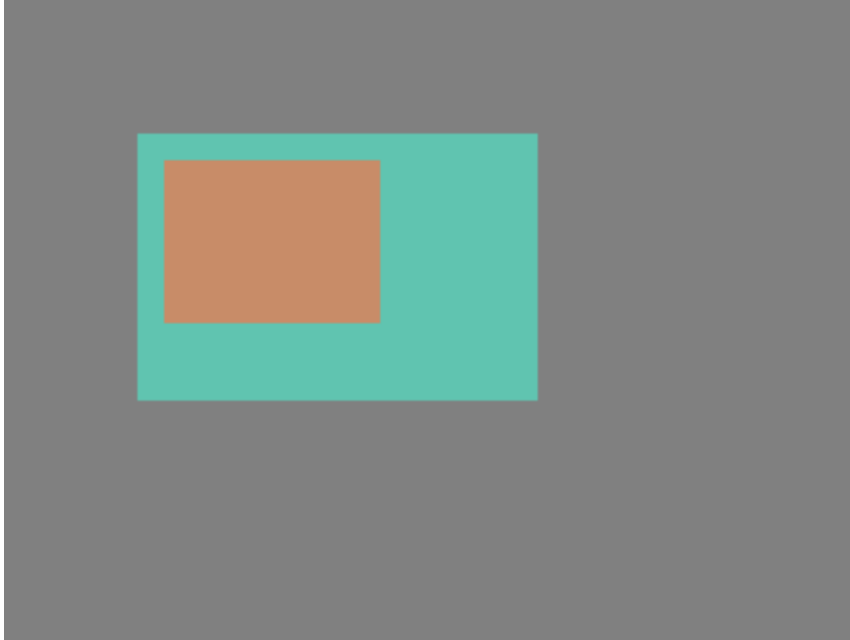
### Moving together

If the position of a parent changes, the children will move along with it. Therefore, all positions are relative to the parent.



```
lv_obj_t * parent = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());  /*Create a parent object on the ↵  
↪current screen*/  
lv_obj_set_size(parent, 100, 80);                /*Set the size of the ↵  
↪parent*/  
  
lv_obj_t * obj1 = lv_obj_create(parent);          /*Create an object on the ↵  
↪previously created parent object*/  
lv_obj_set_pos(obj1, 10, 10);                    /*Set the position of the ↵  
↪new object*/
```

Modify the position of the parent:

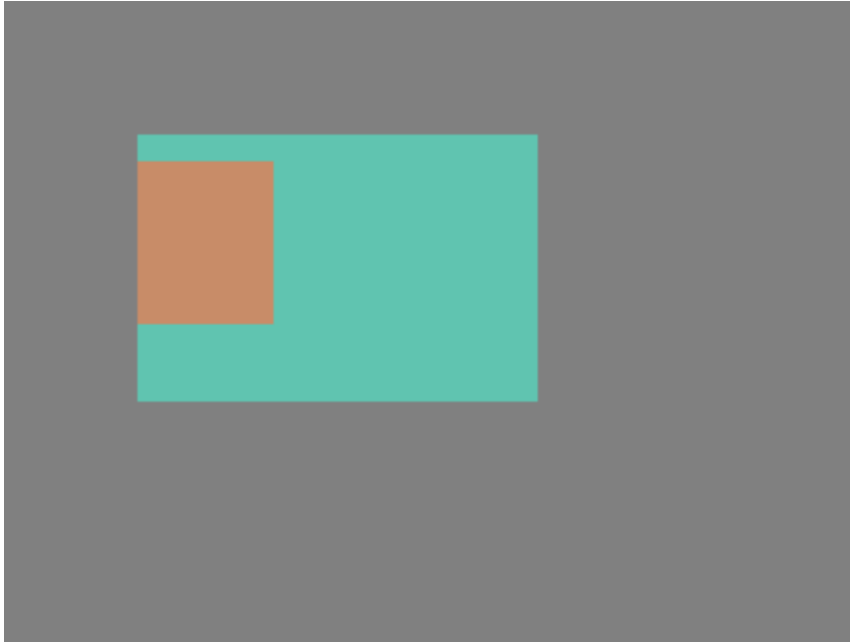


```
lv_obj_set_pos(parent, 50, 50);                  /*Move the parent. The child will move with it.  
↪*/
```

(For simplicity the adjusting of colors of the objects is not shown in the example.)

### Visibility only on the parent

If a child is partially or fully outside its parent then the parts outside will not be visible.



```
lv_obj_set_x(obj1, -30);           /*Move the child a little bit off the parent*/
```

This behavior can be overwritten with `lv_obj_add_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_OVERFLOW_VISIBLE);` which allow the children to be drawn out of the parent.

## Create and delete objects

In LVGL, objects can be created and deleted dynamically at run time. It means only the currently created (existing) objects consume RAM.

This allows for the creation of a screen just when a button is clicked to open it, and for deletion of screens when a new screen is loaded.

UIs can be created based on the current environment of the device. For example one can create meters, charts, bars and sliders based on the currently attached sensors.

Every widget has its own **create** function with a prototype like this:

```
lv_obj_t * lv_<widget>_create(lv_obj_t * parent, <other parameters if any>);
```

Typically, the create functions only have a *parent* parameter telling them on which object to create the new widget.

The return value is a pointer to the created object with `lv_obj_t *` type.

There is a common **delete** function for all object types. It deletes the object and all of its children.

```
void lv_obj_del(lv_obj_t * obj);
```

`lv_obj_del` will delete the object immediately. If for any reason you can't delete the object immediately you can use `lv_obj_del_async(obj)` which will perform the deletion on the next call of `lv_timer_handler()`. This is useful e.g. if you want to delete the parent of an object in the child's `LV_EVENT_DELETE` handler.

You can remove all the children of an object (but not the object itself) using `lv_obj_clean(obj)`.

You can use `lv_obj_del_delayed(obj, 1000)` to delete an object after some time. The delay is expressed in milliseconds.



### 5.1.3 Screens

#### Create screens

The screens are special objects which have no parent object. So they can be created like:

```
lv_obj_t * scr1 = lv_obj_create(NULL);
```

Screens can be created with any object type. For example, a *Base object* or an image to make a wallpaper.

#### Get the active screen

There is always an active screen on each display. By default, the library creates and loads a "Base object" as a screen for each display.

To get the currently active screen use the `lv_scr_act()` function.

#### Load screens

To load a new screen, use `lv_scr_load(scr1)`.

#### Layers

There are two automatically generated layers:

- top layer
- system layer

They are independent of the screens and they will be shown on every screen. The *top layer* is above every object on the screen and the *system layer* is above the *top layer*. You can add any pop-up windows to the *top layer* freely. But, the *system layer* is restricted to system-level things (e.g. mouse cursor will be placed there with `lv_indev_set_cursor()`).

The `lv_layer_top()` and `lv_layer_sys()` functions return pointers to the top and system layers respectively.

Read the [Layer overview](#) section to learn more about layers.

#### Load screen with animation

A new screen can be loaded with animation by using `lv_scr_load_anim(scr, transition_type, time, delay, auto_del)`. The following transition types exist:

- `LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_NONE` Switch immediately after `delay` milliseconds
- `LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_OVER_LEFT/RIGHT/TOP/BOTTOM` Move the new screen over the current towards the given direction
- `LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_MOVE_LEFT/RIGHT/TOP/BOTTOM` Move both the current and new screens towards the given direction
- `LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_FADE_ON` Fade the new screen over the old screen

Setting `auto_del` to `true` will automatically delete the old screen when the animation is finished.

The new screen will become active (returned by `lv_scr_act()`) when the animation starts after `delay` time.

## Handling multiple displays

Screens are created on the currently selected *default display*. The *default display* is the last registered display with `lv_disp_drv_register`. You can also explicitly select a new default display using `lv_disp_set_default(display)`.

`lv_scr_act()`, `lv_scr_load()` and `lv_scr_load_anim()` operate on the default screen.

Visit [Multi-display support](#) to learn more.

### 5.1.4 Parts

The widgets are built from multiple parts. For example a *Base object* uses the main and scrollbar parts but a *Slider* uses the main, indicator and knob parts. Parts are similar to *pseudo-elements* in CSS.

The following predefined parts exist in LVGL:

- `LV_PART_MAIN` A background like rectangle
- `LV_PART_SCROLLBAR` The scrollbar(s)
- `LV_PART_INDICATOR` Indicator, e.g. for slider, bar, switch, or the tick box of the checkbox
- `LV_PART_KNOB` Like a handle to grab to adjust the value
- `LV_PART_SELECTED` Indicate the currently selected option or section
- `LV_PART_ITEMS` Used if the widget has multiple similar elements (e.g. table cells)
- `LV_PART_TICKS` Ticks on scales e.g. for a chart or meter
- `LV_PART_CURSOR` Mark a specific place e.g. text area's or chart's cursor
- `LV_PART_CUSTOM_FIRST` Custom parts can be added from here.

The main purpose of parts is to allow styling the "components" of the widgets. They are described in more detail in the [Style overview](#) section.

### 5.1.5 States

The object can be in a combination of the following states:

- `LV_STATE_DEFAULT` Normal, released state
- `LV_STATE_CHECKED` Toggled or checked state
- `LV_STATE_FOCUSED` Focused via keypad or encoder or clicked via touchpad/mouse
- `LV_STATE_FOCUS_KEY` Focused via keypad or encoder but not via touchpad/mouse
- `LV_STATE_EDITED` Edit by an encoder
- `LV_STATE_HOVERED` Hovered by mouse (not supported now)
- `LV_STATE_PRESSED` Being pressed
- `LV_STATE_SCROLLED` Being scrolled
- `LV_STATE_DISABLED` Disabled state
- `LV_STATE_USER_1` Custom state
- `LV_STATE_USER_2` Custom state

- `LV_STATE_USER_3` Custom state
- `LV_STATE_USER_4` Custom state

The states are usually automatically changed by the library as the user interacts with an object (presses, releases, focuses, etc.). However, the states can be changed manually too. To set or clear given state (but leave the other states untouched) use `lv_obj_add/clear_state(obj, LV_STATE_...)` In both cases OR-ed state values can be used as well. E.g. `lv_obj_add_state(obj, part, LV_STATE_PRESSED | LV_PRESSED_CHECKED)`.

To learn more about the states read the related section of the [Style overview](#).

### 5.1.6 Snapshot

A snapshot image can be generated for an object together with its children. Check details in [Snapshot](#).

## 5.2 Positions, sizes, and layouts

### 5.2.1 Overview

Similarly to many other parts of LVGL, the concept of setting the coordinates was inspired by CSS. LVGL has by no means a complete implementation of CSS but a comparable subset is implemented (sometimes with minor adjustments).

In short this means:

- Explicitly set coordinates are stored in styles (size, position, layouts, etc.)
- support min-width, max-width, min-height, max-height
- have pixel, percentage, and "content" units
- `x=0; y=0` coordinate means the top-left corner of the parent plus the left/top padding plus border width
- width/height means the full size, the "content area" is smaller with padding and border width
- a subset of flexbox and grid layouts are supported

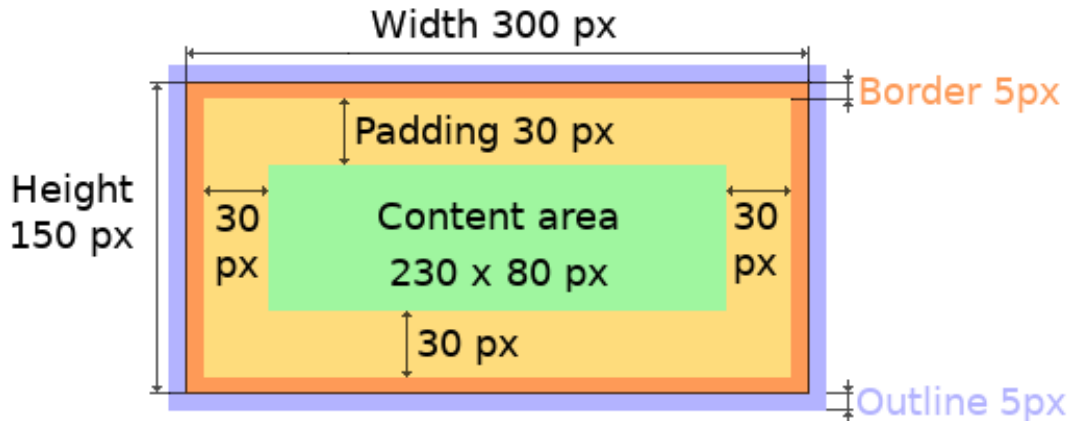
#### Units

- pixel: Simply a position in pixels. An integer always means pixels. E.g. `lv_obj_set_x(btn, 10)`
- percentage: The percentage of the size of the object or its parent (depending on the property). `lv_pct(value)` converts a value to percentage. E.g. `lv_obj_set_width(btn, lv_pct(50))`
- `LV_SIZE_CONTENT`: Special value to set the width/height of an object to involve all the children. It's similar to `auto` in CSS. E.g. `lv_obj_set_width(btn, LV_SIZE_CONTENT)`.

## Boxing model

LVGL follows CSS's **border-box** model. An object's "box" is built from the following parts:

- bounding box: the width/height of the elements.
- border width: the width of the border.
- padding: space between the sides of the object and its children.
- content: the content area which is the size of the bounding box reduced by the border width and padding.



The border is drawn inside the bounding box. Inside the border LVGL keeps a "padding margin" when placing an object's children.

The outline is drawn outside the bounding box.

## Important notes

This section describes special cases in which LVGL's behavior might be unexpected.

### Postponed coordinate calculation

LVGL doesn't recalculate all the coordinate changes immediately. This is done to improve performance. Instead, the objects are marked as "dirty" and before redrawing the screen LVGL checks if there are any "dirty" objects. If so it refreshes their position, size and layout.

In other words, if you need to get the coordinate of an object and the coordinates were just changed, LVGL needs to be forced to recalculate the coordinates. To do this call `lv_obj_update_layout(obj)`.

The size and position might depend on the parent or layout. Therefore `lv_obj_update_layout` recalculates the coordinates of all objects on the screen of `obj`.

## Removing styles

As it's described in the [Using styles](#) section, coordinates can also be set via style properties. To be more precise, under the hood every style coordinate related property is stored as a style property. If you use `lv_obj_set_x(obj, 20)` LVGL saves `x=20` in the local style of the object.

This is an internal mechanism and doesn't matter much as you use LVGL. However, there is one case in which you need to be aware of the implementation. If the style(s) of an object are removed by

```
lv_obj_remove_style_all(obj)
```

or

```
lv_obj_remove_style(obj, NULL, LV_PART_MAIN);
```

the earlier set coordinates will be removed as well.

For example:

```
/*The size of obj1 will be set back to the default in the end*/
lv_obj_set_size(obj1, 200, 100); /*Now obj1 has 200;100 size*/
lv_obj_remove_style_all(obj1);    /*It removes the set sizes*/

/*obj2 will have 200;100 size in the end */
lv_obj_remove_style_all(obj2);
lv_obj_set_size(obj2, 200, 100);
```

## 5.2.2 Position

### Simple way

To simply set the x and y coordinates of an object use:

```
lv_obj_set_x(obj, 10);           //Separate...
lv_obj_set_y(obj, 20);
lv_obj_set_pos(obj, 10, 20);     //Or in one function
```

By default, the x and y coordinates are measured from the top left corner of the parent's content area. For example if the parent has five pixels of padding on every side the above code will place `obj` at (15, 25) because the content area starts after the padding.

Percentage values are calculated from the parent's content area size.

```
lv_obj_set_x(btn, lv_pct(10)); //x = 10 % of parent content area width
```

## Align

In some cases it's convenient to change the origin of the positioning from the default top left. If the origin is changed e.g. to bottom-right, the (0,0) position means: align to the bottom-right corner. To change the origin use:

```
lv_obj_set_align(obj, align);
```

To change the alignment and set new coordinates:

```
lv_obj_align(obj, align, x, y);
```

The following alignment options can be used:

- LV\_ALIGN\_TOP\_LEFT
- LV\_ALIGN\_TOP\_MID
- LV\_ALIGN\_TOP\_RIGHT
- LV\_ALIGN\_BOTTOM\_LEFT
- LV\_ALIGN\_BOTTOM\_MID
- LV\_ALIGN\_BOTTOM\_RIGHT
- LV\_ALIGN\_LEFT\_MID
- LV\_ALIGN\_RIGHT\_MID
- LV\_ALIGN\_CENTER

It's quite common to align a child to the center of its parent, therefore a dedicated function exists:

```
lv_obj_center(obj);  
  
//Has the same effect  
lv_obj_align(obj, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);
```

If the parent's size changes, the set alignment and position of the children is updated automatically.

The functions introduced above align the object to its parent. However, it's also possible to align an object to an arbitrary reference object.

```
lv_obj_align_to(obj_to_align, reference_obj, align, x, y);
```

Besides the alignments options above, the following can be used to align an object outside the reference object:

- LV\_ALIGN\_OUT\_TOP\_LEFT
- LV\_ALIGN\_OUT\_TOP\_MID
- LV\_ALIGN\_OUT\_TOP\_RIGHT
- LV\_ALIGN\_OUT\_BOTTOM\_LEFT
- LV\_ALIGN\_OUT\_BOTTOM\_MID
- LV\_ALIGN\_OUT\_BOTTOM\_RIGHT
- LV\_ALIGN\_OUT\_LEFT\_TOP
- LV\_ALIGN\_OUT\_LEFT\_MID
- LV\_ALIGN\_OUT\_LEFT\_BOTTOM
- LV\_ALIGN\_OUT\_RIGHT\_TOP

- LV\_ALIGN\_OUT\_RIGHT\_MID
- LV\_ALIGN\_OUT\_RIGHT\_BOTTOM

For example to align a label above a button and center the label horizontally:

```
lv_obj_align_to(label, btn, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -10);
```

Note that, unlike with `lv_obj_align()`, `lv_obj_align_to()` can not realign the object if its coordinates or the reference object's coordinates change.

## 5.2.3 Size

### Simple way

The width and the height of an object can be set easily as well:

```
lv_obj_set_width(obj, 200);           //Separate...
lv_obj_set_height(obj, 100);
lv_obj_set_size(obj, 200, 100);      //Or in one function
```

Percentage values are calculated based on the parent's content area size. For example to set the object's height to the screen height:

```
lv_obj_set_height(obj, lv_pct(100));
```

The size settings support a special value: `LV_SIZE_CONTENT`. It means the object's size in the respective direction will be set to the size of its children. Note that only children on the right and bottom sides will be considered and children on the top and left remain cropped. This limitation makes the behavior more predictable.

Objects with `LV_OBJ_FLAG_HIDDEN` or `LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLOATING` will be ignored by the `LV_SIZE_CONTENT` calculation.

The above functions set the size of an object's bounding box but the size of the content area can be set as well. This means an object's bounding box will be enlarged with the addition of padding.

```
lv_obj_set_content_width(obj, 50); //The actual width: padding left + 50 + padding_
↪right
lv_obj_set_content_height(obj, 30); //The actual width: padding top + 30 + padding_
↪bottom
```

The size of the bounding box and the content area can be retrieved with the following functions:

```
lv_coord_t w = lv_obj_get_width(obj);
lv_coord_t h = lv_obj_get_height(obj);
lv_coord_t content_w = lv_obj_get_content_width(obj);
lv_coord_t content_h = lv_obj_get_content_height(obj);
```

## 5.2.4 Using styles

Under the hood the position, size and alignment properties are style properties. The above described "simple functions" hide the style related code for the sake of simplicity and set the position, size, and alignment properties in the local styles of the object.

However, using styles to set the coordinates has some great advantages:

- It makes it easy to set the width/height/etc. for several objects together. E.g. make all the sliders 100x10 pixels sized.
- It also makes possible to modify the values in one place.
- The values can be partially overwritten by other styles. For example `style_btn` makes the object 100x50 by default but adding `style_full_width` overwrites only the width of the object.
- The object can have different position or size depending on state. E.g. 100 px wide in `LV_STATE_DEFAULT` but 120 px in `LV_STATE_PRESSED`.
- Style transitions can be used to make the coordinate changes smooth.

Here are some examples to set an object's size using a style:

```
static lv_style_t style;
lv_style_init(&style);
lv_style_set_width(&style, 100);

lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(btn, &style, LV_PART_MAIN);
```

As you will see below there are some other great features of size and position setting. However, to keep the LVGL API lean, only the most common coordinate setting features have a "simple" version and the more complex features can be used via styles.

## 5.2.5 Translation

Let's say there are 3 buttons next to each other. Their position is set as described above. Now you want to move a button up a little when it's pressed.

One way to achieve this is by setting a new Y coordinate for the pressed state:

```
static lv_style_t style_normal;
lv_style_init(&style_normal);
lv_style_set_y(&style_normal, 100);

static lv_style_t style_pressed;
lv_style_init(&style_pressed);
lv_style_set_y(&style_pressed, 80);

lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_normal, LV_STATE_DEFAULT);
lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);

lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_normal, LV_STATE_DEFAULT);
lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);

lv_obj_add_style(btn3, &style_normal, LV_STATE_DEFAULT);
lv_obj_add_style(btn3, &style_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
```



This works, but it's not really flexible because the pressed coordinate is hard-coded. If the buttons are not at y=100, `style_pressed` won't work as expected. Translations can be used to solve this:

```
static lv_style_t style_normal;
lv_style_init(&style_normal);
lv_style_set_y(&style_normal, 100);

static lv_style_t style_pressed;
lv_style_init(&style_pressed);
lv_style_set_translate_y(&style_pressed, -20);

lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_normal, LV_STATE_DEFAULT);
lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);

lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_normal, LV_STATE_DEFAULT);
lv_obj_add_style(btn2, &style_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);

lv_obj_add_style(btn3, &style_normal, LV_STATE_DEFAULT);
lv_obj_add_style(btn3, &style_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
```

Translation is applied from the current position of the object.

Percentage values can be used in translations as well. The percentage is relative to the size of the object (and not to the size of the parent). For example `lv_pct(50)` will move the object with half of its width/height.

The translation is applied after the layouts are calculated. Therefore, even laid out objects' position can be translated.

The translation actually moves the object. That means it makes the scrollbars and `LV_SIZE_CONTENT` sized objects react to the position change.

## 5.2.6 Transformation

Similarly to position, an object's size can be changed relative to the current size as well. The transformed width and height are added on both sides of the object. This means a 10 px transformed width makes the object 2x10 pixels wider.

Unlike position translation, the size transformation doesn't make the object "really" larger. In other words scrollbars, layouts, and `LV_SIZE_CONTENT` will not react to the transformed size. Hence, size transformation is "only" a visual effect.

This code enlarges a button when it's pressed:

```
static lv_style_t style_pressed;
lv_style_init(&style_pressed);
lv_style_set_transform_width(&style_pressed, 10);
lv_style_set_transform_height(&style_pressed, 10);

lv_obj_add_style(btn, &style_pressed, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
```

## Min and Max size

Similarly to CSS, LVGL also supports `min-width`, `max-width`, `min-height` and `max-height`. These are limits preventing an object's size from becoming smaller/larger than these values. They are especially useful if the size is set by percentage or `LV_SIZE_CONTENT`.

```
static lv_style_t style_max_height;
lv_style_init(&style_max_height);
lv_style_set_y(&style_max_height, 200);

lv_obj_set_height(obj, lv_pct(100));
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_max_height, LV_STATE_DEFAULT); //Limit the height to
↪200 px
```

Percentage values can be used as well which are relative to the size of the parent's content area.

```
static lv_style_t style_max_height;
lv_style_init(&style_max_height);
lv_style_set_y(&style_max_height, lv_pct(50));

lv_obj_set_height(obj, lv_pct(100));
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_max_height, LV_STATE_DEFAULT); //Limit the height to
↪half parent height
```

## 5.2.7 Layout

### Overview

Layouts can update the position and size of an object's children. They can be used to automatically arrange the children into a line or column, or in much more complicated forms.

The position and size set by the layout overwrites the "normal" x, y, width, and height settings.

There is only one function that is the same for every layout: `lv_obj_set_layout(obj, <LAYOUT_NAME>)` sets the layout on an object. For further settings of the parent and children see the documentation of the given layout.

### Built-in layout

LVGL comes with two very powerful layouts:

- Flexbox
- Grid

Both are heavily inspired by the CSS layouts with the same name.

## Flags

There are some flags that can be used on objects to affect how they behave with layouts:

- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_HIDDEN` Hidden objects are ignored in layout calculations.
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_IGNORE_LAYOUT` The object is simply ignored by the layouts. Its coordinates can be set as usual.
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLOATING` Same as `LV_OBJ_FLAG_IGNORE_LAYOUT` but the object with `LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLOATING` will be ignored in `LV_SIZE_CONTENT` calculations.

These flags can be added/removed with `lv_obj_add/clear_flag(obj, FLAG);`

## Adding new layouts

LVGL can be freely extended by a custom layout like this:

```
uint32_t MY_LAYOUT;

...

MY_LAYOUT = lv_layout_register(my_layout_update, &user_data);

...

void my_layout_update(lv_obj_t * obj, void * user_data)
{
    /*Will be called automatically if it's required to reposition/resize the
    ↪ children of "obj" */
}
```

Custom style properties can be added which can be retrieved and used in the update callback. For example:

```
uint32_t MY_PROP;

...

LV_STYLE_MY_PROP = lv_style_register_prop();

...

static inline void lv_style_set_my_prop(lv_style_t * style, uint32_t value)
{
    lv_style_value_t v = {
        .num = (int32_t)value
    };
    lv_style_set_prop(style, LV_STYLE_MY_PROP, v);
}
```

## 5.2.8 Examples

## 5.3 Styles

*Styles* are used to set the appearance of objects. Styles in lvgl are heavily inspired by CSS. The concept in a nutshell is as follows:

- A style is an `lv_style_t` variable which can hold properties like border width, text color and so on. It's similar to a `class` in CSS.
- Styles can be assigned to objects to change their appearance. Upon assignment, the target part (*pseudo-element* in CSS) and target state (*pseudo class*) can be specified. For example one can add `style_blue` to the knob of a slider when it's in pressed state.
- The same style can be used by any number of objects.
- Styles can be cascaded which means multiple styles may be assigned to an object and each style can have different properties. Therefore, not all properties have to be specified in a style. LVGL will search for a property until a style defines it or use a default if it's not specified by any of the styles. For example `style_btn` can result in a default gray button and `style_btn_red` can add only a `background-color=red` to overwrite the background color.
- The most recently added style has higher precedence. This means if a property is specified in two styles the newest style in the object will be used.
- Some properties (e.g. text color) can be inherited from a parent(s) if it's not specified in an object.
- Objects can also have local styles with higher precedence than "normal" styles.
- Unlike CSS (where pseudo-classes describe different states, e.g. `:focus`), in LVGL a property is assigned to a given state.
- Transitions can be applied when the object changes state.

### 5.3.1 States

The objects can be in the combination of the following states:

- `LV_STATE_DEFAULT` (0x0000) Normal, released state
- `LV_STATE_CHECKED` (0x0001) Toggled or checked state
- `LV_STATE_FOCUSED` (0x0002) Focused via keypad or encoder or clicked via touchpad/mouse
- `LV_STATE_FOCUS_KEY` (0x0004) Focused via keypad or encoder but not via touchpad/mouse
- `LV_STATE_EDITED` (0x0008) Edit by an encoder
- `LV_STATE_HOVERED` (0x0010) Hovered by mouse (not supported now)
- `LV_STATE_PRESSED` (0x0020) Being pressed
- `LV_STATE_SCROLLED` (0x0040) Being scrolled
- `LV_STATE_DISABLED` (0x0080) Disabled state
- `LV_STATE_USER_1` (0x1000) Custom state
- `LV_STATE_USER_2` (0x2000) Custom state
- `LV_STATE_USER_3` (0x4000) Custom state
- `LV_STATE_USER_4` (0x8000) Custom state

An object can be in a combination of states such as being focused and pressed at the same time. This is represented as `LV_STATE_FOCUSED | LV_STATE_PRESSED`.

A style can be added to any state or state combination. For example, setting a different background color for the default and pressed states. If a property is not defined in a state the best matching state's property will be used. Typically this means the property with `LV_STATE_DEFAULT` is used. If the property is not set even for the default state the default value will be used. (See later)

But what does the "best matching state's property" really mean? States have a precedence which is shown by their value (see in the above list). A higher value means higher precedence. To determine which state's property to use let's take an example. Imagine the background color is defined like this:

- `LV_STATE_DEFAULT`: white
- `LV_STATE_PRESSED`: gray
- `LV_STATE_FOCUSED`: red

1. Initially the object is in the default state, so it's a simple case: the property is perfectly defined in the object's current state as white.
2. When the object is pressed there are 2 related properties: default with white (default is related to every state) and pressed with gray. The pressed state has `0x0020` precedence which is higher than the default state's `0x0000` precedence, so gray color will be used.
3. When the object is focused the same thing happens as in pressed state and red color will be used. (Focused state has higher precedence than default state).
4. When the object is focused and pressed both gray and red would work, but the pressed state has higher precedence than focused so gray color will be used.
5. It's possible to set e.g. rose color for `LV_STATE_PRESSED | LV_STATE_FOCUSED`. In this case, this combined state has  $0x0020 + 0x0002 = 0x0022$  precedence, which is higher than the pressed state's precedence so rose color would be used.
6. When the object is in the checked state there is no property to set the background color for this state. So for lack of a better option, the object remains white from the default state's property.

Some practical notes:

- The precedence (value) of states is quite intuitive, and it's something the user would expect naturally. E.g. if an object is focused the user will still want to see if it's pressed, therefore the pressed state has a higher precedence. If the focused state had a higher precedence it would overwrite the pressed color.
- If you want to set a property for all states (e.g. red background color) just set it for the default state. If the object can't find a property for its current state it will fall back to the default state's property.
- Use ORed states to describe the properties for complex cases. (E.g. pressed + checked + focused)
- It might be a good idea to use different style elements for different states. For example, finding background colors for released, pressed, checked + pressed, focused, focused + pressed, focused + pressed + checked, etc. states is quite difficult. Instead, for example, use the background color for pressed and checked states and indicate the focused state with a different border color.

### 5.3.2 Cascading styles

It's not required to set all the properties in one style. It's possible to add more styles to an object and have the latter added style modify or extend appearance. For example, create a general gray button style and create a new one for red buttons where only the new background color is set.

This is much like in CSS when used classes are listed like `<div class=".btn .btn-red">`.

Styles added later have precedence over ones set earlier. So in the gray/red button example above, the normal button style should be added first and the red style second. However, the precedence of the states are still taken into account. So let's examine the following case:

- the basic button style defines dark-gray color for the default state and light-gray color for the pressed state
- the red button style defines the background color as red only in the default state

In this case, when the button is released (it's in default state) it will be red because a perfect match is found in the most recently added style (red). When the button is pressed the light-gray color is a better match because it describes the current state perfectly, so the button will be light-gray.

### 5.3.3 Inheritance

Some properties (typically those related to text) can be inherited from the parent object's styles. Inheritance is applied only if the given property is not set in the object's styles (even in default state). In this case, if the property is inheritable, the property's value will be searched in the parents until an object specifies a value for the property. The parents will use their own state to determine the value. So if a button is pressed, and the text color comes from here, the pressed text color will be used.

### 5.3.4 Parts

Objects can be composed of *parts* which may each have their own styles.

The following predefined parts exist in LVGL:

- `LV_PART_MAIN` A background like rectangle
- `LV_PART_SCROLLBAR` The scrollbar(s)
- `LV_PART_INDICATOR` Indicator, e.g. for slider, bar, switch, or the tick box of the checkbox
- `LV_PART_KNOB` Like a handle to grab to adjust a value
- `LV_PART_SELECTED` Indicate the currently selected option or section
- `LV_PART_ITEMS` Used if the widget has multiple similar elements (e.g. table cells)
- `LV_PART_TICKS` Ticks on scales e.g. for a chart or meter
- `LV_PART_CURSOR` Mark a specific place e.g. text area's or chart's cursor
- `LV_PART_CUSTOM_FIRST` Custom part identifiers can be added starting from here.

For example a *Slider* has three parts:

- Background
- Indicator
- Knob

This means all three parts of the slider can have their own styles. See later how to add styles to objects and parts.

### 5.3.5 Initialize styles and set/get properties

Styles are stored in `lv_style_t` variables. Style variables should be `static`, global or dynamically allocated. In other words they cannot be local variables in functions which are destroyed when the function exits. Before using a style it should be initialized with `lv_style_init(&my_style)`. After initializing a style, properties can be added or changed.

Property set functions looks like this: `lv_style_set_<property_name>(&style, <value>);` For example:

```
static lv_style_t style_btn;
lv_style_init(&style_btn);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_btn, lv_color_hex(0x115588));
lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_btn, LV_OPA_50);
lv_style_set_border_width(&style_btn, 2);
lv_style_set_border_color(&style_btn, lv_color_black());

static lv_style_t style_btn_red;
lv_style_init(&style_btn_red);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_btn_red, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_btn_red, LV_OPA_COVER);
```

To remove a property use:

```
lv_style_remove_prop(&style, LV_STYLE_BG_COLOR);
```

To get a property's value from a style:

```
lv_style_value_t v;
lv_res_t res = lv_style_get_prop(&style, LV_STYLE_BG_COLOR, &v);
if(res == LV_RES_OK) { /*Found*/
    do_something(v.color);
}
```

`lv_style_value_t` has 3 fields:

- `num` for integer, boolean and opacity properties
- `color` for color properties
- `ptr` for pointer properties

To reset a style (free all its data) use:

```
lv_style_reset(&style);
```

Styles can be built as `const` too to save RAM:

```
const lv_style_const_prop_t style1_props[] = {
    LV_STYLE_CONST_WIDTH(50),
    LV_STYLE_CONST_HEIGHT(50),
    LV_STYLE_PROP_INV,
};

LV_STYLE_CONST_INIT(style1, style1_props);
```

Later `const` style can be used like any other style but (obviously) new properties can not be added.

### 5.3.6 Add and remove styles to a widget

A style on its own is not that useful. It must be assigned to an object to take effect.

#### Add styles

To add a style to an object use `lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, <selector>)`. `<selector>` is an OR-ed value of parts and state to which the style should be added. Some examples:

- `LV_PART_MAIN | LV_STATE_DEFAULT`
- `LV_STATE_PRESSED`: The main part in pressed state. `LV_PART_MAIN` can be omitted
- `LV_PART_SCROLLBAR`: The scrollbar part in the default state. `LV_STATE_DEFAULT` can be omitted.
- `LV_PART_SCROLLBAR | LV_STATE_SCROLLLED`: The scrollbar part when the object is being scrolled
- `0` Same as `LV_PART_MAIN | LV_STATE_DEFAULT`.
- `LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_PRESSED | LV_STATE_CHECKED` The indicator part when the object is pressed and checked at the same time.

Using `lv_obj_add_style`:

```
lv_obj_add_style(btn, &style_btn, 0);
↪/*Default button style*/
lv_obj_add_style(btn, &btn_red, LV_STATE_PRESSED); /*Overwrite only some colors to
↪red when pressed*/
```

#### Remove styles

To remove all styles from an object use `lv_obj_remove_style_all(obj)`.

To remove specific styles use `lv_obj_remove_style(obj, style, selector)`. This function will remove style only if the `selector` matches with the `selector` used in `lv_obj_add_style`. `style` can be `NULL` to check only the `selector` and remove all matching styles. The `selector` can use the `LV_STATE_ANY` and `LV_PART_ANY` values to remove the style from any state or part.

#### Report style changes

If a style which is already assigned to an object changes (i.e. a property is added or changed), the objects using that style should be notified. There are 3 options to do this:

1. If you know that the changed properties can be applied by a simple redraw (e.g. color or opacity changes) just call `lv_obj_invalidate(obj)` or `lv_obj_invalidate(lv_scr_act())`.
2. If more complex style properties were changed or added, and you know which object(s) are affected by that style call `lv_obj_refresh_style(obj, part, property)`. To refresh all parts and properties use `lv_obj_refresh_style(obj, LV_PART_ANY, LV_STYLE_PROP_ANY)`.
3. To make LVGL check all objects to see if they use a style and refresh them when needed, call `lv_obj_report_style_change(&style)`. If `style` is `NULL` all objects will be notified about a style change.



### Get a property's value on an object

To get a final value of property - considering cascading, inheritance, local styles and transitions (see below) - property get functions like this can be used: `lv_obj_get_style_<property_name>(obj, <part>)`. These functions use the object's current state and if no better candidate exists they return a default value. For example:

```
lv_color_t color = lv_obj_get_style_bg_color(btn, LV_PART_MAIN);
```

### 5.3.7 Local styles

In addition to "normal" styles, objects can also store local styles. This concept is similar to inline styles in CSS (e.g. `<div style="color:red">`) with some modification.

Local styles are like normal styles, but they can't be shared among other objects. If used, local styles are allocated automatically, and freed when the object is deleted. They are useful to add local customization to an object.

Unlike in CSS, LVGL local styles can be assigned to states (*pseudo-classes*) and parts (*pseudo-elements*).

To set a local property use functions like `lv_obj_set_style_<property_name>(obj, <value>, <selector>)`; For example:

```
lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(slider, lv_color_red(), LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_
↪ FOCUSED);
```

### 5.3.8 Properties

For the full list of style properties click [here](#).

#### Typical background properties

In the documentation of the widgets you will see sentences like "The widget uses the typical background properties". These "typical background properties" are the ones related to:

- Background
- Border
- Outline
- Shadow
- Padding
- Width and height transformation
- X and Y translation

### 5.3.9 Transitions

By default, when an object changes state (e.g. it's pressed) the new properties from the new state are set immediately. However, with transitions it's possible to play an animation on state change. For example, on pressing a button its background color can be animated to the pressed color over 300 ms.

The parameters of the transitions are stored in the styles. It's possible to set

- the time of the transition
- the delay before starting the transition
- the animation path (also known as the timing or easing function)
- the properties to animate

The transition properties can be defined for each state. For example, setting a 500 ms transition time in the default state means that when the object goes to the default state a 500 ms transition time is applied. Setting a 100 ms transition time in the pressed state causes a 100 ms transition when going to the pressed state. This example configuration results in going to the pressed state quickly and then going back to default slowly.

To describe a transition an `lv_transition_dsc_t` variable needs to be initialized and added to a style:

```
/*Only its pointer is saved so must static, global or dynamically allocated */
static const lv_style_prop_t trans_props[] = {
    ↪ STYLE_BG_OPA, LV_STYLE_BG_COLOR,
    ↪ /*End marker*/
};

static lv_style_transition_dsc_t trans1;
lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&trans1, trans_props, lv_anim_path_ease_out, duration_ms,
    ↪ delay_ms);

lv_style_set_transition(&style1, &trans1);
```

LV\_  
0,

### 5.3.10 Color filter

TODO

### 5.3.11 Themes

Themes are a collection of styles. If there is an active theme LVGL applies it on every created widget. This will give a default appearance to the UI which can then be modified by adding further styles.

Every display can have a different theme. For example, you could have a colorful theme on a TFT and monochrome theme on a secondary monochrome display.

To set a theme for a display, two steps are required:

1. Initialize a theme
2. Assign the initialized theme to a display.

Theme initialization functions can have different prototypes. This example shows how to set the "default" theme:

```

lv_theme_t * th = lv_theme_default_init(display, /*Use the DPI, size, etc from this_
↪display*/
                                       LV_COLOR_PALETTE_BLUE, LV_COLOR_PALETTE_CYAN,
↪ /*Primary and secondary palette*/
                                       false, /*Light or dark mode*/
                                       &lv_font_montserrat_10, &lv_font_montserrat_
↪14, &lv_font_montserrat_18); /*Small, normal, large fonts*/

lv_disp_set_theme(display, th); /*Assign the theme to the display*/

```

The included themes are enabled in `lv_conf.h`. If the default theme is enabled by `LV_USE_THEME_DEFAULT 1` LVGL automatically initializes and sets it when a display is created.

## Extending themes

Built-in themes can be extended. If a custom theme is created, a parent theme can be selected. The parent theme's styles will be added before the custom theme's styles. Any number of themes can be chained this way. E.g. default theme -> custom theme -> dark theme.

`lv_theme_set_parent(new_theme, base_theme)` extends the `base_theme` with the `new_theme`.

There is an example for it below.

## 5.3.12 Examples

### Size styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

/**
 * Using the Size, Position and Padding style properties
 */
void lv_example_style_1(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);

    /*Make a gradient*/
    lv_style_set_width(&style, 150);
    lv_style_set_height(&style, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);

    lv_style_set_pad_ver(&style, 20);
    lv_style_set_pad_left(&style, 5);

    lv_style_set_x(&style, lv_pct(50));
    lv_style_set_y(&style, 80);

    /*Create an object with the new style*/
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);

```

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```

    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello");
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Using the Size, Position and Padding style properties
#
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_radius(5)

# Make a gradient
style.set_width(150)
style.set_height(lv.SIZE.CONTENT)

style.set_pad_ver(20)
style.set_pad_left(5)

style.set_x(lv.pct(50))
style.set_y(80)

# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)

label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("Hello")

```

## Background styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Using the background style properties
 */
void lv_example_style_2(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);

    /*Make a gradient*/
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    static lv_grad_dsc_t grad;
    grad.dir = LV_GRAD_DIR_VER;
    grad.stops_count = 2;
    grad.stops[0].color = lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1);
    grad.stops[1].color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE);

    /*Shift the gradient to the bottom*/
    grad.stops[0].frac = 128;

```

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```

grad.stops[1].frac = 192;

lv_style_set_bg_grad(&style, &grad);

/*Create an object with the new style*/
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Using the background style properties
#
style = lv_style_t()
style.init()
style.set_radius(5)

# Make a gradient
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA_COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE_GREY, 1))
style.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE_BLUE))
style.set_bg_grad_dir(lv.GRAD_DIR_VER)

# Shift the gradient to the bottom
style.set_bg_main_stop(128)
style.set_bg_grad_stop(192)

# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv_obj(lv_scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)
obj.center()

```

## Border styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Using the border style properties
 */
void lv_example_style_3(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    /*Set a background color and a radius*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 10);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1));

    /*Add border to the bottom+right*/
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));

```

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```

lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 5);
lv_style_set_border_opa(&style, LV_OPA_50);
lv_style_set_border_side(&style, LV_BORDER_SIDE_BOTTOM | LV_BORDER_SIDE_RIGHT);

/*Create an object with the new style*/
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Using the border style properties
#
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()

# Set a background color and a radius
style.set_radius(10)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA_COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE_GREY, 1))

# Add border to the bottom+right
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_border_width(5)
style.set_border_opa(lv.OPA_50)
style.set_border_side(lv.BORDER_SIDE.BOTTOM | lv.BORDER_SIDE.RIGHT)

# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)
obj.center()

```

## Outline styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Using the outline style properties
 */
void lv_example_style_4(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    /*Set a background color and a radius*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1));

    /*Add outline*/
    lv_style_set_outline_width(&style, 2);

```

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```

lv_style_set_outline_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
lv_style_set_outline_pad(&style, 8);

/*Create an object with the new style*/
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Using the outline style properties
#

style = lv.style_t()
style.init()

# Set a background color and a radius
style.set_radius(5)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA_COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE_GREY, 1))

# Add outline
style.set_outline_width(2)
style.set_outline_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_outline_pad(8)

# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)
obj.center()

```

## Shadow styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Using the Shadow style properties
 */
void lv_example_style_5(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    /*Set a background color and a radius*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1));

    /*Add a shadow*/
    lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style, 55);

```

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```

lv_style_set_shadow_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
//    lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_x(&style, 10);
//    lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_y(&style, 20);

/*Create an object with the new style*/
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Using the Shadow style properties
#

style = lv.style_t()
style.init()

# Set a background color and a radius
style.set_radius(5)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA_COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE_GREY, 1))

# Add a shadow
style.set_shadow_width(8)
style.set_shadow_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_shadow_ofs_x(10)
style.set_shadow_ofs_y(20)

# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)
obj.center()

```

## Image styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

/**
 * Using the Image style properties
 */
void lv_example_style_6(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    /*Set a background color and a radius*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 3));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 2);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));

```

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```

lv_style_set_img_recolor(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
lv_style_set_img_recolor_opa(&style, LV_OPA_50);
lv_style_set_transform_angle(&style, 300);

/*Create an object with the new style*/
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);

LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_cogwheel_argb);
lv_img_set_src(obj, &img_cogwheel_argb);

lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif

```

```

from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/img_cogwheel_argb.png', 'rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_cogwheel_argb.png")
    sys.exit()

img_cogwheel_argb = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(png_data),
    'data': png_data
})

#
# Using the Image style properties
#
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()

# Set a background color and a radius
style.set_radius(5)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA_COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE_GREY, 3))
style.set_border_width(2)
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE_BLUE))

style.set_img_recolor(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE_BLUE))
style.set_img_recolor_opa(lv.OPA_50)
# style.set_transform_angle(300)

# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.img(lv_scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)

```

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```
obj.set_src(img_cogwheel_argb)

obj.center()
```

## Arc styles

Error encountered **while** trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/style/lv\_↵example\_style\_7.c

Error encountered **while** trying to **open** /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/style/lv\_↵example\_style\_7.py

## Text styles

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_LABEL

/**
 * Using the text style properties
 */
void lv_example_style_8(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 2));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 2);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style, 10);

    lv_style_set_text_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_text_letter_space(&style, 5);
    lv_style_set_text_line_space(&style, 20);
    lv_style_set_text_decor(&style, LV_TEXT_DECOR_UNDERLINE);

    /*Create an object with the new style*/
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);
    lv_label_set_text(obj, "Text of\n"
                        "a label");

    lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif
```

```
#
# Using the text style properties
#
```

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```

style = lv.style_t()
style.init()

style.set_radius(5)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA_COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE_GREY, 3))
style.set_border_width(2)
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE_BLUE))
style.set_pad_all(10)

style.set_text_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE_BLUE))
style.set_text_letter_space(5)
style.set_text_line_space(20)
style.set_text_decor(lv.TEXT_DECOR_UNDERLINE)

# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)
obj.set_text("Text of\n"
            "a label")

obj.center()

```

## Line styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_LINE

/**
 * Using the line style properties
 */
void lv_example_style_9(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    lv_style_set_line_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));
    lv_style_set_line_width(&style, 6);
    lv_style_set_line_rounded(&style, true);

    /*Create an object with the new style*/
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_line_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);

    static lv_point_t p[] = {{10, 30}, {30, 50}, {100, 0}};
    lv_line_set_points(obj, p, 3);

    lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif

```

```
#
# Using the line style properties
#

style = lv.style_t()
style.init()

style.set_line_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
style.set_line_width(6)
style.set_line_rounded(True)

# Create an object with the new style
obj = lv.line(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)
p = [ {"x":10, "y":30},
      {"x":30, "y":50},
      {"x":100, "y":0}]

obj.set_points(p, 3)

obj.center()
```

## Transition

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

/**
 * Creating a transition
 */
void lv_example_style_10(void)
{
    static const lv_style_prop_t props[] = {LV_STYLE_BG_COLOR, LV_STYLE_BORDER_COLOR,
    ↪ LV_STYLE_BORDER_WIDTH, 0};

    /* A default transition
     * Make it fast (100ms) and start with some delay (200 ms)*/
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t trans_def;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&trans_def, props, lv_anim_path_linear, 100, 200,
    ↪ NULL);

    /* A special transition when going to pressed state
     * Make it slow (500 ms) but start without delay*/
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t trans_pr;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&trans_pr, props, lv_anim_path_linear, 500, 0, NULL);

    static lv_style_t style_def;
    lv_style_init(&style_def);
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_def, &trans_def);

    static lv_style_t style_pr;
    lv_style_init(&style_pr);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_pr, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_pr, 6);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_pr, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_RED, 3));
}
```

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```

    lv_style_set_transition(&style_pr, &trans_pr);

    /*Create an object with the new style_pr*/
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_def, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_pr, LV_STATE_PRESSED);

    lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Creating a transition
#

props = [lv.STYLE.BG_COLOR, lv.STYLE.BORDER_COLOR, lv.STYLE.BORDER_WIDTH, 0]

# A default transition
# Make it fast (100ms) and start with some delay (200 ms)

trans_def = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
trans_def.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 100, 200, None)

# A special transition when going to pressed state
# Make it slow (500 ms) but start without delay

trans_pr = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
trans_pr.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 500, 0, None)

style_def = lv.style_t()
style_def.init()
style_def.set_transition(trans_def)

style_pr = lv.style_t()
style_pr.init()
style_pr.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style_pr.set_border_width(6)
style_pr.set_border_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.RED, 3))
style_pr.set_transition(trans_pr)

# Create an object with the new style_pr
obj = lv.obj(lv_scr_act())
obj.add_style(style_def, 0)
obj.add_style(style_pr, lv.STATE.PRESSED)

obj.center()

```

## Using multiple styles

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

/**
 * Using multiple styles
 */
void lv_example_style_11(void)
{
    /*A base style*/
    static lv_style_t style_base;
    lv_style_init(&style_base);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_base, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_LIGHT_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_base, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_LIGHT_BLUE,
↪3));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_base, 2);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_base, 10);
    lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style_base, 10);
    lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_y(&style_base, 5);
    lv_style_set_shadow_opa(&style_base, LV_OPA_50);
    lv_style_set_text_color(&style_base, lv_color_white());
    lv_style_set_width(&style_base, 100);
    lv_style_set_height(&style_base, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);

    /*Set only the properties that should be different*/
    static lv_style_t style_warning;
    lv_style_init(&style_warning);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_warning, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_YELLOW));
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_warning, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_YELLOW,
↪3));
    lv_style_set_text_color(&style_warning, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_YELLOW, 4));

    /*Create an object with the base style only*/
    lv_obj_t * obj_base = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj_base, &style_base, 0);
    lv_obj_align(obj_base, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 20, 0);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj_base);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Base");
    lv_obj_center(label);

    /*Create another object with the base style and earnings style too*/
    lv_obj_t * obj_warning = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj_warning, &style_base, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj_warning, &style_warning, 0);
    lv_obj_align(obj_warning, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -20, 0);

    label = lv_label_create(obj_warning);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Warning");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Using multiple styles

```

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```
#
# A base style

style_base = lv.style_t()
style_base.init()
style_base.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.LIGHT_BLUE))
style_base.set_border_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.LIGHT_BLUE, 3))
style_base.set_border_width(2)
style_base.set_radius(10)
style_base.set_shadow_width(10)
style_base.set_shadow_ofs_y(5)
style_base.set_shadow_opa(lv.OPA_50)
style_base.set_text_color(lv.color_white())
style_base.set_width(100)
style_base.set_height(lv.SIZE.CONTENT)

# Set only the properties that should be different
style_warning = lv.style_t()
style_warning.init()
style_warning.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW))
style_warning.set_border_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW, 3))
style_warning.set_text_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW, 4))

# Create an object with the base style only
obj_base = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj_base.add_style(style_base, 0)
obj_base.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT_MID, 20, 0)

label = lv.label(obj_base)
label.set_text("Base")
label.center()

# Create another object with the base style and earnings style too
obj_warning = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj_warning.add_style(style_base, 0)
obj_warning.add_style(style_warning, 0)
obj_warning.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT_MID, -20, 0)

label = lv.label(obj_warning)
label.set_text("Warning")
label.center()
```

## Local styles

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

/**
 * Local styles
 */
void lv_example_style_12(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN));
```

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```

lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREEN, 3));
lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 3);

lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, 0);

/*Overwrite the background color locally*/
lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(obj, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_ORANGE), LV_PART_MAIN);

lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Local styles
#

style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREEN, 3))
style.set_border_width(3)

obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style, 0)

# Overwrite the background color locally
obj.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.ORANGE), lv.PART.MAIN)

obj.center()

```

### Add styles to parts and states

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

/**
 * Add styles to parts and states
 */
void lv_example_style_13(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style_indic;
    lv_style_init(&style_indic);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_RED, 3));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_dir(&style_indic, LV_GRAD_DIR_HOR);

    static lv_style_t style_indic_pr;
    lv_style_init(&style_indic_pr);
    lv_style_set_shadow_color(&style_indic_pr, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style_indic_pr, 10);
    lv_style_set_shadow_spread(&style_indic_pr, 3);
}

```

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```

    /*Create an object with the new style_pr*/
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_indic, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_indic_pr, LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_PRESSED);
    lv_slider_set_value(obj, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_obj_center(obj);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Add styles to parts and states
#

style_indic = lv.style_t()
style_indic.init()
style_indic.set_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.RED, 3))
style_indic.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style_indic.set_bg_grad_dir(lv.GRAD_DIR.HOR)

style_indic_pr = lv.style_t()
style_indic_pr.init()
style_indic_pr.set_shadow_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style_indic_pr.set_shadow_width(10)
style_indic_pr.set_shadow_spread(3)

# Create an object with the new style_pr
obj = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
obj.add_style(style_indic, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
obj.add_style(style_indic_pr, lv.PART.INDICATOR | lv.STATE.PRESSED)
obj.set_value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
obj.center()

```

### Extending the current theme

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_IMG

static lv_style_t style_btn;

/*Will be called when the styles of the base theme are already added
to add new styles*/
static void new_theme_apply_cb(lv_theme_t * th, lv_obj_t * obj)
{
    LV_UNUSED(th);

    if(lv_obj_check_type(obj, &lv_btn_class)) {
        lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_btn, 0);
    }
}

static void new_theme_init_and_set(void)
{

```

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```

    /*Initialize the styles*/
    lv_style_init(&style_btn);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_btn, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN));
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_btn, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_GREEN, 3));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_btn, 3);

    /*Initialize the new theme from the current theme*/
    lv_theme_t * th_act = lv_disp_get_theme(NULL);
    static lv_theme_t th_new;
    th_new = *th_act;

    /*Set the parent theme and the style apply callback for the new theme*/
    lv_theme_set_parent(&th_new, th_act);
    lv_theme_set_apply_cb(&th_new, new_theme_apply_cb);

    /*Assign the new theme to the current display*/
    lv_disp_set_theme(NULL, &th_new);
}

/**
 * Extending the current theme
 */
void lv_example_style_14(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * btn;
    lv_obj_t * label;

    btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(btn, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 20);

    label = lv_label_create(btn);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Original theme");

    new_theme_init_and_set();

    btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(btn, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_MID, 0, -20);

    label = lv_label_create(btn);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "New theme");
}

#endif

```

```

# Will be called when the styles of the base theme are already added
# to add new styles

```

```

class NewTheme(lv.theme_t):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__()
        # Initialize the styles
        self.style_btn = lv.style_t()
        self.style_btn.init()

```

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```

self.style_btn.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
self.style_btn.set_border_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.GREEN, 3))
self.style_btn.set_border_width(3)

# This theme is based on active theme
th_act = lv.theme_get_from_obj(lv.scr_act())
# This theme will be applied only after base theme is applied
self.set_parent(th_act)

```

```
class ExampleStyle_14:
```

```

    def __init__(self):
        #
        # Extending the current theme
        #

        btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
        btn.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 0, 20)

        label = lv.label(btn)
        label.set_text("Original theme")

        self.new_theme_init_and_set()

        btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
        btn.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_MID, 0, -20)

        label = lv.label(btn)
        label.set_text("New theme")

    def new_theme_apply_cb(self, th, obj):
        print(th,obj)
        if obj.get_class() == lv.btn_class:
            obj.add_style(self.th_new.style_btn, 0)

    def new_theme_init_and_set(self):
        print("new_theme_init_and_set")
        # Initialize the new theme from the current theme
        self.th_new = NewTheme()
        self.th_new.set_apply_cb(self.new_theme_apply_cb)
        lv.disp_get_default().set_theme(self.th_new)

```

```
exampleStyle_14 = ExampleStyle_14()
```

### 5.3.13 API

#### Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_blend_mode_t  
typedef uint8_t lv_text_decor_t  
typedef uint8_t lv_border_side_t  
typedef uint8_t lv_grad_dir_t  
typedef uint8_t lv_dither_mode_t
```

#### Enums

##### enum **[anonymous]**

Possible options how to blend opaque drawings

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_BLEND\_MODE\_NORMAL**

Simply mix according to the opacity value

enumerator **LV\_BLEND\_MODE\_ADDITIVE**

Add the respective color channels

enumerator **LV\_BLEND\_MODE\_SUBTRACTIVE**

Subtract the foreground from the background

enumerator **LV\_BLEND\_MODE\_MULTIPLY**

Multiply the foreground and background

enumerator **LV\_BLEND\_MODE\_REPLACE**

Replace background with foreground in the area

##### enum **[anonymous]**

Some options to apply decorations on texts. 'OR'ed values can be used.

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_TEXT\_DECOR\_NONE**

enumerator **LV\_TEXT\_DECOR\_UNDERLINE**

enumerator **LV\_TEXT\_DECOR\_STRIKETHROUGH**

##### enum **[anonymous]**

Selects on which sides border should be drawn 'OR'ed values can be used.

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_BORDER\_SIDE\_NONE**

enumerator **LV\_BORDER\_SIDE\_BOTTOM**

enumerator **LV\_BORDER\_SIDE\_TOP**  
 enumerator **LV\_BORDER\_SIDE\_LEFT**  
 enumerator **LV\_BORDER\_SIDE\_RIGHT**  
 enumerator **LV\_BORDER\_SIDE\_FULL**  
 enumerator **LV\_BORDER\_SIDE\_INTERNAL**  
 FOR matrix-like objects (e.g. Button matrix)

enum **[anonymous]**  
 The direction of the gradient.

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_GRAD\_DIR\_NONE**  
 No gradient (the `grad_color` property is ignored)  
  
 enumerator **LV\_GRAD\_DIR\_VER**  
 Vertical (top to bottom) gradient  
  
 enumerator **LV\_GRAD\_DIR\_HOR**  
 Horizontal (left to right) gradient

enum **[anonymous]**  
 The dithering algorithm for the gradient Depends on `LV_DITHER_GRADIENT`

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_DITHER\_NONE**  
 No dithering, colors are just quantized to the output resolution  
  
 enumerator **LV\_DITHER\_ORDERED**  
 Ordered dithering. Faster to compute and use less memory but lower quality  
  
 enumerator **LV\_DITHER\_ERR\_DIFF**  
 Error diffusion mode. Slower to compute and use more memory but give highest dither quality

enum **lv\_style\_prop\_t**  
 Enumeration of all built in style properties

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_PROP\_INV**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_WIDTH**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_MIN\_WIDTH**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_MAX\_WIDTH**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_HEIGHT**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_MIN\_HEIGHT**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_MAX\_HEIGHT**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_X**

enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_Y**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_ALIGN**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_TRANSFORM\_WIDTH**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_TRANSFORM\_HEIGHT**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_TRANSLATE\_X**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_TRANSLATE\_Y**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_TRANSFORM\_ZOOM**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_TRANSFORM\_ANGLE**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_PAD\_TOP**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_PAD\_BOTTOM**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_PAD\_LEFT**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_PAD\_RIGHT**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_PAD\_ROW**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_PAD\_COLUMN**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BG\_COLOR**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BG\_COLOR\_FILTERED**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BG\_OPA**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BG\_GRAD\_COLOR**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BG\_GRAD\_COLOR\_FILTERED**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BG\_GRAD\_DIR**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BG\_MAIN\_STOP**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BG\_GRAD\_STOP**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BG\_GRAD**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BG\_DITHER\_MODE**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BG\_IMG\_SRC**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BG\_IMG\_OPA**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BG\_IMG\_RECOLOR**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BG\_IMG\_RECOLOR\_FILTERED**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BG\_IMG\_RECOLOR\_OPA**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BG\_IMG\_TILED**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BORDER\_COLOR**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BORDER\_COLOR\_FILTERED**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BORDER\_OPA**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BORDER\_WIDTH**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BORDER\_SIDE**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BORDER\_POST**

enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_OUTLINE\_WIDTH**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_OUTLINE\_COLOR**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_OUTLINE\_COLOR\_FILTERED**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_OUTLINE\_OPA**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_OUTLINE\_PAD**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_SHADOW\_WIDTH**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_SHADOW\_OFS\_X**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_SHADOW\_OFS\_Y**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_SHADOW\_SPREAD**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_SHADOW\_COLOR**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_SHADOW\_COLOR\_FILTERED**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_SHADOW\_OPA**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_IMG\_OPA**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_IMG\_RECOLOR**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_IMG\_RECOLOR\_FILTERED**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_IMG\_RECOLOR\_OPA**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_LINE\_WIDTH**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_LINE\_DASH\_WIDTH**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_LINE\_DASH\_GAP**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_LINE\_ROUNDED**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_LINE\_COLOR**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_LINE\_COLOR\_FILTERED**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_LINE\_OPA**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_ARC\_WIDTH**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_ARC\_ROUNDED**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_ARC\_COLOR**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_ARC\_COLOR\_FILTERED**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_ARC\_OPA**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_ARC\_IMG\_SRC**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_TEXT\_COLOR**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_TEXT\_COLOR\_FILTERED**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_TEXT\_OPA**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_TEXT\_FONT**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_TEXT\_LETTER\_SPACE**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_TEXT\_LINE\_SPACE**  
enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_TEXT\_DECOR**

enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_TEXT\_ALIGN**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_RADIUS**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_CLIP\_CORNER**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_OPA**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_COLOR\_FILTER\_DSC**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_COLOR\_FILTER\_OPA**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_ANIM**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_ANIM\_TIME**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_ANIM\_SPEED**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_TRANSITION**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BLEND\_MODE**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_LAYOUT**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_BASE\_DIR**  
 enumerator **\_LV\_STYLE\_LAST\_BUILT\_IN\_PROP**  
 enumerator **LV\_STYLE\_PROP\_ANY**

## Functions

**LV\_EXPORT\_CONST\_INT**(LV\_IMG\_ZOOM\_NONE)

void **lv\_style\_init**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style)  
 Initialize a style

---

**Note:** Do not call `lv_style_init` on styles that already have some properties because this function won't free the used memory, just sets a default state for the style. In other words be sure to initialize styles only once!

---

**Parameters** **style** -- pointer to a style to initialize

void **lv\_style\_reset**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style)  
 Clear all properties from a style and free all allocated memories.

**Parameters** **style** -- pointer to a style

*lv\_style\_prop\_t* **lv\_style\_register\_prop**(void)

bool **lv\_style\_remove\_prop**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, *lv\_style\_prop\_t* prop)  
 Remove a property from a style

**Parameters**

- **style** -- pointer to a style
- **prop** -- a style property ORed with a state.

**Returns** true: the property was found and removed; false: the property wasn't found



void **lv\_style\_set\_prop**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, *lv\_style\_prop\_t* prop, *lv\_style\_value\_t* value)

Set the value of property in a style. This function shouldn't be used directly by the user. Instead use `lv_style_set_<prop_name>()`. E.g. `lv_style_set_bg_color()`

#### Parameters

- **style** -- pointer to style
- **prop** -- the ID of a property (e.g. `LV_STYLE_BG_COLOR`)
- **value** -- *lv\_style\_value\_t* variable in which a field is set according to the type of prop

lv\_res\_t **lv\_style\_get\_prop**(const *lv\_style\_t* \*style, *lv\_style\_prop\_t* prop, *lv\_style\_value\_t* \*value)

Get the value of a property

---

**Note:** For performance reasons there are no sanity check on **style**

---

#### Parameters

- **style** -- pointer to a style
- **prop** -- the ID of a property
- **value** -- pointer to a *lv\_style\_value\_t* variable to store the value

**Returns** `LV_RES_INV`: the property wasn't found in the style (**value** is unchanged) `LV_RES_OK`: the property was found, and **value** is set accordingly

static inline lv\_res\_t **lv\_style\_get\_prop\_inlined**(const *lv\_style\_t* \*style, *lv\_style\_prop\_t* prop, *lv\_style\_value\_t* \*value)

Get the value of a property

---

**Note:** For performance reasons there are no sanity check on **style**

---



---

**Note:** This function is the same as *lv\_style\_get\_prop* but inlined. Use it only on performance critical places

---

#### Parameters

- **style** -- pointer to a style
- **prop** -- the ID of a property
- **value** -- pointer to a *lv\_style\_value\_t* variable to store the value

**Returns** `LV_RES_INV`: the property wasn't found in the style (**value** is unchanged) `LV_RES_OK`: the property was found, and **value** is set accordingly

void **lv\_style\_transition\_dsc\_init**(*lv\_style\_transition\_dsc\_t* \*tr, const *lv\_style\_prop\_t* props[], *lv\_anim\_path\_cb\_t* path\_cb, uint32\_t time, uint32\_t delay, void \*user\_data)

*lv\_style\_value\_t* **lv\_style\_prop\_get\_default**(*lv\_style\_prop\_t* prop)

Get the default value of a property

**Parameters** **prop** -- the ID of a property

**Returns** the default value

bool **lv\_style\_is\_empty**(const *lv\_style\_t* \*style)

Checks if a style is empty (has no properties)

**Parameters** **style** -- pointer to a style

**Returns** true if the style is empty

uint8\_t **lv\_style\_get\_prop\_group**(*lv\_style\_prop\_t* prop)

Tell the group of a property. If the a property from a group is set in a style the (1 << group) bit of style->has\_group is set. It allows early skipping the style if the property is not exists in the style at all.

**Parameters** **prop** -- a style property

**Returns** the group [0..7] 7 means all the custom properties with index > 112

static inline void **lv\_style\_set\_size**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, lv\_coord\_t value)

static inline void **lv\_style\_set\_pad\_all**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, lv\_coord\_t value)

static inline void **lv\_style\_set\_pad\_hor**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, lv\_coord\_t value)

static inline void **lv\_style\_set\_pad\_ver**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, lv\_coord\_t value)

static inline void **lv\_style\_set\_pad\_gap**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, lv\_coord\_t value)

struct **lv\_gradient\_stop\_t**

*#include <lv\_style.h>* A gradient stop definition. This matches a color and a position in a virtual 0-255 scale.

### Public Members

lv\_color\_t **color**

The stop color

uint8\_t **frac**

The stop position in 1/255 unit

struct **lv\_grad\_dsc\_t**

*#include <lv\_style.h>* A descriptor of a gradient.

### Public Members

*lv\_gradient\_stop\_t* **stops**[LV\_GRADIENT\_MAX\_STOPS]

A gradient stop array

uint8\_t **stops\_count**

The number of used stops in the array

*lv\_grad\_dir\_t* **dir**

The gradient direction. Any of LV\_GRAD\_DIR\_HOR, LV\_GRAD\_DIR\_VER, LV\_GRAD\_DIR\_NONE

*lv\_dither\_mode\_t* **dither**

Whether to dither the gradient or not. Any of LV\_DITHER\_NONE, LV\_DITHER\_ORDERED, LV\_DITHER\_ERR\_DIFF

union **lv\_style\_value\_t**

*#include <lv\_style.h>* A common type to handle all the property types in the same way.

### Public Members

int32\_t **num**

Number integer number (opacity, enums, booleans or "normal" numbers)

const void \***ptr**

Constant pointers (font, cone text, etc)

lv\_color\_t **color**

Colors

struct **lv\_style\_transition\_dsc\_t**

*#include <lv\_style.h>* Descriptor for style transitions

### Public Members

const *lv\_style\_prop\_t* \***props**

An array with the properties to animate.

void \***user\_data**

A custom user data that will be passed to the animation's user\_data

*lv\_anim\_path\_cb\_t* **path\_xcb**

A path for the animation.

uint32\_t **time**

Duration of the transition in [ms]

uint32\_t **delay**

Delay before the transition in [ms]

struct **lv\_style\_const\_prop\_t**

*#include <lv\_style.h>* Descriptor of a constant style property.

## Public Members

*lv\_style\_prop\_t* **prop**  
*lv\_style\_value\_t* **value**

struct **lv\_style\_t**  
*#include <lv\_style.h>* Descriptor of a style (a collection of properties and values).

## Public Members

uint32\_t **sentinel**  
*lv\_style\_value\_t* **value1**  
 uint8\_t \***values\_and\_props**  
 const *lv\_style\_const\_prop\_t* \***const\_props**  
 union *lv\_style\_t::*[anonymous] **v\_p**  
 uint16\_t **prop1**  
 uint16\_t **is\_const**  
 uint8\_t **has\_group**  
 uint8\_t **prop\_cnt**

## Typedefs

typedef void (\***lv\_theme\_apply\_cb\_t**)(struct *lv\_theme\_t*\*, *lv\_obj\_t*\*)  
 typedef struct *lv\_theme\_t* **lv\_theme\_t**

## Functions

*lv\_theme\_t* \***lv\_theme\_get\_from\_obj**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
 Get the theme assigned to the display of the object

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a theme object

**Returns** the theme of the object's display (can be NULL)

void **lv\_theme\_apply**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
 Apply the active theme on an object

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an object

void **lv\_theme\_set\_parent**(*lv\_theme\_t* \*new\_theme, *lv\_theme\_t* \*parent)  
 Set a base theme for a theme. The styles from the base them will be added before the styles of the current theme.  
 Arbitrary long chain of themes can be created by setting base themes.

**Parameters**

- **new\_theme** -- pointer to theme which base should be set
- **parent** -- pointer to the base theme

void **lv\_theme\_set\_apply\_cb**(*lv\_theme\_t* \*theme, *lv\_theme\_apply\_cb\_t* apply\_cb)

Set an apply callback for a theme. The apply callback is used to add styles to different objects

**Parameters**

- **theme** -- pointer to theme which callback should be set
- **apply\_cb** -- pointer to the callback

const *lv\_font\_t* \***lv\_theme\_get\_font\_small**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the small font of the theme

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an object

**Returns** pointer to the font

const *lv\_font\_t* \***lv\_theme\_get\_font\_normal**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the normal font of the theme

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an object

**Returns** pointer to the font

const *lv\_font\_t* \***lv\_theme\_get\_font\_large**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the subtitle font of the theme

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an object

**Returns** pointer to the font

*lv\_color\_t* **lv\_theme\_get\_color\_primary**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the primary color of the theme

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an object

**Returns** the color

*lv\_color\_t* **lv\_theme\_get\_color\_secondary**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the secondary color of the theme

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an object

**Returns** the color

struct **\_lv\_theme\_t**

**Public Members**

*lv\_theme\_apply\_cb\_t* **apply\_cb**

struct *\_lv\_theme\_t* \***parent**

Apply the current theme's style on top of this theme.

void \***user\_data**

struct *\_lv\_disp\_t* \***disp**

*lv\_color\_t* **color\_primary**

*lv\_color\_t* **color\_secondary**

const *lv\_font\_t* \***font\_small**

const *lv\_font\_t* \***font\_normal**

```
const lv_font_t *font_large
uint32_t flags
```

## Functions

```
static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_width(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_min_width(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_max_width(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_height(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_min_height(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_max_height(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_x(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_y(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_align_t lv_obj_get_style_align(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_transform_width(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_transform_height(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_translate_x(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_translate_y(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_transform_zoom(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_transform_angle(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_pad_top(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_pad_bottom(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_pad_right(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
```

```

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_pad_row(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_pad_column(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_bg_color(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_bg_color_filtered(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_opa_t lv_obj_get_style_bg_opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_bg_grad_color(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_bg_grad_color_filtered(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj,
                                                                uint32_t part)

static inline lv_grad_dir_t lv_obj_get_style_bg_grad_dir(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_bg_main_stop(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_bg_grad_stop(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline const lv_grad_dsc_t *lv_obj_get_style_bg_grad(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_dither_mode_t lv_obj_get_style_bg_dither_mode(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t
                                                                part)

static inline const void *lv_obj_get_style_bg_img_src(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_opa_t lv_obj_get_style_bg_img_opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_bg_img_recolor(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_bg_img_recolor_filtered(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj,
                                                                    uint32_t part)

static inline lv_opa_t lv_obj_get_style_bg_img_recolor_opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline bool lv_obj_get_style_bg_img_tiled(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_border_color(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_border_color_filtered(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t
                                                                    part)

```

```

static inline lv_opa_t lv_obj_get_style_border_opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_border_width(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_border_side_t lv_obj_get_style_border_side(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline bool lv_obj_get_style_border_post(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_outline_width(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_outline_color(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_outline_color_filtered(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj,
                                                                uint32_t part)

static inline lv_opa_t lv_obj_get_style_outline_opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_outline_pad(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_shadow_width(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_shadow_ofs_x(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_shadow_ofs_y(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_shadow_spread(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_shadow_color(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_shadow_color_filtered(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t
                                                                part)

static inline lv_opa_t lv_obj_get_style_shadow_opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_opa_t lv_obj_get_style_img_opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_img_recolor(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_img_recolor_filtered(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t
                                                                part)

static inline lv_opa_t lv_obj_get_style_img_recolor_opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

```



```

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_line_width(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_line_dash_width(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_line_dash_gap(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline bool lv_obj_get_style_line_rounded(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_line_color(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_line_color_filtered(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t
part)

static inline lv_opa_t lv_obj_get_style_line_opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_arc_width(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline bool lv_obj_get_style_arc_rounded(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_arc_color(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_arc_color_filtered(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t
part)

static inline lv_opa_t lv_obj_get_style_arc_opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline const void *lv_obj_get_style_arc_img_src(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_text_color(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_color_t lv_obj_get_style_text_color_filtered(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t
part)

static inline lv_opa_t lv_obj_get_style_text_opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline const lv_font_t *lv_obj_get_style_text_font(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_text_letter_space(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_text_line_space(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_text_decor_t lv_obj_get_style_text_decor(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

```

```

static inline lv_text_align_t lv_obj_get_style_text_align(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_radius(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline bool lv_obj_get_style_clip_corner(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_opa_t lv_obj_get_style_opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline const lv_color_filter_dsc_t *lv_obj_get_style_color_filter_dsc(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj,
                                                                              uint32_t part)

static inline lv_opa_t lv_obj_get_style_color_filter_opa(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline const lv_anim_t *lv_obj_get_style_anim(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline uint32_t lv_obj_get_style_anim_time(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline uint32_t lv_obj_get_style_anim_speed(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline const lv_style_transition_dsc_t *lv_obj_get_style_transition(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj,
                                                                              uint32_t part)

static inline lv_blend_mode_t lv_obj_get_style_blend_mode(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline uint16_t lv_obj_get_style_layout(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_base_dir_t lv_obj_get_style_base_dir(const struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

void lv_obj_set_style_width(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_min_width(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_max_width(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_height(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_min_height(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_max_height(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_x(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_y(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

```

---

```
void lv_obj_set_style_align (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_align_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_transform_width (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                         selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_transform_height (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                         selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_translate_x (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_translate_y (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_transform_zoom (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                       selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_transform_angle (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                       selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_pad_top (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_pad_bottom (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_pad_left (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_pad_right (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_pad_row (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_pad_column (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_bg_color (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_bg_color_filtered (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                         selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_bg_opa (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_bg_grad_color (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_bg_grad_color_filtered (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value,
                                              lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_bg_grad_dir (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_grad_dir_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                     selector)
```

```

void lv_obj_set_style_bg_main_stop(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_bg_grad_stop(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_bg_grad(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, const lv_grad_dsc_t *value, lv_style_selector_t
                               selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_bg_dither_mode(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_dither_mode_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                      selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_src(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, const void *value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_opa(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_recolor(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                      selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_recolor_filtered(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value,
                                                lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_recolor_opa(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                           selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_tiled(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, bool value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_border_color(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_border_color_filtered(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value,
                                              lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_border_opa(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_border_width(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_border_side(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_border_side_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                   selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_border_post(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, bool value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_outline_width(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                    selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_outline_color(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

```

---

```
void lv_obj_set_style_outline_color_filtered(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value,
                                            lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_outline_opa(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_outline_pad(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_shadow_width(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_shadow_ofs_x(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_shadow_ofs_y(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_shadow_spread(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                    selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_shadow_color(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_shadow_color_filtered(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value,
                                            lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_shadow_opa(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_img_opa(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_img_recolor(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_img_recolor_filtered(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value,
                                            lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_img_recolor_opa(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                       selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_line_width(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_line_dash_width(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                       selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_line_dash_gap(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                    selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_line_rounded(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, bool value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_line_color(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
```

---

```
void lv_obj_set_style_line_color_filtered(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                         selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_line_opa(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_arc_width(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_arc_rounded(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, bool value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_arc_color(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_arc_color_filtered(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                          selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_arc_opa(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_arc_img_src(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, const void *value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_text_color(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_text_color_filtered(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                          selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_text_opa(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_text_font(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, const lv_font_t *value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_text_letter_space(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                         selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_text_line_space(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                       selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_text_decor(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_text_decor_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                 selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_text_align(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_text_align_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                 selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_radius(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_clip_corner(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, bool value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_opa(struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
```

```
void lv_obj_set_style_color_filter_dsc (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, const lv_color_filter_dsc_t *value,
                                       lv_style_selector_t selector)
```

```
void lv_obj_set_style_color_filter_opa (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_opa_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                       selector)
```

```
void lv_obj_set_style_anim (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, const lv_anim_t *value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
```

```
void lv_obj_set_style_anim_time (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
```

```
void lv_obj_set_style_anim_speed (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
```

```
void lv_obj_set_style_transition (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, const lv_style_transition_dsc_t *value,
                                  lv_style_selector_t selector)
```

```
void lv_obj_set_style_blend_mode (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_blend_mode_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                  selector)
```

```
void lv_obj_set_style_layout (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, uint16_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
```

```
void lv_obj_set_style_base_dir (struct _lv_obj_t *obj, lv_base_dir_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
```

## Functions

```
void lv_style_set_width (lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
```

```
void lv_style_set_min_width (lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
```

```
void lv_style_set_max_width (lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
```

```
void lv_style_set_height (lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
```

```
void lv_style_set_min_height (lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
```

```
void lv_style_set_max_height (lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
```

```
void lv_style_set_x (lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
```

```
void lv_style_set_y (lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
```

```
void lv_style_set_align (lv_style_t *style, lv_align_t value)
```

```
void lv_style_set_transform_width (lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
```

```
void lv_style_set_transform_height(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_translate_x(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_translate_y(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_transform_zoom(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_transform_angle(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_pad_top(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_pad_bottom(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_pad_left(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_pad_right(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_pad_row(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_pad_column(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_bg_color(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_bg_color_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_bg_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)

void lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_bg_grad_color_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_bg_grad_dir(lv_style_t *style, lv_grad_dir_t value)

void lv_style_set_bg_main_stop(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_bg_grad_stop(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_bg_grad(lv_style_t *style, const lv_grad_dsc_t *value)

void lv_style_set_bg_dither_mode(lv_style_t *style, lv_dither_mode_t value)
```



```
void lv_style_set_bg_img_src(lv_style_t *style, const void *value)

void lv_style_set_bg_img_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)

void lv_style_set_bg_img_recolor(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_bg_img_recolor_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_bg_img_recolor_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)

void lv_style_set_bg_img_tiled(lv_style_t *style, bool value)

void lv_style_set_border_color(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_border_color_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_border_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)

void lv_style_set_border_width(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_border_side(lv_style_t *style, lv_border_side_t value)

void lv_style_set_border_post(lv_style_t *style, bool value)

void lv_style_set_outline_width(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_outline_color(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_outline_color_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_outline_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)

void lv_style_set_outline_pad(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_shadow_width(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_x(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_y(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_shadow_spread(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)
```

```
void lv_style_set_shadow_color(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_shadow_color_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_shadow_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)

void lv_style_set_img_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)

void lv_style_set_img_recolor(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_img_recolor_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_img_recolor_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)

void lv_style_set_line_width(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_line_dash_width(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_line_dash_gap(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_line_rounded(lv_style_t *style, bool value)

void lv_style_set_line_color(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_line_color_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_line_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)

void lv_style_set_arc_width(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_arc_rounded(lv_style_t *style, bool value)

void lv_style_set_arc_color(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_arc_color_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_arc_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)

void lv_style_set_arc_img_src(lv_style_t *style, const void *value)

void lv_style_set_text_color(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)
```

---

```
void lv_style_set_text_color_filtered(lv_style_t *style, lv_color_t value)

void lv_style_set_text_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)

void lv_style_set_text_font(lv_style_t *style, const lv_font_t *value)

void lv_style_set_text_letter_space(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_text_line_space(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_text_decor(lv_style_t *style, lv_text_decor_t value)

void lv_style_set_text_align(lv_style_t *style, lv_text_align_t value)

void lv_style_set_radius(lv_style_t *style, lv_coord_t value)

void lv_style_set_clip_corner(lv_style_t *style, bool value)

void lv_style_set_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)

void lv_style_set_color_filter_dsc(lv_style_t *style, const lv_color_filter_dsc_t *value)

void lv_style_set_color_filter_opa(lv_style_t *style, lv_opa_t value)

void lv_style_set_anim(lv_style_t *style, const lv_anim_t *value)

void lv_style_set_anim_time(lv_style_t *style, uint32_t value)

void lv_style_set_anim_speed(lv_style_t *style, uint32_t value)

void lv_style_set_transition(lv_style_t *style, const lv_style_transition_dsc_t *value)

void lv_style_set_blend_mode(lv_style_t *style, lv_blend_mode_t value)

void lv_style_set_layout(lv_style_t *style, uint16_t value)

void lv_style_set_base_dir(lv_style_t *style, lv_base_dir_t value)
```

## 5.4 Style properties

### 5.4.1 Size and position

Properties related to size, position, alignment and layout of the objects.

#### **width**

Sets the width of object. Pixel, percentage and `LV_SIZE_CONTENT` values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the width of the parent's content area.

#### **min\_width**

Sets a minimal width. Pixel and percentage values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the width of the parent's content area.

#### **max\_width**

Sets a maximal width. Pixel and percentage values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the width of the parent's content area.

#### **height**

Sets the height of object. Pixel, percentage and `LV_SIZE_CONTENT` can be used. Percentage values are relative to the height of the parent's content area.

#### **min\_height**

Sets a minimal height. Pixel and percentage values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the width of the parent's content area.

#### **max\_height**

Sets a maximal height. Pixel and percentage values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the height of the parent's content area.

#### **x**

Set the X coordinate of the object considering the set `align`. Pixel and percentage values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the width of the parent's content area.

## y

Set the Y coordinate of the object considering the set `align`. Pixel and percentage values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the height of the parent's content area.

## align

Set the alignment which tells from which point of the parent the X and Y coordinates should be interpreted. The possible values are: `LV_ALIGN_DEFAULT`, `LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT/MID/RIGHT`, `LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_LEFT/MID/RIGHT`, `LV_ALIGN_LEFT/RIGHT_MID`, `LV_ALIGN_CENTER`. `LV_ALIGN_DEFAULT` means `LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT` with LTR base direction and `LV_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT` with RTL base direction.

## transform\_width

Make the object wider on both sides with this value. Pixel and percentage (with `lv_pct(x)`) values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the object's width.

## transform\_height

Make the object higher on both sides with this value. Pixel and percentage (with `lv_pct(x)`) values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the object's height.

## translate\_x

Move the object with this value in X direction. Applied after layouts, aligns and other positioning. Pixel and percentage (with `lv_pct(x)`) values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the object's width.

## translate\_y

Move the object with this value in Y direction. Applied after layouts, aligns and other positioning. Pixel and percentage (with `lv_pct(x)`) values can be used. Percentage values are relative to the object's height.

## transform\_zoom

Zoom image-like objects. Multiplied with the zoom set on the object. The value 256 (or `LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE`) means normal size, 128 half size, 512 double size, and so on

## transform\_angle

Rotate image-like objects. Added to the rotation set on the object. The value is interpreted in 0.1 degree units. E.g. 45 deg. = 450

### 5.4.2 Padding

Properties to describe spacing between the parent's sides and the children and among the children. Very similar to the padding properties in HTML.

#### **pad\_top**

Sets the padding on the top. It makes the content area smaller in this direction.

#### **pad\_bottom**

Sets the padding on the bottom. It makes the content area smaller in this direction.

#### **pad\_left**

Sets the padding on the left. It makes the content area smaller in this direction.

#### **pad\_right**

Sets the padding on the right. It makes the content area smaller in this direction.

#### **pad\_row**

Sets the padding between the rows. Used by the layouts.

#### **pad\_column**

Sets the padding between the columns. Used by the layouts.

### 5.4.3 Background

Properties to describe the background color and image of the objects.

#### **bg\_color**

Set the background color of the object.

#### **bg\_opa**

Set the opacity of the background. Value 0, LV\_OPA\_0 or LV\_OPA\_TRANSP means fully transparent, 255, LV\_OPA\_100 or LV\_OPA\_COVER means fully covering, other values or LV\_OPA\_10, LV\_OPA\_20, etc means semi transparency.

**bg\_grad\_color**

Set the gradient color of the background. Used only if `grad_dir` is not `LV_GRAD_DIR_NONE`

**bg\_grad\_dir**

Set the direction of the gradient of the background. The possible values are `LV_GRAD_DIR_NONE/HOR/VER`.

**bg\_main\_stop**

Set the point from which the background color should start for gradients. 0 means to top/left side, 255 the bottom/right side, 128 the center, and so on

**bg\_grad\_stop**

Set the point from which the background's gradient color should start. 0 means to top/left side, 255 the bottom/right side, 128 the center, and so on

**bg\_grad**

Set the gradient definition. The pointed instance must exist while the object is alive. NULL to disable. It wraps `BG_GRAD_COLOR`, `BG_GRAD_DIR`, `BG_MAIN_STOP` and `BG_GRAD_STOP` into one descriptor and allows creating gradients with more colors too.

**bg\_dither\_mode**

Set the dithering mode of the gradient of the background. The possible values are `LV_DITHER_NONE/ORDERED/ERR_DIFF`.

**bg\_img\_src**

Set a background image. Can be a pointer to `lv_img_dsc_t`, a path to a file or an `LV_SYMBOL_...`

**bg\_img\_opa**

Set the opacity of the background image. Value 0, `LV_OPA_0` or `LV_OPA_TRANSP` means fully transparent, 255, `LV_OPA_100` or `LV_OPA_COVER` means fully covering, other values or `LV_OPA_10`, `LV_OPA_20`, etc means semi transparency.

**bg\_img\_recolor**

Set a color to mix to the background image.

**bg\_img\_recolor\_opa**

Set the intensity of background image recoloring. Value 0, `LV_OPA_0` or `LV_OPA_TRANSP` means no mixing, 255, `LV_OPA_100` or `LV_OPA_COVER` means full recoloring, other values or `LV_OPA_10`, `LV_OPA_20`, etc are interpreted proportionally.

**bg\_img\_tiled**

If enabled the background image will be tiled. The possible values are `true` or `false`.

**5.4.4 Border**

Properties to describe the borders

**border\_color**

Set the color of the border

**border\_opa**

Set the opacity of the border. Value 0, `LV_OPA_0` or `LV_OPA_TRANSP` means fully transparent, 255, `LV_OPA_100` or `LV_OPA_COVER` means fully covering, other values or `LV_OPA_10`, `LV_OPA_20`, etc means semi transparency.

**border\_width**

Set the width of the border. Only pixel values can be used.

**border\_side**

Set only which side(s) the border should be drawn. The possible values are `LV_BORDER_SIDE_NONE/TOP/BOTTOM/LEFT/RIGHT/INTERNAL`. OR-ed values can be used as well, e.g. `LV_BORDER_SIDE_TOP | LV_BORDER_SIDE_LEFT`.

**border\_post**

Sets whether the border should be drawn before or after the children are drawn. `true`: after children, `false`: before children



### 5.4.5 Outline

Properties to describe the outline. It's like a border but drawn outside of the rectangles.

#### **outline\_width**

Set the width of the outline in pixels.

#### **outline\_color**

Set the color of the outline.

#### **outline\_opa**

Set the opacity of the outline. Value 0, LV\_OPA\_0 or LV\_OPA\_TRANSP means fully transparent, 255, LV\_OPA\_100 or LV\_OPA\_COVER means fully covering, other values or LV\_OPA\_10, LV\_OPA\_20, etc means semi transparency.

#### **outline\_pad**

Set the padding of the outline, i.e. the gap between object and the outline.

### 5.4.6 Shadow

Properties to describe the shadow drawn under the rectangles.

#### **shadow\_width**

Set the width of the shadow in pixels. The value should be  $\geq 0$ .

#### **shadow\_ofs\_x**

Set an offset on the shadow in pixels in X direction.

#### **shadow\_ofs\_y**

Set an offset on the shadow in pixels in Y direction.

#### **shadow\_spread**

Make the shadow calculation to use a larger or smaller rectangle as base. The value can be in pixel to make the area larger/smaller

### **shadow\_color**

Set the color of the shadow

### **shadow\_opa**

Set the opacity of the shadow. Value 0, LV\_OPA\_0 or LV\_OPA\_TRANSP means fully transparent, 255, LV\_OPA\_100 or LV\_OPA\_COVER means fully covering, other values or LV\_OPA\_10, LV\_OPA\_20, etc means semi transparency.

## **5.4.7 Image**

Properties to describe the images

### **img\_opa**

Set the opacity of an image. Value 0, LV\_OPA\_0 or LV\_OPA\_TRANSP means fully transparent, 255, LV\_OPA\_100 or LV\_OPA\_COVER means fully covering, other values or LV\_OPA\_10, LV\_OPA\_20, etc means semi transparency.

### **img\_recolor**

Set color to mix to the image.

### **img\_recolor\_opa**

Set the intensity of the color mixing. Value 0, LV\_OPA\_0 or LV\_OPA\_TRANSP means fully transparent, 255, LV\_OPA\_100 or LV\_OPA\_COVER means fully covering, other values or LV\_OPA\_10, LV\_OPA\_20, etc means semi transparency.

## **5.4.8 Line**

Properties to describe line-like objects

### **line\_width**

Set the width of the lines in pixel.

### **line\_dash\_width**

Set the width of dashes in pixel. Note that dash works only on horizontal and vertical lines

**line\_dash\_gap**

Set the gap between dashes in pixel. Note that dash works only on horizontal and vertical lines

**line\_rounded**

Make the end points of the lines rounded. `true`: rounded, `false`: perpendicular line ending

**line\_color**

Set the color fo the lines.

**line\_opa**

Set the opacity of the lines.

**5.4.9 Arc**

TODO

**arc\_width**

Set the width (thickness) of the arcs in pixel.

**arc\_rounded**

Make the end points of the arcs rounded. `true`: rounded, `false`: perpendicular line ending

**arc\_color**

Set the color of the arc.

**arc\_opa**

Set the opacity of the arcs.

**arc\_img\_src**

Set an image from which the arc will be masked out. It's useful to display complex effects on the arcs. Can be a pointer to `lv_img_dsc_t` or a path to a file

### 5.4.10 Text

Properties to describe the properties of text. All these properties are inherited.

#### **text\_color**

Sets the color of the text.

#### **text\_opa**

Set the opacity of the text. Value 0, LV\_OPA\_0 or LV\_OPA\_TRANSP means fully transparent, 255, LV\_OPA\_100 or LV\_OPA\_COVER means fully covering, other values or LV\_OPA\_10, LV\_OPA\_20, etc means semi transparency.

#### **text\_font**

Set the font of the text (a pointer lv\_font\_t \*).

#### **text\_letter\_space**

Set the letter space in pixels

#### **text\_line\_space**

Set the line space in pixels.

#### **text\_decor**

Set decoration for the text. The possible values are LV\_TEXT\_DECOR\_NONE/UNDERLINE/STRIKETHROUGH. OR-ed values can be used as well.

#### **text\_align**

Set how to align the lines of the text. Note that it doesn't align the object itself, only the lines inside the object. The possible values are LV\_TEXT\_ALIGN\_LEFT/CENTER/RIGHT/AUTO. LV\_TEXT\_ALIGN\_AUTO detect the text base direction and uses left or right alignment accordingly

### 5.4.11 Miscellaneous

Mixed properties for various purposes.

**radius**

Set the radius on every corner. The value is interpreted in pixel ( $\geq 0$ ) or `LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE` for max. radius

**clip\_corner**

Enable to clip the overflowed content on the rounded corner. Can be `true` or `false`.

**opa**

Scale down all opacity values of the object by this factor. Value 0, `LV_OPA_0` or `LV_OPA_TRANSP` means fully transparent, 255, `LV_OPA_100` or `LV_OPA_COVER` means fully covering, other values or `LV_OPA_10`, `LV_OPA_20`, etc means semi transparency.

**color\_filter\_dsc**

Mix a color to all colors of the object.

**color\_filter\_opa**

The intensity of mixing of color filter.

**anim**

The animation template for the object's animation. Should be a pointer to `lv_anim_t`. The animation parameters are widget specific, e.g. animation time could be the E.g. blink time of the cursor on the text area or scroll time of a roller. See the widgets' documentation to learn more.

**anim\_time**

The animation time in milliseconds. Its meaning is widget specific. E.g. blink time of the cursor on the text area or scroll time of a roller. See the widgets' documentation to learn more.

**anim\_speed**

The animation speed in pixel/sec. Its meaning is widget specific. E.g. scroll speed of label. See the widgets' documentation to learn more.

**transition**

An initialized `lv_style_transition_dsc_t` to describe a transition.

## blend\_mode

Describes how to blend the colors to the background. The possible values are LV\_BLEND\_MODE\_NORMAL/ADDITIVE/SUBTRACTIVE/MULTIPLY

## layout

Set the layout if the object. The children will be repositioned and resized according to the policies set for the layout. For the possible values see the documentation of the layouts.

## base\_dir

Set the base direction of the object. The possible values are LV\_BIDI\_DIR\_LTR/RTL/AUTO.

# 5.5 Scroll

## 5.5.1 Overview

In LVGL scrolling works very intuitively: if an object is outside its parent content area (the size without padding), the parent becomes scrollable and scrollbar(s) will appear. That's it.

Any object can be scrollable including lv\_obj\_t, lv\_img, lv\_btn, lv\_meter, etc

The object can either be scrolled horizontally or vertically in one stroke; diagonal scrolling is not possible.

## Scrollbar

### Mode

Scrollbars are displayed according to a configured mode. The following modes exist:

- LV\_SCROLLBAR\_MODE\_OFF Never show the scrollbars
- LV\_SCROLLBAR\_MODE\_ON Always show the scrollbars
- LV\_SCROLLBAR\_MODE\_ACTIVE Show scroll bars while an object is being scrolled
- LV\_SCROLLBAR\_MODE\_AUTO Show scroll bars when the content is large enough to be scrolled

lv\_obj\_set\_scrollbar\_mode(obj, LV\_SCROLLBAR\_MODE...) sets the scrollbar mode on an object.

## Styling

The scrollbars have their own dedicated part, called LV\_PART\_SCROLLBAR. For example a scrollbar can turn to red like this:

```
static lv_style_t style_red;
lv_style_init(&style_red);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_red, lv_color_red());
...
```

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```
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_red, LV_PART_SCROLLBAR);
```

An object goes to the `LV_STATE_SCROLLLED` state while it's being scrolled. This allows adding different styles to the scrollbar or the object itself when scrolled. This code makes the scrollbar blue when the object is scrolled:

```
static lv_style_t style_blue;
lv_style_init(&style_blue);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_blue, lv_color_blue());

...

lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_blue, LV_STATE_SCROLLLED | LV_PART_SCROLLBAR);
```

If the base direction of the `LV_PART_SCROLLBAR` is RTL (`LV_BASE_DIR_RTL`) the vertical scrollbar will be placed on the left. Note that, the `base_dir` style property is inherited. Therefore, it can be set directly on the `LV_PART_SCROLLBAR` part of an object or on the object's or any parent's main part to make a scrollbar inherit the base direction.

`pad_left/right/top/bottom` sets the spacing around the scrollbars and `width` sets the scrollbar's width.

## Events

The following events are related to scrolling:

- `LV_EVENT_SCROLL_BEGIN` Scrolling begins
- `LV_EVENT_SCROLL_END` Scrolling ends
- `LV_EVENT_SCROLL` Scroll happened. Triggered on every position change. Scroll events

## 5.5.2 Basic example

TODO

## 5.5.3 Features of scrolling

Besides, managing "normal" scrolling there are many interesting and useful additional features.

### Scrollable

It's possible to make an object non-scrollable with `lv_obj_clear_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLLABLE)`.

Non-scrollable objects can still propagate the scrolling (chain) to their parents.

The direction in which scrolling happens can be controlled by `lv_obj_set_scroll_dir(obj, LV_DIR_...)`. The following values are possible for the direction:

- `LV_DIR_TOP` only scroll up
- `LV_DIR_LEFT` only scroll left
- `LV_DIR_BOTTOM` only scroll down
- `LV_DIR_RIGHT` only scroll right

- `LV_DIR_HOR` only scroll horizontally
- `LV_DIR_VER` only scroll vertically
- `LV_DIR_ALL` scroll any directions

OR-ed values are also possible. E.g. `LV_DIR_TOP | LV_DIR_LEFT`.

### Scroll chain

If an object can't be scrolled further (e.g. its content has reached the bottom-most position) additional scrolling is propagated to its parent. If the parent can be scrolled in that direction than it will be scrolled instead. It continues propagating to the grandparent and grand-grandparents as well.

The propagation on scrolling is called "scroll chaining" and it can be enabled/disabled with `LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_CHAIN_HOR/VER` flag. If chaining is disabled the propagation stops on the object and the parent(s) won't be scrolled.

### Scroll momentum

When the user scrolls an object and releases it, LVGL can emulate inertial momentum for the scrolling. It's like the object was thrown and scrolling slows down smoothly.

The scroll momentum can be enabled/disabled with the `LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_MOMENTUM` flag.

### Elastic scroll

Normally an object can't be scrolled past the extremities of its content. That is the top side of the content can't be below the top side of the object.

However, with `LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_ELASTIC` a fancy effect is added when the user "over-scrolls" the content. The scrolling slows down, and the content can be scrolled inside the object. When the object is released the content scrolled in it will be animated back to the valid position.

### Snapping

The children of an object can be snapped according to specific rules when scrolling ends. Children can be made snappable individually with the `LV_OBJ_FLAG_SNAPPABLE` flag.

An object can align snapped children in four ways:

- `LV_SCROLL_SNAP_NONE` Snapping is disabled. (default)
- `LV_SCROLL_SNAP_START` Align the children to the left/top side of a scrolled object
- `LV_SCROLL_SNAP_END` Align the children to the right/bottom side of a scrolled object
- `LV_SCROLL_SNAP_CENTER` Align the children to the center of a scrolled object

Snap alignment is set with `lv_obj_set_scroll_snap_x/y(obj, LV_SCROLL_SNAP_...)`:

Under the hood the following happens:

1. User scrolls an object and releases the screen
2. LVGL calculates where the scroll would end considering scroll momentum
3. LVGL finds the nearest scroll point



#### 4. LVGL scrolls to the snap point with an animation

##### Scroll one

The "scroll one" feature tells LVGL to allow scrolling only one snappable child at a time. This requires making the children snappable and setting a scroll snap alignment different from `LV_SCROLL_SNAP_NONE`.

This feature can be enabled by the `LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_ONE` flag.

##### Scroll on focus

Imagine that there a lot of objects in a group that are on a scrollable object. Pressing the "Tab" button focuses the next object but it might be outside the visible area of the scrollable object. If the "scroll on focus" feature is enabled LVGL will automatically scroll objects to bring their children into view. The scrolling happens recursively therefore even nested scrollable objects are handled properly. The object will be scrolled into view even if it's on a different page of a tabview.

### 5.5.4 Scroll manually

The following API functions allow manual scrolling of objects:

- `lv_obj_scroll_by(obj, x, y, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF)` scroll by x and y values
- `lv_obj_scroll_to(obj, x, y, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF)` scroll to bring the given coordinate to the top left corner
- `lv_obj_scroll_to_x(obj, x, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF)` scroll to bring the given coordinate to the left side
- `lv_obj_scroll_to_y(obj, y, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF)` scroll to bring the given coordinate to the top side

From time to time you may need to retrieve the scroll position of an element, either to restore it later, or to display dynamically some elements according to the current scroll. Here is an example to see how to combine scroll event and store the scroll top position.

```
static int scroll_value = 0;

static void store_scroll_value_event_cb(lv_event_t* e) {
    lv_obj_t* screen = lv_event_get_target(e);
    scroll_value = lv_obj_get_scroll_top(screen);
    printf("%d pixels are scrolled out on the top\n", scroll_value);
}

lv_obj_t* container = lv_obj_create(NULL);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(container, store_scroll_value_event_cb, LV_EVENT_SCROLL, NULL);
```

Scroll coordinates can be retrieve from differents axes with these functions:

- `lv_obj_get_scroll_x(obj)` Get the x coordinate of object
- `lv_obj_get_scroll_y(obj)` Get the y coordinate of object
- `lv_obj_get_scroll_top(obj)` Get the scroll coordinate from the top
- `lv_obj_get_scroll_bottom(obj)` Get the scroll coordinate from the bottom
- `lv_obj_get_scroll_left(obj)` Get the scroll coordinate from the left
- `lv_obj_get_scroll_right(obj)` Get the scroll coordinate from the right

### 5.5.5 Self size

Self size is a property of an object. Normally, the user shouldn't use this parameter but if a custom widget is created it might be useful.

In short, self size establishes the size of an object's content. To understand it better take the example of a table. Let's say it has 10 rows each with 50 px height. So the total height of the content is 500 px. In other words the "self height" is 500 px. If the user sets only 200 px height for the table LVGL will see that the self size is larger and make the table scrollable.

This means not only the children can make an object scrollable but a larger self size will too.

LVGL uses the `LV_EVENT_GET_SELF_SIZE` event to get the self size of an object. Here is an example to see how to handle the event:

```
if(event_code == LV_EVENT_GET_SELF_SIZE) {
    lv_point_t * p = lv_event_get_param(e);

    //If x or y < 0 then it doesn't need to be calculated now
    if(p->x >= 0) {
        p->x = 200;          //Set or calculate the self width
    }

    if(p->y >= 0) {
        p->y = 50;           //Set or calculate the self height
    }
}
```

### 5.5.6 Examples

#### Nested scrolling

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Demonstrate how scrolling appears automatically
 */
void lv_example_scroll_1(void)
{
    /*Create an object with the new style*/
    lv_obj_t * panel = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(panel, 200, 200);
    lv_obj_center(panel);

    lv_obj_t * child;
    lv_obj_t * label;

    child = lv_obj_create(panel);
    lv_obj_set_pos(child, 0, 0);
    lv_obj_set_size(child, 70, 70);
    label = lv_label_create(child);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Zero");
    lv_obj_center(label);

    child = lv_obj_create(panel);
    lv_obj_set_pos(child, 160, 80);
```

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```

    lv_obj_set_size(child, 80, 80);

    lv_obj_t * child2 = lv_btn_create(child);
    lv_obj_set_size(child2, 100, 50);

    label = lv_label_create(child2);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Right");
    lv_obj_center(label);

    child = lv_obj_create(panel);
    lv_obj_set_pos(child, 40, 160);
    lv_obj_set_size(child, 100, 70);
    label = lv_label_create(child);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Bottom");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Demonstrate how scrolling appears automatically
#
# Create an object with the new style
panel = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
panel.set_size(200, 200)
panel.center()

child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set_pos(0, 0)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set_text("Zero")
label.center()

child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set_pos(-40, 100)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set_text("Left")
label.center()

child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set_pos(90, -30)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set_text("Top")
label.center()

child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set_pos(150, 80)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set_text("Right")
label.center()

child = lv.obj(panel)
child.set_pos(60, 170)
label = lv.label(child)
label.set_text("Bottom")
label.center()

```

## Snapping

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_FLEX

static void sw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * sw = lv_event_get_target(e);

    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        lv_obj_t * list = lv_event_get_user_data(e);

        if(lv_obj_has_state(sw, LV_STATE_CHECKED)) lv_obj_add_flag(list, LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_ONE);
        else lv_obj_clear_flag(list, LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_ONE);
    }
}

/**
 * Show an example to scroll snap
 */
void lv_example_scroll_2(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * panel = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(panel, 280, 120);
    lv_obj_set_scroll_snap_x(panel, LV_SCROLL_SNAP_CENTER);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(panel, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW);
    lv_obj_align(panel, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 20);

    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(panel);
        lv_obj_set_size(btn, 150, lv_pct(100));

        lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);
        if(i == 3) {
            lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Panel %"LV_PRIu32"\nno snap", i);
            lv_obj_clear_flag(btn, LV_OBJ_FLAG_SNAPPABLE);
        }
        else {
            lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Panel %"LV_PRIu32, i);
        }

        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
    lv_obj_update_snap(panel, LV_ANIM_ON);

#if LV_USE_SWITCH
    /*Switch between "One scroll" and "Normal scroll" mode*/
    lv_obj_t * sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(sw, LV_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT, -20, 10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, sw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, panel);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "One scroll");
    lv_obj_align_to(label, sw, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 5);
#endif
}

#endif
```

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```

}

#endif

def sw_event_cb(e, panel):

    code = e.get_code()
    sw = e.get_target()

    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:

        if sw.has_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED):
            panel.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.SCROLL_ONE)
        else:
            panel.clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.SCROLL_ONE)

#
# Show an example to scroll snap
#

panel = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
panel.set_size(280, 150)
panel.set_scroll_snap_x(lv.SCROLL_SNAP.CENTER)
panel.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW)
panel.center()

for i in range(10):
    btn = lv.btn(panel)
    btn.set_size(150, 100)

    label = lv.label(btn)
    if i == 3:
        label.set_text("Panel {:d}\nno snap".format(i))
        btn.clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.SNAPPABLE)
    else:
        label.set_text("Panel {:d}".format(i))
        label.center()

panel.update_snap(lv.ANIM.ON)

# Switch between "One scroll" and "Normal scroll" mode
sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_RIGHT, -20, 10)
sw.add_event_cb(lambda evt: sw_event_cb(evt, panel), lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set_text("One scroll")
label.align_to(sw, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 5)

```

## Floating button

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_LIST

static uint32_t btn_cnt = 1;

static void float_btn_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * float_btn = lv_event_get_target(e);

    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        lv_obj_t * list = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
        char buf[32];
        lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "Track %d", (int)btn_cnt);
        lv_obj_t * list_btn = lv_list_add_btn(list, LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO, buf);
        btn_cnt++;

        lv_obj_move_foreground(float_btn);

        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(list_btn, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}

/**
 * Create a list a with a floating button
 */
void lv_example_scroll_3(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * list = lv_list_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(list, 280, 220);
    lv_obj_center(list);

    for(btn_cnt = 1; btn_cnt <= 2; btn_cnt++) {
        char buf[32];
        lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "Track %d", (int)btn_cnt);
        lv_list_add_btn(list, LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO, buf);
    }

    lv_obj_t * float_btn = lv_btn_create(list);
    lv_obj_set_size(float_btn, 50, 50);
    lv_obj_add_flag(float_btn, LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLOATING);
    lv_obj_align(float_btn, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_RIGHT, 0, -lv_obj_get_style_pad_
    ↪right(list, LV_PART_MAIN));
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(float_btn, float_btn_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, list);
    lv_obj_set_style_radius(float_btn, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_src(float_btn, LV_SYMBOL_PLUS, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_text_font(float_btn, lv_theme_get_font_large(float_btn), 0);
}

#endif
```

```
class ScrollExample_3():
    def __init__(self):
        self.btn_cnt = 1
        #
```

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```

# Create a list a with a floating button
#

list = lv.list(lv.scr_act())
list.set_size(280, 220)
list.center()

for btn_cnt in range(2):
    list.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.AUDIO, "Track {:d}".format(btn_cnt))

float_btn = lv.btn(list)
float_btn.set_size(50, 50)
float_btn.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.FLOATING)
float_btn.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_RIGHT, 0, -list.get_style_pad_right(lv.PART.
↪MAIN))
float_btn.add_event_cb(lambda evt: self.float_btn_event_cb(evt, list), lv.
↪EVENT.ALL, None)
float_btn.set_style_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0)
float_btn.set_style_bg_img_src(lv.SYMBOL.PLUS, 0)
float_btn.set_style_text_font(lv.theme_get_font_large(float_btn), 0)

def float_btn_event_cb(self, e, list):
    code = e.get_code()
    float_btn = e.get_target()

    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        list_btn = list.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.AUDIO, "Track {:d}".format(self.btn_
↪cnt))
        self.btn_cnt += 1

        float_btn.move_foreground()

        list_btn.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)

scroll_example_3 = ScrollExample_3()

```

## Styling the scrollbars

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_LIST

/**
 * Styling the scrollbars
 */
void lv_example_scroll_4(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 200, 100);
    lv_obj_center(obj);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text(label,

```

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```

        "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.\n"
        "Etiam dictum, tortor vestibulum lacinia laoreet, mi neque.
↳consectetur neque, vel mattis odio dolor egestas ligula. \n"
        "Sed vestibulum sapien nulla, id convallis ex porttitor nec. \n"
        "Duis et massa eu libero accumsan faucibus a in arcu. \n"
        "Ut pulvinar odio lorem, vel tempus turpis condimentum quis.
↳Nam consectetur condimentum sem in auctor. \n"
        "Sed nisl augue, venenatis in blandit et, gravida ac tortor. \n"
        "Etiam dapibus elementum suscipit. \n"
        "Proin mollis sollicitudin convallis. \n"
        "Integer dapibus tempus arcu nec viverra. \n"
        "Donec molestie nulla enim, eu interdum velit placerat quis. \n"
        "Donec id efficitur risus, at molestie turpis. \n"
        "Suspendisse vestibulum consectetur nunc ut commodo. \n"
        "Fusce molestie rhoncus nisi sit amet tincidunt. \n"
        "Suspendisse a nunc ut magna ornare volutpat.");

/*Remove the style of scrollbar to have clean start*/
lv_obj_remove_style(obj, NULL, LV_PART_SCROLLBAR | LV_STATE_ANY);

/*Create a transition the animate the some properties on state change*/
static const lv_style_prop_t props[] = {LV_STYLE_BG_OPA, LV_STYLE_WIDTH, 0};
static lv_style_transition_dsc_t trans;
lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&trans, props, lv_anim_path_linear, 200, 0, NULL);

/*Create a style for the scrollbars*/
static lv_style_t style;
lv_style_init(&style);
lv_style_set_width(&style, 4);      /*Width of the scrollbar*/
lv_style_set_pad_right(&style, 5); /*Space from the parallel side*/
lv_style_set_pad_top(&style, 5);   /*Space from the perpendicular side*/

lv_style_set_radius(&style, 2);
lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_70);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 3));
lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 2);
lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style, 8);
lv_style_set_shadow_spread(&style, 2);
lv_style_set_shadow_color(&style, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 1));

lv_style_set_transition(&style, &trans);

/*Make the scrollbars wider and use 100% opacity when scrolled*/
static lv_style_t style_scrolled;
lv_style_init(&style_scrolled);
lv_style_set_width(&style_scrolled, 8);
lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_scrolled, LV_OPA_COVER);

lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style, LV_PART_SCROLLBAR);
lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_scrolled, LV_PART_SCROLLBAR | LV_STATE_SCROLLED);
}

#endif

```



```

#
# Styling the scrollbars
#
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.set_size(200, 100)
obj.center()

label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text(
    """
    Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.
    Etiam dictum, tortor vestibulum lacinia laoreet, mi neque consectetur neque, vel
    ↪mattis odio dolor egestas ligula.
    Sed vestibulum sapien nulla, id convallis ex porttitor nec.
    Duis et massa eu libero accumsan faucibus a in arcu.
    Ut pulvinar odio lorem, vel tempus turpis condimentum quis. Nam consectetur
    ↪condimentum sem in auctor.
    Sed nisl augue, venenatis in blandit et, gravida ac tortor.
    Etiam dapibus elementum suscipit.
    Proin mollis sollicitudin convallis.
    Integer dapibus tempus arcu nec viverra.
    Donec molestie nulla enim, eu interdum velit placerat quis.
    Donec id efficitur risus, at molestie turpis.
    Suspendisse vestibulum consectetur nunc ut commodo.
    Fusce molestie rhoncus nisi sit amet tincidunt.
    Suspendisse a nunc ut magna ornare volutpat.
    """)

# Remove the style of scrollbar to have clean start
obj.remove_style(None, lv.PART.SCROLLBAR | lv.STATE.ANY)

# Create a transition the animate the some properties on state change
props = [lv.STYLE.BG_OPA, lv.STYLE.WIDTH, 0]
trans = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
trans.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 200, 0, None)

# Create a style for the scrollbars
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_width(4)           # Width of the scrollbar
style.set_pad_right(5)       # Space from the parallel side
style.set_pad_top(5)         # Space from the perpendicular side

style.set_radius(2)
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA._70)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 3))
style.set_border_width(2)
style.set_shadow_width(8)
style.set_shadow_spread(2)
style.set_shadow_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 1))

style.set_transition(trans)

# Make the scrollbars wider and use 100% opacity when scrolled
style_scrolled = lv.style_t()

```

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```

style_scrolled.init()
style_scrolled.set_width(8)
style_scrolled.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)

obj.add_style(style, lv.PART.SCROLLBAR)
obj.add_style(style_scrolled, lv.PART.SCROLLBAR | lv.STATE.SCROLLED)

```

## Right to left scrolling

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_FONT_DEJAVU_16_PERSIAN_HEBREW

/**
 * Scrolling with Right To Left base direction
 */
void lv_example_scroll_5(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(obj, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 200, 100);
    lv_obj_center(obj);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text(label,
        "ریزپردازنده گونه‌ای (Microcontroller انگلیسی: به میکروکنترلر)
        پورت‌های تایمر، (ROM) فقطخواندنی حافظه و (RAM) تصادفی دسترسی حافظه دارای که است
        و ورودی پورت‌های تایمر، تراشه خود درون سریال)، پورت Serial Port) ترتیبی درگاه و (I/O) خروجی و ورودی
        مدار میکروکنترلر، یک دیگر عبارت به کند. کنترل را دیگر ابزارهای تنه‌ای به می‌تواند
        خروجی و ورودی درگاه‌های تایمر، مانند دیگری اجزای و کوچک CPU یک از که است کوچکی مجتمع
        (شده است. تشکیل حافظه و دیجیتالی و آنالوگ)";
    lv_obj_set_width(label, 400);
    lv_obj_set_style_text_font(label, &lv_font_dejavu_16_persian_hebrew, 0);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Scrolling with Right To Left base direction
#
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.set_style_base_dir(lv.BASE_DIR.RTL, 0)
obj.set_size(200, 100)
obj.center()

label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("ریزپردازنده گونه‌ای (Microcontroller انگلیسی: به میکروکنترلر)
و ورودی پورت‌های تایمر، (ROM) فقطخواندنی حافظه و (RAM) تصادفی دسترسی حافظه دارای که
می‌تواند و است، تراشه خود درون سریال)، پورت Serial Port) ترتیبی درگاه و (I/O) خروجی
مجتمع مدار میکروکنترلر، یک دیگر عبارت به کند. کنترل را دیگر ابزارهای تنه‌ای به
خروجی و ورودی درگاه‌های تایمر، مانند دیگری اجزای و کوچک CPU یک از که است کوچکی
(شده است. تشکیل حافظه و دیجیتالی و آنالوگ)";

```

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```
label.set_width(400)
label.set_style_text_font(lv.font_dejavu_16_persian_hebrew, 0)
```

### Translate on scroll

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_FLEX

static void scroll_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_event_get_target(e);

    lv_area_t cont_a;
    lv_obj_get_coords(cont, &cont_a);
    lv_coord_t cont_y_center = cont_a.y1 + lv_area_get_height(&cont_a) / 2;

    lv_coord_t r = lv_obj_get_height(cont) * 7 / 10;
    uint32_t i;
    uint32_t child_cnt = lv_obj_get_child_cnt(cont);
    for(i = 0; i < child_cnt; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * child = lv_obj_get_child(cont, i);
        lv_area_t child_a;
        lv_obj_get_coords(child, &child_a);

        lv_coord_t child_y_center = child_a.y1 + lv_area_get_height(&child_a) / 2;

        lv_coord_t diff_y = child_y_center - cont_y_center;
        diff_y = LV_ABS(diff_y);

        /*Get the x of diff_y on a circle.*/
        lv_coord_t x;
        /*If diff_y is out of the circle use the last point of the circle (the
↪radius)*/
        if(diff_y >= r) {
            x = r;
        }
        else {
            /*Use Pythagoras theorem to get x from radius and y*/
            uint32_t x_sqr = r * r - diff_y * diff_y;
            lv_sqrt_res_t res;
            lv_sqrt(x_sqr, &res, 0x8000); /*Use lvgl's built in sqrt root function*/
            x = r - res.i;
        }

        /*Translate the item by the calculated X coordinate*/
        lv_obj_set_style_translate_x(child, x, 0);

        /*Use some opacity with larger translations*/
        lv_opa_t opa = lv_map(x, 0, r, LV_OPA_TRANSP, LV_OPA_COVER);
        lv_obj_set_style_opa(child, LV_OPA_COVER - opa, 0);
    }
}

/**
```

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```

* Translate the object as they scroll
*/
void lv_example_scroll_6(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 200, 200);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(cont, scroll_event_cb, LV_EVENT_SCROLL, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_style_radius(cont, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_clip_corner(cont, true, 0);
    lv_obj_set_scroll_dir(cont, LV_DIR_VER);
    lv_obj_set_scroll_snap_y(cont, LV_SCROLL_SNAP_CENTER);
    lv_obj_set_scrollbar_mode(cont, LV_SCROLLBAR_MODE_OFF);

    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(cont);
        lv_obj_set_width(btn, lv_pct(100));

        lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Button %"LV_PRIu32, i);
    }

    /*Update the buttons position manually for first*/
    lv_event_send(cont, LV_EVENT_SCROLL, NULL);

    /*Be sure the first button is in the middle*/
    lv_obj_scroll_to_view(lv_obj_get_child(cont, 0), LV_ANIM_OFF);
}

#endif

```

```

def scroll_event_cb(e):

    cont = e.get_target()

    cont_a = lv.area_t()
    cont.get_coords(cont_a)
    cont_y_center = cont_a.y1 + cont_a.get_height() // 2

    r = cont.get_height() * 7 // 10

    child_cnt = cont.get_child_cnt()
    for i in range(child_cnt):
        child = cont.get_child(i)
        child_a = lv.area_t()
        child.get_coords(child_a)

        child_y_center = child_a.y1 + child_a.get_height() // 2

        diff_y = child_y_center - cont_y_center
        diff_y = abs(diff_y)

        # Get the x of diff_y on a circle.

```

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```

# If diff_y is out of the circle use the last point of the circle (the radius)
if diff_y >= r:
    x = r
else:
    # Use Pythagoras theorem to get x from radius and y
    x_sqr = r * r - diff_y * diff_y
    res = lv.sqrt_res_t()
    lv.sqrt(x_sqr, res, 0x8000) # Use lvgl's built in sqrt root function
    x = r - res.i

# Translate the item by the calculated X coordinate
child.set_style_translate_x(x, 0)

# Use some opacity with larger translations
opa = lv.map(x, 0, r, lv.OPA.TRANSP, lv.OPA.COVER)
child.set_style_opa(lv.OPA.COVER - opa, 0)

#
# Translate the object as they scroll
#

cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(200, 200)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.COLUMN)
cont.add_event_cb(scroll_event_cb, lv.EVENT.SCROLL, None)
cont.set_style_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0)
cont.set_style_clip_corner(True, 0)
cont.set_scroll_dir(lv.DIR.VER)
cont.set_scroll_snap_y(lv.SCROLL_SNAP.CENTER)
cont.set_scrollbar_mode(lv.SCROLLBAR_MODE.OFF)

for i in range(20):
    btn = lv.btn(cont)
    btn.set_width(lv.pct(100))

    label = lv.label(btn)
    label.set_text("Button " + str(i))

# Update the buttons position manually for first*
lv.event_send(cont, lv.EVENT.SCROLL, None)

# Be sure the first button is in the middle
#lv.obj.scroll_to_view(cont.get_child(0), lv.ANIM.OFF)
cont.get_child(0).scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.OFF)

```

## 5.6 Layers

### 5.6.1 Order of creation

By default, LVGL draws new objects on top of old objects.

For example, assume we add a button to a parent object named button1 and then another button named button2. Then button1 (along with its child object(s)) will be in the background and can be covered by button2 and its children.



```
/*Create a screen*/
lv_obj_t * scr = lv_obj_create(NULL, NULL);
lv_scr_load(scr);          /*Load the screen*/

/*Create 2 buttons*/
lv_obj_t * btn1 = lv_btn_create(scr, NULL);          /*Create a button on the screen*/
lv_btn_set_fit(btn1, true, true);                    /*Enable automatically setting
↳the size according to content*/
lv_obj_set_pos(btn1, 60, 40);                        /*Set the position of the
↳button*/

lv_obj_t * btn2 = lv_btn_create(scr, btn1);           /*Copy the first button*/
lv_obj_set_pos(btn2, 180, 80);                       /*Set the position of the button*/

/*Add labels to the buttons*/
lv_obj_t * label1 = lv_label_create(btn1, NULL);     /*Create a label on the first
↳button*/
lv_label_set_text(label1, "Button 1");               /*Set the text of the label*/

lv_obj_t * label2 = lv_label_create(btn2, NULL);     /*Create a label on the
↳second button*/
lv_label_set_text(label2, "Button 2");               /*Set the text of the
↳label*/

/*Delete the second label*/
```

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```
lv_obj_del(label2);
```

## 5.6.2 Bring to the foreground

There are four explicit ways to bring an object to the foreground:

- Use `lv_obj_move_foreground(obj)` to bring an object to the foreground. Similarly, use `lv_obj_move_background(obj)` to move it to the background.
- Use `lv_obj_move_up(obj)` to move an object one position up in the hierarchy. Similarly, use `lv_obj_move_down(obj)` to move an object one position down in the hierarchy.
- Use `lv_obj_swap(obj1, obj2)` to swap the relative layer position of two objects.
- When `lv_obj_set_parent(obj, new_parent)` is used, `obj` will be on the foreground of the `new_parent`.

## 5.6.3 Top and sys layers

LVGL uses two special layers named `layer_top` and `layer_sys`. Both are visible and common on all screens of a display. **They are not, however, shared among multiple physical displays.** The `layer_top` is always on top of the default screen (`lv_scr_act()`), and `layer_sys` is on top of `layer_top`.

The `layer_top` can be used by the user to create some content visible everywhere. For example, a menu bar, a pop-up, etc. If the `click` attribute is enabled, then `layer_top` will absorb all user clicks and acts as a modal.

```
lv_obj_add_flag(lv_layer_top(), LV_OBJ_FLAG_CLICKABLE);
```

The `layer_sys` is also used for similar purposes in LVGL. For example, it places the mouse cursor above all layers to be sure it's always visible.

## 5.7 Events

Events are triggered in LVGL when something happens which might be interesting to the user, e.g. when an object

- is clicked
- is scrolled
- has its value changed
- is redrawn, etc.

### 5.7.1 Add events to the object

The user can assign callback functions to an object to see its events. In practice, it looks like this:

```
lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, my_event_cb, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL); /*Assign an event
↳callback*/
...
```

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```
static void my_event_cb(lv_event_t * event)
{
    printf("Clicked\n");
}
```

In the example LV\_EVENT\_CLICKED means that only the click event will call my\_event\_cb. See the [list of event codes](#) for all the options. LV\_EVENT\_ALL can be used to receive all events.

The last parameter of lv\_obj\_add\_event\_cb is a pointer to any custom data that will be available in the event. It will be described later in more detail.

More events can be added to an object, like this:

```
lv_obj_add_event_cb(obj, my_event_cb_1, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(obj, my_event_cb_2, LV_EVENT_PRESSED, NULL);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(obj, my_event_cb_3, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
/*No filtering, receive all events*/
```

Even the same event callback can be used on an object with different user\_data. For example:

```
lv_obj_add_event_cb(obj, increment_on_click, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, &num1);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(obj, increment_on_click, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, &num2);
```

The events will be called in the order as they were added.

Other objects can use the same *event callback*.

## 5.7.2 Remove event(s) from an object

Events can be removed from an object with the lv\_obj\_remove\_event\_cb(obj, event\_cb) function or lv\_obj\_remove\_event\_dsc(obj, event\_dsc). event\_dsc is a pointer returned by lv\_obj\_add\_event\_cb.

## 5.7.3 Event codes

The event codes can be grouped into these categories:

- Input device events
- Drawing events
- Other events
- Special events
- Custom events

All objects (such as Buttons/Labels/Sliders etc.) regardless their type receive the *Input device*, *Drawing* and *Other* events.

However, the *Special events* are specific to a particular widget type. See the [widgets' documentation](#) to learn when they are sent,

*Custom events* are added by the user and are never sent by LVGL.

The following event codes exist:



## Input device events

- **LV\_EVENT\_PRESSED** An object has been pressed
- **LV\_EVENT\_PRESSING** An object is being pressed (called continuously while pressing)
- **LV\_EVENT\_PRESS\_LOST** An object is still being pressed but slid cursor/finger off of the object
- **LV\_EVENT\_SHORT\_CLICKED** An object was pressed for a short period of time, then released. Not called if scrolled.
- **LV\_EVENT\_LONG\_PRESSED** An object has been pressed for at least the `long_press_time` specified in the input device driver. Not called if scrolled.
- **LV\_EVENT\_LONG\_PRESSED\_REPEAT** Called after `long_press_time` in every `long_press_repeat_time` ms. Not called if scrolled.
- **LV\_EVENT\_CLICKED** Called on release if an object did not scroll (regardless of long press)
- **LV\_EVENT\_RELEASED** Called in every case when an object has been released
- **LV\_EVENT\_SCROLL\_BEGIN** Scrolling begins. The event parameter is `NULL` or an `lv_anim_t *` with a scroll animation descriptor that can be modified if required.
- **LV\_EVENT\_SCROLL\_END** Scrolling ends.
- **LV\_EVENT\_SCROLL** An object was scrolled
- **LV\_EVENT\_GESTURE** A gesture is detected. Get the gesture with `lv_indev_get_gesture_dir(lv_indev_get_act());`
- **LV\_EVENT\_KEY** A key is sent to an object. Get the key with `lv_indev_get_key(lv_indev_get_act());`
- **LV\_EVENT\_FOCUSED** An object is focused
- **LV\_EVENT\_DEFOCUSED** An object is unfocused
- **LV\_EVENT\_LEAVE** An object is unfocused but still selected
- **LV\_EVENT\_HIT\_TEST** Perform advanced hit-testing. Use `lv_hit_test_info_t * a = lv_event_get_hit_test_info(e)` and check if `a->point` can click the object or not. If not set `a->res = false`

## Drawing events

- **LV\_EVENT\_COVER\_CHECK** Check if an object fully covers an area. The event parameter is `lv_cover_check_info_t *`.
- **LV\_EVENT\_REFR\_EXT\_DRAW\_SIZE** Get the required extra draw area around an object (e.g. for a shadow). The event parameter is `lv_coord_t *` to store the size. Only overwrite it with a larger value.
- **LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_MAIN\_BEGIN** Starting the main drawing phase.
- **LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_MAIN** Perform the main drawing
- **LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_MAIN\_END** Finishing the main drawing phase
- **LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_POST\_BEGIN** Starting the post draw phase (when all children are drawn)
- **LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_POST** Perform the post draw phase (when all children are drawn)
- **LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_POST\_END** Finishing the post draw phase (when all children are drawn)

- `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN` Starting to draw a part. The event parameter is `lv_obj_draw_dsc_t *`. Learn more [here](#).
- `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END` Finishing to draw a part. The event parameter is `lv_obj_draw_dsc_t *`. Learn more [here](#).

In `LV_EVENT_DRAW...` events it's not allowed to adjust the widgets' properties. E.g. you can not call `lv_obj_set_width()`. In other words only **get** functions can be called.

### Other events

- `LV_EVENT_DELETE` Object is being deleted
- `LV_EVENT_CHILD_CHANGED` Child was removed/added
- `LV_EVENT_CHILD_CREATED` Child was created, always bubbles up to all parents
- `LV_EVENT_CHILD_DELETED` Child was deleted, always bubbles up to all parents
- `LV_EVENT_SIZE_CHANGED` Object coordinates/size have changed
- `LV_EVENT_STYLE_CHANGED` Object's style has changed
- `LV_EVENT_BASE_DIR_CHANGED` The base dir has changed
- `LV_EVENT_GET_SELF_SIZE` Get the internal size of a widget
- `LV_EVENT_SCREEN_UNLOAD_START` A screen unload started, fired immediately when `lv_scr_load/lv_scr_load_anim` is called
- `LV_EVENT_SCREEN_LOAD_START` A screen load started, fired when the screen change delay is expired
- `LV_EVENT_SCREEN_LOADED` A screen was loaded, called when all animations are finished
- `LV_EVENT_SCREEN_UNLOADED` A screen was unloaded, called when all animations are finished

### Special events

- `LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED` The object's value has changed (i.e. slider moved)
- `LV_EVENT_INSERT` Text is being inserted into the object. The event data is `char *` being inserted.
- `LV_EVENT_REFRESH` Notify the object to refresh something on it (for the user)
- `LV_EVENT_READY` A process has finished
- `LV_EVENT_CANCEL` A process has been canceled

### Custom events

Any custom event codes can be registered by `uint32_t MY_EVENT_1 = lv_event_register_id();`

They can be sent to any object with `lv_event_send(obj, MY_EVENT_1, &some_data)`

### 5.7.4 Sending events

To manually send events to an object, use `lv_event_send(obj, <EVENT_CODE> &some_data)`.

For example, this can be used to manually close a message box by simulating a button press (although there are simpler ways to do this):

```
/*Simulate the press of the first button (indexes start from zero)*/
uint32_t btn_id = 0;
lv_event_send(mbox, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, &btn_id);
```

### Refresh event

`LV_EVENT_REFRESH` is a special event because it's designed to let the user notify an object to refresh itself. Some examples:

- notify a label to refresh its text according to one or more variables (e.g. current time)
- refresh a label when the language changes
- enable a button if some conditions are met (e.g. the correct PIN is entered)
- add/remove styles to/from an object if a limit is exceeded, etc

### 5.7.5 Fields of `lv_event_t`

`lv_event_t` is the only parameter passed to the event callback and it contains all data about the event. The following values can be gotten from it:

- `lv_event_get_code(e)` get the event code
- `lv_event_get_current_target(e)` get the object to which an event was sent. I.e. the object whose event handler is being called.
- `lv_event_get_target(e)` get the object that originally triggered the event (different from `lv_event_get_target` if *event bubbling* is enabled)
- `lv_event_get_user_data(e)` get the pointer passed as the last parameter of `lv_obj_add_event_cb`.
- `lv_event_get_param(e)` get the parameter passed as the last parameter of `lv_event_send`

### 5.7.6 Event bubbling

If `lv_obj_add_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE)` is enabled all events will be sent to an object's parent too. If the parent also has `LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE` enabled the event will be sent to its parent and so on.

The *target* parameter of the event is always the current target object, not the original object. To get the original target call `lv_event_get_original_target(e)` in the event handler.

## 5.7.7 Examples

### Button click event

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_SWITCH

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    LV_LOG_USER("Clicked");

    static uint32_t cnt = 1;
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_obj_get_child(btn, 0);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%u", LV_PRIu32, cnt);
    cnt++;
}

/**
 * Add click event to a button
 */
void lv_example_event_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(btn, 100, 50);
    lv_obj_center(btn);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_cb, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Click me!");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}

#endif
```

```
class Event_1():
    def __init__(self):
        self.cnt = 1
        #
        # Add click event to a button
        #

        btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
        btn.set_size(100, 50)
        btn.center()
        btn.add_event_cb(self.event_cb, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)

        label = lv.label(btn)
        label.set_text("Click me!")
        label.center()

    def event_cb(self, e):
        print("Clicked")

        btn = e.get_target()
        label = btn.get_child(0)
        label.set_text(str(self.cnt))
```

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```

        self.cnt += 1

    evt1 = Event_1()

```

## Handle multiple events

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_SWITCH

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_event_get_user_data(e);

    switch(code) {
        case LV_EVENT_PRESSED:
            lv_label_set_text(label, "The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_PRESSED");
            break;
        case LV_EVENT_CLICKED:
            lv_label_set_text(label, "The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_CLICKED");
            break;
        case LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED:
            lv_label_set_text(label, "The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED");
            break;
        case LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
            lv_label_set_text(label, "The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_
↪ REPEAT");
            break;
        default:
            break;
    }
}

/**
 * Handle multiple events
 */
void lv_example_event_2(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(btn, 100, 50);
    lv_obj_center(btn);

    lv_obj_t * btn_label = lv_label_create(btn);
    lv_label_set_text(btn_label, "Click me!");
    lv_obj_center(btn_label);

    lv_obj_t * info_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(info_label, "The last button event:\nNone");

    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, info_label);
}

#endif

```

```

def event_cb(e, label):
    code = e.get_code()
    if code == lv.EVENT.PRESSED:
        label.set_text("The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_PRESSED")
    elif code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        label.set_text("The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_CLICKED")
    elif code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED:
        label.set_text("The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED")
    elif code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        label.set_text("The last button event:\nLV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT")
btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
btn.set_size(100, 50)
btn.center()

btn_label = lv.label(btn)
btn_label.set_text("Click me!")
btn_label.center()

info_label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
info_label.set_text("The last button event:\nNone")

btn.add_event_cb(lambda e: event_cb(e, info_label), lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

```

## Event bubbling

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_FLEX

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    /*The original target of the event. Can be the buttons or the container*/
    lv_obj_t * target = lv_event_get_target(e);

    /*The current target is always the container as the event is added to it*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_event_get_current_target(e);

    /*If container was clicked do nothing*/
    if(target == cont) return;

    /*Make the clicked buttons red*/
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(target, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), 0);
}

/**
 * Demonstrate event bubbling
 */
void lv_example_event_3(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 290, 200);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP);

    uint32_t i;

```

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```

    for(i = 0; i < 30; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(cont);
        lv_obj_set_size(btn, 80, 50);
        lv_obj_add_flag(btn, LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE);

        lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }

    lv_obj_add_event_cb(cont, event_cb, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
}

#endif

```

```

def event_cb(e):

    # The original target of the event. Can be the buttons or the container
    target = e.get_target()
    # print(type(target))

    # If container was clicked do nothing
    if type(target) != type(lv.btn()):
        return

    # Make the clicked buttons red
    target.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), 0)

#
# Demonstrate event bubbling
#

cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(320, 200)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW_WRAP)

for i in range(30):
    btn = lv.btn(cont)
    btn.set_size(80, 50)
    btn.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.EVENT_BUBBLE)

    label = lv.label(btn)
    label.set_text(str(i))
    label.center()

cont.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)

```

## 5.8 Input devices

An input device usually means:

- Pointer-like input device like touchpad or mouse
- Keypads like a normal keyboard or simple numeric keypad
- Encoders with left/right turn and push options
- External hardware buttons which are assigned to specific points on the screen

---

**Important:** Before reading further, please read the [Porting](/porting/indev) section of Input devices

---

### 5.8.1 Pointers

#### Cursor

Pointer input devices (like a mouse) can have a cursor.

```
...
lv_indev_t * mouse_indev = lv_indev_drv_register(&indev_drv);

LV_IMG_DECLARE(mouse_cursor_icon);           /*Declare the image_
↪source.*/
lv_obj_t * cursor_obj = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act()); /*Create an image object_
↪for the cursor */
lv_img_set_src(cursor_obj, &mouse_cursor_icon);    /*Set the image source*/
lv_indev_set_cursor(mouse_indev, cursor_obj);      /*Connect the image _
↪object to the driver*/
```

Note that the cursor object should have `lv_obj_clear_flag(cursor_obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CLICKABLE)`. For images, *clicking* is disabled by default.

#### Gestures

Pointer input devices can detect basic gestures. By default, most of the widgets send the gestures to its parent, so finally the gestures can be detected on the screen object in a form of an `LV_EVENT_GESTURE` event. For example:

```
void my_event(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * screen = lv_event_get_current_target(e);
    lv_dir_t dir = lv_indev_get_gesture_dir(lv_indev_act());
    switch(dir) {
        case LV_DIR_LEFT:
            ...
            break;
        case LV_DIR_RIGHT:
            ...
            break;
        case LV_DIR_TOP:
            ...
            break;
```

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```

    case LV_DIR_BOTTOM:
        ...
        break;
    }
}

...

lv_obj_add_event_cb(screen1, my_event, LV_EVENT_GESTURE, NULL);

```

To prevent passing the gesture event to the parent from an object use `lv_obj_clear_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_GESTURE_BUBBLE)`.

Note that, gestures are not triggered if an object is being scrolled.

## 5.8.2 Keypad and encoder

You can fully control the user interface without a touchpad or mouse by using a keypad or encoder(s). It works similar to the *TAB* key on the PC to select an element in an application or a web page.

### Groups

Objects you want to control with a keypad or encoder need to be added to a *Group*. In every group there is exactly one focused object which receives the pressed keys or the encoder actions. For example, if a *Text area* is focused and you press some letter on a keyboard, the keys will be sent and inserted into the text area. Similarly, if a *Slider* is focused and you press the left or right arrows, the slider's value will be changed.

You need to associate an input device with a group. An input device can send key events to only one group but a group can receive data from more than one input device.

To create a group use `lv_group_t * g = lv_group_create()` and to add an object to the group use `lv_group_add_obj(g, obj)`.

To associate a group with an input device use `lv_indev_set_group(indev, g)`, where *indev* is the return value of `lv_indev_drv_register()`

### Keys

There are some predefined keys which have special meaning:

- **LV\_KEY\_NEXT** Focus on the next object
- **LV\_KEY\_PREV** Focus on the previous object
- **LV\_KEY\_ENTER** Triggers `LV_EVENT_PRESSED/CLICKED/LONG_PRESSED` etc. events
- **LV\_KEY\_UP** Increase value or move upwards
- **LV\_KEY\_DOWN** Decrease value or move downwards
- **LV\_KEY\_RIGHT** Increase value or move to the right
- **LV\_KEY\_LEFT** Decrease value or move to the left
- **LV\_KEY\_ESC** Close or exit (E.g. close a *Drop down list*)
- **LV\_KEY\_DEL** Delete (E.g. a character on the right in a *Text area*)

- **LV\_KEY\_BACKSPACE** Delete a character on the left (E.g. in a *Text area*)
- **LV\_KEY\_HOME** Go to the beginning/top (E.g. in a *Text area*)
- **LV\_KEY\_END** Go to the end (E.g. in a *Text area*)

The most important special keys are LV\_KEY\_NEXT/PREV, LV\_KEY\_ENTER and LV\_KEY\_UP/DOWN/LEFT/RIGHT. In your `read_cb` function, you should translate some of your keys to these special keys to support navigation in a group and interact with selected objects.

Usually, it's enough to use only LV\_KEY\_LEFT/RIGHT because most objects can be fully controlled with them.

With an encoder you should use only LV\_KEY\_LEFT, LV\_KEY\_RIGHT, and LV\_KEY\_ENTER.

## Edit and navigate mode

Since a keypad has plenty of keys, it's easy to navigate between objects and edit them using the keypad. But encoders have a limited number of "keys" and hence it is difficult to navigate using the default options. *Navigate* and *Edit* modes are used to avoid this problem with encoders.

In *Navigate* mode, an encoder's LV\_KEY\_LEFT/RIGHT is translated to LV\_KEY\_NEXT/PREV. Therefore, the next or previous object will be selected by turning the encoder. Pressing LV\_KEY\_ENTER will change to *Edit* mode.

In *Edit* mode, LV\_KEY\_NEXT/PREV is usually used to modify an object. Depending on the object's type, a short or long press of LV\_KEY\_ENTER changes back to *Navigate* mode. Usually, an object which cannot be pressed (like a *Slider*) leaves *Edit* mode upon a short click. But with objects where a short click has meaning (e.g. *Button*), a long press is required.

## Default group

Interactive widgets - such as buttons, checkboxes, sliders, etc. - can be automatically added to a default group. Just create a group with `lv_group_t * g = lv_group_create();` and set the default group with `lv_group_set_default(g);`

Don't forget to assign one or more input devices to the default group with `lv_indev_set_group(my_indev, g);`.

## Styling

If an object is focused either by clicking it via touchpad or focused via an encoder or keypad it goes to the LV\_STATE\_FOCUSED state. Hence, focused styles will be applied to it.

If an object switches to edit mode it enters the LV\_STATE\_FOCUSED | LV\_STATE\_EDITED states so these style properties will be shown.

For a more detailed description read the [Style](#) section.

## 5.8.3 API

### Input device

#### Functions

void **lv\_indev\_read\_timer\_cb**(*lv\_timer\_t* \*timer)

Called periodically to read the input devices

**Parameters** **timer** -- pointer to a timer to read

void **lv\_indev\_enable**(*lv\_indev\_t* \*indev, bool en)

*lv\_indev\_t* \***lv\_indev\_get\_act**(void)

Get the currently processed input device. Can be used in action functions too.

**Returns** pointer to the currently processed input device or NULL if no input device processing right now

*lv\_indev\_type\_t* **lv\_indev\_get\_type**(const *lv\_indev\_t* \*indev)

Get the type of an input device

**Parameters** **indev** -- pointer to an input device

**Returns** the type of the input device from *lv\_hal\_indev\_type\_t* (LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_...)

void **lv\_indev\_reset**(*lv\_indev\_t* \*indev, *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Reset one or all input devices

**Parameters**

- **indev** -- pointer to an input device to reset or NULL to reset all of them
- **obj** -- pointer to an object which triggers the reset.

void **lv\_indev\_reset\_long\_press**(*lv\_indev\_t* \*indev)

Reset the long press state of an input device

**Parameters** **indev** -- pointer to an input device

void **lv\_indev\_set\_cursor**(*lv\_indev\_t* \*indev, *lv\_obj\_t* \*cur\_obj)

Set a cursor for a pointer input device (for LV\_INPUT\_TYPE\_POINTER and LV\_INPUT\_TYPE\_BUTTON)

**Parameters**

- **indev** -- pointer to an input device
- **cur\_obj** -- pointer to an object to be used as cursor

void **lv\_indev\_set\_group**(*lv\_indev\_t* \*indev, *lv\_group\_t* \*group)

Set a destination group for a keypad input device (for LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_KEYPAD)

**Parameters**

- **indev** -- pointer to an input device
- **group** -- point to a group

void **lv\_indev\_set\_button\_points**(*lv\_indev\_t* \*indev, const *lv\_point\_t* points[])

Set the an array of points for LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_BUTTON. These points will be assigned to the buttons to press a specific point on the screen

**Parameters**

- **indev** -- pointer to an input device

- **group** -- point to a group

void **lv\_indev\_get\_point**(const *lv\_indev\_t* \*indev, lv\_point\_t \*point)

Get the last point of an input device (for LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_POINTER and LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_BUTTON)

**Parameters**

- **indev** -- pointer to an input device
- **point** -- pointer to a point to store the result

lv\_dir\_t **lv\_indev\_get\_gesture\_dir**(const *lv\_indev\_t* \*indev)

Get the current gesture direct

**Parameters** **indev** -- pointer to an input device

**Returns** current gesture direct

uint32\_t **lv\_indev\_get\_key**(const *lv\_indev\_t* \*indev)

Get the last pressed key of an input device (for LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_KEYPAD)

**Parameters** **indev** -- pointer to an input device

**Returns** the last pressed key (0 on error)

lv\_dir\_t **lv\_indev\_get\_scroll\_dir**(const *lv\_indev\_t* \*indev)

Check the current scroll direction of an input device (for LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_POINTER and LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_BUTTON)

**Parameters** **indev** -- pointer to an input device

**Returns** LV\_DIR\_NONE: no scrolling now LV\_DIR\_HOR/VER

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_indev\_get\_scroll\_obj**(const *lv\_indev\_t* \*indev)

Get the currently scrolled object (for LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_POINTER and LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_BUTTON)

**Parameters** **indev** -- pointer to an input device

**Returns** pointer to the currently scrolled object or NULL if no scrolling by this indev

void **lv\_indev\_get\_vect**(const *lv\_indev\_t* \*indev, lv\_point\_t \*point)

Get the movement vector of an input device (for LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_POINTER and LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_BUTTON)

**Parameters**

- **indev** -- pointer to an input device
- **point** -- pointer to a point to store the types.pointer.vector

void **lv\_indev\_wait\_release**(*lv\_indev\_t* \*indev)

Do nothing until the next release

**Parameters** **indev** -- pointer to an input device

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_indev\_get\_obj\_act**(void)

Gets a pointer to the currently active object in the currently processed input device.

**Returns** pointer to currently active object or NULL if no active object

*lv\_timer\_t* \***lv\_indev\_get\_read\_timer**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*indev)

Get a pointer to the indev read timer to modify its parameters with *lv\_timer\_...* functions.

**Parameters** **indev** -- pointer to an input device

**Returns** pointer to the indev read refresher timer. (NULL on error)

```
lv_obj_t *lv_indev_search_obj(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_point_t *point)
```

Search the most top, clickable object by a point

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a start object, typically the screen
- **point** -- pointer to a point for searching the most top child

**Returns** pointer to the found object or NULL if there was no suitable object

## Groups

### Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_key_t
```

```
typedef void (*lv_group_focus_cb_t)(struct _lv_group_t*)
```

```
typedef struct _lv_group_t lv_group_t
```

Groups can be used to logically hold objects so that they can be individually focused. They are NOT for laying out objects on a screen (try layouts for that).

### Enums

```
enum [anonymous]
```

*Values:*

```
enumerator LV_KEY_UP
```

```
enumerator LV_KEY_DOWN
```

```
enumerator LV_KEY_RIGHT
```

```
enumerator LV_KEY_LEFT
```

```
enumerator LV_KEY_ESC
```

```
enumerator LV_KEY_DEL
```

```
enumerator LV_KEY_BACKSPACE
```

```
enumerator LV_KEY_ENTER
```

```
enumerator LV_KEY_NEXT
```

```
enumerator LV_KEY_PREV
```

```
enumerator LV_KEY_HOME
```

```
enumerator LV_KEY_END
```

```
enum lv_group_refocus_policy_t
```

*Values:*

```
enumerator LV_GROUP_REFOCUS_POLICY_NEXT
```

```
enumerator LV_GROUP_REFOCUS_POLICY_PREV
```

## Functions

void **\_lv\_group\_init**(void)

Init. the group module

**Remark** Internal function, do not call directly.

*lv\_group\_t* \***lv\_group\_create**(void)

Create a new object group

**Returns** pointer to the new object group

void **lv\_group\_del**(*lv\_group\_t* \*group)

Delete a group object

**Parameters** **group** -- pointer to a group

void **lv\_group\_set\_default**(*lv\_group\_t* \*group)

Set a default group. New object are added to this group if it's enabled in their class with `add_to_def_group = true`

**Parameters** **group** -- pointer to a group (can be NULL)

*lv\_group\_t* \***lv\_group\_get\_default**(void)

Get the default group

**Returns** pointer to the default group

void **lv\_group\_add\_obj**(*lv\_group\_t* \*group, struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Add an object to a group

**Parameters**

- **group** -- pointer to a group
- **obj** -- pointer to an object to add

void **lv\_group\_swap\_obj**(struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \*obj1, struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \*obj2)

Swap 2 object in a group. The object must be in the same group

**Parameters**

- **obj1** -- pointer to an object
- **obj2** -- pointer to an other object

void **lv\_group\_remove\_obj**(struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Remove an object from its group

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an object to remove

void **lv\_group\_remove\_all\_objs**(*lv\_group\_t* \*group)

Remove all objects from a group

**Parameters** **group** -- pointer to a group

void **lv\_group\_focus\_obj**(struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Focus on an object (defocus the current)

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an object to focus on

void **lv\_group\_focus\_next**(*lv\_group\_t* \*group)

Focus the next object in a group (defocus the current)

**Parameters** **group** -- pointer to a group

void **lv\_group\_focus\_prev**(*lv\_group\_t* \*group)

Focus the previous object in a group (defocus the current)

**Parameters** **group** -- pointer to a group

void **lv\_group\_focus\_freeze**(*lv\_group\_t* \*group, bool en)

Do not let to change the focus from the current object

**Parameters**

- **group** -- pointer to a group
- **en** -- true: freeze, false: release freezing (normal mode)

lv\_res\_t **lv\_group\_send\_data**(*lv\_group\_t* \*group, uint32\_t c)

Send a control character to the focuses object of a group

**Parameters**

- **group** -- pointer to a group
- **c** -- a character (use LV\_KEY\_.. to navigate)

**Returns** result of focused object in group.

void **lv\_group\_set\_focus\_cb**(*lv\_group\_t* \*group, *lv\_group\_focus\_cb\_t* focus\_cb)

Set a function for a group which will be called when a new object is focused

**Parameters**

- **group** -- pointer to a group
- **focus\_cb** -- the call back function or NULL if unused

void **lv\_group\_set\_refocus\_policy**(*lv\_group\_t* \*group, *lv\_group\_refocus\_policy\_t* policy)

Set whether the next or previous item in a group is focused if the currently focused obj is deleted.

**Parameters**

- **group** -- pointer to a group
- **policy** -- new refocus policy enum

void **lv\_group\_set\_editing**(*lv\_group\_t* \*group, bool edit)

Manually set the current mode (edit or navigate).

**Parameters**

- **group** -- pointer to group
- **edit** -- true: edit mode; false: navigate mode

void **lv\_group\_set\_wrap**(*lv\_group\_t* \*group, bool en)

Set whether focus next/prev will allow wrapping from first->last or last->first object.

**Parameters**

- **group** -- pointer to group
- **en** -- true: wrapping enabled; false: wrapping disabled

struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_group\_get\_focused**(const *lv\_group\_t* \*group)

Get the focused object or NULL if there isn't one

**Parameters** **group** -- pointer to a group

**Returns** pointer to the focused object

*lv\_group\_focus\_cb\_t* **lv\_group\_get\_focus\_cb**(const *lv\_group\_t* \*group)

Get the focus callback function of a group

**Parameters** **group** -- pointer to a group

**Returns** the call back function or NULL if not set

bool **lv\_group\_get\_editing**(const *lv\_group\_t* \*group)

Get the current mode (edit or navigate).

**Parameters** **group** -- pointer to group

**Returns** true: edit mode; false: navigate mode

bool **lv\_group\_get\_wrap**(*lv\_group\_t* \*group)

Get whether focus next/prev will allow wrapping from first->last or last->first object.

**Parameters**

- **group** -- pointer to group
- **en** -- true: wrapping enabled; false: wrapping disabled

uint32\_t **lv\_group\_get\_obj\_count**(*lv\_group\_t* \*group)

Get the number of object in the group

**Parameters** **group** -- pointer to a group

**Returns** number of objects in the group

struct **\_lv\_group\_t**

*#include <lv\_group.h>* Groups can be used to logically hold objects so that they can be individually focused. They are NOT for laying out objects on a screen (try layouts for that).

## Public Members

*lv\_ll\_t* **obj\_ll**

Linked list to store the objects in the group

struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \*\***obj\_focus**

The object in focus

*lv\_group\_focus\_cb\_t* **focus\_cb**

A function to call when a new object is focused (optional)

void \***user\_data**

uint8\_t **frozen**

1: can't focus to new object

uint8\_t **editing**

1: Edit mode, 0: Navigate mode

uint8\_t **refocus\_policy**

1: Focus prev if focused on deletion. 0: Focus next if focused on deletion.

uint8\_t **wrap**

1: Focus next/prev can wrap at end of list. 0: Focus next/prev stops at end of list.



## 5.9 Displays

---

**Important:** The basic concept of a *display* in LVGL is explained in the [Porting](/porting/display) section. So before reading further, please read the [Porting](/porting/display) section first.

---

### 5.9.1 Multiple display support

In LVGL you can have multiple displays, each with their own driver and objects. The only limitation is that every display needs to have the same color depth (as defined in `LV_COLOR_DEPTH`). If the displays are different in this regard the rendered image can be converted to the correct format in the drivers `flush_cb`.

Creating more displays is easy: just initialize more display buffers and register another driver for every display. When you create the UI, use `lv_disp_set_default(dis)` to tell the library on which display to create objects.

Why would you want multi-display support? Here are some examples:

- Have a "normal" TFT display with local UI and create "virtual" screens on VNC on demand. (You need to add your VNC driver).
- Have a large TFT display and a small monochrome display.
- Have some smaller and simple displays in a large instrument or technology.
- Have two large TFT displays: one for a customer and one for the shop assistant.

#### Using only one display

Using more displays can be useful but in most cases it's not required. Therefore, the whole concept of multi-display handling is completely hidden if you register only one display. By default, the last created (and only) display is used.

`lv_scr_act()`, `lv_scr_load(scr)`, `lv_layer_top()`, `lv_layer_sys()`, `LV_HOR_RES` and `LV_VER_RES` are always applied on the most recently created (default) display. If you pass `NULL` as `disp` parameter to display related functions the default display will usually be used. E.g. `lv_disp_trig_activity(NULL)` will trigger a user activity on the default display. (See below in *Inactivity*).

#### Mirror display

To mirror the image of a display to another display, you don't need to use multi-display support. Just transfer the buffer received in `drv.flush_cb` to the other display too.

#### Split image

You can create a larger virtual display from an array of smaller ones. You can create it as below:

1. Set the resolution of the displays to the large display's resolution.
2. In `drv.flush_cb`, truncate and modify the `area` parameter for each display.
3. Send the buffer's content to each real display with the truncated area.

## 5.9.2 Screens

Every display has its own set of **screens** and the objects on each screen.

Be sure not to confuse displays and screens:

- **Displays** are the physical hardware drawing the pixels.
- **Screens** are the high-level root objects associated with a particular display. One display can have multiple screens associated with it, but not vice versa.

Screens can be considered the highest level containers which have no parent. A screen's size is always equal to its display and their origin is (0;0). Therefore, a screen's coordinates can't be changed, i.e. `lv_obj_set_pos()`, `lv_obj_set_size()` or similar functions can't be used on screens.

A screen can be created from any object type but the two most typical types are *Base object* and *Image* (to create a wallpaper).

To create a screen, use `lv_obj_t * scr = lv_<type>_create(NULL, copy)`. `copy` can be an existing screen copied into the new screen.

To load a screen, use `lv_scr_load(scr)`. To get the active screen, use `lv_scr_act()`. These functions work on the default display. If you want to specify which display to work on, use `lv_disp_get_scr_act(display)` and `lv_disp_load_scr(display, scr)`. A screen can be loaded with animations too. Read more [here](#).

Screens can be deleted with `lv_obj_del(scr)`, but ensure that you do not delete the currently loaded screen.

### Transparent screens

Usually, the opacity of the screen is `LV_OPA_COVER` to provide a solid background for its children. If this is not the case (opacity < 100%) the display's background color or image will be visible. See the *Display background* section for more details. If the display's background opacity is also not `LV_OPA_COVER` LVGL has no solid background to draw.

This configuration (transparent screen and display) could be used to create for example OSD menus where a video is played on a lower layer, and a menu is overlayed on an upper layer.

To handle transparent displays, special (slower) color mixing algorithms need to be used by LVGL so this feature needs to be enabled with `LV_COLOR_SCREEN_TRANSP` in `lv_conf.h`. As this mode operates on the Alpha channel of the pixels `LV_COLOR_DEPTH = 32` is also required. The Alpha channel of 32-bit colors will be 0 where there are no objects and 255 where there are solid objects.

In summary, to enable transparent screens and displays for OSD menu-like UIs:

- Enable `LV_COLOR_SCREEN_TRANSP` in `lv_conf.h`
- Be sure to use `LV_COLOR_DEPTH 32`
- Set the screen's opacity to `LV_OPA_TRANSP` e.g. with `lv_obj_set_style_local_bg_opa(lv_scr_act(), LV_OBMASK_PART_MAIN, LV_STATE_DEFAULT, LV_OPA_TRANSP)`
- Set the display opacity to `LV_OPA_TRANSP` with `lv_disp_set_bg_opa(NULL, LV_OPA_TRANSP);`

### 5.9.3 Features of displays

#### Inactivity

A user's inactivity time is measured on each display. Every use of an *Input device* (if associated with the display) counts as an activity. To get time elapsed since the last activity, use `lv_disp_get_inactive_time disp`). If NULL is passed, the lowest inactivity time among all displays will be returned (**NULL isn't just the default display**).

You can manually trigger an activity using `lv_disp_trig_activity disp`). If `disp` is NULL, the default screen will be used (**and not all displays**).

#### Background

Every display has a background color, background image and background opacity properties. They become visible when the current screen is transparent or not positioned to cover the whole display.

The background color is a simple color to fill the display. It can be adjusted with `lv_disp_set_bg_color disp, color`);

The display background image is a path to a file or a pointer to an `lv_img_dsc_t` variable (converted image data) to be used as wallpaper. It can be set with `lv_disp_set_bg_image disp, &my_img`); If a background image is configured the background won't be filled with `bg_color`.

The opacity of the background color or image can be adjusted with `lv_disp_set_bg_opa disp, opa`).

The `disp` parameter of these functions can be NULL to select the default display.

### 5.9.4 API

#### Enums

enum `lv_scr_load_anim_t`

*Values:*

```

enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_NONE
enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_OVER_LEFT
enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_OVER_RIGHT
enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_OVER_TOP
enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_OVER_BOTTOM
enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_MOVE_LEFT
enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_MOVE_RIGHT
enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_MOVE_TOP
enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_MOVE_BOTTOM
enumerator LV_SCR_LOAD_ANIM_FADE_ON

```

## Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_disp\_get\_scr\_act**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)

Return with a pointer to the active screen

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to display which active screen should be get. (NULL to use the default screen)

**Returns** pointer to the active screen object (loaded by 'lv\_scr\_load()')

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_disp\_get\_scr\_prev**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)

Return with a pointer to the previous screen. Only used during screen transitions.

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to display which previous screen should be get. (NULL to use the default screen)

**Returns** pointer to the previous screen object or NULL if not used now

void **lv\_disp\_load\_scr**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*scr)

Make a screen active

**Parameters** **scr** -- pointer to a screen

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_disp\_get\_layer\_top**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)

Return with the top layer. (Same on every screen and it is above the normal screen layer)

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to display which top layer should be get. (NULL to use the default screen)

**Returns** pointer to the top layer object (transparent screen sized lv\_obj)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_disp\_get\_layer\_sys**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)

Return with the sys. layer. (Same on every screen and it is above the normal screen and the top layer)

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to display which sys. layer should be retrieved. (NULL to use the default screen)

**Returns** pointer to the sys layer object (transparent screen sized lv\_obj)

void **lv\_disp\_set\_theme**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp, *lv\_theme\_t* \*th)

Set the theme of a display

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to a display

*lv\_theme\_t* \***lv\_disp\_get\_theme**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)

Get the theme of a display

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to a display

**Returns** the display's theme (can be NULL)

void **lv\_disp\_set\_bg\_color**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp, lv\_color\_t color)

Set the background color of a display

**Parameters**

- **disp** -- pointer to a display
- **color** -- color of the background

void **lv\_disp\_set\_bg\_image**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp, const void \*img\_src)

Set the background image of a display

**Parameters**

- **disp** -- pointer to a display
- **img\_src** -- path to file or pointer to an *lv\_img\_dsc\_t* variable

void **lv\_disp\_set\_bg\_opa**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp, lv\_opa\_t opa)  
Set opacity of the background

**Parameters**

- **disp** -- pointer to a display
- **opa** -- opacity (0..255)

void **lv\_scr\_load\_anim**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*scr, *lv\_scr\_load\_anim\_t* anim\_type, uint32\_t time, uint32\_t delay, bool auto\_del)  
Switch screen with animation

**Parameters**

- **scr** -- pointer to the new screen to load
- **anim\_type** -- type of the animation from *lv\_scr\_load\_anim\_t*. E.g. LV\_SCR\_LOAD\_ANIM\_MOVE\_LEFT
- **time** -- time of the animation
- **delay** -- delay before the transition
- **auto\_del** -- true: automatically delete the old screen

uint32\_t **lv\_disp\_get\_inactive\_time**(const *lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)  
Get elapsed time since last user activity on a display (e.g. click)

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to a display (NULL to get the overall smallest inactivity)

**Returns** elapsed ticks (milliseconds) since the last activity

void **lv\_disp\_trig\_activity**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)  
Manually trigger an activity on a display

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)

void **lv\_disp\_clean\_dcache**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)  
Clean any CPU cache that is related to the display.

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to a display (NULL to use the default display)

*lv\_timer\_t* \* **lv\_disp\_get\_refr\_timer**(*lv\_disp\_t* \*disp)  
Get a pointer to the screen refresher timer to modify its parameters with *lv\_timer\_...* functions.

**Parameters** **disp** -- pointer to a display

**Returns** pointer to the display refresher timer. (NULL on error)

static inline *lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_scr\_act**(void)  
Get the active screen of the default display

**Returns** pointer to the active screen

static inline *lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_layer\_top**(void)  
Get the top layer of the default display

**Returns** pointer to the top layer

static inline *lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_layer\_sys**(void)  
Get the active screen of the default display

**Returns** pointer to the sys layer

static inline void **lv\_scr\_load**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*scr)

static inline lv\_coord\_t **lv\_dpx**(lv\_coord\_t n)

Scale the given number of pixels (a distance or size) relative to a 160 DPI display considering the DPI of the default display. It ensures that e.g. `lv_dpx(100)` will have the same physical size regardless to the DPI of the display.

**Parameters** `n` -- the number of pixels to scale

**Returns** `n x current_dpi/160`

static inline lv\_coord\_t **lv\_disp\_dpx**(const lv\_disp\_t \*disp, lv\_coord\_t n)

Scale the given number of pixels (a distance or size) relative to a 160 DPI display considering the DPI of the given display. It ensures that e.g. `lv_dpx(100)` will have the same physical size regardless to the DPI of the display.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- a display whose dpi should be considered
- **n** -- the number of pixels to scale

**Returns** `n x current_dpi/160`

## 5.10 Colors

The color module handles all color-related functions like changing color depth, creating colors from hex code, converting between color depths, mixing colors, etc.

The type `lv_color_t` is used to store a color. Its fields are set according to `LV_COLOR_DEPTH` in `lv_conf.h`. (See below)

You may set `LV_COLOR_16_SWAP` in `lv_conf.h` to swap bytes of *RGB565* colors. You may need this when sending 16-bit colors via a byte-oriented interface like SPI. As 16-bit numbers are stored in little-endian format (lower byte at the lower address), the interface will send the lower byte first. However, displays usually need the higher byte first. A mismatch in the byte order will result in highly distorted colors.

### 5.10.1 Creating colors

#### RGB

Create colors from Red, Green and Blue channel values:

```
//All channels are 0-255
lv_color_t c = lv_color_make(red, green, blue);

//From hex code 0x000000..0xFFFFFF interpreted as RED + GREEN + BLUE
lv_color_t c = lv_color_hex(0x123456);

//From 3 digits. Same as lv_color_hex(0x112233)
lv_color_t c = lv_color_hex3(0x123);
```

## HSV

Create colors from Hue, Saturation and Value values:

```
//h = 0..359, s = 0..100, v = 0..100
lv_color_t c = lv_color_hsv_to_rgb(h, s, v);

//All channels are 0-255
lv_color_hsv_t c_hsv = lv_color_rgb_to_hsv(r, g, b);

//From lv_color_t variable
lv_color_hsv_t c_hsv = lv_color_to_hsv(color);
```

## Palette

LVGL includes [Material Design's palette](#) of colors. In this system all named colors have a nominal main color as well as four darker and five lighter variants.

The names of the colors are as follows:

- LV\_PALETTE\_RED
- LV\_PALETTE\_PINK
- LV\_PALETTE\_PURPLE
- LV\_PALETTE\_DEEP\_PURPLE
- LV\_PALETTE\_INDIGO
- LV\_PALETTE\_BLUE
- LV\_PALETTE\_LIGHT\_BLUE
- LV\_PALETTE\_CYAN
- LV\_PALETTE\_TEAL
- LV\_PALETTE\_GREEN
- LV\_PALETTE\_LIGHT\_GREEN
- LV\_PALETTE\_LIME
- LV\_PALETTE\_YELLOW
- LV\_PALETTE\_AMBER
- LV\_PALETTE\_ORANGE
- LV\_PALETTE\_DEEP\_ORANGE
- LV\_PALETTE\_BROWN
- LV\_PALETTE\_BLUE\_GREY
- LV\_PALETTE\_GREY

To get the main color use `lv_color_t c = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_...)`.

For the lighter variants of a palette color use `lv_color_t c = lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_..., v)`. `v` can be 1..5. For the darker variants of a palette color use `lv_color_t c = lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_..., v)`. `v` can be 1..4.

## Modify and mix colors

The following functions can modify a color:

```
// Lighten a color. 0: no change, 255: white
lv_color_t c = lv_color_lighten(c, lvl);

// Darken a color. 0: no change, 255: black
lv_color_t c = lv_color_darken(lv_color_t c, lv_opa_t lvl);

// Lighten or darken a color. 0: black, 128: no change 255: white
lv_color_t c = lv_color_change_lightness(lv_color_t c, lv_opa_t lvl);

// Mix two colors with a given ratio 0: full c2, 255: full c1, 128: half c1 and half
↪c2
lv_color_t c = lv_color_mix(c1, c2, ratio);
```

## Built-in colors

`lv_color_white()` and `lv_color_black()` return `0xFFFFFFFF` and `0x000000` respectively.

### 5.10.2 Opacity

To describe opacity the `lv_opa_t` type is created from `uint8_t`. Some special purpose defines are also introduced:

- `LV_OPA_TRANSP` Value: 0, means no opacity making the color completely transparent
- `LV_OPA_10` Value: 25, means the color covers only a little
- `LV_OPA_20` ... `OPA_80` follow logically
- `LV_OPA_90` Value: 229, means the color near completely covers
- `LV_OPA_COVER` Value: 255, means the color completely covers (full opacity)

You can also use the `LV_OPA_*` defines in `lv_color_mix()` as a mixing *ratio*.

### 5.10.3 Color types

The following variable types are defined by the color module:

- `lv_color1_t` Monochrome color. Also has R, G, B fields for compatibility but they are always the same value (1 byte)
- `lv_color8_t` A structure to store R (3 bit), G (3 bit), B (2 bit) components for 8-bit colors (1 byte)
- `lv_color16_t` A structure to store R (5 bit), G (6 bit), B (5 bit) components for 16-bit colors (2 byte)
- `lv_color32_t` A structure to store R (8 bit), G (8 bit), B (8 bit) components for 24-bit colors (4 byte)
- `lv_color_t` Equal to `lv_color1/8/16/24_t` depending on the configured color depth setting
- `lv_color_int_t` `uint8_t`, `uint16_t` or `uint32_t` depending on the color depth setting. Used to build color arrays from plain numbers.
- `lv_opa_t` A simple `uint8_t` type to describe opacity.

The `lv_color_t`, `lv_color1_t`, `lv_color8_t`, `lv_color16_t` and `lv_color32_t` types have four fields:



- `ch.red` red channel
- `ch.green` green channel
- `ch.blue` blue channel
- `full`\* red + green + blue as one number

You can set the current color depth in `lv_conf.h`, by setting the `LV_COLOR_DEPTH` define to 1 (monochrome), 8, 16 or 32.

## Convert color

You can convert a color from the current color depth to another. The converter functions return with a number, so you have to use the `full` field to map a converted color back into a structure:

```
lv_color_t c;
c.red   = 0x38;
c.green = 0x70;
c.blue  = 0xCC;

lv_color1_t c1;
c1.full = lv_color_to1(c);           /*Return 1 for light colors, 0 for dark colors*/

lv_color8_t c8;
c8.full = lv_color_to8(c);           /*Give a 8 bit number with the converted color*/

lv_color16_t c16;
c16.full = lv_color_to16(c); /*Give a 16 bit number with the converted color*/

lv_color32_t c24;
c32.full = lv_color_to32(c);         /*Give a 32 bit number with the converted color*/
```

## 5.10.4 API

### Typedefs

```
typedef lv_color_t (*lv_color_filter_cb_t)(const struct _lv_color_filter_dsc_t*, lv_color_t, lv_opa_t)
typedef struct _lv_color_filter_dsc_t lv_color_filter_dsc_t
```

### Enums

```
enum [anonymous]
    Opacity percentages.
```

Values:

```
enumerator LV_OPA_TRANSP
enumerator LV_OPA_0
enumerator LV_OPA_10
enumerator LV_OPA_20
```

```
enumerator LV_OPA_30
enumerator LV_OPA_40
enumerator LV_OPA_50
enumerator LV_OPA_60
enumerator LV_OPA_70
enumerator LV_OPA_80
enumerator LV_OPA_90
enumerator LV_OPA_100
enumerator LV_OPA_COVER
enum lv_palette_t
    Values:

enumerator LV_PALETTE_RED
enumerator LV_PALETTE_PINK
enumerator LV_PALETTE_PURPLE
enumerator LV_PALETTE_DEEP_PURPLE
enumerator LV_PALETTE_INDIGO
enumerator LV_PALETTE_BLUE
enumerator LV_PALETTE_LIGHT_BLUE
enumerator LV_PALETTE_CYAN
enumerator LV_PALETTE_TEAL
enumerator LV_PALETTE_GREEN
enumerator LV_PALETTE_LIGHT_GREEN
enumerator LV_PALETTE_LIME
enumerator LV_PALETTE_YELLOW
enumerator LV_PALETTE_AMBER
enumerator LV_PALETTE_ORANGE
enumerator LV_PALETTE_DEEP_ORANGE
enumerator LV_PALETTE_BROWN
enumerator LV_PALETTE_BLUE_GREY
enumerator LV_PALETTE_GREY
enumerator _LV_PALETTE_LAST
enumerator LV_PALETTE_NONE
```

## Functions

**LV\_EXPORT\_CONST\_INT**(LV\_COLOR\_DEPTH)

**LV\_EXPORT\_CONST\_INT**(LV\_COLOR\_16\_SWAP)

**typedef LV\_CONCAT3 (uint, LV\_COLOR\_SIZE, \_t) lv\_color\_int\_t**

**typedef LV\_CONCAT3 (lv\_color, LV\_COLOR\_DEPTH, \_t) lv\_color\_t**

static inline uint8\_t **lv\_color\_to1**(lv\_color\_t color)

static inline uint8\_t **lv\_color\_to8**(lv\_color\_t color)

static inline uint16\_t **lv\_color\_to16**(lv\_color\_t color)

static inline uint32\_t **lv\_color\_to32**(lv\_color\_t color)

static inline uint8\_t **lv\_color\_brightness**(lv\_color\_t color)

Get the brightness of a color

**Parameters** **color** -- a color

**Returns** the brightness [0..255]

static inline lv\_color\_t **lv\_color\_make**(uint8\_t r, uint8\_t g, uint8\_t b)

static inline lv\_color\_t **lv\_color\_hex**(uint32\_t c)

static inline lv\_color\_t **lv\_color\_hex3**(uint32\_t c)

static inline void **lv\_color\_filter\_dsc\_init**(*lv\_color\_filter\_dsc\_t* \*dsc, *lv\_color\_filter\_cb\_t* cb)

lv\_color\_t **lv\_color\_lighten**(lv\_color\_t c, lv\_opa\_t lvl)

lv\_color\_t **lv\_color\_darken**(lv\_color\_t c, lv\_opa\_t lvl)

lv\_color\_t **lv\_color\_change\_lightness**(lv\_color\_t c, lv\_opa\_t lvl)

lv\_color\_t **lv\_color\_hsv\_to\_rgb**(uint16\_t h, uint8\_t s, uint8\_t v)

Convert a HSV color to RGB

**Parameters**

- **h** -- hue [0..359]
- **s** -- saturation [0..100]
- **v** -- value [0..100]

**Returns** the given RGB color in RGB (with LV\_COLOR\_DEPTH depth)

*lv\_color\_hsv\_t* **lv\_color\_rgb\_to\_hsv**(uint8\_t r8, uint8\_t g8, uint8\_t b8)

Convert a 32-bit RGB color to HSV

**Parameters**

- **r8** -- 8-bit red
- **g8** -- 8-bit green
- **b8** -- 8-bit blue

**Returns** the given RGB color in HSV

*lv\_color\_hsv\_t* **lv\_color\_to\_hsv**(lv\_color\_t color)

Convert a color to HSV

**Parameters** **color** -- color

**Returns** the given color in HSV

static inline lv\_color\_t **lv\_color\_chroma\_key**(void)

Just a wrapper around LV\_COLOR\_CHROMA\_KEY because it might be more convenient to use a function in some cases

**Returns** LV\_COLOR\_CHROMA\_KEY

lv\_color\_t **lv\_palette\_main**(*lv\_palette\_t* p)

static inline lv\_color\_t **lv\_color\_white**(void)

static inline lv\_color\_t **lv\_color\_black**(void)

lv\_color\_t **lv\_palette\_lighten**(*lv\_palette\_t* p, uint8\_t lvl)

lv\_color\_t **lv\_palette\_darken**(*lv\_palette\_t* p, uint8\_t lvl)

union **lv\_color1\_t**

**Public Members**

uint8\_t **full**

uint8\_t **blue**

uint8\_t **green**

uint8\_t **red**

union *lv\_color1\_t*::[anonymous] **ch**

union **lv\_color8\_t**

### Public Members

```
uint8_t blue  
uint8_t green  
uint8_t red  
struct lv_color8_t::[anonymous] ch  
uint8_t full  
union lv_color16_t
```

### Public Members

```
uint16_t blue  
uint16_t green  
uint16_t red  
uint16_t green_h  
uint16_t green_l  
struct lv_color16_t::[anonymous] ch  
uint16_t full  
union lv_color32_t
```

### Public Members

```
uint8_t blue  
uint8_t green  
uint8_t red  
uint8_t alpha  
struct lv_color32_t::[anonymous] ch  
uint32_t full  
struct lv_color_hsv_t
```

### Public Members

```
uint16_t h  
uint8_t s  
uint8_t v  
struct _lv_color_filter_dsc_t
```

## Public Members

*lv\_color\_filter\_cb\_t* **filter\_cb**  
 void \***user\_data**

## 5.11 Fonts

In LVGL fonts are collections of bitmaps and other information required to render images of individual letters (glyph). A font is stored in a `lv_font_t` variable and can be set in a style's `text_font` field. For example:

```
lv_style_set_text_font(&my_style, &lv_font_montserrat_28); /*Set a larger font*/
```

Fonts have a **bpp (bits per pixel)** property. It shows how many bits are used to describe a pixel in a font. The value stored for a pixel determines the pixel's opacity. This way, with higher *bpp*, the edges of the letter can be smoother. The possible *bpp* values are 1, 2, 4 and 8 (higher values mean better quality).

The *bpp* property also affects the amount of memory needed to store a font. For example, *bpp* = 4 makes a font nearly four times larger compared to *bpp* = 1.

### 5.11.1 Unicode support

LVGL supports **UTF-8** encoded Unicode characters. Your editor needs to be configured to save your code/text as UTF-8 (usually this the default) and be sure that, `LV_TXT_ENC` is set to `LV_TXT_ENC_UTF8` in *lv\_conf.h*. (This is the default value)

To test it try

```
lv_obj_t * label1 = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act(), NULL);
lv_label_set_text(label1, LV_SYMBOL_OK);
```

If all works well, a ✓ character should be displayed.

### 5.11.2 Built-in fonts

There are several built-in fonts in different sizes, which can be enabled in `lv_conf.h` with `LV_FONT_...` defines.

#### Normal fonts

Containing all the ASCII characters, the degree symbol (U+00B0), the bullet symbol (U+2022) and the built-in symbols (see below).

- `LV_FONT_MONTSEERRAT_12` 12 px font
- `LV_FONT_MONTSEERRAT_14` 14 px font
- `LV_FONT_MONTSEERRAT_16` 16 px font
- `LV_FONT_MONTSEERRAT_18` 18 px font
- `LV_FONT_MONTSEERRAT_20` 20 px font
- `LV_FONT_MONTSEERRAT_22` 22 px font

- LV\_FONT\_MONTERRAT\_24 24 px font
- LV\_FONT\_MONTERRAT\_26 26 px font
- LV\_FONT\_MONTERRAT\_28 28 px font
- LV\_FONT\_MONTERRAT\_30 30 px font
- LV\_FONT\_MONTERRAT\_32 32 px font
- LV\_FONT\_MONTERRAT\_34 34 px font
- LV\_FONT\_MONTERRAT\_36 36 px font
- LV\_FONT\_MONTERRAT\_38 38 px font
- LV\_FONT\_MONTERRAT\_40 40 px font
- LV\_FONT\_MONTERRAT\_42 42 px font
- LV\_FONT\_MONTERRAT\_44 44 px font
- LV\_FONT\_MONTERRAT\_46 46 px font
- LV\_FONT\_MONTERRAT\_48 48 px font


























































### Special fonts

- LV\_FONT\_MONTERRAT\_12\_SUBPX Same as normal 12 px font but with *subpixel rendering*
- LV\_FONT\_MONTERRAT\_28\_COMPRESSED Same as normal 28 px font but stored as a *compressed font* with 3 bpp
- LV\_FONT\_DEJAVU\_16\_PERSIAN\_HEBREW 16 px font with normal range + Hebrew, Arabic, Persian letters and all their forms
- LV\_FONT\_SIMSUN\_16\_CJK 16 px font with normal range plus 1000 of the most common CJK radicals
- LV\_FONT\_UNSCII\_8 8 px pixel perfect font with only ASCII characters
- LV\_FONT\_UNSCII\_16 16 px pixel perfect font with only ASCII characters

The built-in fonts are **global variables** with names like `lv_font_montserrat_16` for a 16 px height font. To use them in a style, just add a pointer to a font variable like shown above.

The built-in fonts with *bpp* = 4 contain the ASCII characters and use the **Montserrat** font.

In addition to the ASCII range, the following symbols are also added to the built-in fonts from the **FontAwesome** font.

	LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO		LV_SYMBOL_WARNING
	LV_SYMBOL_VIDEO		LV_SYMBOL_SHUFFLE
	LV_SYMBOL_LIST		LV_SYMBOL_UP
	LV_SYMBOL_OK		LV_SYMBOL_DOWN
	LV_SYMBOL_CLOSE		LV_SYMBOL_LOOP
	LV_SYMBOL_POWER		LV_SYMBOL_DIRECTORY
	LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS		LV_SYMBOL_UPLOAD
	LV_SYMBOL_TRASH		LV_SYMBOL_CALL
	LV_SYMBOL_HOME		LV_SYMBOL_CUT
	LV_SYMBOL_DOWNLOAD		LV_SYMBOL_COPY
	LV_SYMBOL_DRIVE		LV_SYMBOL_SAVE
	LV_SYMBOL_REFRESH		LV_SYMBOL_CHARGE
	LV_SYMBOL_MUTE		LV_SYMBOL_PASTE
	LV_SYMBOL_VOLUME_MID		LV_SYMBOL_BELL
	LV_SYMBOL_VOLUME_MAX		LV_SYMBOL_KEYBOARD
	LV_SYMBOL_IMAGE		LV_SYMBOL_GPS
	LV_SYMBOL_EDIT		LV_SYMBOL_FILE
	LV_SYMBOL_PREV		LV_SYMBOL_WIFI
	LV_SYMBOL_PLAY		LV_SYMBOL_BATTERY_FULL
	LV_SYMBOL_PAUSE		LV_SYMBOL_BATTERY_3
	LV_SYMBOL_STOP		LV_SYMBOL_BATTERY_2
	LV_SYMBOL_NEXT		LV_SYMBOL_BATTERY_1
	LV_SYMBOL_EJECT		LV_SYMBOL_BATTERY_EMPTY
	LV_SYMBOL_LEFT		LV_SYMBOL_USB
	LV_SYMBOL_RIGHT		LV_SYMBOL_BLUETOOTH
	LV_SYMBOL_PLUS		LV_SYMBOL_BACKSPACE
	LV_SYMBOL_MINUS		LV_SYMBOL_SD_CARD
	LV_SYMBOL_EYE_OPEN		LV_SYMBOL_NEW_LINE
	LV_SYMBOL_EYE_CLOSE		

The symbols can be used singly as:

```
lv_label_set_text(my_label, LV_SYMBOL_OK);
```

Or with together with strings (compile time string concatenation):

```
lv_label_set_text(my_label, LV_SYMBOL_OK "Apply");
```

Or more symbols together:

```
lv_label_set_text(my_label, LV_SYMBOL_OK LV_SYMBOL_WIFI LV_SYMBOL_PLAY);
```



### 5.11.3 Special features

#### Bidirectional support

Most languages use a Left-to-Right (LTR for short) writing direction, however some languages (such as Hebrew, Persian or Arabic) use Right-to-Left (RTL for short) direction.

LVGL not only supports RTL texts but supports mixed (a.k.a. bidirectional, BiDi) text rendering too. Some examples:

The names of these states in Arabic  
are الكويت والبحرين, مصر respectively.

The title is مفتاح معايير الويب! in Arabic.

BiDi support is enabled by `LV_USE_BIDI` in `lv_conf.h`

All texts have a base direction (LTR or RTL) which determines some rendering rules and the default alignment of the text (Left or Right). However, in LVGL, the base direction is not only applied to labels. It's a general property which can be set for every object. If not set then it will be inherited from the parent. This means it's enough to set the base direction of a screen and every object will inherit it.

The default base direction for screens can be set by `LV_BIDI_BASE_DIR_DEF` in `lv_conf.h` and other objects inherit the base direction from their parent.

To set an object's base direction use `lv_obj_set_base_dir(obj, base_dir)`. The possible base directions are:

- `LV_BIDI_DIR_LTR`: Left to Right base direction
- `LV_BIDI_DIR_RTL`: Right to Left base direction
- `LV_BIDI_DIR_AUTO`: Auto detect base direction
- `LV_BIDI_DIR_INHERIT`: Inherit base direction from the parent (or a default value for non-screen objects)

This list summarizes the effect of RTL base direction on objects:

- Create objects by default on the right
- `lv_tabview`: Displays tabs from right to left
- `lv_checkbox`: Shows the box on the right
- `lv_btnmatrix`: Shows buttons from right to left
- `lv_list`: Shows icons on the right
- `lv_dropdown`: Aligns options to the right
- The texts in `lv_table`, `lv_btnmatrix`, `lv_keyboard`, `lv_tabview`, `lv_dropdown`, `lv_roller` are "BiDi processed" to be displayed correctly

## Arabic and Persian support

There are some special rules to display Arabic and Persian characters: the *form* of a character depends on its position in the text. A different form of the same letter needs to be used if it is isolated, at start, middle or end positions. Besides these, some conjunction rules should also be taken into account.

LVGL supports these rules if `LV_USE_ARABIC_PERSIAN_CHARS` is enabled.

However, there are some limitations:

- Only displaying text is supported (e.g. on labels), text inputs (e.g. text area) don't support this feature.
- Static text (i.e. `const`) is not processed. E.g. texts set by `lv_label_set_text()` will be "Arabic processed" but `lv_label_set_text_static()` won't.
- Text get functions (e.g. `lv_label_get_text()`) will return the processed text.

## Subpixel rendering

Subpixel rendering allows for tripling the horizontal resolution by rendering anti-aliased edges on Red, Green and Blue channels instead of at pixel level granularity. This takes advantage of the position of physical color channels of each pixel, resulting in higher quality letter anti-aliasing. Learn more [here](#).

For subpixel rendering, the fonts need to be generated with special settings:

- In the online converter tick the **Subpixel** box
- In the command line tool use `--lcd` flag. Note that the generated font needs about three times more memory.

Subpixel rendering works only if the color channels of the pixels have a horizontal layout. That is the R, G, B channels are next each other and not above each other. The order of color channels also needs to match with the library settings. By default, LVGL assumes RGB order, however this can be swapped by setting `LV_SUBPX_BGR 1` in `lv_conf.h`.

## Compressed fonts

The bitmaps of fonts can be compressed by

- ticking the **Compressed** check box in the online converter
- not passing the `--no-compress` flag to the offline converter (compression is applied by default)

Compression is more effective with larger fonts and higher bpp. However, it's about 30% slower to render compressed fonts. Therefore it's recommended to compress only the largest fonts of a user interface, because

- they need the most memory
- they can be compressed better
- and probably they are used less frequently than the medium-sized fonts, so the performance cost is smaller.

### 5.11.4 Add a new font

There are several ways to add a new font to your project:

1. The simplest method is to use the [Online font converter](#). Just set the parameters, click the *Convert* button, copy the font to your project and use it. **Be sure to carefully read the steps provided on that site or you will get an error while converting.**
2. Use the [Offline font converter](#). (Requires Node.js to be installed)
3. If you want to create something like the built-in fonts (Montserrat font and symbols) but in a different size and/or ranges, you can use the `built_in_font_gen.py` script in `lvgl/scripts/built_in_font` folder. (This requires Python and `lv_font_conv` to be installed)

To declare a font in a file, use `LV_FONT_DECLARE(my_font_name)`.

To make fonts globally available (like the builtin fonts), add them to `LV_FONT_CUSTOM_DECLARE` in `lv_conf.h`.

### 5.11.5 Add new symbols

The built-in symbols are created from the [FontAwesome](#) font.

1. Search for a symbol on <https://fontawesome.com>. For example the [USB symbol](#). Copy its Unicode ID which is `0xf287` in this case.
2. Open the [Online font converter](#). Add `FontAwesome.woff`.
3. Set the parameters such as Name, Size, BPP. You'll use this name to declare and use the font in your code.
4. Add the Unicode ID of the symbol to the range field. E.g. `0xf287` for the USB symbol. More symbols can be enumerated with `,`.
5. Convert the font and copy the generated source code to your project. Make sure to compile the `.c` file of your font.
6. Declare the font using `extern lv_font_t my_font_name;` or simply use `LV_FONT_DECLARE(my_font_name);`.

#### Using the symbol

1. Convert the Unicode value to UTF8, for example on [this site](#). For `0xf287` the *Hex UTF-8 bytes* are `EF 8A 87`.
2. Create a `define` string from the UTF8 values: `#define MY_USB_SYMBOL "\xEF\x8A\x87"`
3. Create a label and set the text. Eg. `lv_label_set_text(label, MY_USB_SYMBOL)`

Note - `lv_label_set_text(label, MY_USB_SYMBOL)` searches for this symbol in the font defined in `style.text.font` properties. To use the symbol you may need to change it. Eg `style.text.font = my_font_name`

### 5.11.6 Load a font at run-time

`lv_font_load` can be used to load a font from a file. The font needs to have a special binary format. (Not TTF or WOFF). Use `lv_font_conv` with the `--format bin` option to generate an LVGL compatible font file.

Note that to load a font *LVGL's filesystem* needs to be enabled and a driver must be added.

Example

```
lv_font_t * my_font;
my_font = lv_font_load(X/path/to/my_font.bin);

/*Use the font*/
```

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```
/*Free the font if not required anymore*/
lv_font_free(my_font);
```

### 5.11.7 Add a new font engine

LVGL's font interface is designed to be very flexible but, even so, you can add your own font engine in place of LVGL's internal one. For example, you can use [FreeType](#) to real-time render glyphs from TTF fonts or use an external flash to store the font's bitmap and read them when the library needs them.

A ready to use FreeType can be found in [lv\\_freetype](#) repository.

To do this, a custom `lv_font_t` variable needs to be created:

```
/*Describe the properties of a font*/
lv_font_t my_font;
my_font.get_glyph_dsc = my_get_glyph_dsc_cb;           /*Set a callback to get info_
↳about glyphs*/
my_font.get_glyph_bitmap = my_get_glyph_bitmap_cb;     /*Set a callback to get bitmap of_
↳a glyph*/
my_font.line_height = height;                          /*The real line height where any_
↳text fits*/
my_font.base_line = base_line;                        /*Base line measured from the top_
↳of line_height*/
my_font.dsc = something_required;                     /*Store any implementation_
↳specific data here*/
my_font.user_data = user_data;                       /*Optionally some extra user_
↳data*/

...

/* Get info about glyph of `unicode_letter` in `font` font.
 * Store the result in `dsc_out`.
 * The next letter (`unicode_letter_next`) might be used to calculate the width_
↳required by this glyph (kerning)
 */
bool my_get_glyph_dsc_cb(const lv_font_t * font, lv_font_glyph_dsc_t * dsc_out,
↳uint32_t unicode_letter, uint32_t unicode_letter_next)
{
    /*Your code here*/

    /* Store the result.
     * For example ...
     */
    dsc_out->adv_w = 12;                               /*Horizontal space required by the glyph in [px]*/
    dsc_out->box_h = 8;                                 /*Height of the bitmap in [px]*/
    dsc_out->box_w = 6;                                 /*Width of the bitmap in [px]*/
    dsc_out->ofs_x = 0;                                 /*X offset of the bitmap in [px]*/
    dsc_out->ofs_y = 3;                                 /*Y offset of the bitmap measured from the as line*/
    dsc_out->bpp = 2;                                   /*Bits per pixel: 1/2/4/8*/

    return true;                                       /*true: glyph found; false: glyph was not found*/
}
```

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```

/* Get the bitmap of `unicode_letter` from `font`. */
const uint8_t * my_get_glyph_bitmap_cb(const lv_font_t * font, uint32_t unicode_
↪letter)
{
    /* Your code here */

    /* The bitmap should be a continuous bitstream where
     * each pixel is represented by `bpp` bits */

    return bitmap;    /*Or NULL if not found*/
}

```

### 5.11.8 Use font fallback

You can specify `fallback` in `lv_font_t` to provide fallback to the font. When the font fails to find glyph to a letter, it will try to let font from `fallback` to handle.

`fallback` can be chained, so it will try to solve until there is no `fallback` set.

```

/* Roboto font doesn't have support for CJK glyphs */
lv_font_t *roboto = my_font_load_function();
/* Droid Sans Fallback has more glyphs but its typeface doesn't look good as Roboto */
lv_font_t *droid_sans_fallback = my_font_load_function();
/* So now we can display Roboto for supported characters while having wider_
↪characters set support */
roboto->fallback = droid_sans_fallback;

```

## 5.12 Images

An image can be a file or a variable which stores the bitmap itself and some metadata.

### 5.12.1 Store images

You can store images in two places

- as a variable in internal memory (RAM or ROM)
- as a file

#### Variables

Images stored internally in a variable are composed mainly of an `lv_img_dsc_t` structure with the following fields:

- **header**
  - *cf* Color format. See *below*
  - *w* width in pixels (<= 2048)
  - *h* height in pixels (<= 2048)
  - *always zero* 3 bits which need to be always zero

- *reserved* reserved for future use
- **data** pointer to an array where the image itself is stored
- **data\_size** length of **data** in bytes

These are usually stored within a project as C files. They are linked into the resulting executable like any other constant data.

## Files

To deal with files you need to add a storage *Drive* to LVGL. In short, a *Drive* is a collection of functions (*open*, *read*, *close*, etc.) registered in LVGL to make file operations. You can add an interface to a standard file system (FAT32 on SD card) or you create your simple file system to read data from an SPI Flash memory. In every case, a *Drive* is just an abstraction to read and/or write data to memory. See the [File system](#) section to learn more.

Images stored as files are not linked into the resulting executable, and must be read into RAM before being drawn. As a result, they are not as resource-friendly as images linked at compile time. However, they are easier to replace without needing to rebuild the main program.

### 5.12.2 Color formats

Various built-in color formats are supported:

- **LV\_IMG\_CF\_TRUE\_COLOR** Simply stores the RGB colors (in whatever color depth LVGL is configured for).
- **LV\_IMG\_CF\_TRUE\_COLOR\_ALPHA** Like **LV\_IMG\_CF\_TRUE\_COLOR** but it also adds an alpha (transparency) byte for every pixel.
- **LV\_IMG\_CF\_TRUE\_COLOR\_CHROMA\_KEYED** Like **LV\_IMG\_CF\_TRUE\_COLOR** but if a pixel has the **LV\_COLOR\_TRANSP** color (set in *lv\_conf.h*) it will be transparent.
- **LV\_IMG\_CF\_INDEXED\_1/2/4/8BIT** Uses a palette with 2, 4, 16 or 256 colors and stores each pixel in 1, 2, 4 or 8 bits.
- **LV\_IMG\_CF\_ALPHA\_1/2/4/8BIT** Only stores the Alpha value with 1, 2, 4 or 8 bits. The pixels take the color of `style.img_recolor` and the set opacity. The source image has to be an alpha channel. This is ideal for bitmaps similar to fonts where the whole image is one color that can be altered.

The bytes of **LV\_IMG\_CF\_TRUE\_COLOR** images are stored in the following order.

For 32-bit color depth:

- Byte 0: Blue
- Byte 1: Green
- Byte 2: Red
- Byte 3: Alpha

For 16-bit color depth:

- Byte 0: Green 3 lower bit, Blue 5 bit
- Byte 1: Red 5 bit, Green 3 higher bit
- Byte 2: Alpha byte (only with **LV\_IMG\_CF\_TRUE\_COLOR\_ALPHA**)

For 8-bit color depth:

- Byte 0: Red 3 bit, Green 3 bit, Blue 2 bit

- Byte 2: Alpha byte (only with LV\_IMG\_CF\_TRUE\_COLOR\_ALPHA)

You can store images in a *Raw* format to indicate that it's not encoded with one of the built-in color formats and an external *Image decoder* needs to be used to decode the image.

- **LV\_IMG\_CF\_RAW** Indicates a basic raw image (e.g. a PNG or JPG image).
- **LV\_IMG\_CF\_RAW\_ALPHA** Indicates that an image has alpha and an alpha byte is added for every pixel.
- **LV\_IMG\_CF\_RAW\_CHROMA\_KEYED** Indicates that an image is chroma-keyed as described in LV\_IMG\_CF\_TRUE\_COLOR\_CHROMA\_KEYED above.

### 5.12.3 Add and use images

You can add images to LVGL in two ways:

- using the online converter
- manually create images

#### Online converter

The online Image converter is available here: <https://lvgl.io/tools/imageconverter>

Adding an image to LVGL via the online converter is easy.

1. You need to select a *BMP*, *PNG* or *JPG* image first.
2. Give the image a name that will be used within LVGL.
3. Select the *Color format*.
4. Select the type of image you want. Choosing a binary will generate a `.bin` file that must be stored separately and read using the *file support*. Choosing a variable will generate a standard C file that can be linked into your project.
5. Hit the *Convert* button. Once the conversion is finished, your browser will automatically download the resulting file.

In the generated C arrays (variables), bitmaps for all the color depths (1, 8, 16 or 32) are included in the C file, but only the color depth that matches LV\_COLOR\_DEPTH in *lv\_conf.h* will actually be linked into the resulting executable.

In the case of binary files, you need to specify the color format you want:

- RGB332 for 8-bit color depth
- RGB565 for 16-bit color depth
- RGB565 Swap for 16-bit color depth (two bytes are swapped)
- RGB888 for 32-bit color depth

## Manually create an image

If you are generating an image at run-time, you can craft an image variable to display it using LVGL. For example:

```
uint8_t my_img_data[] = {0x00, 0x01, 0x02, ...};

static lv_img_dsc_t my_img_dsc = {
    .header.always_zero = 0,
    .header.w = 80,
    .header.h = 60,
    .data_size = 80 * 60 * LV_COLOR_DEPTH / 8,
    .header.cf = LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR,      /*Set the color format*/
    .data = my_img_data,
};
```

If the color format is `LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR_ALPHA` you can set `data_size` like `80 * 60 * LV_IMG_PX_SIZE_ALPHA_BYTE`.

Another (possibly simpler) option to create and display an image at run-time is to use the *Canvas* object.

## Use images

The simplest way to use an image in LVGL is to display it with an *lv\_img* object:

```
lv_obj_t * icon = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act(), NULL);

/*From variable*/
lv_img_set_src(icon, &my_icon_dsc);

/*From file*/
lv_img_set_src(icon, "S:my_icon.bin");
```

If the image was converted with the online converter, you should use `LV_IMG_DECLARE(my_icon_dsc)` to declare the image in the file where you want to use it.

### 5.12.4 Image decoder

As you can see in the *Color formats* section, LVGL supports several built-in image formats. In many cases, these will be all you need. LVGL doesn't directly support, however, generic image formats like PNG or JPG.

To handle non-built-in image formats, you need to use external libraries and attach them to LVGL via the *Image decoder* interface.

An image decoder consists of 4 callbacks:

- **info** get some basic info about the image (width, height and color format).
- **open** open an image: either store a decoded image or set it to `NULL` to indicate the image can be read line-by-line.
- **read** if *open* didn't fully open an image this function should give some decoded data (max 1 line) from a given position.
- **close** close an opened image, free the allocated resources.

You can add any number of image decoders. When an image needs to be drawn, the library will try all the registered image decoders until it finds one which can open the image, i.e. one which knows that format.

The `LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR...`, `LV_IMG_INDEXED...` and `LV_IMG_ALPHA...` formats (essentially, all non-RAW formats) are understood by the built-in decoder.



## Custom image formats

The easiest way to create a custom image is to use the online image converter and select **Raw**, **Raw with alpha** or **Raw with chroma-keyed** format. It will just take every byte of the binary file you uploaded and write it as an image "bitmap". You then need to attach an image decoder that will parse that bitmap and generate the real, renderable bitmap.

`header.cf` will be `LV_IMG_CF_RAW`, `LV_IMG_CF_RAW_ALPHA` or `LV_IMG_CF_RAW_CHROMA_KEYED` accordingly. You should choose the correct format according to your needs: a fully opaque image, using an alpha channel or using a chroma key.

After decoding, the *raw* formats are considered *True color* by the library. In other words, the image decoder must decode the *Raw* images to *True color* according to the format described in the *Color formats* section.

If you want to create a custom image, you should use `LV_IMG_CF_USER_ENCODED_0..7` color formats. However, the library can draw images only in *True color* format (or *Raw* but ultimately it will be in *True color* format). The `LV_IMG_CF_USER_ENCODED...` formats are not known by the library and therefore they should be decoded to one of the known formats from the *Color formats* section. It's possible to decode an image to a non-true color format first (for example: `LV_IMG_INDEXED_4BITS`) and then call the built-in decoder functions to convert it to *True color*.

With *User encoded* formats, the color format in the open function (`dsc->header.cf`) should be changed according to the new format.

## Register an image decoder

Here's an example of getting LVGL to work with PNG images.

First, you need to create a new image decoder and set some functions to open/close the PNG files. It should look like this:

```
/*Create a new decoder and register functions */
lv_img_decoder_t * dec = lv_img_decoder_create();
lv_img_decoder_set_info_cb(dec, decoder_info);
lv_img_decoder_set_open_cb(dec, decoder_open);
lv_img_decoder_set_close_cb(dec, decoder_close);

/**
 * Get info about a PNG image
 * @param decoder pointer to the decoder where this function belongs
 * @param src can be file name or pointer to a C array
 * @param header store the info here
 * @return LV_RES_OK: no error; LV_RES_INV: can't get the info
 */
static lv_res_t decoder_info(lv_img_decoder_t * decoder, const void * src, lv_img_header_t * header)
{
    /*Check whether the type `src` is known by the decoder*/
    if(is_png(src) == false) return LV_RES_INV;

    /* Read the PNG header and find `width` and `height` */
    ...

    header->cf = LV_IMG_CF_RAW_ALPHA;
    header->w = width;
    header->h = height;
}
```

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```

/**
 * Open a PNG image and return the decoded image
 * @param decoder pointer to the decoder where this function belongs
 * @param dsc pointer to a descriptor which describes this decoding session
 * @return LV_RES_OK: no error; LV_RES_INV: can't get the info
 */
static lv_res_t decoder_open(lv_img_decoder_t * decoder, lv_img_decoder_dsc_t * dsc)
{
    /*Check whether the type `src` is known by the decoder*/
    if(is_png(src) == false) return LV_RES_INV;

    /*Decode and store the image. If `dsc->img_data` is `NULL`, the `read_line`
    ↪ function will be called to get the image data line-by-line*/
    dsc->img_data = my_png_decoder(src);

    /*Change the color format if required. For PNG usually 'Raw' is fine*/
    dsc->header.cf = LV_IMG_CF_...

    /*Call a built in decoder function if required. It's not required if `my_png_
    ↪ decoder` opened the image in true color format.*/
    lv_res_t res = lv_img_decoder_built_in_open(decoder, dsc);

    return res;
}

/**
 * Decode `len` pixels starting from the given `x`, `y` coordinates and store them in
    ↪ `buf`.
 * Required only if the "open" function can't open the whole decoded pixel array.
    ↪ (dsc->img_data == NULL)
 * @param decoder pointer to the decoder the function associated with
 * @param dsc pointer to decoder descriptor
 * @param x start x coordinate
 * @param y start y coordinate
 * @param len number of pixels to decode
 * @param buf a buffer to store the decoded pixels
 * @return LV_RES_OK: ok; LV_RES_INV: failed
 */
lv_res_t decoder_built_in_read_line(lv_img_decoder_t * decoder, lv_img_decoder_dsc_t
    ↪ * dsc, lv_coord_t x,
                                lv_coord_t y, lv_coord_t len, uint8_
    ↪ t * buf)
{
    /*With PNG it's usually not required*/

    /*Copy `len` pixels from `x` and `y` coordinates in True color format to `buf` */
}

/**
 * Free the allocated resources
 * @param decoder pointer to the decoder where this function belongs
 * @param dsc pointer to a descriptor which describes this decoding session
 */
static void decoder_close(lv_img_decoder_t * decoder, lv_img_decoder_dsc_t * dsc)
{

```

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```

/*Free all allocated data*/

/*Call the built-in close function if the built-in open/read_line was used*/
lv_img_decoder_built_in_close(decoder, dsc);

}

```

So in summary:

- In `decoder_info`, you should collect some basic information about the image and store it in `header`.
- In `decoder_open`, you should try to open the image source pointed by `dsc->src`. Its type is already in `dsc->src_type == LV_IMG_SRC_FILE/VARIABLE`. If this format/type is not supported by the decoder, return `LV_RES_INV`. However, if you can open the image, a pointer to the decoded *True color* image should be set in `dsc->img_data`. If the format is known, but you don't want to decode the entire image (e.g. no memory for it), set `dsc->img_data = NULL` and use `read_line` to get the pixel data.
- In `decoder_close` you should free all allocated resources.
- `decoder_read` is optional. Decoding the whole image requires extra memory and some computational overhead. However, it can decode one line of the image without decoding the whole image, you can save memory and time. To indicate that the *line read* function should be used, set `dsc->img_data = NULL` in the open function.

### Manually use an image decoder

LVGL will use registered image decoders automatically if you try and draw a raw image (i.e. using the `lv_img` object) but you can use them manually too. Create an `lv_img_decoder_dsc_t` variable to describe the decoding session and call `lv_img_decoder_open()`.

The `color` parameter is used only with `LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_1/2/4/8BIT` images to tell color of the image. `frame_id` can be used if the image to open is an animation.

```

lv_res_t res;
lv_img_decoder_dsc_t dsc;
res = lv_img_decoder_open(&dsc, &my_img_dsc, color, frame_id);

if(res == LV_RES_OK) {
    /*Do something with `dsc->img_data`*/
    lv_img_decoder_close(&dsc);
}

```

## 5.12.5 Image caching

Sometimes it takes a lot of time to open an image. Continuously decoding a PNG image or loading images from a slow external memory would be inefficient and detrimental to the user experience.

Therefore, LVGL caches a given number of images. Caching means some images will be left open, hence LVGL can quickly access them from `dsc->img_data` instead of needing to decode them again.

Of course, caching images is resource intensive as it uses more RAM to store the decoded image. LVGL tries to optimize the process as much as possible (see below), but you will still need to evaluate if this would be beneficial for your platform or not. Image caching may not be worth it if you have a deeply embedded target which decodes small images from a relatively fast storage medium.

## Cache size

The number of cache entries can be defined with `LV_IMG_CACHE_DEF_SIZE` in `lv_conf.h`. The default value is 1 so only the most recently used image will be left open.

The size of the cache can be changed at run-time with `lv_img_cache_set_size(entry_num)`.

## Value of images

When you use more images than cache entries, LVGL can't cache all the images. Instead, the library will close one of the cached images to free space.

To decide which image to close, LVGL uses a measurement it previously made of how long it took to open the image. Cache entries that hold slower-to-open images are considered more valuable and are kept in the cache as long as possible.

If you want or need to override LVGL's measurement, you can manually set the *time to open* value in the decoder open function in `dsc->time_to_open = time_ms` to give a higher or lower value. (Leave it unchanged to let LVGL control it.)

Every cache entry has a *"life"* value. Every time an image is opened through the cache, the *life* value of all entries is decreased to make them older. When a cached image is used, its *life* value is increased by the *time to open* value to make it more alive.

If there is no more space in the cache, the entry with the lowest life value will be closed.

## Memory usage

Note that a cached image might continuously consume memory. For example, if three PNG images are cached, they will consume memory while they are open.

Therefore, it's the user's responsibility to be sure there is enough RAM to cache even the largest images at the same time.

## Clean the cache

Let's say you have loaded a PNG image into a `lv_img_dsc_t my_png` variable and use it in an `lv_img` object. If the image is already cached and you then change the underlying PNG file, you need to notify LVGL to cache the image again. Otherwise, there is no easy way of detecting that the underlying file changed and LVGL will still draw the old image from cache.

To do this, use `lv_img_cache_invalidate_src(&my_png)`. If `NULL` is passed as a parameter, the whole cache will be cleaned.

## 5.12.6 API

### Image buffer

### Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_img_cf_t
```

## Enums

enum **[anonymous]**

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_UNKNOWN**

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_RAW**

Contains the file as it is. Needs custom decoder function

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_RAW\_ALPHA**

Contains the file as it is. The image has alpha. Needs custom decoder function

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_RAW\_CHROMA\_KEYED**

Contains the file as it is. The image is chroma keyed. Needs custom decoder function

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_TRUE\_COLOR**

Color format and depth should match with LV\_COLOR settings

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_TRUE\_COLOR\_ALPHA**

Same as LV\_IMG\_CF\_TRUE\_COLOR but every pixel has an alpha byte

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_TRUE\_COLOR\_CHROMA\_KEYED**

Same as LV\_IMG\_CF\_TRUE\_COLOR but LV\_COLOR\_TRANSP pixels will be transparent

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_INDEXED\_1BIT**

Can have 2 different colors in a palette (can't be chroma keyed)

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_INDEXED\_2BIT**

Can have 4 different colors in a palette (can't be chroma keyed)

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_INDEXED\_4BIT**

Can have 16 different colors in a palette (can't be chroma keyed)

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_INDEXED\_8BIT**

Can have 256 different colors in a palette (can't be chroma keyed)

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_ALPHA\_1BIT**

Can have one color and it can be drawn or not

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_ALPHA\_2BIT**

Can have one color but 4 different alpha value

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_ALPHA\_4BIT**

Can have one color but 16 different alpha value

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_ALPHA\_8BIT**

Can have one color but 256 different alpha value

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_RESERVED\_15**

Reserved for further use.

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_RESERVED\_16**  
Reserved for further use.

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_RESERVED\_17**  
Reserved for further use.

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_RESERVED\_18**  
Reserved for further use.

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_RESERVED\_19**  
Reserved for further use.

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_RESERVED\_20**  
Reserved for further use.

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_RESERVED\_21**  
Reserved for further use.

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_RESERVED\_22**  
Reserved for further use.

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_RESERVED\_23**  
Reserved for further use.

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_USER\_ENCODED\_0**  
User holder encoding format.

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_USER\_ENCODED\_1**  
User holder encoding format.

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_USER\_ENCODED\_2**  
User holder encoding format.

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_USER\_ENCODED\_3**  
User holder encoding format.

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_USER\_ENCODED\_4**  
User holder encoding format.

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_USER\_ENCODED\_5**  
User holder encoding format.

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_USER\_ENCODED\_6**  
User holder encoding format.

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_CF\_USER\_ENCODED\_7**  
User holder encoding format.

## Functions

*lv\_img\_dsc\_t* \***lv\_img\_buf\_alloc**(*lv\_coord\_t* w, *lv\_coord\_t* h, *lv\_img\_cf\_t* cf)

Allocate an image buffer in RAM

### Parameters

- **w** -- width of image
- **h** -- height of image
- **cf** -- a color format (LV\_IMG\_CF\_...)

**Returns** an allocated image, or NULL on failure

*lv\_color\_t* **lv\_img\_buf\_get\_px\_color**(*lv\_img\_dsc\_t* \*dsc, *lv\_coord\_t* x, *lv\_coord\_t* y, *lv\_color\_t* color)

Get the color of an image's pixel

### Parameters

- **dsc** -- an image descriptor
- **x** -- x coordinate of the point to get
- **y** -- x coordinate of the point to get
- **color** -- the color of the image. In case of LV\_IMG\_CF\_ALPHA\_1/2/4/8 this color is used. Not used in other cases.
- **safe** -- true: check out of bounds

**Returns** color of the point

*lv\_opa\_t* **lv\_img\_buf\_get\_px\_alpha**(*lv\_img\_dsc\_t* \*dsc, *lv\_coord\_t* x, *lv\_coord\_t* y)

Get the alpha value of an image's pixel

### Parameters

- **dsc** -- pointer to an image descriptor
- **x** -- x coordinate of the point to set
- **y** -- x coordinate of the point to set
- **safe** -- true: check out of bounds

**Returns** alpha value of the point

void **lv\_img\_buf\_set\_px\_color**(*lv\_img\_dsc\_t* \*dsc, *lv\_coord\_t* x, *lv\_coord\_t* y, *lv\_color\_t* c)

Set the color of a pixel of an image. The alpha channel won't be affected.

### Parameters

- **dsc** -- pointer to an image descriptor
- **x** -- x coordinate of the point to set
- **y** -- x coordinate of the point to set
- **c** -- color of the point
- **safe** -- true: check out of bounds

void **lv\_img\_buf\_set\_px\_alpha**(*lv\_img\_dsc\_t* \*dsc, *lv\_coord\_t* x, *lv\_coord\_t* y, *lv\_opa\_t* opa)

Set the alpha value of a pixel of an image. The color won't be affected

### Parameters

- **dsc** -- pointer to an image descriptor

- **x** -- x coordinate of the point to set
- **y** -- x coordinate of the point to set
- **opa** -- the desired opacity
- **safe** -- true: check out of bounds

void **lv\_img\_buf\_set\_palette**(*lv\_img\_dsc\_t* \*dsc, uint8\_t id, lv\_color\_t c)

Set the palette color of an indexed image. Valid only for LV\_IMG\_CF\_INDEXED1/2/4/8

#### Parameters

- **dsc** -- pointer to an image descriptor
- **id** -- the palette color to set:
  - for LV\_IMG\_CF\_INDEXED1: 0..1
  - for LV\_IMG\_CF\_INDEXED2: 0..3
  - for LV\_IMG\_CF\_INDEXED4: 0..15
  - for LV\_IMG\_CF\_INDEXED8: 0..255
- **c** -- the color to set

void **lv\_img\_buf\_free**(*lv\_img\_dsc\_t* \*dsc)

Free an allocated image buffer

**Parameters** **dsc** -- image buffer to free

uint32\_t **lv\_img\_buf\_get\_img\_size**(lv\_coord\_t w, lv\_coord\_t h, *lv\_img\_cf\_t* cf)

Get the memory consumption of a raw bitmap, given color format and dimensions.

#### Parameters

- **w** -- width
- **h** -- height
- **cf** -- color format

**Returns** size in bytes

void **\_lv\_img\_buf\_transform\_init**(*lv\_img\_transform\_dsc\_t* \*dsc)

Initialize a descriptor to rotate an image

**Parameters** **dsc** -- pointer to an *lv\_img\_transform\_dsc\_t* variable whose **cfg** field is initialized

bool **\_lv\_img\_buf\_transform\_anti\_alias**(*lv\_img\_transform\_dsc\_t* \*dsc)

Continue transformation by taking the neighbors into account

**Parameters** **dsc** -- pointer to the transformation descriptor

bool **\_lv\_img\_buf\_transform**(*lv\_img\_transform\_dsc\_t* \*dsc, lv\_coord\_t x, lv\_coord\_t y)

Get which color and opa would come to a pixel if it were rotated

---

**Note:** the result is written back to **dsc->res\_color** and **dsc->res\_opa**

---

#### Parameters

- **dsc** -- a descriptor initialized by **lv\_img\_buf\_rotate\_init**
- **x** -- the coordinate which color and opa should be get



- **y** -- the coordinate which color and opa should be get

**Returns** true: there is valid pixel on these x/y coordinates; false: the rotated pixel was out of the image

```
void _lv_img_buf_get_transformed_area(lv_area_t *res, lv_coord_t w, lv_coord_t h, int16_t angle,
                                     uint16_t zoom, const lv_point_t *pivot)
```

Get the area of a rectangle if its rotated and scaled

#### Parameters

- **res** -- store the coordinates here
- **w** -- width of the rectangle to transform
- **h** -- height of the rectangle to transform
- **angle** -- angle of rotation
- **zoom** -- zoom, (256 no zoom)
- **pivot** -- x,y pivot coordinates of rotation

```
struct lv_img_header_t
```

*#include <lv\_img\_buf.h>* The first 8 bit is very important to distinguish the different source types. For more info see `lv_img_get_src_type()` in `lv_img.c` On big endian systems the order is reversed so `cf` and `always_zero` must be at the end of the struct.

#### Public Members

uint32\_t **h**

uint32\_t **w**

uint32\_t **reserved**

uint32\_t **always\_zero**

uint32\_t **cf**

```
struct lv_img_header_t
```

*#include <lv\_img\_buf.h>* The first 8 bit is very important to distinguish the different source types. For more info see `lv_img_get_src_type()` in `lv_img.c` On big endian systems the order is reversed so `cf` and `always_zero` must be at the end of the struct.

#### Public Members

uint32\_t **h**

uint32\_t **w**

uint32\_t **reserved**

uint32\_t **always\_zero**

uint32\_t **cf**

```
struct lv_img_dsc_t
```

*#include <lv\_img\_buf.h>* Image header it is compatible with the result from image converter utility

## Public Members

### *lv\_img\_header\_t* header

A header describing the basics of the image

#### uint32\_t **data\_size**

Size of the image in bytes

#### const uint8\_t \***data**

Pointer to the data of the image

### struct **lv\_img\_transform\_dsc\_t**

## Public Members

#### const void \***src**

#### lv\_coord\_t **src\_w**

#### lv\_coord\_t **src\_h**

#### lv\_coord\_t **pivot\_x**

#### lv\_coord\_t **pivot\_y**

#### int16\_t **angle**

#### uint16\_t **zoom**

#### lv\_color\_t **color**

#### *lv\_img\_cf\_t* **cf**

#### bool **antialias**

#### struct *lv\_img\_transform\_dsc\_t*::[anonymous] **cfg**

#### lv\_opa\_t **opa**

#### struct *lv\_img\_transform\_dsc\_t*::[anonymous] **res**

#### *lv\_img\_dsc\_t* **img\_dsc**

#### int32\_t **pivot\_x\_256**

#### int32\_t **pivot\_y\_256**

#### int32\_t **sinma**

#### int32\_t **cosma**

#### uint8\_t **chroma\_keyed**

#### uint8\_t **has\_alpha**

#### uint8\_t **native\_color**

#### uint32\_t **zoom\_inv**

#### lv\_coord\_t **xs**

#### lv\_coord\_t **ys**

```

lv_coord_t xs_int
lv_coord_t ys_int
uint32_t pxi
uint8_t px_size
struct lv_img_transform_dsc_t::[anonymous] tmp

```

## 5.13 File system

LVGL has a 'File system' abstraction module that enables you to attach any type of file system. A file system is identified by an assigned drive letter. For example, if an SD card is associated with the letter 'S', a file can be reached using "S:path/to/file.txt".

### 5.13.1 Ready to use drivers

The `lv_fs_if` repository contains prepared drivers using POSIX, standard C and the `FATFS` API. See its [README](#) for the details.

### 5.13.2 Adding a driver

#### Registering a driver

To add a driver, a `lv_fs_drv_t` needs to be initialized like below. The `lv_fs_drv_t` needs to be static, global or dynamically allocated and not a local variable.

```

static lv_fs_drv_t drv;                                /*Needs to be static or global*/
lv_fs_drv_init(&drv);                                  /*Basic initialization*/

drv.letter = 'S';                                       /*An uppercase letter to identify the drive_
↪*/
drv.cache_size = my_cache_size;                        /*Cache size for reading in bytes. 0 to not_
↪cache.*/

drv.ready_cb = my_ready_cb;                            /*Callback to tell if the drive is ready to_
↪use */
drv.open_cb = my_open_cb;                             /*Callback to open a file */
drv.close_cb = my_close_cb;                           /*Callback to close a file */
drv.read_cb = my_read_cb;                             /*Callback to read a file */
drv.write_cb = my_write_cb;                           /*Callback to write a file */
drv.seek_cb = my_seek_cb;                             /*Callback to seek in a file (Move cursor)_
↪*/
drv.tell_cb = my_tell_cb;                             /*Callback to tell the cursor position */

drv.dir_open_cb = my_dir_open_cb;                     /*Callback to open directory to read its_
↪content */
drv.dir_read_cb = my_dir_read_cb;                     /*Callback to read a directory's content */
drv.dir_close_cb = my_dir_close_cb;                   /*Callback to close a directory */

drv.user_data = my_user_data;                         /*Any custom data if required*/

```

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```
lv_fs_drv_register(&drv);
```

```
/*Finally register the drive*/
```

Any of the callbacks can be NULL to indicate that operation is not supported.

## Implementing the callbacks

### Open callback

The prototype of `open_cb` looks like this:

```
void * (*open_cb)(lv_fs_drv_t * drv, const char * path, lv_fs_mode_t mode);
```

`path` is the path after the drive letter (e.g. "S:path/to/file.txt" -> "path/to/file.txt"). `mode` can be `LV_FS_MODE_WR` or `LV_FS_MODE_RD` to open for writes or reads.

The return value is a pointer to a *file object* that describes the opened file or NULL if there were any issues (e.g. the file wasn't found). The returned file object will be passed to other file system related callbacks. (see below)

### Other callbacks

The other callbacks are quite similar. For example `write_cb` looks like this:

```
lv_fs_res_t (*write_cb)(lv_fs_drv_t * drv, void * file_p, const void * buf, uint32_t_
↪ btw, uint32_t * bw);
```

For `file_p`, LVGL passes the return value of `open_cb`, `buf` is the data to write, `btw` is the Bytes To Write, `bw` is the actually written bytes.

For a template of these callbacks see [lv\\_fs\\_template.c](#).

## 5.13.3 Usage example

The example below shows how to read from a file:

```
lv_fs_file_t f;
lv_fs_res_t res;
res = lv_fs_open(&f, "S:folder/file.txt", LV_FS_MODE_RD);
if(res != LV_FS_RES_OK) my_error_handling();

uint32_t read_num;
uint8_t buf[8];
res = lv_fs_read(&f, buf, 8, &read_num);
if(res != LV_FS_RES_OK || read_num != 8) my_error_handling();

lv_fs_close(&f);
```

The `mode` in `lv_fs_open` can be `LV_FS_MODE_WR` to open for writes only or `LV_FS_MODE_RD` | `LV_FS_MODE_WR` for both

This example shows how to read a directory's content. It's up to the driver how to mark directories in the result but it can be a good practice to insert a '/' in front of each directory name.

```

lv_fs_dir_t dir;
lv_fs_res_t res;
res = lv_fs_dir_open(&dir, "S:/folder");
if(res != LV_FS_RES_OK) my_error_handling();

char fn[256];
while(1) {
    res = lv_fs_dir_read(&dir, fn);
    if(res != LV_FS_RES_OK) {
        my_error_handling();
        break;
    }

    /*fn is empty, if not more files to read*/
    if(strlen(fn) == 0) {
        break;
    }

    printf("%s\n", fn);
}

lv_fs_dir_close(&dir);

```

### 5.13.4 Use drives for images

*Image* objects can be opened from files too (besides variables stored in the compiled program).

To use files in image widgets the following callbacks are required:

- open
- close
- read
- seek
- tell

### 5.13.5 API

#### Typedefs

```

typedef uint8_t lv_fs_res_t
typedef uint8_t lv_fs_mode_t
typedef struct _lv_fs_drv_t lv_fs_drv_t

```

## Enums

enum **[anonymous]**

Errors in the file system module.

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_FS\_RES\_OK**

enumerator **LV\_FS\_RES\_HW\_ERR**

enumerator **LV\_FS\_RES\_FS\_ERR**

enumerator **LV\_FS\_RES\_NOT\_EX**

enumerator **LV\_FS\_RES\_FULL**

enumerator **LV\_FS\_RES\_LOCKED**

enumerator **LV\_FS\_RES\_DENIED**

enumerator **LV\_FS\_RES\_BUSY**

enumerator **LV\_FS\_RES\_TOUT**

enumerator **LV\_FS\_RES\_NOT\_IMP**

enumerator **LV\_FS\_RES\_OUT\_OF\_MEM**

enumerator **LV\_FS\_RES\_INV\_PARAM**

enumerator **LV\_FS\_RES\_UNKNOWN**

enum **[anonymous]**

File open mode.

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_FS\_MODE\_WR**

enumerator **LV\_FS\_MODE\_RD**

enum **lv\_fs\_whence\_t**

Seek modes.

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_FS\_SEEK\_SET**

Set the position from absolutely (from the start of file)

enumerator **LV\_FS\_SEEK\_CUR**

Set the position from the current position

enumerator **LV\_FS\_SEEK\_END**

Set the position from the end of the file

## Functions

void **\_lv\_fs\_init**(void)

Initialize the File system interface

void **lv\_fs\_drv\_init**(*lv\_fs\_drv\_t* \*drv)

Initialize a file system driver with default values. It is used to surly have known values in the fields and not memory junk. After it you can set the fields.

**Parameters** **drv** -- pointer to driver variable to initialize

void **lv\_fs\_drv\_register**(*lv\_fs\_drv\_t* \*drv)

Add a new drive

**Parameters** **drv** -- pointer to an *lv\_fs\_drv\_t* structure which is initied with the corresponding function pointers. Only pointer is saved, so the driver should be static or dynamically allocated.

*lv\_fs\_drv\_t* \***lv\_fs\_get\_drv**(char letter)

Give a pointer to a driver from its letter

**Parameters** **letter** -- the driver letter

**Returns** pointer to a driver or NULL if not found

bool **lv\_fs\_is\_ready**(char letter)

Test if a drive is ready or not. If the **ready** function was not initialized **true** will be returned.

**Parameters** **letter** -- letter of the drive

**Returns** true: drive is ready; false: drive is not ready

*lv\_fs\_res\_t* **lv\_fs\_open**(*lv\_fs\_file\_t* \*file\_p, const char \*path, *lv\_fs\_mode\_t* mode)

Open a file

**Parameters**

- **file\_p** -- pointer to a *lv\_fs\_file\_t* variable
- **path** -- path to the file beginning with the driver letter (e.g. S:/folder/file.txt)
- **mode** -- read: FS\_MODE\_RD, write: FS\_MODE\_WR, both: FS\_MODE\_RD | FS\_MODE\_WR

**Returns** LV\_FS\_RES\_OK or any error from *lv\_fs\_res\_t* enum

*lv\_fs\_res\_t* **lv\_fs\_close**(*lv\_fs\_file\_t* \*file\_p)

Close an already opened file

**Parameters** **file\_p** -- pointer to a *lv\_fs\_file\_t* variable

**Returns** LV\_FS\_RES\_OK or any error from *lv\_fs\_res\_t* enum

*lv\_fs\_res\_t* **lv\_fs\_read**(*lv\_fs\_file\_t* \*file\_p, void \*buf, uint32\_t btr, uint32\_t \*br)

Read from a file

**Parameters**

- **file\_p** -- pointer to a *lv\_fs\_file\_t* variable
- **buf** -- pointer to a buffer where the read bytes are stored
- **btr** -- Bytes To Read
- **br** -- the number of real read bytes (Bytes Read). NULL if unused.

**Returns** LV\_FS\_RES\_OK or any error from *lv\_fs\_res\_t* enum

*lv\_fs\_res\_t* **lv\_fs\_write**(*lv\_fs\_file\_t* \*file\_p, const void \*buf, uint32\_t btw, uint32\_t \*bw)  
Write into a file

**Parameters**

- **file\_p** -- pointer to a *lv\_fs\_file\_t* variable
- **buf** -- pointer to a buffer with the bytes to write
- **btw** -- Bytes To Write
- **bw** -- the number of real written bytes (Bytes Written). NULL if unused.

**Returns** LV\_FS\_RES\_OK or any error from *lv\_fs\_res\_t* enum

*lv\_fs\_res\_t* **lv\_fs\_seek**(*lv\_fs\_file\_t* \*file\_p, uint32\_t pos, *lv\_fs\_whence\_t* whence)  
Set the position of the 'cursor' (read write pointer) in a file

**Parameters**

- **file\_p** -- pointer to a *lv\_fs\_file\_t* variable
- **pos** -- the new position expressed in bytes index (0: start of file)
- **whence** -- tells from where set the position. See @*lv\_fs\_whence\_t*

**Returns** LV\_FS\_RES\_OK or any error from *lv\_fs\_res\_t* enum

*lv\_fs\_res\_t* **lv\_fs\_tell**(*lv\_fs\_file\_t* \*file\_p, uint32\_t \*pos)  
Give the position of the read write pointer

**Parameters**

- **file\_p** -- pointer to a *lv\_fs\_file\_t* variable
- **pos\_p** -- pointer to store the position of the read write pointer

**Returns** LV\_FS\_RES\_OK or any error from 'fs\_res\_t'

*lv\_fs\_res\_t* **lv\_fs\_dir\_open**(*lv\_fs\_dir\_t* \*rddir\_p, const char \*path)  
Initialize a 'fs\_dir\_t' variable for directory reading

**Parameters**

- **rddir\_p** -- pointer to a '*lv\_fs\_dir\_t*' variable
- **path** -- path to a directory

**Returns** LV\_FS\_RES\_OK or any error from *lv\_fs\_res\_t* enum

*lv\_fs\_res\_t* **lv\_fs\_dir\_read**(*lv\_fs\_dir\_t* \*rddir\_p, char \*fn)  
Read the next filename form a directory. The name of the directories will begin with '/'

**Parameters**

- **rddir\_p** -- pointer to an initialized 'fs\_dir\_t' variable
- **fn** -- pointer to a buffer to store the filename

**Returns** LV\_FS\_RES\_OK or any error from *lv\_fs\_res\_t* enum

*lv\_fs\_res\_t* **lv\_fs\_dir\_close**(*lv\_fs\_dir\_t* \*rddir\_p)  
Close the directory reading

**Parameters** **rddir\_p** -- pointer to an initialized 'fs\_dir\_t' variable

**Returns** LV\_FS\_RES\_OK or any error from *lv\_fs\_res\_t* enum



char \***lv\_fs\_get\_letters**(char \*buf)

Fill a buffer with the letters of existing drivers

**Parameters** **buf** -- buffer to store the letters ('\0' added after the last letter)

**Returns** the buffer

const char \***lv\_fs\_get\_ext**(const char \*fn)

Return with the extension of the filename

**Parameters** **fn** -- string with a filename

**Returns** pointer to the beginning extension or empty string if no extension

char \***lv\_fs\_up**(char \*path)

Step up one level

**Parameters** **path** -- pointer to a file name

**Returns** the truncated file name

const char \***lv\_fs\_get\_last**(const char \*path)

Get the last element of a path (e.g. U:/folder/file -> file)

**Parameters** **path** -- pointer to a file name

**Returns** pointer to the beginning of the last element in the path

struct **\_lv\_fs\_drv\_t**

### Public Members

char **letter**

uint16\_t **cache\_size**

bool (\***ready\_cb**)(struct *\_lv\_fs\_drv\_t* \*drv)

void (\***open\_cb**)(struct *\_lv\_fs\_drv\_t* \*drv, const char \*path, *lv\_fs\_mode\_t* mode)

*lv\_fs\_res\_t* (\***close\_cb**)(struct *\_lv\_fs\_drv\_t* \*drv, void \*file\_p)

*lv\_fs\_res\_t* (\***read\_cb**)(struct *\_lv\_fs\_drv\_t* \*drv, void \*file\_p, void \*buf, uint32\_t btr, uint32\_t \*br)

*lv\_fs\_res\_t* (\***write\_cb**)(struct *\_lv\_fs\_drv\_t* \*drv, void \*file\_p, const void \*buf, uint32\_t btw, uint32\_t \*bw)

*lv\_fs\_res\_t* (\***seek\_cb**)(struct *\_lv\_fs\_drv\_t* \*drv, void \*file\_p, uint32\_t pos, *lv\_fs\_whence\_t* whence)

*lv\_fs\_res\_t* (\***tell\_cb**)(struct *\_lv\_fs\_drv\_t* \*drv, void \*file\_p, uint32\_t \*pos\_p)

void (\***dir\_open\_cb**)(struct *\_lv\_fs\_drv\_t* \*drv, const char \*path)

*lv\_fs\_res\_t* (\***dir\_read\_cb**)(struct *\_lv\_fs\_drv\_t* \*drv, void \*rddir\_p, char \*fn)

*lv\_fs\_res\_t* (\***dir\_close\_cb**)(struct *\_lv\_fs\_drv\_t* \*drv, void \*rddir\_p)

void \***user\_data**

Custom file user data

struct **lv\_fs\_file\_cache\_t**

**Public Members**

```
uint32_t start
uint32_t end
uint32_t file_position
void *buffer
struct lv_fs_file_t
```

**Public Members**

```
void *file_d
lv_fs_drv_t *drv
lv_fs_file_cache_t *cache
struct lv_fs_dir_t
```

**Public Members**

```
void *dir_d
lv_fs_drv_t *drv
```

## 5.14 Animations

You can automatically change the value of a variable between a start and an end value using animations. Animation will happen by periodically calling an "animator" function with the corresponding value parameter.

The *animator* functions have the following prototype:

```
void func(void * var, lv_anim_var_t value);
```

This prototype is compatible with the majority of the property *set* functions in LVGL. For example `lv_obj_set_x(obj, value)` or `lv_obj_set_width(obj, value)`

### 5.14.1 Create an animation

To create an animation an `lv_anim_t` variable has to be initialized and configured with `lv_anim_set_...()` functions.

```
/* INITIALIZE AN ANIMATION
 *-----*/

lv_anim_t a;
lv_anim_init(&a);
```

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```

/* MANDATORY SETTINGS
 *-----*/

/*Set the "animator" function*/
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t) lv_obj_set_x);

/*Set target of the animation*/
lv_anim_set_var(&a, obj);

/*Length of the animation [ms]*/
lv_anim_set_time(&a, duration);

/*Set start and end values. E.g. 0, 150*/
lv_anim_set_values(&a, start, end);

/* OPTIONAL SETTINGS
 *-----*/

/*Time to wait before starting the animation [ms]*/
lv_anim_set_delay(&a, delay);

/*Set path (curve). Default is linear*/
lv_anim_set_path(&a, lv_anim_path_ease_in);

/*Set a callback to indicate when the animation is ready (idle).*/
lv_anim_set_ready_cb(&a, ready_cb);

/*Set a callback to indicate when the animation is started (after delay).*/
lv_anim_set_start_cb(&a, start_cb);

/*When ready, play the animation backward with this duration. Default is 0 (disabled)
↳[ms]*/
lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, time);

/*Delay before playback. Default is 0 (disabled) [ms]*/
lv_anim_set_playback_delay(&a, delay);

/*Number of repetitions. Default is 1. LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE for infinite
↳repetition*/
lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, cnt);

/*Delay before repeat. Default is 0 (disabled) [ms]*/
lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&a, delay);

/*true (default): apply the start value immediately, false: apply start value after
↳delay when the anim. really starts. */
lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a, true/false);

/* START THE ANIMATION
 *-----*/
lv_anim_start(&a);                                     /*Start the animation*/

```

You can apply multiple different animations on the same variable at the same time. For example, animate the x and y coordinates with `lv_obj_set_x` and `lv_obj_set_y`. However, only one animation can exist with a given variable and function pair and `lv_anim_start()` will remove any existing animations for such a pair.

### 5.14.2 Animation path

You can control the path of an animation. The most simple case is linear, meaning the current value between *start* and *end* is changed with fixed steps. A *path* is a function which calculates the next value to set based on the current state of the animation. Currently, there are the following built-in path functions:

- `lv_anim_path_linear` linear animation
- `lv_anim_path_step` change in one step at the end
- `lv_anim_path_ease_in` slow at the beginning
- `lv_anim_path_ease_out` slow at the end
- `lv_anim_path_ease_in_out` slow at the beginning and end
- `lv_anim_path_overshoot` overshoot the end value
- `lv_anim_path_bounce` bounce back a little from the end value (like hitting a wall)

### 5.14.3 Speed vs time

By default, you set the animation time directly. But in some cases, setting the animation speed is more practical.

The `lv_anim_speed_to_time(speed, start, end)` function calculates the required time in milliseconds to reach the end value from a start value with the given speed. The speed is interpreted in *unit/sec* dimension. For example, `lv_anim_speed_to_time(20,0,100)` will yield 5000 milliseconds. For example, in the case of `lv_obj_set_x` *unit* is pixels so 20 means 20 *px/sec* speed.

### 5.14.4 Delete animations

You can delete an animation with `lv_anim_del(var, func)` if you provide the animated variable and its animator function.

### 5.14.5 Timeline

A timeline is a collection of multiple animations which makes it easy to create complex composite animations.

Firstly, create an animation element but don't call `lv_anim_start()`.

Secondly, create an animation timeline object by calling `lv_anim_timeline_create()`.

Thirdly, add animation elements to the animation timeline by calling `lv_anim_timeline_add(at, start_time, &a)`. `start_time` is the start time of the animation on the timeline. Note that `start_time` will override the value of `delay`.

Finally, call `lv_anim_timeline_start(at)` to start the animation timeline.

It supports forward and backward playback of the entire animation group, using `lv_anim_timeline_set_reverse(at, reverse)`.

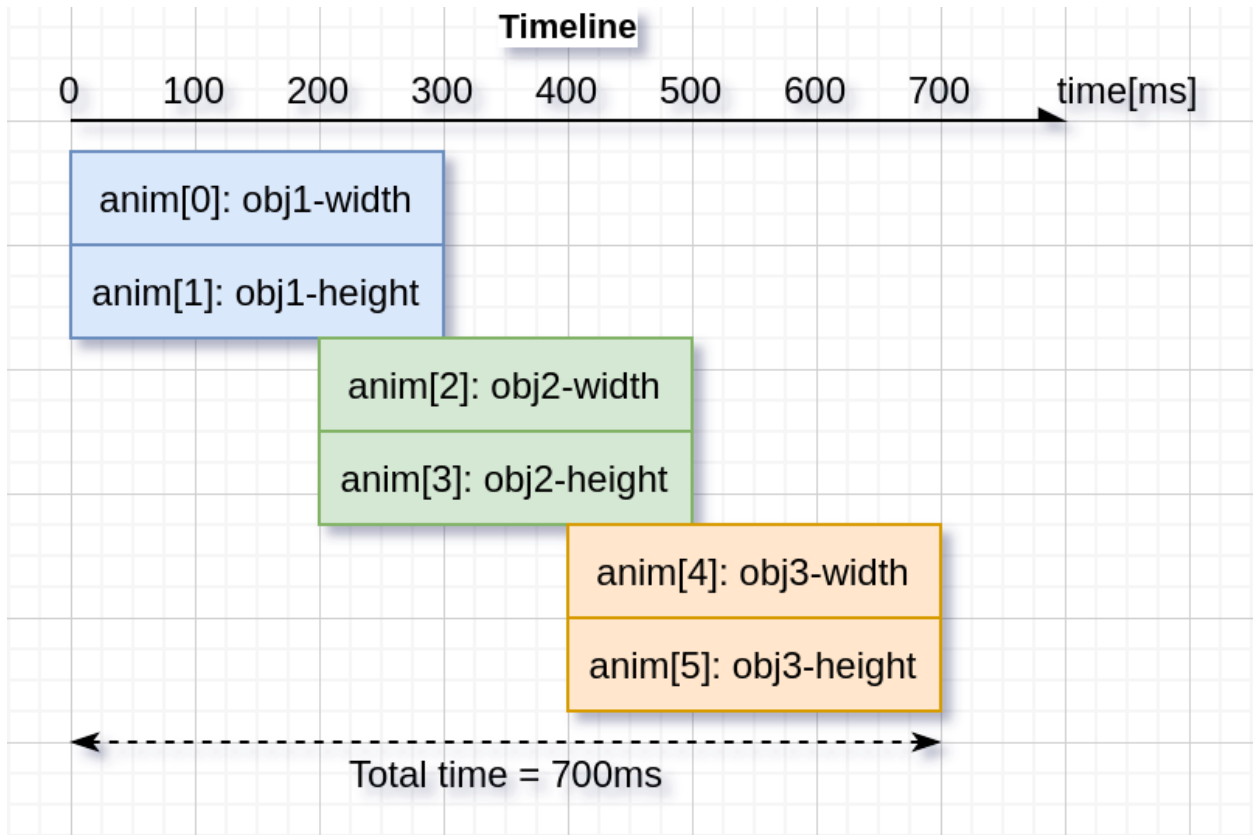
Call `lv_anim_timeline_stop(at)` to stop the animation timeline.

Call `lv_anim_timeline_set_progress(at, progress)` function to set the state of the object corresponding to the progress of the timeline.

Call `lv_anim_timeline_get_playtime(at)` function to get the total duration of the entire animation timeline.

Call `lv_anim_timeline_get_reverse(at)` function to get whether to reverse the animation timeline.

Call `lv_anim_timeline_del(at)` function to delete the animation timeline.



### 5.14.6 Examples

#### Start animation on an event

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_SWITCH

static void anim_x_cb(void * var, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_x(var, v);
}

static void sw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * sw = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_event_get_user_data(e);

    if(lv_obj_has_state(sw, LV_STATE_CHECKED)) {
        lv_anim_t a;
        lv_anim_init(&a);
        lv_anim_set_var(&a, label);
        lv_anim_set_values(&a, lv_obj_get_x(label), 100);
        lv_anim_set_time(&a, 500);
        lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, anim_x_cb);
        lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a, lv_anim_path_overshoot);
    }
}
```

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```

        lv_anim_start(&a);
    }
    else {
        lv_anim_t a;
        lv_anim_init(&a);
        lv_anim_set_var(&a, label);
        lv_anim_set_values(&a, lv_obj_get_x(label), -lv_obj_get_width(label));
        lv_anim_set_time(&a, 500);
        lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, anim_x_cb);
        lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a, lv_anim_path_ease_in);
        lv_anim_start(&a);
    }
}

/**
 * Start animation on an event
 */
void lv_example_anim_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello animations!");
    lv_obj_set_pos(label, 100, 10);

    lv_obj_t * sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_center(sw);
    lv_obj_add_state(sw, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, sw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, label);
}

#endif

```

```

def anim_x_cb(label, v):
    label.set_x(v)

def sw_event_cb(e, label):
    sw = e.get_target()

    if sw.has_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED):
        a = lv.anim_t()
        a.init()
        a.set_var(label)
        a.set_values(label.get_x(), 100)
        a.set_time(500)
        a.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_overshoot)
        a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a, val: anim_x_cb(label, val))
        lv.anim_t.start(a)
    else:
        a = lv.anim_t()
        a.init()
        a.set_var(label)
        a.set_values(label.get_x(), -label.get_width())
        a.set_time(500)
        a.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_in)
        a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a, val: anim_x_cb(label, val))

```

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```

        lv.anim_t.start(a)

#
# Start animation on an event
#

label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set_text("Hello animations!")
label.set_pos(100, 10)

sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.center()
sw.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
sw.add_event_cb(lambda e: sw_event_cb(e,label), lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)

```

### Playback animation

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_SWITCH

static void anim_x_cb(void * var, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_x(var, v);
}

static void anim_size_cb(void * var, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_size(var, v, v);
}

/**
 * Create a playback animation
 */
void lv_example_anim_2(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(obj, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_radius(obj, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0);

    lv_obj_align(obj, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 10, 0);

    lv_anim_t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, obj);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 10, 50);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 1000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_delay(&a, 100);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 300);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&a, 500);
}

```

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```

    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a, lv_anim_path_ease_in_out);

    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, anim_size_cb);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, anim_x_cb);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 10, 240);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

```

```

def anim_x_cb(obj, v):
    obj.set_x(v)

def anim_size_cb(obj, v):
    obj.set_size(v, v)

#
# Create a playback animation
#
obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), 0)
obj.set_style_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0)

obj.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT_MID, 10, 0)

a1 = lv.anim_t()
a1.init()
a1.set_var(obj)
a1.set_values(10, 50)
a1.set_time(1000)
a1.set_playback_delay(100)
a1.set_playback_time(300)
a1.set_repeat_delay(500)
a1.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a1.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_in_out)
a1.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a1, val: anim_size_cb(obj, val))
lv.anim_t.start(a1)

a2 = lv.anim_t()
a2.init()
a2.set_var(obj)
a2.set_values(10, 240)
a2.set_time(1000)
a2.set_playback_delay(100)
a2.set_playback_time(300)
a2.set_repeat_delay(500)
a2.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a2.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_in_out)
a2.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a1, val: anim_x_cb(obj, val))
lv.anim_t.start(a2)

```



## Animation timeline

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_anim_timeline_t * anim_timeline = NULL;

static lv_obj_t * obj1 = NULL;
static lv_obj_t * obj2 = NULL;
static lv_obj_t * obj3 = NULL;

static const lv_coord_t obj_width = 90;
static const lv_coord_t obj_height = 70;

static void set_width(void * var, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_width((lv_obj_t *)var, v);
}

static void set_height(void * var, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_height((lv_obj_t *)var, v);
}

static void anim_timeline_create(void)
{
    /* obj1 */
    lv_anim_t a1;
    lv_anim_init(&a1);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a1, obj1);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a1, 0, obj_width);
    lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a1, false);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a1, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_width);
    lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a1, lv_anim_path_overshoot);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a1, 300);

    lv_anim_t a2;
    lv_anim_init(&a2);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a2, obj1);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a2, 0, obj_height);
    lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a2, false);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a2, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_height);
    lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a2, lv_anim_path_ease_out);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a2, 300);

    /* obj2 */
    lv_anim_t a3;
    lv_anim_init(&a3);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a3, obj2);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a3, 0, obj_width);
    lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a3, false);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a3, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_width);
    lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a3, lv_anim_path_overshoot);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a3, 300);

    lv_anim_t a4;
    lv_anim_init(&a4);
```

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```

lv_anim_set_var(&a4, obj2);
lv_anim_set_values(&a4, 0, obj_height);
lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a4, false);
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a4, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_height);
lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a4, lv_anim_path_ease_out);
lv_anim_set_time(&a4, 300);

/* obj3 */
lv_anim_t a5;
lv_anim_init(&a5);
lv_anim_set_var(&a5, obj3);
lv_anim_set_values(&a5, 0, obj_width);
lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a5, false);
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a5, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_width);
lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a5, lv_anim_path_overshoot);
lv_anim_set_time(&a5, 300);

lv_anim_t a6;
lv_anim_init(&a6);
lv_anim_set_var(&a6, obj3);
lv_anim_set_values(&a6, 0, obj_height);
lv_anim_set_early_apply(&a6, false);
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a6, (lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)set_height);
lv_anim_set_path_cb(&a6, lv_anim_path_ease_out);
lv_anim_set_time(&a6, 300);

/* Create anim timeline */
anim_timeline = lv_anim_timeline_create();
lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 0, &a1);
lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 0, &a2);
lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 200, &a3);
lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 200, &a4);
lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 400, &a5);
lv_anim_timeline_add(anim_timeline, 400, &a6);
}

static void btn_start_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_event_get_target(e);

    if(!anim_timeline) {
        anim_timeline_create();
    }

    bool reverse = lv_obj_has_state(btn, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
    lv_anim_timeline_set_reverse(anim_timeline, reverse);
    lv_anim_timeline_start(anim_timeline);
}

static void btn_del_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    LV_UNUSED(e);
    if(anim_timeline) {
        lv_anim_timeline_del(anim_timeline);
        anim_timeline = NULL;
    }
}

```

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```

static void btn_stop_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    LV_UNUSED(e);
    if(anim_timeline) {
        lv_anim_timeline_stop(anim_timeline);
    }
}

static void slider_prg_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_event_get_target(e);

    if(!anim_timeline) {
        anim_timeline_create();
    }

    int32_t progress = lv_slider_get_value(slider);
    lv_anim_timeline_set_progress(anim_timeline, progress);
}

/**
 * Create an animation timeline
 */
void lv_example_anim_timeline_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * par = lv_scr_act();
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(par, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW);
    lv_obj_set_flex_align(par, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_AROUND, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER, LV_
↪ FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER);

    /* create btn_start */
    lv_obj_t * btn_start = lv_btn_create(par);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn_start, btn_start_event_handler, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, ↪
↪ NULL);
    lv_obj_add_flag(btn_start, LV_OBJ_FLAG_IGNORE_LAYOUT);
    lv_obj_add_flag(btn_start, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CHECKABLE);
    lv_obj_align(btn_start, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, -100, 20);

    lv_obj_t * label_start = lv_label_create(btn_start);
    lv_label_set_text(label_start, "Start");
    lv_obj_center(label_start);

    /* create btn_del */
    lv_obj_t * btn_del = lv_btn_create(par);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn_del, btn_del_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    lv_obj_add_flag(btn_del, LV_OBJ_FLAG_IGNORE_LAYOUT);
    lv_obj_align(btn_del, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 20);

    lv_obj_t * label_del = lv_label_create(btn_del);
    lv_label_set_text(label_del, "Delete");
    lv_obj_center(label_del);

    /* create btn_stop */
    lv_obj_t * btn_stop = lv_btn_create(par);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn_stop, btn_stop_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    lv_obj_add_flag(btn_stop, LV_OBJ_FLAG_IGNORE_LAYOUT);

```

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```

lv_obj_align(btn_stop, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 100, 20);

lv_obj_t * label_stop = lv_label_create(btn_stop);
lv_label_set_text(label_stop, "Stop");
lv_obj_center(label_stop);

/* create slider_prg */
lv_obj_t * slider_prg = lv_slider_create(par);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider_prg, slider_prg_event_handler, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED,
↪NULL);
lv_obj_add_flag(slider_prg, LV_OBJ_FLAG_IGNORE_LAYOUT);
lv_obj_align(slider_prg, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_MID, 0, -20);
lv_slider_set_range(slider_prg, 0, 65535);

/* create 3 objects */
obj1 = lv_obj_create(par);
lv_obj_set_size(obj1, obj_width, obj_height);

obj2 = lv_obj_create(par);
lv_obj_set_size(obj2, obj_width, obj_height);

obj3 = lv_obj_create(par);
lv_obj_set_size(obj3, obj_width, obj_height);
}

#endif

```

```

class LV_ExampleAnimTimeline_1(object):

    def __init__(self):
        self.obj_width = 120
        self.obj_height = 150
        #
        # Create an animation timeline
        #

        self.par = lv.scr_act()
        self.par.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW)
        self.par.set_flex_align(lv.FLEX_ALIGN.SPACE_AROUND, lv.FLEX_ALIGN.CENTER, lv.
↪FLEX_ALIGN.CENTER)

        self.btn_run = lv.btn(self.par)
        self.btn_run.add_event_cb(self.btn_run_event_handler, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED,
↪None)
        self.btn_run.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.IGNORE_LAYOUT)
        self.btn_run.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.CHECKABLE)
        self.btn_run.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, -50, 20)

        self.label_run = lv.label(self.btn_run)
        self.label_run.set_text("Run")
        self.label_run.center()

        self.btn_del = lv.btn(self.par)
        self.btn_del.add_event_cb(self.btn_del_event_handler, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
        self.btn_del.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.IGNORE_LAYOUT)
        self.btn_del.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 50, 20)

```

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```

self.label_del = lv.label(self.btn_del)
self.label_del.set_text("Stop")
self.label_del.center()

self.slider = lv.slider(self.par)
self.slider.add_event_cb(self.slider_prg_event_handler, lv.EVENT.VALUE_
←CHANGED, None)
self.slider.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.IGNORE_LAYOUT)
self.slider.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_RIGHT, -20, -20)
self.slider.set_range(0, 65535)

self.obj1 = lv.obj(self.par)
self.obj1.set_size(self.obj_width, self.obj_height)

self.obj2 = lv.obj(self.par)
self.obj2.set_size(self.obj_width, self.obj_height)

self.obj3 = lv.obj(self.par)
self.obj3.set_size(self.obj_width, self.obj_height)

self.anim_timeline = None

def set_width(self, obj, v):
    obj.set_width(v)

def set_height(self, obj, v):
    obj.set_height(v)

def anim_timeline_create(self):
    # obj1
    self.a1 = lv.anim_t()
    self.a1.init()
    self.a1.set_values(0, self.obj_width)
    self.a1.set_early_apply(False)
    self.a1.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,v: self.set_width(self.obj1,v))
    self.a1.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_overshoot)
    self.a1.set_time(300)

    self.a2 = lv.anim_t()
    self.a2.init()
    self.a2.set_values(0, self.obj_height)
    self.a2.set_early_apply(False)
    self.a2.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,v: self.set_height(self.obj1,v))
    self.a2.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_out)
    self.a2.set_time(300)

    # obj2
    self.a3=lv.anim_t()
    self.a3.init()
    self.a3.set_values(0, self.obj_width)
    self.a3.set_early_apply(False)
    self.a3.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,v: self.set_width(self.obj2,v))
    self.a3.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_overshoot)
    self.a3.set_time(300)

    self.a4 = lv.anim_t()

```

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```

self.a4.init()
self.a4.set_values(0, self.obj_height)
self.a4.set_early_apply(False)
self.a4.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,v: self.set_height(self.obj2,v))
self.a4.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_out)
self.a4.set_time(300)

# obj3
self.a5 = lv.anim_t()
self.a5.init()
self.a5.set_values(0, self.obj_width)
self.a5.set_early_apply(False)
self.a5.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,v: self.set_width(self.obj3,v))
self.a5.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_overshoot)
self.a5.set_time(300)

self.a6 = lv.anim_t()
self.a6.init()
self.a6.set_values(0, self.obj_height)
self.a6.set_early_apply(False)
self.a6.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,v: self.set_height(self.obj3,v))
self.a6.set_path_cb(lv.anim_t.path_ease_out)
self.a6.set_time(300)

# Create anim timeline
print("Create new anim_timeline")
self.anim_timeline = lv.anim_timeline_create()
lv.anim_timeline_add(self.anim_timeline, 0, self.a1)
lv.anim_timeline_add(self.anim_timeline, 0, self.a2)
lv.anim_timeline_add(self.anim_timeline, 200, self.a3)
lv.anim_timeline_add(self.anim_timeline, 200, self.a4)
lv.anim_timeline_add(self.anim_timeline, 400, self.a5)
lv.anim_timeline_add(self.anim_timeline, 400, self.a6)

def slider_prg_event_handler(self,e):
    slider = e.get_target()

    if not self.anim_timeline:
        self.anim_timeline_create()

    progress = slider.get_value()
    lv.anim_timeline_set_progress(self.anim_timeline, progress)

def btn_run_event_handler(self,e):
    btn = e.get_target()
    if not self.anim_timeline:
        self.anim_timeline_create()

    reverse = btn.has_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
    lv.anim_timeline_set_reverse(self.anim_timeline,reverse)
    lv.anim_timeline_start(self.anim_timeline)

def btn_del_event_handler(self,e):
    if self.anim_timeline:
        lv.anim_timeline_del(self.anim_timeline)
    self.anim_timeline = None

```

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```
lv_example_anim_timeline_1 = LV_ExampleAnimTimeline_1()
```

## 5.14.7 API

### Typedefs

```
typedef int32_t (*lv_anim_path_cb_t)(const struct _lv_anim_t*)
```

Get the current value during an animation

```
typedef void (*lv_anim_exec_xcb_t)(void*, int32_t)
```

Generic prototype of "animator" functions. First parameter is the variable to animate. Second parameter is the value to set. Compatible with `lv_xxx_set_yyy(obj, value)` functions. The `x` in `_xcb_t` means it's not a fully generic prototype because it doesn't receive `lv_anim_t *` as its first argument

```
typedef void (*lv_anim_custom_exec_cb_t)(struct _lv_anim_t*, int32_t)
```

Same as `lv_anim_exec_xcb_t` but receives `lv_anim_t *` as the first parameter. It's more consistent but less convenient. Might be used by binding generator functions.

```
typedef void (*lv_anim_ready_cb_t)(struct _lv_anim_t*)
```

Callback to call when the animation is ready

```
typedef void (*lv_anim_start_cb_t)(struct _lv_anim_t*)
```

Callback to call when the animation really starts (considering delay)

```
typedef int32_t (*lv_anim_get_value_cb_t)(struct _lv_anim_t*)
```

Callback used when the animation values are relative to get the current value

```
typedef struct _lv_anim_t lv_anim_t
```

Describes an animation

### Enums

```
enum lv_anim_enable_t
```

Can be used to indicate if animations are enabled or disabled in a case

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_ANIM\_OFF**

enumerator **LV\_ANIM\_ON**

## Functions

**LV\_EXPORT\_CONST\_INT**(LV\_ANIM\_REPEAT\_INFINITE)

**LV\_EXPORT\_CONST\_INT**(LV\_ANIM\_PLAYTIME\_INFINITE)

void **\_lv\_anim\_core\_init**(void)

Init. the animation module

void **lv\_anim\_init**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a)

Initialize an animation variable. E.g.: *lv\_anim\_t* a; *lv\_anim\_init*(&a); *lv\_anim\_set...*(&a); *lv\_anim\_start*(&a);

**Parameters** **a** -- pointer to an *lv\_anim\_t* variable to initialize

static inline void **lv\_anim\_set\_var**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, void \*var)

Set a variable to animate

**Parameters**

- **a** -- pointer to an initialized *lv\_anim\_t* variable
- **var** -- pointer to a variable to animate

static inline void **lv\_anim\_set\_exec\_cb**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, *lv\_anim\_exec\_xcb\_t* exec\_cb)

Set a function to animate **var**

**Parameters**

- **a** -- pointer to an initialized *lv\_anim\_t* variable
- **exec\_cb** -- a function to execute during animation LVGL's built-in functions can be used.  
E.g. *lv\_obj\_set\_x*

static inline void **lv\_anim\_set\_time**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, uint32\_t duration)

Set the duration of an animation

**Parameters**

- **a** -- pointer to an initialized *lv\_anim\_t* variable
- **duration** -- duration of the animation in milliseconds

static inline void **lv\_anim\_set\_delay**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, uint32\_t delay)

Set a delay before starting the animation

**Parameters**

- **a** -- pointer to an initialized *lv\_anim\_t* variable
- **delay** -- delay before the animation in milliseconds

static inline void **lv\_anim\_set\_values**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, int32\_t start, int32\_t end)

Set the start and end values of an animation

**Parameters**

- **a** -- pointer to an initialized *lv\_anim\_t* variable
- **start** -- the start value
- **end** -- the end value

static inline void **lv\_anim\_set\_custom\_exec\_cb**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, *lv\_anim\_custom\_exec\_cb\_t* exec\_cb)

Similar to *lv\_anim\_set\_exec\_cb* but *lv\_anim\_custom\_exec\_cb\_t* receives *lv\_anim\_t* \* as its first parameter instead of *void* \*. This function might be used when LVGL is bound to other languages because



it's more consistent to have `lv_anim_t *` as first parameter. The variable to animate can be stored in the animation's `user_data`

#### Parameters

- **a** -- pointer to an initialized `lv_anim_t` variable
- **exec\_cb** -- a function to execute.

static inline void **lv\_anim\_set\_path\_cb**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, *lv\_anim\_path\_cb\_t* path\_cb)  
Set the path (curve) of the animation.

#### Parameters

- **a** -- pointer to an initialized `lv_anim_t` variable
- **path\_cb** -- a function to set the current value of the animation.

static inline void **lv\_anim\_set\_start\_cb**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, *lv\_anim\_start\_cb\_t* start\_cb)  
Set a function call when the animation really starts (considering **delay**)

#### Parameters

- **a** -- pointer to an initialized `lv_anim_t` variable
- **start\_cb** -- a function call when the animation starts

static inline void **lv\_anim\_set\_get\_value\_cb**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, *lv\_anim\_get\_value\_cb\_t* get\_value\_cb)  
Set a function to use the current value of the variable and make start and end value relative to the returned current value.

#### Parameters

- **a** -- pointer to an initialized `lv_anim_t` variable
- **get\_value\_cb** -- a function call when the animation starts

static inline void **lv\_anim\_set\_ready\_cb**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, *lv\_anim\_ready\_cb\_t* ready\_cb)  
Set a function call when the animation is ready

#### Parameters

- **a** -- pointer to an initialized `lv_anim_t` variable
- **ready\_cb** -- a function call when the animation is ready

static inline void **lv\_anim\_set\_playback\_time**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, uint32\_t time)  
Make the animation to play back to when the forward direction is ready

#### Parameters

- **a** -- pointer to an initialized `lv_anim_t` variable
- **time** -- the duration of the playback animation in milliseconds. 0: disable playback

static inline void **lv\_anim\_set\_playback\_delay**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, uint32\_t delay)  
Make the animation to play back to when the forward direction is ready

#### Parameters

- **a** -- pointer to an initialized `lv_anim_t` variable
- **delay** -- delay in milliseconds before starting the playback animation.

static inline void **lv\_anim\_set\_repeat\_count**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, uint16\_t cnt)  
Make the animation repeat itself.

#### Parameters

- **a** -- pointer to an initialized `lv_anim_t` variable
- **cnt** -- repeat count or `LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE` for infinite repetition. 0: to disable repetition.

static inline void **lv\_anim\_set\_repeat\_delay**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, uint32\_t delay)  
Set a delay before repeating the animation.

**Parameters**

- **a** -- pointer to an initialized `lv_anim_t` variable
- **delay** -- delay in milliseconds before repeating the animation.

static inline void **lv\_anim\_set\_early\_apply**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, bool en)  
Set a whether the animation's should be applied immediately or only when the delay expired.

**Parameters**

- **a** -- pointer to an initialized `lv_anim_t` variable
- **en** -- true: apply the start value immediately in `lv_anim_start`; false: apply the start value only when **delay** ms is elapsed and the animations really starts

static inline void **lv\_anim\_set\_user\_data**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, void \*user\_data)  
Set the custom user data field of the animation.

**Parameters**

- **a** -- pointer to an initialized `lv_anim_t` variable
- **user\_data** -- pointer to the new user\_data.

*lv\_anim\_t* \***lv\_anim\_start**(const *lv\_anim\_t* \*a)  
Create an animation

**Parameters** **a** -- an initialized 'anim\_t' variable. Not required after call.

**Returns** pointer to the created animation (different from the **a** parameter)

static inline uint32\_t **lv\_anim\_get\_delay**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a)  
Get a delay before starting the animation

**Parameters** **a** -- pointer to an initialized `lv_anim_t` variable

**Returns** delay before the animation in milliseconds

uint32\_t **lv\_anim\_get\_playtime**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a)  
Get the time used to play the animation.

**Parameters** **a** -- pointer to an animation.

**Returns** the play time in milliseconds.

static inline void \***lv\_anim\_get\_user\_data**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a)  
Get the user\_data field of the animation

**Parameters** **a** -- pointer to an initialized `lv_anim_t` variable

**Returns** the pointer to the custom user\_data of the animation

bool **lv\_anim\_del**(void \*var, *lv\_anim\_exec\_xcb\_t* exec\_cb)  
Delete an animation of a variable with a given animator function

**Parameters**

- **var** -- pointer to variable

- **exec\_cb** -- a function pointer which is animating 'var', or NULL to ignore it and delete all the animations of 'var'

**Returns** true: at least 1 animation is deleted, false: no animation is deleted

void **lv\_anim\_del\_all**(void)

Delete all the animations

*lv\_anim\_t* \***lv\_anim\_get**(void \*var, *lv\_anim\_exec\_xcb\_t* exec\_cb)

Get the animation of a variable and its **exec\_cb**.

**Parameters**

- **var** -- pointer to variable
- **exec\_cb** -- a function pointer which is animating 'var', or NULL to return first matching 'var'

**Returns** pointer to the animation.

static inline bool **lv\_anim\_custom\_del**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, *lv\_anim\_custom\_exec\_cb\_t* exec\_cb)

Delete an animation by getting the animated variable from **a**. Only animations with **exec\_cb** will be deleted. This function exists because it's logical that all anim. functions receives an *lv\_anim\_t* as their first parameter. It's not practical in C but might make the API more consequent and makes easier to generate bindings.

**Parameters**

- **a** -- pointer to an animation.
- **exec\_cb** -- a function pointer which is animating 'var', or NULL to ignore it and delete all the animations of 'var'

**Returns** true: at least 1 animation is deleted, false: no animation is deleted

static inline *lv\_anim\_t* \***lv\_anim\_custom\_get**(*lv\_anim\_t* \*a, *lv\_anim\_custom\_exec\_cb\_t* exec\_cb)

Get the animation of a variable and its **exec\_cb**. This function exists because it's logical that all anim. functions receives an *lv\_anim\_t* as their first parameter. It's not practical in C but might make the API more consequent and makes easier to generate bindings.

**Parameters**

- **a** -- pointer to an animation.
- **exec\_cb** -- a function pointer which is animating 'var', or NULL to return first matching 'var'

**Returns** pointer to the animation.

uint16\_t **lv\_anim\_count\_running**(void)

Get the number of currently running animations

**Returns** the number of running animations

uint32\_t **lv\_anim\_speed\_to\_time**(uint32\_t speed, int32\_t start, int32\_t end)

Calculate the time of an animation with a given speed and the start and end values

**Parameters**

- **speed** -- speed of animation in unit/sec
- **start** -- start value of the animation
- **end** -- end value of the animation

**Returns** the required time [ms] for the animation with the given parameters

void **lv\_anim\_refr\_now**(void)

Manually refresh the state of the animations. Useful to make the animations running in a blocking process where **lv\_timer\_handler** can't run for a while. Shouldn't be used directly because it is called in **lv\_refr\_now()**.

`int32_t lv_anim_path_linear(const lv_anim_t *a)`

Calculate the current value of an animation applying linear characteristic

**Parameters** **a** -- pointer to an animation

**Returns** the current value to set

`int32_t lv_anim_path_ease_in(const lv_anim_t *a)`

Calculate the current value of an animation slowing down the start phase

**Parameters** **a** -- pointer to an animation

**Returns** the current value to set

`int32_t lv_anim_path_ease_out(const lv_anim_t *a)`

Calculate the current value of an animation slowing down the end phase

**Parameters** **a** -- pointer to an animation

**Returns** the current value to set

`int32_t lv_anim_path_ease_in_out(const lv_anim_t *a)`

Calculate the current value of an animation applying an "S" characteristic (cosine)

**Parameters** **a** -- pointer to an animation

**Returns** the current value to set

`int32_t lv_anim_path_overshoot(const lv_anim_t *a)`

Calculate the current value of an animation with overshoot at the end

**Parameters** **a** -- pointer to an animation

**Returns** the current value to set

`int32_t lv_anim_path_bounce(const lv_anim_t *a)`

Calculate the current value of an animation with 3 bounces

**Parameters** **a** -- pointer to an animation

**Returns** the current value to set

`int32_t lv_anim_path_step(const lv_anim_t *a)`

Calculate the current value of an animation applying step characteristic. (Set end value on the end of the animation)

**Parameters** **a** -- pointer to an animation

**Returns** the current value to set

`struct _lv_anim_t`

*#include <lv\_anim.h>* Describes an animation

## Public Members

`void *var`

Variable to animate

`lv_anim_exec_xcb_t exec_cb`

Function to execute to animate

`lv_anim_start_cb_t start_cb`

Call it when the animation is starts (considering delay)

*lv\_anim\_ready\_cb\_t* **ready\_cb**

Call it when the animation is ready

*lv\_anim\_get\_value\_cb\_t* **get\_value\_cb**

Get the current value in relative mode

void **\*user\_data**

Custom user data

*lv\_anim\_path\_cb\_t* **path\_cb**

Describe the path (curve) of animations

int32\_t **start\_value**

Start value

int32\_t **current\_value**

Current value

int32\_t **end\_value**

End value

int32\_t **time**

Animation time in ms

int32\_t **act\_time**

Current time in animation. Set to negative to make delay.

uint32\_t **playback\_delay**

Wait before play back

uint32\_t **playback\_time**

Duration of playback animation

uint32\_t **repeat\_delay**

Wait before repeat

uint16\_t **repeat\_cnt**

Repeat count for the animation

uint8\_t **early\_apply**

1: Apply start value immediately even if there is delay

uint8\_t **playback\_now**

Play back is in progress

uint8\_t **run\_round**

Indicates the animation has run in this round

uint8\_t **start\_cb\_called**

Indicates that the `start_cb` was already called

## 5.15 Timers

LVGL has a built-in timer system. You can register a function to have it be called periodically. The timers are handled and called in `lv_timer_handler()`, which needs to be called every few milliseconds. See [Porting](#) for more information.

Timers are non-preemptive, which means a timer cannot interrupt another timer. Therefore, you can call any LVGL related function in a timer.

### 5.15.1 Create a timer

To create a new timer, use `lv_timer_create(timer_cb, period_ms, user_data)`. It will create an `lv_timer_t` \* variable, which can be used later to modify the parameters of the timer. `lv_timer_create_basic()` can also be used. This allows you to create a new timer without specifying any parameters.

A timer callback should have a `void (*lv_timer_cb_t)(lv_timer_t *)`; prototype.

For example:

```
void my_timer(lv_timer_t * timer)
{
    /*Use the user_data*/
    uint32_t * user_data = timer->user_data;
    printf("my_timer called with user_data: %d\n", *user_data);

    /*Do something with LVGL*/
    if(something_happened) {
        something_happened = false;
        lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act(), NULL);
    }
}

...

static uint32_t user_data = 10;
lv_timer_t * timer = lv_timer_create(my_timer, 500, &user_data);
```

### 5.15.2 Ready and Reset

`lv_timer_ready(timer)` makes a timer run on the next call of `lv_timer_handler()`.

`lv_timer_reset(timer)` resets the period of a timer. It will be called again after the defined period of milliseconds has elapsed.

### 5.15.3 Set parameters

You can modify some timer parameters later:

- `lv_timer_set_cb(timer, new_cb)`
- `lv_timer_set_period(timer, new_period)`

### 5.15.4 Repeat count

You can make a timer repeat only a given number of times with `lv_timer_set_repeat_count(timer, count)`. The timer will automatically be deleted after it's called the defined number of times. Set the count to -1 to repeat indefinitely.

### 5.15.5 Measure idle time

You can get the idle percentage time of `lv_timer_handler` with `lv_timer_get_idle()`. Note that, it doesn't measure the idle time of the overall system, only `lv_timer_handler`. It can be misleading if you use an operating system and call `lv_timer_handler` in a timer, as it won't actually measure the time the OS spends in an idle thread.

### 5.15.6 Asynchronous calls

In some cases, you can't perform an action immediately. For example, you can't delete an object because something else is still using it, or you don't want to block the execution now. For these cases, `lv_async_call(my_function, data_p)` can be used to call `my_function` on the next invocation of `lv_timer_handler`. `data_p` will be passed to the function when it's called. Note that only the data pointer is saved, so you need to ensure that the variable will be "alive" while the function is called. It can be *static*, global or dynamically allocated data.

For example:

```
void my_screen_clean_up(void * scr)
{
    /*Free some resources related to `scr`*/

    /*Finally delete the screen*/
    lv_obj_del(scr);
}

...

/*Do something with the object on the current screen*/

/*Delete screen on next call of `lv_timer_handler`, not right now.*/
lv_async_call(my_screen_clean_up, lv_scr_act());

/*The screen is still valid so you can do other things with it*/
```

If you just want to delete an object and don't need to clean anything up in `my_screen_cleanup` you could just use `lv_obj_del_async` which will delete the object on the next call to `lv_timer_handler`.

### 5.15.7 API

#### Typedefs

```
typedef void (*lv_timer_cb_t)(struct _lv_timer_t*)
```

Timers execute this type of functions.

```
typedef struct _lv_timer_t lv_timer_t
```

Descriptor of a `lv_timer`

#### Functions

```
void _lv_timer_core_init(void)
```

Init the `lv_timer` module

#### static in-

```
line LV_ATTRIBUTE_TIMER_HANDLER uint32_t lv_timer_handler_run_in_period (uint32_t ms)
```

Call it in the super-loop of `main()` or threads. It will run `lv_timer_handler()` with a given period in ms. You can use it with sleep or delay in OS environment. This function is used to simplify the porting.

**Parameters** `__ms` -- the period for running `lv_timer_handler()`

```
lv_timer_t *lv_timer_create_basic(void)
```

Create an "empty" timer. It needs to be initialized with at least `lv_timer_set_cb` and `lv_timer_set_period`

**Returns** pointer to the created timer

```
lv_timer_t *lv_timer_create(lv_timer_cb_t timer_xcb, uint32_t period, void *user_data)
```

Create a new `lv_timer`

#### Parameters

- **timer\_xcb** -- a callback to call periodically. (the 'x' in the argument name indicates that it's not a fully generic function because it not follows the `func_name(object, callback, ...)` convention)
- **period** -- call period in ms unit
- **user\_data** -- custom parameter

**Returns** pointer to the new timer

```
void lv_timer_del(lv_timer_t *timer)
```

Delete a `lv_timer`

**Parameters** **timer** -- pointer to an `lv_timer`

```
void lv_timer_pause(lv_timer_t *timer)
```

Pause/resume a timer.

**Parameters** **timer** -- pointer to an `lv_timer`

```
void lv_timer_resume(lv_timer_t *timer)
```



void **lv\_timer\_set\_cb**(*lv\_timer\_t* \*timer, *lv\_timer\_cb\_t* timer\_cb)  
Set the callback the timer (the function to call periodically)

**Parameters**

- **timer** -- pointer to a timer
- **timer\_cb** -- the function to call periodically

void **lv\_timer\_set\_period**(*lv\_timer\_t* \*timer, uint32\_t period)  
Set new period for a lv\_timer

**Parameters**

- **timer** -- pointer to a lv\_timer
- **period** -- the new period

void **lv\_timer\_ready**(*lv\_timer\_t* \*timer)  
Make a lv\_timer ready. It will not wait its period.

**Parameters** **timer** -- pointer to a lv\_timer.

void **lv\_timer\_set\_repeat\_count**(*lv\_timer\_t* \*timer, int32\_t repeat\_count)  
Set the number of times a timer will repeat.

**Parameters**

- **timer** -- pointer to a lv\_timer.
- **repeat\_count** -- -1 : infinity; 0 : stop ; n>0: residual times

void **lv\_timer\_reset**(*lv\_timer\_t* \*timer)  
Reset a lv\_timer. It will be called the previously set period milliseconds later.

**Parameters** **timer** -- pointer to a lv\_timer.

void **lv\_timer\_enable**(bool en)  
Enable or disable the whole lv\_timer handling

**Parameters** **en** -- true: lv\_timer handling is running, false: lv\_timer handling is suspended

uint8\_t **lv\_timer\_get\_idle**(void)  
Get idle percentage

**Returns** the lv\_timer idle in percentage

*lv\_timer\_t* \***lv\_timer\_get\_next**(*lv\_timer\_t* \*timer)  
Iterate through the timers

**Parameters** **timer** -- NULL to start iteration or the previous return value to get the next timer

**Returns** the next timer or NULL if there is no more timer

struct **lv\_timer\_t**  
*#include <lv\_timer.h>* Descriptor of a lv\_timer

## Public Members

uint32\_t **period**

How often the timer should run

uint32\_t **last\_run**

Last time the timer ran

*lv\_timer\_cb\_t* **timer\_cb**

Timer function

void \***user\_data**

Custom user data

int32\_t **repeat\_count**

1: One time; -1 : infinity; n>0: residual times

uint32\_t **paused**

## Typedefs

typedef void (\***lv\_async\_cb\_t**)(void\*)

Type for async callback.

## Functions

lv\_res\_t **lv\_async\_call**(*lv\_async\_cb\_t* async\_xcb, void \*user\_data)

Call an asynchronous function the next time lv\_timer\_handler() is run. This function is likely to return **before** the call actually happens!

### Parameters

- **async\_xcb** -- a callback which is the task itself. (the 'x' in the argument name indicates that it's not a fully generic function because it not follows the `func_name(object, callback, ...)` convention)
- **user\_data** -- custom parameter

## 5.16 Drawing

With LVGL, you don't need to draw anything manually. Just create objects (like buttons, labels, arc, etc.), move and change them, and LVGL will refresh and redraw what is required.

However, it can be useful to have a basic understanding of how drawing happens in LVGL to add customization, make it easier to find bugs or just out of curiosity.

The basic concept is to not draw directly onto the display but rather to first draw on an internal draw buffer. When a drawing (rendering) is ready that buffer is copied to the display.

The draw buffer can be smaller than a display's size. LVGL will simply render in "tiles" that fit into the given draw buffer.

This approach has two main advantages compared to directly drawing to the display:

1. It avoids flickering while the layers of the UI are drawn. For example, if LVGL drew directly onto the display, when drawing a *background* + *button* + *text*, each "stage" would be visible for a short time.
2. It's faster to modify a buffer in internal RAM and finally write one pixel only once than reading/writing the display directly on each pixel access. (e.g. via a display controller with SPI interface).

Note that this concept is different from "traditional" double buffering where there are two display sized frame buffers: one holds the current image to show on the display, and rendering happens to the other (inactive) frame buffer, and they are swapped when the rendering is finished. The main difference is that with LVGL you don't have to store two frame buffers (which usually requires external RAM) but only smaller draw buffer(s) that can easily fit into internal RAM.

### 5.16.1 Mechanism of screen refreshing

Be sure to get familiar with the *Buffering modes of LVGL* first.

LVGL refreshes the screen in the following steps:

1. Something happens in the UI which requires redrawing. For example, a button is pressed, a chart is changed, an animation happened, etc.
2. LVGL saves the changed object's old and new area into a buffer, called an *Invalid area buffer*. For optimization, in some cases, objects are not added to the buffer:
  - Hidden objects are not added.
  - Objects completely out of their parent are not added.
  - Areas partially out of the parent are cropped to the parent's area.
  - Objects on other screens are not added.
3. In every `LV_DISP_DEF_REFR_PERIOD` (set in `lv_conf.h`) the following happens:
  - LVGL checks the invalid areas and joins those that are adjacent or intersecting.
  - Takes the first joined area, if it's smaller than the *draw buffer*, then simply renders the area's content into the *draw buffer*. If the area doesn't fit into the buffer, draw as many lines as possible to the *draw buffer*.
  - When the area is rendered, call `flush_cb` from the display driver to refresh the display.
  - If the area was larger than the buffer, render the remaining parts too.
  - Repeat the same with remaining joined areas.

When an area is redrawn the library searches the top-most object which covers that area and starts drawing from that object. For example, if a button's label has changed, the library will see that it's enough to draw the button under the text and it's not necessary to redraw the display under the rest of the button too.

The difference between buffering modes regarding the drawing mechanism is the following:

1. **One buffer** - LVGL needs to wait for `lv_disp_flush_ready()` (called from `flush_cb`) before starting to redraw the next part.
2. **Two buffers** - LVGL can immediately draw to the second buffer when the first is sent to `flush_cb` because the flushing should be done by DMA (or similar hardware) in the background.
3. **Double buffering** - `flush_cb` should only swap the addresses of the frame buffers.

## 5.16.2 Masking

*Masking* is the basic concept of LVGL's draw engine. To use LVGL it's not required to know about the mechanisms described here but you might find interesting to know how drawing works under hood. Knowing about masking comes in handy if you want to customize drawing.

To learn about masking let's see the steps of drawing first. LVGL performs the following steps to render any shape, image or text. It can be considered as a drawing pipeline.

1. **Prepare the draw descriptors** Create a draw descriptor from an object's styles (e.g. `lv_draw_rect_dsc_t`). This gives us the parameters for drawing, for example colors, widths, opacity, fonts, radius, etc.
2. **Call the draw function** Call the draw function with the draw descriptor and some other parameters (e.g. `lv_draw_rect()`). It will render the primitive shape to the current draw buffer.
3. **Create masks** If the shape is very simple and doesn't require masks, go to #5. Otherwise, create the required masks in the draw function. (e.g. a rounded rectangle mask)
4. **Calculate all the added mask** It composites opacity values into a *mask buffer* with the "shape" of the created masks. E.g. in case of a "line mask" according to the parameters of the mask, keep one side of the buffer as it is (255 by default) and set the rest to 0 to indicate that this side should be removed.
5. **Blend a color or image** During blending, masking (make some pixels transparent or opaque), blending modes (additive, subtractive, etc.) and color/image opacity are handled.

LVGL has the following built-in mask types which can be calculated and applied real-time:

- **LV\_DRAW\_MASK\_TYPE\_LINE** Removes a side from a line (top, bottom, left or right). `lv_draw_line` uses four instances of it. Essentially, every (skew) line is bounded with four line masks forming a rectangle.
- **LV\_DRAW\_MASK\_TYPE\_RADIUS** Removes the inner or outer corners of a rectangle with a radiused transition. It's also used to create circles by setting the radius to large value (`LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE`)
- **LV\_DRAW\_MASK\_TYPE\_ANGLE** Removes a circular sector. It is used by `lv_draw_arc` to remove the "empty" sector.
- **LV\_DRAW\_MASK\_TYPE\_FADE** Create a vertical fade (change opacity)
- **LV\_DRAW\_MASK\_TYPE\_MAP** The mask is stored in a bitmap array and the necessary parts are applied

Masks are used to create almost every basic primitive:

- **letters** Create a mask from the letter and draw a rectangle with the letter's color using the mask.
- **line** Created from four "line masks" to mask out the left, right, top and bottom part of the line to get a perfectly perpendicular perimeter.
- **rounded rectangle** A mask is created real-time to add a radius to the corners.
- **clip corner** To clip overflowing content (usually children) on rounded corners, a rounded rectangle mask is also applied.
- **rectangle border** Same as a rounded rectangle but the inner part is masked out too.
- **arc drawing** A circular border is drawn but an arc mask is applied too.
- **ARGB images** The alpha channel is separated into a mask and the image is drawn as a normal RGB image.

## Using masks

Every mask type has a related parameter structure to describe the mask's data. The following parameter types exist:

- `lv_draw_mask_line_param_t`
- `lv_draw_mask_radius_param_t`
- `lv_draw_mask_angle_param_t`
- `lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t`
- `lv_draw_mask_map_param_t`

1. Initialize a mask parameter with `lv_draw_mask_<type>_init`. See `lv_draw_mask.h` for the whole API.
2. Add the mask parameter to the draw engine with `int16_t mask_id = lv_draw_mask_add(&param, ptr)`. `ptr` can be any pointer to identify the mask, (NULL if unused).
3. Call the draw functions
4. Remove the mask from the draw engine with `lv_draw_mask_remove_id(mask_id)` or `lv_draw_mask_remove_custom(ptr)`.
5. Free the parameter with `lv_draw_mask_free_param(&param)`.

A parameter can be added and removed any number of times, but it needs to be freed when not required anymore.

`lv_draw_mask_add` saves only the pointer of the mask so the parameter needs to be valid while in use.

### 5.16.3 Hook drawing

Although widgets can be easily customized by styles there might be cases when something more custom is required. To ensure a great level of flexibility LVGL sends a lot of events during drawing with parameters that tell what LVGL is about to draw. Some fields of these parameters can be modified to draw something else or any custom drawing operations can be added manually.

A good use case for this is the *Button matrix* widget. By default, its buttons can be styled in different states, but you can't style the buttons one by one. However, an event is sent for every button and you can, for example, tell LVGL to use different colors on a specific button or to manually draw an image on some buttons.

Each of these events is described in detail below.

#### Main drawing

These events are related to the actual drawing of an object. E.g. the drawing of buttons, texts, etc. happens here.

`lv_event_get_clip_area(event)` can be used to get the current clip area. The clip area is required in draw functions to make them draw only on a limited area.

## LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_MAIN\_BEGIN

Sent before starting to draw an object. This is a good place to add masks manually. E.g. add a line mask that "removes" the right side of an object.

## LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_MAIN

The actual drawing of an object happens in this event. E.g. a rectangle for a button is drawn here. First, the widgets' internal events are called to perform drawing and after that you can draw anything on top of them. For example you can add a custom text or an image.

## LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_MAIN\_END

Called when the main drawing is finished. You can draw anything here as well and it's also a good place to remove any masks created in LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_MAIN\_BEGIN.

## Post drawing

Post drawing events are called when all the children of an object are drawn. For example LVGL use the post drawing phase to draw scrollbars because they should be above all of the children.

`lv_event_get_clip_area(event)` can be used to get the current clip area.

## LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_POST\_BEGIN

Sent before starting the post draw phase. Masks can be added here too to mask out the post drawn content.

## LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_POST

The actual drawing should happen here.

## LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_POST\_END

Called when post drawing has finished. If masks were not removed in LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_MAIN\_END they should be removed here.

## Part drawing

When LVGL draws a part of an object (e.g. a slider's indicator, a table's cell or a button matrix's button) it sends events before and after drawing that part with some context of the drawing. This allows changing the parts on a very low level with masks, extra drawing, or changing the parameters that LVGL is planning to use for drawing.

In these events an `lv_obj_draw_part_t` structure is used to describe the context of the drawing. Not all fields are set for every part and widget. To see which fields are set for a widget refer to the widget's documentation.

`lv_obj_draw_part_t` has the following fields:

```

// Always set
const lv_area_t * clip_area;           // The current clip area, required if you need to
↪draw something in the event
uint32_t part;                         // The current part for which the event is sent
uint32_t id;                           // The index of the part. E.g. a button's index
↪on button matrix or table cell index.

// Draw descriptors, set only if related
lv_draw_rect_dsc_t * rect_dsc;         // A draw descriptor that can be modified to
↪changed what LVGL will draw. Set only for rectangle-like parts
lv_draw_label_dsc_t * label_dsc;       // A draw descriptor that can be modified to
↪changed what LVGL will draw. Set only for text-like parts
lv_draw_line_dsc_t * line_dsc;         // A draw descriptor that can be modified to
↪changed what LVGL will draw. Set only for line-like parts
lv_draw_img_dsc_t * img_dsc;           // A draw descriptor that can be modified to
↪changed what LVGL will draw. Set only for image-like parts
lv_draw_arc_dsc_t * arc_dsc;           // A draw descriptor that can be modified to
↪changed what LVGL will draw. Set only for arc-like parts

// Other parameters
lv_area_t * draw_area;                 // The area of the part being drawn
const lv_point_t * p1;                 // A point calculated during drawing. E.g. a
↪point of a chart or the center of an arc.
const lv_point_t * p2;                 // A point calculated during drawing. E.g. a
↪point of a chart.
char text[16];                         // A text calculated during drawing. Can be
↪modified. E.g. tick labels on a chart axis.
lv_coord_t radius;                     // E.g. the radius of an arc (not the corner
↪radius).
int32_t value;                         // A value calculated during drawing. E.g. Chart
↪'s tick line value.
const void * sub_part_ptr;             // A pointer the identifies something in the part.
↪ E.g. chart series.

```

`lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(event)` can be used to get a pointer to `lv_obj_draw_part_t`.

## LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_BEGIN

Start the drawing of a part. This is a good place to modify the draw descriptors (e.g. `rect_dsc`), or add masks.

## LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_END

Finish the drawing of a part. This is a good place to draw extra content on the part or remove masks added in LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_BEGIN.

### Others

## LV\_EVENT\_COVER\_CHECK

This event is used to check whether an object fully covers an area or not.

`lv_event_get_cover_area(event)` returns a pointer to an area to check and `lv_event_set_cover_res(event, res)` can be used to set one of these results:

- LV\_COVER\_RES\_COVER the area is fully covered by the object
- LV\_COVER\_RES\_NOT\_COVER the area is not covered by the object
- LV\_COVER\_RES\_MASKED there is a mask on the object, so it does not fully cover the area

Here are some reasons why an object would be unable to fully cover an area:

- It's simply not fully in area
- It has a radius
- It doesn't have 100% background opacity
- It's an ARGB or chroma keyed image
- It does not have normal blending mode. In this case LVGL needs to know the colors under the object to apply blending properly
- It's a text, etc

In short if for any reason the area below an object is visible than the object doesn't cover that area.

Before sending this event LVGL checks if at least the widget's coordinates fully cover the area or not. If not the event is not called.

You need to check only the drawing you have added. The existing properties known by a widget are handled in its internal events. E.g. if a widget has > 0 radius it might not cover an area, but you need to handle `radius` only if you will modify it and the widget won't know about it.

## LV\_EVENT\_REFR\_EXT\_DRAW\_SIZE

If you need to draw outside a widget, LVGL needs to know about it to provide extra space for drawing. Let's say you create an event which writes the current value of a slider above its knob. In this case LVGL needs to know that the slider's draw area should be larger with the size required for the text.

You can simply set the required draw area with `lv_event_set_ext_draw_size(e, size)`.



## 5.17 New widget

## WIDGETS

## 6.1 Base object (lv\_obj)

### 6.1.1 Overview

The 'Base Object' implements the basic properties of widgets on a screen, such as:

- coordinates
- parent object
- children
- contains the styles
- attributes like *Clickable*, *Scrollable*, etc.

In object-oriented thinking, it is the base class from which all other objects in LVGL are inherited.

The functions and functionalities of the Base object can be used with other widgets too. For example `lv_obj_set_width(slider, 100)`

The Base object can be directly used as a simple widget: it's nothing more than a rectangle. In HTML terms, think of it as a `<div>`.

### Coordinates

Only a small subset of coordinate settings is described here. To see all the features of LVGL (padding, coordinates in styles, layouts, etc) visit the [Coordinates](#) page.

### Size

The object size can be modified on individual axes with `lv_obj_set_width(obj, new_width)` and `lv_obj_set_height(obj, new_height)`, or both axes can be modified at the same time with `lv_obj_set_size(obj, new_width, new_height)`.

## Position

You can set the position relative to the parent with `lv_obj_set_x(obj, new_x)` and `lv_obj_set_y(obj, new_y)`, or both axes at the same time with `lv_obj_set_pos(obj, new_x, new_y)`.

## Alignment

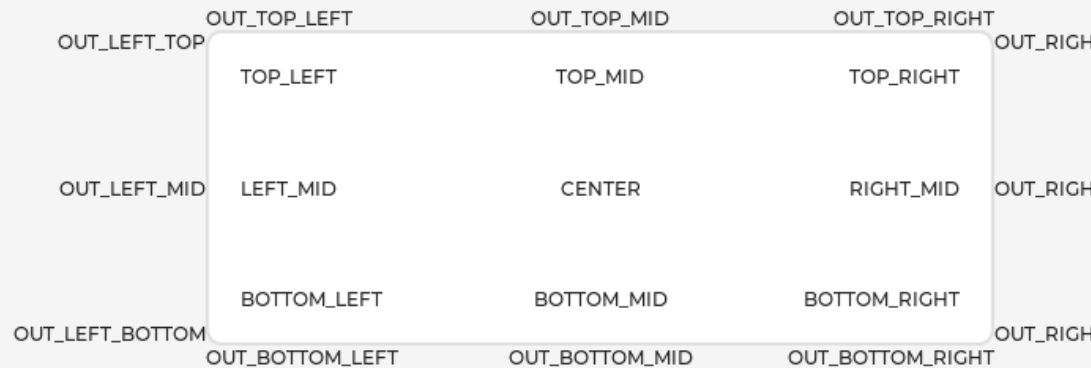
You can align the object on its parent with `lv_obj_set_align(obj, LV_ALIGN_...)`. After this every x and y setting will be relative to the set alignment mode. For example, this will shift the object by 10;20 px from the center of its parent:

```
lv_obj_set_align(obj, LV_ALIGN_CENTER);
lv_obj_set_pos(obj, 10, 20);

//Or in one function
lv_obj_align(obj, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 10, 20);
```

To align one object to another use: `lv_obj_align_to(obj_to_align, obj_referece, LV_ALIGN_..., x, y)`

For example, to align a text below an image: `lv_obj_align_to(text, image, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 10)`.



The following align types exist:

## Parents and children

You can set a new parent for an object with `lv_obj_set_parent(obj, new_parent)`. To get the current parent, use `lv_obj_get_parent(obj)`.

To get a specific child of a parent use `lv_obj_get_child(parent, idx)`. Some examples for `idx`:

- 0 get the child created first
- 1 get the child created second
- -1 get the child created last

The children can be iterated like this:

```
uint32_t i;
for(i = 0; i < lv_obj_get_child_cnt(parent); i++) {
    lv_obj_t * child = lv_obj_get_child(parent, i);
    /*Do something with child*/
}
```

`lv_obj_get_index(obj)` returns the index of the object in its parent. It is equivalent to the number of younger children in the parent.

You can bring an object to the foreground or send it to the background with `lv_obj_move_foreground(obj)` and `lv_obj_move_background(obj)`.

You can change the index of an object in its parent using `lv_obj_move_to_index(obj, index)`.

You can swap the position of two objects with `lv_obj_swap(obj1, obj2)`.

## Display and Screens

At the highest level of the LVGL object hierarchy is the *display* which represents the driver for a display device (physical display or simulator). A display can have one or more screens associated with it. Each screen contains a hierarchy of objects for graphical widgets representing a layout that covers the entire display.

When you have created a screen like `lv_obj_t * screen = lv_obj_create(NULL)`, you can make it active with `lv_scr_load(screen)`. The `lv_scr_act()` function gives you a pointer to the active screen.

If you have multiple displays, it's important to know that the screen functions operate on the most recently created display or the one explicitly selected with `lv_disp_set_default`.

To get an object's screen use the `lv_obj_get_screen(obj)` function.

## Events

To set an event callback for an object, use `lv_obj_add_event_cb(obj, event_cb, LV_EVENT_..., user_data)`,

To manually send an event to an object, use `lv_event_send(obj, LV_EVENT_..., param)`

Read the [Event overview](#) to learn more about events.

## Styles

Be sure to read the *Style overview*. Here only the most essential functions are described.

A new style can be added to an object with the `lv_obj_add_style(obj, &new_style, selector)` function. `selector` is an ORed combination of part and state(s). E.g. `LV_PART_SCROLLBAR | LV_STATE_PRESSED`.

The base objects use `LV_PART_MAIN` style properties and `LV_PART_SCROLLBAR` with the typical background style properties.

## Flags

There are some attributes which can be enabled/disabled by `lv_obj_add/clear_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_...)`:

- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_HIDDEN` Make the object hidden. (Like it wasn't there at all)
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_CLICKABLE` Make the object clickable by input devices
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_CLICK_FOCUSABLE` Add focused state to the object when clicked
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_CHECKABLE` Toggle checked state when the object is clicked
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLLABLE` Make the object scrollable
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_ELASTIC` Allow scrolling inside but with slower speed
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_MOMENTUM` Make the object scroll further when "thrown"
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_ONE` Allow scrolling only one snappable children
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_CHAIN_HOR` Allow propagating the horizontal scroll to a parent
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_CHAIN_VER` Allow propagating the vertical scroll to a parent
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_CHAIN` Simple packaging for (`LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_CHAIN_HOR` | `LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_CHAIN_VER`)
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_ON_FOCUS` Automatically scroll object to make it visible when focused
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLL_WITH_ARROW` Allow scrolling the focused object with arrow keys
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_SNAPPABLE` If scroll snap is enabled on the parent it can snap to this object
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_PRESS_LOCK` Keep the object pressed even if the press slid from the object
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE` Propagate the events to the parent too
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_GESTURE_BUBBLE` Propagate the gestures to the parent
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_ADV_HITTEST` Allow performing more accurate hit (click) test. E.g. accounting for rounded corners
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_IGNORE_LAYOUT` Make the object positionable by the layouts
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLOATING` Do not scroll the object when the parent scrolls and ignore layout
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_OVERFLOW_VISIBLE` Do not clip the children's content to the parent's boundary
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_LAYOUT_1` Custom flag, free to use by layouts
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_LAYOUT_2` Custom flag, free to use by layouts
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_WIDGET_1` Custom flag, free to use by widget
- `LV_OBJ_FLAG_WIDGET_2` Custom flag, free to use by widget

- LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_USER\_1 Custom flag, free to use by user
- LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_USER\_2 Custom flag, free to use by user
- LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_USER\_3 Custom flag, free to use by user
- LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_USER\_4 Custom flag, free to use by user

Some examples:

```
/*Hide on object*/
lv_obj_add_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_HIDDEN);

/*Make an object non-clickable*/
lv_obj_clear_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CLICKABLE);
```

## Groups

Read the [Input devices overview](#) to learn more about *Groups*.

Objects are added to a *group* with `lv_group_add_obj(group, obj)`, and you can use `lv_obj_get_group(obj)` to see which group an object belongs to.

`lv_obj_is_focused(obj)` returns if the object is currently focused on its group or not. If the object is not added to a group, `false` will be returned.

## Extended click area

By default, the objects can be clicked only within their bounding area. However, this can be extended with `lv_obj_set_ext_click_area(obj, size)`.

### 6.1.2 Events

- LV\_EVENT\_VALUE\_CHANGED when the LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_CHECKABLE flag is enabled and the object clicked (on transition to/from the checked state)
- LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_BEGIN and LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_END is sent for the following types:
  - LV\_OBJ\_DRAW\_PART\_RECTANGLE The main rectangle
    - \* part: LV\_PART\_MAIN
    - \* rect\_dsc
    - \* draw\_area: the area of the rectangle
  - LV\_OBJ\_DRAW\_PART\_BORDER\_POST The border if the border\_post style property is true
    - \* part: LV\_PART\_MAIN
    - \* rect\_dsc
    - \* draw\_area: the area of the rectangle
  - LV\_OBJ\_DRAW\_PART\_SCROLLBAR the scrollbars
    - \* part: LV\_PART\_SCROLLBAR
    - \* rect\_dsc
    - \* draw\_area: the area of the rectangle

Learn more about [Events](#).

### 6.1.3 Keys

If `LV_OBJ_FLAG_CHECKABLE` is enabled, `LV_KEY_RIGHT` and `LV_KEY_UP` make the object checked, and `LV_KEY_LEFT` and `LV_KEY_DOWN` make it unchecked.

If `LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLLABLE` is enabled, but the object is not editable (as declared by the widget class), the arrow keys (`LV_KEY_UP`, `LV_KEY_DOWN`, `LV_KEY_LEFT`, `LV_KEY_RIGHT`) scroll the object. If the object can only scroll vertically, `LV_KEY_LEFT` and `LV_KEY_RIGHT` will scroll up/down instead, making it compatible with an encoder input device. See [Input devices overview](#) for more on encoder behaviors and the edit mode.

Learn more about [Keys](#).

### 6.1.4 Example

#### Base objects with custom styles

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_obj_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj1;
    obj1 = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(obj1, 100, 50);
    lv_obj_align(obj1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, -60, -30);

    static lv_style_t style_shadow;
    lv_style_init(&style_shadow);
    lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style_shadow, 10);
    lv_style_set_shadow_spread(&style_shadow, 5);
    lv_style_set_shadow_color(&style_shadow, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));

    lv_obj_t * obj2;
    obj2 = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(obj2, &style_shadow, 0);
    lv_obj_align(obj2, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 60, 30);
}
#endif
```

```
obj1 = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj1.set_size(100, 50)
obj1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, -60, -30)

style_shadow = lv.style_t()
style_shadow.init()
style_shadow.set_shadow_width(10)
style_shadow.set_shadow_spread(5)
style_shadow.set_shadow_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))

obj2 = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj2.add_style(style_shadow, 0)
obj2.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 60, 30)
```

## Make an object draggable

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void drag_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);

    lv_indev_t * indev = lv_indev_get_act();
    if(indev == NULL) return;

    lv_point_t vect;
    lv_indev_get_vect(indev, &vect);

    lv_coord_t x = lv_obj_get_x(obj) + vect.x;
    lv_coord_t y = lv_obj_get_y(obj) + vect.y;
    lv_obj_set_pos(obj, x, y);
}

/**
 * Make an object draggable.
 */
void lv_example_obj_2(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj;
    obj = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 150, 100);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(obj, drag_event_handler, LV_EVENT_PRESSING, NULL);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Drag me");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
#endif
```

```
def drag_event_handler(e):

    obj = e.get_target()

    indev = lv.indev_get_act()

    vect = lv.point_t()
    indev.get_vect(vect)
    x = obj.get_x() + vect.x
    y = obj.get_y() + vect.y
    obj.set_pos(x, y)

#
# Make an object draggable.
#

obj = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
obj.set_size(150, 100)
```

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```
obj.add_event_cb(drag_event_handler, lv.EVENT.PRESSING, None)

label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("Drag me")
label.center()
```

## 6.1.5 API

### Typedefs

```
typedef uint16_t lv_state_t
typedef uint32_t lv_part_t
typedef uint32_t lv_obj_flag_t
typedef struct _lv_obj_t lv_obj_t
```

### Enums

#### enum [anonymous]

Possible states of a widget. OR-ed values are possible

*Values:*

```
enumerator LV_STATE_DEFAULT
enumerator LV_STATE_CHECKED
enumerator LV_STATE_FOCUSED
enumerator LV_STATE_FOCUS_KEY
enumerator LV_STATE_EDITED
enumerator LV_STATE_HOVERED
enumerator LV_STATE_PRESSED
enumerator LV_STATE_SCROLLED
enumerator LV_STATE_DISABLED
enumerator LV_STATE_USER_1
enumerator LV_STATE_USER_2
enumerator LV_STATE_USER_3
enumerator LV_STATE_USER_4
enumerator LV_STATE_ANY
```

Special value can be used in some functions to target all states

#### enum [anonymous]

The possible parts of widgets. The parts can be considered as the internal building block of the widgets. E.g. slider = background + indicator + knob Note every part is used by every widget

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_PART\_MAIN**

A background like rectangle

enumerator **LV\_PART\_SCROLLBAR**

The scrollbar(s)

enumerator **LV\_PART\_INDICATOR**

Indicator, e.g. for slider, bar, switch, or the tick box of the checkbox

enumerator **LV\_PART\_KNOB**

Like handle to grab to adjust the value

enumerator **LV\_PART\_SELECTED**

Indicate the currently selected option or section

enumerator **LV\_PART\_ITEMS**

Used if the widget has multiple similar elements (e.g. table cells)

enumerator **LV\_PART\_TICKS**

Ticks on scale e.g. for a chart or meter

enumerator **LV\_PART\_CURSOR**

Mark a specific place e.g. for text area's cursor or on a chart

enumerator **LV\_PART\_CUSTOM\_FIRST**

Extension point for custom widgets

enumerator **LV\_PART\_ANY**

Special value can be used in some functions to target all parts

enum **[anonymous]**

On/Off features controlling the object's behavior. OR-ed values are possible

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_HIDDEN**

Make the object hidden. (Like it wasn't there at all)

enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_CLICKABLE**

Make the object clickable by the input devices

enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_CLICK\_FOCUSABLE**

Add focused state to the object when clicked

enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_CHECKABLE**

Toggle checked state when the object is clicked

enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_SCROLLABLE**

Make the object scrollable

- enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_SCROLL\_ELASTIC**  
Allow scrolling inside but with slower speed
- enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_SCROLL\_MOMENTUM**  
Make the object scroll further when "thrown"
- enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_SCROLL\_ONE**  
Allow scrolling only one snappable children
- enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_SCROLL\_CHAIN\_HOR**  
Allow propagating the horizontal scroll to a parent
- enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_SCROLL\_CHAIN\_VER**  
Allow propagating the vertical scroll to a parent
- enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_SCROLL\_CHAIN**
- enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_SCROLL\_ON\_FOCUS**  
Automatically scroll object to make it visible when focused
- enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_SCROLL\_WITH\_ARROW**  
Allow scrolling the focused object with arrow keys
- enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_SNAPPABLE**  
If scroll snap is enabled on the parent it can snap to this object
- enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_PRESS\_LOCK**  
Keep the object pressed even if the press slid from the object
- enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_EVENT\_BUBBLE**  
Propagate the events to the parent too
- enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_GESTURE\_BUBBLE**  
Propagate the gestures to the parent
- enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_ADV\_HITTEST**  
Allow performing more accurate hit (click) test. E.g. consider rounded corners.
- enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_IGNORE\_LAYOUT**  
Make the object position-able by the layouts
- enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_FLOATING**  
Do not scroll the object when the parent scrolls and ignore layout
- enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_OVERFLOW\_VISIBLE**  
Do not clip the children's content to the parent's boundary
- enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_LAYOUT\_1**  
Custom flag, free to use by layouts

enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_LAYOUT\_2**  
Custom flag, free to use by layouts

enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_WIDGET\_1**  
Custom flag, free to use by widget

enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_WIDGET\_2**  
Custom flag, free to use by widget

enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_USER\_1**  
Custom flag, free to use by user

enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_USER\_2**  
Custom flag, free to use by user

enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_USER\_3**  
Custom flag, free to use by user

enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_USER\_4**  
Custom flag, free to use by user

enum **lv\_obj\_draw\_part\_type\_t**  
type field in `lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t` if `class_p` = `lv_obj_class` Used in `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN` and `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END`

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_DRAW\_PART\_RECTANGLE**  
The main rectangle

enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_DRAW\_PART\_BORDER\_POST**  
The border if `style_border_post` = true

enumerator **LV\_OBJ\_DRAW\_PART\_SCROLLBAR**  
The scrollbar

## Functions

void **lv\_init**(void)  
Initialize LVGL library. Should be called before any other LVGL related function.

void **lv\_deinit**(void)  
Deinit the 'lv' library Currently only implemented when not using custom allocators, or GC is enabled.

bool **lv\_is\_initialized**(void)  
Returns whether the 'lv' library is currently initialized

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_obj\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)  
Create a base object (a rectangle)

**Parameters** `parent` -- pointer to a parent object. If NULL then a screen will be created.

**Returns** pointer to the new object

void **lv\_obj\_add\_flag**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_obj\_flag\_t* f)

Set one or more flags

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- **f** -- R-ed values from *lv\_obj\_flag\_t* to set.

void **lv\_obj\_clear\_flag**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_obj\_flag\_t* f)

Clear one or more flags

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- **f** -- OR-ed values from *lv\_obj\_flag\_t* to set.

void **lv\_obj\_add\_state**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_state\_t* state)

Add one or more states to the object. The other state bits will remain unchanged. If specified in the styles, transition animation will be started from the previous state to the current.

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- **state** -- the states to add. E.g LV\_STATE\_PRESSED | LV\_STATE\_FOCUSED

void **lv\_obj\_clear\_state**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_state\_t* state)

Remove one or more states to the object. The other state bits will remain unchanged. If specified in the styles, transition animation will be started from the previous state to the current.

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- **state** -- the states to add. E.g LV\_STATE\_PRESSED | LV\_STATE\_FOCUSED

static inline void **lv\_obj\_set\_user\_data**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, void \*user\_data)

Set the user\_data field of the object

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- **user\_data** -- pointer to the new user\_data.

bool **lv\_obj\_has\_flag**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_obj\_flag\_t* f)

Check if a given flag or all the given flags are set on an object.

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- **f** -- the flag(s) to check (OR-ed values can be used)

**Returns** true: all flags are set; false: not all flags are set

bool **lv\_obj\_has\_flag\_any**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_obj\_flag\_t* f)

Check if a given flag or any of the flags are set on an object.

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- **f** -- the flag(s) to check (OR-ed values can be used)

**Returns** true: at lest one flag flag is set; false: none of the flags are set

*lv\_state\_t* **lv\_obj\_get\_state**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the state of an object

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an object

**Returns** the state (OR-ed values from *lv\_state\_t*)

bool **lv\_obj\_has\_state**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_state\_t* state)

Check if the object is in a given state or not.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- **state** -- a state or combination of states to check

**Returns** true: **obj** is in **state**; false: **obj** is not in **state**

void \***lv\_obj\_get\_group**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the group of the object

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an object

**Returns** the pointer to group of the object

static inline void \***lv\_obj\_get\_user\_data**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the user\_data field of the object

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an object

**Returns** the pointer to the user\_data of the object

void **lv\_obj\_allocate\_spec\_attr**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Allocate special data for an object if not allocated yet.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an object

bool **lv\_obj\_check\_type**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const lv\_obj\_class\_t \*class\_p)

Check the type of obj.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- **class\_p** -- a class to check (e.g. *lv\_slider\_class*)

**Returns** true: **class\_p** is the **obj** class.

bool **lv\_obj\_has\_class**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const lv\_obj\_class\_t \*class\_p)

Check if any object has a given class (type). It checks the ancestor classes too.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- **class\_p** -- a class to check (e.g. *lv\_slider\_class*)

**Returns** true: **obj** has the given class

const lv\_obj\_class\_t \***lv\_obj\_get\_class**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the class (type) of the object

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an object

**Returns** the class (type) of the object

bool **lv\_obj\_is\_valid**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Check if any object is still "alive".

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an object

**Returns** true: valid

static inline lv\_coord\_t **lv\_obj\_dpx**(const lv\_obj\_t \*obj, lv\_coord\_t n)

Scale the given number of pixels (a distance or size) relative to a 160 DPI display considering the DPI of the **obj**'s display. It ensures that e.g. **lv\_dpx(100)** will have the same physical size regardless to the DPI of the display.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- an object whose display's dpi should be considered
- **n** -- the number of pixels to scale

**Returns** n x current\_dpi/160

## Variables

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_obj\_class**

Make the base object's class publicly available.

struct **lv\_obj\_spec\_attr\_t**

*#include <lv\_obj.h>* Special, rarely used attributes. They are allocated automatically if any elements is set.

## Public Members

struct lv\_obj\_t \*\***children**

Store the pointer of the children in an array.

uint32\_t **child\_cnt**

Number of children

lv\_group\_t \***group\_p**

struct lv\_event\_dsc\_t \***event\_dsc**

Dynamically allocated event callback and user data array

lv\_point\_t **scroll**

The current X/Y scroll offset

lv\_coord\_t **ext\_click\_pad**

Extra click padding in all direction

lv\_coord\_t **ext\_draw\_size**

EXTend the size in every direction for drawing.

lv\_scrollbar\_mode\_t **scrollbar\_mode**

How to display scrollbars

lv\_scroll\_snap\_t **scroll\_snap\_x**

Where to align the snappable children horizontally

lv\_scroll\_snap\_t **scroll\_snap\_y**

Where to align the snappable children vertically

lv\_dir\_t **scroll\_dir**

The allowed scroll direction(s)

uint8\_t **event\_dsc\_cnt**

Number of event callbacks stored in `event_dsc` array

struct **\_lv\_obj\_t**

### Public Members

const lv\_obj\_class\_t \***class\_p**

struct *\_lv\_obj\_t* \***parent**

*\_lv\_obj\_spec\_attr\_t* \***spec\_attr**

*\_lv\_obj\_style\_t* \***styles**

void \***user\_data**

lv\_area\_t **coords**

*lv\_obj\_flag\_t* **flags**

*lv\_state\_t* **state**

uint16\_t **layout\_inv**

uint16\_t **scr\_layout\_inv**

uint16\_t **skip\_trans**

uint16\_t **style\_cnt**

uint16\_t **h\_layout**

uint16\_t **w\_layout**

## 6.2 Core widgets

### 6.2.1 Arc (lv\_arc)

#### Overview

The Arc consists of a background and a foreground arc. The foreground (indicator) can be touch-adjusted.



## Parts and Styles

- **LV\_PART\_MAIN** Draws a background using the typical background style properties and an arc using the arc style properties. The arc's size and position will respect the *padding* style properties.
- **LV\_PART\_INDICATOR** Draws another arc using the *arc* style properties. Its padding values are interpreted relative to the background arc.
- **LV\_PART\_KNOB** Draws a handle on the end of the indicator using all background properties and padding values. With zero padding the knob size is the same as the indicator's width. Larger padding makes it larger, smaller padding makes it smaller.

## Usage

### Value and range

A new value can be set using `lv_arc_set_value(arc, new_value)`. The value is interpreted in a range (minimum and maximum values) which can be modified with `lv_arc_set_range(arc, min, max)`. The default range is 0..100.

The indicator arc is drawn on the main part's arc. This if the value is set to maximum the indicator arc will cover the entire "background" arc. To set the start and end angle of the background arc use the `lv_arc_set_bg_angles(arc, start_angle, end_angle)` functions or `lv_arc_set_bg_start/end_angle(arc, angle)`.

Zero degrees is at the middle right (3 o'clock) of the object and the degrees are increasing in clockwise direction. The angles should be in the [0;360] range.

### Rotation

An offset to the 0 degree position can be added with `lv_arc_set_rotation(arc, deg)`.

### Mode

The arc can be one of the following modes:

- **LV\_ARC\_MODE\_NORMAL** The indicator arc is drawn from the minimum value to the current.
- **LV\_ARC\_MODE\_REVERSE** The indicator arc is drawn counter-clockwise from the maximum value to the current.
- **LV\_ARC\_MODE\_SYMMETRICAL** The indicator arc is drawn from the middle point to the current value.

The mode can be set by `lv_arc_set_mode(arc, LV_ARC_MODE_...)` and used only if the angle is set by `lv_arc_set_value()` or the arc is adjusted by finger.

### Change rate

If the arc is pressed the current value will set with a limited speed according to the set *change rate*. The change rate is defined in degree/second unit and can be set with `lv_arc_set_change_rate(arc, rate)`

## Setting the indicator manually

It's also possible to set the angles of the indicator arc directly with `lv_arc_set_angles(arc, start_angle, end_angle)` function or `lv_arc_set_start/end_angle(arc, start_angle)`. In this case the set "value" and "mode" are ignored.

In other words, the angle and value settings are independent. You should exclusively use one or the other. Mixing the two might result in unintended behavior.

To make the arc non-adjustable, remove the style of the knob and make the object non-clickable:

```
lv_obj_remove_style(arc, NULL, LV_PART_KNOB);
lv_obj_clear_flag(arc, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CLICKABLE);
```

## Advanced hit test

If the `LV_OBJ_FLAG_ADV_HITTEST` flag is enabled the arc can be clicked through in the middle. Clicks are recognized only on the ring of the background arc. `lv_obj_set_ext_click_size()` makes the sensitive area larger inside and outside with the given number of pixels.

## Events

- `LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED` sent when the arc is pressed/dragged to set a new value.
- `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN` and `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END` are sent with the following types:
  - `LV_ARC_DRAW_PART_BACKGROUND` The background arc.
    - \* `part`: `LV_PART_MAIN`
    - \* `p1`: center of the arc
    - \* `radius`: radius of the arc
    - \* `arc_dsc`
  - `LV_ARC_DRAW_PART_FOREGROUND` The foreground arc.
    - \* `part`: `LV_PART_INDICATOR`
    - \* `p1`: center of the arc
    - \* `radius`: radius of the arc
    - \* `arc_dsc`
  - `LV_ARC_DRAW_PART_KNOB` The knob
    - \* `part`: `LV_PART_KNOB`
    - \* `draw_area`: the area of the knob
    - \* `rect_dsc`

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

- LV\_KEY\_RIGHT/UP Increases the value by one.
- LV\_KEY\_LEFT/DOWN Decreases the value by one.

Learn more about [Keys](#).

## Example

### Simple Arc

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"

#if LV_USE_ARC && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_arc_1(void)
{
    /*Create an Arc*/
    lv_obj_t * arc = lv_arc_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(arc, 150, 150);
    lv_arc_set_rotation(arc, 135);
    lv_arc_set_bg_angles(arc, 0, 270);
    lv_arc_set_value(arc, 40);
    lv_obj_center(arc);
}

#endif
```

```
# Create an Arc
arc = lv.arc(lv.scr_act())
arc.set_end_angle(200)
arc.set_size(150, 150)
arc.center()
```

### Loader with Arc

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"

#if LV_USE_ARC && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void set_angle(void * obj, int32_t v)
{
    lv_arc_set_value(obj, v);
}

/**
 * Create an arc which acts as a loader.
 */
void lv_example_arc_2(void)
{
```

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```

    /*Create an Arc*/
    lv_obj_t * arc = lv_arc_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_arc_set_rotation(arc, 270);
    lv_arc_set_bg_angles(arc, 0, 360);
    lv_obj_remove_style(arc, NULL, LV_PART_KNOB);    /*Be sure the knob is not
↪displayed*/
    lv_obj_clear_flag(arc, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CLICKABLE);    /*To not allow adjusting by
↪click*/
    lv_obj_center(arc);

    lv_anim_t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, arc);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_angle);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 1000);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);    /*Just for the demo*/
    lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&a, 500);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 100);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# An `lv_timer` to call periodically to set the angles of the arc
#
class ArcLoader():
    def __init__(self):
        self.a = 270

    def arc_loader_cb(self, tim, arc):
        # print(tim, arc)
        self.a += 5

        arc.set_end_angle(self.a)

        if self.a >= 270 + 360:
            tim._del()

#
# Create an arc which acts as a loader.
#

# Create an Arc
arc = lv.arc(lv.scr_act())
arc.set_bg_angles(0, 360)
arc.set_angles(270, 270)
arc.center()

# create the loader
arc_loader = ArcLoader()

```

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```
# Create an `lv_timer` to update the arc.

timer = lv.timer_create_basic()
timer.set_period(20)
timer.set_cb(lambda src: arc_loader.arc_loader_cb(timer,arc))
```

## API

### Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_arc_mode_t
```

### Enums

```
enum [anonymous]
```

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_ARC\_MODE\_NORMAL**

enumerator **LV\_ARC\_MODE\_SYMMETRICAL**

enumerator **LV\_ARC\_MODE\_REVERSE**

```
enum lv_arc_draw_part_type_t
```

type field in `lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t` if `class_p` = `lv_arc_class` Used in `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN` and `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END`

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_ARC\_DRAW\_PART\_BACKGROUND**

The background arc

enumerator **LV\_ARC\_DRAW\_PART\_FOREGROUND**

The foreground arc

enumerator **LV\_ARC\_DRAW\_PART\_KNOB**

The knob

### Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_arc_create(lv_obj_t *parent)
```

Create an arc object

**Parameters** `parent` -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new arc

**Returns** pointer to the created arc

```
void lv_arc_set_start_angle(lv_obj_t *arc, uint16_t start)
```

Set the start angle of an arc. 0 deg: right, 90 bottom, etc.

**Parameters**

- **arc** -- pointer to an arc object
- **start** -- the start angle

void **lv\_arc\_set\_end\_angle**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*arc, uint16\_t end)

Set the end angle of an arc. 0 deg: right, 90 bottom, etc.

**Parameters**

- **arc** -- pointer to an arc object
- **end** -- the end angle

void **lv\_arc\_set\_angles**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*arc, uint16\_t start, uint16\_t end)

Set the start and end angles

**Parameters**

- **arc** -- pointer to an arc object
- **start** -- the start angle
- **end** -- the end angle

void **lv\_arc\_set\_bg\_start\_angle**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*arc, uint16\_t start)

Set the start angle of an arc background. 0 deg: right, 90 bottom, etc.

**Parameters**

- **arc** -- pointer to an arc object
- **start** -- the start angle

void **lv\_arc\_set\_bg\_end\_angle**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*arc, uint16\_t end)

Set the start angle of an arc background. 0 deg: right, 90 bottom etc.

**Parameters**

- **arc** -- pointer to an arc object
- **end** -- the end angle

void **lv\_arc\_set\_bg\_angles**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*arc, uint16\_t start, uint16\_t end)

Set the start and end angles of the arc background

**Parameters**

- **arc** -- pointer to an arc object
- **start** -- the start angle
- **end** -- the end angle

void **lv\_arc\_set\_rotation**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*arc, uint16\_t rotation)

Set the rotation for the whole arc

**Parameters**

- **arc** -- pointer to an arc object
- **rotation** -- rotation angle

void **lv\_arc\_set\_mode**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*arc, *lv\_arc\_mode\_t* type)

Set the type of arc.

**Parameters**

- **arc** -- pointer to arc object
- **mode** -- arc's mode

void **lv\_arc\_set\_value**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*arc, int16\_t value)  
Set a new value on the arc

**Parameters**

- **arc** -- pointer to an arc object
- **value** -- new value

void **lv\_arc\_set\_range**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*arc, int16\_t min, int16\_t max)  
Set minimum and the maximum values of an arc

**Parameters**

- **arc** -- pointer to the arc object
- **min** -- minimum value
- **max** -- maximum value

void **lv\_arc\_set\_change\_rate**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*arc, uint16\_t rate)  
Set a change rate to limit the speed how fast the arc should reach the pressed point.

**Parameters**

- **arc** -- pointer to an arc object
- **rate** -- the change rate

uint16\_t **lv\_arc\_get\_angle\_start**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Get the start angle of an arc.

**Parameters** **arc** -- pointer to an arc object

**Returns** the start angle [0..360]

uint16\_t **lv\_arc\_get\_angle\_end**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Get the end angle of an arc.

**Parameters** **arc** -- pointer to an arc object

**Returns** the end angle [0..360]

uint16\_t **lv\_arc\_get\_bg\_angle\_start**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Get the start angle of an arc background.

**Parameters** **arc** -- pointer to an arc object

**Returns** the start angle [0..360]

uint16\_t **lv\_arc\_get\_bg\_angle\_end**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Get the end angle of an arc background.

**Parameters** **arc** -- pointer to an arc object

**Returns** the end angle [0..360]

int16\_t **lv\_arc\_get\_value**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Get the value of an arc

**Parameters** **arc** -- pointer to an arc object

**Returns** the value of the arc

```
int16_t lv_arc_get_min_value(const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get the minimum value of an arc

**Parameters** **arc** -- pointer to an arc object

**Returns** the minimum value of the arc

```
int16_t lv_arc_get_max_value(const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get the maximum value of an arc

**Parameters** **arc** -- pointer to an arc object

**Returns** the maximum value of the arc

```
lv_arc_mode_t lv_arc_get_mode(const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get whether the arc is type or not.

**Parameters** **arc** -- pointer to an arc object

**Returns** arc's mode

## Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_arc_class
```

```
struct lv_arc_t
```

## Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
```

```
uint16_t rotation
```

```
uint16_t indic_angle_start
```

```
uint16_t indic_angle_end
```

```
uint16_t bg_angle_start
```

```
uint16_t bg_angle_end
```

```
int16_t value
```

```
int16_t min_value
```

```
int16_t max_value
```

```
uint16_t dragging
```

```
uint16_t type
```

```
uint16_t min_close
```

```
uint16_t chg_rate
```

```
uint32_t last_tick
```

```
int16_t last_angle
```



## 6.2.2 Bar (lv\_bar)

### Overview

The bar object has a background and an indicator on it. The width of the indicator is set according to the current value of the bar.

Vertical bars can be created if the width of the object is smaller than its height.

Not only the end, but also the start value of the bar can be set, which changes the start position of the indicator.

### Parts and Styles

- **LV\_PART\_MAIN** The background of the bar and it uses the typical background style properties. Adding padding makes the indicator smaller or larger. The `anim_time` style property sets the animation time if the values set with `LV_ANIM_ON`.
- **LV\_PART\_INDICATOR** The indicator itself; also uses all the typical background properties.

### Usage

#### Value and range

A new value can be set by `lv_bar_set_value(bar, new_value, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF)`. The value is interpreted in a range (minimum and maximum values) which can be modified with `lv_bar_set_range(bar, min, max)`. The default range is 0..100.

The new value in `lv_bar_set_value` can be set with or without an animation depending on the last parameter (`LV_ANIM_ON/OFF`).

### Modes

The bar can be one of the following modes:

- **LV\_BAR\_MODE\_NORMAL** A normal bar as described above
- **LV\_BAR\_MODE\_SYMMETRICAL** Draw the indicator from the zero value to current value. Requires a negative minimum range and positive maximum range.
- **LV\_BAR\_MODE\_RANGE** Allows setting the start value too by `lv_bar_set_start_value(bar, new_value, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF)`. The start value always has to be smaller than the end value.

### Events

- **LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_BEGIN** and **LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_END** are sent for the following parts:
  - **LV\_BAR\_DRAW\_PART\_INDICATOR** The indicator of the bar
    - \* `part`: `LV_PART_INDICATOR`
    - \* `draw_area`: area of the indicator
    - \* `rect_dsc`

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

No *Keys* are processed by the object type.

Learn more about *Keys*.

## Example

### Simple Bar

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_bar_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * bar1 = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(bar1, 200, 20);
    lv_obj_center(bar1);
    lv_bar_set_value(bar1, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
}

#endif
```

```
bar1 = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar1.set_size(200, 20)
bar1.center()
bar1.set_value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
```

### Styling a bar

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Example of styling the bar
 */
void lv_example_bar_2(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style_bg;
    static lv_style_t style_indic;

    lv_style_init(&style_bg);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_bg, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_bg, 2);
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style_bg, 6); /*To make the indicator smaller*/
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_bg, 6);
    lv_style_set_anim_time(&style_bg, 1000);

    lv_style_init(&style_indic);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_indic, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_indic, 3);
}
```

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```

lv_obj_t * bar = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_remove_style_all(bar); /*To have a clean start*/
lv_obj_add_style(bar, &style_bg, 0);
lv_obj_add_style(bar, &style_indic, LV_PART_INDICATOR);

lv_obj_set_size(bar, 200, 20);
lv_obj_center(bar);
lv_bar_set_value(bar, 100, LV_ANIM_ON);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Example of styling the bar
#
style_bg = lv.style_t()
style_indic = lv.style_t()

style_bg.init()
style_bg.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style_bg.set_border_width(2)
style_bg.set_pad_all(6) # To make the indicator smaller
style_bg.set_radius(6)
style_bg.set_anim_time(1000)

style_indic.init()
style_indic.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style_indic.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style_indic.set_radius(3)

bar = lv.bar(lv_scr_act())
bar.remove_style_all() # To have a clean start
bar.add_style(style_bg, 0)
bar.add_style(style_indic, lv.PART_INDICATOR)

bar.set_size(200, 20)
bar.center()
bar.set_value(100, lv.ANIM.ON)

```

## Temperature meter

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void set_temp(void * bar, int32_t temp)
{
    lv_bar_set_value(bar, temp, LV_ANIM_ON);
}

/**
 * A temperature meter example
 */

```

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```

void lv_example_bar_3(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style_indic;

    lv_style_init(&style_indic);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_indic, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style_indic, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_dir(&style_indic, LV_GRAD_DIR_VER);

    lv_obj_t * bar = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(bar, &style_indic, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
    lv_obj_set_size(bar, 20, 200);
    lv_obj_center(bar);
    lv_bar_set_range(bar, -20, 40);

    lv_anim_t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_temp);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, bar);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, -20, 40);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

```

```

def set_temp(bar, temp):
    bar.set_value(temp, lv.ANIM.ON)

#
# A temperature meter example
#

style_indic = lv.style_t()

style_indic.init()
style_indic.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA_COVER)
style_indic.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
style_indic.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style_indic.set_bg_grad_dir(lv.GRAD_DIR_VER)

bar = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar.add_style(style_indic, lv.PART_INDICATOR)
bar.set_size(20, 200)
bar.center()
bar.set_range(-20, 40)

a = lv.anim_t()
a.init()
a.set_time(3000)
a.set_playback_time(3000)

```

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```

a.set_var(bar)
a.set_values(-20, 40)
a.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a, val: set_temp(bar,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a)

```

## Stripe pattern and range value

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Bar with stripe pattern and ranged value
 */
void lv_example_bar_4(void)
{
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_skew_strip);
    static lv_style_t style_indic;

    lv_style_init(&style_indic);
    lv_style_set_bg_img_src(&style_indic, &img_skew_strip);
    lv_style_set_bg_img_tiled(&style_indic, true);
    lv_style_set_bg_img_opa(&style_indic, LV_OPA_30);

    lv_obj_t * bar = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(bar, &style_indic, LV_PART_INDICATOR);

    lv_obj_set_size(bar, 260, 20);
    lv_obj_center(bar);
    lv_bar_set_mode(bar, LV_BAR_MODE_RANGE);
    lv_bar_set_value(bar, 90, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_bar_set_start_value(bar, 20, LV_ANIM_OFF);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# get an icon
#
def get_icon(filename,xres,yres):
    try:
        sdl_filename = "../../assets/" + filename + "_" + str(xres) + "x" + str(yres) +
        + "_argb8888.fnt"
        print("file name: ", sdl_filename)
        with open(sdl_filename,'rb') as f:
            icon_data = f.read()
    except:
        print("Could not find image file: " + filename)
        return None

    icon_dsc = lv.img_dsc_t(
        {
            "header": {"always_zero": 0, "w": xres, "h": yres, "cf": lv.img.CF.TRUE_
            + COLOR_ALPHA},

```

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```

        "data": icon_data,
        "data_size": len(icon_data),
    }
)
return icon_dsc

#
# Bar with stripe pattern and ranged value
#

img_skew_strip_dsc = get_icon("img_skew_strip",80,20)
style_indic = lv.style_t()

style_indic.init()
style_indic.set_bg_img_src(img_skew_strip_dsc)
style_indic.set_bg_img_tiled(True)
style_indic.set_bg_img_opa(lv.OPA_30)

bar = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar.add_style(style_indic, lv.PART.INDICATOR)

bar.set_size(260, 20)
bar.center()
bar.set_mode(lv.bar.MODE.RANGE)
bar.set_value(90, lv.ANIM.OFF)
bar.set_start_value(20, lv.ANIM.OFF)

```

### Bar with LTR and RTL base direction

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Bar with LTR and RTL base direction
 */
void lv_example_bar_5(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * label;

    lv_obj_t * bar_ltr = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(bar_ltr, 200, 20);
    lv_bar_set_value(bar_ltr, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_obj_align(bar_ltr, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -30);

    label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Left to Right base direction");
    lv_obj_align_to(label, bar_ltr, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5);

    lv_obj_t * bar_rtl = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(bar_rtl, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);

```

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```

lv_obj_set_size(bar_rtl, 200, 20);
lv_bar_set_value(bar_rtl, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
lv_obj_align(bar_rtl, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 30);

label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_label_set_text(label, "Right to Left base direction");
lv_obj_align_to(label, bar_rtl, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Bar with LTR and RTL base direction
#

bar_ltr = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar_ltr.set_size(200, 20)
bar_ltr.set_value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
bar_ltr.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -30)

label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set_text("Left to Right base direction")
label.align_to(bar_ltr, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5)

bar_rtl = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar_rtl.set_style_base_dir(lv.BASE_DIR.RTL, 0)
bar_rtl.set_size(200, 20)
bar_rtl.set_value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
bar_rtl.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 30)

label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set_text("Right to Left base direction")
label.align_to(bar_rtl, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5)

```

### Custom drawer to show the current value

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void set_value(void * bar, int32_t v)
{
    lv_bar_set_value(bar, v, LV_ANIM_OFF);
}

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_param(e);
    if(dsc->part != LV_PART_INDICATOR) return;

    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);

    lv_draw_label_dsc_t label_dsc;
    lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&label_dsc);
    label_dsc.font = LV_FONT_DEFAULT;

```

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```

char buf[8];
lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%d", (int)lv_bar_get_value(obj));

lv_point_t txt_size;
lv_txt_get_size(&txt_size, buf, label_dsc.font, label_dsc.letter_space, label_dsc.
↪line_space, LV_COORD_MAX,
                label_dsc.flag);

lv_area_t txt_area;
/*If the indicator is long enough put the text inside on the right*/
if(lv_area_get_width(dsc->draw_area) > txt_size.x + 20) {
    txt_area.x2 = dsc->draw_area->x2 - 5;
    txt_area.x1 = txt_area.x2 - txt_size.x + 1;
    label_dsc.color = lv_color_white();
}
/*If the indicator is still short put the text out of it on the right*/
else {
    txt_area.x1 = dsc->draw_area->x2 + 5;
    txt_area.x2 = txt_area.x1 + txt_size.x - 1;
    label_dsc.color = lv_color_black();
}

txt_area.y1 = dsc->draw_area->y1 + (lv_area_get_height(dsc->draw_area) - txt_size.
↪y) / 2;
txt_area.y2 = txt_area.y1 + txt_size.y - 1;

lv_draw_label(dsc->draw_ctx, &label_dsc, &txt_area, buf, NULL);
}

/**
 * Custom drawer on the bar to display the current value
 */
void lv_example_bar_6(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * bar = lv_bar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(bar, event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_size(bar, 200, 20);
    lv_obj_center(bar);

    lv_anim_t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, bar);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 100);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_value);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 2000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 2000);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

```

```

def set_value(bar, v):
    bar.set_value(v, lv.ANIM.OFF)

```

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```

def event_cb(e):
    dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    if dsc.part != lv.PART.INDICATOR:
        return

    obj = e.get_target()

    label_dsc = lv.draw_label_dsc_t()
    label_dsc.init()
    # label_dsc.font = LV_FONT_DEFAULT;

    value_txt = str(obj.get_value())
    txt_size = lv.point_t()
    lv.txt_get_size(txt_size, value_txt, label_dsc.font, label_dsc.letter_space,
    ↪ label_dsc.line_space, lv.COORD.MAX, label_dsc.flag)

    txt_area = lv.area_t()
    # If the indicator is long enough put the text inside on the right
    if dsc.draw_area.get_width() > txt_size.x + 20:
        txt_area.x2 = dsc.draw_area.x2 - 5
        txt_area.x1 = txt_area.x2 - txt_size.x + 1
        label_dsc.color = lv.color_white()
    # If the indicator is still short put the text out of it on the right*/
    else:
        txt_area.x1 = dsc.draw_area.x2 + 5
        txt_area.x2 = txt_area.x1 + txt_size.x - 1
        label_dsc.color = lv.color_black()

    txt_area.y1 = dsc.draw_area.y1 + (dsc.draw_area.get_height() - txt_size.y) // 2
    txt_area.y2 = txt_area.y1 + txt_size.y - 1

    dsc.draw_ctx.label(label_dsc, txt_area, value_txt, None)

#
# Custom drawer on the bar to display the current value
#

bar = lv.bar(lv.scr_act())
bar.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_END, None)
bar.set_size(200, 20)
bar.center()

a = lv.anim_t()
a.init()
a.set_var(bar)
a.set_values(0, 100)
a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a, val: set_value(bar, val))
a.set_time(2000)
a.set_playback_time(2000)
a.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
lv.anim_t.start(a)

```

## API

### Typedefs

typedef uint8\_t **lv\_bar\_mode\_t**

### Enums

enum **[anonymous]**

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_BAR\_MODE\_NORMAL**

enumerator **LV\_BAR\_MODE\_SYMMETRICAL**

enumerator **LV\_BAR\_MODE\_RANGE**

enum **lv\_bar\_draw\_part\_type\_t**

type field in lv\_obj\_draw\_part\_dsc\_t if class\_p = lv\_bar\_class Used in LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_BEGIN and LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_END

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_BAR\_DRAW\_PART\_INDICATOR**

The indicator

### Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_bar\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a bar object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new bar

**Returns** pointer to the created bar

void **lv\_bar\_set\_value**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, int32\_t value, *lv\_anim\_enable\_t* anim)

Set a new value on the bar

**Parameters**

- **bar** -- pointer to a bar object
- **value** -- new value
- **anim** -- LV\_ANIM\_ON: set the value with an animation; LV\_ANIM\_OFF: change the value immediately

void **lv\_bar\_set\_start\_value**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, int32\_t start\_value, *lv\_anim\_enable\_t* anim)

Set a new start value on the bar

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a bar object
- **value** -- new start value
- **anim** -- LV\_ANIM\_ON: set the value with an animation; LV\_ANIM\_OFF: change the value immediately

void **lv\_bar\_set\_range**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, int32\_t min, int32\_t max)  
Set minimum and the maximum values of a bar

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to the bar object
- **min** -- minimum value
- **max** -- maximum value

void **lv\_bar\_set\_mode**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_bar\_mode\_t* mode)  
Set the type of bar.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to bar object
- **mode** -- bar type from ::lv\_bar\_mode\_t

int32\_t **lv\_bar\_get\_value**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Get the value of a bar

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a bar object

**Returns** the value of the bar

int32\_t **lv\_bar\_get\_start\_value**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Get the start value of a bar

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a bar object

**Returns** the start value of the bar

int32\_t **lv\_bar\_get\_min\_value**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Get the minimum value of a bar

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a bar object

**Returns** the minimum value of the bar

int32\_t **lv\_bar\_get\_max\_value**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Get the maximum value of a bar

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a bar object

**Returns** the maximum value of the bar

*lv\_bar\_mode\_t* **lv\_bar\_get\_mode**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Get the type of bar.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to bar object

**Returns** bar type from ::lv\_bar\_mode\_t

## Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_bar_class
struct _lv_bar_anim_t
```

### Public Members

```
lv_obj_t *bar
int32_t anim_start
int32_t anim_end
int32_t anim_state
struct lv_bar_t
```

### Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
int32_t cur_value
    Current value of the bar

int32_t min_value
    Minimum value of the bar

int32_t max_value
    Maximum value of the bar

int32_t start_value
    Start value of the bar

lv_area_t indic_area
    Save the indicator area. Might be used by derived types

_lv_bar_anim_t cur_value_anim
_lv_bar_anim_t start_value_anim
lv_bar_mode_t mode
    Type of bar
```

## 6.2.3 Button (lv\_btn)

### Overview

Buttons have no new features compared to the *Base object*. They are useful for semantic purposes and have slightly different default settings.

Buttons, by default, differ from Base object in the following ways:

- Not scrollable
- Added to the default group
- Default height and width set to LV\_SIZE\_CONTENT

### Parts and Styles

- LV\_PART\_MAIN The background of the button. Uses the typical background style properties.

### Usage

There are no new features compared to *Base object*.

### Events

- LV\_EVENT\_VALUE\_CHANGED when the LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_CHECKABLE flag is enabled and the object is clicked. The event happens on transition to/from the checked state.

Learn more about *Events*.

### Keys

Note that the state of LV\_KEY\_ENTER is translated to LV\_EVENT\_PRESSED/PRESSING/RELEASED etc.

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Keys*.

### Example

#### Simple Buttons

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BTN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);

    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        LV_LOG_USER("Clicked");
    }
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
```

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```

        LV_LOG_USER("Toggled");
    }
}

void lv_example_btn_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * label;

    lv_obj_t * btn1 = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn1, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_align(btn1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -40);

    label = lv_label_create(btn1);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Button");
    lv_obj_center(label);

    lv_obj_t * btn2 = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn2, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_align(btn2, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 40);
    lv_obj_add_flag(btn2, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CHECKABLE);
    lv_obj_set_height(btn2, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);

    label = lv_label_create(btn2);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Toggle");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
#endif

```

```

def event_handler(evt):
    code = evt.get_code()

    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        print("Clicked event seen")
    elif code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        print("Value changed seen")

# create a simple button
btn1 = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())

# attach the callback
btn1.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

btn1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -40)
label=lv.label(btn1)
label.set_text("Button")

# create a toggle button
btn2 = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())

# attach the callback
#btn2.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
btn2.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

btn2.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 40)
btn2.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.CHECKABLE)
btn2.set_height(lv.SIZE.CONTENT)

```

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```

label=lv.label(btn2)
label.set_text("Toggle")
label.center()

```

## Styling buttons

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BTN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Style a button from scratch
 */
void lv_example_btn_2(void)
{
    /*Init the style for the default state*/
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);

    lv_style_set_radius(&style, 3);

    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_100);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 2));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_dir(&style, LV_GRAD_DIR_VER);

    lv_style_set_border_opa(&style, LV_OPA_40);
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 2);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));

    lv_style_set_shadow_width(&style, 8);
    lv_style_set_shadow_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));
    lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_y(&style, 8);

    lv_style_set_outline_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_outline_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));

    lv_style_set_text_color(&style, lv_color_white());
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style, 10);

    /*Init the pressed style*/
    static lv_style_t style_pr;
    lv_style_init(&style_pr);

    /*Add a large outline when pressed*/
    lv_style_set_outline_width(&style_pr, 30);
    lv_style_set_outline_opa(&style_pr, LV_OPA_TRANSP);

    lv_style_set_translate_y(&style_pr, 5);
    lv_style_set_shadow_ofs_y(&style_pr, 3);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_pr, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 2));
    lv_style_set_bg_grad_color(&style_pr, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 4));

    /*Add a transition to the outline*/

```

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```

static lv_style_transition_dsc_t trans;
static lv_style_prop_t props[] = {LV_STYLE_OUTLINE_WIDTH, LV_STYLE_OUTLINE_OPA, 0}
↪;
lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&trans, props, lv_anim_path_linear, 300, 0, NULL);

lv_style_set_transition(&style_pr, &trans);

lv_obj_t * btn1 = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_remove_style_all(btn1);                                /*Remove the style coming
↪from the theme*/
lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style, 0);
lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_pr, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
lv_obj_set_size(btn1, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
lv_obj_center(btn1);

lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn1);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Button");
lv_obj_center(label);
}
#endif

```

```

#
# Style a button from scratch
#

# Init the style for the default state
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()

style.set_radius(3)

style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 2))
style.set_bg_grad_dir(lv.GRAD_DIR.VER)

style.set_border_opa(lv.OPA._40)
style.set_border_width(2)
style.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))

style.set_shadow_width(8)
style.set_shadow_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
style.set_shadow_ofs_y(8)

style.set_outline_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_outline_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))

style.set_text_color(lv.color_white())
style.set_pad_all(10)

# Init the pressed style
style_pr = lv.style_t()
style_pr.init()

# Add a large outline when pressed
style_pr.set_outline_width(30)

```

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```

style_pr.set_outline_opa(lv.OPA.TRANSP)

style_pr.set_translate_y(5)
style_pr.set_shadow_ofs_y(3)
style_pr.set_bg_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 2))
style_pr.set_bg_grad_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 4))

# Add a transition to the outline
trans = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
props = [lv.STYLE.OUTLINE_WIDTH, lv.STYLE.OUTLINE_OPA, 0]
trans.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 300, 0, None)

style_pr.set_transition(trans)

btn1 = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
btn1.remove_style_all() # Remove the style coming from the
↳ theme
btn1.add_style(style, 0)
btn1.add_style(style_pr, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
btn1.set_size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
btn1.center()

label = lv.label(btn1)
label.set_text("Button")
label.center()

```

## Gummy button

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_USE_BTN

/**
 * Create a style transition on a button to act like a gum when clicked
 */
void lv_example_btn_3(void)
{
    /*Properties to transition*/
    static lv_style_prop_t props[] = {
        LV_STYLE_TRANSFORM_WIDTH, LV_STYLE_TRANSFORM_HEIGHT, LV_STYLE_TEXT_LETTER_
↳SPACE, 0
    };

    /*Transition descriptor when going back to the default state.
     *Add some delay to be sure the press transition is visible even if the press was
↳very short*/
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t transition_dsc_def;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&transition_dsc_def, props, lv_anim_path_overshoot,
↳250, 100, NULL);

    /*Transition descriptor when going to pressed state.
     *No delay, go to presses state immediately*/
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t transition_dsc_pr;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&transition_dsc_pr, props, lv_anim_path_ease_in_out,
↳250, 0, NULL);

```

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```

    /*Add only the new transition to the default state*/
    static lv_style_t style_def;
    lv_style_init(&style_def);
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_def, &transition_dsc_def);

    /*Add the transition and some transformation to the pressed state.*/
    static lv_style_t style_pr;
    lv_style_init(&style_pr);
    lv_style_set_transform_width(&style_pr, 10);
    lv_style_set_transform_height(&style_pr, -10);
    lv_style_set_text_letter_space(&style_pr, 10);
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_pr, &transition_dsc_pr);

    lv_obj_t * btn1 = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(btn1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -80);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_pr, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
    lv_obj_add_style(btn1, &style_def, 0);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(btn1);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Gum");
}
#endif

#
# Create a style transition on a button to act like a gum when clicked
#

# Properties to transition
props = [lv.STYLE.TRANSFORM_WIDTH, lv.STYLE.TRANSFORM_HEIGHT, lv.STYLE.TEXT_LETTER_
↳SPACE, 0]

# Transition descriptor when going back to the default state.
# Add some delay to be sure the press transition is visible even if the press was
↳very short*/
transition_dsc_def = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
transition_dsc_def.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_overshoot, 250, 100, None)

# Transition descriptor when going to pressed state.
# No delay, go to pressed state immediately
transition_dsc_pr = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
transition_dsc_pr.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_ease_in_out, 250, 0, None)

# Add only the new transition to the default state
style_def = lv.style_t()
style_def.init()
style_def.set_transition(transition_dsc_def)

# Add the transition and some transformation to the pressed state.
style_pr = lv.style_t()
style_pr.init()
style_pr.set_transform_width(10)
style_pr.set_transform_height(-10)
style_pr.set_text_letter_space(10)
style_pr.set_transition(transition_dsc_pr)

```

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```

btn1 = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
btn1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -80)
btn1.add_style(style_pr, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
btn1.add_style(style_def, 0)

label = lv.label(btn1)
label.set_text("Gum")

```

## API

### Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_btn\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a button object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new button

**Returns** pointer to the created button

### Variables

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_btn\_class**

struct **lv\_btn\_t**

#### Public Members

*lv\_obj\_t* **obj**

## 6.2.4 Button matrix (lv\_btnmatrix)

### Overview

The Button Matrix object is a lightweight way to display multiple buttons in rows and columns. Lightweight because the buttons are not actually created but just virtually drawn on the fly. This way, one button use only eight extra bytes of memory instead of the ~100-150 bytes a normal [Button](#) object plus the 100 or so bytes for the [Label](#) object.

The Button matrix is added to the default group (if one is set). Besides the Button matrix is an editable object to allow selecting and clicking the buttons with encoder navigation too.

## Parts and Styles

- **LV\_PART\_MAIN** The background of the button matrix, uses the typical background style properties. `pad_row` and `pad_column` sets the space between the buttons.
- **LV\_PART\_ITEMS** The buttons all use the text and typical background style properties except translations and transformations.

## Usage

### Button's text

There is a text on each button. To specify them a descriptor string array, called *map*, needs to be used. The map can be set with `lv_btnmatrix_set_map(btnm, my_map)`. The declaration of a map should look like `const char * map[] = {"btn1", "btn2", "btn3", NULL}`. Note that the last element has to be either NULL or an empty string ("")!

Use `"\n"` in the map to insert a **line break**. E.g. `{"btn1", "btn2", "\n", "btn3", ""}`. Each line's buttons have their width calculated automatically. So in the example the first row will have 2 buttons each with 50% width and a second row with 1 button having 100% width.

### Control buttons

The buttons' width can be set relative to the other button in the same row with `lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_width(btnm, btn_id, width)` E.g. in a line with two buttons: *btnA*, *width = 1* and *btnB*, *width = 2*, *btnA* will have 33 % width and *btnB* will have 66 % width. It's similar to how the **flex-grow** property works in CSS. The width must be in the [1..7] range and the default width is 1.

In addition to the width, each button can be customized with the following parameters:

- **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_HIDDEN** Makes a button hidden (hidden buttons still take up space in the layout, they are just not visible or clickable)
- **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_NO\_REPEAT** Disable repeating when the button is long pressed
- **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_DISABLED** Makes a button disabled Like **LV\_STATE\_DISABLED** on normal objects
- **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_CHECKABLE** Enable toggling of a button. I.e. **LV\_STATE\_CHECKED** will be added/removed as the button is clicked
- **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_CHECKED** Make the button checked. It will use the **LV\_STATE\_CHECKED** styles.
- **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_CLICK\_TRIG** Enabled: send **LV\_EVENT\_VALUE\_CHANGE** on **CLICK**, Disabled: send **LV\_EVENT\_VALUE\_CHANGE** on **PRESS**
- **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_POPOVER** Show the button label in a popover when pressing this key
- **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_RECOLOR** Enable recoloring of button texts with #. E.g. "It's #ff0000 red#"
- **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_CUSTOM\_1** Custom free to use flag
- **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_CUSTOM\_2** Custom free to use flag

By default, all flags are disabled.

To set or clear a button's control attribute, use `lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(btnm, btn_id, LV_BTNM_CTRL_...)` and `lv_btnmatrix_clear_btn_ctrl(btnm, btn_id, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_...)` respectively. More **LV\_BTNM\_CTRL\_...** values can be OR-ed

To set/clear the same control attribute for all buttons of a button matrix, use `lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl_all(btm, LV_BTNM_CTRL_...)` and `lv_btnmatrix_clear_btn_ctrl_all(btm, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_...)`.

To set a control map for a button matrix (similarly to the map for the text), use `lv_btnmatrix_set_ctrl_map(btm, ctrl_map)`. An element of `ctrl_map` should look like `ctrl_map[0] = width | LV_BTNM_CTRL_NO_REPEAT | LV_BTNM_CTRL_CHECKABLE`. The number of elements should be equal to the number of buttons (excluding newlines characters).

## One check

The "One check" feature can be enabled with `lv_btnmatrix_set_one_checked(btm, true)` to allow only one button to be checked at a time.

## Events

- **LV\_EVENT\_VALUE\_CHANGED** Sent when a button is pressed/released or repeated after long press. The event parameter is set to the ID of the pressed/released button.
- **LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_BEGIN** and **LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_END** are sent for the following types:
  - **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_DRAW\_PART\_BTN** The individual buttons.
    - \* **part**: LV\_PART\_ITEMS
    - \* **id**: index of the button being drawn
    - \* **draw\_area**: the area of the button
    - \* **rect\_dsc**

See the events of the *Base object* too.

`lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(btm)` returns the index of the most recently released or focused button or **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_BTN\_NONE** if no such button.

`lv_btnmatrix_get_btn_text(btm, btn_id)` returns a pointer to the text of `btn_id` button.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

- **LV\_KEY\_RIGHT/UP/LEFT/RIGHT** To navigate among the buttons to select one
- **LV\_KEY\_ENTER** To press/release the selected button

Learn more about *Keys*.

## Example

### Simple Button matrix

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BTNMATRIX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        uint32_t id = lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(obj);
        const char * txt = lv_btnmatrix_get_btn_text(obj, id);

        LV_LOG_USER("%s was pressed\n", txt);
    }
}

static const char * btnm_map[] = {"1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "\n",
                                   "6", "7", "8", "9", "0", "\n",
                                   "Action1", "Action2", ""};

void lv_example_btnmatrix_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * btnm1 = lv_btnmatrix_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_btnmatrix_set_map(btnm1, btnm_map);
    lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_width(btnm1, 10, 2);           /*Make "Action1" twice as wide_
↪as "Action2"*/
    lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(btnm1, 10, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE);
    lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(btnm1, 11, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKED);
    lv_obj_align(btnm1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btnm1, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}

#endif
```

```
def event_handler(evt):
    code = evt.get_code()
    obj = evt.get_target()

    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED :
        id = obj.get_selected_btn()
        txt = obj.get_btn_text(id)

        print("%s was pressed"%txt)

btnm_map = ["1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "\n",
            "6", "7", "8", "9", "0", "\n",
            "Action1", "Action2", ""]

btnm1 = lv.btnmatrix(lv.scr_act())
btnm1.set_map(btnm_map)
btnm1.set_btn_width(10, 2)      # Make "Action1" twice as wide as "Action2"
```

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```

btnm1.set_btn_ctrl(10, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKABLE)
btnm1.set_btn_ctrl(11, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKED)
btnm1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
btnm1.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

```

```
#endif
```

## Custom buttons

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BTNMATRIX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN) {
        lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_param(e);

        /*Change the draw descriptor the 2nd button*/
        if(dsc->id == 1) {
            dsc->rect_dsc->radius = 0;
            if(lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(obj) == dsc->id) dsc->rect_dsc->bg_
↪color = lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 3);
            else dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE);

            dsc->rect_dsc->shadow_width = 6;
            dsc->rect_dsc->shadow_ofs_x = 3;
            dsc->rect_dsc->shadow_ofs_y = 3;
            dsc->label_dsc->color = lv_color_white();
        }
        /*Change the draw descriptor the 3rd button*/
        else if(dsc->id == 2) {
            dsc->rect_dsc->radius = LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE;
            if(lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(obj) == dsc->id) dsc->rect_dsc->bg_
↪color = lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_RED, 3);
            else dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED);

            dsc->label_dsc->color = lv_color_white();
        }
        else if(dsc->id == 3) {
            dsc->label_dsc->opa = LV_OPA_TRANSP; /*Hide the text if any*/
        }
    }
    if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END) {
        lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_param(e);

        /*Add custom content to the 4th button when the button itself was drawn*/
        if(dsc->id == 3) {
            LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_star);
            lv_img_header_t header;

```

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```

        lv_res_t res = lv_img_decoder_get_info(&img_star, &header);
        if(res != LV_RES_OK) return;

        lv_area_t a;
        a.x1 = dsc->draw_area->x1 + (lv_area_get_width(dsc->draw_area) - header.
↪w) / 2;
        a.x2 = a.x1 + header.w - 1;
        a.y1 = dsc->draw_area->y1 + (lv_area_get_height(dsc->draw_area) - header.
↪h) / 2;
        a.y2 = a.y1 + header.h - 1;

        lv_draw_img_dsc_t img_draw_dsc;
        lv_draw_img_dsc_init(&img_draw_dsc);
        img_draw_dsc.recolor = lv_color_black();
        if(lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(obj) == dsc->id) img_draw_dsc.recolor_
↪opa = LV_OPA_30;

        lv_draw_img(dsc->draw_ctx, &img_draw_dsc, &a, &img_star);
    }
}

/**
 * Add custom drawer to the button matrix to customize buttons one by one
 */
void lv_example_btnmatrix_2(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * btnm = lv_btnmatrix_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btnm, event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_center(btnm);
}

#endif

```

```

from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/img_star.png', 'rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find star.png")
    sys.exit()

img_star_argb = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(png_data),
    'data': png_data
})

def event_cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()

```

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```

obj = e.get_target()
dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
if code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN:
    # Change the draw descriptor the 2nd button
    if dsc.id == 1:
        dsc.rect_dsc.radius = 0
        if obj.get_selected_btn() == dsc.id:
            dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3)
        else:
            dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE)

        dsc.rect_dsc.shadow_width = 6
        dsc.rect_dsc.shadow_ofs_x = 3
        dsc.rect_dsc.shadow_ofs_y = 3
        dsc.label_dsc.color = lv.color_white()

    # Change the draw descriptor the 3rd button

    elif dsc.id == 2:
        dsc.rect_dsc.radius = lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE
        if obj.get_selected_btn() == dsc.id:
            dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.RED, 3)
        else:
            dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED)

        dsc.label_dsc.color = lv.color_white()
    elif dsc.id == 3:
        dsc.label_dsc.opa = lv.OPA.TRANSP # Hide the text if any

if code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_END:
    # Add custom content to the 4th button when the button itself was drawn
    if dsc.id == 3:
        # LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_star)
        header = lv.img_header_t()
        res = lv.img.decoder_get_info(img_star_argb, header)
        if res != lv.RES.OK:
            print("error when getting image header")
            return
        else:
            a = lv.area_t()
            a.x1 = dsc.draw_area.x1 + (dsc.draw_area.get_width() - header.w) // 2
            a.x2 = a.x1 + header.w - 1
            a.y1 = dsc.draw_area.y1 + (dsc.draw_area.get_height() - header.h) // 2
            a.y2 = a.y1 + header.h - 1
            img_draw_dsc = lv.draw_img_dsc_t()
            img_draw_dsc.init()
            img_draw_dsc.recolor = lv.color_black()
            if obj.get_selected_btn() == dsc.id:
                img_draw_dsc.recolor_opa = lv.OPA._30

            dsc.draw_ctx.img(img_draw_dsc, a, img_star_argb)

#
# Add custom drawer to the button matrix to c
#
btnm = lv.btnmatrix(lv.scr_act())
btnm.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

```

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```
btnm.center()
```

## Pagination

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BTNMATRIX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    uint32_t id = lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_btn(obj);
    bool prev = id == 0 ? true : false;
    bool next = id == 6 ? true : false;
    if(prev || next) {
        /*Find the checked button*/
        uint32_t i;
        for(i = 1; i < 7; i++) {
            if(lv_btnmatrix_has_btn_ctrl(obj, i, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKED)) break;
        }

        if(prev && i > 1) i--;
        else if(next && i < 5) i++;

        lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(obj, i, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKED);
    }
}

/**
 * Make a button group (pagination)
 */
void lv_example_btnmatrix_3(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style_bg;
    lv_style_init(&style_bg);
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style_bg, 0);
    lv_style_set_pad_gap(&style_bg, 0);
    lv_style_set_clip_corner(&style_bg, true);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_bg, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_bg, 0);

    static lv_style_t style_btn;
    lv_style_init(&style_btn);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_btn, 0);
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style_btn, 1);
    lv_style_set_border_opa(&style_btn, LV_OPA_50);
    lv_style_set_border_color(&style_btn, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));
    lv_style_set_border_side(&style_btn, LV_BORDER_SIDE_INTERNAL);
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_btn, 0);

    static const char * map[] = {LV_SYMBOL_LEFT, "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", LV_SYMBOL_
↪RIGHT, ""};
```

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```

lv_obj_t * btnm = lv_btnmatrix_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_btnmatrix_set_map(btnm, map);
lv_obj_add_style(btnm, &style_bg, 0);
lv_obj_add_style(btnm, &style_btn, LV_PART_ITEMS);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btnm, event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
lv_obj_set_size(btnm, 225, 35);

/*Allow selecting on one number at time*/
lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl_all(btnm, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE);
lv_btnmatrix_clear_btn_ctrl(btnm, 0, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE);
lv_btnmatrix_clear_btn_ctrl(btnm, 6, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE);

lv_btnmatrix_set_one_checked(btnm, true);
lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl(btnm, 1, LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKED);

lv_obj_center(btnm);
}

#endif

```

```

def event_cb(e):
    obj = e.get_target()
    id = obj.get_selected_btn()
    if id == 0:
        prev = True
    else:
        prev = False
    if id == 6:
        next = True
    else:
        next = False
    if prev or next:
        # Find the checked butto
        for i in range(7):
            if obj.has_btn_ctrl(i, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKED):
                break
        if prev and i > 1:
            i-=1
        elif next and i < 5:
            i+=1

        obj.set_btn_ctrl(i, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKED)

#
# Make a button group
#

style_bg = lv.style_t()
style_bg.init()
style_bg.set_pad_all(0)
style_bg.set_pad_gap(0)
style_bg.set_clip_corner(True)
style_bg.set_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE)
style_bg.set_border_width(0)

```

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```

style_btn = lv.style_t()
style_btn.init()
style_btn.set_radius(0)
style_btn.set_border_width(1)
style_btn.set_border_opa(lv.OPA_50)
style_btn.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
style_btn.set_border_side(lv.BORDER_SIDE.INTERNAL)
style_btn.set_radius(0)

map = [lv.SYMBOL.LEFT, "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", lv.SYMBOL.RIGHT, ""]

btnm = lv.btnmatrix(lv.scr_act())
btnm.set_map(map)
btnm.add_style(style_bg, 0)
btnm.add_style(style_btn, lv.PART.ITEMS)
btnm.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
btnm.set_size(225, 35)

# Allow selecting on one number at time
btnm.set_btn_ctrl_all(lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKABLE)
btnm.clear_btn_ctrl(0, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKABLE)
btnm.clear_btn_ctrl(6, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKABLE)

btnm.set_one_checked(True)
btnm.set_btn_ctrl(1, lv.btnmatrix.CTRL.CHECKED)

btnm.center()

```

## API

### Typedefs

```
typedef uint16_t lv_btnmatrix_ctrl_t
```

```
typedef bool (*lv_btnmatrix_btn_draw_cb_t)(lv_obj_t *btnm, uint32_t btn_id, const lv_area_t *draw_area,
const lv_area_t *clip_area)
```

### Enums

enum **[anonymous]**

Type to store button control bits (disabled, hidden etc.) The first 3 bits are used to store the width

*Values:*

enumerator **\_LV\_BTNMATRIX\_WIDTH**

Reserved to store the size units

enumerator **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_HIDDEN**

Button hidden

enumerator **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_NO\_REPEAT**

Do not repeat press this button.

enumerator **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_DISABLED**

Disable this button.

enumerator **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_CHECKABLE**

The button can be toggled.

enumerator **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_CHECKED**

Button is currently toggled (e.g. checked).

enumerator **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_CLICK\_TRIG**

1: Send LV\_EVENT\_VALUE\_CHANGE on CLICK, 0: Send LV\_EVENT\_VALUE\_CHANGE on PRESS

enumerator **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_POPOVER**

Show a popover when pressing this key

enumerator **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_RECOLOR**

Enable text recoloring with #color

enumerator **\_LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_RESERVED**

Reserved for later use

enumerator **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_CUSTOM\_1**

Custom free to use flag

enumerator **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_CUSTOM\_2**

Custom free to use flag

enum **lv\_btnmatrix\_draw\_part\_type\_t**

type field in `lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t` if `class_p == lv_btnmatrix_class` Used in `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN` and `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END`

Values:

enumerator **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_DRAW\_PART\_BTN**

The rectangle and label of buttons

## Functions

**LV\_EXPORT\_CONST\_INT**(LV\_BTNMATRIX\_BTN\_NONE)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_btnmatrix\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a button matrix object

**Parameters** `parent` -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new button matrix

**Returns** pointer to the created button matrix

void **lv\_btnmatrix\_set\_map**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const char \*map[])

Set a new map. Buttons will be created/deleted according to the map. The button matrix keeps a reference to the map and so the string array must not be deallocated during the life of the matrix.

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a button matrix object
- **map** -- pointer a string array. The last string has to be: "". Use "\n" to make a line break.

void **lv\_btnmatrix\_set\_ctrl\_map**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const *lv\_btnmatrix\_ctrl\_t* ctrl\_map[])

Set the button control map (hidden, disabled etc.) for a button matrix. The control map array will be copied and so may be deallocated after this function returns.

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a button matrix object
- **ctrl\_map** -- pointer to an array of *lv\_btn\_ctrl\_t* control bytes. The length of the array and position of the elements must match the number and order of the individual buttons (i.e. excludes newline entries). An element of the map should look like e.g.: `ctrl_map[0] = width | LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_NO_REPEAT | LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_TGL_ENABLE`

void **lv\_btnmatrix\_set\_selected\_btn**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t btn\_id)

Set the selected buttons

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to button matrix object
- **btn\_id** -- 0 based index of the button to modify. (Not counting new lines)

void **lv\_btnmatrix\_set\_btn\_ctrl**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t btn\_id, *lv\_btnmatrix\_ctrl\_t* ctrl)

Set the attributes of a button of the button matrix

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to button matrix object
- **btn\_id** -- 0 based index of the button to modify. (Not counting new lines)
- **ctrl** -- OR-ed attributs. E.g. `LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_NO_REPEAT | LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE`

void **lv\_btnmatrix\_clear\_btn\_ctrl**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t btn\_id, *lv\_btnmatrix\_ctrl\_t* ctrl)

Clear the attributes of a button of the button matrix

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to button matrix object
- **btn\_id** -- 0 based index of the button to modify. (Not counting new lines)
- **ctrl** -- OR-ed attributs. E.g. `LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_NO_REPEAT | LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_CHECKABLE`

void **lv\_btnmatrix\_set\_btn\_ctrl\_all**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_btnmatrix\_ctrl\_t* ctrl)

Set attributes of all buttons of a button matrix

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a button matrix object
- **ctrl** -- attribute(s) to set from *lv\_btnmatrix\_ctrl\_t*. Values can be ORed.

void **lv\_btnmatrix\_clear\_btn\_ctrl\_all**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_btnmatrix\_ctrl\_t* ctrl)

Clear the attributes of all buttons of a button matrix

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a button matrix object
- **ctrl** -- attribute(s) to set from *lv\_btnmatrix\_ctrl\_t*. Values can be ORed.
- **en** -- true: set the attributes; false: clear the attributes

void **lv\_btnmatrix\_set\_btn\_width**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t btn\_id, uint8\_t width)

Set a single button's relative width. This method will cause the matrix be regenerated and is a relatively expensive operation. It is recommended that initial width be specified using *lv\_btnmatrix\_set\_ctrl\_map* and this method only be used for dynamic changes.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to button matrix object
- **btn\_id** -- 0 based index of the button to modify.
- **width** -- relative width compared to the buttons in the same row. [1..7]

void **lv\_btnmatrix\_set\_one\_checked**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, bool en)

Make the button matrix like a selector widget (only one button may be checked at a time). *LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_CHECKABLE* must be enabled on the buttons to be selected using *lv\_btnmatrix\_set\_ctrl()* or *lv\_btnmatrix\_set\_btn\_ctrl\_all()*.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a button matrix object
- **en** -- whether "one check" mode is enabled

const char \*\***lv\_btnmatrix\_get\_map**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the current map of a button matrix

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a button matrix object

**Returns** the current map

uint16\_t **lv\_btnmatrix\_get\_selected\_btn**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the index of the lastly "activated" button by the user (pressed, released, focused etc) Useful in the *event\_cb* to get the text of the button, check if hidden etc.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to button matrix object

**Returns** index of the last released button (*LV\_BTNMATRIX\_BTN\_NONE*: if unset)

const char \***lv\_btnmatrix\_get\_btn\_text**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t btn\_id)

Get the button's text

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to button matrix object
- **btn\_id** -- the index a button not counting new line characters.

**Returns** text of *btn\_index`* button

bool **lv\_btnmatrix\_has\_btn\_ctrl**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t btn\_id, *lv\_btnmatrix\_ctrl\_t* ctrl)

Get the whether a control value is enabled or disabled for button of a button matrix

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a button matrix object

- **btn\_id** -- the index of a button not counting new line characters.
- **ctrl** -- control values to check (ORed value can be used)

**Returns** true: the control attribute is enabled false: disabled

bool **lv\_btnmatrix\_get\_one\_checked**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Tell whether "one check" mode is enabled or not.

**Parameters** **obj** -- Button matrix object

**Returns** true: "one check" mode is enabled; false: disabled

## Variables

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_btnmatrix\_class**

struct **lv\_btnmatrix\_t**

### Public Members

*lv\_obj\_t* **obj**

const char \*\***map\_p**

lv\_area\_t \***button\_areas**

*lv\_btnmatrix\_ctrl\_t* \***ctrl\_bits**

uint16\_t **btn\_cnt**

uint16\_t **row\_cnt**

uint16\_t **btn\_id\_sel**

uint8\_t **one\_check**

## 6.2.5 Canvas (lv\_canvas)

### Overview

A Canvas inherits from *Image* where the user can draw anything. Rectangles, texts, images, lines, arcs can be drawn here using lvgl's drawing engine. Additionally "effects" can be applied, such as rotation, zoom and blur.

### Parts and Styles

LV\_PART\_MAIN Uses the typical rectangle style properties and image style properties.



## Usage

### Buffer

The Canvas needs a buffer in which stores the drawn image. To assign a buffer to a Canvas, use `lv_canvas_set_buffer(canvas, buffer, width, height, LV_IMG_CF_...)`. Where `buffer` is a static buffer (not just a local variable) to hold the image of the canvas. For example, `static lv_color_t buffer[LV_CANVAS_BUF_SIZE_TRUE_COLOR(width, height)]`. `LV_CANVAS_BUF_SIZE_...` macros help to determine the size of the buffer with different color formats.

The canvas supports all the built-in color formats like `LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR` or `LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED_2BIT`. See the full list in the [Color formats](#) section.

### Indexed colors

For `LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED_1/2/4/8` color formats a palette needs to be initialized with `lv_canvas_set_palette(canvas, 3, LV_COLOR_RED)`. It sets pixels with `index=3` to red.

### Drawing

To set a pixel's color on the canvas, use `lv_canvas_set_px_color(canvas, x, y, LV_COLOR_RED)`. With `LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED_...` the index of the color needs to be passed as color. E.g. `lv_color_t c; c.full = 3;`

To set a pixel's opacity with `LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR_ALPHA` or `LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_...` format on the canvas, use `lv_canvas_set_px_opa(canvas, x, y, opa)`.

`lv_canvas_fill_bg(canvas, LV_COLOR_BLUE, LV_OPA_50)` fills the whole canvas to blue with 50% opacity. Note that if the current color format doesn't support colors (e.g. `LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_2BIT`) the color will be ignored. Similarly, if opacity is not supported (e.g. `LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR`) it will be ignored.

An array of pixels can be copied to the canvas with `lv_canvas_copy_buf(canvas, buffer_to_copy, x, y, width, height)`. The color format of the buffer and the canvas need to match.

To draw something to the canvas use

- `lv_canvas_draw_rect(canvas, x, y, width, height, &draw_dsc)`
- `lv_canvas_draw_text(canvas, x, y, max_width, &draw_dsc, txt)`
- `lv_canvas_draw_img(canvas, x, y, &img_src, &draw_dsc)`
- `lv_canvas_draw_line(canvas, point_array, point_cnt, &draw_dsc)`
- `lv_canvas_draw_polygon(canvas, points_array, point_cnt, &draw_dsc)`
- `lv_canvas_draw_arc(canvas, x, y, radius, start_angle, end_angle, &draw_dsc)`

`draw_dsc` is a `lv_draw_rect/label/img/line/arc_dsc_t` variable which should be first initialized with one of `lv_draw_rect/label/img/line/arc_dsc_init()` and then modified with the desired colors and other values.

The draw function can draw to any color format. For example, it's possible to draw a text to an `LV_IMG_VF_ALPHA_8BIT` canvas and use the result image as a *draw mask* later.

## Transformations

`lv_canvas_transform()` can be used to rotate and/or scale the image of an image and store the result on the canvas. The function needs the following parameters:

- **canvas** pointer to a canvas object to store the result of the transformation.
- **img pointer** to an image descriptor to transform. Can be the image descriptor of another canvas too (`lv_canvas_get_img()`).
- **angle** the angle of rotation (0..3600), 0.1 deg resolution
- **zoom** zoom factor (256: no zoom, 512: double size, 128: half size);
- **offset\_x** offset X to tell where to put the result data on destination canvas
- **offset\_y** offset Y to tell where to put the result data on destination canvas
- **pivot\_x** pivot X of rotation. Relative to the source canvas. Set to `source width / 2` to rotate around the center
- **pivot\_y** pivot Y of rotation. Relative to the source canvas. Set to `source height / 2` to rotate around the center
- **antialias** true: apply anti-aliasing during the transformation. Looks better but slower.

Note that a canvas can't be rotated on itself. You need a source and destination canvas or image.

## Blur

A given area of the canvas can be blurred horizontally with `lv_canvas_blur_hor(canvas, &area, r)` or vertically with `lv_canvas_blur_ver(canvas, &area, r)`. `r` is the radius of the blur (greater value means more intensive blurring). `area` is the area where the blur should be applied (interpreted relative to the canvas).

## Events

No special events are sent by canvas objects. The same events are sent as for the

See the events of the *Images* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

No *Keys* are processed by the object type.

Learn more about *Keys*.

## Example

### Drawing on the Canvas and rotate

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CANVAS && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

#define CANVAS_WIDTH 200
#define CANVAS_HEIGHT 150

void lv_example_canvas_1(void)
{
    lv_draw_rect_dsc_t rect_dsc;
    lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&rect_dsc);
    rect_dsc.radius = 10;
    rect_dsc.bg_opa = LV_OPA_COVER;
    rect_dsc.bg_grad.dir = LV_GRAD_DIR_HOR;
    rect_dsc.bg_grad.stops[0].color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED);
    rect_dsc.bg_grad.stops[1].color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE);
    rect_dsc.border_width = 2;
    rect_dsc.border_opa = LV_OPA_90;
    rect_dsc.border_color = lv_color_white();
    rect_dsc.shadow_width = 5;
    rect_dsc.shadow_ofs_x = 5;
    rect_dsc.shadow_ofs_y = 5;

    lv_draw_label_dsc_t label_dsc;
    lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&label_dsc);
    label_dsc.color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_ORANGE);

    static lv_color_t cbuf[LV_CANVAS_BUF_SIZE_TRUE_COLOR(CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_
↪HEIGHT)];

    lv_obj_t * canvas = lv_canvas_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_canvas_set_buffer(canvas, cbuf, CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_HEIGHT, LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_
↪COLOR);
    lv_obj_center(canvas);
    lv_canvas_fill_bg(canvas, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 3), LV_OPA_COVER);

    lv_canvas_draw_rect(canvas, 70, 60, 100, 70, &rect_dsc);

    lv_canvas_draw_text(canvas, 40, 20, 100, &label_dsc, "Some text on text canvas");

    /*Test the rotation. It requires another buffer where the original image is ↵
↪stored.
    *So copy the current image to buffer and rotate it to the canvas*/
    static lv_color_t cbuf_tmp[CANVAS_WIDTH * CANVAS_HEIGHT];
    memcpy(cbuf_tmp, cbuf, sizeof(cbuf_tmp));
    lv_img_dsc_t img;
    img.data = (void *)cbuf_tmp;
    img.header.cf = LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR;
    img.header.w = CANVAS_WIDTH;
    img.header.h = CANVAS_HEIGHT;

    lv_canvas_fill_bg(canvas, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 3), LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_canvas_transform(canvas, &img, 120, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE, 0, 0, CANVAS_WIDTH / 2, ↵
↪CANVAS_HEIGHT / 2, true);
```

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```

}

#endif

_CANVAS_WIDTH = 200
_CANVAS_HEIGHT = 150
LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE = 256

rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
rect_dsc.init()
rect_dsc.radius = 10
rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA_COVER
rect_dsc.bg_grad.dir = lv.GRAD_DIR_HOR
rect_dsc.bg_grad.stops[0].color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED)
rect_dsc.bg_grad.stops[1].color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE)
rect_dsc.border_width = 2
rect_dsc.border_opa = lv.OPA_90
rect_dsc.border_color = lv.color_white()
rect_dsc.shadow_width = 5
rect_dsc.shadow_ofs_x = 5
rect_dsc.shadow_ofs_y = 5

label_dsc = lv.draw_label_dsc_t()
label_dsc.init()
label_dsc.color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW)

cbuf = bytearray(_CANVAS_WIDTH * _CANVAS_HEIGHT * 4)

canvas = lv.canvas(lv.scr_act())
canvas.set_buffer(cbuf, _CANVAS_WIDTH, _CANVAS_HEIGHT, lv.img.CF_TRUE_COLOR)
canvas.center()
canvas.fill_bg(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3), lv.OPA_COVER)

canvas.draw_rect(70, 60, 100, 70, rect_dsc)
canvas.draw_text(40, 20, 100, label_dsc, "Some text on text canvas")

# Test the rotation. It requires another buffer where the original image is stored.
# So copy the current image to buffer and rotate it to the canvas

img = lv.img_dsc_t()
img.data = cbuf[:]
img.header.cf = lv.img.CF_TRUE_COLOR
img.header.w = _CANVAS_WIDTH
img.header.h = _CANVAS_HEIGHT

canvas.fill_bg(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3), lv.OPA_COVER)
canvas.transform(img, 30, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE, 0, 0, _CANVAS_WIDTH // 2, _CANVAS_HEIGHT /
↪ / 2, True)

```

## Transparent Canvas with chroma keying

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CANVAS && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

#define CANVAS_WIDTH 50
#define CANVAS_HEIGHT 50

/**
 * Create a transparent canvas with Chroma keying and indexed color format (palette).
 */
void lv_example_canvas_2(void)
{
    /*Create a button to better see the transparency*/
    lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());

    /*Create a buffer for the canvas*/
    static lv_color_t cbuf[LV_CANVAS_BUF_SIZE_INDEXED_1BIT(CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_
↪HEIGHT)];

    /*Create a canvas and initialize its palette*/
    lv_obj_t * canvas = lv_canvas_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_canvas_set_buffer(canvas, cbuf, CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_HEIGHT, LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED_
↪1BIT);
    lv_canvas_set_palette(canvas, 0, LV_COLOR_CHROMA_KEY);
    lv_canvas_set_palette(canvas, 1, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));

    /*Create colors with the indices of the palette*/
    lv_color_t c0;
    lv_color_t c1;

    c0.full = 0;
    c1.full = 1;

    /*Red background (There is no dedicated alpha channel in indexed images so LV_OPA_
↪COVER is ignored)*/
    lv_canvas_fill_bg(canvas, c1, LV_OPA_COVER);

    /*Create hole on the canvas*/
    uint32_t x;
    uint32_t y;
    for(y = 10; y < 30; y++) {
        for(x = 5; x < 20; x++) {
            lv_canvas_set_px_color(canvas, x, y, c0);
        }
    }
}
#endif
```

```
CANVAS_WIDTH    = 50
CANVAS_HEIGHT   = 50
LV_COLOR_CHROMA_KEY = lv_color_hex(0x00ff00)
```

```
def LV_IMG_BUF_SIZE_ALPHA_1BIT(w, h):
    return int(((w / 8) + 1) * h)
```

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```

def LV_IMG_BUF_SIZE_INDEXED_1BIT(w, h):
    return LV_IMG_BUF_SIZE_ALPHA_1BIT(w, h) + 4 * 2

def LV_CANVAS_BUF_SIZE_INDEXED_1BIT(w, h):
    return LV_IMG_BUF_SIZE_INDEXED_1BIT(w, h)

#
# Create a transparent canvas with Chroma keying and indexed color format (palette).
#

# Create a button to better see the transparency
btn=lv.btn(lv.scr_act())

# Create a buffer for the canvas
cbuf= bytearray(LV_CANVAS_BUF_SIZE_INDEXED_1BIT(CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_HEIGHT))

# Create a canvas and initialize its palette
canvas = lv.canvas(lv.scr_act())
canvas.set_buffer(cbuf, CANVAS_WIDTH, CANVAS_HEIGHT, lv.img.CF.INDEXED_1BIT)
canvas.set_palette(0, LV_COLOR_CHROMA_KEY)
canvas.set_palette(1, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))

# Create colors with the indices of the palette
c0 = lv.color_t()
c1 = lv.color_t()

c0.full = 0
c1.full = 1

# Red background (There is no dedicated alpha channel in indexed images so LV_OPA_
→COVER is ignored)
canvas.fill_bg(c1, lv.OPA.COVER)

# Create hole on the canvas
for y in range(10,30):
    for x in range(5,20):
        canvas.set_px(x, y, c0)

```

## API

### Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_canvas\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a canvas object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new canvas

**Returns** pointer to the created canvas

void **lv\_canvas\_set\_buffer**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*canvas, void \*buf, lv\_coord\_t w, lv\_coord\_t h, *lv\_img\_cf\_t* cf)

Set a buffer for the canvas.

**Parameters**

- **buf** -- a buffer where the content of the canvas will be. The required size is (lv\_img\_color\_format\_get\_px\_size(cf) \* w) / 8 \* h) It can be allocated with

`lv_mem_alloc()` or it can be statically allocated array (e.g. `static lv_color_t buf[100*50]`)  
or it can be an address in RAM or external SRAM

- **canvas** -- pointer to a canvas object
- **w** -- width of the canvas
- **h** -- height of the canvas
- **cf** -- color format. `LV_IMG_CF_...`

void **lv\_canvas\_set\_px\_color**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*canvas, lv\_coord\_t x, lv\_coord\_t y, lv\_color\_t c)  
Set the color of a pixel on the canvas

#### Parameters

- **canvas** --
- **x** -- x coordinate of the point to set
- **y** -- x coordinate of the point to set
- **c** -- color of the pixel

static inline void **lv\_canvas\_set\_px**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*canvas, lv\_coord\_t x, lv\_coord\_t y, lv\_color\_t c)  
DEPRECATED: added only for backward compatibility

void **lv\_canvas\_set\_px\_opa**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*canvas, lv\_coord\_t x, lv\_coord\_t y, lv\_opa\_t opa)  
Set the opacity of a pixel on the canvas

#### Parameters

- **canvas** --
- **x** -- x coordinate of the point to set
- **y** -- x coordinate of the point to set
- **opa** -- opacity of the pixel (0..255)

void **lv\_canvas\_set\_palette**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*canvas, uint8\_t id, lv\_color\_t c)  
Set the palette color of a canvas with index format. Valid only for `LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED1/2/4/8`

#### Parameters

- **canvas** -- pointer to canvas object
- **id** -- the palette color to set:
  - for `LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED1`: 0..1
  - for `LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED2`: 0..3
  - for `LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED4`: 0..15
  - for `LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED8`: 0..255
- **c** -- the color to set

lv\_color\_t **lv\_canvas\_get\_px**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*canvas, lv\_coord\_t x, lv\_coord\_t y)  
Get the color of a pixel on the canvas

#### Parameters

- **canvas** --
- **x** -- x coordinate of the point to set
- **y** -- x coordinate of the point to set

**Returns** color of the point

`lv_img_dsc_t *lv_canvas_get_img(lv_obj_t *canvas)`

Get the image of the canvas as a pointer to an `lv_img_dsc_t` variable.

**Parameters** **canvas** -- pointer to a canvas object

**Returns** pointer to the image descriptor.

void `lv_canvas_copy_buf(lv_obj_t *canvas, const void *to_copy, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y, lv_coord_t w, lv_coord_t h)`

Copy a buffer to the canvas

**Parameters**

- **canvas** -- pointer to a canvas object
- **to\_copy** -- buffer to copy. The color format has to match with the canvas's buffer color format
- **x** -- left side of the destination position
- **y** -- top side of the destination position
- **w** -- width of the buffer to copy
- **h** -- height of the buffer to copy

void `lv_canvas_transform(lv_obj_t *canvas, lv_img_dsc_t *img, int16_t angle, uint16_t zoom, lv_coord_t offset_x, lv_coord_t offset_y, int32_t pivot_x, int32_t pivot_y, bool antialias)`

Transform and image and store the result on a canvas.

**Parameters**

- **canvas** -- pointer to a canvas object to store the result of the transformation.
- **img** -- pointer to an image descriptor to transform. Can be the image descriptor of an other canvas too (`lv_canvas_get_img()`).
- **angle** -- the angle of rotation (0..3600), 0.1 deg resolution
- **zoom** -- zoom factor (256 no zoom);
- **offset\_x** -- offset X to tell where to put the result data on destination canvas
- **offset\_y** -- offset Y to tell where to put the result data on destination canvas
- **pivot\_x** -- pivot X of rotation. Relative to the source canvas Set to `source width / 2` to rotate around the center
- **pivot\_y** -- pivot Y of rotation. Relative to the source canvas Set to `source height / 2` to rotate around the center
- **antialias** -- apply anti-aliasing during the transformation. Looks better but slower.

void `lv_canvas_blur_hor(lv_obj_t *canvas, const lv_area_t *area, uint16_t r)`

Apply horizontal blur on the canvas

**Parameters**

- **canvas** -- pointer to a canvas object
- **area** -- the area to blur. If NULL the whole canvas will be blurred.
- **r** -- radius of the blur

void `lv_canvas_blur_ver(lv_obj_t *canvas, const lv_area_t *area, uint16_t r)`

Apply vertical blur on the canvas



**Parameters**

- **canvas** -- pointer to a canvas object
- **area** -- the area to blur. If **NULL** the whole canvas will be blurred.
- **r** -- radius of the blur

void **lv\_canvas\_fill\_bg**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*canvas, lv\_color\_t color, lv\_opa\_t opa)

Fill the canvas with color

**Parameters**

- **canvas** -- pointer to a canvas
- **color** -- the background color
- **opa** -- the desired opacity

void **lv\_canvas\_draw\_rect**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*canvas, lv\_coord\_t x, lv\_coord\_t y, lv\_coord\_t w, lv\_coord\_t h, const lv\_draw\_rect\_dsc\_t \*draw\_dsc)

Draw a rectangle on the canvas

**Parameters**

- **canvas** -- pointer to a canvas object
- **x** -- left coordinate of the rectangle
- **y** -- top coordinate of the rectangle
- **w** -- width of the rectangle
- **h** -- height of the rectangle
- **draw\_dsc** -- descriptor of the rectangle

void **lv\_canvas\_draw\_text**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*canvas, lv\_coord\_t x, lv\_coord\_t y, lv\_coord\_t max\_w, lv\_draw\_label\_dsc\_t \*draw\_dsc, const char \*txt)

Draw a text on the canvas.

**Parameters**

- **canvas** -- pointer to a canvas object
- **x** -- left coordinate of the text
- **y** -- top coordinate of the text
- **max\_w** -- max width of the text. The text will be wrapped to fit into this size
- **draw\_dsc** -- pointer to a valid label descriptor *lv\_draw\_label\_dsc\_t*
- **txt** -- text to display

void **lv\_canvas\_draw\_img**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*canvas, lv\_coord\_t x, lv\_coord\_t y, const void \*src, const lv\_draw\_img\_dsc\_t \*draw\_dsc)

Draw an image on the canvas

**Parameters**

- **canvas** -- pointer to a canvas object
- **x** -- left coordinate of the image
- **y** -- top coordinate of the image
- **src** -- image source. Can be a pointer an *lv\_img\_dsc\_t* variable or a path an image.

- **draw\_dsc** -- pointer to a valid label descriptor `lv_draw_img_dsc_t`

```
void lv_canvas_draw_line(lv_obj_t *canvas, const lv_point_t points[], uint32_t point_cnt, const
                        lv_draw_line_dsc_t *draw_dsc)
```

Draw a line on the canvas

#### Parameters

- **canvas** -- pointer to a canvas object
- **points** -- point of the line
- **point\_cnt** -- number of points
- **draw\_dsc** -- pointer to an initialized `lv_draw_line_dsc_t` variable

```
void lv_canvas_draw_polygon(lv_obj_t *canvas, const lv_point_t points[], uint32_t point_cnt, const
                           lv_draw_rect_dsc_t *draw_dsc)
```

Draw a polygon on the canvas

#### Parameters

- **canvas** -- pointer to a canvas object
- **points** -- point of the polygon
- **point\_cnt** -- number of points
- **draw\_dsc** -- pointer to an initialized `lv_draw_rect_dsc_t` variable

```
void lv_canvas_draw_arc(lv_obj_t *canvas, lv_coord_t x, lv_coord_t y, lv_coord_t r, int32_t start_angle,
                       int32_t end_angle, const lv_draw_arc_dsc_t *draw_dsc)
```

Draw an arc on the canvas

#### Parameters

- **canvas** -- pointer to a canvas object
- **x** -- origo x of the arc
- **y** -- origo y of the arc
- **r** -- radius of the arc
- **start\_angle** -- start angle in degrees
- **end\_angle** -- end angle in degrees
- **draw\_dsc** -- pointer to an initialized `lv_draw_line_dsc_t` variable

## Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_canvas_class
```

```
struct lv_canvas_t
```

## Public Members

*lv\_img\_t* **img**

*lv\_img\_dsc\_t* **dsc**

## 6.2.6 Checkbox (lv\_checkbox)

### Overview

The Checkbox object is created from a "tick box" and a label. When the Checkbox is clicked the tick box is toggled.

### Parts and Styles

- **LV\_PART\_MAIN** The is the background of the Checkbox and it uses the text and all the typical background style properties. `pad_column` adjusts the spacing between the tickbox and the label
- **LV\_PART\_INDICATOR** The "tick box" is a square that uses all the typical background style properties. By default, its size is equal to the height of the main part's font. Padding properties make the tick box larger in the respective directions.

The Checkbox is added to the default group (if it is set).

### Usage

#### Text

The text can be modified with the `lv_checkbox_set_text(cb, "New text")` function and will be dynamically allocated.

To set a static text, use `lv_checkbox_set_static_text(cb, txt)`. This way, only a pointer to `txt` will be stored. The text then shouldn't be deallocated while the checkbox exists.

### Check, uncheck, disable

You can manually check, un-check, and disable the Checkbox by using the common state add/clear function:

```
lv_obj_add_state(cb, LV_STATE_CHECKED);    /*Make the chekbox checked*/
lv_obj_clear_state(cb, LV_STATE_CHECKED); /*MAke the checkbox unchecked*/
lv_obj_add_state(cb, LV_STATE_CHECKED | LV_STATE_DISABLED); /*Make the checkbox
↪checked and disabled*/
```

## Events

- `LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED` Sent when the checkbox is toggled.
- `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN` and `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END` are sent for the following types:
  - `LV_CHECKBOX_DRAW_PART_BOX` The tickbox of the checkbox
    - \* `part`: `LV_PART_INDICATOR`
    - \* `draw_area`: the area of the tickbox
    - \* `rect_dsc`

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

The following *Keys* are processed by the 'Buttons':

- `LV_KEY_RIGHT/UP` Go to toggled state if toggling is enabled
- `LV_KEY_LEFT/DOWN` Go to non-toggled state if toggling is enabled
- `LV_KEY_ENTER` Clicks the checkbox and toggles it

Note that, as usual, the state of `LV_KEY_ENTER` is translated to `LV_EVENT_PRESSED/PRESSING/RELEASED` etc.

Learn more about *Keys*.

## Example

### Simple Checkboxes

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHECKBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        const char * txt = lv_checkbox_get_text(obj);
        const char * state = lv_obj_get_state(obj) & LV_STATE_CHECKED ? "Checked" :
↪ "Unchecked";
        LV_LOG_USER("%s: %s", txt, state);
    }
}

void lv_example_checkbox_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(lv_scr_act(), LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);
    lv_obj_set_flex_align(lv_scr_act(), LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_START, LV_
↪ FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER);

    lv_obj_t * cb;
```

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```

cb = lv_checkbox_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_checkbox_set_text(cb, "Apple");
lv_obj_add_event_cb(cb, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

cb = lv_checkbox_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_checkbox_set_text(cb, "Banana");
lv_obj_add_state(cb, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(cb, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

cb = lv_checkbox_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_checkbox_set_text(cb, "Lemon");
lv_obj_add_state(cb, LV_STATE_DISABLED);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(cb, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

cb = lv_checkbox_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_state(cb, LV_STATE_CHECKED | LV_STATE_DISABLED);
lv_checkbox_set_text(cb, "Melon\nand a new line");
lv_obj_add_event_cb(cb, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

lv_obj_update_layout(cb);
}

#endif

```

```

def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        txt = obj.get_text()
        if obj.get_state() & lv.STATE.CHECKED:
            state = "Checked"
        else:
            state = "Unchecked"
        print(txt + ":" + state)

lv_scr_act().set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.COLUMN)
lv_scr_act().set_flex_align(lv.FLEX_ALIGN.CENTER, lv.FLEX_ALIGN.START, lv.FLEX_ALIGN.
↪CENTER)

cb = lv.checkbox(lv_scr_act())
cb.set_text("Apple")
cb.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

cb = lv.checkbox(lv_scr_act())
cb.set_text("Banana")
cb.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
cb.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

cb = lv.checkbox(lv_scr_act())
cb.set_text("Lemon")
cb.add_state(lv.STATE.DISABLED)
cb.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

cb = lv.checkbox(lv_scr_act())
cb.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED | lv.STATE.DISABLED)

```

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```

cb.set_text("Melon")
cb.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

cb.update_layout()

```

## Checkboxes as radio buttons

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHECKBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_style_t style_radio;
static lv_style_t style_radio_chk;
static uint32_t active_index_1 = 0;
static uint32_t active_index_2 = 0;

static void radio_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    uint32_t * active_id = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_event_get_current_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * act_cb = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * old_cb = lv_obj_get_child(cont, *active_id);

    /*Do nothing if the container was clicked*/
    if(act_cb == cont) return;

    lv_obj_clear_state(old_cb, LV_STATE_CHECKED); /*Uncheck the previous radio_
↪button*/
    lv_obj_add_state(act_cb, LV_STATE_CHECKED); /*Uncheck the current radio_
↪button*/

    *active_id = lv_obj_get_index(act_cb);

    LV_LOG_USER("Selected radio buttons: %d, %d", (int)active_index_1, (int)active_
↪index_2);
}

static void radiobutton_create(lv_obj_t * parent, const char * txt)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_checkbox_create(parent);
    lv_checkbox_set_text(obj, txt);
    lv_obj_add_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_radio, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
    lv_obj_add_style(obj, &style_radio_chk, LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_CHECKED);
}

/**
 * Checkboxes as radio buttons
 */
void lv_example_checkbox_2(void)
{
    /* The idea is to enable `LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE` on checkboxes and process the
     * `LV_EVENT_CLICKED` on the container.

```

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```

* A variable is passed as event user data where the index of the active
* radiobutton is saved */

lv_style_init(&style_radio);
lv_style_set_radius(&style_radio, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);

lv_style_init(&style_radio_chk);
lv_style_set_bg_img_src(&style_radio_chk, NULL);

uint32_t i;
char buf[32];

lv_obj_t * cont1 = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont1, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);
lv_obj_set_size(cont1, lv_pct(40), lv_pct(80));
lv_obj_add_event_cb(cont1, radio_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, &active_index_
↪1);

for(i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "A %d", (int)i + 1);
    radiobutton_create(cont1, buf);
}
/*Make the first checkbox checked*/
lv_obj_add_state(lv_obj_get_child(cont1, 0), LV_STATE_CHECKED);

lv_obj_t * cont2 = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont2, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);
lv_obj_set_size(cont2, lv_pct(40), lv_pct(80));
lv_obj_set_x(cont2, lv_pct(50));
lv_obj_add_event_cb(cont2, radio_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, &active_index_
↪2);

for(i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
    lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "B %d", (int)i + 1);
    radiobutton_create(cont2, buf);
}

/*Make the first checkbox checked*/
lv_obj_add_state(lv_obj_get_child(cont2, 0), LV_STATE_CHECKED);
}

#endif

```

```

Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/widgets/
↪checkbox/lv_example_checkbox_2.py

```

## API

### Enums

enum **lv\_checkbox\_draw\_part\_type\_t**  
 type field in `lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t` if `class_p == lv_checkbox_class` Used in `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN` and `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END`

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_CHECKBOX\_DRAW\_PART\_BOX**  
 The tick box

### Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_checkbox\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)  
 Create a check box object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new button

**Returns** pointer to the created check box

void **lv\_checkbox\_set\_text**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const char \*txt)  
 Set the text of a check box. `txt` will be copied and may be deallocated after this function returns.

**Parameters**

- **cb** -- pointer to a check box
- **txt** -- the text of the check box. NULL to refresh with the current text.

void **lv\_checkbox\_set\_text\_static**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const char \*txt)  
 Set the text of a check box. `txt` must not be deallocated during the life of this checkbox.

**Parameters**

- **cb** -- pointer to a check box
- **txt** -- the text of the check box.

const char \***lv\_checkbox\_get\_text**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
 Get the text of a check box

**Parameters** **cb** -- pointer to check box object

**Returns** pointer to the text of the check box

### Variables

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_checkbox\_class**

struct **lv\_checkbox\_t**



## Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
char *txt
uint32_t static_txt
```

## 6.2.7 Drop-down list (lv\_dropdown)

### Overview

The drop-down list allows the user to select one value from a list.

The drop-down list is closed by default and displays a single value or a predefined text. When activated (by click on the drop-down list), a list is created from which the user may select one option. When the user selects a new value, the list is deleted again.

The Drop-down list is added to the default group (if it is set). Besides the Drop-down list is an editable object to allow selecting an option with encoder navigation too.

### Parts and Styles

The Dropdown widget is built from the elements: "button" and "list" (both not related to the button and list widgets)

#### Button

- **LV\_PART\_MAIN** The background of the button. Uses the typical background properties and text properties for the text on it.
- **LV\_PART\_INDICATOR** Typically an arrow symbol that can be an image or a text (**LV\_SYMBOL**).

The button goes to **LV\_STATE\_CHECKED** when it's opened.

#### List

- **LV\_PART\_MAIN** The list itself. Uses the typical background properties. **max\_height** can be used to limit the height of the list.
- **LV\_PART\_SCROLLBAR** The scrollbar background, border, shadow properties and width (for its own width) and right padding for the spacing on the right.
- **LV\_PART\_SELECTED** Refers to the currently pressed, checked or pressed+checked option. Also uses the typical background properties.

The list is hidden/shown on open/close. To add styles to it use `lv_dropdown_get_list(dropdown)` to get the list object. For example:

```
lv_obj_t * list = lv_dropdown_get_list(dropdown) /*Get the list*/
lv_obj_add_style(list, &my_style, ...)          /*Add the styles to the list*/`
```

Alternatively the theme can be extended with the new styles.

## Usage

### Overview

#### Set options

Options are passed to the drop-down list as a string with `lv_dropdown_set_options(dropdown, options)`. Options should be separated by `\n`. For example: "First\nSecond\nThird". This string will be saved in the drop-down list, so it can in a local variable.

The `lv_dropdown_add_option(dropdown, "New option", pos)` function inserts a new option to `pos` index.

To save memory the options can set from a static(constant) string too with `lv_dropdown_set_static_options(dropdown, options)`. In this case the options string should be alive while the drop-down list exists and `lv_dropdown_add_option` can't be used

You can select an option manually with `lv_dropdown_set_selected(dropdown, id)`, where `id` is the index of an option.

#### Get selected option

To get the *index* of the selected option, use `lv_dropdown_get_selected(dropdown)`.

`lv_dropdown_get_selected_str(dropdown, buf, buf_size)` copies the *name* of the selected option to `buf`.

#### Direction

The list can be created on any side. The default `LV_DIR_BOTTOM` can be modified by `lv_dropdown_set_dir(dropdown, LV_DIR_LEFT/RIGHT/UP/BOTTOM)` function.

If the list would be vertically out of the screen, it will be aligned to the edge.

#### Symbol

A symbol (typically an arrow) can be added to the dropdown list with `lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dropdown, LV_SYMBOL_...)`

If the direction of the drop-down list is `LV_DIR_LEFT` the symbol will be shown on the left, otherwise on the right.

#### Show selected

The main part can either show the selected option or a static text. If a static is set with `lv_dropdown_set_text(dropdown, "Some text")` it will be shown regardless to the selected option. If the text is `NULL` the selected option is displayed on the button.

## Manually open/close

To manually open or close the drop-down list the `lv_dropdown_open/close(dropdown)` function can be used.

## Events

Apart from the [Generic events](#), the following [Special events](#) are sent by the drop-down list:

- `LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED` Sent when the new option is selected or the list is opened/closed.
- `LV_EVENT_CANCEL` Sent when the list is closed
- `LV_EVENT_READY` Sent when the list is opened

See the events of the [Base object](#) too.

Learn more about [Events](#).

## Keys

- `LV_KEY_RIGHT/DOWN` Select the next option.
- `LV_KEY_LEFT/UP` Select the previous option.
- `LV_KEY_ENTER` Apply the selected option (Sends `LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED` event and closes the drop-down list).

Learn more about [Keys](#).

## Example

### Simple Drop down list

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_DROPDOWN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        char buf[32];
        lv_dropdown_get_selected_str(obj, buf, sizeof(buf));
        LV_LOG_USER("Option: %s", buf);
    }
}

void lv_example_dropdown_1(void)
{
    /*Create a normal drop down list*/
    lv_obj_t * dd = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_dropdown_set_options(dd, "Apple\n"
                              "Banana\n"
                              "Orange\n"
                              "Cherry\n");
}
```

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```

        "Grape\n"
        "Raspberry\n"
        "Melon\n"
        "Orange\n"
        "Lemon\n"
        "Nuts");

    lv_obj_align(dd, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 20);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(dd, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}

#endif

```

```

def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        option = " "*10 # should be large enough to store the option
        obj.get_selected_str(option, len(option))
        # .strip() removes trailing spaces
        print("Option: \"%s\"" % option.strip())

# Create a normal drop down list
dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())
dd.set_options("\n".join([
    "Apple",
    "Banana",
    "Orange",
    "Cherry",
    "Grape",
    "Raspberry",
    "Melon",
    "Orange",
    "Lemon",
    "Nuts"]))

dd.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 0, 20)
dd.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

```

## Drop down in four directions

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_DROPDOWN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Create a drop down, up, left and right menus
 */
void lv_example_dropdown_2(void)
{
    static const char * opts = "Apple\n"
                                "Banana\n"
                                "Orange\n"

```

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```

        "Melon";

    lv_obj_t * dd;
    dd = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_dropdown_set_options_static(dd, opts);
    lv_obj_align(dd, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 10);

    dd = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_dropdown_set_options_static(dd, opts);
    lv_dropdown_set_dir(dd, LV_DIR_BOTTOM);
    lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dd, LV_SYMBOL_UP);
    lv_obj_align(dd, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_MID, 0, -10);

    dd = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_dropdown_set_options_static(dd, opts);
    lv_dropdown_set_dir(dd, LV_DIR_RIGHT);
    lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dd, LV_SYMBOL_RIGHT);
    lv_obj_align(dd, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 10, 0);

    dd = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_dropdown_set_options_static(dd, opts);
    lv_dropdown_set_dir(dd, LV_DIR_LEFT);
    lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dd, LV_SYMBOL_LEFT);
    lv_obj_align(dd, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -10, 0);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Create a drop down, up, left and right menus
#

opts = "\n".join([
    "Apple",
    "Banana",
    "Orange",
    "Melon",
    "Grape",
    "Raspberry"])

dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())
dd.set_options_static(opts)
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 0, 10)
dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())
dd.set_options_static(opts)
dd.set_dir(lv.DIR.BOTTOM)
dd.set_symbol(lv.SYMBOL.UP)
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_MID, 0, -10)

dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())
dd.set_options_static(opts)
dd.set_dir(lv.DIR.RIGHT)
dd.set_symbol(lv.SYMBOL.RIGHT)
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT_MID, 10, 0)

dd = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())

```

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```

dd.set_options_static(opts)
dd.set_dir(lv.DIR.LEFT)
dd.set_symbol(lv.SYMBOL.LEFT)
dd.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT_MID, -10, 0)

```

## Menu

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_DROPDOWN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * dropdown = lv_event_get_target(e);
    char buf[64];
    lv_dropdown_get_selected_str(dropdown, buf, sizeof(buf));
    LV_LOG_USER("%s' is selected", buf);
}

/**
 * Create a menu from a drop-down list and show some drop-down list features and
 * styling
 */
void lv_example_dropdown_3(void)
{
    /*Create a drop down list*/
    lv_obj_t * dropdown = lv_dropdown_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(dropdown, LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT, 10, 10);
    lv_dropdown_set_options(dropdown, "New project\n"
                                   "New file\n"
                                   "Save\n"
                                   "Save as ...\n"
                                   "Open project\n"
                                   "Recent projects\n"
                                   "Preferences\n"
                                   "Exit");

    /*Set a fixed text to display on the button of the drop-down list*/
    lv_dropdown_set_text(dropdown, "Menu");

    /*Use a custom image as down icon and flip it when the list is opened*/
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_caret_down)
    lv_dropdown_set_symbol(dropdown, &img_caret_down);
    lv_obj_set_style_transform_angle(dropdown, 1800, LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_
    CHECKED);

    /*In a menu we don't need to show the last clicked item*/
    lv_dropdown_set_selected_highlight(dropdown, false);

    lv_obj_add_event_cb(dropdown, event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
}

#endif

```

```

from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/img_caret_down.png', 'rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_caret_down.png")
    sys.exit()

img_caret_down_argb = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(png_data),
    'data': png_data
})

def event_cb(e):
    dropdown = e.get_target()
    option = " " * 64 # should be large enough to store the option
    dropdown.get_selected_str(option, len(option))
    print(option.strip() + " is selected")

#
# Create a menu from a drop-down list and show some drop-down list features and
# styling
#

# Create a drop down list
dropdown = lv.dropdown(lv.scr_act())
dropdown.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_LEFT, 10, 10)
dropdown.set_options("\n".join([
    "New project",
    "New file",
    "Open project",
    "Recent projects",
    "Preferences",
    "Exit"]))

# Set a fixed text to display on the button of the drop-down list
dropdown.set_text("Menu")

# Use a custom image as down icon and flip it when the list is opened
# LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_caret_down)
dropdown.set_symbol(img_caret_down_argb)
dropdown.set_style_transform_angle(1800, lv.PART.INDICATOR | lv.STATE.CHECKED)

# In a menu we don't need to show the last clicked item
dropdown.set_selected_highlight(False)

dropdown.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)

```

## API

### Functions

**LV\_EXPORT\_CONST\_INT**(LV\_DROPDOWN\_POS\_LAST)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_dropdown\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a drop-down list object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new drop-down list

**Returns** pointer to the created drop-down list

void **lv\_dropdown\_set\_text**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const char \*txt)

Set text of the drop-down list's button. If set to **NULL** the selected option's text will be displayed on the button. If set to a specific text then that text will be shown regardless of the selected option.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a drop-down list object
- **txt** -- the text as a string (Only its pointer is saved)

void **lv\_dropdown\_set\_options**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const char \*options)

Set the options in a drop-down list from a string. The options will be copied and saved in the object so the **options** can be destroyed after calling this function

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object
- **options** -- a string with '  
' separated options. E.g. "One\nTwo\nThree"

void **lv\_dropdown\_set\_options\_static**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const char \*options)

Set the options in a drop-down list from a static string (global, static or dynamically allocated). Only the pointer of the option string will be saved.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object
- **options** -- a static string with '  
' separated options. E.g. "One\nTwo\nThree"

void **lv\_dropdown\_add\_option**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const char \*option, uint32\_t pos)

Add an options to a drop-down list from a string. Only works for non-static options.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object
- **option** -- a string without '  
' . E.g. "Four"
- **pos** -- the insert position, indexed from 0, LV\_DROPDOWN\_POS\_LAST = end of string

void **lv\_dropdown\_clear\_options**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Clear all options in a drop-down list. Works with both static and dynamic options.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object



void **lv\_dropdown\_set\_selected**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t sel\_opt)

Set the selected option

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object
- **sel\_opt** -- id of the selected option (0 ... number of option - 1);

void **lv\_dropdown\_set\_dir**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, lv\_dir\_t dir)

Set the direction of the a drop-down list

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a drop-down list object
- **dir** -- LV\_DIR\_LEFT/RIGHT/TOP/BOTTOM

void **lv\_dropdown\_set\_symbol**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const void \*symbol)

Set an arrow or other symbol to display when on drop-down list's button. Typically a down caret or arrow.

---

**Note:** angle and zoom transformation can be applied if the symbol is an image. E.g. when drop down is checked (opened) rotate the symbol by 180 degree

---

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object
- **symbol** -- a text like LV\_SYMBOL\_DOWN, an image (pointer or path) or NULL to not draw symbol icon

void **lv\_dropdown\_set\_selected\_highlight**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, bool en)

Set whether the selected option in the list should be highlighted or not

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object
- **en** -- true: highlight enabled; false: disabled

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_dropdown\_get\_list**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the list of a drop-down to allow styling or other modifications

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a drop-down list object

**Returns** pointer to the list of the drop-down

const char \***lv\_dropdown\_get\_text**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get text of the drop-down list's button.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a drop-down list object

**Returns** the text as string, NULL if no text

const char \***lv\_dropdown\_get\_options**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the options of a drop-down list

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object

**Returns**

the options separated by '

'-s (E.g. "Option1\nOption2\nOption3")

uint16\_t **lv\_dropdown\_get\_selected**(const lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Get the index of the selected option

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object

**Returns** index of the selected option (0 ... number of option - 1);

uint16\_t **lv\_dropdown\_get\_option\_cnt**(const lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Get the total number of options

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object

**Returns** the total number of options in the list

void **lv\_dropdown\_get\_selected\_str**(const lv\_obj\_t \*obj, char \*buf, uint32\_t buf\_size)

Get the current selected option as a string

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to drop-down object
- **buf** -- pointer to an array to store the string
- **buf\_size** -- size of buf in bytes. 0: to ignore it.

const char \***lv\_dropdown\_get\_symbol**(lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Get the symbol on the drop-down list. Typically a down caret or arrow.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object

**Returns** the symbol or NULL if not enabled

bool **lv\_dropdown\_get\_selected\_highlight**(lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Get whether the selected option in the list should be highlighted or not

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object

**Returns** true: highlight enabled; false: disabled

lv\_dir\_t **lv\_dropdown\_get\_dir**(const lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Get the direction of the drop-down list

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a drop-down list object

**Returns** LV\_DIR\_LEF/RIGHT/TOP/BOTTOM

void **lv\_dropdown\_open**(lv\_obj\_t \*dropdown\_obj)

Open the drop-down list

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object

void **lv\_dropdown\_close**(lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Close (Collapse) the drop-down list

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to drop-down list object

bool **lv\_dropdown\_is\_open**(lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Tells whether the list is opened or not

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a drop-down list object

**Returns** true if the list os opened

## Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_dropdown_class
const lv_obj_class_t lv_dropdownlist_class
struct lv_dropdown_t
```

### Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
lv_obj_t *list
    The dropped down list

const char *text
    Text to display on the dropdown's button

const void *symbol
    Arrow or other icon when the drop-down list is closed

char *options
    Options in a '
    ' separated list

uint16_t option_cnt
    Number of options

uint16_t sel_opt_id
    Index of the currently selected option

uint16_t sel_opt_id_orig
    Store the original index on focus

uint16_t pr_opt_id
    Index of the currently pressed option

lv_dir_t dir
    Direction in which the list should open

uint8_t static_txt
    1: Only a pointer is saved in options

uint8_t selected_highlight
    1: Make the selected option highlighted in the list

struct lv_dropdown_list_t
```

## Public Members

*lv\_obj\_t* **obj**

*lv\_obj\_t* \***dropdown**

## 6.2.8 Image (lv\_img)

### Overview

Images are the basic object to display images from flash (as arrays) or from files. Images can display symbols (LV\_SYMBOL\_...) too.

Using the [Image decoder interface](#) custom image formats can be supported as well.

### Parts and Styles

- LV\_PART\_MAIN A background rectangle that uses the typical background style properties and the image itself using the image style properties.

### Usage

#### Image source

To provide maximum flexibility, the source of the image can be:

- a variable in code (a C array with the pixels).
- a file stored externally (e.g. on an SD card).
- a text with *Symbols*.

To set the source of an image, use `lv_img_set_src(img, src)`.

To generate a pixel array from a PNG, JPG or BMP image, use the [Online image converter tool](#) and set the converted image with its pointer: `lv_img_set_src(img1, &converted_img_var)`; To make the variable visible in the C file, you need to declare it with `LV_IMG_DECLARE(converted_img_var)`.

To use external files, you also need to convert the image files using the online converter tool but now you should select the binary output format. You also need to use LVGL's file system module and register a driver with some functions for the basic file operation. Go to the [File system](#) to learn more. To set an image sourced from a file, use `lv_img_set_src(img, "S:folder1/my_img.bin")`.

You can also set a symbol similarly to *Labels*. In this case, the image will be rendered as text according to the *font* specified in the style. It enables to use of light-weight monochrome "letters" instead of real images. You can set symbol like `lv_img_set_src(img1, LV_SYMBOL_OK)`.

## Label as an image

Images and labels are sometimes used to convey the same thing. For example, to describe what a button does. Therefore, images and labels are somewhat interchangeable, that is the images can display texts by using `LV_SYMBOL_DUMMY` as the prefix of the text. For example, `lv_img_set_src(img, LV_SYMBOL_DUMMY "Some text")`.

## Transparency

The internal (variable) and external images support 2 transparency handling methods:

- **Chroma-keying** - Pixels with `LV_COLOR_CHROMA_KEY` (*lv\_conf.h*) color will be transparent.
- **Alpha byte** - An alpha byte is added to every pixel that contains the pixel's opacity

## Palette and Alpha index

Besides the *True color* (RGB) color format, the following formats are supported:

- **Indexed** - Image has a palette.
- **Alpha indexed** - Only alpha values are stored.

These options can be selected in the image converter. To learn more about the color formats, read the [Images](#) section.

## Recolor

A color can be mixed with every pixel of an image with a given intensity. This can be useful to show different states (checked, inactive, pressed, etc.) of an image without storing more versions of the same image. This feature can be enabled in the style by setting `img_recolor_opa` between `LV_OPA_TRANSP` (no recolor, value: 0) and `LV_OPA_COVER` (full recolor, value: 255). The default value is `LV_OPA_TRANSP` so this feature is disabled.

The color to mix is set by `img_recolor`.

## Auto-size

If the width or height of the image object is set to `LV_SIZE_CONTENT` the object's size will be set according to the size of the image source in the respective direction.

## Mosaic

If the object's size is greater than the image size in any directions, then the image will be repeated like a mosaic. This allows creation a large image from only a very narrow source. For example, you can have a `300 x 5` image with a special gradient and set it as a wallpaper using the mosaic feature.

## Offset

With `lv_img_set_offset_x(img, x_ofs)` and `lv_img_set_offset_y(img, y_ofs)`, you can add some offset to the displayed image. Useful if the object size is smaller than the image source size. Using the offset parameter a [Texture atlas](#) or a "running image" effect can be created by [Animating](#) the x or y offset.

## Transformations

Using the `lv_img_set_zoom(img, factor)` the images will be zoomed. Set `factor` to 256 or `LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE` to disable zooming. A larger value enlarges the images (e.g. 512 double size), a smaller value shrinks it (e.g. 128 half size). Fractional scale works as well. E.g. 281 for 10% enlargement.

To rotate the image use `lv_img_set_angle(img, angle)`. Angle has 0.1 degree precision, so for 45.8° set 458.

The `transform_zoom` and `transform_angle` style properties are also used to determine the final zoom and angle.

By default, the pivot point of the rotation is the center of the image. It can be changed with `lv_img_set_pivot(img, pivot_x, pivot_y)`. 0;0 is the top left corner.

The quality of the transformation can be adjusted with `lv_img_set_antialias(img, true/false)`. With enabled anti-aliasing the transformations are higher quality but slower.

The transformations require the whole image to be available. Therefore indexed images (`LV_IMG_CF_INDEXED_1..8`), alpha only images (`LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_1..8`) or images from files can not be transformed. In other words transformations work only on true color images stored as C array, or if a custom [Image decoder](#) returns the whole image.

Note that the real coordinates of image objects won't change during transformation. That is `lv_obj_get_width/height/x/y()` will return the original, non-zoomed coordinates.

## Size mode

By default, when the image is zoomed or rotated the real coordinates of the image object are not changed. The larger content simply overflows the object's boundaries. It also means the layouts are not affected by the transformations.

If you need the object size to be updated to the transformed size set `lv_img_set_size_mode(img, LV_IMG_SIZE_MODE_REAL)`. (The previous mode is the default and called `LV_IMG_SIZE_MODE_VIRTUAL`). In this case if the width/height of the object is set to `LV_SIZE_CONTENT` the object's size will be set to the zoomed and rotated size. If an explicit size is set then the overflowing content will be cropped.

## Rounded image

You can use `lv_obj_set_style_radius` to set radius to an image, and enable `lv_obj_set_style_clip_corner` to clip the content to rounded rectangle or circular shape. Please note this will have some negative performance impact to CPU based renderers.

## Events

No special events are sent by image objects.

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

No *Keys* are processed by the object type.

Learn more about *Keys*.

## Example

### Image from variable and symbol

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_IMG && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_img_1(void)
{
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_cogwheel_argb);
    lv_obj_t * img1 = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_img_set_src(img1, &img_cogwheel_argb);
    lv_obj_align(img1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -20);
    lv_obj_set_size(img1, 200, 200);

    lv_obj_t * img2 = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_img_set_src(img2, LV_SYMBOL_OK "Accept");
    lv_obj_align_to(img2, img1, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 20);
}

#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import sys as sys
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../../assets/img_cogwheel_argb.png', 'rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_cogwheel_argb.png")
    sys.exit()
```

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```

img_cogwheel_argb = lv_img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(png_data),
    'data': png_data
})

img1 = lv_img(lv_scr_act())
img1.set_src(img_cogwheel_argb)
img1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -20)
img1.set_size(200, 200)

img2 = lv_img(lv_scr_act())
img2.set_src(lv_SYMBOL.OK + "Accept")
img2.align_to(img1, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 20)

```

## Image recoloring

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_IMG && LV_USE_SLIDER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * create_slider(lv_color_t color);
static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e);

static lv_obj_t * red_slider, * green_slider, * blue_slider, * intense_slider;
static lv_obj_t * img1;

/**
 * Demonstrate runtime image re-coloring
 */
void lv_example_img_2(void)
{
    /*Create 4 sliders to adjust RGB color and re-color intensity*/
    red_slider = create_slider(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
    green_slider = create_slider(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN));
    blue_slider = create_slider(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
    intense_slider = create_slider(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY));

    lv_slider_set_value(red_slider, LV_OPA_20, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_slider_set_value(green_slider, LV_OPA_90, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_slider_set_value(blue_slider, LV_OPA_60, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_slider_set_value(intense_slider, LV_OPA_50, LV_ANIM_OFF);

    lv_obj_align(red_slider, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 25, 0);
    lv_obj_align_to(green_slider, red_slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0);
    lv_obj_align_to(blue_slider, green_slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0);
    lv_obj_align_to(intense_slider, blue_slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0);

    /*Now create the actual image*/
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_cogwheel_argb)
    img1 = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_img_set_src(img1, &img_cogwheel_argb);
    lv_obj_align(img1, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -20, 0);
}

```

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```

    lv_event_send(intense_slider, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
}

static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    LV_UNUSED(e);

    /*Recolor the image based on the sliders' values*/
    lv_color_t color = lv_color_make(lv_slider_get_value(red_slider), lv_slider_get_
↪value(green_slider),
                                   lv_slider_get_value(blue_slider));
    lv_opa_t intense = lv_slider_get_value(intense_slider);
    lv_obj_set_style_img_recolor_opa(img1, intense, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_img_recolor(img1, color, 0);
}

static lv_obj_t * create_slider(lv_color_t color)
{
    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_slider_set_range(slider, 0, 255);
    lv_obj_set_size(slider, 10, 200);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(slider, color, LV_PART_KNOB);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(slider, lv_color_darken(color, LV_OPA_40), LV_PART_
↪INDICATOR);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    return slider;
}

#endif

```

```

#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import sys as sys
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/img_cogwheel_argb.png', 'rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_cogwheel_argb.png")
    sys.exit()

img_cogwheel_argb = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(png_data),
    'data': png_data
})

def create_slider(color):
    slider = lv.slider(lv_scr_act())

```

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```

    slider.set_range(0, 255)
    slider.set_size(10, 200)
    slider.set_style_bg_color(color, lv.PART.KNOB)
    slider.set_style_bg_color(color.color_darken(lv.OPA._40), lv.PART.INDICATOR)
    slider.add_event_cb(slider_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
    return slider

def slider_event_cb(e):
    # Recolor the image based on the sliders' values
    color = lv.color_make(red_slider.get_value(), green_slider.get_value(), blue_
↪ slider.get_value())
    intense = intense_slider.get_value()
    img1.set_style_img_recolor_opa(intense, 0)
    img1.set_style_img_recolor(color, 0)

#
# Demonstrate runtime image re-coloring
#
# Create 4 sliders to adjust RGB color and re-color intensity
red_slider = create_slider(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
green_slider = create_slider(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
blue_slider = create_slider(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
intense_slider = create_slider(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))

red_slider.set_value(lv.OPA._20, lv.ANIM.OFF)
green_slider.set_value(lv.OPA._90, lv.ANIM.OFF)
blue_slider.set_value(lv.OPA._60, lv.ANIM.OFF)
intense_slider.set_value(lv.OPA._50, lv.ANIM.OFF)

red_slider.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT_MID, 25, 0)
green_slider.align_to(red_slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0)
blue_slider.align_to(green_slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0)
intense_slider.align_to(blue_slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_RIGHT_MID, 25, 0)

# Now create the actual image
img1 = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
img1.set_src(img_cogwheel_argb)
img1.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT_MID, -20, 0)

lv.event_send(intense_slider, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)

```

## Rotate and zoom

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_IMG && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void set_angle(void * img, int32_t v)
{
    lv_img_set_angle(img, v);
}

static void set_zoom(void * img, int32_t v)
{
    lv_img_set_zoom(img, v);
}

/**
 * Show transformations (zoom and rotation) using a pivot point.
 */
void lv_example_img_3(void)
{
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_cogwheel_argb);

    /*Now create the actual image*/
    lv_obj_t * img = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_img_set_src(img, &img_cogwheel_argb);
    lv_obj_align(img, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 50, 50);
    lv_img_set_pivot(img, 0, 0);    /*Rotate around the top left corner*/

    lv_anim_t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, img);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_angle);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 3600);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 5000);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv_anim_start(&a);

    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_zoom);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 128, 256);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import usys as sys
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png
```

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```

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/img_cogwheel_argb.png', 'rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_cogwheel_argb.png")
    sys.exit()

img_cogwheel_argb = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(png_data),
    'data': png_data
})

def set_angle(img, v):
    img.set_angle(v)

def set_zoom(img, v):
    img.set_zoom(v)

#
# Show transformations (zoom and rotation) using a pivot point.
#

# Now create the actual image
img = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
img.set_src(img_cogwheel_argb)
img.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 50, 50)
img.set_pivot(0, 0) # Rotate around the top left corner

a1 = lv.anim_t()
a1.init()
a1.set_var(img)
a1.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a, val: set_angle(img, val))
a1.set_values(0, 3600)
a1.set_time(5000)
a1.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
lv.anim_t.start(a1)

a2 = lv.anim_t()
a2.init()
a2.set_var(img)
a2.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a, val: set_zoom(img, val))
a2.set_values(128, 256)
a2.set_time(5000)
a2.set_playback_time(3000)
a2.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
lv.anim_t.start(a2)

```

## Image offset and styling

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_IMG && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void ofs_y_anim(void * img, int32_t v)
{
    lv_img_set_offset_y(img, v);
}

/**
 * Image styling and offset
 */
void lv_example_img_4(void)
{
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_skew_strip);

    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_YELLOW));
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_img_recolor_opa(&style, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_img_recolor(&style, lv_color_black());

    lv_obj_t * img = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(img, &style, 0);
    lv_img_set_src(img, &img_skew_strip);
    lv_obj_set_size(img, 150, 100);
    lv_obj_center(img);

    lv_anim_t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, img);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, ofs_y_anim);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 100);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 500);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif
```

```
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

def ofs_y_anim(img, v):
    img.set_offset_y(v)
    # print(img,v)

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
```

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```

    with open('../assets/img_skew_strip.png','rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_skew_strip.png")
    sys.exit()

img_skew_strip = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(png_data),
    'data': png_data
})

#
# Image styling and offset
#

style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW))
style.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_img_recolor_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style.set_img_recolor(lv.color_black())

img = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
img.add_style(style, 0)
img.set_src(img_skew_strip)
img.set_size(150, 100)
img.center()

a = lv.anim_t()
a.init()
a.set_var(img)
a.set_values(0, 100)
a.set_time(3000)
a.set_playback_time(500)
a.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a, val: ofs_y_anim(img, val))
lv.anim_t.start(a)

```

## API

### Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_img_size_mode_t
```

## Enums

enum **[anonymous]**

Image size mode, when image size and object size is different

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_SIZE\_MODE\_VIRTUAL**

Zoom doesn't affect the coordinates of the object, however if zoomed in the image is drawn out of the its coordinates. The layout's won't change on zoom

enumerator **LV\_IMG\_SIZE\_MODE\_REAL**

If the object size is set to `SIZE_CONTENT`, then object size equals zoomed image size. It causes layout recalculation. If the object size is set explicitly, the image will be cropped when zoomed in.

## Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_img\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create an image object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new image

**Returns** pointer to the created image

void **lv\_img\_set\_src**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const void \*src)

Set the image data to display on the object

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to an image object
- **src\_img** -- 1) pointer to an *lv\_img\_dsc\_t* descriptor (converted by LVGL's image converter) (e.g. &my\_img) or 2) path to an image file (e.g. "S:/dir/img.bin") or 3) a SYMBOL (e.g. LV\_SYMBOL\_OK)

void **lv\_img\_set\_offset\_x**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, lv\_coord\_t x)

Set an offset for the source of an image so the image will be displayed from the new origin.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to an image
- **x** -- the new offset along x axis.

void **lv\_img\_set\_offset\_y**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, lv\_coord\_t y)

Set an offset for the source of an image. so the image will be displayed from the new origin.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to an image
- **y** -- the new offset along y axis.

void **lv\_img\_set\_angle**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, int16\_t angle)

Set the rotation angle of the image. The image will be rotated around the set pivot set by *lv\_img\_set\_pivot()*

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to an image object
- **angle** -- rotation angle in degree with 0.1 degree resolution (0..3600: clock wise)

void **lv\_img\_set\_pivot**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, lv\_coord\_t x, lv\_coord\_t y)

Set the rotation center of the image. The image will be rotated around this point

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to an image object
- **x** -- rotation center x of the image
- **y** -- rotation center y of the image

void **lv\_img\_set\_zoom**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t zoom)

void **lv\_img\_set\_antialias**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, bool antialias)

Enable/disable anti-aliasing for the transformations (rotate, zoom) or not. The quality is better with anti-aliasing looks better but slower.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to an image object
- **antialias** -- true: anti-aliased; false: not anti-aliased

void **lv\_img\_set\_size\_mode**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_img\_size\_mode\_t* mode)

Set the image object size mode.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to an image object
- **mode** -- the new size mode.

const void \***lv\_img\_get\_src**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the source of the image

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an image object

**Returns** the image source (symbol, file name or ::lv-img\_dsc\_t for C arrays)

lv\_coord\_t **lv\_img\_get\_offset\_x**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the offset's x attribute of the image object.

**Parameters** **img** -- pointer to an image

**Returns** offset X value.

lv\_coord\_t **lv\_img\_get\_offset\_y**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the offset's y attribute of the image object.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an image

**Returns** offset Y value.

uint16\_t **lv\_img\_get\_angle**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the rotation angle of the image.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an image object

**Returns** rotation angle in 0.1 degrees (0..3600)

void **lv\_img\_get\_pivot**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, lv\_point\_t \*pivot)

Get the pivot (rotation center) of the image.

**Parameters**

- **img** -- pointer to an image object



- **pivot** -- store the rotation center here

uint16\_t **lv\_img\_get\_zoom**(lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Get the zoom factor of the image.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an image object

**Returns** zoom factor (256: no zoom)

bool **lv\_img\_get\_antialias**(lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Get whether the transformations (rotate, zoom) are anti-aliased or not

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an image object

**Returns** true: anti-aliased; false: not anti-aliased

lv\_img\_size\_mode\_t **lv\_img\_get\_size\_mode**(lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Get the size mode of the image

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an image object

**Returns** element of lv\_img\_size\_mode\_t

## Variables

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_img\_class**

struct **lv\_img\_t**

*#include <lv\_img.h>* Data of image

## Public Members

lv\_obj\_t **obj**

const void \***src**

lv\_point\_t **offset**

lv\_coord\_t **w**

lv\_coord\_t **h**

uint16\_t **angle**

lv\_point\_t **pivot**

uint16\_t **zoom**

uint8\_t **src\_type**

uint8\_t **cf**

uint8\_t **antialias**

uint8\_t **obj\_size\_mode**

## 6.2.9 Label (lv\_label)

### Overview

A label is the basic object type that is used to display text.

### Parts and Styles

- **LV\_PART\_MAIN** Uses all the typical background properties and the text properties. The padding values can be used to add space between the text and the background.
- **LV\_PART\_SCROLLBAR** The scrollbar that is shown when the text is larger than the widget's size.
- **LV\_PART\_SELECTED** Tells the style of the *selected text*. Only **text\_color** and **bg\_color** style properties can be used.

### Usage

#### Set text

You can set the text on a label at runtime with `lv_label_set_text(label, "New text")`. This will allocate a buffer dynamically, and the provided string will be copied into that buffer. Therefore, you don't need to keep the text you pass to `lv_label_set_text` in scope after that function returns.

With `lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Value: %d", 15)` printf formatting can be used to set the text.

Labels are able to show text from a static character buffer. To do so, use `lv_label_set_text_static(label, "Text")`. In this case, the text is not stored in the dynamic memory and the given buffer is used directly instead. This means that the array can't be a local variable which goes out of scope when the function exits. Constant strings are safe to use with `lv_label_set_text_static` (except when used with **LV\_LABEL\_LONG\_DOT**, as it modifies the buffer in-place), as they are stored in ROM memory, which is always accessible.

#### Newline

Newline characters are handled automatically by the label object. You can use `\n` to make a line break. For example: `"line1\nline2\n\nline4"`

#### Long modes

By default, the width and height of the label is set to **LV\_SIZE\_CONTENT**. Therefore, the size of the label is automatically expanded to the text size. Otherwise, if the width or height are explicitly set (using e.g. `lv_obj_set_width` or a layout), the lines wider than the label's width can be manipulated according to several long mode policies. Similarly, the policies can be applied if the height of the text is greater than the height of the label.

- **LV\_LABEL\_LONG\_WRAP** Wrap too long lines. If the height is **LV\_SIZE\_CONTENT** the label's height will be expanded, otherwise the text will be clipped. (Default)
- **LV\_LABEL\_LONG\_DOT** Replaces the last 3 characters from bottom right corner of the label with dots (.)
- **LV\_LABEL\_LONG\_SCROLL** If the text is wider than the label scroll it horizontally back and forth. If it's higher, scroll vertically. Only one direction is scrolled and horizontal scrolling has higher precedence.
- **LV\_LABEL\_LONG\_SCROLL\_CIRCULAR** If the text is wider than the label scroll it horizontally continuously. If it's higher, scroll vertically. Only one direction is scrolled and horizontal scrolling has higher precedence.

- `LV_LABEL_LONG_CLIP` Simply clip the parts of the text outside the label.

You can specify the long mode with `lv_label_set_long_mode(label, LV_LABEL_LONG_...)`

Note that `LV_LABEL_LONG_DOT` manipulates the text buffer in-place in order to add/remove the dots. When `lv_label_set_text` or `lv_label_set_array_text` are used, a separate buffer is allocated and this implementation detail is unnoticed. This is not the case with `lv_label_set_text_static`. The buffer you pass to `lv_label_set_text_static` must be writable if you plan to use `LV_LABEL_LONG_DOT`.

## Text recolor

In the text, you can use commands to recolor parts of the text. For example: "Write a `#ff0000` red# word". This feature can be enabled individually for each label by `lv_label_set_recolor()` function.

## Text selection

If enabled by `LV_LABEL_TEXT_SELECTION` part of the text can be selected. It's similar to when you use your mouse on a PC to select a text. The whole mechanism (click and select the text as you drag your finger/mouse) is implemented in *Text area* and the Label widget only allows manual text selection with `lv_label_get_text_selection_start(label, start_char_index)` and `lv_label_get_text_selection_end(label, end_char_index)`.

## Very long texts

LVGL can efficiently handle very long (e.g. > 40k characters) labels by saving some extra data (~12 bytes) to speed up drawing. To enable this feature, set `LV_LABEL_LONG_TXT_HINT 1` in `lv_conf.h`.

## Custom scrolling animations

Some aspects of the scrolling animations in long modes `LV_LABEL_LONG_SCROLL` and `LV_LABEL_LONG_SCROLL_CIRCULAR` can be customized by setting the animation property of a style, using `lv_style_set_anim()`. Currently, only the start and repeat delay of the circular scrolling animation can be customized. If you need to customize another aspect of the scrolling animation, feel free to open an [issue on Github](#) to request the feature.

## Symbols

The labels can display symbols alongside letters (or on their own). Read the *Font* section to learn more about the symbols.

## Events

No special events are sent by the Label.

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

No *Keys* are processed by the object type.

Learn more about *Keys*.

## Example

### Line wrap, recoloring and scrolling

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LABEL && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Show line wrap, re-color, line align and text scrolling.
 */
void lv_example_label_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * label1 = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_long_mode(label1, LV_LABEL_LONG_WRAP);           /*Break the long lines*/
    lv_label_set_recolor(label1, true);                          /*Enable re-coloring by
↪ commands in the text*/
    lv_label_set_text(label1, "#0000ff Re-color# #ff00ff words# #ff0000 of a# label,
↪ align the lines to the center "
                           "and wrap long text automatically.");
    lv_obj_set_width(label1, 150); /*Set smaller width to make the lines wrap*/
    lv_obj_set_style_text_align(label1, LV_TEXT_ALIGN_CENTER, 0);
    lv_obj_align(label1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -40);

    lv_obj_t * label2 = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_long_mode(label2, LV_LABEL_LONG_SCROLL_CIRCULAR); /*Circular
↪ scroll*/
    lv_obj_set_width(label2, 150);
    lv_label_set_text(label2, "It is a circularly scrolling text. ");
    lv_obj_align(label2, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 40);
}

#endif
```

```
#
# Show line wrap, re-color, line align and text scrolling.
#
label1 = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label1.set_long_mode(lv.label.LONG.WRAP)      # Break the long lines*/
label1.set_recolor(True)                     # Enable re-coloring by commands in the
↪ text
label1.set_text("#0000ff Re-color# #ff00ff words# #ff0000 of a# label, align the
↪ lines to the center"
                "and wrap long text automatically.")
label1.set_width(150)                        # Set smaller width to make the lines
↪ wrap
label1.set_style_text_align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0)
label1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -40)

label2 = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
```

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```

label2.set_long_mode(lv.label.LONG.SCROLL_CIRCULAR) # Circular scroll
label2.set_width(150)
label2.set_text("It is a circularly scrolling text. ")
label2.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 40)

```

## Text shadow

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LABEL && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Create a fake text shadow
 */
void lv_example_label_2(void)
{
    /*Create a style for the shadow*/
    static lv_style_t style_shadow;
    lv_style_init(&style_shadow);
    lv_style_set_text_opa(&style_shadow, LV_OPA_30);
    lv_style_set_text_color(&style_shadow, lv_color_black());

    /*Create a label for the shadow first (it's in the background)*/
    lv_obj_t * shadow_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(shadow_label, &style_shadow, 0);

    /*Create the main label*/
    lv_obj_t * main_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(main_label, "A simple method to create\n"
                                "shadows on a text.\n"
                                "It even works with\n\n"
                                "newlines    and spaces.");

    /*Set the same text for the shadow label*/
    lv_label_set_text(shadow_label, lv_label_get_text(main_label));

    /*Position the main label*/
    lv_obj_align(main_label, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);

    /*Shift the second label down and to the right by 2 pixel*/
    lv_obj_align_to(shadow_label, main_label, LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT, 2, 2);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Create a fake text shadow
#

# Create a style for the shadow
style_shadow = lv.style_t()
style_shadow.init()
style_shadow.set_text_opa(lv.OPA_30)
style_shadow.set_text_color(lv.color_black())

```

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```

# Create a label for the shadow first (it's in the background)
shadow_label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
shadow_label.add_style(style_shadow, 0)

# Create the main label
main_label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
main_label.set_text("A simple method to create\n"
                    "shadows on a text.\n"
                    "It even works with\n\n"
                    "newlines      and spaces.")

# Set the same text for the shadow label
shadow_label.set_text(lv.label.get_text(main_label))

# Position the main label
main_label.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)

# Shift the second label down and to the right by 2 pixel
shadow_label.align_to(main_label, lv.ALIGN.TOP_LEFT, 2, 2)

```

## Show LTR, RTL and Chinese texts

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LABEL && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_FONT_DEJAVU_16_PERSIAN_HEBREW && LV_FONT_
↪SIMSUN_16_CJK && LV_USE_BIDI

/**
 * Show mixed LTR, RTL and Chinese label
 */
void lv_example_label_3(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * ltr_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(ltr_label, "In modern terminology, a microcontroller is similar
↪to a system on a chip (SoC).");
    lv_obj_set_style_text_font(ltr_label, &lv_font_montserrat_16, 0);
    lv_obj_set_width(ltr_label, 310);
    lv_obj_align(ltr_label, LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT, 5, 5);

    lv_obj_t * rtl_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(rtl_label,
        ↪",معالج الميكرو وحدة المعالجة المركزية :معالج (CPU - Central
↪Processing Unit).");
    lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(rtl_label, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_text_font(rtl_label, &lv_font_dejavu_16_persian_hebrew, 0);
    lv_obj_set_width(rtl_label, 310);
    lv_obj_align(rtl_label, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 5, 0);

    lv_obj_t * cz_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(cz_label,
        ↪"嵌入式系统\n\n");
    lv_obj_set_style_text_font(cz_label, &lv_font_simsun_16_cjk, 0);
    lv_obj_set_width(cz_label, 310);

```

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```
lv_obj_align(cz_label, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_LEFT, 5, -5);
}

#endif
```

[illegible]

### Draw label with gradient color

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LABEL && LV_USE_CANVAS && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES && LV_DRAW_COMPLEX

#define MASK_WIDTH 100
#define MASK_HEIGHT 45

static void add_mask_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
```

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```

static lv_draw_mask_map_param_t m;
static int16_t mask_id;

lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
lv_opa_t * mask_map = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
if(code == LV_EVENT_COVER_CHECK) {
    lv_event_set_cover_res(e, LV_COVER_RES_MASKED);
}
else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_MAIN_BEGIN) {
    lv_draw_mask_map_init(&m, &obj->coords, mask_map);
    mask_id = lv_draw_mask_add(&m, NULL);
}
else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_MAIN_END) {
    lv_draw_mask_free_param(&m);
    lv_draw_mask_remove_id(mask_id);
}
}

/**
 * Draw label with gradient color
 */
void lv_example_label_4(void)
{
    /* Create the mask of a text by drawing it to a canvas*/
    static lv_opa_t mask_map[MASK_WIDTH * MASK_HEIGHT];

    /*Create a "8 bit alpha" canvas and clear it*/
    lv_obj_t * canvas = lv_canvas_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_canvas_set_buffer(canvas, mask_map, MASK_WIDTH, MASK_HEIGHT, LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_
    ↪8BIT);
    lv_canvas_fill_bg(canvas, lv_color_black(), LV_OPA_TRANSP);

    /*Draw a label to the canvas. The result "image" will be used as mask*/
    lv_draw_label_dsc_t label_dsc;
    lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&label_dsc);
    label_dsc.color = lv_color_white();
    label_dsc.align = LV_TEXT_ALIGN_CENTER;
    lv_canvas_draw_text(canvas, 5, 5, MASK_WIDTH, &label_dsc, "Text with gradient");

    /*The mask is reads the canvas is not required anymore*/
    lv_obj_del(canvas);

    /* Create an object from where the text will be masked out.
     * Now it's a rectangle with a gradient but it could be an image too*/
    lv_obj_t * grad = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(grad, MASK_WIDTH, MASK_HEIGHT);
    lv_obj_center(grad);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(grad, lv_color_hex(0xff0000), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_grad_color(grad, lv_color_hex(0x0000ff), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_grad_dir(grad, LV_GRAD_DIR_HOR, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(grad, add_mask_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, mask_map);
}

#endif

```



Error encountered **while** trying to **open** /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/widgets/label/lv\_example\_label\_4.py

## Customize circular scrolling animation

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LABEL && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Show customizing the circular scrolling animation of a label with `LV_LABEL_LONG_
 * ↪ SCROLL_CIRCULAR`
 * long mode.
 */
void lv_example_label_5(void)
{
    static lv_anim_t animation_template;
    static lv_style_t label_style;

    lv_anim_init(&animation_template);
    lv_anim_set_delay(&animation_template, 1000);           /*Wait 1 second to start_
    ↪ the first scroll*/
    lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&animation_template,
                           3000); /*Repeat the scroll 3 seconds after the label_
    ↪ scrolls back to the initial position*/

    /*Initialize the label style with the animation template*/
    lv_style_init(&label_style);
    lv_style_set_anim(&label_style, &animation_template);

    lv_obj_t * label1 = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_long_mode(label1, LV_LABEL_LONG_SCROLL_CIRCULAR); /*Circular_
    ↪ scroll*/
    lv_obj_set_width(label1, 150);
    lv_label_set_text(label1, "It is a circularly scrolling text. ");
    lv_obj_align(label1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 40);
    lv_obj_add_style(label1, &label_style, LV_STATE_DEFAULT); /*Add the_
    ↪ style to the label*/
}

#endif
```

```
#
# Show customizing the circular scrolling animation of a label with `LV_LABEL_LONG_
# ↪ SCROLL_CIRCULAR` long mode.
#

label1 = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label1.set_long_mode(lv.label.LONG.SCROLL_CIRCULAR) # Circular scroll
label1.set_width(150)
label1.set_text("It is a circularly scrolling text. ")
label1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 40)
```

## API

### Typedefs

typedef uint8\_t **lv\_label\_long\_mode\_t**

### Enums

enum **[anonymous]**

Long mode behaviors. Used in 'lv\_label\_ext\_t'

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_LABEL\_LONG\_WRAP**

Keep the object width, wrap the too long lines and expand the object height

enumerator **LV\_LABEL\_LONG\_DOT**

Keep the size and write dots at the end if the text is too long

enumerator **LV\_LABEL\_LONG\_SCROLL**

Keep the size and roll the text back and forth

enumerator **LV\_LABEL\_LONG\_SCROLL\_CIRCULAR**

Keep the size and roll the text circularly

enumerator **LV\_LABEL\_LONG\_CLIP**

Keep the size and clip the text out of it

### Functions

**LV\_EXPORT\_CONST\_INT**(LV\_LABEL\_DOT\_NUM)

**LV\_EXPORT\_CONST\_INT**(LV\_LABEL\_POS\_LAST)

**LV\_EXPORT\_CONST\_INT**(LV\_LABEL\_TEXT\_SELECTION\_OFF)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_label\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a label object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new label.

**Returns** pointer to the created button

void **lv\_label\_set\_text**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const char \*text)

Set a new text for a label. Memory will be allocated to store the text by the label.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a label object
- **text** -- '\0' terminated character string. NULL to refresh with the current text.

```
void lv_label_set_text_fmt (lv_obj_t *obj, const char *fmt,...
) LV_FORMAT_ATTRIBUTE(2)
```

```
void void lv_label_set_text_static (lv_obj_t *obj, const char *text)
```

Set a static text. It will not be saved by the label so the 'text' variable has to be 'alive' while the label exists.

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a label object
- **text** -- pointer to a text. NULL to refresh with the current text.

```
void lv_label_set_long_mode (lv_obj_t *obj, lv_label_long_mode_t long_mode)
```

Set the behavior of the label with longer text then the object size

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a label object
- **long\_mode** -- the new mode from 'lv\_label\_long\_mode' enum. In LV\_LONG\_WRAP/DOT/SCROLL/SCROLL\_CIRC the size of the label should be set AFTER this function

```
void lv_label_set_recolor (lv_obj_t *obj, bool en)
```

```
void lv_label_set_text_sel_start (lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t index)
```

Set where text selection should start

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a label object
- **index** -- character index from where selection should start. LV\_LABEL\_TEXT\_SELECTION\_OFF for no selection

```
void lv_label_set_text_sel_end (lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t index)
```

Set where text selection should end

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a label object
- **index** -- character index where selection should end. LV\_LABEL\_TEXT\_SELECTION\_OFF for no selection

```
char *lv_label_get_text (const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get the text of a label

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a label object

**Returns** the text of the label

```
lv_label_long_mode_t lv_label_get_long_mode (const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get the long mode of a label

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a label object

**Returns** the current long mode

```
bool lv_label_get_recolor (const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get the recoloring attribute

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a label object

**Returns** true: recoloring is enabled, false: disable

void **lv\_label\_get\_letter\_pos**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint32\_t char\_id, lv\_point\_t \*pos)

Get the relative x and y coordinates of a letter

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a label object
- **index** -- index of the character [0 ... text length - 1]. Expressed in character index, not byte index (different in UTF-8)
- **pos** -- store the result here (E.g. index = 0 gives 0;0 coordinates if the text is aligned to the left)

uint32\_t **lv\_label\_get\_letter\_on**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, lv\_point\_t \*pos\_in)

Get the index of letter on a relative point of a label.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to label object
- **pos** -- pointer to point with coordinates on a the label

**Returns** The index of the letter on the 'pos\_p' point (E.g. on 0;0 is the 0. letter if aligned to the left)  
Expressed in character index and not byte index (different in UTF-8)

bool **lv\_label\_is\_char\_under\_pos**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, lv\_point\_t \*pos)

Check if a character is drawn under a point.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a label object
- **pos** -- Point to check for character under

**Returns** whether a character is drawn under the point

uint32\_t **lv\_label\_get\_text\_selection\_start**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the selection start index.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a label object.

**Returns** selection start index. LV\_LABEL\_TEXT\_SELECTION\_OFF if nothing is selected.

uint32\_t **lv\_label\_get\_text\_selection\_end**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the selection end index.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a label object.

**Returns** selection end index. LV\_LABEL\_TXT\_SEL\_OFF if nothing is selected.

void **lv\_label\_ins\_text**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint32\_t pos, const char \*txt)

Insert a text to a label. The label text can not be static.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a label object
- **pos** -- character index to insert. Expressed in character index and not byte index. 0: before first char. LV\_LABEL\_POS\_LAST: after last char.
- **txt** -- pointer to the text to insert

void **lv\_label\_cut\_text**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint32\_t pos, uint32\_t cnt)

Delete characters from a label. The label text can not be static.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a label object

- **pos** -- character index from where to cut. Expressed in character index and not byte index. 0: start in from of the first character
- **cnt** -- number of characters to cut

## Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_label_class
struct lv_label_t
```

### Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
char *text
char *tmp_ptr
char tmp[LV_LABEL_DOT_NUM + 1]
union lv_label_t::[anonymous] dot
uint32_t dot_end
lv_draw_label_hint_t hint
uint32_t sel_start
uint32_t sel_end
lv_point_t offset
lv_label_long_mode_t long_mode
uint8_t static_txt
uint8_t recolor
uint8_t expand
uint8_t dot_tmp_alloc
```

## 6.2.10 Line (lv\_line)

### Overview

The Line object is capable of drawing straight lines between a set of points.

## Parts and Styles

- `LV_PART_MAIN` uses all the typical background properties and line style properties.

## Usage

### Set points

The points have to be stored in an `lv_point_t` array and passed to the object by the `lv_line_set_points(lines, point_array, point_cnt)` function.

### Auto-size

By default, the Line's width and height are set to `LV_SIZE_CONTENT`. This means it will automatically set its size to fit all the points. If the size is set explicitly, parts on the line may not be visible.

### Invert y

By default, the `y == 0` point is in the top of the object. It might be counter-intuitive in some cases so the y coordinates can be inverted with `lv_line_set_y_invert(line, true)`. In this case, `y == 0` will be the bottom of the object. `y invert` is disabled by default.

## Events

Only the [Generic events](#) are sent by the object type.

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about [Events](#).

## Keys

No *Keys* are processed by the object type.

Learn more about [Keys](#).

## Example

### Simple Line

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LINE && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_line_1(void)
{
    /*Create an array for the points of the line*/
    static lv_point_t line_points[] = { {5, 5}, {70, 70}, {120, 10}, {180, 60}, {240, 10} };
}
```

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```

/*Create style*/
static lv_style_t style_line;
lv_style_init(&style_line);
lv_style_set_line_width(&style_line, 8);
lv_style_set_line_color(&style_line, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));
lv_style_set_line_rounded(&style_line, true);

/*Create a line and apply the new style*/
lv_obj_t * line1;
line1 = lv_line_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_line_set_points(line1, line_points, 5);      /*Set the points*/
lv_obj_add_style(line1, &style_line, 0);
lv_obj_center(line1);
}

#endif

```

```

# Create an array for the points of the line
line_points = [ {"x":5, "y":5},
                {"x":70, "y":70},
                {"x":120, "y":10},
                {"x":180, "y":60},
                {"x":240, "y":10}]

# Create style
style_line = lv.style_t()
style_line.init()
style_line.set_line_width(8)
style_line.set_line_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))
style_line.set_line_rounded(True)

# Create a line and apply the new style
line1 = lv.line(lv.scr_act())
line1.set_points(line_points, 5)      # Set the points
line1.add_style(style_line, 0)
line1.center()

```

## API

### Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_line\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a line object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new line

**Returns** pointer to the created line

void **lv\_line\_set\_points**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const lv\_point\_t points[], uint16\_t point\_num)

Set an array of points. The line object will connect these points.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a line object

- **points** -- an array of points. Only the address is saved, so the array needs to be alive while the line exists
- **point\_num** -- number of points in 'point\_a'

void **lv\_line\_set\_y\_invert**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, bool en)

Enable (or disable) the y coordinate inversion. If enabled then y will be subtracted from the height of the object, therefore the y = 0 coordinate will be on the bottom.

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a line object
- **en** -- true: enable the y inversion, false:disable the y inversion

bool **lv\_line\_get\_y\_invert**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the y inversion attribute

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a line object

**Returns** true: y inversion is enabled, false: disabled

## Variables

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_line\_class**

struct **lv\_line\_t**

#### Public Members

*lv\_obj\_t* **obj**

const lv\_point\_t \***point\_array**

Pointer to an array with the points of the line

uint16\_t **point\_num**

Number of points in 'point\_array'

uint8\_t **y\_inv**

1: y == 0 will be on the bottom

## 6.2.11 Roller (lv\_roller)

### Overview

Roller allows you to simply select one option from a list by scrolling.



## Parts and Styles

- **LV\_PART\_MAIN** The background of the roller uses all the typical background properties and text style properties. `style_text_line_space` adjusts the space between the options. When the Roller is scrolled and doesn't stop exactly on an option it will scroll to the nearest valid option automatically in `anim_time` milliseconds as specified in the style.
- **LV\_PART\_SELECTED** The selected option in the middle. Besides the typical background properties it uses the text style properties to change the appearance of the text in the selected area.

## Usage

### Set options

Options are passed to the Roller as a string with `lv_roller_set_options(roller, options, LV_ROLLER_MODE_NORMAL/INFINITE)`. The options should be separated by `\n`. For example: "First\nSecond\nThird".

`LV_ROLLER_MODE_INFINITE` makes the roller circular.

You can select an option manually with `lv_roller_set_selected(roller, id, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF)`, where *id* is the index of an option.

### Get selected option

To get the *index* of the currently selected option use `lv_roller_get_selected(roller)`.

`lv_roller_get_selected_str(roller, buf, buf_size)` will copy the name of the selected option to *buf*.

### Visible rows

The number of visible rows can be adjusted with `lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller, num)`.

This function calculates the height with the current style. If the font, line space, border width, etc. of the roller changes this function needs to be called again.

## Events

- **LV\_EVENT\_VALUE\_CHANGED** Sent when a new option is selected.

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

- LV\_KEY\_RIGHT/DOWN Select the next option
- LV\_KEY\_LEFT/UP Select the previous option
- LV\_KEY\_ENTER Apply the selected option (Send LV\_EVENT\_VALUE\_CHANGED event)

## Example

### Simple Roller

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_ROLLER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        char buf[32];
        lv_roller_get_selected_str(obj, buf, sizeof(buf));
        LV_LOG_USER("Selected month: %s\n", buf);
    }
}

/**
 * An infinite roller with the name of the months
 */
void lv_example_roller_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * roller1 = lv_roller_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_roller_set_options(roller1,
        "January\n"
        "February\n"
        "March\n"
        "April\n"
        "May\n"
        "June\n"
        "July\n"
        "August\n"
        "September\n"
        "October\n"
        "November\n"
        "December",
        LV_ROLLER_MODE_INFINITE);

    lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller1, 4);
    lv_obj_center(roller1);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller1, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}

#endif
```

```
def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
```

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```

obj = e.get_target()
if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
    option = " "*10
    obj.get_selected_str(option, len(option))
    print("Selected month: " + option.strip())

#
# An infinite roller with the name of the months
#

roller1 = lv.roller(lv.scr_act())
roller1.set_options("\n".join([
    "January",
    "February",
    "March",
    "April",
    "May",
    "June",
    "July",
    "August",
    "September",
    "October",
    "November",
    "December"]), lv.roller.MODE.INFINITE)

roller1.set_visible_row_count(4)
roller1.center()
roller1.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

```

## Styling the roller

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_ROLLER && LV_FONT_MONTERRAT_22 && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        char buf[32];
        lv_roller_get_selected_str(obj, buf, sizeof(buf));
        LV_LOG_USER("Selected value: %s", buf);
    }
}

/**
 * Roller with various alignments and larger text in the selected area
 */
void lv_example_roller_2(void)
{
    /*A style to make the selected option larger*/
    static lv_style_t style_sel;
    lv_style_init(&style_sel);

```

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```

lv_style_set_text_font(&style_sel, &lv_font_montserrat_22);

const char * opts = "1\n2\n3\n4\n5\n6\n7\n8\n9\n10";
lv_obj_t * roller;

/*A roller on the left with left aligned text, and custom width*/
roller = lv_roller_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_roller_set_options(roller, opts, LV_ROLLER_MODE_NORMAL);
lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller, 2);
lv_obj_set_width(roller, 100);
lv_obj_add_style(roller, &style_sel, LV_PART_SELECTED);
lv_obj_set_style_text_align(roller, LV_TEXT_ALIGN_LEFT, 0);
lv_obj_align(roller, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 10, 0);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
lv_roller_set_selected(roller, 2, LV_ANIM_OFF);

/*A roller on the middle with center aligned text, and auto (default) width*/
roller = lv_roller_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_roller_set_options(roller, opts, LV_ROLLER_MODE_NORMAL);
lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller, 3);
lv_obj_add_style(roller, &style_sel, LV_PART_SELECTED);
lv_obj_align(roller, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
lv_roller_set_selected(roller, 5, LV_ANIM_OFF);

/*A roller on the right with right aligned text, and custom width*/
roller = lv_roller_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_roller_set_options(roller, opts, LV_ROLLER_MODE_NORMAL);
lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller, 4);
lv_obj_set_width(roller, 80);
lv_obj_add_style(roller, &style_sel, LV_PART_SELECTED);
lv_obj_set_style_text_align(roller, LV_TEXT_ALIGN_RIGHT, 0);
lv_obj_align(roller, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -10, 0);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
lv_roller_set_selected(roller, 8, LV_ANIM_OFF);
}

#endif

```

```

import fs_driver

def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        option = " "*10
        obj.get_selected_str(option, len(option))
        print("Selected value: %s\n" + option.strip())

#
# Roller with various alignments and larger text in the selected area
#

# A style to make the selected option larger
style_sel = lv.style_t()

```

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```

style_sel.init()

try:
    style_sel.set_text_font(lv.font_montserrat_22)
except:
    fs_drv = lv.fs_drv_t()
    fs_driver.fs_register(fs_drv, 'S')
    print("montserrat-22 not enabled in lv_conf.h, dynamically loading the font")
    font_montserrat_22 = lv.font_load("S:" + "../../assets/font/montserrat-22.fnt")
    style_sel.set_text_font(font_montserrat_22)

opts = "\n".join(["1", "2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8", "9", "10"])

# A roller on the left with left aligned text, and custom width
roller = lv.roller(lv.scr_act())
roller.set_options(opts, lv.roller.MODE.NORMAL)
roller.set_visible_row_count(2)
roller.set_width(100)
roller.add_style(style_sel, lv.PART.SELECTED)
roller.set_style_text_align(lv.TEXT_ALIGN.LEFT, 0)
roller.align(lv.ALIGN.LEFT_MID, 10, 0)
roller.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
roller.set_selected(2, lv.ANIM.OFF)

# A roller in the middle with center aligned text, and auto (default) width
roller = lv.roller(lv.scr_act())
roller.set_options(opts, lv.roller.MODE.NORMAL)
roller.set_visible_row_count(3)
roller.add_style(style_sel, lv.PART.SELECTED)
roller.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
roller.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
roller.set_selected(5, lv.ANIM.OFF)

# A roller on the right with right aligned text, and custom width
roller = lv.roller(lv.scr_act())
roller.set_options(opts, lv.roller.MODE.NORMAL)
roller.set_visible_row_count(4)
roller.set_width(80)
roller.add_style(style_sel, lv.PART.SELECTED)
roller.set_style_text_align(lv.TEXT_ALIGN.RIGHT, 0)
roller.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT_MID, -10, 0)
roller.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
roller.set_selected(8, lv.ANIM.OFF)

```

### add fade mask to roller

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_ROLLER && LV_DRAW_COMPLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void mask_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);

```

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```

static int16_t mask_top_id = -1;
static int16_t mask_bottom_id = -1;

if(code == LV_EVENT_COVER_CHECK) {
    lv_event_set_cover_res(e, LV_COVER_RES_MASKED);
}
else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_MAIN_BEGIN) {
    /* add mask */
    const lv_font_t * font = lv_obj_get_style_text_font(obj, LV_PART_MAIN);
    lv_coord_t line_space = lv_obj_get_style_text_line_space(obj, LV_PART_MAIN);
    lv_coord_t font_h = lv_font_get_line_height(font);

    lv_area_t roller_coords;
    lv_obj_get_coords(obj, &roller_coords);

    lv_area_t rect_area;
    rect_area.x1 = roller_coords.x1;
    rect_area.x2 = roller_coords.x2;
    rect_area.y1 = roller_coords.y1;
    rect_area.y2 = roller_coords.y1 + (lv_obj_get_height(obj) - font_h - line_
↪space) / 2;

    lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t * fade_mask_top = lv_mem_buf_get(sizeof(lv_draw_
↪mask_fade_param_t));
    lv_draw_mask_fade_init(fade_mask_top, &rect_area, LV_OPA_TRANSP, rect_area.y1,
↪ LV_OPA_COVER, rect_area.y2);
    mask_top_id = lv_draw_mask_add(fade_mask_top, NULL);

    rect_area.y1 = rect_area.y2 + font_h + line_space - 1;
    rect_area.y2 = roller_coords.y2;

    lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t * fade_mask_bottom = lv_mem_buf_get(sizeof(lv_draw_
↪mask_fade_param_t));
    lv_draw_mask_fade_init(fade_mask_bottom, &rect_area, LV_OPA_COVER, rect_area.
↪y1, LV_OPA_TRANSP, rect_area.y2);
    mask_bottom_id = lv_draw_mask_add(fade_mask_bottom, NULL);
}
else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_POST_END) {
    lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t * fade_mask_top = lv_draw_mask_remove_id(mask_top_
↪id);
    lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t * fade_mask_bottom = lv_draw_mask_remove_id(mask_
↪bottom_id);
    lv_draw_mask_free_param(fade_mask_top);
    lv_draw_mask_free_param(fade_mask_bottom);
    lv_mem_buf_release(fade_mask_top);
    lv_mem_buf_release(fade_mask_bottom);
    mask_top_id = -1;
    mask_bottom_id = -1;
}
}

/**
 * Add a fade mask to roller.
 */
void lv_example_roller_3(void)

```

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```

{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style, lv_color_black());
    lv_style_set_text_color(&style, lv_color_white());
    lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 0);
    lv_style_set_pad_all(&style, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(lv_scr_act(), &style, 0);

    lv_obj_t * roller1 = lv_roller_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_style(roller1, &style, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_opa(roller1, LV_OPA_TRANSP, LV_PART_SELECTED);

    #if LV_FONT_MONTSEERRAT_22
        lv_obj_set_style_text_font(roller1, &lv_font_montserrat_22, LV_PART_SELECTED);
    #endif

    lv_roller_set_options(roller1,
        "January\n"
        "February\n"
        "March\n"
        "April\n"
        "May\n"
        "June\n"
        "July\n"
        "August\n"
        "September\n"
        "October\n"
        "November\n"
        "December",
        LV_ROLLER_MODE_NORMAL);

    lv_obj_center(roller1);
    lv_roller_set_visible_row_count(roller1, 3);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(roller1, mask_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}

#endif

```

```

import fs_driver
import sys

class Lv_Roller_3():

    def __init__(self):
        self.mask_top_id = -1
        self.mask_bottom_id = -1

        #
        # Add a fade mask to roller.
        #
        style = lv.style_t()
        style.init()
        style.set_bg_color(lv.color_black())
        style.set_text_color(lv.color_white())

```

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```

lv.scr_act().add_style(style, 0)

roller1 = lv.roller(lv.scr_act())
roller1.add_style(style, 0)
roller1.set_style_border_width(0, 0)
roller1.set_style_pad_all(0, 0)
roller1.set_style_bg_opa(lv.OPA.TRANSP, lv.PART.SELECTED)

#if LV_FONT_MONTERRAT_22
#   lv_obj_set_style_text_font(roller1, &lv_font_montserrat_22, LV_PART_
↪SELECTED);
#endif
try:
    roller1.set_style_text_font(lv.font_montserrat_22,lv.PART.SELECTED)
except:
    fs_drv = lv.fs_drv_t()
    fs_driver.fs_register(fs_drv, 'S')
    print("montserrat-22 not enabled in lv_conf.h, dynamically loading the_
↪font")
    font_montserrat_22 = lv.font_load("S:" + "../../../assets/font/montserrat-22.
↪fnt")
    roller1.set_style_text_font(font_montserrat_22,lv.PART.SELECTED)

roller1.set_options("\n".join([
    "January",
    "February",
    "March",
    "April",
    "May",
    "June",
    "July",
    "August",
    "September",
    "October",
    "November",
    "December"]),lv.roller.MODE.NORMAL)

roller1.center()
roller1.set_visible_row_count(3)
roller1.add_event_cb(self.mask_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

def mask_event_cb(self,e):

    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()

    if code == lv.EVENT.COVER_CHECK:
        e.set_cover_res(lv.COVER_RES.MASKED)

    elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_MAIN_BEGIN:
        # add mask
        font = obj.get_style_text_font(lv.PART.MAIN)
        line_space = obj.get_style_text_line_space(lv.PART.MAIN)
        font_h = font.get_line_height()

        roller_coords = lv.area_t()
        obj.get_coords(roller_coords)

```

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```

        rect_area = lv.area_t()
        rect_area.x1 = roller_coords.x1
        rect_area.x2 = roller_coords.x2
        rect_area.y1 = roller_coords.y1
        rect_area.y2 = roller_coords.y1 + (obj.get_height() - font_h - line_
↪space) // 2

        fade_mask_top = lv.draw_mask_fade_param_t()
        fade_mask_top.init(rect_area, lv.OPA.TRANSP, rect_area.y1, lv.OPA.COVER,
↪rect_area.y2)
        self.mask_top_id = lv.draw_mask_add(fade_mask_top, None)

        rect_area.y1 = rect_area.y2 + font_h + line_space - 1
        rect_area.y2 = roller_coords.y2

        fade_mask_bottom = lv.draw_mask_fade_param_t()
        fade_mask_bottom.init(rect_area, lv.OPA.COVER, rect_area.y1, lv.OPA.
↪TRANSP, rect_area.y2)
        self.mask_bottom_id = lv.draw_mask_add(fade_mask_bottom, None)

    elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_POST_END:
        fade_mask_top = lv.draw_mask_remove_id(self.mask_top_id)
        fade_mask_bottom = lv.draw_mask_remove_id(self.mask_bottom_id)
        # Remove the masks
        lv.draw_mask_remove_id(self.mask_top_id)
        lv.draw_mask_remove_id(self.mask_bottom_id)
        self.mask_top_id = -1
        self.mask_bottom_id = -1

roller3 = Lv_Roller_3()

```

## API

### Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_roller_mode_t
```

### Enums

```
enum [anonymous]
```

Roller mode.

*Values:*

```
enumerator LV_ROLLER_MODE_NORMAL
```

Normal mode (roller ends at the end of the options).

```
enumerator LV_ROLLER_MODE_INFINITE
```

Infinite mode (roller can be scrolled forever).

## Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_roller\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a roller object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new roller.

**Returns** pointer to the created roller

void **lv\_roller\_set\_options**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const char \*options, *lv\_roller\_mode\_t* mode)

Set the options on a roller

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to roller object
- **options** -- a string with '  
' separated options. E.g. "One\nTwo\nThree"
- **mode** -- LV\_ROLLER\_MODE\_NORMAL or LV\_ROLLER\_MODE\_INFINITE

void **lv\_roller\_set\_selected**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t sel\_opt, *lv\_anim\_enable\_t* anim)

Set the selected option

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a roller object
- **sel\_opt** -- index of the selected option (0 ... number of option - 1);
- **anim\_en** -- LV\_ANIM\_ON: set with animation; LV\_ANOM\_OFF set immediately

void **lv\_roller\_set\_visible\_row\_count**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint8\_t row\_cnt)

Set the height to show the given number of rows (options)

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a roller object
- **row\_cnt** -- number of desired visible rows

uint16\_t **lv\_roller\_get\_selected**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the index of the selected option

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a roller object

**Returns** index of the selected option (0 ... number of option - 1);

void **lv\_roller\_get\_selected\_str**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, char \*buf, uint32\_t buf\_size)

Get the current selected option as a string.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to dlist object
- **buf** -- pointer to an array to store the string
- **buf\_size** -- size of buf in bytes. 0: to ignore it.

const char \***lv\_roller\_get\_options**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the options of a roller

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to roller object

**Returns**

the options separated by '

's (E.g. "Option1\nOption2\nOption3")

uint16\_t **lv\_roller\_get\_option\_cnt**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the total number of options

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a roller object

**Returns** the total number of options

## Variables

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_roller\_class**

struct **lv\_roller\_t**

### Public Members

*lv\_obj\_t* **obj**

uint16\_t **option\_cnt**

Number of options

uint16\_t **sel\_opt\_id**

Index of the current option

uint16\_t **sel\_opt\_id\_ori**

Store the original index on focus

*lv\_roller\_mode\_t* **mode**

uint32\_t **moved**

## 6.2.12 Slider (lv\_slider)

### Overview

The Slider object looks like a *Bar* supplemented with a knob. The knob can be dragged to set a value. Just like Bar, Slider can be vertical or horizontal.

### Parts and Styles

- **LV\_PART\_MAIN** The background of the slider. Uses all the typical background style properties. **padding** makes the indicator smaller in the respective direction.
- **LV\_PART\_INDICATOR** The indicator that shows the current state of the slider. Also uses all the typical background style properties.
- **LV\_PART\_KNOB** A rectangle (or circle) drawn at the current value. Also uses all the typical background properties to describe the knob(s). By default, the knob is square (with an optional corner radius) with side length equal to the smaller side of the slider. The knob can be made larger with the **padding** values. Padding values can be asymmetric too.

## Usage

### Value and range

To set an initial value use `lv_slider_set_value(slider, new_value, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF)`. The animation time is set by the styles' `anim_time` property.

To specify the range (min, max values), `lv_slider_set_range(slider, min , max)` can be used.

### Modes

The slider can be one of the following modes:

- `LV_SLIDER_MODE_NORMAL` A normal slider as described above
- `LV_SLIDER_SYMMETRICAL` Draw the indicator from the zero value to current value. Requires negative minimum range and positive maximum range.
- `LV_SLIDER_RANGE` Allows setting the start value too by `lv_bar_set_start_value(bar, new_value, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF)`. The start value has to be always smaller than the end value.

The mode can be changed with `lv_slider_set_mode(slider, LV_SLIDER_MODE_...)`

### Knob-only mode

Normally, the slider can be adjusted either by dragging the knob, or by clicking on the slider bar. In the latter case the knob moves to the point clicked and slider value changes accordingly. In some cases it is desirable to set the slider to react on dragging the knob only. This feature is enabled by adding the `LV_OBJ_FLAG_ADV_HITTEST`: `lv_obj_add_flag(slider, LV_OBJ_FLAG_ADV_HITTEST)`.

The extended click area (set by `lv_obj_set_ext_click_area(slider, value)`) increases to knob's click area.

### Events

- `LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED` Sent while the slider is being dragged or changed with keys. The event is sent continuously while the slider is dragged and once when released. Use `lv_slider_is_dragged` to determine whether the Slider is still being dragged or has just been released.
- `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN` and `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END` are sent for the following parts.
  - `LV_SLIDER_DRAW_PART_KNOB` The main (right) knob of the slider
    - \* `part`: `LV_PART_KNOB`
    - \* `draw_area`: area of the indicator
    - \* `rect_dsc`
    - \* `id`: 0
  - `LV_SLIDER_DRAW_PART_KNOB` The left knob of the slider
    - \* `part`: `LV_PART_KNOB`
    - \* `draw_area`: area of the indicator
    - \* `rect_dsc`

\* id: 1

See the events of the *Bar* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

- LV\_KEY\_UP/RIGHT Increment the slider's value by 1
- LV\_KEY\_DOWN/LEFT Decrement the slider's value by 1

Learn more about *Keys*.

## Example

### Simple Slider

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SLIDER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e);
static lv_obj_t * slider_label;

/**
 * A default slider with a label displaying the current value
 */
void lv_example_slider_1(void)
{
    /*Create a slider in the center of the display*/
    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_center(slider);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);

    /*Create a label below the slider*/
    slider_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(slider_label, "0%");

    lv_obj_align_to(slider_label, slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 10);
}

static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_event_get_target(e);
    char buf[8];
    lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%d%%", (int)lv_slider_get_value(slider));
    lv_label_set_text(slider_label, buf);
    lv_obj_align_to(slider_label, slider, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 10);
}

#endif
```

```
#
# A default slider with a label displaying the current value
#
def slider_event_cb(e):
```

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```

    slider = e.get_target()
    slider_label.set_text("{:d}%".format(slider.get_value()))
    slider_label.align_to(slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 10)

# Create a slider in the center of the display
    slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
    slider.center()
    slider.add_event_cb(slider_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)

# Create a label below the slider
    slider_label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
    slider_label.set_text("0%")

    slider_label.align_to(slider, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 10)

```

### Slider with custom style

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SLIDER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Show how to style a slider.
 */
void lv_example_slider_2(void)
{
    /*Create a transition*/
    static const lv_style_prop_t props[] = {LV_STYLE_BG_COLOR, 0};
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t transition_dsc;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&transition_dsc, props, lv_anim_path_linear, 300, 0, ↪
    ↪NULL);

    static lv_style_t style_main;
    static lv_style_t style_indicator;
    static lv_style_t style_knob;
    static lv_style_t style_pressed_color;
    lv_style_init(&style_main);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_main, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_main, lv_color_hex3(0xbbb));
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_main, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);
    lv_style_set_pad_ver(&style_main, -2); /*Makes the indicator larger*/

    lv_style_init(&style_indicator);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_indicator, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_indicator, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_CYAN));
    lv_style_set_radius(&style_indicator, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_indicator, &transition_dsc);

    lv_style_init(&style_knob);
    lv_style_set_bg_opa(&style_knob, LV_OPA_COVER);
    lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_knob, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_CYAN));

```

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```

lv_style_set_border_color(&style_knob, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_CYAN, 3));
lv_style_set_border_width(&style_knob, 2);
lv_style_set_radius(&style_knob, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE);
lv_style_set_pad_all(&style_knob, 6); /*Makes the knob larger*/
lv_style_set_transition(&style_knob, &transition_dsc);

lv_style_init(&style_pressed_color);
lv_style_set_bg_color(&style_pressed_color, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_CYAN,
↪2));

/*Create a slider and add the style*/
lv_obj_t * slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_remove_style_all(slider); /*Remove the styles coming from the
↪theme*/

lv_obj_add_style(slider, &style_main, LV_PART_MAIN);
lv_obj_add_style(slider, &style_indicator, LV_PART_INDICATOR);
lv_obj_add_style(slider, &style_pressed_color, LV_PART_INDICATOR | LV_STATE_
↪PRESSED);
lv_obj_add_style(slider, &style_knob, LV_PART_KNOB);
lv_obj_add_style(slider, &style_pressed_color, LV_PART_KNOB | LV_STATE_PRESSED);

lv_obj_center(slider);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Show how to style a slider.
#
# Create a transition
props = [lv.STYLE.BG_COLOR, 0]
transition_dsc = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
transition_dsc.init(props, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 300, 0, None)

style_main = lv.style_t()
style_indicator = lv.style_t()
style_knob = lv.style_t()
style_pressed_color = lv.style_t()
style_main.init()
style_main.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style_main.set_bg_color(lv.color_hex3(0xbbb))
style_main.set_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE)
style_main.set_pad_ver(-2) # Makes the indicator larger

style_indicator.init()
style_indicator.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style_indicator.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.CYAN))
style_indicator.set_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE)
style_indicator.set_transition(transition_dsc)

style_knob.init()
style_knob.set_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER)
style_knob.set_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.CYAN))
style_knob.set_border_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.CYAN, 3))
style_knob.set_border_width(2)

```

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```

style_knob.set_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE)
style_knob.set_pad_all(6)           # Makes the knob larger
style_knob.set_transition(transition_dsc)

style_pressed_color.init()
style_pressed_color.set_bg_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.CYAN, 2))

# Create a slider and add the style
slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
slider.remove_style_all()           # Remove the styles coming from the theme

slider.add_style(style_main, lv.PART.MAIN)
slider.add_style(style_indicator, lv.PART.INDICATOR)
slider.add_style(style_pressed_color, lv.PART.INDICATOR | lv.STATE.PRESSED)
slider.add_style(style_knob, lv.PART.KNOB)
slider.add_style(style_pressed_color, lv.PART.KNOB | lv.STATE.PRESSED)

slider.center()

```

### Slider with extended drawer

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SLIDER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e);

/**
 * Show the current value when the slider is pressed by extending the drawer
 */
void lv_example_slider_3(void)
{
    /*Create a slider in the center of the display*/
    lv_obj_t * slider;
    slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_center(slider);

    lv_slider_set_mode(slider, LV_SLIDER_MODE_RANGE);
    lv_slider_set_value(slider, 70, LV_ANIM_OFF);
    lv_slider_set_left_value(slider, 20, LV_ANIM_OFF);

    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_refresh_ext_draw_size(slider);
}

static void slider_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);

    /*Provide some extra space for the value*/
    if(code == LV_EVENT_REFR_EXT_DRAW_SIZE) {
        lv_event_set_ext_draw_size(e, 50);
    }
}

```

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```

    }
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END) {
        lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
        if(dsc->part == LV_PART_INDICATOR) {
            char buf[16];
            lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%d - %d", (int)lv_slider_get_left_
↪value(obj), (int)lv_slider_get_value(obj));

            lv_point_t label_size;
            lv_txt_get_size(&label_size, buf, LV_FONT_DEFAULT, 0, 0, LV_COORD_MAX, 0);
            lv_area_t label_area;
            label_area.x1 = dsc->draw_area->x1 + lv_area_get_width(dsc->draw_area) / ↪
↪2 - label_size.x / 2;
            label_area.x2 = label_area.x1 + label_size.x;
            label_area.y2 = dsc->draw_area->y1 - 10;
            label_area.y1 = label_area.y2 - label_size.y;

            lv_draw_label_dsc_t label_draw_dsc;
            lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&label_draw_dsc);
            label_draw_dsc.color = lv_color_hex3(0x888);
            lv_draw_label(dsc->draw_ctx, &label_draw_dsc, &label_area, buf, NULL);
        }
    }
}
#endif

```

```

def slider_event_cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()

    # Provide some extra space for the value
    if code == lv.EVENT.REFR_EXT_DRAW_SIZE:
        e.set_ext_draw_size(50)

    elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_END:
        # print("DRAW_PART_END")
        dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
        # print(dsc)
        if dsc.part == lv.PART.INDICATOR:
            label_text = "{:d} - {:d}".format(obj.get_left_value(), slider.get_value())
            label_size = lv.point_t()
            lv.txt_get_size(label_size, label_text, lv.font_default(), 0, 0, lv.COORD.
↪MAX, 0)
            # print(label_size.x, label_size.y)
            label_area = lv.area_t()
            label_area.x1 = dsc.draw_area.x1 + dsc.draw_area.get_width() // 2 - label_
↪size.x // 2
            label_area.x2 = label_area.x1 + label_size.x
            label_area.y2 = dsc.draw_area.y1 - 10
            label_area.y1 = label_area.y2 - label_size.y

            label_draw_dsc = lv.draw_label_dsc_t()
            label_draw_dsc.init()

            dsc.draw_ctx.label(label_draw_dsc, label_area, label_text, None)

```

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```

#
# Show the current value when the slider is pressed by extending the drawer
#
#
# Create a slider in the center of the display

slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
slider.center()

slider.set_mode(lv.slider.MODE.RANGE)
slider.set_value(70, lv.ANIM.OFF)
slider.set_left_value(20, lv.ANIM.OFF)

slider.add_event_cb(slider_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
slider.refresh_ext_draw_size()

```

## API

### Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_slider_mode_t
```

### Enums

enum **[anonymous]**

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_SLIDER\_MODE\_NORMAL**

enumerator **LV\_SLIDER\_MODE\_SYMMETRICAL**

enumerator **LV\_SLIDER\_MODE\_RANGE**

enum **lv\_slider\_draw\_part\_type\_t**

type field in `lv_obj_draw_part_desc_t` if `class_p` = `lv_slider_class` Used in `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN` and `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END`

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_SLIDER\_DRAW\_PART\_KNOB**

The main (right) knob's rectangle

enumerator **LV\_SLIDER\_DRAW\_PART\_KNOB\_LEFT**

The left knob's rectangle

## Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_slider\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a slider object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new slider.

**Returns** pointer to the created slider

static inline void **lv\_slider\_set\_value**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, int32\_t value, *lv\_anim\_enable\_t* anim)

Set a new value on the slider

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a slider object
- **value** -- the new value
- **anim** -- LV\_ANIM\_ON: set the value with an animation; LV\_ANIM\_OFF: change the value immediately

static inline void **lv\_slider\_set\_left\_value**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, int32\_t value, *lv\_anim\_enable\_t* anim)

Set a new value for the left knob of a slider

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a slider object
- **value** -- new value
- **anim** -- LV\_ANIM\_ON: set the value with an animation; LV\_ANIM\_OFF: change the value immediately

static inline void **lv\_slider\_set\_range**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, int32\_t min, int32\_t max)

Set minimum and the maximum values of a bar

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to the slider object
- **min** -- minimum value
- **max** -- maximum value

static inline void **lv\_slider\_set\_mode**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_slider\_mode\_t* mode)

Set the mode of slider.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a slider object
- **mode** -- the mode of the slider. See ::lv\_slider\_mode\_t

static inline int32\_t **lv\_slider\_get\_value**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the value of the main knob of a slider

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a slider object

**Returns** the value of the main knob of the slider

static inline int32\_t **lv\_slider\_get\_left\_value**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the value of the left knob of a slider

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a slider object

**Returns** the value of the left knob of the slider

```
static inline int32_t lv_slider_get_min_value(const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get the minimum value of a slider

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a slider object

**Returns** the minimum value of the slider

```
static inline int32_t lv_slider_get_max_value(const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get the maximum value of a slider

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a slider object

**Returns** the maximum value of the slider

```
bool lv_slider_is_dragged(const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Give the slider is being dragged or not

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a slider object

**Returns** true: drag in progress false: not dragged

```
static inline lv_slider_mode_t lv_slider_get_mode(lv_obj_t *slider)
```

Get the mode of the slider.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a bar object

**Returns** see ::lv\_slider\_mode\_t

## Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_slider_class
```

```
struct lv_slider_t
```

### Public Members

*lv\_bar\_t* **bar**

lv\_area\_t **left\_knob\_area**

lv\_area\_t **right\_knob\_area**

int32\_t \***value\_to\_set**

uint8\_t **dragging**

uint8\_t **left\_knob\_focus**

## 6.2.13 Switch (lv\_switch)

### Overview

The Switch looks like a little slider and can be used to turn something on and off.

## Parts and Styles

- **LV\_PART\_MAIN** The background of the switch uses all the typical background style properties. **padding** makes the indicator smaller in the respective direction.
- **LV\_PART\_INDICATOR** The indicator that shows the current state of the switch. Also uses all the typical background style properties.
- **LV\_PART\_KNOB** A rectangle (or circle) drawn at left or right side of the indicator. Also uses all the typical background properties to describe the knob(s). By default, the knob is square (with an optional corner radius) with side length equal to the smaller side of the slider. The knob can be made larger with the **padding** values. Padding values can be asymmetric too.

## Usage

### Change state

The switch uses the standard **LV\_STATE\_CHECKED** state.

To get the current state of the switch (with **true** being on), use `lv_obj_has_state(switch, LV_STATE_CHECKED)`.

Call `lv_obj_add_state(switch, LV_STATE_CHECKED)` to turn it on, or `lv_obj_clear_state(switch, LV_STATE_CHECKED)` to turn it off.

### Events

- **LV\_EVENT\_VALUE\_CHANGED** Sent when the switch changes state.

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

### Keys

- **LV\_KEY\_UP/RIGHT** Turns on the slider
- **LV\_KEY\_DOWN/LEFT** Turns off the slider
- **LV\_KEY\_ENTER** Toggles the switch

Learn more about *Keys*.

## Example

### Simple Switch

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SWITCH && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
```

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```

    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        LV_LOG_USER("State: %s\n", lv_obj_has_state(obj, LV_STATE_CHECKED) ? "On" :
↪ "Off");
    }
}

void lv_example_switch_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(lv_scr_act(), LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);
    lv_obj_set_flex_align(lv_scr_act(), LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER, ↪
↪ LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER);

    lv_obj_t * sw;

    sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

    sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_state(sw, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

    sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_state(sw, LV_STATE_DISABLED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

    sw = lv_switch_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_state(sw, LV_STATE_CHECKED | LV_STATE_DISABLED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(sw, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}

#endif

```

```

def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        if obj.has_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED):
            print("State: on")
        else:
            print("State: off")

lv.scr_act().set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.COLUMN)
lv.scr_act().set_flex_align(lv.FLEX_ALIGN.CENTER, lv.FLEX_ALIGN.CENTER, lv.FLEX_ALIGN.
↪ CENTER)

sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
sw.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.add_state(lv.STATE.DISABLED)
sw.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

```

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```
sw = lv.switch(lv.scr_act())
sw.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED | lv.STATE.DISABLED)
sw.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
```

## API

### Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_switch\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a switch object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new switch

**Returns** pointer to the created switch

### Variables

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_switch\_class**

struct **lv\_switch\_t**

#### Public Members

*lv\_obj\_t* **obj**

int32\_t **anim\_state**

## 6.2.14 Table (lv\_table)

### Overview

Tables, as usual, are built from rows, columns, and cells containing texts.

The Table object is very lightweight because only the texts are stored. No real objects are created for cells but they are just drawn on the fly.

The Table is added to the default group (if it is set). Besides the Table is an editable object to allow selecting a cell with encoder navigation too.

## Parts and Styles

- **LV\_PART\_MAIN** The background of the table uses all the typical background style properties.
- **LV\_PART\_ITEMS** The cells of the table also use all the typical background style properties and the text properties.

## Usage

### Set cell value

The cells can store only text so numbers need to be converted to text before displaying them in a table.

`lv_table_set_cell_value(table, row, col, "Content")`. The text is saved by the table so it can be even a local variable.

Line breaks can be used in the text like `"Value\n60.3"`.

New rows and columns are automatically added is required

### Rows and Columns

To explicitly set number of rows and columns use `lv_table_set_row_cnt(table, row_cnt)` and `lv_table_set_col_cnt(table, col_cnt)`

### Width and Height

The width of the columns can be set with `lv_table_set_col_width(table, col_id, width)`. The overall width of the Table object will be set to the sum of columns widths.

The height is calculated automatically from the cell styles (font, padding etc) and the number of rows.

### Merge cells

Cells can be merged horizontally with `lv_table_add_cell_ctrl(table, row, col, LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_MERGE_RIGHT)`. To merge more adjacent cells call this function for each cell.

### Scroll

If the label's width or height is set to `LV_SIZE_CONTENT` that size will be used to show the whole table in the respective direction. E.g. `lv_obj_set_size(table, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT)` automatically sets the table size to show all the columns and rows.

If the width or height is set to a smaller number than the "intrinsic" size then the table becomes scrollable.



## Events

- LV\_EVENT\_VALUE\_CHANGED Sent when a new cell is selected with keys.
- LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_BEGIN and LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_END are sent for the following types:
  - LV\_TABLE\_DRAW\_PART\_CELL The individual cells of the table
    - \* part: LV\_PART\_ITEMS
    - \* draw\_area: area of the indicator
    - \* rect\_dsc
    - \* label\_dsc
    - \* id: current row × col count + current column

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

The following *Keys* are processed by the Tables:

- LV\_KEY\_RIGHT/LEFT/UP/DOWN/ Select a cell.

Note that, as usual, the state of LV\_KEY\_ENTER is translated to LV\_EVENT\_PRESSED/PRESSING/RELEASED etc.

lv\_table\_get\_selected\_cell(table, &row, &col) can be used to get the currently selected cell. Row and column will be set to LV\_TABLE\_CELL\_NONE no cell is selected.

Learn more about *Keys*.

## Example

### Simple table

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TABLE && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void draw_part_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_param(e);
    /*If the cells are drawn...*/
    if(dsc->part == LV_PART_ITEMS) {
        uint32_t row = dsc->id / lv_table_get_col_cnt(obj);
        uint32_t col = dsc->id - row * lv_table_get_col_cnt(obj);

        /*Make the texts in the first cell center aligned*/
        if(row == 0) {
            dsc->label_dsc->align = LV_TEXT_ALIGN_CENTER;
            dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_color_mix(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE),
            ↪dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color, LV_OPA_20);
            dsc->rect_dsc->bg_opa = LV_OPA_COVER;
        }
    }
}
```

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```

    /*In the first column align the texts to the right*/
    else if(col == 0) {
        dsc->label_dsc->align = LV_TEXT_ALIGN_RIGHT;
    }

    /*Make every 2nd row grayish*/
    if((row != 0 && row % 2) == 0) {
        dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_color_mix(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREY), LV_COLOR_BLACK, 10);
        ↪dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color, LV_OPA_10);
        dsc->rect_dsc->bg_opa = LV_OPA_COVER;
    }
}
}

void lv_example_table_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * table = lv_table_create(lv_scr_act());

    /*Fill the first column*/
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 0, 0, "Name");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 1, 0, "Apple");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 2, 0, "Banana");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 3, 0, "Lemon");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 4, 0, "Grape");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 5, 0, "Melon");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 6, 0, "Peach");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 7, 0, "Nuts");

    /*Fill the second column*/
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 0, 1, "Price");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 1, 1, "$7");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 2, 1, "$4");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 3, 1, "$6");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 4, 1, "$2");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 5, 1, "$5");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 6, 1, "$1");
    lv_table_set_cell_value(table, 7, 1, "$9");

    /*Set a smaller height to the table. It'll make it scrollable*/
    lv_obj_set_height(table, 200);
    lv_obj_center(table);

    /*Add an event callback to to apply some custom drawing*/
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(table, draw_part_event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN, NULL);
}

#endif

```

```

def draw_part_event_cb(e):
    obj = e.get_target()
    dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    # If the cells are drawn..
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.ITEMS:
        row = dsc.id // obj.get_col_cnt()
        col = dsc.id - row * obj.get_col_cnt()

```

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```

    # Make the texts in the first cell center aligned
    if row == 0:
        dsc.label_dsc.align = lv.TEXT_ALIGN.CENTER
        dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE).color_mix(dsc.
↪rect_dsc.bg_color, lv.OPA._20)
        dsc.rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA.COVER

    # In the first column align the texts to the right
    elif col == 0:
        dsc.label_dsc.flag = lv.TEXT_ALIGN.RIGHT

    # Make every 2nd row grayish
    if row != 0 and (row % 2) == 0:
        dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY).color_mix(dsc.
↪rect_dsc.bg_color, lv.OPA._10)
        dsc.rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA.COVER

table = lv.table(lv.scr_act())

# Fill the first column
table.set_cell_value(0, 0, "Name")
table.set_cell_value(1, 0, "Apple")
table.set_cell_value(2, 0, "Banana")
table.set_cell_value(3, 0, "Lemon")
table.set_cell_value(4, 0, "Grape")
table.set_cell_value(5, 0, "Melon")
table.set_cell_value(6, 0, "Peach")
table.set_cell_value(7, 0, "Nuts")

# Fill the second column
table.set_cell_value(0, 1, "Price")
table.set_cell_value(1, 1, "$7")
table.set_cell_value(2, 1, "$4")
table.set_cell_value(3, 1, "$6")
table.set_cell_value(4, 1, "$2")
table.set_cell_value(5, 1, "$5")
table.set_cell_value(6, 1, "$1")
table.set_cell_value(7, 1, "$9")

# Set a smaller height to the table. It'll make it scrollable
table.set_height(200)
table.center()

# Add an event callback to apply some custom drawing
table.add_event_cb(draw_part_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN, None)

```

## Lightweighted list from table

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TABLE && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

#define ITEM_CNT 200

static void draw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
    /*If the cells are drawn...*/
    if(dsc->part == LV_PART_ITEMS) {
        bool chk = lv_table_has_cell_ctrl(obj, dsc->id, 0, LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_
↪1);

        lv_draw_rect_dsc_t rect_dsc;
        lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&rect_dsc);
        rect_dsc.bg_color = chk ? lv_theme_get_color_primary(obj) : lv_palette_
↪lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 2);
        rect_dsc.radius = LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE;

        lv_area_t sw_area;
        sw_area.x1 = dsc->draw_area->x2 - 50;
        sw_area.x2 = sw_area.x1 + 40;
        sw_area.y1 = dsc->draw_area->y1 + lv_area_get_height(dsc->draw_area) / 2 - 10;
        sw_area.y2 = sw_area.y1 + 20;
        lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &rect_dsc, &sw_area);

        rect_dsc.bg_color = lv_color_white();
        if(chk) {
            sw_area.x2 -= 2;
            sw_area.x1 = sw_area.x2 - 16;
        }
        else {
            sw_area.x1 += 2;
            sw_area.x2 = sw_area.x1 + 16;
        }
        sw_area.y1 += 2;
        sw_area.y2 -= 2;
        lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &rect_dsc, &sw_area);
    }
}

static void change_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    uint16_t col;
    uint16_t row;
    lv_table_get_selected_cell(obj, &row, &col);
    bool chk = lv_table_has_cell_ctrl(obj, row, 0, LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_1);
    if(chk) lv_table_clear_cell_ctrl(obj, row, 0, LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_1);
    else lv_table_add_cell_ctrl(obj, row, 0, LV_TABLE_CELL_CTRL_CUSTOM_1);
}

/**

```

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```

* A very light-weighted list created from table
*/
void lv_example_table_2(void)
{
    /*Measure memory usage*/
    lv_mem_monitor_t mon1;
    lv_mem_monitor(&mon1);

    uint32_t t = lv_tick_get();

    lv_obj_t * table = lv_table_create(lv_scr_act());

    /*Set a smaller height to the table. It'll make it scrollable*/
    lv_obj_set_size(table, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, 200);

    lv_table_set_col_width(table, 0, 150);
    lv_table_set_row_cnt(table, ITEM_CNT); /*Not required but avoids a lot of memory_
↪ reallocation lv_table_set_set_value*/
    lv_table_set_col_cnt(table, 1);

    /*Don't make the cell pressed, we will draw something different in the event*/
    lv_obj_remove_style(table, NULL, LV_PART_ITEMS | LV_STATE_PRESSED);

    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < ITEM_CNT; i++) {
        lv_table_set_cell_value_fmt(table, i, 0, "Item %"LV_PRIu32, i + 1);
    }

    lv_obj_align(table, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -20);

    /*Add an event callback to to apply some custom drawing*/
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(table, draw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END, NULL);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(table, change_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);

    lv_mem_monitor_t mon2;
    lv_mem_monitor(&mon2);

    uint32_t mem_used = mon1.free_size - mon2.free_size;

    uint32_t elaps = lv_tick_elaps(t);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32" items were created in %"LV_PRIu32" ms\n
↪ "
                                "using %"LV_PRIu32" bytes of memory",
                                ITEM_CNT, elaps, mem_used);

    lv_obj_align(label, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_MID, 0, -10);
}

#endif

```

```

from utime import ticks_ms
import gc

```

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```

ITEM_CNT = 200

def draw_event_cb(e):
    obj = e.get_target()
    dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    # If the cells are drawn...
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.ITEMS:
        chk = obj.has_cell_ctrl(dsc.id, 0, lv.table.CELL_CTRL.CUSTOM_1)

        rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
        rect_dsc.init()

        if chk:
            rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.theme_get_color_primary(obj)
        else:
            rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 2)

        rect_dsc.radius = lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE

        sw_area = lv.area_t()
        sw_area.x1 = dsc.draw_area.x2 - 50
        sw_area.x2 = sw_area.x1 + 40
        sw_area.y1 = dsc.draw_area.y1 + dsc.draw_area.get_height() // 2 - 10
        sw_area.y2 = sw_area.y1 + 20
        dsc.draw_ctx.rect(rect_dsc, sw_area)

        rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.color_white()

        if chk:
            sw_area.x2 -= 2
            sw_area.x1 = sw_area.x2 - 16
        else:
            sw_area.x1 += 2
            sw_area.x2 = sw_area.x1 + 16
        sw_area.y1 += 2
        sw_area.y2 -= 2
        dsc.draw_ctx.rect(rect_dsc, sw_area)

def change_event_cb(e):
    obj = e.get_target()
    row = lv.C_Pointer()
    col = lv.C_Pointer()
    table.get_selected_cell(row, col)
    # print("row: ", row.uint_val)

    chk = table.has_cell_ctrl(row.uint_val, 0, lv.table.CELL_CTRL.CUSTOM_1)
    if chk:
        table.clear_cell_ctrl(row.uint_val, 0, lv.table.CELL_CTRL.CUSTOM_1)
    else:
        table.add_cell_ctrl(row.uint_val, 0, lv.table.CELL_CTRL.CUSTOM_1)

#
# A very light-weighted list created from table
#

# Measure memory usage
gc.enable()

```

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```

gc.collect()
mem_free = gc.mem_free()
print("mem_free: ", mem_free)
t = ticks_ms()
print("ticks: ", t)
table = lv.table(lv.scr_act())

# Set a smaller height to the table. It'll make it scrollable
table.set_size(150, 200)

table.set_col_width(0, 150)
table.set_row_cnt(ITEM_CNT) # Not required but avoids a lot of memory reallocation_
→lv_table_set_set_value
table.set_col_cnt(1)

# Don't make the cell pressed, we will draw something different in the event
table.remove_style(None, lv.PART.ITEMS | lv.STATE.PRESSED)

for i in range(ITEM_CNT):
    table.set_cell_value(i, 0, "Item " + str(i+1))

table.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -20)

# Add an event callback to apply some custom drawing
table.add_event_cb(draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_END, None)
table.add_event_cb(change_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)

gc.collect()
mem_used = mem_free - gc.mem_free()
elaps = ticks_ms()-t

label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set_text(str(ITEM_CNT) + " items were created in " + str(elaps) + " ms\n using
→" + str(mem_used) + " bytes of memory")
#label.set_text(str(ITEM_CNT) + " items were created in " + str(elaps) + " ms")

label.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_MID, 0, -10)

```

## MicroPython

No examples yet.

## API

### Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_table_cell_ctrl_t
```

## Enums

enum **[anonymous]**

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_TABLE\_CELL\_CTRL\_MERGE\_RIGHT**

enumerator **LV\_TABLE\_CELL\_CTRL\_TEXT\_CROP**

enumerator **LV\_TABLE\_CELL\_CTRL\_CUSTOM\_1**

enumerator **LV\_TABLE\_CELL\_CTRL\_CUSTOM\_2**

enumerator **LV\_TABLE\_CELL\_CTRL\_CUSTOM\_3**

enumerator **LV\_TABLE\_CELL\_CTRL\_CUSTOM\_4**

enum **lv\_table\_draw\_part\_type\_t**

type field in `lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t` if `class_p` = `lv_table_class` Used in `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN` and `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END`

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_TABLE\_DRAW\_PART\_CELL**

A cell

## Functions

**LV\_EXPORT\_CONST\_INT**(LV\_TABLE\_CELL\_NONE)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_table\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a table object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new table

**Returns** pointer to the created table

void **lv\_table\_set\_cell\_value**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t row, uint16\_t col, const char \*txt)

Set the value of a cell.

---

**Note:** New rows/columns are added automatically if required

---

### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a Table object
- **row** -- id of the row [0 .. row\_cnt -1]
- **col** -- id of the column [0 .. col\_cnt -1]
- **txt** -- text to display in the cell. It will be copied and saved so this variable is not required after this function call.

void **lv\_table\_set\_cell\_value\_fmt**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t row, uint16\_t col, const char \*fmt, ...)

Set the value of a cell. Memory will be allocated to store the text by the table.



---

**Note:** New rows/columns are added automatically if required

---

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a Table object
- **row** -- id of the row [0 .. row\_cnt -1]
- **col** -- id of the column [0 .. col\_cnt -1]
- **fmt** -- printf-like format

void **lv\_table\_set\_row\_cnt**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t row\_cnt)

Set the number of rows

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- table pointer to a Table object
- **row\_cnt** -- number of rows

void **lv\_table\_set\_col\_cnt**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t col\_cnt)

Set the number of columns

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- table pointer to a Table object
- **col\_cnt** -- number of columns.

void **lv\_table\_set\_col\_width**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t col\_id, lv\_coord\_t w)

Set the width of a column

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- table pointer to a Table object
- **col\_id** -- id of the column [0 .. LV\_TABLE\_COL\_MAX -1]
- **w** -- width of the column

void **lv\_table\_add\_cell\_ctrl**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t row, uint16\_t col, *lv\_table\_cell\_ctrl\_t* ctrl)

Add control bits to the cell.

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a Table object
- **row** -- id of the row [0 .. row\_cnt -1]
- **col** -- id of the column [0 .. col\_cnt -1]
- **ctrl** -- OR-ed values from ::lv\_table\_cell\_ctrl\_t

void **lv\_table\_clear\_cell\_ctrl**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t row, uint16\_t col, *lv\_table\_cell\_ctrl\_t* ctrl)

Clear control bits of the cell.

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a Table object
- **row** -- id of the row [0 .. row\_cnt -1]
- **col** -- id of the column [0 .. col\_cnt -1]
- **ctrl** -- OR-ed values from ::lv\_table\_cell\_ctrl\_t

const char \***lv\_table\_get\_cell\_value**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t row, uint16\_t col)

Get the value of a cell.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a Table object
- **row** -- id of the row [0 .. row\_cnt -1]
- **col** -- id of the column [0 .. col\_cnt -1]

**Returns** text in the cell

uint16\_t **lv\_table\_get\_row\_cnt**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the number of rows.

**Parameters** **obj** -- table pointer to a Table object

**Returns** number of rows.

uint16\_t **lv\_table\_get\_col\_cnt**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the number of columns.

**Parameters** **obj** -- table pointer to a Table object

**Returns** number of columns.

lv\_coord\_t **lv\_table\_get\_col\_width**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t col)

Get the width of a column

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- table pointer to a Table object
- **col** -- id of the column [0 .. LV\_TABLE\_COL\_MAX -1]

**Returns** width of the column

bool **lv\_table\_has\_cell\_ctrl**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t row, uint16\_t col, *lv\_table\_cell\_ctrl\_t* ctrl)

Get whether a cell has the control bits

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a Table object
- **row** -- id of the row [0 .. row\_cnt -1]
- **col** -- id of the column [0 .. col\_cnt -1]
- **ctrl** -- OR-ed values from ::lv\_table\_cell\_ctrl\_t

**Returns** true: all control bits are set; false: not all control bits are set

void **lv\_table\_get\_selected\_cell**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t \*row, uint16\_t \*col)

Get the selected cell (pressed and or focused)

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a table object
- **row** -- pointer to variable to store the selected row (LV\_TABLE\_CELL\_NONE: if no cell selected)
- **col** -- pointer to variable to store the selected column (LV\_TABLE\_CELL\_NONE: if no cell selected)

## Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_table_class
struct lv_table_t
```

### Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
uint16_t col_cnt
uint16_t row_cnt
char **cell_data
lv_coord_t *row_h
lv_coord_t *col_w
uint16_t col_act
uint16_t row_act
```

## 6.2.15 Text area (lv\_textarea)

### Overview

The Text Area is a *Base object* with a *Label* and a cursor on it. Texts or characters can be added to it. Long lines are wrapped and when the text becomes long enough the Text area can be scrolled.

One line mode and password modes are supported.

### Parts and Styles

- **LV\_PART\_MAIN** The background of the text area. Uses all the typical background style properties and the text related style properties including **text\_align** to align the text to the left, right or center.
- **LV\_PART\_SCROLLBAR** The scrollbar that is shown when the text is too long.
- **LV\_PART\_SELECTED** Determines the style of the **selected text**. Only **text\_color** and **bg\_color** style properties can be used. **bg\_color** should be set directly on the label of the text area.
- **LV\_PART\_CURSOR** Marks the position where the characters are inserted. The cursor's area is always the bounding box of the current character. A block cursor can be created by adding a background color and background opacity to **LV\_PART\_CURSOR**'s style. The create line cursor leave the cursor transparent and set a left border. The **anim\_time** style property sets the cursor's blink time.
- **LV\_PART\_TEXTAREA\_PLACEHOLDER** Unique to Text Area, allows styling the placeholder text.

## Usage

### Add text

You can insert text or characters to the current cursor's position with:

- `lv_textarea_add_char(textarea, 'c')`
- `lv_textarea_add_text(textarea, "insert this text")`

To add wide characters like 'á', 'ß' or CJK characters use `lv_textarea_add_text(ta, "á")`.

`lv_textarea_set_text(ta, "New text")` changes the whole text.

### Placeholder

A placeholder text can be specified - which is displayed when the Text area is empty - with `lv_textarea_set_placeholder_text(ta, "Placeholder text")`

### Delete character

To delete a character from the left of the current cursor position use `lv_textarea_del_char(textarea)`. To delete from the right use `lv_textarea_del_char_forward(textarea)`

### Move the cursor

The cursor position can be modified directly like `lv_textarea_set_cursor_pos(textarea, 10)`. The 0 position means "before the first characters", `LV_TA_CURSOR_LAST` means "after the last character"

You can step the cursor with

- `lv_textarea_cursor_right(textarea)`
- `lv_textarea_cursor_left(textarea)`
- `lv_textarea_cursor_up(textarea)`
- `lv_textarea_cursor_down(textarea)`

If `lv_textarea_set_cursor_click_pos(textarea, true)` is applied the cursor will jump to the position where the Text area was clicked.

### Hide the cursor

The cursor is always visible, however it can be a good idea to style it to be visible only in `LV_STATE_FOCUSED` state.

## One line mode

The Text area can be configured to be on a single line with `lv_textarea_set_one_line(textarea, true)`. In this mode the height is set automatically to show only one line, line break characters are ignored, and word wrap is disabled.

## Password mode

The text area supports password mode which can be enabled with `lv_textarea_set_password_mode(textarea, true)`.

If the • (Bullet, U+2022) character exists in the font, the entered characters are converted to it after some time or when a new character is entered. If • not exists, \* will be used.

In password mode `lv_textarea_get_text(textarea)` returns the actual text entered, not the bullet characters.

The visibility time can be adjusted with `LV_TEXTAREA_DEF_PWD_SHOW_TIME` in `lv_conf.h`.

## Accepted characters

You can set a list of accepted characters with `lv_textarea_set_accepted_chars(textarea, "0123456789.+ -")`. Other characters will be ignored.

## Max text length

The maximum number of characters can be limited with `lv_textarea_set_max_length(textarea, max_char_num)`

## Very long texts

If there is a very long text in the Text area (e.g. > 20k characters), scrolling and drawing might be slow. However, by enabling `LV_LABEL_LONG_TXT_HINT 1` in `lv_conf.h` the performance can be hugely improved. This will save some additional information about the label to speed up its drawing. Using `LV_LABEL_LONG_TXT_HINT` the scrolling and drawing will as fast as with "normal" short texts.

## Select text

Any part of the text can be selected if enabled with `lv_textarea_set_text_selection(textarea, true)`. This works much like when you select text on your PC with your mouse.

## Events

- **LV\_EVENT\_INSERT** Sent right before a character or text is inserted. The event parameter is the text about to be inserted. `lv_textarea_set_insert_replace(textarea, "New text")` replaces the text to insert. The new text cannot be in a local variable which is destroyed when the event callback exists. "" means do not insert anything.
- **LV\_EVENT\_VALUE\_CHANGED** Sent when the content of the text area has been changed.
- **LV\_EVENT\_READY** Sent when **LV\_KEY\_ENTER** is pressed (or sent) to a one line text area.

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

- **LV\_KEY\_UP/DOWN/LEFT/RIGHT** Move the cursor
- **Any character** Add the character to the current cursor position

Learn more about *Keys*.

## Example

### Simple Text area

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TEXTAREA && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void textarea_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_target(e);
    LV_LOG_USER("Enter was pressed. The current text is: %s", lv_textarea_get_
↪text(ta));
}

static void btnm_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    const char * txt = lv_btnmatrix_get_btn_text(obj, lv_btnmatrix_get_selected_
↪btn(obj));

    if(strcmp(txt, LV_SYMBOL_BACKSPACE) == 0) lv_textarea_del_char(ta);
    else if(strcmp(txt, LV_SYMBOL_NEW_LINE) == 0) lv_event_send(ta, LV_EVENT_READY,
↪NULL);
    else lv_textarea_add_text(ta, txt);
}

void lv_example_textarea_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_textarea_set_one_line(ta, true);
    lv_obj_align(ta, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 10);
}
```

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```

lv_obj_add_event_cb(ta, textarea_event_handler, LV_EVENT_READY, ta);
lv_obj_add_state(ta, LV_STATE_FOCUSED); /*To be sure the cursor is visible*/

static const char * btnm_map[] = {"1", "2", "3", "\n",
                                   "4", "5", "6", "\n",
                                   "7", "8", "9", "\n",
                                   LV_SYMBOL_BACKSPACE, "0", LV_SYMBOL_NEW_LINE, ""
                                   };

lv_obj_t * btnm = lv_btnmatrix_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_set_size(btnm, 200, 150);
lv_obj_align(btnm, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_MID, 0, -10);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btnm, btnm_event_handler, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, ta);
lv_obj_clear_flag(btnm, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CLICK_FOCUSABLE); /*To keep the text area
↪ focused on button clicks*/
lv_btnmatrix_set_map(btnm, btnm_map);
}

#endif

```

```

def textarea_event_handler(e, ta):
    print("Enter was pressed. The current text is: " + ta.get_text())

def btnm_event_handler(e, ta):
    obj = e.get_target()
    txt = obj.get_btn_text(obj.get_selected_btn())
    if txt == lv.SYMBOL.BACKSPACE:
        ta.del_char()
    elif txt == lv.SYMBOL.NEW_LINE:
        lv.event_send(ta, lv.EVENT.READY, None)
    elif txt:
        ta.add_text(txt)

ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
ta.set_one_line(True)
ta.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 0, 10)
ta.add_event_cb(lambda e: textarea_event_handler(e, ta), lv.EVENT.READY, None)
ta.add_state(lv.STATE.FOCUSED) # To be sure the cursor is visible

btnm_map = ["1", "2", "3", "\n",
            "4", "5", "6", "\n",
            "7", "8", "9", "\n",
            lv.SYMBOL.BACKSPACE, "0", lv.SYMBOL.NEW_LINE, ""]

btnm = lv.btnmatrix(lv.scr_act())
btnm.set_size(200, 150)
btnm.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_MID, 0, -10)
btnm.add_event_cb(lambda e: btnm_event_handler(e, ta), lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
btnm.clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.CLICK_FOCUSABLE) # To keep the text area focused on
↪ button clicks
btnm.set_map(btnm_map)

```

## Text area with password field

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TEXTAREA && LV_USE_KEYBOARD && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e);

static lv_obj_t * kb;

void lv_example_textarea_2(void)
{
    /*Create the password box*/
    lv_obj_t * pwd_ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_textarea_set_text(pwd_ta, "");
    lv_textarea_set_password_mode(pwd_ta, true);
    lv_textarea_set_one_line(pwd_ta, true);
    lv_obj_set_width(pwd_ta, lv_pct(40));
    lv_obj_set_pos(pwd_ta, 5, 20);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(pwd_ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

    /*Create a label and position it above the text box*/
    lv_obj_t * pwd_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(pwd_label, "Password:");
    lv_obj_align_to(pwd_label, pwd_ta, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_LEFT, 0, 0);

    /*Create the one-line mode text area*/
    lv_obj_t * text_ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_textarea_set_one_line(text_ta, true);
    lv_textarea_set_password_mode(text_ta, false);
    lv_obj_set_width(text_ta, lv_pct(40));
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(text_ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_align(text_ta, LV_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT, -5, 20);

    /*Create a label and position it above the text box*/
    lv_obj_t * oneline_label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(oneline_label, "Text:");
    lv_obj_align_to(oneline_label, text_ta, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_LEFT, 0, 0);

    /*Create a keyboard*/
    kb = lv_keyboard_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(kb, LV_HOR_RES, LV_VER_RES / 2);

    lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, pwd_ta); /*Focus it on one of the text areas to
↪start*/
}

static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED || code == LV_EVENT_FOCUSED) {
        /*Focus on the clicked text area*/
        if(kb != NULL) lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, ta);
    }

    else if(code == LV_EVENT_READY) {

```

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```

        LV_LOG_USER("Ready, current text: %s", lv_textarea_get_text(ta));
    }
}

#endif

```

```

def ta_event_cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    ta = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.FOCUSED:
        # Focus on the clicked text area
        if kb != None:
            kb.set_textarea(ta)

    elif code == lv.EVENT.READY:
        print("Ready, current text: " + ta.get_text())

# Create the password box
LV_HOR_RES = lv.scr_act().get_disp().driver.hor_res
LV_VER_RES = lv.scr_act().get_disp().driver.ver_res

pwd_ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
pwd_ta.set_text("")
pwd_ta.set_password_mode(True)
pwd_ta.set_one_line(True)
pwd_ta.set_width(LV_HOR_RES // 2 - 20)
pwd_ta.set_pos(5, 20)
pwd_ta.add_event_cb(ta_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

# Create a label and position it above the text box
pwd_label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
pwd_label.set_text("Password:")
pwd_label.align_to(pwd_ta, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_LEFT, 0, 0)

# Create the one-line mode text area
text_ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
text_ta.set_width(LV_HOR_RES // 2 - 20)
text_ta.set_one_line(True)
text_ta.add_event_cb(ta_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
text_ta.set_password_mode(False)

text_ta.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_RIGHT, -5, 20)

# Create a label and position it above the text box
online_label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
online_label.set_text("Text:")
online_label.align_to(text_ta, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_LEFT, 0, 0)

# Create a keyboard
kb = lv.keyboard(lv.scr_act())
kb.set_size(LV_HOR_RES, LV_VER_RES // 2)

kb.set_textarea(pwd_ta) # Focus it on one of the text areas to start

```

## Text auto-formatting

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TEXTAREA && LV_USE_KEYBOARD && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e);

static lv_obj_t * kb;

/**
 * Automatically format text like a clock. E.g. "12:34"
 * Add the ':' automatically.
 */
void lv_example_textarea_3(void)
{
    /*Create the text area*/
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    lv_textarea_set_accepted_chars(ta, "0123456789:");
    lv_textarea_set_max_length(ta, 5);
    lv_textarea_set_one_line(ta, true);
    lv_textarea_set_text(ta, "");

    /*Create a keyboard*/
    kb = lv_keyboard_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(kb, LV_HOR_RES, LV_VER_RES / 2);
    lv_keyboard_set_mode(kb, LV_KEYBOARD_MODE_NUMBER);
    lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, ta);
}

static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_target(e);
    const char * txt = lv_textarea_get_text(ta);
    if(txt[0] >= '0' && txt[0] <= '9' &&
       txt[1] >= '0' && txt[1] <= '9' &&
       txt[2] != ':') {
        lv_textarea_set_cursor_pos(ta, 2);
        lv_textarea_add_char(ta, ':');
    }
}

#endif

```

```

def ta_event_cb(e):
    ta = e.get_target()
    txt = ta.get_text()
    # print(txt)
    pos = ta.get_cursor_pos()
    # print("cursor pos: ",pos)
    # find position of ":" in text
    colon_pos= txt.find(":")
    # if there are more than 2 digits before the colon, remove the last one entered
    if colon_pos == 3:
        ta.del_char()
    if colon_pos != -1:
        # if there are more than 3 digits after the ":" remove the last one entered

```

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```

        rest = txt[colon_pos:]
        if len(rest) > 3:
            ta.del_char()

    if len(txt) < 2:
        return
    if ":" in txt:
        return
    if txt[0] >= '0' and txt[0] <= '9' and \
       txt[1] >= '0' and txt[1] <= '9':
        if len(txt) == 2 or txt[2] != ':' :
            ta.set_cursor_pos(2)
            ta.add_char(ord(':'))
#
# Automatically format text like a clock. E.g. "12:34"
# Add the ':' automatically
#
# Create the text area

LV_HOR_RES = lv.scr_act().get_disp().driver.hor_res
LV_VER_RES = lv.scr_act().get_disp().driver.ver_res

ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
ta.add_event_cb(ta_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
ta.set_accepted_chars("0123456789:")
ta.set_max_length(5)
ta.set_one_line(True)
ta.set_text("")
ta.add_state(lv.STATE.FOCUSED)

# Create a keyboard
kb = lv.keyboard(lv.scr_act())
kb.set_size(LV_HOR_RES, LV_VER_RES // 2)
kb.set_mode(lv.keyboard.MODE.NUMBER)
kb.set_textarea(ta)

```

## API

### Enums

enum **[anonymous]**

Values:

enumerator **LV\_PART\_TEXTAREA\_PLACEHOLDER**

## Functions

**LV\_EXPORT\_CONST\_INT**(LV\_TEXTAREA\_CURSOR\_LAST)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_textarea\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a text area object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new text area

**Returns** pointer to the created text area

void **lv\_textarea\_add\_char**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint32\_t c)

Insert a character to the current cursor position. To add a wide char, e.g. 'Á' use `_lv_txt_encoded_conv_wc('Á')`

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- **c** -- a character (e.g. 'a')

void **lv\_textarea\_add\_text**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const char \*txt)

Insert a text to the current cursor position

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- **txt** -- a '\0' terminated string to insert

void **lv\_textarea\_del\_char**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Delete a the left character from the current cursor position

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

void **lv\_textarea\_del\_char\_forward**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Delete the right character from the current cursor position

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

void **lv\_textarea\_set\_text**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const char \*txt)

Set the text of a text area

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- **txt** -- pointer to the text

void **lv\_textarea\_set\_placeholder\_text**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const char \*txt)

Set the placeholder text of a text area

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- **txt** -- pointer to the text

void **lv\_textarea\_set\_cursor\_pos**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, int32\_t pos)

Set the cursor position

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- **pos** -- the new cursor position in character index < 0 : index from the end of the text  
LV\_TEXTAREA\_CURSOR\_LAST: go after the last character

void **lv\_textarea\_set\_cursor\_click\_pos**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, bool en)  
 Enable/Disable the positioning of the cursor by clicking the text on the text area.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- **en** -- true: enable click positions; false: disable

void **lv\_textarea\_set\_password\_mode**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, bool en)  
 Enable/Disable password mode

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- **en** -- true: enable, false: disable

void **lv\_textarea\_set\_one\_line**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, bool en)  
 Configure the text area to one line or back to normal

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- **en** -- true: one line, false: normal

void **lv\_textarea\_set\_accepted\_chars**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const char \*list)  
 Set a list of characters. Only these characters will be accepted by the text area

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- **list** -- list of characters. Only the pointer is saved. E.g. "+-.,0123456789"

void **lv\_textarea\_set\_max\_length**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint32\_t num)  
 Set max length of a Text Area.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- **num** -- the maximal number of characters can be added (`lv_textarea_set_text` ignores it)

void **lv\_textarea\_set\_insert\_replace**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const char \*txt)  
 In `LV_EVENT_INSERT` the text which planned to be inserted can be replaced by an other text. It can be used to add automatic formatting to the text area.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- **txt** -- pointer to a new string to insert. If "" no text will be added. The variable must be live after the `event_cb` exists. (Should be `global` or `static`)

void **lv\_textarea\_set\_text\_selection**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, bool en)  
 Enable/disable selection mode.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- **en** -- true or false to enable/disable selection mode

void **lv\_textarea\_set\_password\_show\_time**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t time)  
 Set how long show the password before changing it to '\*'

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- **time** -- show time in milliseconds. 0: hide immediately.

void **lv\_textarea\_set\_align**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, lv\_text\_align\_t align)

Deprecated: use the normal text\_align style property instead Set the label's alignment. It sets where the label is aligned (in one line mode it can be smaller than the text area) and how the lines of the area align in case of multiline text area

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a text area object
- **align** -- the align mode from ::lv\_text\_align\_t

const char \***lv\_textarea\_get\_text**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the text of a text area. In password mode it gives the real text (not '\*'s).

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

**Returns** pointer to the text

const char \***lv\_textarea\_get\_placeholder\_text**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the placeholder text of a text area

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

**Returns** pointer to the text

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_textarea\_get\_label**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the label of a text area

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

**Returns** pointer to the label object

uint32\_t **lv\_textarea\_get\_cursor\_pos**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the current cursor position in character index

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

**Returns** the cursor position

bool **lv\_textarea\_get\_cursor\_click\_pos**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get whether the cursor click positioning is enabled or not.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

**Returns** true: enable click positions; false: disable

bool **lv\_textarea\_get\_password\_mode**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the password mode attribute

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

**Returns** true: password mode is enabled, false: disabled

bool **lv\_textarea\_get\_one\_line**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the one line configuration attribute

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

**Returns** true: one line configuration is enabled, false: disabled

const char \***lv\_textarea\_get\_accepted\_chars**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get a list of accepted characters.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

**Returns** list of accented characters.

uint32\_t **lv\_textarea\_get\_max\_length**(lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Get max length of a Text Area.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

**Returns** the maximal number of characters to be add

bool **lv\_textarea\_text\_is\_selected**(const lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Find whether text is selected or not.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

**Returns** whether text is selected or not

bool **lv\_textarea\_get\_text\_selection**(lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Find whether selection mode is enabled.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

**Returns** true: selection mode is enabled, false: disabled

uint16\_t **lv\_textarea\_get\_password\_show\_time**(lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Set how long show the password before changing it to '\*'

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

**Returns** show time in milliseconds. 0: hide immediately.

void **lv\_textarea\_clear\_selection**(lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Clear the selection on the text area.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

void **lv\_textarea\_cursor\_right**(lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Move the cursor one character right

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

void **lv\_textarea\_cursor\_left**(lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Move the cursor one character left

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

void **lv\_textarea\_cursor\_down**(lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Move the cursor one line down

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

void **lv\_textarea\_cursor\_up**(lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Move the cursor one line up

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a text area object

## Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_textarea_class
struct lv_textarea_t
```

### Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
lv_obj_t *label
char *placeholder_txt
char *pwd_tmp
const char *accepted_chars
uint32_t max_length
uint16_t pwd_show_time
lv_coord_t valid_x
uint32_t pos
lv_area_t area
uint32_t txt_byte_pos
uint8_t show
uint8_t click_pos
struct lv_textarea_t::[anonymous] cursor
uint32_t sel_start
uint32_t sel_end
uint8_t text_sel_in_prog
uint8_t text_sel_en
uint8_t pwd_mode
uint8_t one_line
```

## 6.3 Extra widgets

### 6.3.1 Animation Image (lv\_animimg)

#### Overview

The animation image is similar to the normal 'Image' object. The only difference is that instead of one source image, you set an array of multiple source images.

You can specify a duration and repeat count.



## Parts and Styles

- **LV\_PART\_MAIN** A background rectangle that uses the typical background style properties and the image itself using the image style properties.

## Usage

### Image sources

To set the image in a state, use the `lv_animimg_set_src(imgbtn, dsc[], num)`.

## Events

No special events are sent by image objects.

See the events of the Base object too.

Learn more about [Events](#).

## Keys

No Keys are processed by the object type.

Learn more about [Keys](#).

## Example

### Simple Animation Image

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_ANIMIMG && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
LV_IMG_DECLARE(animimg001)
LV_IMG_DECLARE(animimg002)
LV_IMG_DECLARE(animimg003)

static const lv_img_dsc_t * anim_imgs[3] = {
    &animimg001,
    &animimg002,
    &animimg003,
};

void lv_example_animimg_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * animimg0 = lv_animimg_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_center(animimg0);
    lv_animimg_set_src(animimg0, (lv_img_dsc_t **) anim_imgs, 3);
    lv_animimg_set_duration(animimg0, 1000);
    lv_animimg_set_repeat_count(animimg0, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv_animimg_start(animimg0);
}

#endif
```

```

from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

anim_imgs = [None]*3
# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/animimg001.png', 'rb') as f:
        anim001_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find animimg001.png")
    sys.exit()

anim_imgs[0] = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(anim001_data),
    'data': anim001_data
})

try:
    with open('../assets/animimg002.png', 'rb') as f:
        anim002_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find animimg002.png")
    sys.exit()

anim_imgs[1] = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(anim002_data),
    'data': anim002_data
})

try:
    with open('../assets/animimg003.png', 'rb') as f:
        anim003_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find animimg003.png")
    sys.exit()

anim_imgs[2] = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(anim003_data),
    'data': anim003_data
})

animimg0 = lv.animimg(lv.scr_act())
animimg0.center()
animimg0.set_src(anim_imgs, 3)
animimg0.set_duration(1000)
animimg0.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
animimg0.start()

```

## API

### Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_animimg_part_t
```

### Enums

```
enum [anonymous]
```

*Values:*

```
enumerator LV_ANIM_IMG_PART_MAIN
```

### Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_animimg_create(lv_obj_t *parent)
```

Create an animation image objects

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new button

**Returns** pointer to the created animation image object

```
void lv_animimg_set_src(lv_obj_t *img, lv_img_dsc_t *dsc[], uint8_t num)
```

Set the image animation images source.

**Parameters**

- **img** -- pointer to an animation image object
- **dsc** -- pointer to a series images
- **num** -- images' number

```
void lv_animimg_start(lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Startup the image animation.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an animation image object

```
void lv_animimg_set_duration(lv_obj_t *img, uint32_t duration)
```

Set the image animation duration time. unit:ms

**Parameters** **img** -- pointer to an animation image object

```
void lv_animimg_set_repeat_count(lv_obj_t *img, uint16_t count)
```

Set the image animation repeatedly play times.

**Parameters**

- **img** -- pointer to an animation image object
- **count** -- the number of times to repeat the animation

## Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_animimg_class
struct lv_animimg_t
```

### Public Members

```
lv_img_t img
lv_anim_t anim
lv_img_dsc_t **dsc
int8_t pic_count
```

## 6.3.2 Calendar (lv\_calendar)

### Overview

The Calendar object is a classic calendar which can:

- show the days of any month in a 7x7 matrix
- Show the name of the days
- highlight the current day (today)
- highlight any user-defined dates

The Calendar is added to the default group (if it is set). Calendar is an editable object which allow selecting and clicking the dates with encoder navigation too.

To make the Calendar flexible, by default it doesn't show the current year or month. Instead, there are optional "headers" that can be attached to the calendar.

### Parts and Styles

The calendar object uses the *Button matrix* object under the hood to arrange the days into a matrix.

- **LV\_PART\_MAIN** The background of the calendar. Uses all the background related style properties.
- **LV\_PART\_ITEMS** Refers to the dates and day names. Button matrix control flags are set to differentiate the buttons and a custom drawer event is added modify the properties of the buttons as follows:
  - day names have no border, no background and drawn with a gray color
  - days of the previous and next month have **LV\_BTNMATRIX\_CTRL\_DISABLED** flag
  - today has a thicker border with the theme's primary color
  - highlighted days have some opacity with the theme's primary color.

## Usage

Some functions use the `lv_calendar_date_t` type which is a structure with `year`, `month` and `day` fields.

## Current date

To set the current date (today), use the `lv_calendar_set_today_date(calendar, year, month, day)` function. `month` needs to be in 1..12 range and `day` in 1..31 range.

## Shown date

To set the shown date, use `lv_calendar_set_shown_date(calendar, year, month);`

## Highlighted days

The list of highlighted dates should be stored in a `lv_calendar_date_t` array loaded by `lv_calendar_set_highlighted_dates(calendar, highlighted_dates, date_num)`. Only the array's pointer will be saved so the array should be a static or global variable.

## Name of the days

The name of the days can be adjusted with `lv_calendar_set_day_names(calendar, day_names)` where `day_names` looks like `const char * day_names[7] = {"Su", "Mo", ...}`; Only the pointer of the day names is saved so the elements should be static, global or constant variables.

## Events

- `LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED` Sent if a date is clicked. `lv_calendar_get_pressed_date(calendar, &date)` set `date` to the date currently being pressed. Returns `LV_RES_OK` if there is a valid pressed date, else `LV_RES_INV`.

Learn more about [Events](#).

## Keys

- `LV_KEY_RIGHT/UP/LEFT/RIGHT` To navigate among the buttons to dates
- `LV_KEY_ENTER` To press/release the selected date

Learn more about [Keys](#).

## Headers

From v8.1 the header is added directly into the Calendar widget and the API of the headers has been changed.

## Arrow buttons

`lv_calendar_header_arrow_create(calendar)` creates a header that contains a left and right arrow on the sides and a text with the current year and month between them.

## Drop-down

`lv_calendar_header_dropdown_create(calendar)` creates a header that contains 2 drop-down lists: one for the year and another for the month.

## Example

### Calendar with header

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CALEDNDAR && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_current_target(e);

    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        lv_calendar_date_t date;
        if(lv_calendar_get_pressed_date(obj, &date)) {
            LV_LOG_USER("Clicked date: %02d.%02d.%d", date.day, date.month, date.
↪year);
        }
    }
}

void lv_example_calendar_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * calendar = lv_calendar_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(calendar, 185, 185);
    lv_obj_align(calendar, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 27);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(calendar, event_handler, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

    lv_calendar_set_today_date(calendar, 2021, 02, 23);
    lv_calendar_set_showed_date(calendar, 2021, 02);

    /*Highlight a few days*/
    static lv_calendar_date_t highlighted_days[3];          /*Only its pointer will be ↵
↪saved so should be static*/
    highlighted_days[0].year = 2021;
    highlighted_days[0].month = 02;
    highlighted_days[0].day = 6;
```

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```

    highlighted_days[1].year = 2021;
    highlighted_days[1].month = 02;
    highlighted_days[1].day = 11;

    highlighted_days[2].year = 2022;
    highlighted_days[2].month = 02;
    highlighted_days[2].day = 22;

    lv_calendar_set_highlighted_dates(calendar, highlighted_days, 3);

    #if LV_USE_CALENDAR_HEADER_DROPDOWN
        lv_calendar_header_dropdown_create(calendar);
    #elif LV_USE_CALENDAR_HEADER_ARROW
        lv_calendar_header_arrow_create(calendar);
    #endif
    lv_calendar_set_showed_date(calendar, 2021, 10);
}

#endif

def event_handler(evt):
    code = evt.get_code()

    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        source = evt.get_current_target()
        date = lv.calendar_date_t()
        if source.get_pressed_date(date) == lv.RES.OK:
            calendar.set_today_date(date.year, date.month, date.day)
            print("Clicked date: %02d.%02d.%02d"%(date.day, date.month, date.year))

calendar = lv.calendar(lv.scr_act())
calendar.set_size(200, 200)
calendar.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 20)
calendar.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

calendar.set_today_date(2021, 02, 23)
calendar.set_showed_date(2021, 02)

# Highlight a few days
highlighted_days=[
    lv.calendar_date_t({'year':2021, 'month':2, 'day':6}),
    lv.calendar_date_t({'year':2021, 'month':2, 'day':11}),
    lv.calendar_date_t({'year':2021, 'month':2, 'day':22})
]

calendar.set_highlighted_dates(highlighted_days, len(highlighted_days))

lv.calendar_header_dropdown(calendar)

```

## API

### Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_calendar\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

void **lv\_calendar\_set\_today\_date**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint32\_t year, uint32\_t month, uint32\_t day)  
Set the today's date

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a calendar object
- **year** -- today's year
- **month** -- today's month [1..12]
- **day** -- today's day [1..31]

void **lv\_calendar\_set\_showed\_date**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint32\_t year, uint32\_t month)  
Set the currently showed

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a calendar object
- **year** -- today's year
- **month** -- today's month [1..12]

void **lv\_calendar\_set\_highlighted\_dates**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_calendar\_date\_t* highlighted[], uint16\_t date\_num)

Set the highlighted dates

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a calendar object
- **highlighted** -- pointer to an *lv\_calendar\_date\_t* array containing the dates. Only the pointer will be saved so this variable can't be local which will be destroyed later.
- **date\_num** -- number of dates in the array

void **lv\_calendar\_set\_day\_names**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const char \*\*day\_names)  
Set the name of the days

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a calendar object
- **day\_names** -- pointer to an array with the names. E.g. `const char * days[7] = {"Sun", "Mon", ...}` Only the pointer will be saved so this variable can't be local which will be destroyed later.

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_calendar\_get\_btnmatrix**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the button matrix object of the calendar. It shows the dates and day names.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a calendar object

**Returns** pointer to a the button matrix

const *lv\_calendar\_date\_t* \***lv\_calendar\_get\_today\_date**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*calendar)  
Get the today's date

**Parameters** **calendar** -- pointer to a calendar object



**Returns** return pointer to an `lv_calendar_date_t` variable containing the date of today.

const `lv_calendar_date_t` \***lv\_calendar\_get\_showed\_date**(const `lv_obj_t` \*calendar)

Get the currently showed

**Parameters** **calendar** -- pointer to a calendar object

**Returns** pointer to an `lv_calendar_date_t` variable containing the date is being shown.

`lv_calendar_date_t` \***lv\_calendar\_get\_highlighted\_dates**(const `lv_obj_t` \*calendar)

Get the highlighted dates

**Parameters** **calendar** -- pointer to a calendar object

**Returns** pointer to an `lv_calendar_date_t` array containing the dates.

uint16\_t **lv\_calendar\_get\_highlighted\_dates\_num**(const `lv_obj_t` \*calendar)

Get the number of the highlighted dates

**Parameters** **calendar** -- pointer to a calendar object

**Returns** number of highlighted days

`lv_res_t` **lv\_calendar\_get\_pressed\_date**(const `lv_obj_t` \*calendar, `lv_calendar_date_t` \*date)

Get the currently pressed day

**Parameters**

- **calendar** -- pointer to a calendar object
- **date** -- store the pressed date here

**Returns** LV\_RES\_OK: there is a valid pressed date; LV\_RES\_INV: there is no pressed data

## Variables

const `lv_obj_class_t` **lv\_calendar\_class**

struct **lv\_calendar\_date\_t**

*#include <lv\_calendar.h>* Represents a date on the calendar object (platform-agnostic).

## Public Members

uint16\_t **year**

int8\_t **month**

int8\_t **day**  
1..12

struct **lv\_calendar\_t**

## Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
lv_obj_t *btnm
lv_calendar_date_t today
lv_calendar_date_t showed_date
lv_calendar_date_t *highlighted_dates
uint16_t highlighted_dates_num
const char *map[8 * 7]
char nums[7 * 6][4]
```

### 6.3.3 Chart (lv\_chart)

#### Overview

Charts are a basic object to visualize data points. Currently *Line* charts (connect points with lines and/or draw points on them) and *Bar* charts are supported.

Charts can have:

- division lines
- 2 y axis
- axis ticks and texts on ticks
- cursors
- scrolling and zooming

#### Parts and Styles

- **LV\_PART\_MAIN** The background of the chart. Uses all the typical background and *line* (for the division lines) related style properties. *Padding* makes the series area smaller.
- **LV\_PART\_SCROLLBAR** The scrollbar used if the chart is zoomed. See the *Base object's* documentation for details.
- **LV\_PART\_ITEMS** Refers to the line or bar series.
  - Line chart: The *line* properties are used by the lines. *width*, *height*, *bg\_color* and *radius* is used to set the appearance of points.
  - Bar chart: The typical background properties are used to style the bars.
- **LV\_PART\_INDICATOR** Refers to the points on line and scatter chart (small circles or squares).
- **LV\_PART\_CURSOR** *Line* properties are used to style the cursors. *width*, *height*, *bg\_color* and *radius* are used to set the appearance of points.
- **LV\_PART\_TICKS** *Line* and *Text* style properties are used to style the ticks

## Usage

### Chart type

The following data display types exist:

- `LV_CHART_TYPE_NONE` Do not display any data. Can be used to hide the series.
- `LV_CHART_TYPE_LINE` Draw lines between the data points and/or points (rectangles or circles) on the data points.
- `LV_CHART_TYPE_BAR` - Draw bars.
- `LV_CHART_TYPE_SCATTER` - X/Y chart drawing point's and lines between the points. .

You can specify the display type with `lv_chart_set_type(chart, LV_CHART_TYPE_...)`.

### Data series

You can add any number of series to the charts by `lv_chart_add_series(chart, color, axis)`. This allocates an `lv_chart_series_t` structure which contains the chosen `color` and an array for the data points. `axis` can have the following values:

- `LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y` Left axis
- `LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y` Right axis
- `LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_X` Bottom axis
- `LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_X` Top axis

`axis` tells which axis's range should be used to scale the values.

`lv_chart_set_ext_y_array(chart, ser, value_array)` makes the chart use an external array for the given series. `value_array` should look like this: `lv_coord_t * value_array[num_points]`. The array size needs to be large enough to hold all the points of that series. The array's pointer will be saved in the chart so it needs to be global, static or dynamically allocated. Note: you should call `lv_chart_refresh(chart)` after the external data source has been updated to update the chart.

The value array of a series can be obtained with `lv_chart_get_y_array(chart, ser)`, which can be used with `ext_array` or *normal arrays*.

For `LV_CHART_TYPE_SCATTER` type `lv_chart_set_ext_x_array(chart, ser, value_array)` and `lv_chart_get_x_array(chart, ser)` can be used as well.

### Modify the data

You have several options to set the data of series:

1. Set the values manually in the array like `ser1->points[3] = 7` and refresh the chart with `lv_chart_refresh(chart)`.
2. Use `lv_chart_set_value_by_id(chart, ser, id, value)` where `id` is the index of the point you wish to update.
3. Use the `lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser, value)`.
4. Initialize all points to a given value with: `lv_chart_set_all_value(chart, ser, value)`.

Use `LV_CHART_POINT_NONE` as value to make the library skip drawing that point, column, or line segment.

For `LV_CHART_TYPE_SCATTER` type `lv_chart_set_value_by_id2(chart, ser, id, value)` and `lv_chart_set_next_value2(chart, ser, x_value, y_value)` can be used as well.

### Update modes

`lv_chart_set_next_value` can behave in two ways depending on *update mode*:

- `LV_CHART_UPDATE_MODE_SHIFT` Shift old data to the left and add the new one to the right.
- `LV_CHART_UPDATE_MODE_CIRCULAR` - Add the new data in circular fashion, like an ECG diagram.

The update mode can be changed with `lv_chart_set_update_mode(chart, LV_CHART_UPDATE_MODE_...)`.

### Number of points

The number of points in the series can be modified by `lv_chart_set_point_count(chart, point_num)`. The default value is 10. Note: this also affects the number of points processed when an external buffer is assigned to a series, so you need to be sure the external array is large enough.

### Handling large number of points

On line charts, if the number of points is greater than the pixels horizontally, the Chart will draw only vertical lines to make the drawing of large amount of data effective. If there are, let's say, 10 points to a pixel, LVGL searches the smallest and the largest value and draws a vertical lines between them to ensure no peaks are missed.

### Vertical range

You can specify the minimum and maximum values in y-direction with `lv_chart_set_range(chart, axis, min, max)`. `axis` can be `LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY` (left axis) or `LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY` (right axis).

The value of the points will be scaled proportionally. The default range is: 0..100.

### Division lines

The number of horizontal and vertical division lines can be modified by `lv_chart_set_div_line_count(chart, hdiv_num, vdiv_num)`. The default settings are 3 horizontal and 5 vertical division lines. If there is a visible border on a side and no padding on that side, the division line would be drawn on top of the border and therefore it won't be drawn.

## Override default start point for series

If you want a plot to start from a point other than the default which is `point[0]` of the series, you can set an alternative index with the function `lv_chart_set_x_start_point(chart, ser, id)` where `id` is the new index position to start plotting from.

Note that `LV_CHART_UPDATE_MODE_SHIFT` also changes the `start_point`.

## Tick marks and labels

Ticks and labels can be added to the axis with `lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, axis, major_len, minor_len, major_cnt, minor_cnt, label_en, draw_size)`.

- `axis` can be `LV_CHART_AXIS_X/PRIMARY_Y/SECONDARY_Y`
- `major_len` is the length of major ticks
- `minor_len` is the length of minor ticks
- `major_cnt` is the number of major ticks on the axis
- `minor_cnt` is the number of minor ticks between two major ticks
- `label_en true`: enable label drawing on major ticks
- `draw_size` extra size required to draw the tick and labels (start with 20 px and increase if the ticks/labels are clipped)

## Zoom

The chart can be zoomed independently in x and y directions with `lv_chart_set_zoom_x(chart, factor)` and `lv_chart_set_zoom_y(chart, factor)`. If `factor` is 256 there is no zoom. 512 means double zoom, etc. Fractional values are also possible but < 256 value is not allowed.

## Cursor

A cursor can be added with `lv_chart_cursor_t * c1 = lv_chart_add_cursor(chart, color, dir);`. The possible values of `dir` `LV_DIR_NONE/RIGHT/UP/LEFT/DOWN/HOR/VER/ALL` or their OR-ed values to tell in which direction(s) should the cursor be drawn.

`lv_chart_set_cursor_pos(chart, cursor, &point)` sets the position of the cursor. `pos` is a pointer to an `lv_point_t` variable. E.g. `lv_point_t point = {10, 20};`. If the chart is scrolled the cursor will remain in the same place.

`lv_chart_get_point_pos_by_id(chart, series, id, &point_out)` gets the coordinate of a given point. It's useful to place the cursor at a given point.

`lv_chart_set_cursor_point(chart, cursor, series, point_id)` sticks the cursor at a point. If the point's position changes (new value or scrolling) the cursor will move with the point.

## Events

- **LV\_EVENT\_VALUE\_CHANGED** Sent when a new point is clicked pressed. `lv_chart_get_pressed_point(chart)` returns the zero-based index of the pressed point.
- **LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_BEGIN** and **LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_END** are sent with the following types:
  - **LV\_CHART\_DRAW\_PART\_DIV\_LINE\_INIT** Used before/after drawn the div lines to add masks to any extra drawings. The following fields are set:
    - \* **part**: LV\_PART\_MAIN
    - \* **line\_dsc**
  - **LV\_CHART\_DRAW\_PART\_DIV\_LINE\_HOR**, **LV\_CHART\_DRAW\_PART\_DIV\_LINE\_VER** Used for each horizontal and vertical division lines.
    - \* **part**: LV\_PART\_MAIN
    - \* **id**: index of the line
    - \* **p1, p2**: points of the line
    - \* **line\_dsc**
  - **LV\_CHART\_DRAW\_PART\_LINE\_AND\_POINT** Used on line and scatter charts for lines and points.
    - \* **part**: LV\_PART\_ITEMS
    - \* **id**: index of the point
    - \* **value**: value of idth point
    - \* **p1, p2**: points of the line
    - \* **draw\_area**: area of the point
    - \* **line\_dsc**
    - \* **rect\_dsc**
    - \* **sub\_part\_ptr**: pointer to the series
  - **LV\_CHART\_DRAW\_PART\_BAR** Used on bar charts for the rectangles.
    - \* **part**: LV\_PART\_ITEMS
    - \* **id**: index of the point
    - \* **value**: value of idth point
    - \* **draw\_area**: area of the point
    - \* **rect\_dsc**:
    - \* **sub\_part\_ptr**: pointer to the series
  - **LV\_CHART\_DRAW\_PART\_CURSOR** Used on cursor lines and points.
    - \* **part**: LV\_PART\_CURSOR
    - \* **p1, p2**: points of the line
    - \* **line\_dsc**
    - \* **rect\_dsc**
    - \* **draw\_area**: area of the points
  - **LV\_CHART\_DRAW\_PART\_TICK\_LABEL** Used on tick lines and labels.

- \* `part`: LV\_PART\_TICKS
- \* `id`: axis
- \* `value`: value of the tick
- \* `text`: value converted to decimal or NULL for minor ticks
- \* `line_dsc`,
- \* `label_dsc`,

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

No *Keys* are processed by the object type.

Learn more about *Keys*.

## Example

### Line Chart

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_chart_1(void)
{
    /*Create a chart*/
    lv_obj_t * chart;
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_center(chart);
    lv_chart_set_type(chart, LV_CHART_TYPE_LINE);    /*Show lines and points too*/

    /*Add two data series*/
    lv_chart_series_t * ser1 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    lv_chart_series_t * ser2 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪GREEN), LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y);

    /*Set the next points on 'ser1'*/
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 30);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 70);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 90);

    /*Directly set points on 'ser2'*/
    ser2->y_points[0] = 90;
}
```

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```

    ser2->y_points[1] = 70;
    ser2->y_points[2] = 65;
    ser2->y_points[3] = 65;
    ser2->y_points[4] = 65;
    ser2->y_points[5] = 65;
    ser2->y_points[6] = 65;
    ser2->y_points[7] = 65;
    ser2->y_points[8] = 65;
    ser2->y_points[9] = 65;

    lv_chart_refresh(chart); /*Required after direct set*/
}

#endif

# Create a chart
chart = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
chart.set_size(200, 150)
chart.center()
chart.set_type(lv.chart.TYPE.LINE)    # Show lines and points too

# Add two data series
ser1 = chart.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
ser2 = chart.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN), lv.chart.AXIS.SECONDARY_Y)
print(ser2)
# Set next points on ser1
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,30)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,70)
chart.set_next_value(ser1,90)

# Directly set points on 'ser2'
ser2.y_points = [90, 70, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65, 65]
chart.refresh()    # Required after direct set

```

### Faded area line chart with custom division lines

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_DRAW_COMPLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * chart1;
static lv_chart_series_t * ser1;
static lv_chart_series_t * ser2;

static void draw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);

```

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```

/*Add the faded area before the lines are drawn*/
lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
if(dsc->part == LV_PART_ITEMS) {
    if(!dsc->p1 || !dsc->p2) return;

    /*Add a line mask that keeps the area below the line*/
    lv_draw_mask_line_param_t line_mask_param;
    lv_draw_mask_line_points_init(&line_mask_param, dsc->p1->x, dsc->p1->y, dsc->
↪p2->x, dsc->p2->y,
                                LV_DRAW_MASK_LINE_SIDE_BOTTOM);
    int16_t line_mask_id = lv_draw_mask_add(&line_mask_param, NULL);

    /*Add a fade effect: transparent bottom covering top*/
    lv_coord_t h = lv_obj_get_height(obj);
    lv_draw_mask_fade_param_t fade_mask_param;
    lv_draw_mask_fade_init(&fade_mask_param, &obj->coords, LV_OPA_COVER, obj->
↪coords.y1 + h / 8, LV_OPA_TRANSP,
                            obj->coords.y2);
    int16_t fade_mask_id = lv_draw_mask_add(&fade_mask_param, NULL);

    /*Draw a rectangle that will be affected by the mask*/
    lv_draw_rect_dsc_t draw_rect_dsc;
    lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&draw_rect_dsc);
    draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = LV_OPA_20;
    draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = dsc->line_dsc->color;

    lv_area_t a;
    a.x1 = dsc->p1->x;
    a.x2 = dsc->p2->x - 1;
    a.y1 = LV_MIN(dsc->p1->y, dsc->p2->y);
    a.y2 = obj->coords.y2;
    lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &draw_rect_dsc, &a);

    /*Remove the masks*/
    lv_draw_mask_free_param(&line_mask_param);
    lv_draw_mask_free_param(&fade_mask_param);
    lv_draw_mask_remove_id(line_mask_id);
    lv_draw_mask_remove_id(fade_mask_id);
}
/*Hook the division lines too*/
else if(dsc->part == LV_PART_MAIN) {
    if(dsc->line_dsc == NULL || dsc->p1 == NULL || dsc->p2 == NULL) return;

    /*Vertical line*/
    if(dsc->p1->x == dsc->p2->x) {
        dsc->line_dsc->color = lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1);
        if(dsc->id == 3) {
            dsc->line_dsc->width = 2;
            dsc->line_dsc->dash_gap = 0;
            dsc->line_dsc->dash_width = 0;
        }
        else {
            dsc->line_dsc->width = 1;
            dsc->line_dsc->dash_gap = 6;
            dsc->line_dsc->dash_width = 6;
        }
    }
}

```

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```

    }
    /*Horizontal line*/
    else {
        if(dsc->id == 2) {
            dsc->line_dsc->width = 2;
            dsc->line_dsc->dash_gap = 0;
            dsc->line_dsc->dash_width = 0;
        }
        else {
            dsc->line_dsc->width = 2;
            dsc->line_dsc->dash_gap = 6;
            dsc->line_dsc->dash_width = 6;
        }

        if(dsc->id == 1 || dsc->id == 3) {
            dsc->line_dsc->color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN);
        }
        else {
            dsc->line_dsc->color = lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 1);
        }
    }
}

static void add_data(lv_timer_t * timer)
{
    LV_UNUSED(timer);
    static uint32_t cnt = 0;
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart1, ser1, lv_rand(20, 90));

    if(cnt % 4 == 0) lv_chart_set_next_value(chart1, ser2, lv_rand(40, 60));

    cnt++;
}

/**
 * Add a faded area effect to the line chart and make some division lines ticker
 */
void lv_example_chart_2(void)
{
    /*Create a chart1*/
    chart1 = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart1, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_center(chart1);
    lv_chart_set_type(chart1, LV_CHART_TYPE_LINE); /*Show lines and points too*/

    lv_chart_set_div_line_count(chart1, 5, 7);

    lv_obj_add_event_cb(chart1, draw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN, NULL);
    lv_chart_set_update_mode(chart1, LV_CHART_UPDATE_MODE_CIRCULAR);

    /*Add two data series*/
    ser1 = lv_chart_add_series(chart1, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_
↪PRIMARY_Y);
    ser2 = lv_chart_add_series(chart1, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), LV_CHART_
↪AXIS_SECONDARY_Y);

```

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```

uint32_t i;
for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart1, ser1, lv_rand(20, 90));
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart1, ser2, lv_rand(30, 70));
}

lv_timer_create(add_data, 200, NULL);
}

#endif

```

```

def draw_event_cb(e):

    obj = e.get_target()

    # Add the faded area before the lines are drawn
    dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    if dsc.part != lv.PART.ITEMS:
        return
    if not dsc.p1 or not dsc.p2:
        return

    # Add a line mask that keeps the area below the line
    line_mask_param = lv.draw_mask_line_param_t()
    line_mask_param.points_init(dsc.p1.x, dsc.p1.y, dsc.p2.x, dsc.p2.y, lv.DRAW_MASK_
↪LINE_SIDE.BOTTOM)
    # line_mask_id = line_mask_param.draw_mask_add(None)
    line_mask_id = lv.draw_mask_add(line_mask_param, None)
    # Add a fade effect: transparent bottom covering top
    h = obj.get_height()
    fade_mask_param = lv.draw_mask_fade_param_t()
    coords = lv.area_t()
    obj.get_coords(coords)
    fade_mask_param.init(coords, lv.OPA.COVER, coords.y1 + h // 8, lv.OPA.TRANSP,
↪coords.y2)
    fade_mask_id = lv.draw_mask_add(fade_mask_param, None)

    # Draw a rectangle that will be affected by the mask
    draw_rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
    draw_rect_dsc.init()
    draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA._20
    draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = dsc.line_dsc.color

    a = lv.area_t()
    a.x1 = dsc.p1.x
    a.x2 = dsc.p2.x - 1
    a.y1 = min(dsc.p1.y, dsc.p2.y)
    coords = lv.area_t()
    obj.get_coords(coords)
    a.y2 = coords.y2
    dsc.draw_ctx.rect(draw_rect_dsc, a)

    # Remove the masks
    lv.draw_mask_remove_id(line_mask_id)
    lv.draw_mask_remove_id(fade_mask_id)

```

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```

def add_data(timer):
    # LV_UNUSED(timer);
    cnt = 0
    chart1.set_next_value(ser1, lv.rand(20, 90))

    if cnt % 4 == 0:
        chart1.set_next_value(ser2, lv.rand(40, 60))

    cnt +=1

#
# Add a faded area effect to the line chart
#

# Create a chart1
chart1 = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
chart1.set_size(200, 150)
chart1.center()
chart1.set_type(lv.chart.TYPE.LINE)    # Show lines and points too

chart1.add_event_cb(draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN, None)
chart1.set_update_mode(lv.chart.UPDATE_MODE.CIRCULAR)

# Add two data series
ser1 = chart1.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
ser2 = chart1.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), lv.chart.AXIS.SECONDARY_Y)

for i in range(10):
    chart1.set_next_value(ser1, lv.rand(20, 90))
    chart1.set_next_value(ser2, lv.rand(30, 70))

timer = lv.timer_create(add_data, 200, None)

```

### Axis ticks and labels with scrolling

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void draw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
    if(!lv_obj_draw_part_check_type(dsc, &lv_chart_class, LV_CHART_DRAW_PART_TICK_
↪ LABEL)) return;

    if(dsc->id == LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_X && dsc->text) {
        const char * month[] = {"Jan", "Febr", "March", "Apr", "May", "Jun", "July",
↪ "Aug", "Sept", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec"};
        lv_snprintf(dsc->text, dsc->text_length, "%s", month[dsc->value]);
    }
}

/**
 * Add ticks and labels to the axis and demonstrate scrolling

```

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```

*/
void lv_example_chart_3(void)
{
    /*Create a chart*/
    lv_obj_t * chart;
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_center(chart);
    lv_chart_set_type(chart, LV_CHART_TYPE_BAR);
    lv_chart_set_range(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 0, 100);
    lv_chart_set_range(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y, 0, 400);
    lv_chart_set_point_count(chart, 12);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(chart, draw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN, NULL);

    /*Add ticks and label to every axis*/
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_X, 10, 5, 12, 3, true, 40);
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 2, true, 50);
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y, 10, 5, 3, 4, true, 50);

    /*Zoom in a little in X*/
    lv_chart_set_zoom_x(chart, 800);

    /*Add two data series*/
    lv_chart_series_t * ser1 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_lighten(LV_
↪ PALETTE_GREEN, 2), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    lv_chart_series_t * ser2 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_darken(LV_
↪ PALETTE_GREEN, 2),
                                                    LV_CHART_AXIS_SECONDARY_Y);

    /*Set the next points on 'ser1'*/
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 31);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 66);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 10);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 89);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 63);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 56);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 32);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 35);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 57);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 85);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 22);
    lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, 58);

    lv_coord_t * ser2_array = lv_chart_get_y_array(chart, ser2);
    /*Directly set points on 'ser2'*/
    ser2_array[0] = 92;
    ser2_array[1] = 71;
    ser2_array[2] = 61;
    ser2_array[3] = 15;
    ser2_array[4] = 21;
    ser2_array[5] = 35;
    ser2_array[6] = 35;
    ser2_array[7] = 58;
    ser2_array[8] = 31;
    ser2_array[9] = 53;
    ser2_array[10] = 33;
    ser2_array[11] = 73;

```

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```

    lv_chart_refresh(chart); /*Required after direct set*/
}

#endif

```

```

def draw_event_cb(e):

    dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.TICKS and dsc.id == lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_X:
        month = ["Jan", "Febr", "March", "Apr", "May", "Jun", "July", "Aug", "Sept",
↪ "Oct", "Nov", "Dec"]
        # dsc.text is defined char text[16], I must therefore convert the Python_
↪ string to a byte_array
        dsc.text = bytes(month[dsc.value], "ascii")
#
# Add ticks and labels to the axis and demonstrate scrolling
#

# Create a chart
chart = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
chart.set_size(200, 150)
chart.center()
chart.set_type(lv.chart.TYPE.BAR)
chart.set_range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 0, 100)
chart.set_range(lv.chart.AXIS.SECONDARY_Y, 0, 400)
chart.set_point_count(12)
chart.add_event_cb(draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN, None)

# Add ticks and label to every axis
chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_X, 10, 5, 12, 3, True, 40)
chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 2, True, 50)
chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.SECONDARY_Y, 10, 5, 3, 4, True, 50)

# Zoom in a little in X
chart.set_zoom_x(800)

# Add two data series
ser1 = lv.chart.add_series(chart, lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREEN, 2), lv.chart.
↪ AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
ser2 = lv.chart.add_series(chart, lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.GREEN, 2), lv.chart.
↪ AXIS.SECONDARY_Y)

# Set the next points on 'ser1'
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 31)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 66)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 10)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 89)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 63)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 56)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 32)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 35)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 57)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 85)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 22)
chart.set_next_value(ser1, 58)

```

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```
# Directly set points on 'ser2'
ser2.y_points = [92,71,61,15,21,35,35,58,31,53,33,73]

chart.refresh() # Required after direct set
```

### Show the value of the pressed points

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * chart = lv_event_get_target(e);

    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        lv_obj_invalidate(chart);
    }
    if(code == LV_EVENT_REFR_EXT_DRAW_SIZE) {
        lv_coord_t * s = lv_event_get_param(e);
        *s = LV_MAX(*s, 20);
    }
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_POST_END) {
        int32_t id = lv_chart_get_pressed_point(chart);
        if(id == LV_CHART_POINT_NONE) return;

        LV_LOG_USER("Selected point %d", (int)id);

        lv_chart_series_t * ser = lv_chart_get_series_next(chart, NULL);
        while(ser) {
            lv_point_t p;
            lv_chart_get_point_pos_by_id(chart, ser, id, &p);

            lv_coord_t * y_array = lv_chart_get_y_array(chart, ser);
            lv_coord_t value = y_array[id];

            char buf[16];
            lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), LV_SYMBOL_DUMMY"%d", value);

            lv_draw_rect_dsc_t draw_rect_dsc;
            lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&draw_rect_dsc);
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = lv_color_black();
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = LV_OPA_50;
            draw_rect_dsc.radius = 3;
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_img_src = buf;
            draw_rect_dsc.bg_img_recolor = lv_color_white();

            lv_area_t a;
            a.x1 = chart->coords.x1 + p.x - 20;
            a.x2 = chart->coords.x1 + p.x + 20;
            a.y1 = chart->coords.y1 + p.y - 30;
```

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```

        a.y2 = chart->coords.y1 + p.y - 10;

        lv_draw_ctx_t * draw_ctx = lv_event_get_draw_ctx(e);
        lv_draw_rect(draw_ctx, &draw_rect_dsc, &a);

        ser = lv_chart_get_series_next(chart, ser);
    }
}
else if(code == LV_EVENT_RELEASED) {
    lv_obj_invalidate(chart);
}
}

/**
 * Show the value of the pressed points
 */
void lv_example_chart_4(void)
{
    /*Create a chart*/
    lv_obj_t * chart;
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_center(chart);

    lv_obj_add_event_cb(chart, event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_refresh_ext_draw_size(chart);

    /*Zoom in a little in X*/
    lv_chart_set_zoom_x(chart, 800);

    /*Add two data series*/
    lv_chart_series_t * ser1 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    lv_chart_series_t * ser2 = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪GREEN), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser1, lv_rand(60, 90));
        lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser2, lv_rand(10, 40));
    }
}

#endif

```

```

def event_cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    chart = e.get_target()

    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        chart.invalidate()

    if code == lv.EVENT.REFR_EXT_DRAW_SIZE:
        e.set_ext_draw_size(20)

    elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_POST_END:
        id = lv.chart.get_pressed_point(chart)

```

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```

    if id == lv.CHART_POINT.NONE:
        return
    # print("Selected point ", id)
    for i in range(len(series)):
        p = lv.point_t()
        chart.get_point_pos_by_id(series[i], id, p)
        value = series_points[i][id]
        buf = lv.SYMBOL.DUMMY + "$" + str(value)

        draw_rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
        draw_rect_dsc.init()
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.color_black()
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA._50
        draw_rect_dsc.radius = 3
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_img_src = buf
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_img_recolor = lv.color_white()

        a = lv.area_t()
        coords = lv.area_t()
        chart.get_coords(coords)
        a.x1 = coords.x1 + p.x - 20
        a.x2 = coords.x1 + p.x + 20
        a.y1 = coords.y1 + p.y - 30
        a.y2 = coords.y1 + p.y - 10

        clip_area = lv.area_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
        lv.draw_rect(a, clip_area, draw_rect_dsc)

    elif code == lv.EVENT.RELEASED:
        chart.invalidate()

#
# Add ticks and labels to the axis and demonstrate scrolling
#

# Create a chart
chart = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
chart.set_size(200, 150)
chart.center()

chart.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
chart.refresh_ext_draw_size()

# Zoom in a little in X
chart.set_zoom_x(800)

# Add two data series
ser1 = chart.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
ser2 = chart.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)

ser1_p = []
ser2_p = []
for i in range(10):
    ser1_p.append(lv.rand(60,90))
    ser2_p.append(lv.rand(10,40))
ser1.y_points = ser1_p
ser2.y_points = ser2_p

```

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```
series = [ser1,ser2]
series_points=[ser1_p,ser2_p]
```

### Display 1000 data points with zooming and scrolling

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_USE_SLIDER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * chart;
/* Source: https://github.com/ankur219/ECG-Arrhythmia-classification/blob/
↳ 642230149583adfae1e4bd26c6f0e1fd8af2be0e/sample.csv*/
static const lv_coord_t ecg_sample[] = {
    -2, 2, 0, -15, -39, -63, -71, -68, -67, -69, -84, -95, -104, -107, -108, -107, -
↳ 107, -107, -107, -114, -118, -117,
    -112, -100, -89, -83, -71, -64, -58, -58, -62, -62, -58, -51, -46, -39, -27, -
↳ 10, 4, 7, 1, -3, 0, 14, 24, 30, 25, 19,
    13, 7, 12, 15, 18, 21, 13, 6, 9, 8, 17, 19, 13, 11, 11, 11, 23, 30, 37, 34,
↳ 25, 14, 15, 19, 28, 31, 26, 23, 25, 31,
    39, 37, 37, 34, 30, 32, 22, 29, 31, 33, 37, 23, 13, 7, 2, 4, -2, 2, 11, 22,
↳ 33, 19, -1, -27, -55, -67, -72, -71, -63,
    -49, -18, 35, 113, 230, 369, 525, 651, 722, 730, 667, 563, 454, 357, 305, 288,
↳ 274, 255, 212, 173, 143, 117, 82, 39,
    -13, -53, -78, -91, -101, -113, -124, -131, -131, -131, -129, -128, -129, -
↳ 125, -123, -123, -129, -139, -148, -153,
    -159, -166, -183, -205, -227, -243, -248, -246, -254, -280, -327, -381, -429,
↳ -473, -517, -556, -592, -612, -620,
    -620, -614, -604, -591, -574, -540, -497, -441, -389, -358, -336, -313, -284,
↳ -222, -167, -114, -70, -47, -28, -4, 12,
    38, 52, 58, 56, 56, 57, 68, 77, 86, 86, 80, 69, 67, 70, 82, 85, 89, 90, 89,
↳ 89, 88, 91, 96, 97, 91, 83, 78, 82, 88, 95,
    96, 105, 106, 110, 102, 100, 96, 98, 97, 101, 98, 99, 100, 107, 113, 119, 115,
↳ 110, 96, 85, 73, 64, 69, 76, 79,
    78, 75, 85, 100, 114, 113, 105, 96, 84, 74, 66, 60, 75, 85, 89, 83, 67, 61,
↳ 67, 73, 79, 74, 63, 57, 56, 58, 61, 55,
    48, 45, 46, 55, 62, 55, 49, 43, 50, 59, 63, 57, 40, 31, 23, 25, 27, 31, 35,
↳ 34, 30, 36, 34, 42, 38, 36, 40, 46, 50,
    47, 32, 30, 32, 52, 67, 73, 71, 63, 54, 53, 45, 41, 28, 13, 3, 1, 4, 4, -8, -
↳ 23, -32, -31, -19, -5, 3, 9, 13, 19,
    24, 27, 29, 25, 22, 26, 32, 42, 51, 56, 60, 57, 55, 53, 53, 54, 59, 54, 49,
↳ 26, -3, -11, -20, -47, -100, -194, -236,
    -212, -123, 8, 103, 142, 147, 120, 105, 98, 93, 81, 61, 40, 26, 28, 30, 30,
↳ 27, 19, 17, 21, 20, 19, 19, 22, 36, 40,
    35, 20, 7, 1, 10, 18, 27, 22, 6, -4, -2, 3, 6, -2, -13, -14, -10, -2, 3, 2, -
↳ 1, -5, -10, -19, -32, -42, -55, -60,
    -68, -77, -86, -101, -110, -117, -115, -104, -92, -84, -85, -84, -73, -65, -
↳ 52, -50, -45, -35, -20, -3, 12, 20, 25,
    26, 28, 28, 30, 28, 25, 28, 33, 42, 42, 36, 23, 9, 0, 1, -4, 1, -4, -4, 1, 5,
↳ 9, 9, -3, -1, -18, -50, -108, -190,
    -272, -340, -408, -446, -537, -643, -777, -894, -920, -853, -697, -461, -251,
↳ -60, 58, 103, 129, 139, 155, 170, 173,
    178, 185, 190, 193, 200, 208, 215, 225, 224, 232, 234, 240, 240, 236, 229,
↳ 226, 224, 232, 233, 232, 224, 219, 219,
```

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```

    223, 231, 226, 223, 219, 218, 223, 223, 223, 233, 245, 268, 286, 296, 295,
↪ 283, 271, 263, 252, 243, 226, 210, 197,
    186, 171, 152, 133, 117, 114, 110, 107, 96, 80, 63, 48, 40, 38, 34, 28, 15, 2,
↪ -7, -11, -14, -18, -29, -37, -44, -50,
    -58, -63, -61, -52, -50, -48, -61, -59, -58, -54, -47, -52, -62, -61, -64, -
↪ 54, -52, -59, -69, -76, -76, -69, -67,
    -74, -78, -81, -80, -73, -65, -57, -53, -51, -47, -35, -27, -22, -22, -24, -
↪ 21, -17, -13, -10, -11, -13, -20, -20,
    -12, -2, 7, -1, -12, -16, -13, -2, 2, -4, -5, -2, 9, 19, 19, 14, 11, 13, 19,
↪ 21, 20, 18, 19, 19, 19, 16, 15, 13, 14,
    9, 3, -5, -9, -5, -3, -2, -3, -3, 2, 8, 9, 9, 5, 6, 8, 8, 7, 4, 3, 4, 5, 3, 5,
↪ 5, 13, 13, 12, 10, 10, 15, 22, 17,
    14, 7, 10, 15, 16, 11, 12, 10, 13, 9, -2, -4, -2, 7, 16, 16, 17, 16, 7, -1, -
↪ 16, -18, -16, -9, -4, -5, -10, -9, -8,
    -3, -4, -10, -19, -20, -16, -9, -9, -23, -40, -48, -43, -33, -19, -21, -26, -
↪ 31, -33, -19, 0, 17, 24, 9, -17, -47,
    -63, -67, -59, -52, -51, -50, -49, -42, -26, -21, -15, -20, -23, -22, -19, -
↪ 12, -8, 5, 18, 27, 32, 26, 25, 26, 22,
    23, 17, 14, 17, 21, 25, 2, -45, -121, -196, -226, -200, -118, -9, 73, 126,
↪ 131, 114, 87, 60, 42, 29, 26, 34, 35, 34,
    25, 12, 9, 7, 3, 2, -8, -11, 2, 23, 38, 41, 23, 9, 10, 13, 16, 8, -8, -17, -
↪ 23, -26, -25, -21, -15, -10, -13, -13,
    -19, -22, -29, -40, -48, -48, -54, -55, -66, -82, -85, -90, -92, -98, -114, -
↪ 119, -124, -129, -132, -146, -146, -138,
    -124, -99, -85, -72, -65, -65, -65, -66, -63, -64, -64, -58, -46, -26, -9, 2,
↪ 2, 4, 0, 1, 4, 3, 10, 11, 10, 2, -4,
    0, 10, 18, 20, 6, 2, -9, -7, -3, -3, -2, -7, -12, -5, 5, 24, 36, 31, 25, 6, 3,
↪ 7, 12, 17, 11, 0, -6, -9, -8, -7, -5,
    -6, -2, -2, -6, -2, 2, 14, 24, 22, 15, 8, 4, 6, 7, 12, 16, 25, 20, 7, -16, -
↪ 41, -60, -67, -65, -54, -35, -11, 30,
    84, 175, 302, 455, 603, 707, 743, 714, 625, 519, 414, 337, 300, 281, 263, 239,
↪ 197, 163, 136, 109, 77, 34, -18, -50,
    -66, -74, -79, -92, -107, -117, -127, -129, -135, -139, -141, -155, -159, -
↪ 167, -171, -169, -174, -175, -178, -191,
    -202, -223, -235, -243, -237, -240, -256, -298, -345, -393, -432, -475, -518,
↪ -565, -596, -619, -623, -623, -614,
    -599, -583, -559, -524, -477, -425, -383, -357, -331, -301, -252, -198, -143,
↪ -96, -57, -29, -8, 10, 31, 45, 60, 65,
    70, 74, 76, 79, 82, 79, 75, 62,
};

static void slider_x_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    int32_t v = lv_slider_get_value(obj);
    lv_chart_set_zoom_x(chart, v);
}

static void slider_y_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    int32_t v = lv_slider_get_value(obj);
    lv_chart_set_zoom_y(chart, v);
}

/**
 * Display 1000 data points with zooming and scrolling.

```

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```

* See how the chart changes drawing mode (draw only vertical lines) when
* the points get too crowded.
*/
void lv_example_chart_5(void)
{
    /*Create a chart*/
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_align(chart, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, -30, -30);
    lv_chart_set_range(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, -1000, 1000);

    /*Do not display points on the data*/
    lv_obj_set_style_size(chart, 0, LV_PART_INDICATOR);

    lv_chart_series_t * ser = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
    ↪RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);

    uint32_t pcnt = sizeof(ecg_sample) / sizeof(ecg_sample[0]);
    lv_chart_set_point_count(chart, pcnt);
    lv_chart_set_ext_y_array(chart, ser, (lv_coord_t *)ecg_sample);

    lv_obj_t * slider;
    slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_slider_set_range(slider, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE * 10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_x_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_size(slider, 200, 10);
    lv_obj_align_to(slider, chart, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 20);

    slider = lv_slider_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_slider_set_range(slider, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE, LV_IMG_ZOOM_NONE * 10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(slider, slider_y_event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_size(slider, 10, 150);
    lv_obj_align_to(slider, chart, LV_ALIGN_OUT_RIGHT_MID, 20, 0);
}

#endif

```

```

# Source: https://github.com/ankur219/ECG-Arrhythmia-classification/blob/
↪642230149583adfae1e4bd26c6f0elfd8af2be0e/sample.csv
ecg_sample = [
    -2, 2, 0, -15, -39, -63, -71, -68, -67, -69, -84, -95, -104, -107, -108, -107, -
    ↪107, -107, -107, -114, -118, -117,
    -112, -100, -89, -83, -71, -64, -58, -58, -62, -62, -58, -51, -46, -39, -27, -10, ↪
    ↪4, 7, 1, -3, 0, 14, 24, 30, 25, 19,
    13, 7, 12, 15, 18, 21, 13, 6, 9, 8, 17, 19, 13, 11, 11, 11, 23, 30, 37, 34, 25, ↪
    ↪14, 15, 19, 28, 31, 26, 23, 25, 31,
    39, 37, 37, 34, 30, 32, 22, 29, 31, 33, 37, 23, 13, 7, 2, 4, -2, 2, 11, 22, 33, ↪
    ↪19, -1, -27, -55, -67, -72, -71, -63,
    -49, -18, 35, 113, 230, 369, 525, 651, 722, 730, 667, 563, 454, 357, 305, 288, ↪
    ↪274, 255, 212, 173, 143, 117, 82, 39,
    -13, -53, -78, -91, -101, -113, -124, -131, -131, -131, -129, -128, -129, -125, -
    ↪123, -123, -129, -139, -148, -153,
    -159, -166, -183, -205, -227, -243, -248, -246, -254, -280, -327, -381, -429, -
    ↪473, -517, -556, -592, -612, -620,
    -620, -614, -604, -591, -574, -540, -497, -441, -389, -358, -336, -313, -284, -
    ↪222, -167, -114, -70, -47, -28, -4, 12,

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```

38, 52, 58, 56, 56, 57, 68, 77, 86, 86, 80, 69, 67, 70, 82, 85, 89, 90, 89, 89, ↵
↪88, 91, 96, 97, 91, 83, 78, 82, 88, 95,
96, 105, 106, 110, 102, 100, 96, 98, 97, 101, 98, 99, 100, 107, 113, 119, 115, ↵
↪110, 96, 85, 73, 64, 69, 76, 79,
78, 75, 85, 100, 114, 113, 105, 96, 84, 74, 66, 60, 75, 85, 89, 83, 67, 61, 67, ↵
↪73, 79, 74, 63, 57, 56, 58, 61, 55,
48, 45, 46, 55, 62, 55, 49, 43, 50, 59, 63, 57, 40, 31, 23, 25, 27, 31, 35, 34, ↵
↪30, 36, 34, 42, 38, 36, 40, 46, 50,
47, 32, 30, 32, 52, 67, 73, 71, 63, 54, 53, 45, 41, 28, 13, 3, 1, 4, 4, -8, -23, -
↪32, -31, -19, -5, 3, 9, 13, 19,
24, 27, 29, 25, 22, 26, 32, 42, 51, 56, 60, 57, 55, 53, 53, 54, 59, 54, 49, 26, -
↪3, -11, -20, -47, -100, -194, -236,
-212, -123, 8, 103, 142, 147, 120, 105, 98, 93, 81, 61, 40, 26, 28, 30, 30, 27, ↵
↪19, 17, 21, 20, 19, 19, 22, 36, 40,
35, 20, 7, 1, 10, 18, 27, 22, 6, -4, -2, 3, 6, -2, -13, -14, -10, -2, 3, 2, -1, -
↪5, -10, -19, -32, -42, -55, -60,
-68, -77, -86, -101, -110, -117, -115, -104, -92, -84, -85, -84, -73, -65, -52, -
↪50, -45, -35, -20, -3, 12, 20, 25,
26, 28, 28, 30, 28, 25, 28, 33, 42, 42, 36, 23, 9, 0, 1, -4, 1, -4, -4, 1, 5, 9, ↵
↪9, -3, -1, -18, -50, -108, -190,
-272, -340, -408, -446, -537, -643, -777, -894, -920, -853, -697, -461, -251, -60,
↪58, 103, 129, 139, 155, 170, 173,
178, 185, 190, 193, 200, 208, 215, 225, 224, 232, 234, 240, 240, 236, 229, 226, ↵
↪224, 232, 233, 232, 224, 219, 219,
223, 231, 226, 223, 219, 218, 223, 223, 223, 233, 245, 268, 286, 296, 295, 283, ↵
↪271, 263, 252, 243, 226, 210, 197,
186, 171, 152, 133, 117, 114, 110, 107, 96, 80, 63, 48, 40, 38, 34, 28, 15, 2, -7,
↪-11, -14, -18, -29, -37, -44, -50,
-58, -63, -61, -52, -50, -48, -61, -59, -58, -54, -47, -52, -62, -61, -64, -54, -
↪52, -59, -69, -76, -76, -69, -67,
-74, -78, -81, -80, -73, -65, -57, -53, -51, -47, -35, -27, -22, -22, -24, -21, -
↪17, -13, -10, -11, -13, -20, -20,
-12, -2, 7, -1, -12, -16, -13, -2, 2, -4, -5, -2, 9, 19, 19, 14, 11, 13, 19, 21, ↵
↪20, 18, 19, 19, 19, 16, 15, 13, 14,
9, 3, -5, -9, -5, -3, -2, -3, -3, 2, 8, 9, 9, 5, 6, 8, 8, 7, 4, 3, 4, 5, 3, 5, 5, ↵
↪13, 13, 12, 10, 10, 15, 22, 17,
14, 7, 10, 15, 16, 11, 12, 10, 13, 9, -2, -4, -2, 7, 16, 16, 17, 16, 7, -1, -16, -
↪18, -16, -9, -4, -5, -10, -9, -8,
-3, -4, -10, -19, -20, -16, -9, -9, -23, -40, -48, -43, -33, -19, -21, -26, -31, -
↪33, -19, 0, 17, 24, 9, -17, -47,
-63, -67, -59, -52, -51, -50, -49, -42, -26, -21, -15, -20, -23, -22, -19, -12, -
↪8, 5, 18, 27, 32, 26, 25, 26, 22,
23, 17, 14, 17, 21, 25, 2, -45, -121, -196, -226, -200, -118, -9, 73, 126, 131, ↵
↪114, 87, 60, 42, 29, 26, 34, 35, 34,
25, 12, 9, 7, 3, 2, -8, -11, 2, 23, 38, 41, 23, 9, 10, 13, 16, 8, -8, -17, -23, -
↪26, -25, -21, -15, -10, -13, -13,
-19, -22, -29, -40, -48, -48, -54, -55, -66, -82, -85, -90, -92, -98, -114, -119, ↵
↪-124, -129, -132, -146, -146, -138,
-124, -99, -85, -72, -65, -65, -65, -66, -63, -64, -64, -58, -46, -26, -9, 2, 2, ↵
↪4, 0, 1, 4, 3, 10, 11, 10, 2, -4,
0, 10, 18, 20, 6, 2, -9, -7, -3, -3, -2, -7, -12, -5, 5, 24, 36, 31, 25, 6, 3, 7, ↵
↪12, 17, 11, 0, -6, -9, -8, -7, -5,
-6, -2, -2, -6, -2, 2, 14, 24, 22, 15, 8, 4, 6, 7, 12, 16, 25, 20, 7, -16, -41, -
↪60, -67, -65, -54, -35, -11, 30,
84, 175, 302, 455, 603, 707, 743, 714, 625, 519, 414, 337, 300, 281, 263, 239, ↵
↪197, 163, 136, 109, 77, 34, -18, -50,
-66, -74, -79, -92, -107, -117, -127, -129, -135, -139, -141, -155, -159, -167, -
↪171, -169, -174, -175, -178, -191,

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```

-202, -223, -235, -243, -237, -240, -256, -298, -345, -393, -432, -475, -518, -
↪ 565, -596, -619, -623, -623, -614,
-599, -583, -559, -524, -477, -425, -383, -357, -331, -301, -252, -198, -143, -96,
↪ -57, -29, -8, 10, 31, 45, 60, 65,
70, 74, 76, 79, 82, 79, 75, 62,
]

def slider_x_event_cb(e):
    slider = e.get_target()
    v = slider.get_value()
    chart.set_zoom_x(v)

def slider_y_event_cb(e):
    slider = e.get_target()
    v = slider.get_value()
    chart.set_zoom_y(v)

#
# Display 1000 data points with zooming and scrolling.
# See how the chart changes drawing mode (draw only vertical lines) when
# the points get too crowded.

# Create a chart
chart = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
chart.set_size(200, 150)
chart.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, -30, -30)
chart.set_range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, -1000, 1000)

# Do not display points on the data
chart.set_style_size(0, lv.PART.INDICATOR)

ser = chart.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)

pcnt = len(ecg_sample)
chart.set_point_count(pcnt)
chart.set_ext_y_array(ser, ecg_sample)

slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
slider.set_range(lv.IMG_ZOOM.NONE, lv.IMG_ZOOM.NONE * 10)
slider.add_event_cb(slider_x_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
slider.set_size(200, 10)
slider.align_to(chart, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 20)

slider = lv.slider(lv.scr_act())
slider.set_range(lv.IMG_ZOOM.NONE, lv.IMG_ZOOM.NONE * 10)
slider.add_event_cb(slider_y_event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
slider.set_size(10, 150)
slider.align_to(chart, lv.ALIGN.OUT_RIGHT_MID, 20, 0)

```

## Show cursor on the clicked point

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * chart;
static lv_chart_series_t * ser;
static lv_chart_cursor_t * cursor;

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    static int32_t last_id = -1;
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);

    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        last_id = lv_chart_get_pressed_point(obj);
        if(last_id != LV_CHART_POINT_NONE) {
            lv_chart_set_cursor_point(obj, cursor, NULL, last_id);
        }
    }
    else if(code == LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END) {
        lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
        if(!lv_obj_draw_part_check_type(dsc, &lv_chart_class, LV_CHART_DRAW_PART_
↪CURSOR)) return;
        if(dsc->p1 == NULL || dsc->p2 == NULL || dsc->p1->y != dsc->p2->y || last_id
↪< 0) return;

        lv_coord_t * data_array = lv_chart_get_y_array(chart, ser);
        lv_coord_t v = data_array[last_id];
        char buf[16];
        lv_snprintf(buf, sizeof(buf), "%d", v);

        lv_point_t size;
        lv_txt_get_size(&size, buf, LV_FONT_DEFAULT, 0, 0, LV_COORD_MAX, LV_TEXT_FLAG_
↪NONE);

        lv_area_t a;
        a.y2 = dsc->p1->y - 5;
        a.y1 = a.y2 - size.y - 10;
        a.x1 = dsc->p1->x + 10;
        a.x2 = a.x1 + size.x + 10;

        lv_draw_rect_dsc_t draw_rect_dsc;
        lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&draw_rect_dsc);
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE);
        draw_rect_dsc.radius = 3;

        lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &draw_rect_dsc, &a);

        lv_draw_label_dsc_t draw_label_dsc;
        lv_draw_label_dsc_init(&draw_label_dsc);
        draw_label_dsc.color = lv_color_white();
        a.x1 += 5;
        a.x2 -= 5;
        a.y1 += 5;
        a.y2 -= 5;
    }
}

```

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```

        lv_draw_label(dsc->draw_ctx, &draw_label_dsc, &a, buf, NULL);
    }
}

/**
 * Show cursor on the clicked point
 */
void lv_example_chart_6(void)
{
    chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_align(chart, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -10);

    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 5, true, 40);
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_X, 10, 5, 10, 1, true, 30);

    lv_obj_add_event_cb(chart, event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_obj_refresh_ext_draw_size(chart);

    cursor = lv_chart_add_cursor(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), LV_DIR_LEFT,
    ↪ LV_DIR_BOTTOM);

    ser = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_
    ↪ PRIMARY_Y);
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv_chart_set_next_value(chart, ser, lv_rand(10, 90));
    }

    lv_chart_set_zoom_x(chart, 500);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Click on a point");
    lv_obj_align_to(label, chart, LV_ALIGN_OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5);
}

#endif

```

```

class ExampleChart_6():
    def __init__(self):
        self.last_id = -1
        #
        # Show cursor on the clicked point
        #

        chart = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
        chart.set_size(200, 150)
        chart.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -10)

        chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 5, True, 40)
        chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_X, 10, 5, 10, 1, True, 30)

        chart.add_event_cb(self.event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
        chart.refresh_ext_draw_size()

```

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```

self.cursor = chart.add_cursor(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), lv.DIR.LEFT,
↪ lv.DIR.BOTTOM)

self.ser = chart.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.
↪ PRIMARY_Y)

self.ser_p = []
for i in range(10):
    self.ser_p.append(lv.rand(10,90))
self.ser.y_points = self.ser_p

newser = chart.get_series_next(None)
# print("length of data points: ",len(newser.points))
chart.set_zoom_x(500)

label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.set_text("Click on a point")
label.align_to(chart, lv.ALIGN.OUT_TOP_MID, 0, -5)

def event_cb(self,e):

    code = e.get_code()
    chart = e.get_target()

    if code == lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED:
        # print("last_id: ",self.last_id)
        self.last_id = chart.get_pressed_point()
        if self.last_id != lv.CHART_POINT.NONE:
            p = lv.point_t()
            chart.get_point_pos_by_id(self.ser, self.last_id, p)
            chart.set_cursor_point(self.cursor, None, self.last_id)

    elif code == lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_END:
        # print("EVENT.DRAW_PART_END")
        dsc = lv.obj_draw_part_dsc_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
        # if dsc.p1 and dsc.p2:
        #     # print("p1, p2", dsc.p1,dsc.p2)
        #     # print("p1.y, p2.y", dsc.p1.y, dsc.p2.y)
        #     # print("last_id: ",self.last_id)
        if dsc.part == lv.PART.CURSOR and dsc.p1 and dsc.p2 and dsc.p1.y == dsc.
↪ p2.y and self.last_id >= 0:

            v = self.ser_p[self.last_id]

            # print("value: ",v)
            value_txt = str(v)
            size = lv.point_t()
            lv.txt_get_size(size, value_txt, lv.font_default(), 0, 0, lv.COORD.
↪ MAX, lv.TEXT_FLAG.NONE)

            a = lv.area_t()
            a.y2 = dsc.p1.y - 5
            a.y1 = a.y2 - size.y - 10
            a.x1 = dsc.p1.x + 10
            a.x2 = a.x1 + size.x + 10

```

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```

        draw_rect_dsc = lv_draw_rect_dsc_t()
        draw_rect_dsc.init()
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = lv_palette_main(lv_PALETTE_BLUE)
        draw_rect_dsc.radius = 3

        lv_draw_rect(a, dsc.clip_area, draw_rect_dsc)

        draw_label_dsc = lv_draw_label_dsc_t()
        draw_label_dsc.init()
        draw_label_dsc.color = lv_color_white()
        a.x1 += 5
        a.x2 -= 5
        a.y1 += 5
        a.y2 -= 5
        lv_draw_label(a, dsc.clip_area, draw_label_dsc, value_txt, None)

example_chart_6 = ExampleChart_6()

```

### Scatter chart

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void draw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
    if(dsc->part == LV_PART_ITEMS) {
        lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
        lv_chart_series_t * ser = lv_chart_get_series_next(obj, NULL);
        uint32_t cnt = lv_chart_get_point_count(obj);
        /*Make older value more transparent*/
        dsc->rect_dsc->bg_opa = (LV_OPA_COVER * dsc->id) / (cnt - 1);

        /*Make smaller values blue, higher values red*/
        lv_coord_t * x_array = lv_chart_get_x_array(obj, ser);
        lv_coord_t * y_array = lv_chart_get_y_array(obj, ser);
        /*dsc->id is the tells drawing order, but we need the ID of the point being
        ↪drawn.*/
        uint32_t start_point = lv_chart_get_x_start_point(obj, ser);
        uint32_t p_act = (start_point + dsc->id) % cnt; /*Consider start point to get
        ↪the index of the array*/
        lv_opa_t x_opa = (x_array[p_act] * LV_OPA_50) / 200;
        lv_opa_t y_opa = (y_array[p_act] * LV_OPA_50) / 1000;

        dsc->rect_dsc->bg_color = lv_color_mix(lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED),
                                                lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE),
                                                x_opa + y_opa);
    }
}

static void add_data(lv_timer_t * timer)
{
    LV_UNUSED(timer);
    lv_obj_t * chart = timer->user_data;

```

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```

    lv_chart_set_next_value2(chart, lv_chart_get_series_next(chart, NULL), lv_rand(0, 200), lv_rand(0, 1000));
}

/**
 * A scatter chart
 */
void lv_example_chart_7(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * chart = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(chart, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_align(chart, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(chart, draw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN, NULL);
    lv_obj_set_style_line_width(chart, 0, LV_PART_ITEMS); /*Remove the lines*/

    lv_chart_set_type(chart, LV_CHART_TYPE_SCATTER);

    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_X, 5, 5, 5, 1, true, 30);
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 5, true, 50);

    lv_chart_set_range(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_X, 0, 200);
    lv_chart_set_range(chart, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 0, 1000);

    lv_chart_set_point_count(chart, 50);

    lv_chart_series_t * ser = lv_chart_add_series(chart, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 50; i++) {
        lv_chart_set_next_value2(chart, ser, lv_rand(0, 200), lv_rand(0, 1000));
    }

    lv_timer_create(add_data, 100, chart);
}

#endif

```

```

#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import utime as time
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver

def draw_event_cb(e):
    dsc = e.get_draw_part_dsc()
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.ITEMS:
        obj = e.get_target()
        ser = obj.get_series_next(None)
        cnt = obj.get_point_count()
        # print("cnt: ", cnt)
        # Make older value more transparent
        dsc.rect_dsc.bg_opa = (lv.OPA.COVER * dsc.id) // (cnt - 1)

        # Make smaller values blue, higher values red
        # x_array = chart.get_x_array(ser)
        # y_array = chart.get_y_array(ser)
        # dsc->id is the tells drawing order, but we need the ID of the point being drawn.

```

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```

start_point = chart.get_x_start_point(ser)
# print("start point: ",start_point)
p_act = (start_point + dsc.id) % cnt # Consider start point to get the index
↳ of the array
# print("p_act", p_act)
x_opa = (x_array[p_act] * lv.OPA_50) // 200
y_opa = (y_array[p_act] * lv.OPA_50) // 1000

dsc.rect_dsc.bg_color = lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED).color_mix(
                                lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE),
                                x_opa + y_opa)

def add_data(timer,chart):
    # print("add_data")
    x = lv.rand(0,200)
    y = lv.rand(0,1000)
    chart.set_next_value2(ser, x, y)
    # chart.set_next_value2(chart.gx, y)
    x_array.pop(0)
    x_array.append(x)
    y_array.pop(0)
    y_array.append(y)

#
# A scatter chart
#

chart = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
chart.set_size(200, 150)
chart.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
chart.add_event_cb(draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN, None)
chart.set_style_line_width(0, lv.PART.ITEMS) # Remove the lines

chart.set_type(lv.chart.TYPE.SCATTER)

chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_X, 5, 5, 5, 1, True, 30)
chart.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 10, 5, 6, 5, True, 50)

chart.set_range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_X, 0, 200)
chart.set_range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 0, 1000)

chart.set_point_count(50)

ser = chart.add_series(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)

x_array = []
y_array = []
for i in range(50):
    x_array.append(lv.rand(0, 200))
    y_array.append(lv.rand(0, 1000))

ser.x_points = x_array
ser.y_points = y_array

# Create an `lv_timer` to update the chart.

timer = lv.timer_create_basic()

```

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```
timer.set_period(100)
timer.set_cb(lambda src: add_data(timer, chart))
```

## Stacked area chart

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_CHART && LV_DRAW_COMPLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/* A struct is used to keep track of the series list because later we need to draw
↳ to the series in the reverse order to which they were initialised. */
typedef struct {
    lv_obj_t * obj;
    lv_chart_series_t * series_list[3];
} stacked_area_chart_t;

static stacked_area_chart_t stacked_area_chart;

/**
 * Callback which draws the blocks of colour under the lines
 */
static void draw_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);

    /*Add the faded area before the lines are drawn*/
    lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t * dsc = lv_event_get_draw_part_dsc(e);
    if(dsc->part == LV_PART_ITEMS) {
        if(!dsc->p1 || !dsc->p2)
            return;

        /*Add a line mask that keeps the area below the line*/
        lv_draw_mask_line_param_t line_mask_param;
        lv_draw_mask_line_points_init(&line_mask_param, dsc->p1->x, dsc->p1->y, dsc->
↳ p2->x, dsc->p2->y,
                                   LV_DRAW_MASK_LINE_SIDE_BOTTOM);
        int16_t line_mask_id = lv_draw_mask_add(&line_mask_param, NULL);

        /*Draw a rectangle that will be affected by the mask*/
        lv_draw_rect_dsc_t draw_rect_dsc;
        lv_draw_rect_dsc_init(&draw_rect_dsc);
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = LV_OPA_COVER;
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = dsc->line_dsc->color;

        lv_area_t a;
        a.x1 = dsc->p1->x;
        a.x2 = dsc->p2->x;
        a.y1 = LV_MIN(dsc->p1->y, dsc->p2->y);
        a.y2 = obj->coords.y2 -
↳ 13; /* -13 cuts off where the rectangle draws over the chart margin.
↳ Without this an area of 0 doesn't look like 0 */
        lv_draw_rect(dsc->draw_ctx, &draw_rect_dsc, &a);

        /*Remove the mask*/
        lv_draw_mask_free_param(&line_mask_param);
    }
}
```

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```

        lv_draw_mask_remove_id(line_mask_id);
    }
}

/**
 * Helper function to round a fixed point number
 */
static int32_t round_fixed_point(int32_t n, int8_t shift)
{
    /* Create a bitmask to isolates the decimal part of the fixed point number */
    int32_t mask = 1;
    for(int32_t bit_pos = 0; bit_pos < shift; bit_pos++) {
        mask = (mask << 1) + 1;
    }

    int32_t decimal_part = n & mask;

    /* Get 0.5 as fixed point */
    int32_t rounding_boundary = 1 << (shift - 1);

    /* Return either the integer part of n or the integer part + 1 */
    return (decimal_part < rounding_boundary) ? (n & ~mask) : ((n >> shift) + 1) <<
↪ shift;
}

/**
 * Stacked area chart
 */
void lv_example_chart_8(void)
{
    /*Create a stacked_area_chart.obj*/
    stacked_area_chart.obj = lv_chart_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(stacked_area_chart.obj, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_center(stacked_area_chart.obj);
    lv_chart_set_type(stacked_area_chart.obj, LV_CHART_TYPE_LINE);
    lv_chart_set_div_line_count(stacked_area_chart.obj, 5, 7);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(stacked_area_chart.obj, draw_event_cb, LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_
↪ BEGIN, NULL);

    /* Set range to 0 to 100 for percentages. Draw ticks */
    lv_chart_set_range(stacked_area_chart.obj, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 0, 100);
    lv_chart_set_axis_tick(stacked_area_chart.obj, LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y, 3, 0, 5,
↪ 1, true, 30);

    /*Set point size to 0 so the lines are smooth */
    lv_obj_set_style_size(stacked_area_chart.obj, 0, LV_PART_INDICATOR);

    /*Add some data series*/
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[0] = lv_chart_add_series(stacked_area_chart.obj,
↪ lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED),
                                                                    LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[1] = lv_chart_add_series(stacked_area_chart.obj,
↪ lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE),
                                                                    LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[2] = lv_chart_add_series(stacked_area_chart.obj,
↪ lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN),
                                                                    LV_CHART_AXIS_PRIMARY_Y);
}

```

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```

for(int point = 0; point < 10; point++) {
    /* Make some random data */
    uint32_t vals[3] = {lv_rand(10, 20), lv_rand(20, 30), lv_rand(20, 30)};

    int8_t fixed_point_shift = 5;
    uint32_t total = vals[0] + vals[1] + vals[2];
    uint32_t draw_heights[3];
    uint32_t int_sum = 0;
    uint32_t decimal_sum = 0;

    /* Fixed point cascade rounding ensures percentages add to 100 */
    for(int32_t series_index = 0; series_index < 3; series_index++) {
        decimal_sum += (((vals[series_index] * 100) << fixed_point_shift) /
↪total);
        int_sum += (vals[series_index] * 100) / total;

        int32_t modifier = (round_fixed_point(decimal_sum, fixed_point_shift) >>
↪fixed_point_shift) - int_sum;

        /* The draw heights are equal to the percentage of the total each value
↪is + the cumulative sum of the previous percentages.
        The accumulation is how the values get "stacked" */
        draw_heights[series_index] = int_sum + modifier;

        /* Draw to the series in the reverse order to which they were
↪initialised.
        Without this the higher values will draw on top of the lower ones.
        This is because the Z-height of a series matches the order it was
↪initialised */
        lv_chart_set_next_value(stacked_area_chart.obj, stacked_area_chart.series_
↪list[3 - series_index - 1],
                                draw_heights[series_index]);
    }
}

lv_chart_refresh(stacked_area_chart.obj);
}

#endif

```

```

import display_driver
import lvgl as lv

# A class is used to keep track of the series list because later we
# need to draw to the series in the reverse order to which they were initialised.
class StackedAreaChart:
    def __init__(self):
        self.obj = None
        self.series_list = [None, None, None]

stacked_area_chart = StackedAreaChart()

#
# Callback which draws the blocks of colour under the lines
#

```

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```

def draw_event_cb(e):

    obj = e.get_target()
    cont_a = lv.area_t()
    obj.get_coords(cont_a)

    #Add the faded area before the lines are drawn
    dsc = e.get_draw_part_dsc()
    if dsc.part == lv.PART.ITEMS:
        if not dsc.p1 or not dsc.p2:
            return

        # Add a line mask that keeps the area below the line
        line_mask_param = lv.draw_mask_line_param_t()
        line_mask_param.points_init(dsc.p1.x, dsc.p1.y, dsc.p2.x, dsc.p2.y, lv.DRAW_
↪ MASK_LINE_SIDE.BOTTOM)
        line_mask_id = lv.draw_mask_add(line_mask_param, None)

        #Draw a rectangle that will be affected by the mask
        draw_rect_dsc = lv.draw_rect_dsc_t()
        draw_rect_dsc.init()
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_opa = lv.OPA.COVER
        draw_rect_dsc.bg_color = dsc.line_dsc.color

        a = lv.area_t()
        a.x1 = dsc.p1.x
        a.x2 = dsc.p2.x
        a.y1 = min(dsc.p1.y, dsc.p2.y)
        a.y2 = cont_a.y2 - 13 # -13 cuts off where the rectangle draws over the chart
↪ margin. Without this an area of 0 doesn't look like 0
        dsc.draw_ctx.rect(draw_rect_dsc, a)

        # Remove the mask
        lv.draw_mask_free_param(line_mask_param)
        lv.draw_mask_remove_id(line_mask_id)

#
# Helper function to round a fixed point number
#
def round_fixed_point(n, shift):
    # Create a bitmask to isolates the decimal part of the fixed point number
    mask = 1
    for bit_pos in range(shift):
        mask = (mask << 1) + 1

    decimal_part = n & mask

    # Get 0.5 as fixed point
    rounding_boundary = 1 << (shift - 1)

    # Return either the integer part of n or the integer part + 1
    if decimal_part < rounding_boundary:
        return (n & ~mask)
    return ((n >> shift) + 1) << shift

```

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```

#
# Stacked area chart
#
def lv_example_chart_8():

    #Create a stacked_area_chart.obj
    stacked_area_chart.obj = lv.chart(lv.scr_act())
    stacked_area_chart.obj.set_size(200, 150)
    stacked_area_chart.obj.center()
    stacked_area_chart.obj.set_type( lv.chart.TYPE.LINE)
    stacked_area_chart.obj.set_div_line_count(5, 7)
    stacked_area_chart.obj.add_event_cb( draw_event_cb, lv.EVENT.DRAW_PART_BEGIN,
    ↪None)

    # Set range to 0 to 100 for percentages. Draw ticks
    stacked_area_chart.obj.set_range(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y,0,100)
    stacked_area_chart.obj.set_axis_tick(lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y, 3, 0, 5, 1, True,
    ↪30)

    #Set point size to 0 so the lines are smooth
    stacked_area_chart.obj.set_style_size(0, lv.PART.INDICATOR)

    # Add some data series
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[0] = stacked_area_chart.obj.add_series(lv.palette_
    ↪main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[1] = stacked_area_chart.obj.add_series(lv.palette_
    ↪main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)
    stacked_area_chart.series_list[2] = stacked_area_chart.obj.add_series(lv.palette_
    ↪main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN), lv.chart.AXIS.PRIMARY_Y)

    for point in range(10):
        # Make some random data
        vals = [lv.rand(10, 20), lv.rand(20, 30), lv.rand(20, 30)]

        fixed_point_shift = 5
        total = vals[0] + vals[1] + vals[2]
        draw_heights = [0, 0, 0]
        int_sum = 0
        decimal_sum = 0

        # Fixed point cascade rounding ensures percentages add to 100
        for series_index in range(3):
            decimal_sum += int(((vals[series_index] * 100) << fixed_point_shift) //
    ↪total)
            int_sum += int((vals[series_index] * 100) / total)

            modifier = (round_fixed_point(decimal_sum, fixed_point_shift) >> fixed_
    ↪point_shift) - int_sum

            # The draw heights are equal to the percentage of the total each value.
    ↪is + the cumulative sum of the previous percentages.
            # The accumulation is how the values get "stacked"
            draw_heights[series_index] = int(int_sum + modifier)

            # Draw to the series in the reverse order to which they were initialised.
            # Without this the higher values will draw on top of the lower ones.
            # This is because the Z-height of a series matches the order it was
    ↪initialised

```

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```

        stacked_area_chart.obj.set_next_value( stacked_area_chart.series_list[3 -
↪series_index - 1], draw_heights[series_index])

        stacked_area_chart.obj.refresh()
lv_example_chart_8()

```

## API

### Typedefs

```

typedef uint8_t lv_chart_type_t
typedef uint8_t lv_chart_update_mode_t
typedef uint8_t lv_chart_axis_t

```

### Enums

enum **[anonymous]**

Chart types

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_CHART\_TYPE\_NONE**

Don't draw the series

enumerator **LV\_CHART\_TYPE\_LINE**

Connect the points with lines

enumerator **LV\_CHART\_TYPE\_BAR**

Draw columns

enumerator **LV\_CHART\_TYPE\_SCATTER**

Draw points and lines in 2D (x,y coordinates)

enum **[anonymous]**

Chart update mode for lv\_chart\_set\_next

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_CHART\_UPDATE\_MODE\_SHIFT**

Shift old data to the left and add the new one the right

enumerator **LV\_CHART\_UPDATE\_MODE\_CIRCULAR**

Add the new data in a circular way

enum **[anonymous]**

Enumeration of the axis'

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_CHART\_AXIS\_PRIMARY\_Y**

enumerator **LV\_CHART\_AXIS\_SECONDARY\_Y**

enumerator **LV\_CHART\_AXIS\_PRIMARY\_X**

enumerator **LV\_CHART\_AXIS\_SECONDARY\_X**

enumerator **\_LV\_CHART\_AXIS\_LAST**

enum **lv\_chart\_draw\_part\_type\_t**

type field in `lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t` if `class_p` = `lv_chart_class` Used in `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN` and `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END`

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_CHART\_DRAW\_PART\_DIV\_LINE\_INIT**

Used before/after drawn the div lines

enumerator **LV\_CHART\_DRAW\_PART\_DIV\_LINE\_HOR**

Used for each horizontal division lines

enumerator **LV\_CHART\_DRAW\_PART\_DIV\_LINE\_VER**

Used for each vertical division lines

enumerator **LV\_CHART\_DRAW\_PART\_LINE\_AND\_POINT**

Used on line and scatter charts for lines and points

enumerator **LV\_CHART\_DRAW\_PART\_BAR**

Used on bar charts for the rectangles

enumerator **LV\_CHART\_DRAW\_PART\_CURSOR**

Used on cursor lines and points

enumerator **LV\_CHART\_DRAW\_PART\_TICK\_LABEL**

Used on tick lines and labels

## Functions

**LV\_EXPORT\_CONST\_INT**(LV\_CHART\_POINT\_NONE)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_chart\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a chart object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new chart

**Returns** pointer to the created chart

void **lv\_chart\_set\_type**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_chart\_type\_t* type)

Set a new type for a chart

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **type** -- new type of the chart (from 'lv\_chart\_type\_t' enum)

void **lv\_chart\_set\_point\_count**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t cnt)

Set the number of points on a data line on a chart

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **cnt** -- new number of points on the data lines

void **lv\_chart\_set\_range**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_chart\_axis\_t* axis, lv\_coord\_t min, lv\_coord\_t max)

Set the minimal and maximal y values on an axis

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **axis** -- LV\_CHART\_AXIS\_PRIMARY\_Y or LV\_CHART\_AXIS\_SECONDARY\_Y
- **min** -- minimum value of the y axis
- **max** -- maximum value of the y axis

void **lv\_chart\_set\_update\_mode**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_chart\_update\_mode\_t* update\_mode)

Set update mode of the chart object. Affects

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **mode** -- the update mode

void **lv\_chart\_set\_div\_line\_count**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint8\_t hdiv, uint8\_t vdiv)

Set the number of horizontal and vertical division lines

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **hdiv** -- number of horizontal division lines
- **vdiv** -- number of vertical division lines

void **lv\_chart\_set\_zoom\_x**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t zoom\_x)

Zoom into the chart in X direction

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **zoom\_x** -- zoom in x direction. LV\_ZOOM\_NONE or 256 for no zoom, 512 double zoom

void **lv\_chart\_set\_zoom\_y**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t zoom\_y)

Zoom into the chart in Y direction

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **zoom\_y** -- zoom in y direction. LV\_ZOOM\_NONE or 256 for no zoom, 512 double zoom

uint16\_t **lv\_chart\_get\_zoom\_x**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get X zoom of a chart

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a chart object

**Returns** the X zoom value

uint16\_t **lv\_chart\_get\_zoom\_y**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get Y zoom of a chart

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a chart object

**Returns** the Y zoom value

```
void lv_chart_set_axis_tick(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_chart_axis_t axis, lv_coord_t major_len, lv_coord_t
                           minor_len, lv_coord_t major_cnt, lv_coord_t minor_cnt, bool label_en,
                           lv_coord_t draw_size)
```

Set the number of tick lines on an axis

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **axis** -- an axis which ticks count should be set
- **major\_len** -- length of major ticks
- **minor\_len** -- length of minor ticks
- **major\_cnt** -- number of major ticks on the axis
- **minor\_cnt** -- number of minor ticks between two major ticks
- **label\_en** -- true: enable label drawing on major ticks
- **draw\_size** -- extra size required to draw the tick and labels (start with 20 px and increase if the ticks/labels are clipped)

```
lv_chart_type_t lv_chart_get_type(const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get the type of a chart

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to chart object

**Returns** type of the chart (from 'lv\_chart\_t' enum)

```
uint16_t lv_chart_get_point_count(const lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Get the data point number per data line on chart

**Parameters** **chart** -- pointer to chart object

**Returns** point number on each data line

```
uint16_t lv_chart_get_x_start_point(const lv_obj_t *obj, lv_chart_series_t *ser)
```

Get the current index of the x-axis start point in the data array

**Parameters**

- **chart** -- pointer to a chart object
- **ser** -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'

**Returns** the index of the current x start point in the data array

```
void lv_chart_get_point_pos_by_id(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_chart_series_t *ser, uint16_t id, lv_point_t *p_out)
```

Get the position of a point to the chart.

**Parameters**

- **chart** -- pointer to a chart object
- **ser** -- pointer to series
- **id** -- the index.
- **p\_out** -- store the result position here

```
void lv_chart_refresh(lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Refresh a chart if its data line has changed

**Parameters** **chart** -- pointer to chart object

*lv\_chart\_series\_t* \***lv\_chart\_add\_series**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, lv\_color\_t color, *lv\_chart\_axis\_t* axis)  
Allocate and add a data series to the chart

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **color** -- color of the data series
- **axis** -- the y axis to which the series should be attached  
(::LV\_CHART\_AXIS\_PRIMARY\_Y or ::LV\_CHART\_AXIS\_SECONDARY\_Y)

**Returns** pointer to the allocated data series

void **lv\_chart\_remove\_series**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_chart\_series\_t* \*series)  
Deallocate and remove a data series from a chart

**Parameters**

- **chart** -- pointer to a chart object
- **series** -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'

void **lv\_chart\_hide\_series**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*chart, *lv\_chart\_series\_t* \*series, bool hide)  
Hide/Unhide a single series of a chart.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object.
- **series** -- pointer to a series object
- **hide** -- true: hide the series

void **lv\_chart\_set\_series\_color**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*chart, *lv\_chart\_series\_t* \*series, lv\_color\_t color)  
Change the color of a series

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object.
- **series** -- pointer to a series object
- **color** -- the new color of the series

void **lv\_chart\_set\_x\_start\_point**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_chart\_series\_t* \*ser, uint16\_t id)  
Set the index of the x-axis start point in the data array. This point will be considers the first (left) point and the other points will be drawn after it.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **ser** -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'
- **id** -- the index of the x point in the data array

*lv\_chart\_series\_t* \***lv\_chart\_get\_series\_next**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*chart, const *lv\_chart\_series\_t* \*ser)  
Get the next series.

**Parameters**

- **chart** -- pointer to a chart
- **ser** -- the previous series or NULL to get the first

**Returns** the next series or NULL if there is no more.

*lv\_chart\_cursor\_t* \***lv\_chart\_add\_cursor**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, lv\_color\_t color, lv\_dir\_t dir)

Add a cursor with a given color

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to chart object
- **color** -- color of the cursor
- **dir** -- direction of the cursor. LV\_DIR\_RIGHT/LEFT/TOP/DOWN/HOR/VER/ALL. OR-ed values are possible

**Returns** pointer to the created cursor

void **lv\_chart\_set\_cursor\_pos**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*chart, *lv\_chart\_cursor\_t* \*cursor, lv\_point\_t \*pos)

Set the coordinate of the cursor with respect to the paddings

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **cursor** -- pointer to the cursor
- **pos** -- the new coordinate of cursor relative to the chart

void **lv\_chart\_set\_cursor\_point**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*chart, *lv\_chart\_cursor\_t* \*cursor, *lv\_chart\_series\_t* \*ser, uint16\_t point\_id)

Stick the cursor to a point

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **cursor** -- pointer to the cursor
- **ser** -- pointer to a series
- **point\_id** -- the point's index or LV\_CHART\_POINT\_NONE to not assign to any points.

lv\_point\_t **lv\_chart\_get\_cursor\_point**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*chart, *lv\_chart\_cursor\_t* \*cursor)

Get the coordinate of the cursor with respect to the paddings

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **cursor** -- pointer to cursor

**Returns** coordinate of the cursor as lv\_point\_t

void **lv\_chart\_set\_all\_value**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_chart\_series\_t* \*ser, lv\_coord\_t value)

Initialize all data points of a series with a value

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to chart object
- **ser** -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'
- **value** -- the new value for all points. LV\_CHART\_POINT\_NONE can be used to hide the points.

void **lv\_chart\_set\_next\_value**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_chart\_series\_t* \*ser, lv\_coord\_t value)

Set the next point's Y value according to the update mode policy.

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to chart object

- **ser** -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'
- **value** -- the new value of the next data

void **lv\_chart\_set\_next\_value2**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_chart\_series\_t* \*ser, lv\_coord\_t x\_value, lv\_coord\_t y\_value)

Set the next point's X and Y value according to the update mode policy.

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to chart object
- **ser** -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'
- **x\_value** -- the new X value of the next data
- **y\_value** -- the new Y value of the next data

void **lv\_chart\_set\_value\_by\_id**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_chart\_series\_t* \*ser, uint16\_t id, lv\_coord\_t value)

Set an individual point's y value of a chart's series directly based on its index

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **ser** -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'
- **id** -- the index of the x point in the array
- **value** -- value to assign to array point

void **lv\_chart\_set\_value\_by\_id2**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_chart\_series\_t* \*ser, uint16\_t id, lv\_coord\_t x\_value, lv\_coord\_t y\_value)

Set an individual point's x and y value of a chart's series directly based on its index Can be used only with LV\_CHART\_TYPE\_SCATTER.

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to chart object
- **ser** -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'
- **id** -- the index of the x point in the array
- **x\_value** -- the new X value of the next data
- **y\_value** -- the new Y value of the next data

void **lv\_chart\_set\_ext\_y\_array**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_chart\_series\_t* \*ser, lv\_coord\_t array[])

Set an external array for the y data points to use for the chart NOTE: It is the users responsibility to make sure the point\_cnt matches the external array size.

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **ser** -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'
- **array** -- external array of points for chart

void **lv\_chart\_set\_ext\_x\_array**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_chart\_series\_t* \*ser, lv\_coord\_t array[])

Set an external array for the x data points to use for the chart NOTE: It is the users responsibility to make sure the point\_cnt matches the external array size.

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object



- **ser** -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'
- **array** -- external array of points for chart

lv\_coord\_t \***lv\_chart\_get\_y\_array**(const lv\_obj\_t \*obj, lv\_chart\_series\_t \*ser)

Get the array of y values of a series

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **ser** -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'

**Returns** the array of values with 'point\_count' elements

lv\_coord\_t \***lv\_chart\_get\_x\_array**(const lv\_obj\_t \*obj, lv\_chart\_series\_t \*ser)

Get the array of x values of a series

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a chart object
- **ser** -- pointer to a data series on 'chart'

**Returns** the array of values with 'point\_count' elements

uint32\_t **lv\_chart\_get\_pressed\_point**(const lv\_obj\_t \*obj)

Get the index of the currently pressed point. It's the same for every series.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a chart object

**Returns** the index of the point [0 .. point count] or LV\_CHART\_POINT\_ID\_NONE if no point is being pressed

## Variables

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_chart\_class**

struct **lv\_chart\_series\_t**

*#include <lv\_chart.h>* Descriptor a chart series

### Public Members

lv\_coord\_t \***x\_points**

lv\_coord\_t \***y\_points**

lv\_color\_t **color**

uint16\_t **start\_point**

uint8\_t **hidden**

uint8\_t **x\_ext\_buf\_assigned**

uint8\_t **y\_ext\_buf\_assigned**

uint8\_t **x\_axis\_sec**

uint8\_t **y\_axis\_sec**

struct **lv\_chart\_cursor\_t**

**Public Members**

```

lv_point_t pos
uint16_t point_id
lv_color_t color
lv_chart_series_t *ser
lv_dir_t dir
uint8_t pos_set
struct lv_chart_tick_dsc_t

```

**Public Members**

```

lv_coord_t major_len
lv_coord_t minor_len
lv_coord_t draw_size
uint32_t minor_cnt
uint32_t major_cnt
uint32_t label_en
struct lv_chart_t

```

**Public Members**

```

lv_obj_t obj
lv_ll_t series_ll
    Linked list for the series (stores lv_chart_series_t)
lv_ll_t cursor_ll
    Linked list for the cursors (stores lv_chart_cursor_t)

lv_chart_tick_dsc_t tick[4]
lv_coord_t ymin[2]
lv_coord_t ymax[2]
lv_coord_t xmin[2]
lv_coord_t xmax[2]
uint16_t pressed_point_id
uint16_t hdiv_cnt
    Number of horizontal division lines

uint16_t vdiv_cnt
    Number of vertical division lines

```

uint16\_t **point\_cnt**  
Point number in a data line

uint16\_t **zoom\_x**

uint16\_t **zoom\_y**

lv\_chart\_type\_t **type**  
Line or column chart

lv\_chart\_update\_mode\_t **update\_mode**

### 6.3.4 Color wheel (lv\_colorwheel)

#### Overview

As its name implies *Color wheel* allows the user to select a color. The Hue, Saturation and Value of the color can be selected separately.

Long pressing the object, the color wheel will change to the next parameter of the color (hue, saturation or value). A double click will reset the current parameter.

#### Parts and Styles

- LV\_PART\_MAIN Only `arc_width` is used to set the width of the color wheel
- LV\_PART\_KNOB A rectangle (or circle) drawn on the current value. It uses all the rectangle like style properties and padding to make it larger than the width of the arc.

#### Usage

##### Create a color wheel

`lv_colorwheel_create(parent, knob_recolor)` creates a new color wheel. With `knob_recolor=true` the knob's background color will be set to the current color.

##### Set color

The color can be set manually with `lv_colorwheel_set_hue/saturation/value(colorwheel, x)` or all at once with `lv_colorwheel_set_hsv(colorwheel, hsv)` or `lv_colorwheel_set_color(colorwheel, rgb)`

## Color mode

The current color mode can be manually selected with `lv_colorwheel_set_mode(colorwheel, LV_COLORWHEEL_MODE_HUE/SATURATION/VALUE)`.

The color mode can be fixed (so as to not change with long press) using `lv_colorwheel_set_mode_fixed(colorwheel, true)`

## Events

- `LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED` Sent if a new color is selected.

Learn more about [Events](#).

## Keys

- `LV_KEY_UP`, `LV_KEY_RIGHT` Increment the current parameter's value by 1
- `LV_KEY_DOWN`, `LV_KEY_LEFT` Decrement the current parameter's value by 1
- `LV_KEY_ENTER` A long press will show the next mode. Double click to reset the current parameter.

Learn more about [Keys](#).

## Example

### Simple Colorwheel

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_COLORWHEEL && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_colorwheel_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * cw;

    cw = lv_colorwheel_create(lv_scr_act(), true);
    lv_obj_set_size(cw, 200, 200);
    lv_obj_center(cw);
}

#endif
```

```
cw = lv.colorwheel(lv.scr_act(), True)
cw.set_size(200, 200)
cw.center()
```

## API

### Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_colorwheel_mode_t
```

### Enums

```
enum [anonymous]
```

*Values:*

```
enumerator LV_COLORWHEEL_MODE_HUE
```

```
enumerator LV_COLORWHEEL_MODE_SATURATION
```

```
enumerator LV_COLORWHEEL_MODE_VALUE
```

### Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_colorwheel_create(lv_obj_t *parent, bool knob_recolor)
```

Create a color picker object with disc shape

#### Parameters

- **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new color picker
- **knob\_recolor** -- true: set the knob's color to the current color

**Returns** pointer to the created color picker

```
bool lv_colorwheel_set_hsv(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_hsv_t hsv)
```

Set the current hsv of a color wheel.

#### Parameters

- **colorwheel** -- pointer to color wheel object
- **color** -- current selected hsv

**Returns** true if changed, otherwise false

```
bool lv_colorwheel_set_rgb(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_color_t color)
```

Set the current color of a color wheel.

#### Parameters

- **colorwheel** -- pointer to color wheel object
- **color** -- current selected color

**Returns** true if changed, otherwise false

```
void lv_colorwheel_set_mode(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_colorwheel_mode_t mode)
```

Set the current color mode.

#### Parameters

- **colorwheel** -- pointer to color wheel object
- **mode** -- color mode (hue/sat/val)

void **lv\_colorwheel\_set\_mode\_fixed**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, bool fixed)  
Set if the color mode is changed on long press on center

**Parameters**

- **colorwheel** -- pointer to color wheel object
- **fixed** -- color mode cannot be changed on long press

*lv\_color\_hsv\_t* **lv\_colorwheel\_get\_hsv**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Get the current selected hsv of a color wheel.

**Parameters** **colorwheel** -- pointer to color wheel object

**Returns** current selected hsv

*lv\_color\_t* **lv\_colorwheel\_get\_rgb**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Get the current selected color of a color wheel.

**Parameters** **colorwheel** -- pointer to color wheel object

**Returns** color current selected color

*lv\_colorwheel\_mode\_t* **lv\_colorwheel\_get\_color\_mode**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Get the current color mode.

**Parameters** **colorwheel** -- pointer to color wheel object

**Returns** color mode (hue/sat/val)

bool **lv\_colorwheel\_get\_color\_mode\_fixed**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Get if the color mode is changed on long press on center

**Parameters** **colorwheel** -- pointer to color wheel object

**Returns** mode cannot be changed on long press

## Variables

const *lv\_obj\_class\_t* **lv\_colorwheel\_class**  
struct **lv\_colorwheel\_t**

### Public Members

*lv\_obj\_t* **obj**  
*lv\_color\_hsv\_t* **hsv**  
*lv\_point\_t* **pos**  
uint8\_t **recolor**  
struct *lv\_colorwheel\_t*::[anonymous] **knob**  
uint32\_t **last\_click\_time**  
uint32\_t **last\_change\_time**  
*lv\_point\_t* **last\_press\_point**  
*lv\_colorwheel\_mode\_t* **mode**

uint8\_t mode\_fixed

## 6.3.5 Image button (lv\_imgbtn)

### Overview

The Image button is very similar to the simple 'Button' object. The only difference is that it displays user-defined images in each state instead of drawing a rectangle.

You can set a left, right and center image, and the center image will be repeated to match the width of the object.

### Parts and Styles

- **LV\_PART\_MAIN** Refers to the image(s). If background style properties are used, a rectangle will be drawn behind the image button.

### Usage

#### Image sources

To set the image in a state, use the `lv_imgbtn_set_src(imgbtn, LV_IMGBTN_STATE_..., src_left, src_center, src_right)`.

The image sources work the same as described in the *Image object* except that "Symbols" are not supported by the Image button. Any of the sources can NULL.

The possible states are:

- **LV\_IMGBTN\_STATE\_RELEASED**
- **LV\_IMGBTN\_STATE\_PRESSED**
- **LV\_IMGBTN\_STATE\_DISABLED**
- **LV\_IMGBTN\_STATE\_CHECKED\_RELEASED**
- **LV\_IMGBTN\_STATE\_CHECKED\_PRESSED**
- **LV\_IMGBTN\_STATE\_CHECKED\_DISABLED**

If you set sources only in **LV\_IMGBTN\_STATE\_RELEASED**, these sources will be used in other states too. If you set e.g. **LV\_IMGBTN\_STATE\_PRESSED** they will be used in pressed state instead of the released images.

### States

Instead of the regular `lv_obj_add/clear_state()` functions the `lv_imgbtn_set_state(imgbtn, LV_IMGBTN_STATE_...)` functions should be used to manually set a state.

## Events

- LV\_EVENT\_VALUE\_CHANGED Sent when the button is toggled.

Learn more about [Events](#).

## Keys

- LV\_KEY\_RIGHT/UP Go to toggled state if LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_CHECKABLE is enabled.
- LV\_KEY\_LEFT/DOWN Go to non-toggled state if LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_CHECKABLE is enabled.
- LV\_KEY\_ENTER Clicks the button

Learn more about [Keys](#).

## Example

### Simple Image button

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_IMGBTN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_imgbtn_1(void)
{
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(imgbtn_left);
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(imgbtn_right);
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(imgbtn_mid);

    /*Create a transition animation on width transformation and recolor.*/
    static lv_style_prop_t tr_prop[] = {LV_STYLE_TRANSFORM_WIDTH, LV_STYLE_IMG_
↪ RECOLOR_OPA, 0};
    static lv_style_transition_dsc_t tr;
    lv_style_transition_dsc_init(&tr, tr_prop, lv_anim_path_linear, 200, 0, NULL);

    static lv_style_t style_def;
    lv_style_init(&style_def);
    lv_style_set_text_color(&style_def, lv_color_white());
    lv_style_set_transition(&style_def, &tr);

    /*Darken the button when pressed and make it wider*/
    static lv_style_t style_pr;
    lv_style_init(&style_pr);
    lv_style_set_img_recolor_opa(&style_pr, LV_OPA_30);
    lv_style_set_img_recolor(&style_pr, lv_color_black());
    lv_style_set_transform_width(&style_pr, 20);

    /*Create an image button*/
    lv_obj_t * imgbtn1 = lv_imgbtn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_imgbtn_set_src(imgbtn1, LV_IMGBTN_STATE_RELEASED, &imgbtn_left, &imgbtn_mid, &
↪ imgbtn_right);
    lv_obj_add_style(imgbtn1, &style_def, 0);
    lv_obj_add_style(imgbtn1, &style_pr, LV_STATE_PRESSED);

    lv_obj_align(imgbtn1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);
}
```

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```

    /*Create a label on the image button*/
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(imgbtn1);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Button");
    lv_obj_align(label, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, -4);
}

#endif

```

```

from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/imgbtn_left.png','rb') as f:
        imgbtn_left_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find imgbtn_left.png")
    sys.exit()

imgbtn_left_dsc = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(imgbtn_left_data),
    'data': imgbtn_left_data
})

try:
    with open('../assets/imgbtn_mid.png','rb') as f:
        imgbtn_mid_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find imgbtn_mid.png")
    sys.exit()

imgbtn_mid_dsc = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(imgbtn_mid_data),
    'data': imgbtn_mid_data
})

try:
    with open('../assets/imgbtn_right.png','rb') as f:
        imgbtn_right_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find imgbtn_right.png")
    sys.exit()

imgbtn_right_dsc = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(imgbtn_right_data),
    'data': imgbtn_right_data
})

# Create a transition animation on width transformation and recolor.
tr_prop = [lv.STYLE.TRANSFORM_WIDTH, lv.STYLE.IMG_RECOLOR_OPA, 0]
tr = lv.style_transition_dsc_t()
tr.init(tr_prop, lv.anim_t.path_linear, 200, 0, None)

```

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```

style_def = lv.style_t()
style_def.init()
style_def.set_text_color(lv.color_white())
style_def.set_transition(tr)

# Darken the button when pressed and make it wider
style_pr = lv.style_t()
style_pr.init()
style_pr.set_img_recolor_opa(lv.OPA._30)
style_pr.set_img_recolor(lv.color_black())
style_pr.set_transform_width(20)

# Create an image button
imgbtn1 = lv.imgbtn(lv.scr_act())
imgbtn1.set_src(lv.imgbtn.STATE.RELEASED, imgbtn_left_dsc, imgbtn_mid_dsc, imgbtn_
↪right_dsc)
imgbtn1.add_style(style_def, 0)
imgbtn1.add_style(style_pr, lv.STATE.PRESSED)

imgbtn1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)

# Create a label on the image button
label = lv.label(imgbtn1)
label.set_text("Button")
label.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, -4)

```

## API

### Enums

enum **lv\_imgbtn\_state\_t**

*Values:*

```

enumerator LV_IMGBTN_STATE_RELEASED
enumerator LV_IMGBTN_STATE_PRESSED
enumerator LV_IMGBTN_STATE_DISABLED
enumerator LV_IMGBTN_STATE_CHECKED_RELEASED
enumerator LV_IMGBTN_STATE_CHECKED_PRESSED
enumerator LV_IMGBTN_STATE_CHECKED_DISABLED
enumerator _LV_IMGBTN_STATE_NUM

```

## Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_imgbtn\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create an image button object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new image button

**Returns** pointer to the created image button

void **lv\_imgbtn\_set\_src**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*imgbtn, *lv\_imgbtn\_state\_t* state, const void \*src\_left, const void \*src\_mid, const void \*src\_right)

Set images for a state of the image button

**Parameters**

- **imgbtn** -- pointer to an image button object
- **state** -- for which state set the new image
- **src\_left** -- pointer to an image source for the left side of the button (a C array or path to a file)
- **src\_mid** -- pointer to an image source for the middle of the button (ideally 1px wide) (a C array or path to a file)
- **src\_right** -- pointer to an image source for the right side of the button (a C array or path to a file)

void **lv\_imgbtn\_set\_state**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*imgbtn, *lv\_imgbtn\_state\_t* state)

Use this function instead of **lv\_obj\_add/clear\_state** to set a state manually

**Parameters**

- **imgbtn** -- pointer to an image button object
- **state** -- the new state

const void \***lv\_imgbtn\_get\_src\_left**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*imgbtn, *lv\_imgbtn\_state\_t* state)

Get the left image in a given state

**Parameters**

- **imgbtn** -- pointer to an image button object
- **state** -- the state where to get the image (from **lv\_btn\_state\_t**)`

**Returns** pointer to the left image source (a C array or path to a file)

const void \***lv\_imgbtn\_get\_src\_middle**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*imgbtn, *lv\_imgbtn\_state\_t* state)

Get the middle image in a given state

**Parameters**

- **imgbtn** -- pointer to an image button object
- **state** -- the state where to get the image (from **lv\_btn\_state\_t**)`

**Returns** pointer to the middle image source (a C array or path to a file)

const void \***lv\_imgbtn\_get\_src\_right**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*imgbtn, *lv\_imgbtn\_state\_t* state)

Get the right image in a given state

**Parameters**

- **imgbtn** -- pointer to an image button object
- **state** -- the state where to get the image (from **lv\_btn\_state\_t**)`

**Returns** pointer to the left image source (a C array or path to a file)

## Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_imgbtn_class
struct lv_imgbtn_t
```

## Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
const void *img_src_mid[_LV_IMGBTN_STATE_NUM]
const void *img_src_left[_LV_IMGBTN_STATE_NUM]
const void *img_src_right[_LV_IMGBTN_STATE_NUM]
lv_img_cf_t act_cf
```

## 6.3.6 Keyboard (lv\_keyboard)

### Overview

The Keyboard object is a special *Button matrix* with predefined keymaps and other features to realize a virtual keyboard to write texts into a *Text area*.

### Parts and Styles

Similarly to Button matrices Keyboards consist of 2 part:

- **LV\_PART\_MAIN** The main part. Uses all the typical background properties
- **LV\_PART\_ITEMS** The buttons. Also uses all typical background properties as well as the *text* properties.

### Usage

### Modes

The Keyboards have the following modes:

- **LV\_KEYBOARD\_MODE\_TEXT\_LOWER** Display lower case letters
- **LV\_KEYBOARD\_MODE\_TEXT\_UPPER** Display upper case letters
- **LV\_KEYBOARD\_MODE\_TEXT\_SPECIAL** Display special characters
- **LV\_KEYBOARD\_MODE\_NUMBER** Display numbers, +/- sign, and decimal dot
- **LV\_KEYBOARD\_MODE\_USER\_1** through **LV\_KEYBOARD\_MODE\_USER\_4** User-defined modes.

The TEXT modes' layout contains buttons to change mode.

To set the mode manually, use `lv_keyboard_set_mode(kb, mode)`. The default mode is **LV\_KEYBOARD\_MODE\_TEXT\_UPPER**.

## Assign Text area

You can assign a *Text area* to the Keyboard to automatically put the clicked characters there. To assign the text area, use `lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, ta)`.

## Key Popovers

To enable key popovers on press, like on common Android and iOS keyboards, use `lv_keyboard_set_popovers(kb, true)`. The default control maps are preconfigured to only show the popovers on keys that produce a symbol and not on e.g. space. If you use a custom keymap, set the `LV_BTNMATRIX_CTRL_POPOVER` flag for all keys that you want to show a popover.

Note that popovers for keys in the top row will draw outside the widget boundaries. To account for this, reserve extra free space on top of the keyboard or ensure that the keyboard is added *after* any widgets adjacent to its top boundary so that the popovers can draw over those.

The popovers currently are merely a visual effect and don't allow selecting additional characters such as accents yet.

## New Keymap

You can specify a new map (layout) for the keyboard with `lv_keyboard_set_map(kb, map)` and `lv_keyboard_set_ctrl_map(kb, ctrl_map)`. Learn more about the *Button matrix* object. Keep in mind that using following keywords will have the same effect as with the original map:

- `LV_SYMBOL_OK` Apply.
- `LV_SYMBOL_CLOSE` or `LV_SYMBOL_KEYBOARD` Close.
- `LV_SYMBOL_BACKSPACE` Delete on the left.
- `LV_SYMBOL_LEFT` Move the cursor left.
- `LV_SYMBOL_RIGHT` Move the cursor right.
- `LV_SYMBOL_NEW_LINE` New line.
- `"ABC"` Load the uppercase map.
- `"abc"` Load the lower case map.
- `"l#"` Load the lower case map.

## Events

- `LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED` Sent when the button is pressed/released or repeated after long press. The event data is set to the ID of the pressed/released button.
- `LV_EVENT_READY` - The *Ok* button is clicked.
- `LV_EVENT_CANCEL` - The *Close* button is clicked.

The keyboard has a **default event handler** callback called `lv_keyboard_def_event_cb`, which handles the button pressing, map changing, the assigned text area, etc. You can remove it and replace it with a custom event handler if you wish.

**Note:** In 8.0 and newer, adding an event handler to the keyboard does not remove the default event handler. This behavior differs from v7, where adding an event handler would always replace the previous one.

Learn more about [Events](#).

## Keys

- LV\_KEY\_RIGHT/UP/LEFT/RIGHT To navigate among the buttons and select one.
- LV\_KEY\_ENTER To press/release the selected button.

Learn more about [Keys](#).

## Examples

### Keyboard with text area

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_KEYBOARD && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void ta_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * ta = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * kb = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_FOCUSED) {
        lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, ta);
        lv_obj_clear_flag(kb, LV_OBJ_FLAG_HIDDEN);
    }

    if(code == LV_EVENT_DEFOCUSED) {
        lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, NULL);
        lv_obj_add_flag(kb, LV_OBJ_FLAG_HIDDEN);
    }
}

void lv_example_keyboard_1(void)
{
    /*Create a keyboard to use it with an of the text areas*/
    lv_obj_t * kb = lv_keyboard_create(lv_scr_act());

    /*Create a text area. The keyboard will write here*/
    lv_obj_t * ta;
    ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(ta, LV_ALIGN_TOP_LEFT, 10, 10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, kb);
    lv_textarea_set_placeholder_text(ta, "Hello");
    lv_obj_set_size(ta, 140, 80);

    ta = lv_textarea_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(ta, LV_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT, -10, 10);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(ta, ta_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, kb);
    lv_obj_set_size(ta, 140, 80);
}
```

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```

    lv_keyboard_set_textarea(kb, ta);
}
#endif

```

```

def ta_event_cb(e, kb):
    code = e.get_code()
    ta = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.FOCUSED:
        kb.set_textarea(ta)
        kb.clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.HIDDEN)

    if code == lv.EVENT.DEFOCUSED:
        kb.set_textarea(None)
        kb.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.HIDDEN)

# Create a keyboard to use it with one of the text areas
kb = lv.keyboard(lv.scr_act())

# Create a text area. The keyboard will write here
ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
ta.set_width(200)
ta.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_LEFT, 10, 10)
ta.add_event_cb(lambda e: ta_event_cb(e, kb), lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
ta.set_placeholder_text("Hello")

ta = lv.textarea(lv.scr_act())
ta.set_width(200)
ta.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_RIGHT, -10, 10)
ta.add_event_cb(lambda e: ta_event_cb(e, kb), lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

kb.set_textarea(ta)

```

## API

### Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_keyboard_mode_t
```

### Enums

```
enum [anonymous]
```

Current keyboard mode.

*Values:*

enumerator LV\_KEYBOARD\_MODE\_TEXT\_LOWER

enumerator LV\_KEYBOARD\_MODE\_TEXT\_UPPER

enumerator LV\_KEYBOARD\_MODE\_SPECIAL

enumerator **LV\_KEYBOARD\_MODE\_NUMBER**  
 enumerator **LV\_KEYBOARD\_MODE\_USER\_1**  
 enumerator **LV\_KEYBOARD\_MODE\_USER\_2**  
 enumerator **LV\_KEYBOARD\_MODE\_USER\_3**  
 enumerator **LV\_KEYBOARD\_MODE\_USER\_4**

## Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_keyboard\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a Keyboard object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new keyboard

**Returns** pointer to the created keyboard

void **lv\_keyboard\_set\_textarea**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*kb, *lv\_obj\_t* \*ta)

Assign a Text Area to the Keyboard. The pressed characters will be put there.

**Parameters**

- **kb** -- pointer to a Keyboard object
- **ta** -- pointer to a Text Area object to write there

void **lv\_keyboard\_set\_mode**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*kb, *lv\_keyboard\_mode\_t* mode)

Set a new a mode (text or number map)

**Parameters**

- **kb** -- pointer to a Keyboard object
- **mode** -- the mode from 'lv\_keyboard\_mode\_t'

void **lv\_keyboard\_set\_popovers**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*kb, bool en)

Show the button title in a popover when pressed.

**Parameters**

- **kb** -- pointer to a Keyboard object
- **en** -- whether "popovers" mode is enabled

void **lv\_keyboard\_set\_map**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*kb, *lv\_keyboard\_mode\_t* mode, const char \*map[], const *lv\_btnmatrix\_ctrl\_t* ctrl\_map[])

Set a new map for the keyboard

**Parameters**

- **kb** -- pointer to a Keyboard object
- **mode** -- keyboard map to alter 'lv\_keyboard\_mode\_t'
- **map** -- pointer to a string array to describe the map. See '*lv\_btnmatrix\_set\_map()*' for more info.

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_keyboard\_get\_textarea**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*kb)

Assign a Text Area to the Keyboard. The pressed characters will be put there.

**Parameters** **kb** -- pointer to a Keyboard object

**Returns** pointer to the assigned Text Area object



*lv\_keyboard\_mode\_t* **lv\_keyboard\_get\_mode**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*kb)

Set a new a mode (text or number map)

**Parameters** **kb** -- pointer to a Keyboard object

**Returns** the current mode from 'lv\_keyboard\_mode\_t'

bool **lv\_btnmatrix\_get\_popovers**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Tell whether "popovers" mode is enabled or not.

**Parameters** **kb** -- pointer to a Keyboard object

**Returns** true: "popovers" mode is enabled; false: disabled

static inline const char \*\***lv\_keyboard\_get\_map\_array**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*kb)

Get the current map of a keyboard

**Parameters** **kb** -- pointer to a keyboard object

**Returns** the current map

static inline uint16\_t **lv\_keyboard\_get\_selected\_btn**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the index of the lastly "activated" button by the user (pressed, released, focused etc) Useful in the `event_cb` to get the text of the button, check if hidden etc.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to button matrix object

**Returns** index of the last released button (LV\_BTNMATRIX\_BTN\_NONE: if unset)

static inline const char \***lv\_keyboard\_get\_btn\_text**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint16\_t btn\_id)

Get the button's text

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to button matrix object
- **btn\_id** -- the index a button not counting new line characters.

**Returns** text of btn\_index` button

void **lv\_keyboard\_def\_event\_cb**(lv\_event\_t \*e)

Default keyboard event to add characters to the Text area and change the map. If a custom `event_cb` is added to the keyboard this function can be called from it to handle the button clicks

**Parameters**

- **kb** -- pointer to a keyboard
- **event** -- the triggering event

## Variables

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_keyboard\_class**

struct **lv\_keyboard\_t**

## Public Members

*lv\_btnmatrix\_t* **btnm**

*lv\_obj\_t* \***ta**

*lv\_keyboard\_mode\_t* **mode**

uint8\_t **popovers**

## 6.3.7 LED (lv\_led)

### Overview

The LEDs are rectangle-like (or circle) object whose brightness can be adjusted. With lower brightness the colors of the LED become darker.

### Parts and Styles

The LEDs have only one main part, called `LV_LED_PART_MAIN` and it uses all the typical background style properties.

### Usage

#### Color

You can set the color of the LED with `lv_led_set_color(led, lv_color_hex(0xff0080))`. This will be used as background color, border color, and shadow color.

#### Brightness

You can set their brightness with `lv_led_set_bright(led, bright)`. The brightness should be between 0 (darkest) and 255 (lightest).

### Toggle

Use `lv_led_on(led)` and `lv_led_off(led)` to set the brightness to a predefined ON or OFF value. The `lv_led_toggle(led)` toggles between the ON and OFF state.

### Events

- `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN` and `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END` is sent for the following types:
  - `LV_LED_DRAW_PART_RECTANGLE` The main rectangle. `LV_OBJ_DRAW_PART_RECTANGLE` is not sent by the base object.
    - \* `part`: `LV_PART_MAIN`
    - \* `rect_dsc`
    - \* `draw_area`: the area of the rectangle

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

No *Keys* are processed by the object type.

Learn more about *Keys*.

## Example

### LED with custom style

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LED && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Create LED's with different brightness and color
 */
void lv_example_led_1(void)
{
    /*Create a LED and switch it OFF*/
    lv_obj_t * led1 = lv_led_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(led1, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, -80, 0);
    lv_led_off(led1);

    /*Copy the previous LED and set a brightness*/
    lv_obj_t * led2 = lv_led_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(led2, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 0);
    lv_led_set_brightness(led2, 150);
    lv_led_set_color(led2, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));

    /*Copy the previous LED and switch it ON*/
    lv_obj_t * led3 = lv_led_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_align(led3, LV_ALIGN_CENTER, 80, 0);
    lv_led_on(led3);
}

#endif
```

```
#
# Create LED's with different brightness and color
#

# Create a LED and switch it OFF
led1 = lv.led(lv.scr_act())
led1.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, -80, 0)
led1.off()

# Copy the previous LED and set a brightness
led2 = lv.led(lv.scr_act())
led2.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
led2.set_brightness(150)
led2.set_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
```

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```
# Copy the previous LED and switch it ON
led3 = lv_led(lv_scr_act())
led3.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 80, 0)
led3.on()
```

## API

### Enums

enum **lv\_led\_draw\_part\_type\_t**  
 type field in `lv_obj_draw_part_dsc_t` if `class_p = lv_led_class` Used in `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN` and `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END`

Values:

enumerator **LV\_LED\_DRAW\_PART\_RECTANGLE**  
 The main rectangle

### Functions

`lv_obj_t* lv_led_create(lv_obj_t *parent)`

Create a led object

**Parameters** `parent` -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new led

**Returns** pointer to the created led

void `lv_led_set_color(lv_obj_t *led, lv_color_t color)`

Set the color of the LED

**Parameters**

- **led** -- pointer to a LED object
- **color** -- the color of the LED

void `lv_led_set_brightness(lv_obj_t *led, uint8_t bright)`

Set the brightness of a LED object

**Parameters**

- **led** -- pointer to a LED object
- **bright** -- `LV_LED_BRIGHT_MIN` (max. dark) ... `LV_LED_BRIGHT_MAX` (max. light)

void `lv_led_on(lv_obj_t *led)`

Light on a LED

**Parameters** `led` -- pointer to a LED object

void `lv_led_off(lv_obj_t *led)`

Light off a LED

**Parameters** `led` -- pointer to a LED object

void **lv\_led\_toggle**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*led)

Toggle the state of a LED

**Parameters** **led** -- pointer to a LED object

uint8\_t **lv\_led\_get\_brightness**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Get the brightness of a LED object

**Parameters** **led** -- pointer to LED object

**Returns** bright 0 (max. dark) ... 255 (max. light)

## Variables

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_led\_class**

struct **lv\_led\_t**

### Public Members

*lv\_obj\_t* **obj**

lv\_color\_t **color**

uint8\_t **bright**

Current brightness of the LED (0..255)

## 6.3.8 List (lv\_list)

### Overview

The List is basically a rectangle with vertical layout to which Buttons and Texts can be added

### Parts and Styles

#### Background

- LV\_PART\_MAIN The main part of the list that uses all the typical background properties
- LV\_PART\_SCROLLBAR The scrollbar. See the [Base objects](#) documentation for details.

**Buttons and Texts** See the [Button's](#) and [Label's](#) documentation.

### Usage

#### Buttons

**lv\_list\_add\_btn**(list, icon, text) adds a full-width button with an icon - that can be an image or symbol - and a text.

The text starts to scroll horizontally if it's too long.

## Texts

`lv_list_add_text(list, text)` adds a text.

## Events

No special events are sent by the List, but sent by the Button as usual.

Learn more about [Events](#).

## Keys

No *Keys* are processed by the object type.

Learn more about [Keys](#).

## Example

### Simple List

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LIST && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
static lv_obj_t * list1;

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        LV_LOG_USER("Clicked: %s", lv_list_get_btn_text(list1, obj));
    }
}

void lv_example_list_1(void)
{
    /*Create a list*/
    list1 = lv_list_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(list1, 180, 220);
    lv_obj_center(list1);

    /*Add buttons to the list*/
    lv_obj_t * btn;

    lv_list_add_text(list1, "File");
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_FILE, "New");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_DIRECTORY, "Open");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_SAVE, "Save");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_CLOSE, "Delete");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_EDIT, "Edit");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
}
```

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```

lv_list_add_text(list1, "Connectivity");
btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_BLUETOOTH, "Bluetooth");
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_GPS, "Navigation");
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_USB, "USB");
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_BATTERY_FULL, "Battery");
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);

lv_list_add_text(list1, "Exit");
btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_OK, "Apply");
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
btn = lv_list_add_btn(list1, LV_SYMBOL_CLOSE, "Close");
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
}

#endif

```

```

def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        print("Clicked: " + list1.get_btn_text(obj))

# Create a list
list1 = lv.list(lv.scr_act())
list1.set_size(180, 220)
list1.center()

# Add buttons to the list
list1.add_text("File")
btn_new = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.FILE, "New")
btn_new.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_open = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.DIRECTORY, "Open")
btn_open.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_save = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.SAVE, "Save")
btn_save.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_delete = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.CLOSE, "Delete")
btn_delete.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_edit = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.EDIT, "Edit")
btn_edit.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

list1.add_text("Connectivity")
btn_bluetooth = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.BLUETOOTH, "Bluetooth")
btn_bluetooth.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_navig = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.GPS, "Navigation")
btn_navig.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_usb = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.USB, "USB")
btn_usb.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_battery = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.BATTERY_FULL, "Battery")
btn_battery.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

list1.add_text("Exit")
btn_apply = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.OK, "Apply")

```

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```

btn_apply.add_event_cb(event_handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn_close = list1.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.CLOSE, "Close")
btn_close.add_event_cb(event_handler,lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

```

### Sorting a List using up and down buttons

```

#include <stdlib.h>

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_LIST && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * list1;
static lv_obj_t * list2;

static lv_obj_t * currentButton = NULL;

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        LV_LOG_USER("Clicked: %s", lv_list_get_btn_text(list1, obj));

        if(currentButton == obj) {
            currentButton = NULL;
        }
        else {
            currentButton = obj;
        }
        lv_obj_t * parent = lv_obj_get_parent(obj);
        uint32_t i;
        for(i = 0; i < lv_obj_get_child_cnt(parent); i++) {
            lv_obj_t * child = lv_obj_get_child(parent, i);
            if(child == currentButton) {
                lv_obj_add_state(child, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
            }
            else {
                lv_obj_clear_state(child, LV_STATE_CHECKED);
            }
        }
    }
}

static void event_handler_top(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        if(currentButton == NULL) return;
        lv_obj_move_background(currentButton);
        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}

```

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```

static void event_handler_up(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if((code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) || (code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT)) {
        if(currentButton == NULL) return;
        uint32_t index = lv_obj_get_index(currentButton);
        if(index <= 0) return;
        lv_obj_move_to_index(currentButton, index - 1);
        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}

static void event_handler_center(lv_event_t * e)
{
    const lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if((code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) || (code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT)) {
        if(currentButton == NULL) return;

        lv_obj_t * parent = lv_obj_get_parent(currentButton);
        const uint32_t pos = lv_obj_get_child_cnt(parent) / 2;

        lv_obj_move_to_index(currentButton, pos);

        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}

static void event_handler_dn(lv_event_t * e)
{
    const lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if((code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) || (code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT)) {
        if(currentButton == NULL) return;
        const uint32_t index = lv_obj_get_index(currentButton);

        lv_obj_move_to_index(currentButton, index + 1);
        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}

static void event_handler_bottom(lv_event_t * e)
{
    const lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) {
        if(currentButton == NULL) return;
        lv_obj_move_foreground(currentButton);
        lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
    }
}

static void event_handler_swap(lv_event_t * e)
{
    const lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    // lv_obj_t* obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    if((code == LV_EVENT_CLICKED) || (code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT)) {
        uint32_t cnt = lv_obj_get_child_cnt(list1);
        for(int i = 0; i < 100; i++)

```

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```

        if(cnt > 1) {
            lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_get_child(list1, rand() % cnt);
            lv_obj_move_to_index(obj, rand() % cnt);
            if(currentButton != NULL) {
                lv_obj_scroll_to_view(currentButton, LV_ANIM_ON);
            }
        }
    }
}

void lv_example_list_2(void)
{
    /*Create a list*/
    list1 = lv_list_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(list1, lv_pct(60), lv_pct(100));
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_row(list1, 5, 0);

    /*Add buttons to the list*/
    lv_obj_t * btn;
    int i;
    for(i = 0; i < 15; i++) {
        btn = lv_btn_create(list1);
        lv_obj_set_width(btn, lv_pct(50));
        lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);

        lv_obj_t * lab = lv_label_create(btn);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(lab, "Item %d", i);
    }

    /*Select the first button by default*/
    currentButton = lv_obj_get_child(list1, 0);
    lv_obj_add_state(currentButton, LV_STATE_CHECKED);

    /*Create a second list with up and down buttons*/
    list2 = lv_list_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(list2, lv_pct(40), lv_pct(100));
    lv_obj_align(list2, LV_ALIGN_TOP_RIGHT, 0, 0);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(list2, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);

    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list2, NULL, "Top");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler_top, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_group_remove_obj(btn);

    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list2, LV_SYMBOL_UP, "Up");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler_up, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_group_remove_obj(btn);

    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list2, LV_SYMBOL_LEFT, "Center");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler_center, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_group_remove_obj(btn);

    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list2, LV_SYMBOL_DOWN, "Down");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler_dn, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
    lv_group_remove_obj(btn);

    btn = lv_list_add_btn(list2, NULL, "Bottom");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler_bottom, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

```

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```

lv_group_remove_obj(btn);

btn = lv_list_add_btn(list2, LV_SYMBOL_SHUFFLE, "Shuffle");
lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler_swap, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
lv_group_remove_obj(btn);
}

#endif

```

```

import urandom

currentButton = None
list1 = None

def event_handler(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get_code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        if currentButton == obj:
            currentButton = None
        else:
            currentButton = obj
            parent = obj.get_parent()
            for i in range( parent.get_child_cnt()):
                child = parent.get_child(i)
                if child == currentButton:
                    child.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)
                else:
                    child.clear_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)

def event_handler_top(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get_code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        if currentButton == None:
            return
        currentButton.move_background()
        currentButton.scroll_to_view( lv.ANIM.ON)

def event_handler_up(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get_code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        if currentButton == None:
            return
        index = currentButton.get_index()
        if index <= 0:
            return
        currentButton.move_to_index(index - 1)
        currentButton.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)

def event_handler_center(evt):
    global currentButton

```

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```

code = evt.get_code()
obj = evt.get_target()
if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
    if currentButton == None:
        return
    parent = currentButton.get_parent()
    pos = parent.get_child_cnt() // 2
    currentButton.move_to_index(pos)
    currentButton.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)

def event_handler_dn(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get_code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        if currentButton == None:
            return
        index = currentButton.get_index()
        currentButton.move_to_index(index + 1)
        currentButton.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)

def event_handler_bottom(evt):
    global currentButton
    code = evt.get_code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        if currentButton == None:
            return
        currentButton.move_foreground()
        currentButton.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)

def event_handler_swap(evt):
    global currentButton
    global list1
    code = evt.get_code()
    obj = evt.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        cnt = list1.get_child_cnt()
        for i in range(100):
            if cnt > 1:
                obj = list1.get_child(urandom.getrandbits(32) % cnt)
                obj.move_to_index(urandom.getrandbits(32) % cnt)
        if currentButton != None:
            currentButton.scroll_to_view(lv.ANIM.ON)

#Create a list with buttons that can be sorted
list1 = lv.list(lv.scr_act())
list1.set_size(lv.pct(60), lv.pct(100))
list1.set_style_pad_row( 5, 0)

for i in range(15):
    btn = lv.btn(list1)
    btn.set_width(lv.pct(100))
    btn.add_event_cb( event_handler, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
    lab = lv.label(btn)
    lab.set_text("Item " + str(i))

```

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```

#Select the first button by default
currentButton = list1.get_child(0)
currentButton.add_state(lv.STATE.CHECKED)

#Create a second list with up and down buttons
list2 = lv.list(lv.scr_act())
list2.set_size(lv.pct(40), lv.pct(100))
list2.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_RIGHT, 0, 0)
list2.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.COLUMN)

btn = list2.add_btn(None, "Top")
btn.add_event_cb(event_handler_top, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group_remove_obj(btn)

btn = list2.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.UP, "Up")
btn.add_event_cb(event_handler_up, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group_remove_obj(btn)

btn = list2.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.LEFT, "Center")
btn.add_event_cb(event_handler_center, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group_remove_obj(btn)

btn = list2.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.DOWN, "Down")
btn.add_event_cb(event_handler_dn, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group_remove_obj(btn)

btn = list2.add_btn(None, "Bottom")
btn.add_event_cb(event_handler_bottom, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group_remove_obj(btn)

btn = list2.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.SHUFFLE, "Shuffle")
btn.add_event_cb(event_handler_swap, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
lv.group_remove_obj(btn)

```

## API

### Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_list\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_list\_add\_text**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*list, const char \*txt)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_list\_add\_btn**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*list, const char \*icon, const char \*txt)

const char \***lv\_list\_get\_btn\_text**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*list, *lv\_obj\_t* \*btn)

## Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_list_class
const lv_obj_class_t lv_list_text_class
const lv_obj_class_t lv_list_btn_class
```

### 6.3.9 Menu (lv\_menu)

#### Overview

The menu widget can be used to easily create multi-level menus. It handles the traversal between pages automatically.

#### Parts and Styles

The menu widget is built from the following objects:

- Main container: lv\_menu\_main\_cont
  - Main header: lv\_menu\_main\_header\_cont
    - \* Back btn: *lv\_btn*
      - Back btn icon: *lv\_img*
  - Main page: lv\_menu\_page
- Sidebar container: lv\_menu\_sidebar\_cont
  - Sidebar header: lv\_menu\_sidebar\_header\_cont
    - \* Back btn: *lv\_btn*
      - Back btn icon: *lv\_img*
  - Sidebar page: lv\_menu\_page

#### Usage

##### Create a menu

`lv_menu_create(parent)` creates a new empty menu.

##### Header mode

The following header modes exist:

- LV\_MENU\_HEADER\_TOP\_FIXED Header is positioned at the top.
- LV\_MENU\_HEADER\_TOP\_UNFIXED Header is positioned at the top and can be scrolled out of view.
- LV\_MENU\_HEADER\_BOTTOM\_FIXED Header is positioned at the bottom.

You can set header modes with `lv_menu_set_mode_header(menu, LV_MENU_HEADER...)`.

## Root back button mode

The following root back button modes exist:

- `LV_MENU_ROOT_BACK_BTN_DISABLED`
- `LV_MENU_ROOT_BACK_BTN_ENABLED`

You can set root back button modes with `lv_menu_set_mode_root_back_btn(menu, LV_MENU_ROOT_BACK_BTN...)`.

## Create a menu page

`lv_menu_page_create(menu, title)` creates a new empty menu page. You can add any widgets to the page.

## Set a menu page in the main area

Once a menu page has been created, you can set it to the main area with `lv_menu_set_page(menu, page)`. `NULL` to clear main and clear menu history.

## Set a menu page in the sidebar

Once a menu page has been created, you can set it to the sidebar with `lv_menu_set_sidebar_page(menu, page)`. `NULL` to clear sidebar.

## Linking between menu pages

For instance, you have created a btn obj in the main page. When you click the btn obj, you want it to open up a new page, use `lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, obj, new page)`.

## Create a menu container, section, separator

The following objects can be created so that it is easier to style the menu:

`lv_menu_cont_create(parent page)` creates a new empty container.

`lv_menu_section_create(parent page)` creates a new empty section.

`lv_menu_separator_create(parent page)` creates a separator.

## Events

- `LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED` Sent when a page is shown.
  - `lv_menu_get_cur_main_page(menu)` returns a pointer to menu page that is currently displayed in main.
  - `lv_menu_get_cur_sidebar_page(menu)` returns a pointer to menu page that is currently displayed in sidebar.
- `LV_EVENT_CLICKED` Sent when a back btn in a header from either main or sidebar is clicked. `LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE` is enabled on the buttons so you can add events to the menu itself.

- `lv_menu_back_btn_is_root(menu, btn)` to check if btn is root back btn

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

No keys are handled by the menu widget.

Learn more about *Keys*.

## Example

### Simple Menu

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MENU && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_menu_1(void)
{
    /*Create a menu object*/
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_menu_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(menu, lv_disp_get_hor_res(NULL), lv_disp_get_ver_res(NULL));
    lv_obj_center(menu);

    lv_obj_t * cont;
    lv_obj_t * label;

    /*Create a sub page*/
    lv_obj_t * sub_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");

    /*Create a main page*/
    lv_obj_t * main_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 1");

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 2");

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 3 (Click me!)");
    lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_page);

    lv_menu_set_page(menu, main_page);
}

#endif
```



```

# Create a menu object
menu = lv.menu(lv.scr_act())
menu.set_size(320, 240)
menu.center()

# Create a sub page
sub_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding here")

# Create a main page
main_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 1")

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 2")

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 3 (Click me!)")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page)

menu.set_page(main_page)

```

### Simple Menu with root btn

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MENU && LV_USE_MSGBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void back_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_event_get_user_data(e);

    if(lv_menu_back_btn_is_root(menu, obj)) {
        lv_obj_t * mbox1 = lv_msgbox_create(NULL, "Hello", "Root back btn click.",
        ↪ NULL, true);
        lv_obj_center(mbox1);
    }
}

void lv_example_menu_2(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_menu_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_menu_set_mode_root_back_btn(menu, LV_MENU_ROOT_BACK_BTN_ENABLED);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(menu, back_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, menu);
    lv_obj_set_size(menu, lv_disp_get_hor_res(NULL), lv_disp_get_ver_res(NULL));
    lv_obj_center(menu);

    lv_obj_t * cont;

```

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```

lv_obj_t * label;

/*Create a sub page*/
lv_obj_t * sub_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);

cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_page);
label = lv_label_create(cont);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");

/*Create a main page*/
lv_obj_t * main_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);

cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
label = lv_label_create(cont);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 1");

cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
label = lv_label_create(cont);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 2");

cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
label = lv_label_create(cont);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 3 (Click me!)");
lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_page);

lv_menu_set_page(menu, main_page);
}

#endif

```

```

def back_event_handler(e):
    obj = e.get_target()
    if menu.back_btn_is_root(obj):
        mbox1 = lv.msgbox(lv.scr_act(), "Hello", "Root back btn click.", None, True)
        mbox1.center()

# Create a menu object
menu = lv.menu(lv.scr_act())
menu.set_mode_root_back_btn(lv.menu.ROOT_BACK_BTN.ENABLED)
menu.add_event_cb(back_event_handler, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
menu.set_size(320, 240)
menu.center()

# Create a sub page
sub_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)
cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding here")

# Create a main page
main_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 1")

```

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```

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 2")

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 3 (Click me!)")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page)

menu.set_page(main_page)

```

### Simple Menu with custom header

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MENU && LV_USE_USER_DATA && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_menu_3(void)
{
    /*Create a menu object*/
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_menu_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(menu, lv_disp_get_hor_res(NULL), lv_disp_get_ver_res(NULL));
    lv_obj_center(menu);

    /*Modify the header*/
    lv_obj_t * back_btn = lv_menu_get_main_header_back_btn(menu);
    lv_obj_t * back_btn_label = lv_label_create(back_btn);
    lv_label_set_text(back_btn_label, "Back");

    lv_obj_t * cont;
    lv_obj_t * label;

    /*Create sub pages*/
    lv_obj_t * sub_1_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, "Page 1");

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_1_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");

    lv_obj_t * sub_2_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, "Page 2");

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_2_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");

    lv_obj_t * sub_3_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, "Page 3");

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_3_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding here");

    /*Create a main page*/
    lv_obj_t * main_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);

```

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```

    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 1 (Click me!)");
    lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_1_page);

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 2 (Click me!)");
    lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_2_page);

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 3 (Click me!)");
    lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_3_page);

    lv_menu_set_page(menu, main_page);
}

#endif

```

```

# Create a menu object
menu = lv.menu(lv.scr_act())
menu.set_size(320, 240)
menu.center()

# Create sub pages
sub_page_1 = lv.menu_page(menu, "Page 1")

cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page_1)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding here")

sub_page_2 = lv.menu_page(menu, "Page 2")

cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page_2)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding here")

sub_page_3 = lv.menu_page(menu, "Page 3")

cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page_3)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding here")

# Create a main page
main_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 1 (Click me!)")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page_1)

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 2 (Click me!)")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page_2)

```

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```

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 3 (Click me!)")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page_3)

menu.set_page(main_page)

```

### Simple Menu with floating btn to add new menu page

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MENU && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static uint32_t btn_cnt = 1;
static lv_obj_t * main_page;
static lv_obj_t * menu;

static void float_btn_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    LV_UNUSED(e);

    btn_cnt++;

    lv_obj_t * cont;
    lv_obj_t * label;

    lv_obj_t * sub_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Hello, I am hiding inside %i", btn_cnt);

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Item %i", btn_cnt);
    lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_page);

    lv_obj_scroll_to_view_recursive(cont, LV_ANIM_ON);
}

void lv_example_menu_4(void)
{
    /*Create a menu object*/
    menu = lv_menu_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(menu, lv_disp_get_hor_res(NULL), lv_disp_get_ver_res(NULL));
    lv_obj_center(menu);

    lv_obj_t * cont;
    lv_obj_t * label;

    /*Create a sub page*/
    lv_obj_t * sub_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);

    cont = lv_menu_cont_create(sub_page);
    label = lv_label_create(cont);

```

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```

lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello, I am hiding inside the first item");

/*Create a main page*/
main_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);

cont = lv_menu_cont_create(main_page);
label = lv_label_create(cont);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Item 1");
lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_page);

lv_menu_set_page(menu, main_page);

/*Create floating btn*/
lv_obj_t * float_btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_set_size(float_btn, 50, 50);
lv_obj_add_flag(float_btn, LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLOATING);
lv_obj_align(float_btn, LV_ALIGN_BOTTOM_RIGHT, -10, -10);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(float_btn, float_btn_event_cb, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, menu);
lv_obj_set_style_radius(float_btn, LV_RADIUS_CIRCLE, 0);
lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_src(float_btn, LV_SYMBOL_PLUS, 0);
lv_obj_set_style_text_font(float_btn, lv_theme_get_font_large(float_btn), 0);
}

#endif

```

```

btn_cnt = 1

def float_btn_event_cb(e):
    global btn_cnt
    btn_cnt += 1

    sub_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)

    cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page)
    label = lv.label(cont)
    label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding inside {:d}".format(btn_cnt))

    cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
    label = lv.label(cont)
    label.set_text("Item {:d}".format(btn_cnt))
    menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page)

# Create a menu object
menu = lv.menu(lv.scr_act())
menu.set_size(320, 240)
menu.center()

# Create a sub page
sub_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)

cont = lv.menu_cont(sub_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Hello, I am hiding inside the first item")

# Create a main page

```

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```

main_page = lv.menu_page(menu, None)

cont = lv.menu_cont(main_page)
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("Item 1")
menu.set_load_page_event(cont, sub_page)

menu.set_page(main_page)

float_btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
float_btn.set_size(50, 50)
float_btn.add_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.FLOATING)
float_btn.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_RIGHT, -10, -10)
float_btn.add_event_cb(float_btn_event_cb, lv.EVENT.CLICKED, None)
float_btn.set_style_radius(lv.RADIUS.CIRCLE, 0)
float_btn.set_style_bg_img_src(lv.SYMBOL.PLUS, 0)
float_btn.set_style_text_font(lv.theme_get_font_large(float_btn), 0)

```

## Complex Menu

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MENU && LV_USE_MSGBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

enum {
    LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1,
    LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_2
};
typedef uint8_t lv_menu_builder_variant_t;

static void back_event_handler(lv_event_t * e);
static void switch_handler(lv_event_t * e);
lv_obj_t * root_page;
static lv_obj_t * create_text(lv_obj_t * parent, const char * icon, const char * txt,
                             lv_menu_builder_variant_t builder_variant);
static lv_obj_t * create_slider(lv_obj_t * parent,
                                const char * icon, const char * txt, int32_t min,
                                ↪ int32_t max, int32_t val);
static lv_obj_t * create_switch(lv_obj_t * parent,
                                const char * icon, const char * txt, bool chk);

void lv_example_menu_5(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_menu_create(lv_scr_act());

    lv_color_t bg_color = lv_obj_get_style_bg_color(menu, 0);
    if(lv_color_brightness(bg_color) > 127) {
        lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(menu, lv_color_darken(lv_obj_get_style_bg_
↪ color(menu, 0), 10), 0);
    }
    else {
        lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(menu, lv_color_darken(lv_obj_get_style_bg_
↪ color(menu, 0), 50), 0);
    }
    lv_menu_set_mode_root_back_btn(menu, LV_MENU_ROOT_BACK_BTN_ENABLED);
}

```

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```

lv_obj_add_event_cb(menu, back_event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, menu);
lv_obj_set_size(menu, lv_disp_get_hor_res(NULL), lv_disp_get_ver_res(NULL));
lv_obj_center(menu);

lv_obj_t * cont;
lv_obj_t * section;

/*Create sub pages*/
lv_obj_t * sub_mechanics_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_mechanics_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_
↪get_main_header(menu), 0), 0);
lv_menu_separator_create(sub_mechanics_page);
section = lv_menu_section_create(sub_mechanics_page);
create_slider(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Velocity", 0, 150, 120);
create_slider(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Acceleration", 0, 150, 50);
create_slider(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Weight limit", 0, 150, 80);

lv_obj_t * sub_sound_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_sound_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_get_
↪main_header(menu), 0), 0);
lv_menu_separator_create(sub_sound_page);
section = lv_menu_section_create(sub_sound_page);
create_switch(section, LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO, "Sound", false);

lv_obj_t * sub_display_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_display_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_get_
↪main_header(menu), 0), 0);
lv_menu_separator_create(sub_display_page);
section = lv_menu_section_create(sub_display_page);
create_slider(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Brightness", 0, 150, 100);

lv_obj_t * sub_software_info_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_software_info_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_
↪menu_get_main_header(menu), 0), 0);
section = lv_menu_section_create(sub_software_info_page);
create_text(section, NULL, "Version 1.0", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1);

lv_obj_t * sub_legal_info_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_legal_info_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_
↪get_main_header(menu), 0), 0);
section = lv_menu_section_create(sub_legal_info_page);
for(uint32_t i = 0; i < 15; i++) {
    create_text(section, NULL,
        ↪"This is a long long long long long long long long long text, if_
↪it is long enough it may scroll.",
        LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1);
}

lv_obj_t * sub_about_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_about_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_get_
↪main_header(menu), 0), 0);
lv_menu_separator_create(sub_about_page);
section = lv_menu_section_create(sub_about_page);
cont = create_text(section, NULL, "Software information", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_
↪VARIANT_1);
lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_software_info_page);
cont = create_text(section, NULL, "Legal information", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_
↪VARIANT_1);

```

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```

lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_legal_info_page);

lv_obj_t * sub_menu_mode_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, NULL);
lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(sub_menu_mode_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_
↪get_main_header(menu), 0), 0);
lv_menu_separator_create(sub_menu_mode_page);
section = lv_menu_section_create(sub_menu_mode_page);
cont = create_switch(section, LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO, "Sidebar enable", true);
lv_obj_add_event_cb(lv_obj_get_child(cont, 2), switch_handler, LV_EVENT_VALUE_
↪CHANGED, menu);

/*Create a root page*/
root_page = lv_menu_page_create(menu, "Settings");
lv_obj_set_style_pad_hor(root_page, lv_obj_get_style_pad_left(lv_menu_get_main_
↪header(menu), 0), 0);
section = lv_menu_section_create(root_page);
cont = create_text(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Mechanics", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_
↪VARIANT_1);
lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_mechanics_page);
cont = create_text(section, LV_SYMBOL_AUDIO, "Sound", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_
↪VARIANT_1);
lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_sound_page);
cont = create_text(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Display", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_
↪VARIANT_1);
lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_display_page);

create_text(root_page, NULL, "Others", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1);
section = lv_menu_section_create(root_page);
cont = create_text(section, NULL, "About", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1);
lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_about_page);
cont = create_text(section, LV_SYMBOL_SETTINGS, "Menu mode", LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_
↪VARIANT_1);
lv_menu_set_load_page_event(menu, cont, sub_menu_mode_page);

lv_menu_set_sidebar_page(menu, root_page);

lv_event_send(lv_obj_get_child(lv_obj_get_child(lv_menu_get_cur_sidebar_
↪page(menu), 0), 0), LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
}

static void back_event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_event_get_user_data(e);

    if(lv_menu_back_btn_is_root(menu, obj)) {
        lv_obj_t * mbox1 = lv_msgbox_create(NULL, "Hello", "Root back btn click.",
↪NULL, true);
        lv_obj_center(mbox1);
    }
}

static void switch_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    lv_obj_t * menu = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);

```

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```

    if(code == LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED) {
        if(lv_obj_has_state(obj, LV_STATE_CHECKED)) {
            lv_menu_set_page(menu, NULL);
            lv_menu_set_sidebar_page(menu, root_page);
            lv_event_send(lv_obj_get_child(lv_obj_get_child(lv_menu_get_cur_sidebar_
↪page(menu), 0), 0), LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);
        }
        else {
            lv_menu_set_sidebar_page(menu, NULL);
            lv_menu_clear_history(menu); /* Clear history because we will be showing ↪
↪the root page later */
            lv_menu_set_page(menu, root_page);
        }
    }
}

static lv_obj_t * create_text(lv_obj_t * parent, const char * icon, const char * txt,
                             lv_menu_builder_variant_t builder_variant)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_menu_cont_create(parent);

    lv_obj_t * img = NULL;
    lv_obj_t * label = NULL;

    if(icon) {
        img = lv_img_create(obj);
        lv_img_set_src(img, icon);
    }

    if(txt) {
        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text(label, txt);
        lv_label_set_long_mode(label, LV_LABEL_LONG_SCROLL_CIRCULAR);
        lv_obj_set_flex_grow(label, 1);
    }

    if(builder_variant == LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_2 && icon && txt) {
        lv_obj_add_flag(img, LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLEX_IN_NEW_TRACK);
        lv_obj_swap(img, label);
    }

    return obj;
}

static lv_obj_t * create_slider(lv_obj_t * parent, const char * icon, const char * ↪
↪txt, int32_t min, int32_t max,
                             int32_t val)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = create_text(parent, icon, txt, LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_2);

    lv_obj_t * slider = lv_slider_create(obj);
    lv_obj_set_flex_grow(slider, 1);
    lv_slider_set_range(slider, min, max);
    lv_slider_set_value(slider, val, LV_ANIM_OFF);

    if(icon == NULL) {
        lv_obj_add_flag(slider, LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLEX_IN_NEW_TRACK);
    }
}

```

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```

    }

    return obj;
}

static lv_obj_t * create_switch(lv_obj_t * parent, const char * icon, const char * _
↪txt, bool chk)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = create_text(parent, icon, txt, LV_MENU_ITEM_BUILDER_VARIANT_1);

    lv_obj_t * sw = lv_switch_create(obj);
    lv_obj_add_state(sw, chk ? LV_STATE_CHECKED : 0);

    return obj;
}

#endif

```

Error encountered **while** trying to **open** /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/widgets/
↪menu/lv\_example\_menu\_5.py

## API

### Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_menu_mode_header_t
```

```
typedef uint8_t lv_menu_mode_root_back_btn_t
```

```
typedef struct lv_menu_load_page_event_data_t lv_menu_load_page_event_data_t
```

### Enums

```
enum [anonymous]
```

*Values:*

```
enumerator LV_MENU_HEADER_TOP_FIXED
```

```
enumerator LV_MENU_HEADER_TOP_UNFIXED
```

```
enumerator LV_MENU_HEADER_BOTTOM_FIXED
```

```
enum [anonymous]
```

*Values:*

```
enumerator LV_MENU_ROOT_BACK_BTN_DISABLED
```

```
enumerator LV_MENU_ROOT_BACK_BTN_ENABLED
```

## Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_menu\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a menu object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new menu

**Returns** pointer to the created menu

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_menu\_page\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent, char \*title)

Create a menu page object

**Parameters**

- **parent** -- pointer to menu object
- **title** -- pointer to text for title in header (NULL to not display title)

**Returns** pointer to the created menu page

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_menu\_cont\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a menu cont object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new menu cont object

**Returns** pointer to the created menu cont

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_menu\_section\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a menu section object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new menu section object

**Returns** pointer to the created menu section

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_menu\_separator\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a menu separator object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new menu separator object

**Returns** pointer to the created menu separator

void **lv\_menu\_set\_page**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_obj\_t* \*page)

Set menu page to display in main

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to the menu
- **page** -- pointer to the menu page to set (NULL to clear main and clear menu history)

void **lv\_menu\_set\_sidebar\_page**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_obj\_t* \*page)

Set menu page to display in sidebar

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to the menu
- **page** -- pointer to the menu page to set (NULL to clear sidebar)

void **lv\_menu\_set\_mode\_header**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_menu\_mode\_header\_t* mode\_header)

Set the how the header should behave and its position

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a menu
- **mode\_header** --

```
void lv_menu_set_mode_root_back_btn(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_menu_mode_root_back_btn_t
                                   mode_root_back_btn)
```

Set whether back button should appear at root

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a menu
- **mode\_root\_back\_btn** --

```
void lv_menu_set_load_page_event(lv_obj_t *menu, lv_obj_t *obj, lv_obj_t *page)
Add menu to the menu item
```

**Parameters**

- **menu** -- pointer to the menu
- **obj** -- pointer to the obj
- **page** -- pointer to the page to load when obj is clicked

```
lv_obj_t *lv_menu_get_cur_main_page(lv_obj_t *obj)
Get a pointer to menu page that is currently displayed in main
```

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to the menu

**Returns** pointer to current page

```
lv_obj_t *lv_menu_get_cur_sidebar_page(lv_obj_t *obj)
Get a pointer to menu page that is currently displayed in sidebar
```

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to the menu

**Returns** pointer to current page

```
lv_obj_t *lv_menu_get_main_header(lv_obj_t *obj)
Get a pointer to main header obj
```

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to the menu

**Returns** pointer to main header obj

```
lv_obj_t *lv_menu_get_main_header_back_btn(lv_obj_t *obj)
Get a pointer to main header back btn obj
```

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to the menu

**Returns** pointer to main header back btn obj

```
lv_obj_t *lv_menu_get_sidebar_header(lv_obj_t *obj)
Get a pointer to sidebar header obj
```

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to the menu

**Returns** pointer to sidebar header obj

```
lv_obj_t *lv_menu_get_sidebar_header_back_btn(lv_obj_t *obj)
Get a pointer to sidebar header obj
```

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to the menu

**Returns** pointer to sidebar header back btn obj

```
bool lv_menu_back_btn_is_root(lv_obj_t *menu, lv_obj_t *obj)
Check if an obj is a root back btn
```

**Parameters** **menu** -- pointer to the menu

**Returns** true if it is a root back btn

void **lv\_menu\_clear\_history**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Clear menu history

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to the menu

## Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_class
const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_page_class
const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_cont_class
const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_section_class
const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_separator_class
const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_sidebar_cont_class
const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_main_cont_class
const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_sidebar_header_cont_class
const lv_obj_class_t lv_menu_main_header_cont_class
struct lv_menu_load_page_event_data_t
```

## Public Members

```
lv_obj_t *menu
lv_obj_t *page
struct lv_menu_history_t
```

## Public Members

```
lv_obj_t *page
struct lv_menu_t
```

## Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
lv_obj_t *storage
lv_obj_t *main
lv_obj_t *main_page
lv_obj_t *main_header
lv_obj_t *main_header_back_btn
lv_obj_t *main_header_title
```

```

lv_obj_t *sidebar
lv_obj_t *sidebar_page
lv_obj_t *sidebar_header
lv_obj_t *sidebar_header_back_btn
lv_obj_t *sidebar_header_title
lv_obj_t *selected_tab
lv_ll_t history_ll
uint8_t cur_depth
uint8_t prev_depth
uint8_t sidebar_generated
lv_menu_mode_header_t mode_header
lv_menu_mode_root_back_btn_t mode_root_back_btn
struct lv_menu_page_t

```

### Public Members

```

lv_obj_t obj
char *title

```

## 6.3.10 Meter (lv\_meter)

### Overview

The Meter widget can visualize data in very flexible ways. It can show arcs, needles, ticks lines and labels.

### Parts and Styles

- LV\_PART\_MAIN The background of the Meter. Uses the typical background properties.
- LV\_PART\_TICK The tick lines and labels using the *line* and *text* style properties.
- LV\_PART\_INDICATOR The needle line or image using the *line* and *img* style properties, as well as the background properties to draw a square (or circle) on the pivot of the needles. Padding makes the square larger.
- LV\_PART\_ITEMS The arcs using the *arc* properties.

## Usage

### Add a scale

First a *Scale* needs to be added to the Meter with `lv_meter_scale_t * scale = lv_meter_add_scale(meter)`. The Scale has minor and major ticks and labels on the major ticks. Later indicators (needles, arcs, tick modifiers) can be added to the meter

Any number of scales can be added to Meter.

The minor tick lines can be configured with: `lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale, tick_count, line_width, tick_length, ctick_olor)`.

To add major tick lines use `lv_meter_set_scale_major_ticks(meter, scale, nth_major, tick_width, tick_length, tick_color, label_gap)`. `nth_major` to specify how many minor ticks to skip to draw a major tick.

Labels are added automatically on major ticks with `label_gap` distance from the ticks with text proportionally to the values of the tick line.

`lv_meter_set_scale_range(meter, scale, min, max, angle_range, rotation)` sets the value and angle range of the scale.

### Add indicators

Indicators need to be added to a Scale and their value is interpreted in the range of the Scale.

All the indicator add functions return `lv_meter_indicator_t *`.

### Needle line

`indic = lv_meter_add_needle_line(meter, scale, line_width, line_color, r_mod)` adds a needle line to a Scale. By default, the length of the line is the same as the scale's radius but `r_mod` changes the length.

`lv_meter_set_indicator_value(meter, indic, value)` sets the value of the indicator.

### Needle image

`indic = lv_meter_add_needle_img(meter, scale, img_src, pivot_x, pivot_y)` sets an image that will be used as a needle. `img_src` should be a needle pointing to the right like this `-0--->`. `pivot_x` and `pivot_y` sets the pivot point of the rotation relative to the top left corner of the image.

`lv_meter_set_indicator_value(meter, inidicator, value)` sets the value of the indicator.



## Arc

`indic = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, arc_width, arc_color, r_mod)` adds and arc indicator. . By default, the radius of the arc is the same as the scale's radius but `r_mod` changes the radius.

`lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic, value)` and `lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, inidicator, value)` sets the value of the indicator.

## Scale lines (ticks)

`indic = lv_meter_add_scale_lines(meter, scale, color_start, color_end, local, width_mod)` adds an indicator that modifies the ticks lines. If `local` is `true` the ticks' color will be faded from `color_start` to `color_end` in the indicator's start and end value range. If `local` is `false` `color_start` and `color_end` will be mapped to the start and end value of the scale and only a "slice" of that color gradient will be visible in the indicator's start and end value range. `width_mod` modifies the width of the tick lines.

`lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, inidicator, value)` and `lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, inidicator, value)` sets the value of the indicator.

## Events

- `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_BEGIN` and `LV_EVENT_DRAW_PART_END` is sent for the following types:

- `LV_METER_DRAW_PART_ARC` The arc indicator
  - \* `part`: `LV_PART_ITEMS`
  - \* `sub_part_ptr`: pointer to the indicator
  - \* `arc_dsc`
  - \* `radius`: radius of the arc
  - \* `p1` center of the arc
- `LV_METER_DRAW_PART_NEEDLE_LINE` The needle lines
  - \* `part`: `LV_PART_ITEMS`
  - \* `p1, p2` points of the line
  - \* `line_dsc`
  - \* `sub_part_ptr`: pointer to the indicator
- `LV_METER_DRAW_PART_NEEDLE_IMG` The needle images
  - \* `part`: `LV_PART_ITEMS`
  - \* `p1, p2` points of the line
  - \* `img_dsc`
  - \* `sub_part_ptr`: pointer to the indicator
- `LV_METER_DRAW_PART_TICK` The tick lines and labels
  - \* `part`: `LV_PART_TICKS`
  - \* `value`: the value of the line

- \* `text`: `value` converted to decimal or NULL on minor lines
- \* `label_dsc`: label draw descriptor or NULL on minor lines
- \* `line_dsc`:
- \* `id`: the index of the line

See the events of the *Base object* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

No keys are handled by the Meter widget.

Learn more about *Keys*.

## Example

### Simple meter

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_METER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * meter;

static void set_value(void * indic, int32_t v)
{
    lv_meter_set_indicator_value(meter, indic, v);
}

/**
 * A simple meter
 */
void lv_example_meter_1(void)
{
    meter = lv_meter_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_center(meter);
    lv_obj_set_size(meter, 200, 200);

    /*Add a scale first*/
    lv_meter_scale_t * scale = lv_meter_add_scale(meter);
    lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale, 41, 2, 10, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
    ↪ GREY));
    lv_meter_set_scale_major_ticks(meter, scale, 8, 4, 15, lv_color_black(), 10);

    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic;

    /*Add a blue arc to the start*/
    indic = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 3, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic, 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, 20);

    /*Make the tick lines blue at the start of the scale*/
    indic = lv_meter_add_scale_lines(meter, scale, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), ↪
    ↪ lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE),
```

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```

        false, 0);
lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic, 0);
lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, 20);

/*Add a red arc to the end*/
indic = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 3, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), 0);
lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic, 80);
lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, 100);

/*Make the tick lines red at the end of the scale*/
indic = lv_meter_add_scale_lines(meter, scale, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED),
↪lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED), false,
    0);
lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic, 80);
lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, 100);

/*Add a needle line indicator*/
indic = lv_meter_add_needle_line(meter, scale, 4, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪GREY), -10);

/*Create an animation to set the value*/
lv_anim_t a;
lv_anim_init(&a);
lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_value);
lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic);
lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 100);
lv_anim_set_time(&a, 2000);
lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&a, 100);
lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 500);
lv_anim_set_playback_delay(&a, 100);
lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

```

```

#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import utime as time
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver

def set_value(indic, v):
    meter.set_indicator_value(indic, v)

#
# A simple meter
#
meter = lv.meter(lv.scr_act())
meter.center()
meter.set_size(200, 200)

# Add a scale first
scale = meter.add_scale()
meter.set_scale_ticks(scale, 51, 2, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
meter.set_scale_major_ticks(scale, 10, 4, 15, lv.color_black(), 10)

```

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```

indic = lv.meter_indicator_t()

# Add a blue arc to the start
indic = meter.add_arc(scale, 3, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic, 0)
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic, 20)

# Make the tick lines blue at the start of the scale
indic = meter.add_scale_lines(scale, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), lv.palette_
↪main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), False, 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic, 0)
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic, 20)

# Add a red arc to the end
indic = meter.add_arc(scale, 3, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic, 80)
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic, 100)

# Make the tick lines red at the end of the scale
indic = meter.add_scale_lines(scale, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), lv.palette_
↪main(lv.PALETTE.RED), False, 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic, 80)
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic, 100)

# Add a needle line indicator
indic = meter.add_needle_line(scale, 4, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY), -10)

# Create an animation to set the value
a = lv.anim_t()
a.init()
a.set_var(indic)
a.set_values(0, 100)
a.set_time(2000)
a.set_repeat_delay(100)
a.set_playback_time(500)
a.set_playback_delay(100)
a.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a, val: set_value(indic, val))
lv.anim_t.start(a)

```

### A meter with multiple arcs

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_METER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * meter;

static void set_value(void * indic, int32_t v)
{
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, v);
}

```

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```

/**
 * A meter with multiple arcs
 */
void lv_example_meter_2(void)
{
    meter = lv_meter_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_center(meter);
    lv_obj_set_size(meter, 200, 200);

    /*Remove the circle from the middle*/
    lv_obj_remove_style(meter, NULL, LV_PART_INDICATOR);

    /*Add a scale first*/
    lv_meter_scale_t * scale = lv_meter_add_scale(meter);
    lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale, 11, 2, 10, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪GREY));
    lv_meter_set_scale_major_ticks(meter, scale, 1, 2, 30, lv_color_hex3(0xeeee), 15);
    lv_meter_set_scale_range(meter, scale, 0, 100, 270, 90);

    /*Add a three arc indicator*/
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic1 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 10, lv_palette_
↪main(LV_PALETTE_RED), 0);
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic2 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 10, lv_palette_
↪main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN), -10);
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic3 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, 10, lv_palette_
↪main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE), -20);

    /*Create an animation to set the value*/
    lv_anim_t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_value);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 100);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_delay(&a, 100);
    lv_anim_set_playback_delay(&a, 100);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);

    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 2000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 500);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic1);
    lv_anim_start(&a);

    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 1000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 1000);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic2);
    lv_anim_start(&a);

    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 1000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 2000);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic3);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

```

```

#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import utime as time

```

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```

import lvgl as lv
import display_driver

def set_value(indic,v):
    meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic, v)

#
# A meter with multiple arcs
#

meter = lv.meter(lv.scr_act())
meter.center()
meter.set_size(200, 200)

# Remove the circle from the middle
meter.remove_style(None, lv.PART.INDICATOR)

# Add a scale first
scale = meter.add_scale()
meter.set_scale_ticks(scale, 11, 2, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
meter.set_scale_major_ticks(scale, 1, 2, 30, lv.color_hex3(0xeeee), 10)
meter.set_scale_range(scale, 0, 100, 270, 90)

# Add a three arc indicator
indic1 = meter.add_arc(scale, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED), 0)
indic2 = meter.add_arc(scale, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN), -10)
indic3 = meter.add_arc(scale, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE), -20)

# Create an animation to set the value
a1 = lv.anim_t()
a1.init()
a1.set_values(0, 100)
a1.set_time(2000)
a1.set_repeat_delay(100)
a1.set_playback_delay(100)
a1.set_playback_time(500)
a1.set_var(indic1)
a1.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a1.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: set_value(indic1,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a1)

a2 = lv.anim_t()
a2.init()
a2.set_values(0, 100)
a2.set_time(1000)
a2.set_repeat_delay(100)
a2.set_playback_delay(100)
a2.set_playback_time(1000)
a2.set_var(indic2)
a2.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a2.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: set_value(indic2,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a2)

a3 = lv.anim_t()
a3.init()
a3.set_values(0, 100)
a3.set_time(1000)

```

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```

a3.set_repeat_delay(100)
a3.set_playback_delay(100)
a3.set_playback_time(2000)
a3.set_var(indic3)
a3.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a3.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: set_value(indic3,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a3)

```

### A clock from a meter

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_METER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * meter;

static void set_value(void * indic, int32_t v)
{
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic, v);
}

/**
 * A clock from a meter
 */
void lv_example_meter_3(void)
{
    meter = lv_meter_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(meter, 220, 220);
    lv_obj_center(meter);

    /*Create a scale for the minutes*/
    /*61 ticks in a 360 degrees range (the last and the first line overlaps)*/
    lv_meter_scale_t * scale_min = lv_meter_add_scale(meter);
    lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale_min, 61, 1, 10, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪GREY));
    lv_meter_set_scale_range(meter, scale_min, 0, 60, 360, 270);

    /*Create another scale for the hours. It's only visual and contains only major
↪ticks*/
    lv_meter_scale_t * scale_hour = lv_meter_add_scale(meter);
    lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale_hour, 12, 0, 0, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_
↪GREY));
    /*12 ticks*/
    lv_meter_set_scale_major_ticks(meter, scale_hour, 1, 2, 20, lv_color_black(), 10);
    /*Every tick is major*/
    ↪lv_meter_set_scale_range(meter, scale_hour, 1, 12, 330, 300); /*[1..12]
↪values in an almost full circle*/

    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_hand)

    /*Add a the hands from images*/
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic_min = lv_meter_add_needle_img(meter, scale_min, &img_
↪hand, 5, 5);

```

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```

    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic_hour = lv_meter_add_needle_img(meter, scale_min, &
↪img_hand, 5, 5);

    /*Create an animation to set the value*/
    lv_anim_t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, set_value);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 60);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 2000);      /*2 sec for 1 turn of the minute hand (1 hour)*/
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic_min);
    lv_anim_start(&a);

    lv_anim_set_var(&a, indic_hour);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 24000);      /*24 sec for 1 turn of the hour hand*/
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 60);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

```

```

#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import utime as time
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/img_hand_min.png','rb') as f:
        img_hand_min_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_hand_min.png")
    sys.exit()

img_hand_min_dsc = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(img_hand_min_data),
    'data': img_hand_min_data
})

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/img_hand_hour.png','rb') as f:
        img_hand_hour_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find img_hand_hour.png")
    sys.exit()

img_hand_hour_dsc = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(img_hand_hour_data),
    'data': img_hand_hour_data

```

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```

})

def set_value(indic, v):
    meter.set_indicator_value(indic, v)
#
# A clock from a meter
#

meter = lv.meter(lv.scr_act())
meter.set_size(220, 220)
meter.center()

# Create a scale for the minutes
# 61 ticks in a 360 degrees range (the last and the first line overlaps)
scale_min = meter.add_scale()
meter.set_scale_ticks(scale_min, 61, 1, 10, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY))
meter.set_scale_range(scale_min, 0, 60, 360, 270)

# Create another scale for the hours. It's only visual and contains only major ticks
scale_hour = meter.add_scale()
meter.set_scale_ticks(scale_hour, 12, 0, 0, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY)) # 12 ticks
meter.set_scale_major_ticks(scale_hour, 1, 2, 20, lv.color_black(), 10) # Every tick is major
meter.set_scale_range(scale_hour, 1, 12, 330, 300) # [1..12] values in an almost full circle

# LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_hand)

# Add the hands from images
indic_min = meter.add_needle_img(scale_min, img_hand_min_dsc, 5, 5)
indic_hour = meter.add_needle_img(scale_min, img_hand_hour_dsc, 5, 5)

# Create an animation to set the value
a1 = lv.anim_t()
a1.init()
a1.set_values(0, 60)
a1.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
a1.set_time(2000) # 2 sec for 1 turn of the minute hand (1 hour)
a1.set_var(indic_min)
a1.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a1, val: set_value(indic_min, val))
lv.anim_t.start(a1)

a2 = lv.anim_t()
a2.init()
a2.set_var(indic_hour)
a2.set_time(24000) # 24 sec for 1 turn of the hour hand
a2.set_values(0, 60)
a2.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a2, val: set_value(indic_hour, val))
lv.anim_t.start(a2)

```

## Pie chart

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_METER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Create a pie chart
 */
void lv_example_meter_4(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * meter = lv_meter_create(lv_scr_act());

    /*Remove the background and the circle from the middle*/
    lv_obj_remove_style(meter, NULL, LV_PART_MAIN);
    lv_obj_remove_style(meter, NULL, LV_PART_INDICATOR);

    lv_obj_set_size(meter, 200, 200);
    lv_obj_center(meter);

    /*Add a scale first with no ticks.*/
    lv_meter_scale_t * scale = lv_meter_add_scale(meter);
    lv_meter_set_scale_ticks(meter, scale, 0, 0, 0, lv_color_black());
    lv_meter_set_scale_range(meter, scale, 0, 100, 360, 0);

    /*Add a three arc indicator*/
    lv_coord_t indic_w = 100;
    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic1 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, indic_w, lv_
↪palette_main(LV_PALETTE_ORANGE), 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic1, 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic1, 40);

    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic2 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, indic_w, lv_
↪palette_main(LV_PALETTE_YELLOW), 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic2, 40); /*Start from the
↪previous*/
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic2, 80);

    lv_meter_indicator_t * indic3 = lv_meter_add_arc(meter, scale, indic_w, lv_
↪palette_main(LV_PALETTE_DEEP_ORANGE), 0);
    lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(meter, indic3, 80); /*Start from the
↪previous*/
    lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(meter, indic3, 100);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Create a pie chart
#

meter = lv.meter(lv.scr_act())

# Remove the background and the circle from the middle
meter.remove_style(None, lv.PART.MAIN)
meter.remove_style(None, lv.PART.INDICATOR)

meter.set_size(200, 200)

```

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```

meter.center()

# Add a scale first with no ticks.
scale = meter.add_scale()
meter.set_scale_ticks(scale, 0, 0, 0, lv.color_black())
meter.set_scale_range(scale, 0, 100, 360, 0)

# Add a three arc indicator*
indic_w = 100
indic1 = meter.add_arc(scale, indic_w, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.ORANGE), 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic1, 0)
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic1, 40)

indic2 = meter.add_arc(scale, indic_w, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.YELLOW), 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic2, 40) # Start from the previous
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic2, 80)

indic3 = meter.add_arc(scale, indic_w, lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.DEEP_ORANGE), 0)
meter.set_indicator_start_value(indic3, 80) # Start from the previous
meter.set_indicator_end_value(indic3, 100)

```

## API

### Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_meter_indicator_type_t
```

### Enums

```
enum [anonymous]
```

Values:

enumerator **LV\_METER\_INDICATOR\_TYPE\_NEEDLE\_IMG**

enumerator **LV\_METER\_INDICATOR\_TYPE\_NEEDLE\_LINE**

enumerator **LV\_METER\_INDICATOR\_TYPE\_SCALE\_LINES**

enumerator **LV\_METER\_INDICATOR\_TYPE\_ARC**

```
enum lv_meter_draw_part_type_t
```

type field in lv\_obj\_draw\_part\_dsc\_t if class\_p = lv\_meter\_class Used in LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_BEGIN and LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_END

Values:

enumerator **LV\_METER\_DRAW\_PART\_ARC**

The arc indicator

enumerator **LV\_METER\_DRAW\_PART\_NEEDLE\_LINE**

The needle lines

enumerator **LV\_METER\_DRAW\_PART\_NEEDLE\_IMG**  
The needle images

enumerator **LV\_METER\_DRAW\_PART\_TICK**  
The tick lines and labels

## Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_meter\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)  
Create a Meter object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new bar.

**Returns** pointer to the created meter

*lv\_meter\_scale\_t* \***lv\_meter\_add\_scale**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Add a new scale to the meter.

---

**Note:** Indicators can be attached to scales.

---

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a meter object

**Returns** the new scale

void **lv\_meter\_set\_scale\_ticks**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_meter\_scale\_t* \*scale, uint16\_t cnt, uint16\_t width, uint16\_t len, lv\_color\_t color)

Set the properties of the ticks of a scale

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- **scale** -- pointer to scale (added to meter)
- **cnt** -- number of tick lines
- **width** -- width of tick lines
- **len** -- length of tick lines
- **color** -- color of tick lines

void **lv\_meter\_set\_scale\_major\_ticks**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_meter\_scale\_t* \*scale, uint16\_t nth, uint16\_t width, uint16\_t len, lv\_color\_t color, int16\_t label\_gap)

Make some "normal" ticks major ticks and set their attributes. Texts with the current value are also added to the major ticks.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- **scale** -- pointer to scale (added to meter)
- **nth** -- make every Nth normal tick major tick. (start from the first on the left)
- **width** -- width of the major ticks
- **len** -- length of the major ticks
- **color** -- color of the major ticks

- **label\_gap** -- gap between the major ticks and the labels

void **lv\_meter\_set\_scale\_range**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_meter\_scale\_t* \*scale, int32\_t min, int32\_t max, uint32\_t angle\_range, uint32\_t rotation)

Set the value and angular range of a scale.

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- **scale** -- pointer to scale (added to **meter**)
- **min** -- the minimum value
- **max** -- the maximal value
- **angle\_range** -- the angular range of the scale
- **rotation** -- the angular offset from the 3 o'clock position (clock-wise)

*lv\_meter\_indicator\_t* \***lv\_meter\_add\_needle\_line**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_meter\_scale\_t* \*scale, uint16\_t width, *lv\_color\_t* color, int16\_t r\_mod)

Add a needle line indicator the scale

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- **scale** -- pointer to scale (added to **meter**)
- **width** -- width of the line
- **color** -- color of the line
- **r\_mod** -- the radius modifier (added to the scale's radius) to get the lines length

**Returns** the new indicator

*lv\_meter\_indicator\_t* \***lv\_meter\_add\_needle\_img**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_meter\_scale\_t* \*scale, const void \*src, *lv\_coord\_t* pivot\_x, *lv\_coord\_t* pivot\_y)

Add a needle image indicator the scale

---

**Note:** the needle image should point to the right, like -O-->

---

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- **scale** -- pointer to scale (added to **meter**)
- **src** -- the image source of the indicator. path or pointer to *lv\_img\_dsc\_t*
- **pivot\_x** -- the X pivot point of the needle
- **pivot\_y** -- the Y pivot point of the needle

**Returns** the new indicator

*lv\_meter\_indicator\_t* \***lv\_meter\_add\_arc**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_meter\_scale\_t* \*scale, uint16\_t width, *lv\_color\_t* color, int16\_t r\_mod)

Add an arc indicator the scale

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object

- **scale** -- pointer to scale (added to meter)
- **width** -- width of the arc
- **color** -- color of the arc
- **r\_mod** -- the radius modifier (added to the scale's radius) to get the outer radius of the arc

**Returns** the new indicator

```
lv_meter_indicator_t *lv_meter_add_scale_lines(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_meter_scale_t *scale, lv_color_t
                                             color_start, lv_color_t color_end, bool local, int16_t
                                             width_mod)
```

Add a scale line indicator the scale. It will modify the ticks.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- **scale** -- pointer to scale (added to meter)
- **color\_start** -- the start color
- **color\_end** -- the end color
- **local** -- tell how to map start and end color. true: the indicator's start and end\_value; false: the scale's min max value
- **width\_mod** -- add this the affected tick's width

**Returns** the new indicator

```
void lv_meter_set_indicator_value(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_meter_indicator_t *indic, int32_t value)
```

Set the value of the indicator. It will set start and end value to the same value

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- **indic** -- pointer to an indicator
- **value** -- the new value

```
void lv_meter_set_indicator_start_value(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_meter_indicator_t *indic, int32_t value)
```

Set the start value of the indicator.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- **indic** -- pointer to an indicator
- **value** -- the new value

```
void lv_meter_set_indicator_end_value(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_meter_indicator_t *indic, int32_t value)
```

Set the end value of the indicator.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a meter object
- **indic** -- pointer to an indicator
- **value** -- the new value

## Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_meter_class
struct lv_meter_scale_t
```

### Public Members

```
lv_color_t tick_color
uint16_t tick_cnt
uint16_t tick_length
uint16_t tick_width
lv_color_t tick_major_color
uint16_t tick_major_nth
uint16_t tick_major_length
uint16_t tick_major_width
int16_t label_gap
int16_t label_color
int32_t min
int32_t max
int16_t r_mod
uint16_t angle_range
int16_t rotation
struct lv_meter_indicator_t
```

### Public Members

```
lv_meter_scale_t *scale
lv_meter_indicator_type_t type
lv_opa_t opa
int32_t start_value
int32_t end_value
const void *src
lv_point_t pivot
struct lv_meter_indicator_t::[anonymous]::[anonymous] needle_img
uint16_t width
int16_t r_mod
lv_color_t color
```

```

struct lv_meter_indicator_t::[anonymous]::[anonymous] needle_line
struct lv_meter_indicator_t::[anonymous]::[anonymous] arc
int16_t width_mod
lv_color_t color_start
lv_color_t color_end
uint8_t local_grad
struct lv_meter_indicator_t::[anonymous]::[anonymous] scale_lines
union lv_meter_indicator_t::[anonymous] type_data
struct lv_meter_t

```

### Public Members

```

lv_obj_t obj
lv_ll_t scale_ll
lv_ll_t indicator_ll

```

## 6.3.11 Message box (*lv\_msgbox*)

### Overview

The Message boxes act as pop-ups. They are built from a background container, a title, an optional close button, a text and optional buttons.

The text will be broken into multiple lines automatically and the height will be set automatically to include the text and the buttons.

The message box can be modal (blocking clicks on the rest of the screen) or not modal.

### Parts and Styles

The message box is built from other widgets, so you can check these widgets' documentation for details.

- Background: *lv\_obj*
- Close button: *lv\_btn*
- Title and text: *lv\_label*
- Buttons: *lv\_btnmatrix*



## Usage

### Create a message box

`lv_msgbox_create(parent, title, txt, btn_txts[], add_close_btn)` creates a message box.

If `parent` is `NULL` the message box will be modal. `title` and `txt` are strings for the title and the text. `btn_txts[]` is an array with the buttons' text. E.g. `const char * btn_txts[] = {"Ok", "Cancel", NULL}`. `add_close_btn` can be `true` or `false` to add/don't add a close button.

### Get the parts

The building blocks of the message box can be obtained using the following functions:

```
lv_obj_t * lv_msgbox_get_title(lv_obj_t * mbox);
lv_obj_t * lv_msgbox_get_close_btn(lv_obj_t * mbox);
lv_obj_t * lv_msgbox_get_text(lv_obj_t * mbox);
lv_obj_t * lv_msgbox_get_btns(lv_obj_t * mbox);
```

### Close the message box

`lv_msgbox_close(msgbox)` closes (deletes) the message box.

### Events

- `LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED` is sent by the buttons if one of them is clicked. `LV_OBJ_FLAG_EVENT_BUBBLE` is enabled on the buttons so you can add events to the message box itself. In the event handler, `lv_event_get_target(e)` will return the button matrix and `lv_event_get_current_target(e)` will return the message box. `lv_msgbox_get_active_btn(msgbox)` and `lv_msgbox_get_active_btn_text(msgbox)` can be used to get the index and text of the clicked button.

Learn more about [Events](#).

### Keys

Keys have effect on the close button and button matrix. You can add them manually to a group if required.

Learn more about [Keys](#).

### Example

#### Simple Message box

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MSGBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_current_target(e);
```

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```

    LV_LOG_USER("Button %s clicked", lv_msgbox_get_active_btn_text(obj));
}

void lv_example_msgbox_1(void)
{
    static const char * btns[] = {"Apply", "Close", ""};

    lv_obj_t * mbox1 = lv_msgbox_create(NULL, "Hello", "This is a message box with
↪two buttons.", btns, true);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(mbox1, event_cb, LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED, NULL);
    lv_obj_center(mbox1);
}

#endif

```

```

def event_cb(e):
    mbox = e.get_current_target()
    print("Button %s clicked" % mbox.get_active_btn_text())

btns = ["Apply", "Close", ""]

mbox1 = lv.msgbox(lv.scr_act(), "Hello", "This is a message box with two buttons.",
↪btns, True)
mbox1.add_event_cb(event_cb, lv.EVENT.VALUE_CHANGED, None)
mbox1.center()

```

## API

### Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_msgbox\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent, const char \*title, const char \*txt, const char \*btn\_txts[], bool add\_close\_btn)

Create a message box object

#### Parameters

- **parent** -- pointer to parent or NULL to create a full screen modal message box
- **title** -- the title of the message box
- **txt** -- the text of the message box
- **btn\_txts** -- the buttons as an array of texts terminated by an "" element. E.g. {"btn1", "btn2", ""}
- **add\_close\_btn** -- true: add a close button

**Returns** pointer to the message box object

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_msgbox\_get\_title**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_msgbox\_get\_close\_btn**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_msgbox\_get\_text**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

```
lv_obj_t *lv_msgbox_get_content(lv_obj_t *obj)
```

```
lv_obj_t *lv_msgbox_get_btns(lv_obj_t *obj)
```

```
uint16_t lv_msgbox_get_active_btn(lv_obj_t *mbox)
```

Get the index of the selected button

**Parameters** `mbox` -- message box object

**Returns** index of the button (LV\_BTNMATRIX\_BTN\_NONE: if unset)

```
const char *lv_msgbox_get_active_btn_text(lv_obj_t *mbox)
```

```
void lv_msgbox_close(lv_obj_t *mbox)
```

```
void lv_msgbox_close_async(lv_obj_t *mbox)
```

## Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_msgbox_class
```

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_msgbox_content_class
```

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_msgbox_backdrop_class
```

```
struct lv_msgbox_t
```

## Public Members

```
lv_obj_t obj
```

```
lv_obj_t *title
```

```
lv_obj_t *close_btn
```

```
lv_obj_t *content
```

```
lv_obj_t *text
```

```
lv_obj_t *btns
```

## 6.3.12 Span (lv\_span)

### Overview

A spangroup is the object that is used to display rich text. Different from the label object, `spangroup` can render text styled with different fonts, colors, and sizes into the spangroup object.

## Parts and Styles

- `LV_PART_MAIN` The spangroup has only one part.

## Usage

### Set text and style

The spangroup object uses `span` to describe text and text style. so, first we need to create `span` descriptor using `lv_span_t * span = lv_spangroup_new_span(spangroup)`. Then use `lv_span_set_text(span, "text")` to set text. The style of the span is configured as with a normal style object by using its `style` member, eg: `lv_style_set_text_color(&span->style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED))`.

If spangroup object mode `!= LV_SPAN_MODE_FIXED` you must call `lv_spangroup_refr_mode()` after you have modified `span` style(eg:set text, changed the font size, del span).

### Retrieving a span child

Spangroups store their children differently from normal objects, so normal functions for getting children won't work.

`lv_spangroup_get_child(spangroup, id)` will return a pointer to the child span at index `id`. In addition, `id` can be negative to index from the end of the spangroup where `-1` is the youngest child, `-2` is second youngest, etc.

e.g. `lv_span_t* span = lv_spangroup_get_child(spangroup, 0)` will return the first child of the spangroup. `lv_span_t* span = lv_spangroup_get_child(spangroup, -1)` will return the last (or most recent) child.

### Child Count

Use the function `lv_spangroup_get_child_cnt(spangroup)` to get back the number of spans the group is maintaining.

e.g. `uint32_t size = lv_spangroup_get_child_cnt(spangroup)`

### Text align

like label object, the spangroup can be set to one the following modes:

- `LV_TEXT_ALIGN_LEFT` Align text to left.
- `LV_TEXT_ALIGN_CENTER` Align text to center.
- `LV_TEXT_ALIGN_RIGHT` Align text to right.
- `LV_TEXT_ALIGN_AUTO` Align text auto.

use function `lv_spangroup_set_align(spangroup, LV_TEXT_ALIGN_CENTER)` to set text align.

## Modes

The spangroup can be set to one the following modes:

- `LV_SPAN_MODE_FIXED` fixes the object size.
- `LV_SPAN_MODE_EXPAND` Expand the object size to the text size but stay on a single line.
- `LV_SPAN_MODE_BREAK` Keep width, break the too long lines and auto expand height.

Use `lv_spangroup_set_mode(spangroup, LV_SPAN_MODE_BREAK)` to set object mode.

## Overflow

The spangroup can be set to one the following modes:

- `LV_SPAN_OVERFLOW_CLIP` truncates the text at the limit of the area.
- `LV_SPAN_OVERFLOW_ELLIPSIS` will display an ellipsis( . . . ) when text overflows the area.

Use `lv_spangroup_set_overflow(spangroup, LV_SPAN_OVERFLOW_CLIP)` to set object overflow mode.

## first line indent

Use `lv_spangroup_set_indent(spangroup, 20)` to set the indent of the first line. all modes support pixel units, in addition to `LV_SPAN_MODE_FIXED` and `LV_SPAN_MODE_BREAK` mode supports percentage units too.

## Events

No special events are sent by this widget.

Learn more about [Events](#).

## Keys

No *Keys* are processed by the object type.

Learn more about [Keys](#).

## Example

### Span with custom styles

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SPAN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Create span.
 */
void lv_example_span_1(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
```

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```

lv_style_init(&style);
lv_style_set_border_width(&style, 1);
lv_style_set_border_color(&style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_ORANGE));
lv_style_set_pad_all(&style, 2);

lv_obj_t * spans = lv_spangroup_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_set_width(spans, 300);
lv_obj_set_height(spans, 300);
lv_obj_center(spans);
lv_obj_add_style(spans, &style, 0);

lv_spangroup_set_align(spans, LV_TEXT_ALIGN_LEFT);
lv_spangroup_set_overflow(spans, LV_SPAN_OVERFLOW_CLIP);
lv_spangroup_set_indent(spans, 20);
lv_spangroup_set_mode(spans, LV_SPAN_MODE_BREAK);

lv_span_t * span = lv_spangroup_new_span(spans);
lv_span_set_text(span, "China is a beautiful country.");
lv_style_set_text_color(&span->style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_RED));
lv_style_set_text_decor(&span->style, LV_TEXT_DECOR_STRIKETHROUGH | LV_TEXT_DECOR_
↳ UNDERLINE);
lv_style_set_text_opa(&span->style, LV_OPA_50);

span = lv_spangroup_new_span(spans);
lv_span_set_text_static(span, "good good study, day day up.");
#if LV_FONT_MONTSEERRAT_24
lv_style_set_text_font(&span->style, &lv_font_montserrat_24);
#endif
lv_style_set_text_color(&span->style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN));

span = lv_spangroup_new_span(spans);
lv_span_set_text_static(span, "LVGL is an open-source graphics library.");
lv_style_set_text_color(&span->style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_BLUE));

span = lv_spangroup_new_span(spans);
lv_span_set_text_static(span, "the boy no name.");
lv_style_set_text_color(&span->style, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_GREEN));
#if LV_FONT_MONTSEERRAT_20
lv_style_set_text_font(&span->style, &lv_font_montserrat_20);
#endif
lv_style_set_text_decor(&span->style, LV_TEXT_DECOR_UNDERLINE);

span = lv_spangroup_new_span(spans);
lv_span_set_text(span, "I have a dream that hope to come true.");

lv_spangroup_refr_mode(spans);
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Create span
#
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_border_width(1)

```

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```

style.set_border_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.ORANGE))
style.set_pad_all(2)

spans = lv.spangroup(lv.scr_act())
spans.set_width(300)
spans.set_height(300)
spans.center()
spans.add_style(style, 0)

spans.set_align(lv.TEXT_ALIGN.LEFT)
spans.set_overflow(lv.SPAN_OVERFLOW.CLIP)
spans.set_indent(20)
spans.set_mode(lv.SPAN_MODE.BREAK)

span = spans.new_span()
span.set_text("china is a beautiful country.")
span.style.set_text_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.RED))
span.style.set_text_decor(lv.TEXT_DECOR.STRIKETHROUGH | lv.TEXT_DECOR.UNDERLINE)
span.style.set_text_opa(lv.OPA_30)

span = spans.new_span()
span.set_text_static("good good study, day day up.")
#if LV_FONT_MONTSEERRAT_24
#    lv_style_set_text_font(&span->style, &lv_font_montserrat_24);
#endif
span.style.set_text_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))

span = spans.new_span()
span.set_text_static("LVGL is an open-source graphics library.")
span.style.set_text_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.BLUE))

span = spans.new_span()
span.set_text_static("the boy no name.")
span.style.set_text_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREEN))
#if LV_FONT_MONTSEERRAT_20
#    lv_style_set_text_font(&span->style, &lv_font_montserrat_20);
#endif
span.style.set_text_decor(lv.TEXT_DECOR.UNDERLINE)

span = spans.new_span()
span.set_text("I have a dream that hope to come true.")

spans.refr_mode()

# lv_span_del(spans, span);
# lv_obj_del(spans);

```

## API

### Typedefs

```
typedef uint8_t lv_span_overflow_t
```

```
typedef uint8_t lv_span_mode_t
```

### Enums

```
enum [anonymous]
```

*Values:*

```
enumerator LV_SPAN_OVERFLOW_CLIP
```

```
enumerator LV_SPAN_OVERFLOW_ELLIPSIS
```

```
enum [anonymous]
```

*Values:*

```
enumerator LV_SPAN_MODE_FIXED
```

fixed the obj size

```
enumerator LV_SPAN_MODE_EXPAND
```

Expand the object size to the text size

```
enumerator LV_SPAN_MODE_BREAK
```

Keep width, break the too long lines and expand height

### Functions

```
lv_obj_t *lv_spangroup_create(lv_obj_t *par)
```

Create a spangroup object

**Parameters** **par** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new spangroup

**Returns** pointer to the created spangroup

```
lv_span_t *lv_spangroup_new_span(lv_obj_t *obj)
```

Create a span string descriptor and add to spangroup.

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to a spangroup object.

**Returns** pointer to the created span.

```
void lv_spangroup_del_span(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_span_t *span)
```

Remove the span from the spangroup and free memory.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a spangroup object.
- **span** -- pointer to a span.

```
void lv_span_set_text(lv_span_t *span, const char *text)
```

Set a new text for a span. Memory will be allocated to store the text by the span.



**Parameters**

- **span** -- pointer to a span.
- **text** -- pointer to a text.

void **lv\_span\_set\_text\_static**(*lv\_span\_t* \*span, const char \*text)

Set a static text. It will not be saved by the span so the 'text' variable has to be 'alive' while the span exist.

**Parameters**

- **span** -- pointer to a span.
- **text** -- pointer to a text.

void **lv\_spangroup\_set\_align**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, lv\_text\_align\_t align)

Set the align of the spangroup.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a spangroup object.
- **align** -- see lv\_text\_align\_t for details.

void **lv\_spangroup\_set\_overflow**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_span\_overflow\_t* overflow)

Set the overflow of the spangroup.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a spangroup object.
- **overflow** -- see lv\_span\_overflow\_t for details.

void **lv\_spangroup\_set\_indent**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, lv\_coord\_t indent)

Set the indent of the spangroup.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a spangroup object.
- **indent** -- The first line indentation

void **lv\_spangroup\_set\_mode**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_span\_mode\_t* mode)

Set the mode of the spangroup.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a spangroup object.
- **mode** -- see lv\_span\_mode\_t for details.

*lv\_span\_t* \***lv\_spangroup\_get\_child**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, int32\_t id)

Get a spangroup child by its index.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- The spangroup object
- **id** -- the index of the child. 0: the oldest (firstly created) child 1: the second oldest child count-1: the youngest -1: the youngest -2: the second youngest

**Returns** The child span at index **id**, or NULL if the ID does not exist

uint32\_t **lv\_spangroup\_get\_child\_cnt**(const *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

**Parameters** **obj** -- The spangroup object to get the child count of.

**Returns** The span count of the spangroup.

`lv_text_align_t lv_spangroup_get_align(lv_obj_t *obj)`  
get the align of the spangroup.

**Parameters** `obj` -- pointer to a spangroup object.

**Returns** the align value.

`lv_span_overflow_t lv_spangroup_get_overflow(lv_obj_t *obj)`  
get the overflow of the spangroup.

**Parameters** `obj` -- pointer to a spangroup object.

**Returns** the overflow value.

`lv_coord_t lv_spangroup_get_indent(lv_obj_t *obj)`  
get the indent of the spangroup.

**Parameters** `obj` -- pointer to a spangroup object.

**Returns** the indent value.

`lv_span_mode_t lv_spangroup_get_mode(lv_obj_t *obj)`  
get the mode of the spangroup.

**Parameters** `obj` -- pointer to a spangroup object.

`lv_coord_t lv_spangroup_get_max_line_h(lv_obj_t *obj)`  
get max line height of all span in the spangroup.

**Parameters** `obj` -- pointer to a spangroup object.

`uint32_t lv_spangroup_get_expand_width(lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t max_width)`  
get the text content width when all span of spangroup on a line.

**Parameters**

- `obj` -- pointer to a spangroup object.
- `max_width` -- if text content width >= max\_width, return max\_width to reduce computation, if max\_width == 0, returns the text content width.

**Returns** text content width or max\_width.

`lv_coord_t lv_spangroup_get_expand_height(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t width)`  
get the text content height with width fixed.

**Parameters** `obj` -- pointer to a spangroup object.

`void lv_spangroup_refr_mode(lv_obj_t *obj)`  
update the mode of the spangroup.

**Parameters** `obj` -- pointer to a spangroup object.

## Variables

`const lv_obj_class_t lv_spangroup_class`

`struct lv_span_t`

## Public Members

```

char *txt
lv_obj_t *spangroup
lv_style_t style
uint8_t static_flag
struct lv_spangroup_t
#include <lv_span.h> Data of label

```

## Public Members

```

lv_obj_t obj
lv_coord_t indent
lv_coord_t cache_w
lv_coord_t cache_h
lv_ll_t child_ll
uint8_t mode
uint8_t overflow
uint8_t refresh

```

### 6.3.13 Spinbox (lv\_spinbox)

#### Overview

The Spinbox contains a number as text which can be increased or decreased by *Keys* or API functions. Under the hood the Spinbox is a modified *Text area*.

#### Parts and Styles

The parts of the Spinbox are identical to the *Text area*.

#### Value, range and step

`lv_spinbox_set_value(spinbox, 1234)` sets a new value on the Spinbox.

`lv_spinbox_increment(spinbox)` and `lv_spinbox_decrement(spinbox)` increments/decrements the value of the Spinbox according to the currently selected digit.

`lv_spinbox_set_range(spinbox, -1000, 2500)` sets a range. If the value is changed by `lv_spinbox_set_value`, by *Keys*, `lv_spinbox_increment/decrement` this range will be respected.

`lv_spinbox_set_step(spinbox, 100)` sets which digits to change on increment/decrement. Only multiples of ten can be set, and not for example 3.

`lv_spinbox_set_pos(spinbox, 1)` sets the cursor to a specific digit to change on increment/decrement. For example position '0' sets the cursor to the least significant digit.

If an encoder is used as input device, the selected digit is shifted to the right by default whenever the encoder button is clicked. To change this behaviour to shifting to the left, the `lv_spinbox_set_digit_step_direction(spinbox, LV_DIR_LEFT)` can be used

## Format

`lv_spinbox_set_digit_format(spinbox, digit_count, separator_position)` sets the number format. `digit_count` is the number of digits excluding the decimal separator and the sign. `separator_position` is the number of digits before the decimal point. If 0, no decimal point is displayed.

## Rollover

`lv_spinbox_set_rollover(spinbox, true/false)` enables/disabled rollover mode. If either the minimum or maximum value is reached with rollover enabled, the value will change to the other limit. If rollover is disabled the value will remain at the minimum or maximum value.

## Events

- `LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED` Sent when the value has changed.

See the events of the *Text area* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

- `LV_KEY_LEFT/RIGHT` With *Keypad* move the cursor left/right. With *Encoder* decrement/increment the selected digit.
- `LV_KEY_UP/DOWN` With *Keypad* and *Encoder* increment/decrement the value.
- `LV_KEY_ENTER` With *Encoder* got the net digit. Jump to the first after the last.

## Example

### Simple Spinbox

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SPINBOX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static lv_obj_t * spinbox;

static void lv_spinbox_increment_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_SHORT_CLICKED || code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT) {
        lv_spinbox_increment(spinbox);
    }
}
```

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```

}

static void lv_spinbox_decrement_event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_event_code_t code = lv_event_get_code(e);
    if(code == LV_EVENT_SHORT_CLICKED || code == LV_EVENT_LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT) {
        lv_spinbox_decrement(spinbox);
    }
}

void lv_example_spinbox_1(void)
{
    spinbox = lv_spinbox_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_spinbox_set_range(spinbox, -1000, 25000);
    lv_spinbox_set_digit_format(spinbox, 5, 2);
    lv_spinbox_step_prev(spinbox);
    lv_obj_set_width(spinbox, 100);
    lv_obj_center(spinbox);

    lv_coord_t h = lv_obj_get_height(spinbox);

    lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(btn, h, h);
    lv_obj_align_to(btn, spinbox, LV_ALIGN_OUT_RIGHT_MID, 5, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_src(btn, LV_SYMBOL_PLUS, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, lv_spinbox_increment_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);

    btn = lv_btn_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(btn, h, h);
    lv_obj_align_to(btn, spinbox, LV_ALIGN_OUT_LEFT_MID, -5, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_img_src(btn, LV_SYMBOL_MINUS, 0);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, lv_spinbox_decrement_event_cb, LV_EVENT_ALL, NULL);
}

#endif

```

```

def increment_event_cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    if code == lv.EVENT.SHORT_CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        spinbox.increment()

def decrement_event_cb(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    if code == lv.EVENT.SHORT_CLICKED or code == lv.EVENT.LONG_PRESSED_REPEAT:
        spinbox.decrement()

spinbox = lv.spinbox(lv.scr_act())
spinbox.set_range(-1000, 25000)
spinbox.set_digit_format(5, 2)
spinbox.step_prev()
spinbox.set_width(100)
spinbox.center()

h = spinbox.get_height()

```

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```

btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
btn.set_size(h, h)
btn.align_to(spinbox, lv.ALIGN.OUT_RIGHT_MID, 5, 0)
btn.set_style_bg_img_src(lv.SYMBOL.PLUS, 0)
btn.add_event_cb(increment_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

btn = lv.btn(lv.scr_act())
btn.set_size(h, h)
btn.align_to(spinbox, lv.ALIGN.OUT_LEFT_MID, -5, 0)
btn.set_style_bg_img_src(lv.SYMBOL.MINUS, 0)
btn.add_event_cb(decrement_event_cb, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

```

## API

### Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_spinbox\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a Spinbox object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new spinbox

**Returns** pointer to the created spinbox

void **lv\_spinbox\_set\_value**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, int32\_t i)

Set spinbox value

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to spinbox
- **i** -- value to be set

void **lv\_spinbox\_set\_rollover**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, bool b)

Set spinbox rollover function

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to spinbox
- **b** -- true or false to enable or disable (default)

void **lv\_spinbox\_set\_digit\_format**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint8\_t digit\_count, uint8\_t separator\_position)

Set spinbox digit format (digit count and decimal format)

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to spinbox
- **digit\_count** -- number of digit excluding the decimal separator and the sign
- **separator\_position** -- number of digit before the decimal point. If 0, decimal point is not shown

void **lv\_spinbox\_set\_step**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint32\_t step)

Set spinbox step

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to spinbox
- **step** -- steps on increment/decrement. Can be 1, 10, 100, 1000, etc the digit that will change.

void **lv\_spinbox\_set\_range**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, int32\_t range\_min, int32\_t range\_max)  
Set spinbox value range

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to spinbox
- **range\_min** -- maximum value, inclusive
- **range\_max** -- minimum value, inclusive

void **lv\_spinbox\_set\_pos**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint8\_t pos)  
Set cursor position to a specific digit for edition

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to spinbox
- **pos** -- selected position in spinbox

void **lv\_spinbox\_set\_digit\_step\_direction**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, lv\_dir\_t direction)  
Set direction of digit step when clicking an encoder button while in editing mode

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to spinbox
- **direction** -- the direction (LV\_DIR\_RIGHT or LV\_DIR\_LEFT)

bool **lv\_spinbox\_get\_rollover**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Get spinbox rollover function status

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to spinbox

int32\_t **lv\_spinbox\_get\_value**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Get the spinbox numeral value (user has to convert to float according to its digit format)

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to spinbox

**Returns** value integer value of the spinbox

int32\_t **lv\_spinbox\_get\_step**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Get the spinbox step value (user has to convert to float according to its digit format)

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to spinbox

**Returns** value integer step value of the spinbox

void **lv\_spinbox\_step\_next**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Select next lower digit for edition by dividing the step by 10

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to spinbox

void **lv\_spinbox\_step\_prev**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Select next higher digit for edition by multiplying the step by 10

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to spinbox

void **lv\_spinbox\_increment**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Increment spinbox value by one step

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to spinbox

void **lv\_spinbox\_decrement**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)  
Decrement spinbox value by one step

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to spinbox

## Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_spinbox_class  
struct lv_spinbox_t
```

### Public Members

```
lv_textarea_t ta  
int32_t value  
int32_t range_max  
int32_t range_min  
int32_t step  
uint16_t digit_count  
uint16_t dec_point_pos  
uint16_t rollover  
uint16_t digit_step_dir
```

## Example

### 6.3.14 Spinner (lv\_spinner)

#### Overview

The Spinner object is a spinning arc over a ring.

#### Parts and Styles

The parts are identical to the parts of *lv\_arc*.

#### Usage

##### Create a spinner

To create a spinner use `lv_spinner_create(parent, spin_time, arc_length)`. `spin_time` sets the spin time in milliseconds, `arc_length` sets the length of the spinning arc in degrees.



## Events

No special events are sent to the Spinner.

See the events of the *Arc* too.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

No *Keys* are processed by the object type.

Learn more about *Keys*.

## Example

### Simple spinner

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SPINNER && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_spinner_1(void)
{
    /*Create a spinner*/
    lv_obj_t * spinner = lv_spinner_create(lv_scr_act(), 1000, 60);
    lv_obj_set_size(spinner, 100, 100);
    lv_obj_center(spinner);
}

#endif
```

```
# Create a spinner
spinner = lv.spinner(lv.scr_act(), 1000, 60)
spinner.set_size(100, 100)
spinner.center()
```

## API

### Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_spinner\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent, uint32\_t time, uint32\_t arc\_length)

## Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_spinner_class
```

### 6.3.15 Tabview (lv\_tabview)

#### Overview

The Tab view object can be used to organize content in tabs. The Tab view is built from other widgets:

- Main container: *lv\_obj*)
  - Tab buttons: *lv\_btnmatrix*
  - Container for the tabs: *lv\_obj*
    - \* Content of the tabs: *lv\_obj*

The tab buttons can be positioned on the top, bottom, left and right side of the Tab view.

A new tab can be selected either by clicking on a tab button or by sliding horizontally on the content.

#### Parts and Styles

There are no special parts on the Tab view but the *lv\_obj* and *lv\_btnmatrix* widgets are used to create the Tab view.

#### Usage

##### Create a Tab view

`lv_tabview_create(parent, tab_pos, tab_size);` creates a new empty Tab view. `tab_pos` can be `LV_DIR_TOP/BOTTOM/LEFT/RIGHT` to position the tab buttons to a side. `tab_size` is the height (in case of `LV_DIR_TOP/BOTTOM`) or width (in case of `LV_DIR_LEFT/RIGHT`) tab buttons.

##### Add tabs

New tabs can be added with `lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab name")`. This will return a pointer to an *lv\_obj* object where the tab's content can be created.

##### Change tab

To select a new tab you can:

- Click on its tab button
- Slide horizontally
- Use `lv_tabview_set_act(tabview, id, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF)` function

## Get the parts

`lv_tabview_get_content(tabview)` returns the container for the tabs,  
`lv_tabview_get_tab_btns(tabview)` returns the Tab buttons object which is a *Button matrix*.

## Events

- `LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED` Sent when a new tab is selected by sliding or clicking the tab button.  
`lv_tabview_get_tab_act(tabview)` returns the zero based index of the current tab.

Learn more about *Events*.

## Keys

Keys have effect only on the tab buttons (Button matrix). Add manually to a group if required.

Learn more about *Keys*.

## Example

### Simple Tabview

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TABVIEW && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_tabview_1(void)
{
    /*Create a Tab view object*/
    lv_obj_t * tabview;
    tabview = lv_tabview_create(lv_scr_act(), LV_DIR_TOP, 50);

    /*Add 3 tabs (the tabs are page (lv_page) and can be scrolled*/
    lv_obj_t * tab1 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 1");
    lv_obj_t * tab2 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 2");
    lv_obj_t * tab3 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 3");

    /*Add content to the tabs*/
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(tab1);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "This the first tab\n\n"
        "If the content\n"
        "of a tab\n"
        "becomes too\n"
        "longer\n"
        "than the\n"
        "container\n"
        "then it\n"
        "automatically\n"
        "becomes\n"
        "scrollable.\n"
        "\n"
        "\n"
        "\n"
        "Can you see it?");
}
```

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```

    label = lv_label_create(tab2);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Second tab");

    label = lv_label_create(tab3);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Third tab");

    lv_obj_scroll_to_view_recursive(label, LV_ANIM_ON);
}
#endif

```

```

# Create a Tab view object
tabview = lv.tabview(lv.scr_act(), lv.DIR.TOP, 50)

# Add 3 tabs (the tabs are page (lv_page) and can be scrolled
tab1 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 1")
tab2 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 2")
tab3 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 3")

# Add content to the tabs
label = lv.label(tab1)
label.set_text("This the first tab

If the content
of a tab
becomes too
longer
than the
container
then it
automatically
becomes
scrollable.

Can you see it?")

label = lv.label(tab2)
label.set_text("Second tab")

label = lv.label(tab3)
label.set_text("Third tab");

label.scroll_to_view_recursive(lv.ANIM.ON)

```

## Tabs on the left, styling and no scrolling

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TABVIEW && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void scroll_begin_event(lv_event_t * e)
{
    /*Disable the scroll animations. Triggered when a tab button is clicked */
    if(lv_event_get_code(e) == LV_EVENT_SCROLL_BEGIN) {
        lv_anim_t * a = lv_event_get_param(e);
        if(a) a->time = 0;
    }
}

void lv_example_tabview_2(void)
{
    /*Create a Tab view object*/
    lv_obj_t * tabview;
    tabview = lv_tabview_create(lv_scr_act(), LV_DIR_LEFT, 80);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(lv_tabview_get_content(tabview), scroll_begin_event, LV_EVENT_SCROLL_BEGIN, NULL);

    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(tabview, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_RED, 2), 0);

    lv_obj_t * tab_btns = lv_tabview_get_tab_btns(tabview);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(tab_btns, lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 3), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_text_color(tab_btns, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_GREY, 5), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_border_side(tab_btns, LV_BORDER_SIDE_RIGHT, LV_PART_ITEMS | LV_STATE_CHECKED);

    /*Add 3 tabs (the tabs are page (lv_page) and can be scrolled*/
    lv_obj_t * tab1 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 1");
    lv_obj_t * tab2 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 2");
    lv_obj_t * tab3 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 3");
    lv_obj_t * tab4 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 4");
    lv_obj_t * tab5 = lv_tabview_add_tab(tabview, "Tab 5");

    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(tab2, lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_AMBER, 3), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_opa(tab2, LV_OPA_COVER, 0);

    /*Add content to the tabs*/
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(tab1);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "First tab");

    label = lv_label_create(tab2);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Second tab");

    label = lv_label_create(tab3);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Third tab");

    label = lv_label_create(tab4);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Forth tab");

    label = lv_label_create(tab5);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Fifth tab");
}
```

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```

    lv_obj_clear_flag(lv_tabview_get_content(tabview), LV_OBJ_FLAG_SCROLLABLE);
}
#endif

```

```

def scroll_begin_event(e):

    #Disable the scroll animations. Triggered when a tab button is clicked */
    if e.get_code() == lv.EVENT.SCROLL_BEGIN:
        a = lv.anim_t.__cast__(e.get_param())
        if a:
            a.time = 0

# Create a Tab view object
tabview = lv.tabview(lv.scr_act(), lv.DIR.LEFT, 80)
tabview.get_content().add_event_cb(scroll_begin_event, lv.EVENT.SCROLL_BEGIN, None)

tabview.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.RED, 2), 0)

tab_btns = tabview.get_tab_btns()
tab_btns.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 3), 0)
tab_btns.set_style_text_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.GREY, 5), 0)
tab_btns.set_style_border_side(lv.BORDER_SIDE.RIGHT, lv.PART.ITEMS | lv.STATE.CHECKED)

# Add 3 tabs (the tabs are page (lv_page) and can be scrolled
tab1 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 1")
tab2 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 2")
tab3 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 3")
tab4 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 4")
tab5 = tabview.add_tab("Tab 5")

tab2.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.AMBER, 3), 0)
tab2.set_style_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER, 0)

# Add content to the tabs
label = lv.label(tab1)
label.set_text("First tab")

label = lv.label(tab2)
label.set_text("Second tab")

label = lv.label(tab3)
label.set_text("Third tab")

label = lv.label(tab4)
label.set_text("Forth tab")

label = lv.label(tab5)
label.set_text("Fifth tab")

tabview.get_content().clear_flag(lv.obj.FLAG.SCROLLABLE)

```

## API

### Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_tabview\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent, lv\_dir\_t tab\_pos, lv\_coord\_t tab\_size)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_tabview\_add\_tab**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*tv, const char \*name)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_tabview\_get\_content**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*tv)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_tabview\_get\_tab\_btns**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*tv)

void **lv\_tabview\_set\_act**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint32\_t id, *lv\_anim\_enable\_t* anim\_en)

uint16\_t **lv\_tabview\_get\_tab\_act**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*tv)

### Variables

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_tabview\_class**

struct **lv\_tabview\_t**

#### Public Members

*lv\_obj\_t* **obj**

char \*\***map**

uint16\_t **tab\_cnt**

uint16\_t **tab\_cur**

lv\_dir\_t **tab\_pos**

## 6.3.16 Tile view (lv\_tileview)

### Overview

The Tile view is a container object whose elements (called *tiles*) can be arranged in grid form. A user can navigate between the tiles by swiping. Any direction of swiping can be disabled on the tiles individually to not allow moving from one tile to another.

If the Tile view is screen sized, the user interface resembles what you may have seen on smartwatches.

## Parts and Styles

The Tile view is built from an *lv\_obj* container and *lv\_obj* tiles.

The parts and styles work the same as for *lv\_obj*.

## Usage

### Add a tile

`lv_tileview_add_tile(tileview, row_id, col_id, dir)` creates a new tile on the `row_id`th row and `col_id`th column. `dir` can be `LV_DIR_LEFT/RIGHT/TOP/BOTTOM/HOR/VER/ALL` or OR-ed values to enable moving to the adjacent tiles into the given direction by swiping.

The returned value is an `lv_obj_t *` on which the content of the tab can be created.

### Change tile

The Tile view can scroll to a tile with `lv_obj_set_tile(tileview, tile_obj, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF)` or `lv_obj_set_tile_id(tileview, col_id, row_id, LV_ANIM_ON/OFF);`

## Events

- `LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED` Sent when a new tile loaded by scrolling. `lv_tileview_get_tile_act(tabview)` can be used to get current tile.

## Keys

Keys are not handled by the Tile view.

Learn more about *Keys*.

## Example

### Tileview with content

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_TILEVIEW && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Create a 2x2 tile view and allow scrolling only in an "L" shape.
 * Demonstrate scroll chaining with a long list that
 * scrolls the tile view when it can't be scrolled further.
 */
void lv_example_tileview_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * tv = lv_tileview_create(lv_scr_act());

    /*Tile1: just a label*/
    lv_obj_t * tile1 = lv_tileview_add_tile(tv, 0, 0, LV_DIR_BOTTOM);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(tile1);
}
```

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```

lv_label_set_text(label, "Scroll down");
lv_obj_center(label);

/*Tile2: a button*/
lv_obj_t * tile2 = lv_tileview_add_tile(tv, 0, 1, LV_DIR_TOP | LV_DIR_RIGHT);

lv_obj_t * btn = lv_btn_create(tile2);

label = lv_label_create(btn);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Scroll up or right");

lv_obj_set_size(btn, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
lv_obj_center(btn);

/*Tile3: a list*/
lv_obj_t * tile3 = lv_tileview_add_tile(tv, 1, 1, LV_DIR_LEFT);
lv_obj_t * list = lv_list_create(tile3);
lv_obj_set_size(list, LV_PCT(100), LV_PCT(100));

lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "One");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Two");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Three");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Four");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Five");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Six");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Seven");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Eight");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Nine");
lv_list_add_btn(list, NULL, "Ten");
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Create a 2x2 tile view and allow scrolling only in an "L" shape.
# Demonstrate scroll chaining with a long list that
# scrolls the tile view when it can't be scrolled further.
#
tv = lv.tileview(lv.scr_act())

# Tile1: just a label
tile1 = tv.add_tile(0, 0, lv.DIR.BOTTOM)
label = lv.label(tile1)
label.set_text("Scroll down")
label.center()

# Tile2: a button
tile2 = tv.add_tile(0, 1, lv.DIR.TOP | lv.DIR.RIGHT)

btn = lv.btn(tile2)

label = lv.label(btn)
label.set_text("Scroll up or right")

```

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```

btn.set_size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
btn.center()

# Tile3: a list
tile3 = tv.add_tile(1, 1, lv.DIR.LEFT)
list = lv.list(tile3)
list.set_size(lv.pct(100), lv.pct(100))

list.add_btn(None, "One")
list.add_btn(None, "Two")
list.add_btn(None, "Three")
list.add_btn(None, "Four")
list.add_btn(None, "Five")
list.add_btn(None, "Six")
list.add_btn(None, "Seven")
list.add_btn(None, "Eight")
list.add_btn(None, "Nine")
list.add_btn(None, "Ten")

```

## API

### Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_tileview\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create a Tileview object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new tileview

**Returns** pointer to the created tileview

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_tileview\_add\_tile**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*tv, uint8\_t col\_id, uint8\_t row\_id, lv\_dir\_t dir)

void **lv\_obj\_set\_tile**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*tv, *lv\_obj\_t* \*tile\_obj, *lv\_anim\_enable\_t* anim\_en)

void **lv\_obj\_set\_tile\_id**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*tv, uint32\_t col\_id, uint32\_t row\_id, *lv\_anim\_enable\_t* anim\_en)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_tileview\_get\_tile\_act**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

### Variables

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_tileview\_class**

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_tileview\_tile\_class**

struct **lv\_tileview\_t**

### Public Members

*lv\_obj\_t* **obj**

*lv\_obj\_t* \***tile\_act**

struct **lv\_tileview\_tile\_t**

### Public Members

*lv\_obj\_t* **obj**

*lv\_dir\_t* **dir**

## 6.3.17 Window (lv\_win)

### Overview

The Window is container-like object built from a header with title and buttons and a content area.

### Parts and Styles

The Window is built from other widgets so you can check their documentation for details:

- Background: *lv\_obj*
- Header on the background: *lv\_obj*
- Title on the header: *lv\_label*
- Buttons on the header: *lv\_btn*
- Content area on the background: *lv\_obj*

### Usage

#### Create a Window

`lv_win_create(parent, header_height)` creates a Window with an empty header.

#### Title and buttons

Any number of texts (but typically only one) can be added to the header with `lv_win_add_title(win, "The title")`.

Control buttons can be added to the window's header with `lv_win_add_btn(win, icon, btn_width)`. `icon` can be any image source, and `btn_width` is the width of the button.

The title and the buttons will be added in the order the functions are called. So adding a button, a text and two other buttons will result in a button on the left, a title, and 2 buttons on the right. The width of the title is set to take all the remaining space on the header. In other words: it pushes to the right all the buttons that are added after the title.

## Get the parts

`lv_win_get_header(win)` returns a pointer to the header, `lv_win_get_content(win)` returns a pointer to the content container to which the content of the window can be added.

## Events

No special events are sent by the windows, however events can be added manually to the return value of `lv_win_add_btn`.

Learn more about [Events](#).

## Keys

No *Keys* are handled by the window.

Learn more about [Keys](#).

## Example

### Simple window

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_WIN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_handler(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_event_get_target(e);
    LV_LOG_USER("Button %d clicked", (int)lv_obj_get_index(obj));
}

void lv_example_win_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * win = lv_win_create(lv_scr_act(), 40);
    lv_obj_t * btn;
    btn = lv_win_add_btn(win, LV_SYMBOL_LEFT, 40);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);

    lv_win_add_title(win, "A title");

    btn = lv_win_add_btn(win, LV_SYMBOL_RIGHT, 40);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);

    btn = lv_win_add_btn(win, LV_SYMBOL_CLOSE, 60);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(btn, event_handler, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, NULL);

    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_win_get_content(win); /*Content can be added here*/
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(cont);
    lv_label_set_text(label, "This is\n"
                             "a pretty\n"
                             "long text\n"
                             "to see how\n"
                             "the window\n");
}
```

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```

        "becomes\n"
        "scrollable.\n"
        "\n"
        "\n"
        "Some more\n"
        "text to be\n"
        "sure it\n"
        "overflows. :)");

}

#endif

```

```

def event_handler(e):
    code = e.get_code()
    obj = e.get_target()
    if code == lv.EVENT.CLICKED:
        print("Button {:d} clicked".format(obj.get_child_id()))

win = lv.win(lv.scr_act(), 60)
btn1 = win.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.LEFT, 40)
btn1.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
win.add_title("A title")
btn2=win.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.RIGHT, 40)
btn2.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)
btn3 = win.add_btn(lv.SYMBOL.CLOSE, 60)
btn3.add_event_cb(event_handler, lv.EVENT.ALL, None)

cont = win.get_content() # Content can be added here
label = lv.label(cont)
label.set_text("""This is
a pretty
long text
to see how
the window
becomes
scrollable.

We need
quite some text
and we will
even put
some more
text to be
sure it
overflows.
""")

```

## API

### Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_win\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent, lv\_coord\_t header\_height)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_win\_add\_title**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*win, const char \*txt)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_win\_add\_btn**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*win, const void \*icon, lv\_coord\_t btn\_w)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_win\_get\_header**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*win)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_win\_get\_content**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*win)

### Variables

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_win\_class**

struct **lv\_win\_t**

### Public Members

*lv\_obj\_t* **obj**

## LAYOUTS

### 7.1 Flex

#### 7.1.1 Overview

The Flexbox (or Flex for short) is a subset of [CSS Flexbox](#).

It can arrange items into rows or columns (tracks), handle wrapping, adjust the spacing between the items and tracks, handle *grow* to make the item(s) fill the remaining space with respect to min/max width and height.

To make an object flex container call `lv_obj_set_layout(obj, LV_LAYOUT_FLEX)`.

Note that the flex layout feature of LVGL needs to be globally enabled with `LV_USE_FLEX` in `lv_conf.h`.

#### 7.1.2 Terms

- tracks: the rows or columns
- main direction: row or column, the direction in which the items are placed
- cross direction: perpendicular to the main direction
- wrap: if there is no more space in the track a new track is started
- grow: if set on an item it will grow to fill the remaining space on the track. The available space will be distributed among items respective to their grow value (larger value means more space)
- gap: the space between the rows and columns or the items on a track

#### 7.1.3 Simple interface

With the following functions you can set a Flex layout on any parent.

## Flex flow

`lv_obj_set_flex_flow(obj, flex_flow)`

The possible values for `flex_flow` are:

- `LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW` Place the children in a row without wrapping
- `LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN` Place the children in a column without wrapping
- `LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP` Place the children in a row with wrapping
- `LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN_WRAP` Place the children in a column with wrapping
- `LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_REVERSE` Place the children in a row without wrapping but in reversed order
- `LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN_REVERSE` Place the children in a column without wrapping but in reversed order
- `LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP_REVERSE` Place the children in a row with wrapping but in reversed order
- `LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN_WRAP_REVERSE` Place the children in a column with wrapping but in reversed order

## Flex align

To manage the placement of the children use `lv_obj_set_flex_align(obj, main_place, cross_place, track_cross_place)`

- `main_place` determines how to distribute the items in their track on the main axis. E.g. flush the items to the right on `LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP`. (It's called `justify-content` in CSS)
- `cross_place` determines how to distribute the items in their track on the cross axis. E.g. if the items have different height place them to the bottom of the track. (It's called `align-items` in CSS)
- `track_cross_place` determines how to distribute the tracks (It's called `align-content` in CSS)

The possible values are:

- `LV_FLEX_ALIGN_START` means left on a horizontally and top vertically. (default)
- `LV_FLEX_ALIGN_END` means right on a horizontally and bottom vertically
- `LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER` simply center
- `LV_FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_EVENLY` items are distributed so that the spacing between any two items (and the space to the edges) is equal. Does not apply to `track_cross_place`.
- `LV_FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_AROUND` items are evenly distributed in the track with equal space around them. Note that visually the spaces aren't equal, since all the items have equal space on both sides. The first item will have one unit of space against the container edge, but two units of space between the next item because that next item has its own spacing that applies. Not applies to `track_cross_place`.
- `LV_FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_BETWEEN` items are evenly distributed in the track: first item is on the start line, last item on the end line. Not applies to `track_cross_place`.



## Flex grow

Flex grow can be used to make one or more children fill the available space on the track. When more children have grow parameters, the available space will be distributed proportionally to the grow values. For example, there is 400 px remaining space and 4 objects with grow:

- A with grow = 1
- B with grow = 1
- C with grow = 2

A and B will have 100 px size, and C will have 200 px size.

Flex grow can be set on a child with `lv_obj_set_flex_grow(child, value)`. `value` needs to be `> 1` or `0` to disable grow on the child.

### 7.1.4 Style interface

All the Flex-related values are style properties under the hood and you can use them similarly to any other style property. The following flex related style properties exist:

- `FLEX_FLOW`
- `FLEX_MAIN_PLACE`
- `FLEX_CROSS_PLACE`
- `FLEX_TRACK_PLACE`
- `FLEX_GROW`

## Internal padding

To modify the minimum space flexbox inserts between objects, the following properties can be set on the flex container style:

- `pad_row` Sets the padding between the rows.
- `pad_column` Sets the padding between the columns.

These can for example be used if you don't want any padding between your objects:  
`lv_style_set_pad_column(&row_container_style,0)`

### 7.1.5 Other features

#### RTL

If the base direction of the container is set the `LV_BASE_DIR_RTL` the meaning of `LV_FLEX_ALIGN_START` and `LV_FLEX_ALIGN_END` is swapped on ROW layouts. I.e. `START` will mean right.

The items on ROW layouts, and tracks of COLUMN layouts will be placed from right to left.

## New track

You can force Flex to put an item into a new line with `lv_obj_add_flag(child, LV_OBJ_FLAG_FLEX_IN_NEW_TRACK)`.

### 7.1.6 Example

#### A simple row and a column layout with flexbox

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * A simple row and a column layout with flexbox
 */
void lv_example_flex_1(void)
{
    /*Create a container with ROW flex direction*/
    lv_obj_t * cont_row = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont_row, 300, 75);
    lv_obj_align(cont_row, LV_ALIGN_TOP_MID, 0, 5);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont_row, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW);

    /*Create a container with COLUMN flex direction*/
    lv_obj_t * cont_col = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont_col, 200, 150);
    lv_obj_align_to(cont_col, cont_row, LV_ALIGN_OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 5);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont_col, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);

    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * obj;
        lv_obj_t * label;

        /*Add items to the row*/
        obj = lv_btn_create(cont_row);
        lv_obj_set_size(obj, 100, LV_PCT(100));

        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Item: %u", i);
        lv_obj_center(label);

        /*Add items to the column*/
        obj = lv_btn_create(cont_col);
        lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_PCT(100), LV_SIZE_CONTENT);

        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Item: %"LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}

#endif
```

```

#
# A simple row and a column layout with flexbox
#

# Create a container with ROW flex direction
cont_row = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont_row.set_size(300, 75)
cont_row.align(lv.ALIGN.TOP_MID, 0, 5)
cont_row.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW)

# Create a container with COLUMN flex direction
cont_col = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont_col.set_size(200, 150)
cont_col.align_to(cont_row, lv.ALIGN.OUT_BOTTOM_MID, 0, 5)
cont_col.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.COLUMN)

for i in range(10):
    # Add items to the row
    obj = lv.btn(cont_row)
    obj.set_size(100, lv.pct(100))

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("Item: {:d}".format(i))
    label.center()

    # Add items to the column
    obj = lv.btn(cont_col)
    obj.set_size(lv.pct(100), lv.SIZE.CONTENT)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("Item: {:d}".format(i))
    label.center()

```

### Arrange items in rows with wrap and even spacing

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Arrange items in rows with wrap and place the items to get even space around them.
 */
void lv_example_flex_2(void)
{
    static lv_style_t style;
    lv_style_init(&style);
    lv_style_set_flex_flow(&style, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP);
    lv_style_set_flex_main_place(&style, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_EVENLY);
    lv_style_set_layout(&style, LV_LAYOUT_FLEX);

    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_add_style(cont, &style, 0);

```

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```

uint32_t i;
for(i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 70, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
    lv_obj_add_flag(obj, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CHECKABLE);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%LV_PRIu32, i);
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Arrange items in rows with wrap and place the items to get even space around them.
#
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW_WRAP)
style.set_flex_main_place(lv.FLEX_ALIGN.SPACE_EVENLY)
style.set_layout(lv.LAYOUT_FLEX.value)

cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.add_style(style, 0)

for i in range(8):
    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    obj.set_size(70, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("{:d}".format(i))
    label.center()

```

## Demonstrate flex grow

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Demonstrate flex grow.
 */
void lv_example_flex_3(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW);

    lv_obj_t * obj;
    obj = lv_obj_create(cont);

```

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```

    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 40, 40);           /*Fix size*/

    obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_height(obj, 40);
    lv_obj_set_flex_grow(obj, 1);           /*1 portion from the free space*/

    obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_height(obj, 40);
    lv_obj_set_flex_grow(obj, 2);           /*2 portion from the free space*/

    obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 40, 40);           /*Fix size. It is flushed to the right by
    ↪the "grow" items*/
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Demonstrate flex grow.
#

cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW_ROW)

obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_size(40, 40)           # Fix size

obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_height(40)
obj.set_flex_grow(1)           # 1 portion from the free space

obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_height(40)
obj.set_flex_grow(2)           # 2 portion from the free space

obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_size(40, 40)           # Fix size. It is flushed to the right by the "grow"
    ↪items

```

### Demonstrate flex grow.

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Reverse the order of flex items
 */
void lv_example_flex_4(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());

```

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```

lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
lv_obj_center(cont);
lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN_REVERSE);

uint32_t i;
for(i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 100, 50);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Item: %"LV_PRIu32, i);
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Reverse the order of flex items
#
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.COLUMN_REVERSE)

for i in range(6):
    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    obj.set_size(100, 50)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("Item: " + str(i))
    label.center()

```

### Demonstrate column and row gap style properties

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void row_gap_anim(void * obj, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_row(obj, v, 0);
}

static void column_gap_anim(void * obj, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_column(obj, v, 0);
}

/**
 * Demonstrate the effect of column and row gap style properties
 */
void lv_example_flex_5(void)
{

```

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(continued from previous page)

```

lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
lv_obj_center(cont);
lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP);

uint32_t i;
for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
    lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    lv_obj_set_size(obj, 70, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32, i);
    lv_obj_center(label);
}

lv_anim_t a;
lv_anim_init(&a);
lv_anim_set_var(&a, cont);
lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 10);
lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);

lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, row_gap_anim);
lv_anim_set_time(&a, 500);
lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 500);
lv_anim_start(&a);

lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, column_gap_anim);
lv_anim_set_time(&a, 3000);
lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 3000);
lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

```

```

def row_gap_anim(obj, v):
    obj.set_style_pad_row(v, 0)

def column_gap_anim(obj, v):
    obj.set_style_pad_column(v, 0)

#
# Demonstrate the effect of column and row gap style properties
#

cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW_WRAP)

for i in range(9):
    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    obj.set_size(70, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text(str(i))

```

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```

    label.center()

a_row = lv.anim_t()
a_row.init()
a_row.set_var(cont)
a_row.set_values(0, 10)
a_row.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)

a_row.set_time(500)
a_row.set_playback_time(500)
a_row.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: row_gap_anim(cont,val))
lv.anim_t.start(a_row)

a_col = lv.anim_t()
a_col.init()
a_col.set_var(cont)
a_col.set_values(0, 10)
a_col.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)

a_col.set_time(3000)
a_col.set_playback_time(3000)
a_col.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: column_gap_anim(cont,val))

lv.anim_t.start(a_col)

```

### RTL base direction changes order of the items

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_FLEX && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * RTL base direction changes order of the items.
 * Also demonstrate how horizontal scrolling works with RTL.
 */
void lv_example_flex_6(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(cont, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(cont, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP);

    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
        lv_obj_t * obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        lv_obj_set_size(obj, 70, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);

        lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%"LV_PRIu32, i);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}
#endif

```



```
#
# RTL base direction changes order of the items.
# Also demonstrate how horizontal scrolling works with RTL.
#

cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_style_base_dir(lv.BASE_DIR.RTL,0)
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW_WRAP)

for i in range(20):
    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    obj.set_size(70, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text(str(i))
    label.center()
```

## 7.1.7 API

### Enums

enum **lv\_flex\_align\_t**

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_FLEX\_ALIGN\_START**  
 enumerator **LV\_FLEX\_ALIGN\_END**  
 enumerator **LV\_FLEX\_ALIGN\_CENTER**  
 enumerator **LV\_FLEX\_ALIGN\_SPACE\_EVENLY**  
 enumerator **LV\_FLEX\_ALIGN\_SPACE\_AROUND**  
 enumerator **LV\_FLEX\_ALIGN\_SPACE\_BETWEEN**

enum **lv\_flex\_flow\_t**

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_FLEX\_FLOW\_ROW**  
 enumerator **LV\_FLEX\_FLOW\_COLUMN**  
 enumerator **LV\_FLEX\_FLOW\_ROW\_WRAP**  
 enumerator **LV\_FLEX\_FLOW\_ROW\_REVERSE**  
 enumerator **LV\_FLEX\_FLOW\_ROW\_WRAP\_REVERSE**  
 enumerator **LV\_FLEX\_FLOW\_COLUMN\_WRAP**  
 enumerator **LV\_FLEX\_FLOW\_COLUMN\_REVERSE**  
 enumerator **LV\_FLEX\_FLOW\_COLUMN\_WRAP\_REVERSE**

## Functions

**LV\_EXPORT\_CONST\_INT**(LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_FLEX\_IN\_NEW\_TRACK)

void **lv\_flex\_init**(void)

Initialize a flex layout the default values

**Parameters** **flex** -- pointer to a flex layout descriptor

void **lv\_obj\_set\_flex\_flow**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_flex\_flow\_t* flow)

Set how the item should flow

**Parameters**

- **flex** -- pointer to a flex layout descriptor
- **flow** -- an element of *lv\_flex\_flow\_t*.

void **lv\_obj\_set\_flex\_align**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_flex\_align\_t* main\_place, *lv\_flex\_align\_t* cross\_place, *lv\_flex\_align\_t* track\_cross\_place)

Set how to place (where to align) the items and tracks

**Parameters**

- **flex** -- pointer: to a flex layout descriptor
- **main\_place** -- where to place the items on main axis (in their track). Any value of *lv\_flex\_align\_t*.
- **cross\_place** -- where to place the item in their track on the cross axis. LV\_FLEX\_ALIGN\_START/END/CENTER
- **track\_place** -- where to place the tracks in the cross direction. Any value of *lv\_flex\_align\_t*.

void **lv\_obj\_set\_flex\_grow**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, uint8\_t grow)

Sets the width or height (on main axis) to grow the object in order fill the free space

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to an object. The parent must have flex layout else nothing will happen.
- **grow** -- a value to set how much free space to take proportionally to other growing items.

void **lv\_style\_set\_flex\_flow**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, *lv\_flex\_flow\_t* value)

void **lv\_style\_set\_flex\_main\_place**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, *lv\_flex\_align\_t* value)

void **lv\_style\_set\_flex\_cross\_place**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, *lv\_flex\_align\_t* value)

void **lv\_style\_set\_flex\_track\_place**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, *lv\_flex\_align\_t* value)

void **lv\_style\_set\_flex\_grow**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, uint8\_t value)

void **lv\_obj\_set\_style\_flex\_flow**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_flex\_flow\_t* value, lv\_style\_selector\_t selector)

```
void lv_obj_set_style_flex_main_place(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_flex_align_t value, lv_style_selector_t
selector)
```

```
void lv_obj_set_style_flex_cross_place(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_flex_align_t value, lv_style_selector_t
selector)
```

```
void lv_obj_set_style_flex_track_place(lv_obj_t *obj, lv_flex_align_t value, lv_style_selector_t
selector)
```

```
void lv_obj_set_style_flex_grow(lv_obj_t *obj, uint8_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)
```

```
static inline lv_flex_flow_t lv_obj_get_style_flex_flow(const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
```

```
static inline lv_flex_align_t lv_obj_get_style_flex_main_place(const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
```

```
static inline lv_flex_align_t lv_obj_get_style_flex_cross_place(const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
```

```
static inline lv_flex_align_t lv_obj_get_style_flex_track_place(const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
```

```
static inline uint8_t lv_obj_get_style_flex_grow(const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
```

## Variables

```
uint32_t LV_LAYOUT_FLEX
```

```
lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_FLEX_FLOW
```

```
lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_FLEX_MAIN_PLACE
```

```
lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_FLEX_CROSS_PLACE
```

```
lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_FLEX_TRACK_PLACE
```

```
lv_style_prop_t LV_STYLE_FLEX_GROW
```

## 7.2 Grid

### 7.2.1 Overview

The Grid layout is a subset of [CSS Flexbox](#).

It can arrange items into a 2D "table" that has rows or columns (tracks). The item can span through multiple columns or rows. The track's size can be set in pixel, to the largest item (LV\_GRID\_CONTENT) or in "Free unit" (FR) to distribute the free space proportionally.

To make an object a grid container call `lv_obj_set_layout(obj, LV_LAYOUT_GRID)`.

Note that the grid layout feature of LVGL needs to be globally enabled with LV\_USE\_GRID in `lv_conf.h`.

## 7.2.2 Terms

- tracks: the rows or columns
- free unit (FR): if set on track's size is set in FR it will grow to fill the remaining space on the parent.
- gap: the space between the rows and columns or the items on a track

## 7.2.3 Simple interface

With the following functions you can easily set a Grid layout on any parent.

### Grid descriptors

First you need to describe the size of rows and columns. It can be done by declaring 2 arrays and the track sizes in them. The last element must be LV\_GRID\_TEMPLATE\_LAST.

For example:

```
static lv_coord_t column_dsc[] = {100, 400, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST}; /*2 columns
↪with 100 and 400 ps width*/
static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {100, 100, 100, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST}; /*3 100 px tall
↪rows*/
```

To set the descriptors on a parent use `lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(obj, col_dsc, row_dsc)`.

Besides simple settings the size in pixel you can use two special values:

- LV\_GRID\_CONTENT set the width to the largest children on this track
- LV\_GRID\_FR(X) tell what portion of the remaining space should be used by this track. Larger value means larger space.

### Grid items

By default, the children are not added to the grid. They need to be added manually to a cell.

To do this call `lv_obj_set_grid_cell(child, column_align, column_pos, column_span, row_align, row_pos, row_span)`.

`column_align` and `row_align` determine how to align the children in its cell. The possible values are:

- LV\_GRID\_ALIGN\_START means left on a horizontally and top vertically. (default)
- LV\_GRID\_ALIGN\_END means right on a horizontally and bottom vertically
- LV\_GRID\_ALIGN\_CENTER simply center

`column_pos` and `row_pos` means the zero based index of the cell into the item should be placed.

`column_span` and `row_span` means how many tracks should the item involve from the start cell. Must be > 1.

## Grid align

If there are some empty space the track can be aligned several ways:

- `LV_GRID_ALIGN_START` means left on a horizontally and top vertically. (default)
- `LV_GRID_ALIGN_END` means right on a horizontally and bottom vertically
- `LV_GRID_ALIGN_CENTER` simply center
- `LV_GRID_ALIGN_SPACE_EVENLY` items are distributed so that the spacing between any two items (and the space to the edges) is equal. Not applies to `track_cross_place`.
- `LV_GRID_ALIGN_SPACE_AROUND` items are evenly distributed in the track with equal space around them. Note that visually the spaces aren't equal, since all the items have equal space on both sides. The first item will have one unit of space against the container edge, but two units of space between the next item because that next item has its own spacing that applies. Not applies to `track_cross_place`.
- `LV_GRID_ALIGN_SPACE_BETWEEN` items are evenly distributed in the track: first item is on the start line, last item on the end line. Not applies to `track_cross_place`.

To set the track's alignment use `lv_obj_set_grid_align(obj, column_align, row_align)`.

## 7.2.4 Style interface

All the Grid related values are style properties under the hood and you can use them similarly to any other style properties. The following Grid related style properties exist:

- `GRID_COLUMN_DSC_ARRAY`
- `GRID_ROW_DSC_ARRAY`
- `GRID_COLUMN_ALIGN`
- `GRID_ROW_ALIGN`
- `GRID_CELL_X_ALIGN`
- `GRID_CELL_COLUMN_POS`
- `GRID_CELL_COLUMN_SPAN`
- `GRID_CELL_Y_ALIGN`
- `GRID_CELL_ROW_POS`
- `GRID_CELL_ROW_SPAN`

## Internal padding

To modify the minimum space Grid inserts between objects, the following properties can be set on the Grid container style:

- `pad_row` Sets the padding between the rows.
- `pad_column` Sets the padding between the columns.

## 7.2.5 Other features

### RTL

If the base direction of the container is set to `LV_BASE_DIR_RTL`, the meaning of `LV_GRID_ALIGN_START` and `LV_GRID_ALIGN_END` is swapped. I.e. `START` will mean right-most.

The columns will be placed from right to left.

## 7.2.6 Example

### A simple grid

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GRID && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * A simple grid
 */
void lv_example_grid_1(void)
{
    static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {70, 70, 70, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {50, 50, 50, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};

    /*Create a container with grid*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_style_grid_column_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_grid_row_dsc_array(cont, row_dsc, 0);
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_layout(cont, LV_LAYOUT_GRID);

    lv_obj_t * label;
    lv_obj_t * obj;

    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        uint8_t col = i % 3;
        uint8_t row = i / 3;

        obj = lv_btn_create(cont);
        /*Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
        *Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized*/
        lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                             LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, row, 1);

        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "c%d, r%d", col, row);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}

#endif
```

```
#
# A simple grid
#

col_dsc = [70, 70, 70, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [50, 50, 50, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_style_grid_column_dsc_array(col_dsc, 0)
cont.set_style_grid_row_dsc_array(row_dsc, 0)
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_layout(lv.LAYOUT_GRID.value)

for i in range(9):
    col = i % 3
    row = i // 3

    obj = lv.btn(cont)
    # Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
    # Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized
    obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, col, 1,
                     lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, row, 1)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("c" +str(col) + "r" +str(row))
    label.center()
```

## Demonstrate cell placement and span

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GRID && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Demonstrate cell placement and span
 */
void lv_example_grid_2(void)
{
    static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {70, 70, 70, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {50, 50, 50, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};

    /*Create a container with grid*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, row_dsc);
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);

    lv_obj_t * label;
    lv_obj_t * obj;

    /*Cell to 0;0 and align to to the start (left/top) horizontally and vertically.
    ↪too*/
```

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```

obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_START, 0, 1,
                    LV_GRID_ALIGN_START, 0, 1);
label = lv_label_create(obj);
lv_label_set_text(label, "c0, r0");

/*Cell to 1;0 and align to to the start (left) horizontally and center vertically.
↳too*/
obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_START, 1, 1,
                    LV_GRID_ALIGN_CENTER, 0, 1);
label = lv_label_create(obj);
lv_label_set_text(label, "c1, r0");

/*Cell to 2;0 and align to to the start (left) horizontally and end (bottom)
↳vertically too*/
obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_START, 2, 1,
                    LV_GRID_ALIGN_END, 0, 1);
label = lv_label_create(obj);
lv_label_set_text(label, "c2, r0");

/*Cell to 1;1 but 2 column wide (span = 2).Set width and height to stretched.*/
obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, 1, 2,
                    LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, 1, 1);
label = lv_label_create(obj);
lv_label_set_text(label, "c1-2, r1");

/*Cell to 0;1 but 2 rows tall (span = 2).Set width and height to stretched.*/
obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
lv_obj_set_size(obj, LV_SIZE_CONTENT, LV_SIZE_CONTENT);
lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, 0, 1,
                    LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, 1, 2);
label = lv_label_create(obj);
lv_label_set_text(label, "c0\nr1-2");
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Demonstrate cell placement and span
#

col_dsc = [70, 70, 70, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [50, 50, 50, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Create a container with grid
cont = lv_obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_grid_dsc_array(col_dsc, row_dsc)
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()

```

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```

# Cell to 0;0 and align to the start (left/top) horizontally and vertically too
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.START, 0, 1,
                  lv.GRID_ALIGN.START, 0, 1)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("c0, r0")

# Cell to 1;0 and align to the start (left) horizontally and center vertically too
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.START, 1, 1,
                  lv.GRID_ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 1)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("c1, r0")

# Cell to 2;0 and align to the start (left) horizontally and end (bottom) vertically,
↳ too
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.START, 2, 1,
                  lv.GRID_ALIGN.END, 0, 1)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("c2, r0")

# Cell to 1;1 but 2 column wide (span = 2). Set width and height to stretched.
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, 1, 2,
                  lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, 1, 1)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("c1-2, r1")

# Cell to 0;1 but 2 rows tall (span = 2). Set width and height to stretched.
obj = lv.obj(cont)
obj.set_size(lv.SIZE.CONTENT, lv.SIZE.CONTENT)
obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, 0, 1,
                  lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, 1, 2)
label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("c0\nr1-2")

```

### Demonstrate grid's "free unit"

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GRID && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Demonstrate grid's "free unit"
 */
void lv_example_grid_3(void)
{
    /*Column 1: fix width 60 px
     *Column 2: 1 unit from the remaining free space
     *Column 3: 2 unit from the remaining free space*/

```

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```

static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {60, LV_GRID_FR(1), LV_GRID_FR(2), LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_
↪LAST};

/*Row 1: fix width 50 px
 *Row 2: 1 unit from the remaining free space
 *Row 3: fix width 50 px*/
static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {50, LV_GRID_FR(1), 50, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};

/*Create a container with grid*/
lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
lv_obj_center(cont);
lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, row_dsc);

lv_obj_t * label;
lv_obj_t * obj;
uint32_t i;
for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
    uint8_t col = i % 3;
    uint8_t row = i / 3;

    obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
    /*Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
     *Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized*/
    lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                        LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, row, 1);

    label = lv_label_create(obj);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%d,%d", col, row);
    lv_obj_center(label);
}
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Demonstrate grid's "free unit"
#

# Column 1: fix width 60 px
# Column 2: 1 unit from the remaining free space
# Column 3: 2 unit from the remaining free space

col_dsc = [60, lv.grid_fr(1), lv.grid_fr(2), lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Row 1: fix width 60 px
# Row 2: 1 unit from the remaining free space
# Row 3: fix width 60 px

row_dsc = [40, lv.grid_fr(1), 40, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_grid_dsc_array(col_dsc, row_dsc)

```

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```

for i in range(9):
    col = i % 3
    row = i // 3

    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    # Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
    # Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized
    obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, col, 1,
                      lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, row, 1)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("%d,%d"%(col, row))
    label.center()

```

### Demonstrate track placement

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GRID && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Demonstrate track placement
 */
void lv_example_grid_4(void)
{
    static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {60, 60, 60, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {45, 45, 45, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};

    /*Add space between the columns and move the rows to the bottom (end)*/

    /*Create a container with grid*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_grid_align(cont, LV_GRID_ALIGN_SPACE_BETWEEN, LV_GRID_ALIGN_END);
    lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, row_dsc);
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);

    lv_obj_t * label;
    lv_obj_t * obj;
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        uint8_t col = i % 3;
        uint8_t row = i / 3;

        obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        /*Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
        *Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized*/
        lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                              LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, row, 1);

        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%d,%d", col, row);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}

```

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```

    }
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Demonstrate track placement
#

col_dsc = [60, 60, 60, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [40, 40, 40, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Add space between the columns and move the rows to the bottom (end)

# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_grid_align(lv.GRID_ALIGN.SPACE_BETWEEN, lv.GRID_ALIGN.END)
cont.set_grid_dsc_array(col_dsc, row_dsc)
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()

for i in range(9):
    col = i % 3
    row = i // 3

    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    # Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
    # Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized
    obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, col, 1,
                     lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, row, 1)

    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("{:d}{:d}".format(col, row))
    label.center()

```

## Demonstrate column and row gap

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GRID && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void row_gap_anim(void * obj, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_row(obj, v, 0);
}

static void column_gap_anim(void * obj, int32_t v)
{
    lv_obj_set_style_pad_column(obj, v, 0);
}

/**

```

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```

* Demonstrate column and row gap
*/
void lv_example_grid_5(void)
{
    /*60x60 cells*/
    static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {60, 60, 60, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {45, 45, 45, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};

    /*Create a container with grid*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, row_dsc);

    lv_obj_t * label;
    lv_obj_t * obj;
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        uint8_t col = i % 3;
        uint8_t row = i / 3;

        obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                             LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, row, 1);
        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%d,%d", col, row);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }

    lv_anim_t a;
    lv_anim_init(&a);
    lv_anim_set_var(&a, cont);
    lv_anim_set_values(&a, 0, 10);
    lv_anim_set_repeat_count(&a, LV_ANIM_REPEAT_INFINITE);

    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, row_gap_anim);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 500);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 500);
    lv_anim_start(&a);

    lv_anim_set_exec_cb(&a, column_gap_anim);
    lv_anim_set_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_set_playback_time(&a, 3000);
    lv_anim_start(&a);
}

#endif

```

```

def row_gap_anim(obj, v):
    obj.set_style_pad_row(v, 0)

def column_gap_anim(obj, v):
    obj.set_style_pad_column(v, 0)

```

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```

#
# Demonstrate column and row gap
#

# 60x60 cells
col_dsc = [60, 60, 60, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [40, 40, 40, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_grid_dsc_array(col_dsc, row_dsc)

for i in range(9):
    col = i % 3
    row = i // 3

    obj = lv.obj(cont)
    obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, col, 1,
                     lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, row, 1)
    label = lv.label(obj)
    label.set_text("{:d},{:d}".format(col, row))
    label.center()

    a_row = lv.anim_t()
    a_row.init()
    a_row.set_var(cont)
    a_row.set_values(0, 10)
    a_row.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
    a_row.set_time(500)
    a_row.set_playback_time(500)
    a_row.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: row_gap_anim(cont,val))
    lv.anim_t.start(a_row)

    a_col = lv.anim_t()
    a_col.init()
    a_col.set_var(cont)
    a_col.set_values(0, 10)
    a_col.set_repeat_count(lv.ANIM_REPEAT.INFINITE)
    a_col.set_time(500)
    a_col.set_playback_time(500)
    a_col.set_custom_exec_cb(lambda a,val: column_gap_anim(cont,val))
    lv.anim_t.start(a_col)

```

## Demonstrate RTL direction on grid

```

#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GRID && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Demonstrate RTL direction on grid
 */
void lv_example_grid_6(void)
{
    static lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {60, 60, 60, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};
    static lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {45, 45, 45, LV_GRID_TEMPLATE_LAST};

    /*Create a container with grid*/
    lv_obj_t * cont = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(cont, 300, 220);
    lv_obj_center(cont);
    lv_obj_set_style_base_dir(cont, LV_BASE_DIR_RTL, 0);
    lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(cont, col_dsc, row_dsc);

    lv_obj_t * label;
    lv_obj_t * obj;
    uint32_t i;
    for(i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        uint8_t col = i % 3;
        uint8_t row = i / 3;

        obj = lv_obj_create(cont);
        /*Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
        *Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized*/
        lv_obj_set_grid_cell(obj, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, col, 1,
                             LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, row, 1);

        label = lv_label_create(obj);
        lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "%d,%d", col, row);
        lv_obj_center(label);
    }
}

#endif

```

```

#
# Demonstrate RTL direction on grid
#
col_dsc = [60, 60, 60, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]
row_dsc = [40, 40, 40, lv.GRID_TEMPLATE.LAST]

# Create a container with grid
cont = lv.obj(lv.scr_act())
cont.set_size(300, 220)
cont.center()
cont.set_style_base_dir(lv.BASE_DIR.RTL,0)
cont.set_grid_dsc_array(col_dsc, row_dsc)

for i in range(9):
    col = i % 3

```

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```

row = i // 3

obj = lv.obj(cont)
# Stretch the cell horizontally and vertically too
# Set span to 1 to make the cell 1 column/row sized
obj.set_grid_cell(lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, col, 1,
                  lv.GRID_ALIGN.STRETCH, row, 1)

label = lv.label(obj)
label.set_text("{:d},{:d}".format(col, row))
label.center()

```

## 7.2.7 API

### Enums

enum **lv\_grid\_align\_t**

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_GRID\_ALIGN\_START**  
 enumerator **LV\_GRID\_ALIGN\_CENTER**  
 enumerator **LV\_GRID\_ALIGN\_END**  
 enumerator **LV\_GRID\_ALIGN\_STRETCH**  
 enumerator **LV\_GRID\_ALIGN\_SPACE\_EVENLY**  
 enumerator **LV\_GRID\_ALIGN\_SPACE\_AROUND**  
 enumerator **LV\_GRID\_ALIGN\_SPACE\_BETWEEN**

### Functions

**LV\_EXPORT\_CONST\_INT**(LV\_GRID\_CONTENT)

**LV\_EXPORT\_CONST\_INT**(LV\_GRID\_TEMPLATE\_LAST)

void **lv\_grid\_init**(void)

void **lv\_obj\_set\_grid\_dsc\_array**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const lv\_coord\_t col\_dsc[], const lv\_coord\_t row\_dsc[])

void **lv\_obj\_set\_grid\_align**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_grid\_align\_t* column\_align, *lv\_grid\_align\_t* row\_align)

void **lv\_obj\_set\_grid\_cell**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_grid\_align\_t* column\_align, uint8\_t col\_pos, uint8\_t col\_span,  
*lv\_grid\_align\_t* row\_align, uint8\_t row\_pos, uint8\_t row\_span)

Set the cell of an object. The object's parent needs to have grid layout, else nothing will happen

#### Parameters



- **obj** -- pointer to an object
- **column\_align** -- the vertical alignment in the cell. LV\_GRID\_START/END/CENTER/STRETCH
- **col\_pos** -- column ID
- **col\_span** -- number of columns to take ( $\geq 1$ )
- **row\_align** -- the horizontal alignment in the cell. LV\_GRID\_START/END/CENTER/STRETCH
- **row\_pos** -- row ID
- **row\_span** -- number of rows to take ( $\geq 1$ )

static inline lv\_coord\_t **lv\_grid\_fr**(uint8\_t x)

Just a wrapper to LV\_GRID\_FR for bindings.

void **lv\_style\_set\_grid\_row\_dsc\_array**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, const lv\_coord\_t value[])

void **lv\_style\_set\_grid\_column\_dsc\_array**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, const lv\_coord\_t value[])

void **lv\_style\_set\_grid\_row\_align**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, *lv\_grid\_align\_t* value)

void **lv\_style\_set\_grid\_column\_align**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, *lv\_grid\_align\_t* value)

void **lv\_style\_set\_grid\_cell\_column\_pos**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, lv\_coord\_t value)

void **lv\_style\_set\_grid\_cell\_column\_span**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, lv\_coord\_t value)

void **lv\_style\_set\_grid\_cell\_row\_pos**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, lv\_coord\_t value)

void **lv\_style\_set\_grid\_cell\_row\_span**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, lv\_coord\_t value)

void **lv\_style\_set\_grid\_cell\_x\_align**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, lv\_coord\_t value)

void **lv\_style\_set\_grid\_cell\_y\_align**(*lv\_style\_t* \*style, lv\_coord\_t value)

void **lv\_obj\_set\_style\_grid\_row\_dsc\_array**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const lv\_coord\_t value[], lv\_style\_selector\_t selector)

void **lv\_obj\_set\_style\_grid\_column\_dsc\_array**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const lv\_coord\_t value[], lv\_style\_selector\_t selector)

void **lv\_obj\_set\_style\_grid\_row\_align**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_grid\_align\_t* value, lv\_style\_selector\_t selector)

void **lv\_obj\_set\_style\_grid\_column\_align**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_grid\_align\_t* value, lv\_style\_selector\_t selector)

```
void lv_obj_set_style_grid_cell_column_pos (lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                             selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_grid_cell_column_span (lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                              selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_grid_cell_row_pos (lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_grid_cell_row_span (lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t
                                           selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_grid_cell_x_align (lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

void lv_obj_set_style_grid_cell_y_align (lv_obj_t *obj, lv_coord_t value, lv_style_selector_t selector)

static inline const lv_coord_t *lv_obj_get_style_grid_row_dsc_array (const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t
                                                                      part)

static inline const lv_coord_t *lv_obj_get_style_grid_column_dsc_array (const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t
                                                                         part)

static inline lv_grid_align_t lv_obj_get_style_grid_row_align (const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_grid_align_t lv_obj_get_style_grid_column_align (const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_grid_cell_column_pos (const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_grid_cell_column_span (const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_grid_cell_row_pos (const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_grid_cell_row_span (const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_grid_cell_x_align (const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)

static inline lv_coord_t lv_obj_get_style_grid_cell_y_align (const lv_obj_t *obj, uint32_t part)
```

## Variables

uint32\_t **LV\_LAYOUT\_GRID**

*lv\_style\_prop\_t* **LV\_STYLE\_GRID\_COLUMN\_DSC\_ARRAY**

*lv\_style\_prop\_t* **LV\_STYLE\_GRID\_COLUMN\_ALIGN**

*lv\_style\_prop\_t* **LV\_STYLE\_GRID\_ROW\_DSC\_ARRAY**

*lv\_style\_prop\_t* **LV\_STYLE\_GRID\_ROW\_ALIGN**

*lv\_style\_prop\_t* **LV\_STYLE\_GRID\_CELL\_COLUMN\_POS**

*lv\_style\_prop\_t* **LV\_STYLE\_GRID\_CELL\_COLUMN\_SPAN**

*lv\_style\_prop\_t* **LV\_STYLE\_GRID\_CELL\_X\_ALIGN**

*lv\_style\_prop\_t* **LV\_STYLE\_GRID\_CELL\_ROW\_POS**

*lv\_style\_prop\_t* **LV\_STYLE\_GRID\_CELL\_ROW\_SPAN**

*lv\_style\_prop\_t* **LV\_STYLE\_GRID\_CELL\_Y\_ALIGN**

## 3RD PARTY LIBRARIES

### 8.1 File System Interfaces

LVGL has a [File system](#) module to provide an abstraction layer for various file system drivers.

LVGL has built in support for:

- [FATFS](#)
- [STDIO](#) (Linux and Windows using C standard function .e.g fopen, fread)
- [POSIX](#) (Linux and Windows using POSIX function .e.g open, read)
- [WIN32](#) (Windows using Win32 API function .e.g CreateFileA, ReadFile)

You still need to provide the drivers and libraries, this extension provides only the bridge between FATFS, STDIO, POSIX, WIN32 and LVGL.

#### 8.1.1 Usage

In `lv_conf.h` enable `LV_USE_FS_...` and assign an upper cased letter to `LV_FS_..._LETTER` (e.g. 'S'). After that you can access files using that driver letter. E.g. "S:path/to/file.txt".

The work directory can be set with `LV_FS_..._PATH`. E.g. "/home/joe/projects/" The actual file/directory paths will be appended to it.

Cached reading is also supported if `LV_FS_..._CACHE_SIZE` is set to not 0 value. `lv_fs_read` caches this size of data to lower the number of actual reads from the storage.

### 8.2 BMP decoder

This extension allows the use of BMP images in LVGL. This implementation uses [bmp-decoder](#) library. The pixels are read on demand (not the whole image is loaded) so using BMP images requires very little RAM.

If enabled in `lv_conf.h` by `LV_USE_BMP` LVGL will register a new image decoder automatically so BMP files can be directly used as image sources. For example:

```
lv_img_set_src(my_img, "S:path/to/picture.bmp");
```

Note that, a file system driver needs to be registered to open images from files. Read more about it [here](#) or just enable one in `lv_conf.h` with `LV_USE_FS_...`

## 8.2.1 Limitations

- Only BMP files are supported and BMP images as C array (`lv_img_dsc_t`) are not. It's because there is no practical differences between how the BMP files and LVGL's image format stores the image data.
- BMP files can be loaded only from file. If you want to store them in flash it's better to convert them to C array with LVGL's image converter.
- The BMP files color format needs to match with `LV_COLOR_DEPTH`. Use GIMP to save the image in the required format. Both RGB888 and ARGB888 works with `LV_COLOR_DEPTH 32`
- Palette is not supported.
- Because not the whole image is read in can not be zoomed or rotated.

## 8.2.2 Example

### Open a BMP image from file

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_BMP && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Open a BMP file from a file
 */
void lv_example_bmp_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * img = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    /* Assuming a File system is attached to letter 'A'
     * E.g. set LV_USE_FS_STDIO 'A' in lv_conf.h */
    #if LV_COLOR_DEPTH == 32
        lv_img_set_src(img, "A:lvgl/examples/libs/bmp/example_32bit.bmp");
    #elif LV_COLOR_DEPTH == 16
        lv_img_set_src(img, "A:lvgl/examples/libs/bmp/example_16bit.bmp");
    #endif
    lv_obj_center(img);
}

#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
import fs_driver

fs_drv = lv.fs_drv_t()
fs_driver.fs_register(fs_drv, 'S')

img = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
# The File system is attached to letter 'S'

img.set_src("S:example_32bit.bmp")
img.center()
```

## 8.2.3 API

### Functions

void `lv_bmp_init`(void)

## 8.3 JPG decoder

Allow the use of JPG images in LVGL. Besides that it also allows the use of a custom format, called Split JPG (SJPG), which can be decoded in more optimal way on embedded systems.

### 8.3.1 Overview

- Supports both normal JPG and the custom SJPG formats.
- Decoding normal JPG consumes RAM with the size of the whole uncompressed image (recommended only for devices with more RAM)
- SJPG is a custom format based on "normal" JPG and specially made for LVGL.
- SJPG is 'split-jpeg' which is a bundle of small jpeg fragments with an sjpg header.
- SJPG size will be almost comparable to the jpg file or might be a slightly larger.
- File read from file and c-array are implemented.
- SJPEG frame fragment cache enables fast fetching of lines if available in cache.
- By default the sjpg image cache will be image width \* 2 \* 16 bytes (can be modified)
- Currently only 16 bit image format is supported (TODO)
- Only the required portion of the JPG and SJPG images are decoded, therefore they can't be zoomed or rotated.

### 8.3.2 Usage

If enabled in `lv_conf.h` by `LV_USE_SJPG` LVGL will register a new image decoder automatically so JPG and SJPG files can be directly used as image sources. For example:

```
lv_img_set_src(my_img, "S:path/to/picture.jpg");
```

Note that, a file system driver needs to be registered to open images from files. Read more about it [here](#) or just enable one in `lv_conf.h` with `LV_USE_FS...`

### 8.3.3 Converter

#### Converting JPG to C array

- Use lvgl online tool <https://lvgl.io/tools/imageconverter>
- Color format = RAW, output format = C Array

#### Converting JPG to SJPG

python3 and the PIL library required. (PIL can be installed with `pip3 install pillow`)

To create SJPG from JPG:

- Copy the image to convert into `lvgl/scripts`
- `cd lvgl/scripts`
- `python3 jpg_to_sjpg.py image_to_convert.jpg`. It creates both a C files and an SJPG image.

The expected result is:

```
Conversion started...

Input:
    image_to_convert.jpg
    RES = 640 x 480

Output:
    Time taken = 1.66 sec
    bin size = 77.1 KB
    walpaper.sjpg      (bin file)
    walpaper.c         (c array)

All good!
```

### 8.3.4 Example

#### Load an SJPG image

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SJPG && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Load an SJPG image
 */
void lv_example_sjpg_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * wp;

    wp = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    /* Assuming a File system is attached to letter 'A'
     * E.g. set LV_USE_FS_STDIO 'A' in lv_conf.h */
    lv_img_set_src(wp, "A:lvgl/examples/libs/sjpg/small_image.sjpg");
}


```

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```
#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
import fs_driver

fs_drv = lv.fs_drv_t()
fs_driver.fs_register(fs_drv, 'S')

wp = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
# The File system is attached to letter 'S'

wp.set_src("S:small_image.sjpg")
wp.center()
```

### 8.3.5 API

#### Functions

void **lv\_split\_jpeg\_init**(void)

## 8.4 PNG decoder

Allow the use of PNG images in LVGL. This implementation uses [lodepng](#) library.

If enabled in `lv_conf.h` by `LV_USE_PNG` LVGL will register a new image decoder automatically so PNG files can be directly used as any other image sources.

Note that, a file system driver needs to be registered to open images from files. Read more about it [here](#) or just enable one in `lv_conf.h` with `LV_USE_FS...`

The whole PNG image is decoded so during decoding RAM equals to `image width x image height x 4` bytes are required.

As it might take significant time to decode PNG images LVGL's [images caching](#) feature can be useful.

### 8.4.1 Example

#### Open a PNG image from file and variable

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_PNG && LV_USE_IMG && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Open a PNG image from a file and a variable
 */
void lv_example_png_1(void)
{
```

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```

LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_wink_png);
lv_obj_t * img;

img = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_img_set_src(img, &img_wink_png);
lv_obj_align(img, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 20, 0);

img = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
/* Assuming a File system is attached to letter 'A'
 * E.g. set LV_USE_FS_STDIO 'A' in lv_conf.h */
lv_img_set_src(img, "A:lvgl/examples/libs/png/wink.png");
lv_obj_align(img, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -20, 0);
}

#endif

```

```

#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png
from img_wink_png import img_wink_png_map
# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

img_wink_png = lv.img_dsc_t(
    {
        "header": {"always_zero": 0, "w": 50, "h": 50, "cf": lv.img.CF.RAW_ALPHA},
        "data_size": 5158,
        "data": img_wink_png_map,
    }
)

img1 = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
img1.set_src(img_wink_png)
img1.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT_MID, -250, 0)

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('wink.png', 'rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find wink.png")
    sys.exit()

wink_argb = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(png_data),
    'data': png_data
})

img2 = lv.img(lv.scr_act())
img2.set_src(wink_argb)
img2.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT_MID, -150, 0)

```

## 8.4.2 API

### Functions

void **lv\_png\_init**(void)  
 Register the PNG decoder functions in LVGL

## 8.5 GIF decoder

Allow using GIF images in LVGL. Based on <https://github.com/lecram/gifdec>

When enabled in `lv_conf.h` with `LV_USE_GIF` `lv_gif_create(parent)` can be used to create a gif widget.

`lv_gif_set_src(obj, src)` works very similarly to `lv_img_set_src`. As source, it also accepts images as variables (`lv_img_dsc_t`) or files.

### 8.5.1 Convert GIF files to C array

To convert a GIF file to byte values array use [LVGL's online converter](#). Select "Raw" color format and "C array" Output format.

### 8.5.2 Use GIF images from file

For example:

```
lv_gif_set_src(obj, "S:path/to/example.gif");
```

Note that, a file system driver needs to be registered to open images from files. Read more about it [here](#) or just enable one in `lv_conf.h` with `LV_USE_FS...`

### 8.5.3 Memory requirements

To decode and display a GIF animation the following amount of RAM is required:

- `LV_COLOR_DEPTH 8`: 3 x image width x image height
- `LV_COLOR_DEPTH 16`: 4 x image width x image height
- `LV_COLOR_DEPTH 32`: 5 x image width x image height

### 8.5.4 Example

#### Open a GIF image from file and variable

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_GIF && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Open a GIF image from a file and a variable
 */
```

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```

void lv_example_gif_1(void)
{
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_bulb_gif);
    lv_obj_t * img;

    img = lv_gif_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_gif_set_src(img, &img_bulb_gif);
    lv_obj_align(img, LV_ALIGN_LEFT_MID, 20, 0);

    img = lv_gif_create(lv_scr_act());
    /* Assuming a File system is attached to letter 'A'
     * E.g. set LV_USE_FS_STDIO 'A' in lv_conf.h */
    lv_gif_set_src(img, "A:lvgl/examples/libs/gif/bulb.gif");
    lv_obj_align(img, LV_ALIGN_RIGHT_MID, -20, 0);
}

#endif

```

```

#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
import fs_driver
from img_bulb_gif import img_bulb_gif_map

fs_drv = lv.fs_drv_t()
fs_driver.fs_register(fs_drv, 'S')
#
# Open a GIF image from a file and a variable
#
img_bulb_gif = lv.img_dsc_t(
    {
        "header": {"always_zero": 0, "w": 0, "h": 0, "cf": lv.img.CF.RAW},
        "data_size": 0,
        "data": img_bulb_gif_map,
    }
)
img1 = lv.gif(lv.scr_act())
img1.set_src(img_bulb_gif)
img1.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT_MID, -150, 0)

img2 = lv.gif(lv.scr_act())
# The File system is attached to letter 'S'

img2.set_src("S:bulb.gif")
img2.align(lv.ALIGN.RIGHT_MID, -250, 0)

```

## 8.5.5 API

### Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_gif\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

void **lv\_gif\_set\_src**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const void \*src)

void **lv\_gif\_restart**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*gif)

### Variables

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_gif\_class**

struct **lv\_gif\_t**

#### Public Members

*lv\_img\_t* **img**

gd\_GIF \***gif**

*lv\_timer\_t* \***timer**

*lv\_img\_dsc\_t* **imgdsc**

uint32\_t **last\_call**

## 8.6 FreeType support

Interface to [FreeType](#) to generate font bitmaps run time.

### 8.6.1 Install FreeType

- Download Freetype from [here](#)
- make
- `sudo make install`

## 8.6.2 Add FreeType to your project

- Add include path: `/usr/include/freetype2` (for GCC: `-I/usr/include/freetype2 -L/usr/local/lib`)
- Add library: `freetype` (for GCC: `-L/usr/local/lib -lfreetype`)

## 8.6.3 Usage

Enable `LV_USE_FREETYPE` in `lv_conf.h`.

To cache the glyphs from the opened fonts, set `LV_FREETYPE_CACHE_SIZE >= 0` and then use the following macros for detailed configuration:

1. `LV_FREETYPE_CACHE_SIZE`: maximum memory(bytes) used to cache font bitmap, outline, character maps, etc. 0 means use the system default value, less than 0 means disable cache. Note: that this value does not account for managed `FT_Face` and `FT_Size` objects.
2. `LV_FREETYPE_CACHE_FT_FACES`: maximum number of opened `FT_Face` objects managed by this cache instance. 0 means use the system default value. Only useful when `LV_FREETYPE_CACHE_SIZE >= 0`.
3. `LV_FREETYPE_CACHE_FT_SIZES`: maximum number of opened `FT_Size` objects managed by this cache instance. 0 means use the system default value. Only useful when `LV_FREETYPE_CACHE_SIZE >= 0`.

When you are sure that all the used font sizes will not be greater than 256, you can enable `LV_FREETYPE_SBIT_CACHE`, which is much more memory efficient for small bitmaps.

You can use `lv_ft_font_init()` to create FreeType fonts. It returns `true` to indicate success, at the same time, the `font` member of `lv_ft_info_t` will be filled with a pointer to an LVGL font, and you can use it like any LVGL font.

Font style supports bold and italic, you can use the following macros to set:

1. `FT_FONT_STYLE_NORMAL`: default style.
2. `FT_FONT_STYLE_ITALIC`: Italic style
3. `FT_FONT_STYLE_BOLD`: bold style

They can be combined. eg: `FT_FONT_STYLE_BOLD | FT_FONT_STYLE_ITALIC`.

Note that, the FreeType extension doesn't use LVGL's file system. You can simply pass the path to the font as usual on your operating system or platform.

## 8.6.4 Example

### Open a font with FreeType

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
#if LV_USE_FREETYPE

/**
 * Load a font with FreeType
 */
void lv_example_freetype_1(void)
{
    /*Create a font*/
```

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```

static lv_ft_info_t info;
/*FreeType uses C standard file system, so no driver letter is required.*/
info.name = "./lvgl/examples/libs/freetype/arial.ttf";
info.weight = 24;
info.style = FT_FONT_STYLE_NORMAL;
info.mem = NULL;
if(!lv_ft_font_init(&info)) {
    LV_LOG_ERROR("create failed.");
}

/*Create style with the new font*/
static lv_style_t style;
lv_style_init(&style);
lv_style_set_text_font(&style, info.font);
lv_style_set_text_align(&style, LV_TEXT_ALIGN_CENTER);

/*Create a label with the new style*/
lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
lv_obj_add_style(label, &style, 0);
lv_label_set_text(label, "Hello world\nI'm a font created with FreeType");
lv_obj_center(label);
}
#else

void lv_example_freetype_1(void)
{
    /*TODO
     *fallback for online examples*/

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "FreeType is not installed");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}

#endif
#endif

```

```

#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
import fs_driver

info = lv.ft_info_t()
info.name = "./arial.ttf"
info.weight = 24
info.style = lv.FT_FONT_STYLE.NORMAL
info.font_init()

# Create style with the new font
style = lv.style_t()
style.init()
style.set_text_font(info.font)
style.set_text_align(lv.TEXT_ALIGN.CENTER)

# Create a label with the new style
label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())

```

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```
label.add_style(style, 0)
label.set_text("Hello world\nI'm a font created with FreeType")
label.center()
```

### 8.6.5 Learn more

- [FreeType tutorial](#)
- LVGL's [font interface](#)

### 8.6.6 API

#### Enums

enum **LV\_FT\_FONT\_STYLE**

*Values:*

enumerator **FT\_FONT\_STYLE\_NORMAL**

enumerator **FT\_FONT\_STYLE\_ITALIC**

enumerator **FT\_FONT\_STYLE\_BOLD**

#### Functions

bool **lv\_freetype\_init**(uint16\_t max\_faces, uint16\_t max\_sizes, uint32\_t max\_bytes)  
init freetype library

##### Parameters

- **max\_faces** -- Maximum number of opened FT\_Face objects managed by this cache instance. Use 0 for defaults.
- **max\_sizes** -- Maximum number of opened FT\_Size objects managed by this cache instance. Use 0 for defaults.
- **max\_bytes** -- Maximum number of bytes to use for cached data nodes. Use 0 for defaults. Note that this value does not account for managed FT\_Face and FT\_Size objects.

**Returns** true on success, otherwise false.

void **lv\_freetype\_destroy**(void)  
Destroy freetype library

bool **lv\_ft\_font\_init**(lv\_ft\_info\_t \*info)  
Creates a font with info parameter specified.

**Parameters** **info** -- See [lv\\_ft\\_info\\_t](#) for details. when success, lv\_ft\_info\_t->font point to the font you created.

**Returns** true on success, otherwise false.

void **lv\_ft\_font\_destroy**(lv\_font\_t \*font)  
Destroy a font that has been created.

**Parameters** **font** -- pointer to font.

struct **lv\_ft\_info\_t**

### Public Members

const char \***name**  
 const void \***mem**  
 size\_t **mem\_size**  
 lv\_font\_t \***font**  
 uint16\_t **weight**  
 uint16\_t **style**

## 8.7 QR code

QR code generation with LVGL. Uses [QR-Code-generator](#) by [nayuki](#).

### 8.7.1 Get started

- Download or clone this repository
  - [Download](#) from GitHub
  - Clone: `git clone https://github.com/lvgl/lv_lib_qrcode.git`
- Include the library: `#include "lv_lib_qrcode/lv_qrcode.h"`
- Test with the following code:

```
const char * data = "Hello world";

/*Create a 100x100 QR code*/
lv_obj_t * qr = lv_qrcode_create(lv_scr_act(), 100, lv_color_hex3(0x33f), lv_color_
↪ hex3(0xeef));

/*Set data*/
lv_qrcode_update(qr, data, strlen(data));
```

### 8.7.2 Notes

- QR codes with less data are smaller, but they scaled by an integer number to best fit to the given size.



### 8.7.3 Example

#### Create a QR Code

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_QRCODE && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

/**
 * Create a QR Code
 */
void lv_example_qrcode_1(void)
{
    lv_color_t bg_color = lv_palette_lighten(LV_PALETTE_LIGHT_BLUE, 5);
    lv_color_t fg_color = lv_palette_darken(LV_PALETTE_BLUE, 4);

    lv_obj_t * qr = lv_qrcode_create(lv_scr_act(), 150, fg_color, bg_color);

    /*Set data*/
    const char * data = "https://lvgl.io";
    lv_qrcode_update(qr, data, strlen(data));
    lv_obj_center(qr);

    /*Add a border with bg_color*/
    lv_obj_set_style_border_color(qr, bg_color, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_border_width(qr, 5, 0);
}

#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver

bg_color = lv.palette_lighten(lv.PALETTE.LIGHT_BLUE, 5)
fg_color = lv.palette_darken(lv.PALETTE.BLUE, 4)

qr = lv.qrcode(lv.scr_act(), 150, fg_color, bg_color)
# Set data
data = "https://lvgl.io"
qr.update(data, len(data))
qr.center()
# Add a border with bg_color
qr.set_style_border_color(bg_color, 0)
qr.set_style_border_width(5, 0)
```

## 8.7.4 API

### Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_qrcode\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent, lv\_coord\_t size, lv\_color\_t dark\_color, lv\_color\_t light\_color)  
Create an empty QR code (an `lv_canvas`) object.

#### Parameters

- **parent** -- point to an object where to create the QR code
- **size** -- width and height of the QR code
- **dark\_color** -- dark color of the QR code
- **light\_color** -- light color of the QR code

**Returns** pointer to the created QR code object

lv\_res\_t **lv\_qrcode\_update**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*qrcode, const void \*data, uint32\_t data\_len)  
Set the data of a QR code object

#### Parameters

- **qrcode** -- pointer to a QR code object
- **data** -- data to display
- **data\_len** -- length of data in bytes

**Returns** LV\_RES\_OK: if no error; LV\_RES\_INV: on error

void **lv\_qrcode\_delete**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*qrcode)  
DEPRECATED: Use normal `lv_obj_del` instead Delete a QR code object

**Parameters** **qrcode** -- pointer to a QR code object

### Variables

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_qrcode\_class**

## 8.8 Lottie player

Allows to use Lottie animations in LVGL. Taken from this [base repository](#)

LVGL provides the interface to [Samsung/rlottie](#) library's C API. That is the actual Lottie player is not part of LVGL, it needs to be built separately.

### 8.8.1 Build Rlottie

To build Samsung's Rlottie C++14-compatible compiler and optionally CMake 3.14 or higher is required.

To build on desktop you can follow the instructions from Rlottie's [README](#). In the most basic case it looks like this:

```
mkdir rlottie_workdir
cd rlottie_workdir
git clone https://github.com/Samsung/rlottie.git
mkdir build
cd build
cmake ../rlottie
make -j
sudo make install
```

And finally add the `-lrlottie` flag to your linker.

On embedded systems you need to take care of integrating Rlottie to the given build system.

### 8.8.2 Usage

You can use animation from files or raw data (text). In either case first you need to enable `LV_USE_RLOTTIE` in `lv_conf.h`.

The `width` and `height` of the object be set in the `create` function and the animation will be scaled accordingly.

#### Use Rlottie from file

To create a Lottie animation from file use:

```
lv_obj_t * lottie = lv_rlottie_create_from_file(parent, width, height, "path/to/
↳ lottie.json");
```

Note that, Rlottie uses the standard STDIO C file API, so you can use the path "normally" and no LVGL specific driver letter is required.

#### Use Rlottie from raw string data

`lv_example_rlottie_approve.c` contains an example animation in raw format. Instead storing the JSON string a hex array is stored for the following reasons:

- avoid escaping `"` in the JSON file
- some compilers don't support very long strings

`lvgl/scripts/filetohex.py` can be used to convert a Lottie file a hex array. E.g.:

```
./filetohex.py path/to/lottie.json > out.txt
```

To create an animation from raw data:

```
extern const uint8_t lottie_data[];
lv_obj_t* lottie = lv_rlottie_create_from_raw(parent, width, height, (const char_
↳ *)lottie_data);
```

### 8.8.3 Getting animations

Lottie is standard and popular format so you can find many animation files on the web. For example: <https://lottiefiles.com/>  
 You can also create your own animations with Adobe After Effects or similar software.

### 8.8.4 Controlling animations

LVGL provides two functions to control the animation mode: `lv_rlottie_set_play_mode` and `lv_rlottie_set_current_frame`. You'll combine your intentions when calling the first method, like in these examples:

```
lv_obj_t * lottie = lv_rlottie_create_from_file(scr, 128, 128, "test.json");
lv_obj_center(lottie);
// Pause to a specific frame
lv_rlottie_set_current_frame(lottie, 50);
lv_rlottie_set_play_mode(lottie, LV_RLOTTIE_CTRL_PAUSE); // The specified frame will
↳ be displayed and then the animation will pause

// Play backward and loop
lv_rlottie_set_play_mode(lottie, LV_RLOTTIE_CTRL_PLAY | LV_RLOTTIE_CTRL_BACKWARD | LV_
↳ RLOTTIE_CTRL_LOOP);

// Play forward once (no looping)
lv_rlottie_set_play_mode(lottie, LV_RLOTTIE_CTRL_PLAY | LV_RLOTTIE_CTRL_FORWARD);
```

The default animation mode is **play forward with loop**.

If you don't enable looping, a `LV_EVENT_READY` is sent when the animation can not make more progress without looping.

To get the number of frames in an animation or the current frame index, you can cast the `lv_obj_t` instance to a `lv_rlottie_t` instance and inspect the `current_frame` and `total_frames` members.

### 8.8.5 Example

#### Load a Lottie animation from raw data

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
#if LV_USE_RLOTTIE

/**
 * Load an lottie animation from flash
 */
void lv_example_rlottie_1(void)
{
    extern const uint8_t lv_example_rlottie_approve[];
    lv_obj_t * lottie = lv_rlottie_create_from_raw(lv_scr_act(), 100, 100, (const_
↳ void *)lv_example_rlottie_approve);
    lv_obj_center(lottie);
}

#else
void lv_example_rlottie_1(void)
```

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```

{
    /*TODO
    *fallback for online examples*/

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Rlottie is not installed");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}

#endif
#endif

```

```

#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver
#
# Load a lottie animation from flash
#
from lv_example_rlottie_approve import lv_example_rlottie_approve

lottie = lv.rlottie_create_from_raw(lv.scr_act(), 100, 100, lv_example_rlottie_
→approve)
lottie.center()

```

### Load a Lottie animation from a file

```

#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
#if LV_USE_RLOTTIE

/**
 * Load an lottie animation from file
 */
void lv_example_rlottie_2(void)
{
    /*The rlottie library uses STDIO file API, so there is no driver letter for LVGL*/
    lv_obj_t * lottie = lv_rlottie_create_from_file(lv_scr_act(), 100, 100,
                                                    "lvgl/examples/libs/rlottie/lv_
→example_rlottie_approve.json");
    lv_obj_center(lottie);
}

#else
void lv_example_rlottie_2(void)
{
    /*TODO
    *fallback for online examples*/

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "Rlottie is not installed");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}

```

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```
#endif
#endif
```

```
#!/opt/bin/lv_micropython -i
import lvgl as lv
import display_driver

lottie = lv.rlottie_create_from_file(lv.scr_act(), 100, 100, "lv_example_rlottie_
↪approve.json")
lottie.center()
```

## 8.8.6 API

### Enums

enum **lv\_rlottie\_ctrl\_t**

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_RLOTTIE\_CTRL\_FORWARD**  
 enumerator **LV\_RLOTTIE\_CTRL\_BACKWARD**  
 enumerator **LV\_RLOTTIE\_CTRL\_PAUSE**  
 enumerator **LV\_RLOTTIE\_CTRL\_PLAY**  
 enumerator **LV\_RLOTTIE\_CTRL\_LOOP**

### Functions

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_rlottie\_create\_from\_file**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent, lv\_coord\_t width, lv\_coord\_t height, const char \*path)

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_rlottie\_create\_from\_raw**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent, lv\_coord\_t width, lv\_coord\_t height, const char \*rlottie\_desc)

void **lv\_rlottie\_set\_play\_mode**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*rlottie, const *lv\_rlottie\_ctrl\_t* ctrl)

void **lv\_rlottie\_set\_current\_frame**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*rlottie, const size\_t goto\_frame)

## Variables

```
const lv_obj_class_t lv_rlottie_class
struct lv_rlottie_t
```

### Public Members

```
lv_img_t img_ext
struct Lottie_Animation_S *animation
lv_timer_t *task
lv_img_dsc_t imgdsc
size_t total_frames
size_t current_frame
size_t framerate
uint32_t *allocated_buf
size_t allocated_buffer_size
size_t scanline_width
lv_rlottie_ctrl_t play_ctrl
size_t dest_frame
```

## 8.9 FFmpeg support

**FFmpeg** A complete, cross-platform solution to record, convert and stream audio and video.

### 8.9.1 Install FFmpeg

- Download FFmpeg from [here](#)
- `./configure --disable-all --disable-autodetect --disable-podpages --disable-asm --enable-avcodec --enable-avformat --enable-decoders --enable-encoders --enable-demuxers --enable-parsers --enable-protocol='file' --enable-swscale --enable-zlib`
- `make`
- `sudo make install`

## 8.9.2 Add FFmpeg to your project

- Add library: FFmpeg (for GCC: `-lavformat -lavcodec -lavutil -lswscale -lm -lz -lpthread`)

## 8.9.3 Usage

Enable `LV_USE_FFMPEG` in `lv_conf.h`.

See the examples below.

Note that, the FFmpeg extension doesn't use LVGL's file system. You can simply pass the path to the image or video as usual on your operating system or platform.

## 8.9.4 Example

### Decode image

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
#if LV_USE_FFMPEG

/**
 * Open an image from a file
 */
void lv_example_ffmpeg_1(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * img = lv_img_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_img_set_src(img, "../../lvgl/examples/libs/ffmpeg/ffmpeg.png");
    lv_obj_center(img);
}

#else

void lv_example_ffmpeg_1(void)
{
    /*TODO
    *fallback for online examples*/

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "FFmpeg is not installed");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}

#endif
#endif
```

Error encountered **while** trying to **open** `/home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/libs/ffmpeg/lv_example_ffmpeg_1.py`



## Decode video

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES
#if LV_USE_FFmpeg

/**
 * Open a video from a file
 */
void lv_example_ffmpeg_2(void)
{
    /*birds.mp4 is downloaded from http://www.videezy.com (Free Stock Footage by
    ↳ Videezy!)
    *https://www.videezy.com/abstract/44864-silhouettes-of-birds-over-the-sunset*/
    lv_obj_t * player = lv_ffmpeg_player_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_ffmpeg_player_set_src(player, "../lvgl/examples/libs/ffmpeg/birds.mp4");
    lv_ffmpeg_player_set_auto_restart(player, true);
    lv_ffmpeg_player_set_cmd(player, LV_FFmpeg_PLAYER_CMD_START);
    lv_obj_center(player);
}

#else

void lv_example_ffmpeg_2(void)
{
    /*TODO
    *fallback for online examples*/

    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_label_set_text(label, "FFmpeg is not installed");
    lv_obj_center(label);
}

#endif
#endif
```

Error encountered **while** trying to **open** /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/libs/ffmpeg/lv\_example\_ffmpeg\_2.py

## 8.9.5 API

### Enums

enum **lv\_ffmpeg\_player\_cmd\_t**

Values:

enumerator **LV\_FFmpeg\_PLAYER\_CMD\_START**  
 enumerator **LV\_FFmpeg\_PLAYER\_CMD\_STOP**  
 enumerator **LV\_FFmpeg\_PLAYER\_CMD\_PAUSE**  
 enumerator **LV\_FFmpeg\_PLAYER\_CMD\_RESUME**  
 enumerator **\_LV\_FFmpeg\_PLAYER\_CMD\_LAST**

## Functions

void **lv\_ffmpeg\_init**(void)

Register FFmpeg image decoder

int **lv\_ffmpeg\_get\_frame\_num**(const char \*path)

Get the number of frames contained in the file

**Parameters** **path** -- image or video file name

**Returns** Number of frames, less than 0 means failed

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_ffmpeg\_player\_create**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*parent)

Create ffmpeg\_player object

**Parameters** **parent** -- pointer to an object, it will be the parent of the new player

**Returns** pointer to the created ffmpeg\_player

lv\_res\_t **lv\_ffmpeg\_player\_set\_src**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, const char \*path)

Set the path of the file to be played

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a ffmpeg\_player object
- **path** -- video file path

**Returns** LV\_RES\_OK: no error; LV\_RES\_INV: can't get the info.

void **lv\_ffmpeg\_player\_set\_cmd**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_ffmpeg\_player\_cmd\_t* cmd)

Set command control video player

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a ffmpeg\_player object
- **cmd** -- control commands

void **lv\_ffmpeg\_player\_set\_auto\_restart**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, bool en)

Set the video to automatically replay

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- pointer to a ffmpeg\_player object
- **en** -- true: enable the auto restart

## Variables

const lv\_obj\_class\_t **lv\_ffmpeg\_player\_class**

struct **lv\_ffmpeg\_player\_t**

## Public Members

*lv\_img\_t* **img**

*lv\_timer\_t* \***timer**

*lv\_img\_dsc\_t* **imgdsc**

bool **auto\_restart**

struct ffmpeg\_context\_s \***ffmpeg\_ctx**

## 9.1 Snapshot

Snapshot provides APIs to take snapshot image for LVGL object together with its children. The image will look exactly like the object.

### 9.1.1 Usage

Simply call API `lv_snapshot_take` to generate the image descriptor which can be set as image object src using `lv_img_set_src`.

Note, only below color formats are supported for now:

- `LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR_ALPHA`
- `LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_1BIT`
- `LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_2BIT`
- `LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_4BIT`
- `LV_IMG_CF_ALPHA_8BIT`

### Free the Image

The memory `lv_snapshot_take` uses are dynamically allocated using `lv_mem_alloc`. Use API `lv_snapshot_free` to free the memory it takes. This will firstly free memory the image data takes, then the image descriptor.

Take caution to free the snapshot but not delete the image object. Before free the memory, be sure to firstly unlink it from image object, using `lv_img_set_src(NULL)` and `lv_img_cache_invalidate_src(src)`.

Below code snippet explains usage of this API.

```
void update_snapshot(lv_obj_t * obj, lv_obj_t * img_snapshot)
{
    lv_img_dsc_t* snapshot = (void*)lv_img_get_src(img_snapshot);
    if(snapshot) {
        lv_snapshot_free(snapshot);
    }
    snapshot = lv_snapshot_take(obj, LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR_ALPHA);
    lv_img_set_src(img_snapshot, snapshot);
}
```

## Use Existing Buffer

If the snapshot needs update now and then, or simply caller provides memory, use API `lv_res_t lv_snapshot_take_to_buf(lv_obj_t * obj, lv_img_cf_t cf, lv_img_dsc_t * dsc, void * buf, uint32_t buff_size);` for this case. It's caller's responsibility to alloc/free the memory.

If snapshot is generated successfully, the image descriptor is updated and image data will be stored to provided `buf`.

Note that snapshot may fail if provided buffer is not enough, which may happen when object size changes. It's recommended to use API `lv_snapshot_buf_size_needed` to check the needed buffer size in byte firstly and resize the buffer accordingly.

## 9.1.2 Example

### Simple snapshot example

```
#include "../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_SNAPSHOT && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void event_cb(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_obj_t * snapshot_obj = lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    lv_obj_t * img = lv_event_get_target(e);

    if(snapshot_obj) {
        lv_img_dsc_t * snapshot = (void *)lv_img_get_src(snapshot_obj);
        if(snapshot) {
            lv_snapshot_free(snapshot);
        }

        /*Update the snapshot, we know parent of object is the container.*/
        snapshot = lv_snapshot_take(img->parent, LV_IMG_CF_TRUE_COLOR_ALPHA);
        if(snapshot == NULL)
            return;
        lv_img_set_src(snapshot_obj, snapshot);
    }
}

void lv_example_snapshot_1(void)
{
    LV_IMG_DECLARE(img_star);
    lv_obj_t * root = lv_scr_act();
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(root, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_LIGHT_BLUE), 0);

    /*Create an image object to show snapshot*/
    lv_obj_t * snapshot_obj = lv_img_create(root);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(snapshot_obj, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_PURPLE), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_opa(snapshot_obj, LV_OPA_100, 0);
    lv_img_set_zoom(snapshot_obj, 128);
    lv_img_set_angle(snapshot_obj, 300);

    /*Create the container and its children*/
    lv_obj_t * container = lv_obj_create(root);

    lv_obj_center(container);
    lv_obj_set_size(container, 180, 180);
}
```

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```

lv_obj_set_flex_flow(container, LV_FLEX_FLOW_ROW_WRAP);
lv_obj_set_flex_align(container, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_SPACE_EVENLY, LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER,
↪ LV_FLEX_ALIGN_CENTER);
lv_obj_set_style_radius(container, 50, 0);
lv_obj_t * img;
int i;
for(i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
    img = lv_img_create(container);
    lv_img_set_src(img, &img_star);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(img, lv_color_black(), 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_opa(img, LV_OPA_COVER, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_transform_zoom(img, 400, LV_STATE_PRESSED);
    lv_obj_add_flag(img, LV_OBJ_FLAG_CLICKABLE);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(img, event_cb, LV_EVENT_PRESSED, snapshot_obj);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(img, event_cb, LV_EVENT_RELEASED, snapshot_obj);
}
}

#endif

```

```

import gc
import lvgl as lv
from imagetools import get_png_info, open_png

# Register PNG image decoder
decoder = lv.img.decoder_create()
decoder.info_cb = get_png_info
decoder.open_cb = open_png

# Measure memory usage
gc.enable()
gc.collect()
mem_free = gc.mem_free()

label = lv.label(lv.scr_act())
label.align(lv.ALIGN.BOTTOM_MID, 0, -10)
label.set_text(" memory free:" + str(mem_free/1024) + " kB")

# Create an image from the png file
try:
    with open('../assets/img_star.png', 'rb') as f:
        png_data = f.read()
except:
    print("Could not find star.png")
    sys.exit()

img_star = lv.img_dsc_t({
    'data_size': len(png_data),
    'data': png_data
})

def event_cb(e, snapshot_obj):
    img = e.get_target()

    if snapshot_obj:
        # no need to free the old source for snapshot_obj, gc will free it for us.

```

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```

    # take a new snapshot, overwrite the old one
    dsc = lv.snapshot_take(img.get_parent(), lv.img.CF.TRUE_COLOR_ALPHA)
    snapshot_obj.set_src(dsc)

    gc.collect()
    mem_used = mem_free - gc.mem_free()
    label.set_text("memory used:" + str(mem_used/1024) + " kB")

root = lv.scr_act()
root.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.LIGHT_BLUE), 0)

# Create an image object to show snapshot
snapshot_obj = lv.img(root)
snapshot_obj.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.PURPLE), 0)
snapshot_obj.set_style_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER, 0)
snapshot_obj.set_zoom(128)

# Create the container and its children
container = lv.obj(root)
container.align(lv.ALIGN.CENTER, 0, 0)
container.set_size(180, 180)
container.set_flex_flow(lv.FLEX_FLOW.ROW_WRAP)
container.set_flex_align(lv.FLEX_ALIGN.SPACE_EVENLY, lv.FLEX_ALIGN.CENTER, lv.FLEX_
↪ALIGN.CENTER)
container.set_style_radius(50, 0)

for i in range(4):
    img = lv.img(container)
    img.set_src(img_star)
    img.set_style_bg_color(lv.palette_main(lv.PALETTE.GREY), 0)
    img.set_style_bg_opa(lv.OPA.COVER, 0)
    img.set_style_transform_zoom(400, lv.STATE.PRESSED)
    img.add_flag(img.FLAG.CLICKABLE)
    img.add_event_cb(lambda e: event_cb(e, snapshot_obj), lv.EVENT.PRESSED, None)
    img.add_event_cb(lambda e: event_cb(e, snapshot_obj), lv.EVENT.RELEASED, None)

```

## 9.1.3 API

### Functions

*lv\_img\_dsc\_t* \***lv\_snapshot\_take**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_img\_cf\_t* cf)

Take snapshot for object with its children.

#### Parameters

- **obj** -- The object to generate snapshot.
- **cf** -- color format for generated image.

**Returns** a pointer to an image descriptor, or NULL if failed.

void **lv\_snapshot\_free**(*lv\_img\_dsc\_t* \*dsc)

Free the snapshot image returned by *lv\_snapshot\_take*

It will firstly free the data image takes, then the image descriptor.

**Parameters** **dsc** -- The image descriptor generated by *lv\_snapshot\_take*.

uint32\_t **lv\_snapshot\_buf\_size\_needed**(lv\_obj\_t \*obj, lv\_img\_cf\_t cf)

Get the buffer needed for object snapshot image.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- The object to generate snapshot.
- **cf** -- color format for generated image.

**Returns** the buffer size needed in bytes

lv\_res\_t **lv\_snapshot\_take\_to\_buf**(lv\_obj\_t \*obj, lv\_img\_cf\_t cf, lv\_img\_dsc\_t \*dsc, void \*buf, uint32\_t buff\_size)

Take snapshot for object with its children, save image info to provided buffer.

**Parameters**

- **obj** -- The object to generate snapshot.
- **cf** -- color format for generated image.
- **dsc** -- image descriptor to store the image result.
- **buff** -- the buffer to store image data.
- **buff\_size** -- provided buffer size in bytes.

**Returns** LV\_RES\_OK on success, LV\_RES\_INV on error.

## 9.2 Monkey

A simple monkey test. Use random input to stress test the application.

### 9.2.1 Usage

Enable LV\_USE\_MONKEY in lv\_conf.h.

First configure monkey, use lv\_monkey\_config\_t to define the configuration structure, set the type (check [input devices](#) for the supported types), and then set the range of period\_range and input\_range, the monkey will output random operations at random times within this range. Call lv\_monkey\_create to create monkey. Finally call lv\_monkey\_set\_enable(monkey, true) to enable monkey.

If you want to pause the monkey, call lv\_monkey\_set\_enable(monkey, false). To delete the monkey, call lv\_monkey\_del(monkey).

Note that input\_range has different meanings in different type:

- LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_POINTER No effect, click randomly within the pixels of the screen resolution.
- LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_ENCODER The minimum and maximum values of enc\_diff.
- LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_BUTTON The minimum and maximum values of btn\_id. Use lv\_monkey\_get\_indev() to get the input device, and use lv\_indev\_set\_button\_points() to map the key ID to the coordinates.
- LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_KEYPAD No effect, Send random [Keys](#).



## 9.2.2 Example

### Touchpad monkey example

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MONKEY && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_monkey_1(void)
{
    /*Create pointer monkey test*/
    lv_monkey_config_t config;
    lv_monkey_config_init(&config);
    config.type = LV_INDEV_TYPE_POINTER;
    config.period_range.min = 10;
    config.period_range.max = 100;
    lv_monkey_t * monkey = lv_monkey_create(&config);

    /*Start monkey test*/
    lv_monkey_set_enable(monkey, true);
}

#endif
```

Error encountered **while** trying to **open** /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/monkey/lv\_example\_monkey\_1.py

### Encoder monkey example

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MONKEY && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_monkey_2(void)
{
    /*Create encoder monkey test*/
    lv_monkey_config_t config;
    lv_monkey_config_init(&config);
    config.type = LV_INDEV_TYPE_ENCODER;
    config.period_range.min = 50;
    config.period_range.max = 500;
    config.input_range.min = -5;
    config.input_range.max = 5;
    lv_monkey_t * monkey = lv_monkey_create(&config);

    /*Set the default group*/
    lv_group_t * group = lv_group_create();
    lv_indev_set_group(lv_monkey_get_indev(monkey), group);
    lv_group_set_default(group);

    /*Start monkey test*/
    lv_monkey_set_enable(monkey, true);
}

#endif
```

Error encountered **while** trying to **open** /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/monkey/lv\_example\_monkey\_2.py

### Button monkey example

```
#include "../../lv_examples.h"
#if LV_USE_MONKEY && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

void lv_example_monkey_3(void)
{
    static lv_point_t btn_points[3];
    lv_coord_t hor_res = LV_HOR_RES;

    /*Create button monkey test*/
    lv_monkey_config_t config;
    lv_monkey_config_init(&config);
    config.type = LV_INDEV_TYPE_BUTTON;
    config.period_range.min = 50;
    config.period_range.max = 500;
    config.input_range.min = 0;
    config.input_range.max = sizeof(btn_points) / sizeof(lv_point_t) - 1;
    lv_monkey_t * monkey = lv_monkey_create(&config);

    /*Set the coordinates bound to the button*/
    btn_points[0].x = hor_res / 4;
    btn_points[0].y = 10;
    btn_points[1].x = hor_res / 2;
    btn_points[1].y = 10;
    btn_points[2].x = hor_res * 3 / 4;
    btn_points[2].y = 10;

    lv_indev_set_button_points(lv_monkey_get_indev(monkey), btn_points);

    /*Start monkey test*/
    lv_monkey_set_enable(monkey, true);
}

#endif
```

Error encountered **while** trying to **open** /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/monkey/lv\_example\_monkey\_3.py

## 9.2.3 API

### Typedefs

typedef struct \_lv\_monkey **lv\_monkey\_t**

## Functions

void **lv\_monkey\_config\_init**(*lv\_monkey\_config\_t* \*config)

Initialize a monkey config with default values

**Parameters** **config** -- pointer to '*lv\_monkey\_config\_t*' variable to initialize

*lv\_monkey\_t* \***lv\_monkey\_create**(const *lv\_monkey\_config\_t* \*config)

Create monkey for test

**Parameters** **config** -- pointer to '*lv\_monkey\_config\_t*' variable

**Returns** pointer to the created monkey

*lv\_indev\_t* \***lv\_monkey\_get\_indev**(*lv\_monkey\_t* \*monkey)

Get monkey input device

**Parameters** **monkey** -- pointer to a monkey

**Returns** pointer to the input device

void **lv\_monkey\_set\_enable**(*lv\_monkey\_t* \*monkey, bool en)

Enable monkey

**Parameters**

- **monkey** -- pointer to a monkey
- **en** -- set to true to enable

bool **lv\_monkey\_get\_enable**(*lv\_monkey\_t* \*monkey)

Get whether monkey is enabled

**Parameters** **monkey** -- pointer to a monkey

**Returns** return true if monkey enabled

void **lv\_monkey\_set\_user\_data**(*lv\_monkey\_t* \*monkey, void \*user\_data)

Set the user\_data field of the monkey

**Parameters**

- **monkey** -- pointer to a monkey
- **user\_data** -- pointer to the new user\_data.

void \***lv\_monkey\_get\_user\_data**(*lv\_monkey\_t* \*monkey)

Get the user\_data field of the monkey

**Parameters** **monkey** -- pointer to a monkey

**Returns** the pointer to the user\_data of the monkey

void **lv\_monkey\_del**(*lv\_monkey\_t* \*monkey)

Delete monkey

**Parameters** **monkey** -- pointer to monkey

struct **lv\_monkey\_config\_t**

## Public Members

*lv\_indev\_type\_t* **type**

< Input device type Monkey execution period

uint32\_t **min**

uint32\_t **max**

struct *lv\_monkey\_config\_t*::[anonymous] **period\_range**

The range of input value

int32\_t **min**

int32\_t **max**

struct *lv\_monkey\_config\_t*::[anonymous] **input\_range**

## 9.3 Grid navigation

Grid navigation (gridnav for short) is a feature that changes the currently focused child object as arrow keys are pressed.

If the children are arranged into a grid-like layout then the up, down, left and right arrows move focus to the nearest sibling in the respective direction.

It doesn't matter how the children are positioned, as only the current x and y coordinates are considered. This means that gridnav works with manually positioned children, as well as [Flex](#) and [Grid](#) layouts.

Gridnav also works if the children are arranged into a single row or column. That makes it useful, for example, to simplify navigation on a [List](#) widget.

Gridnav assumes that the object to which gridnav is added is part of a [group](#). This way, if the object with gridnav is focused, the arrow key presses are automatically forwarded to the object so that gridnav can process the arrow keys.

To move the focus to the next widget of the group use `LV_KEY_NEXT/PREV` or `lv_group_focus_next/prev()` or the `TAB` key on keyboard as usual.

If the container is scrollable and the focused child is out of the view, gridnav will automatically scroll the child into view.

### 9.3.1 Usage

To add the gridnav feature to an object use `lv_gridnav_add(cont, flags)`.

`flags` control the behavior of gridnav:

- `LV_GRIDNAV_CTRL_NONE` Default settings
- `LV_GRIDNAV_CTRL_ROLLOVER` If there is no next/previous object in a direction, the focus goes to the object in the next/previous row (on left/right keys) or first/last row (on up/down keys)
- `LV_GRIDNAV_CTRL_SCROLL_FIRST` If an arrow is pressed and the focused object can be scrolled in that direction then it will be scrolled instead of going to the next/previous object. If there is no more room for scrolling the next/previous object will be focused normally

`lv_gridnav_remove(cont)` Removes gridnav from an object.

### 9.3.2 Focusable objects

An object needs to be clickable or click focusable (LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_CLICKABLE or LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_CLICK\_FOCUSABLE) and not hidden (LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_HIDDEN) to be focusable by grid-nav.

### 9.3.3 Example

#### Basic grid navigation

```
Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/
↳ monkey/lv_example_gridnav_1.c
```

```
Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/
↳ monkey/lv_example_gridnav_1.py
```

#### Grid navigation on a list

```
Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/
↳ monkey/lv_example_gridnav_2.c
```

```
Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/
↳ monkey/lv_example_gridnav_2.py
```

#### Nested grid navigations

```
Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/
↳ monkey/lv_example_gridnav_3.c
```

```
Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/
↳ monkey/lv_example_gridnav_3.py
```

### 9.3.4 API

#### Typedefs

```
typedef int _keep_pedantic_happy
```

## Enums

enum **lv\_gridnav\_ctrl\_t**

*Values:*

enumerator **LV\_GRIDNAV\_CTRL\_NONE**

enumerator **LV\_GRIDNAV\_CTRL\_ROLLOVER**

If there is no next/previous object in a direction, the focus goes to the object in the next/previous row (on left/right keys) or first/last row (on up/down keys)

enumerator **LV\_GRIDNAV\_CTRL\_SCROLL\_FIRST**

If an arrow is pressed and the focused object can be scrolled in that direction then it will be scrolled instead of going to the next/previous object. If there is no more room for scrolling the next/previous object will be focused normally

## Functions

void **lv\_gridnav\_add**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj, *lv\_gridnav\_ctrl\_t* ctrl)

Add grid navigation feature to an object. It expects the children to be arranged into a grid-like layout. Although it's not required to have pixel perfect alignment. This feature makes possible to use keys to navigate among the children and focus them. The keys other than arrows and press/release related events are forwarded to the focused child.

### Parameters

- **obj** -- pointer to an object on which navigation should be applied.
- **ctrl** -- control flags from *lv\_gridnav\_ctrl\_t*.

void **lv\_gridnav\_remove**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Remove the grid navigation support from an object

**Parameters** **obj** -- pointer to an object

void **lv\_gridnav\_set\_focused**(*lv\_obj\_t* \*cont, *lv\_obj\_t* \*to\_focus, *lv\_anim\_enable\_t* anim\_en)

Manually focus an object on gridnav container

### Parameters

- **cont** -- pointer to a gridnav container
- **to\_focus** -- pointer to an object to focus
- **anim\_en** -- LV\_ANIM\_ON/OFF

## 9.4 Fragment

Fragment is a concept copied from [Android](#).

It represents a reusable portion of your app's UI. A fragment defines and manages its own layout, has its own lifecycle, and can handle its own events. Like Android's Fragment that must be hosted by an activity or another fragment, Fragment in LVGL needs to be hosted by an object, or another fragment. The fragment's view hierarchy becomes part of, or attaches to, the host's view hierarchy.

Such concept also has some similarities to [UIViewController on iOS](#).

Fragment Manager is a manager holding references to fragments attached to it, and has an internal stack to achieve navigation. You can use fragment manager to build navigation stack, or multi pane application easily.

### 9.4.1 Usage

Enable `LV_USE_FRAGMENT` in `lv_conf.h`.

#### Create Fragment Class

```
struct sample_fragment_t {
    /* IMPORTANT: don't miss this part */
    lv_fragment_t base;
    /* States, object references and data fields for this fragment */
    const char *title;
};

const lv_fragment_class_t sample_cls = {
    /* Initialize something needed */
    .constructor_cb = sample_fragment_ctor,
    /* Create view objects */
    .create_obj_cb = sample_fragment_create_obj,
    /* IMPORTANT: size of your fragment struct */
    .instance_size = sizeof(struct sample_fragment_t)
};
```

#### Use lv\_fragment\_manager

```
/* Create fragment instance, and objects will be added to container */
lv_fragment_manager_t *manager = lv_fragment_manager_create(container, NULL);
/* Replace current fragment with instance of sample_cls, and init_argument is user_
↳ defined pointer */
lv_fragment_manager_replace(manager, &sample_cls, init_argument);
```

#### Fragment Based Navigation

```
/* Add one instance into manager stack. View object of current fragment will be_
↳ destroyed,
* but instances created in class constructor will be kept.
*/
lv_fragment_manager_push(manager, &sample_cls, NULL);

/* Remove the top most fragment from the stack, and bring back previous one. */
lv_fragment_manager_pop(manager);
```

## 9.4.2 Example

### Basic fragment usage

```

/**
 * @file lv_example_fragment_1.c
 * @brief Basic usage of obj fragment
 */
#include "../../lv_examples.h"

#if LV_USE_FRAGMENT && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void sample_fragment_ctor(lv_fragment_t * self, void * args);

static lv_obj_t * sample_fragment_create_obj(lv_fragment_t * self, lv_obj_t * parent);

static lv_obj_t * root = NULL;

struct sample_fragment_t {
    lv_fragment_t base;
    const char * name;
};

static const lv_fragment_class_t sample_cls = {
    .constructor_cb = sample_fragment_ctor,
    .create_obj_cb = sample_fragment_create_obj,
    .instance_size = sizeof(struct sample_fragment_t)
};

void lv_example_fragment_1(void)
{
    root = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(root, LV_PCT(100), LV_PCT(100));
    lv_fragment_manager_t * manager = lv_fragment_manager_create(NULL);
    lv_fragment_t * fragment = lv_fragment_create(&sample_cls, "Fragment");
    lv_fragment_manager_replace(manager, fragment, &root);
}

static void sample_fragment_ctor(lv_fragment_t * self, void * args)
{
    ((struct sample_fragment_t *) self)->name = args;
}

static lv_obj_t * sample_fragment_create_obj(lv_fragment_t * self, lv_obj_t * parent)
{
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(parent);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_opa(label, LV_OPA_COVER, 0);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "Hello, %s!", ((struct sample_fragment_t *) self)->
↪ name);
    return label;
}

#endif

```

Error encountered while trying to open /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/↪ fragment/lv\_example\_fragment\_1.py



## Stack navigation example

```

/**
 * @file lv_example_fragment_2.c
 * @brief Navigation stack using obj fragment
 */
#include "../../lv_examples.h"

#if LV_USE_FRAGMENT && LV_USE_WIN && LV_BUILD_EXAMPLES

static void sample_fragment_ctor(lv_fragment_t * self, void * args);

static lv_obj_t * sample_fragment_create_obj(lv_fragment_t * self, lv_obj_t * parent);

static void sample_push_click(lv_event_t * e);

static void sample_pop_click(lv_event_t * e);

static void sample_fragment_inc_click(lv_event_t * e);

typedef struct sample_fragment_t {
    lv_fragment_t base;
    lv_obj_t * label;
    int depth;
    int counter;
} sample_fragment_t;

static const lv_fragment_class_t sample_cls = {
    .constructor_cb = sample_fragment_ctor,
    .create_obj_cb = sample_fragment_create_obj,
    .instance_size = sizeof(sample_fragment_t)
};

static lv_obj_t * container = NULL;

void lv_example_fragment_2(void)
{
    lv_obj_t * root = lv_obj_create(lv_scr_act());
    lv_obj_set_size(root, LV_PCT(100), LV_PCT(100));
    lv_obj_set_layout(root, LV_LAYOUT_GRID);
    static const lv_coord_t col_dsc[] = {LV_GRID_FR(1), LV_GRID_FR(1), LV_GRID_
↪ TEMPLATE_LAST};
    static const lv_coord_t row_dsc[] = {LV_GRID_FR(1), LV_GRID_CONTENT, LV_GRID_
↪ TEMPLATE_LAST};
    lv_obj_set_grid_dsc_array(root, col_dsc, row_dsc);
    container = lv_obj_create(root);
    lv_obj_remove_style_all(container);
    lv_obj_set_grid_cell(container, LV_GRID_ALIGN_STRETCH, 0, 2, LV_GRID_ALIGN_
↪ STRETCH, 0, 1);

    lv_obj_t * push_btn = lv_btn_create(root);
    lv_obj_t * push_label = lv_label_create(push_btn);
    lv_label_set_text(push_label, "Push");

    lv_obj_t * pop_btn = lv_btn_create(root);
    lv_obj_t * pop_label = lv_label_create(pop_btn);
    lv_label_set_text(pop_label, "Pop");

```

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```

    lv_obj_set_grid_cell(push_btn, LV_GRID_ALIGN_START, 0, 1, LV_GRID_ALIGN_CENTER, 1,
↪ 1);
    lv_obj_set_grid_cell(pop_btn, LV_GRID_ALIGN_END, 1, 1, LV_GRID_ALIGN_CENTER, 1,
↪ 1);

    lv_fragment_manager_t * manager = lv_fragment_manager_create(NULL);
    int depth = 0;
    lv_fragment_t * fragment = lv_fragment_create(&sample_cls, &depth);
    lv_fragment_manager_push(manager, fragment, &container);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(push_btn, sample_push_click, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, manager);
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(pop_btn, sample_pop_click, LV_EVENT_CLICKED, manager);
}

static void sample_fragment_ctor(lv_fragment_t * self, void * args)
{
    LV_UNUSED(args);
    ((sample_fragment_t *) self)->depth = *((int *) args);
    ((sample_fragment_t *) self)->counter = 0;
}

static lv_obj_t * sample_fragment_create_obj(lv_fragment_t * self, lv_obj_t * parent)
{
    sample_fragment_t * fragment = (sample_fragment_t *) self;
    lv_obj_t * content = lv_obj_create(parent);
    lv_obj_remove_style_all(content);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_opa(content, LV_OPA_50, 0);
    lv_obj_set_style_bg_color(content, lv_palette_main(LV_PALETTE_YELLOW), 0);
    lv_obj_set_size(content, LV_PCT(100), LV_PCT(100));
    lv_obj_set_flex_flow(content, LV_FLEX_FLOW_COLUMN);
    lv_obj_t * depth = lv_label_create(content);
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(depth, "Depth: %d", fragment->depth);
    lv_obj_t * label = lv_label_create(content);
    fragment->label = label;
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(label, "The button has been pressed %d times", fragment->
↪ counter);

    lv_obj_t * inc_btn = lv_btn_create(content);
    lv_obj_t * inc_label = lv_label_create(inc_btn);
    lv_label_set_text(inc_label, "+1");
    lv_obj_add_event_cb(inc_btn, sample_fragment_inc_click, LV_EVENT_CLICKED,
↪ fragment);

    return content;
}

static void sample_push_click(lv_event_t * e)
{
    lv_fragment_manager_t * manager = (lv_fragment_manager_t *) lv_event_get_user_
↪ data(e);
    size_t stack_size = lv_fragment_manager_get_stack_size(manager);
    lv_fragment_t * fragment = lv_fragment_create(&sample_cls, &stack_size);
    lv_fragment_manager_push(manager, fragment, &container);
}

static void sample_pop_click(lv_event_t * e)
{

```

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```

    lv_fragment_manager_t * manager = (lv_fragment_manager_t *) lv_event_get_user_
↪data(e);
    lv_fragment_manager_pop(manager);
}

static void sample_fragment_inc_click(lv_event_t * e)
{
    sample_fragment_t * fragment = (sample_fragment_t *) lv_event_get_user_data(e);
    fragment->counter++;
    lv_label_set_text_fmt(fragment->label, "The button has been pressed %d times",
↪fragment->counter);
}

#endif

```

Error encountered **while** trying to **open** /home/runner/work/lvgl/lvgl/examples/others/fragment/lv\_example\_fragment\_2.py  
↪fragment/lv\_example\_fragment\_2.py

language c

### 9.4.3 API

Public header for Fragment

#### Typedefs

```

typedef struct _lv_fragment_manager_t lv_fragment_manager_t
typedef struct _lv_fragment_t lv_fragment_t
typedef struct _lv_fragment_class_t lv_fragment_class_t
typedef struct _lv_fragment_managed_states_t lv_fragment_managed_states_t
    Fragment states

```

#### Functions

*lv\_fragment\_manager\_t* \***lv\_fragment\_manager\_create**(*lv\_fragment\_t* \*parent)  
 Create fragment manager instance

**Parameters** **parent** -- Parent fragment if this manager is placed inside another fragment, can be null.

**Returns** Fragment manager instance

void **lv\_fragment\_manager\_del**(*lv\_fragment\_manager\_t* \*manager)  
 Destroy fragment manager instance

**Parameters** **manager** -- Fragment manager instance

void **lv\_fragment\_manager\_create\_obj**(*lv\_fragment\_manager\_t* \*manager)  
 Create object of all fragments managed by this manager.

**Parameters** **manager** -- Fragment manager instance

void **lv\_fragment\_manager\_del\_obj**(*lv\_fragment\_manager\_t* \*manager)  
 Delete object created by all fragments managed by this manager. Instance of fragments will not be deleted.

**Parameters** **manager** -- Fragment manager instance

```
void lv_fragment_manager_add(lv_fragment_manager_t *manager, lv_fragment_t *fragment, lv_obj_t *const
                             *container)
```

Attach fragment to manager, and add to container.

**Parameters**

- **manager** -- Fragment manager instance
- **fragment** -- Fragment instance
- **container** -- Pointer to container object for manager to add objects to

```
void lv_fragment_manager_remove(lv_fragment_manager_t *manager, lv_fragment_t *fragment)
```

Detach and destroy fragment. If fragment is in navigation stack, remove from it.

**Parameters**

- **manager** -- Fragment manager instance
- **fragment** -- Fragment instance

```
void lv_fragment_manager_push(lv_fragment_manager_t *manager, lv_fragment_t *fragment, lv_obj_t
                              *const *container)
```

Attach fragment to manager and add to navigation stack.

**Parameters**

- **manager** -- Fragment manager instance
- **fragment** -- Fragment instance
- **container** -- Pointer to container object for manager to add objects to

```
bool lv_fragment_manager_pop(lv_fragment_manager_t *manager)
```

Remove the top-most fragment for stack

**Parameters** **manager** -- Fragment manager instance

**Returns** true if there is fragment to pop

```
void lv_fragment_manager_replace(lv_fragment_manager_t *manager, lv_fragment_t *fragment, lv_obj_t
                                 *const *container)
```

Replace fragment. Old item in the stack will be removed.

**Parameters**

- **manager** -- Fragment manager instance
- **fragment** -- Fragment instance
- **container** -- Pointer to container object for manager to add objects to

```
bool lv_fragment_manager_send_event(lv_fragment_manager_t *manager, int code, void *userdata)
```

Send event to top-most fragment

**Parameters**

- **manager** -- Fragment manager instance
- **code** -- User-defined ID of event
- **userdata** -- User-defined data

**Returns** true if fragment returned true

size\_t **lv\_fragment\_manager\_get\_stack\_size**(lv\_fragment\_manager\_t \*manager)

Get stack size of this fragment manager

**Parameters** **manager** -- Fragment manager instance

**Returns** Stack size of this fragment manager

lv\_fragment\_t \***lv\_fragment\_manager\_get\_top**(lv\_fragment\_manager\_t \*manager)

Get top most fragment instance

**Parameters** **manager** -- Fragment manager instance

**Returns** Top most fragment instance

lv\_fragment\_t \***lv\_fragment\_manager\_find\_by\_container**(lv\_fragment\_manager\_t \*manager, const lv\_obj\_t \*container)

Find first fragment instance in the container

**Parameters**

- **manager** -- Fragment manager instance
- **container** -- Container which target fragment added to

**Returns** First fragment instance in the container

lv\_fragment\_t \***lv\_fragment\_manager\_get\_parent\_fragment**(lv\_fragment\_manager\_t \*manager)

Get parent fragment

**Parameters** **manager** -- Fragment manager instance

**Returns** Parent fragment instance

lv\_fragment\_t \***lv\_fragment\_create**(const lv\_fragment\_class\_t \*cls, void \*args)

Create a fragment instance.

**Parameters**

- **cls** -- Fragment class. This fragment must return non null object.
- **args** -- Arguments assigned by fragment manager

**Returns** Fragment instance

void **lv\_fragment\_del**(lv\_fragment\_t \*fragment)

Destroy a fragment.

**Parameters** **fragment** -- Fragment instance.

lv\_fragment\_manager\_t \***lv\_fragment\_get\_manager**(lv\_fragment\_t \*fragment)

Get associated manager of this fragment

**Parameters** **fragment** -- Fragment instance

**Returns** Fragment manager instance

lv\_obj\_t \*const \***lv\_fragment\_get\_container**(lv\_fragment\_t \*fragment)

Get container object of this fragment

**Parameters** **fragment** -- Fragment instance

**Returns** Reference to container object

lv\_fragment\_t \***lv\_fragment\_get\_parent**(lv\_fragment\_t \*fragment)

Get parent fragment of this fragment

**Parameters** **fragment** -- Fragment instance

**Returns** Parent fragment

*lv\_obj\_t* \***lv\_fragment\_create\_obj**(*lv\_fragment\_t* \*fragment, *lv\_obj\_t* \*container)  
Create object by fragment.

**Parameters**

- **fragment** -- Fragment instance.
- **container** -- Container of the objects should be created upon.

**Returns** Created object

void **lv\_fragment\_del\_obj**(*lv\_fragment\_t* \*fragment)  
Delete created object of a fragment

**Parameters** **fragment** -- Fragment instance.

void **lv\_fragment\_recreate\_obj**(*lv\_fragment\_t* \*fragment)  
Destroy obj in fragment, and recreate them.

**Parameters** **fragment** -- Fragment instance

struct **\_lv\_fragment\_t**

### Public Members

const *lv\_fragment\_class\_t* \***cls**  
Class of this fragment

*lv\_fragment\_managed\_states\_t* \***managed**  
Managed fragment states. If not null, then this fragment is managed.

**Warning:** Don't modify values inside this struct!

*lv\_fragment\_manager\_t* \***child\_manager**  
Child fragment manager

*lv\_obj\_t* \***obj**  
lv\_obj returned by create\_obj\_cb

struct **\_lv\_fragment\_class\_t**

### Public Members

void (\***constructor\_cb**)(*lv\_fragment\_t* \*self, void \*args)  
Constructor function for fragment class

**Parameters**

- **self** -- Fragment instance
- **args** -- Arguments assigned by fragment manager

void (\***destructor\_cb**)(*lv\_fragment\_t* \*self)

Destructor function for fragment class

**Parameters** **self** -- Fragment instance, will be freed after this call

void (\***attached\_cb**)(*lv\_fragment\_t* \*self)

Fragment attached to manager

**Parameters** **self** -- Fragment instance

void (\***detached\_cb**)(*lv\_fragment\_t* \*self)

Fragment detached from manager

**Parameters** **self** -- Fragment instance

*lv\_obj\_t* \*(\***create\_obj\_cb**)(*lv\_fragment\_t* \*self, *lv\_obj\_t* \*container)

Create objects

**Parameters**

- **self** -- Fragment instance
- **container** -- Container of the objects should be created upon

**Returns** Created object, NULL if multiple objects has been created

void (\***obj\_created\_cb**)(*lv\_fragment\_t* \*self, *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

**Parameters**

- **self** -- Fragment instance
- **obj** -- *lv\_obj* returned by `create_obj_cb`

void (\***obj\_will\_delete\_cb**)(*lv\_fragment\_t* \*self, *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Called before objects in the fragment will be deleted.

**Parameters**

- **self** -- Fragment instance
- **obj** -- object with this fragment

void (\***obj\_deleted\_cb**)(*lv\_fragment\_t* \*self, *lv\_obj\_t* \*obj)

Called when the object created by fragment received `LV_EVENT_DELETE` event

**Parameters**

- **self** -- Fragment instance
- **obj** -- object with this fragment

bool (\***event\_cb**)(*lv\_fragment\_t* \*self, int code, void \*userdata)

Handle event

**Parameters**

- **self** -- Fragment instance
- **which** -- User-defined ID of event
- **data1** -- User-defined data

- **data2** -- User-defined data

size\_t **instance\_size**  
*REQUIRED*: Allocation size of fragment

struct **\_lv\_fragment\_managed\_states\_t**  
*#include <lv\_fragment.h>* Fragment states

## Public Members

const *lv\_fragment\_class\_t* \***cls**  
 Class of the fragment

*lv\_fragment\_manager\_t* \***manager**  
 Manager the fragment attached to

*lv\_obj\_t* \*const \***container**  
 Container object the fragment adding view to

*lv\_fragment\_t* \***instance**  
 Fragment instance

bool **obj\_created**  
 true between `create_obj_cb` and `obj_deleted_cb`

bool **destroying\_obj**  
 true before `lv_fragment_del_obj` is called. Don't touch any object if this is true

bool **in\_stack**  
 true if this fragment is in navigation stack that can be popped



## CONTRIBUTING

### 10.1 Introduction

Join LVGL's community and leave your footprint in the library!

There are a lot of ways to contribute to LVGL even if you are new to the library or even new to programming.

It might be scary to make the first step but you have nothing to be afraid of. A friendly and helpful community is waiting for you. Get to know like-minded people and make something great together.

So let's find which contribution option fits you the best and help you join the development of LVGL!

Before getting started here are some guidelines to make contribution smoother:

- Be kind and friendly.
- Be sure to read the relevant part of the documentation before posting a question.
- Ask questions in the [Forum](#) and use [GitHub](#) for development-related discussions.
- Always fill out the post or issue templates in the Forum or GitHub (or at least provide equivalent information). It makes understanding your contribution or issue easier and you will get a useful response faster.
- If possible send an absolute minimal but buildable code example in order to reproduce the issue. Be sure it contains all the required variable declarations, constants, and assets (images, fonts).
- Use [Markdown](#) to format your posts. You can learn it in 10 minutes.
- Speak about one thing in one issue or topic. It makes your post easier to find later for someone with the same question.
- Give feedback and close the issue or mark the topic as solved if your question is answered.
- For non-trivial fixes and features, it's better to open an issue first to discuss the details instead of sending a pull request directly.
- Please read and follow the Coding style guide.

## 10.2 Pull request

Merging new code into the lvgl, documentation, blog, examples, and other repositories happen via *Pull requests* (PR for short). A PR is a notification like "Hey, I made some updates to your project. Here are the changes, you can add them if you want." To do this you need a copy (called fork) of the original project under your account, make some changes there, and notify the original repository about your updates. You can see what it looks like on GitHub for LVGL here: <https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl/pulls>.

To add your changes you can edit files online on GitHub and send a new Pull request from there (recommended for small changes) or add the updates in your favorite editor/IDE and use git to publish the changes (recommended for more complex updates).

### 10.2.1 From GitHub

1. Navigate to the file you want to edit.
2. Click the Edit button in the top right-hand corner.
3. Add your changes to the file.
4. Add a commit message on the bottom of the page.
5. Click the *Propose changes* button.

### 10.2.2 From command line

The instructions describe the main lvgl repository but it works the same way for the other repositories.

1. Fork the [lvgl repository](#). To do this click the "Fork" button in the top right corner. It will "copy" the lvgl repository to your GitHub account ([https://github.com/<YOUR\\_NAME>?tab=repositories](https://github.com/<YOUR_NAME>?tab=repositories))
2. Clone your forked repository.
3. Add your changes. You can create a *feature branch* from *master* for the updates: `git checkout -b the-new-feature`
4. Commit and push your changes to the forked lvgl repository.
5. Create a PR on GitHub from the page of your lvgl repository ([https://github.com/<YOUR\\_NAME>/lvgl](https://github.com/<YOUR_NAME>/lvgl)) by clicking the "New pull request" button. Don't forget to select the branch where you added your changes.
6. Set the base branch. It means where you want to merge your update. In the lvgl repo both the fixes and new features go to *master* branch.
7. Describe what is in the update. An example code is welcome if applicable.
8. If you need to make more changes, just update your forked lvgl repo with new commits. They will automatically appear in the PR.

### 10.2.3 Commit message format

The commit messages format is inspired by [Angular Commit Format](#).

The following structure should be used:

```
<type>(<scope>): <subject>
<BLANK LINE>
<body>
<BLANK LINE>
<footer>
```

Possible <type>s:

- **fix** bugfix in the source code.
- **feat** new feature
- **arch** architectural changes
- **perf** changes that affect the performance
- **example** anything related to examples (even fixes and new examples)
- **docs** anything related to the documentation (even fixes, formatting, and new pages)
- **test** anything related to tests (new and updated tests or CI actions)
- **chore** any minor formatting or style changes that would make the changelog noisy

<scope> is the module, file, or sub-system that is affected by the commit. It's usually one word and can be chosen freely. For example `img`, `layout`, `txt`, `anim`. The scope can be omitted.

<subject> contains a short description of the change:

- use the imperative, present tense: "change" not "changed" nor "changes"
- don't capitalize the first letter
- no dot (.) at the end
- max 90 characters

<body> optional and can be used to describe the details of this change.

<footer> shall contain

- the words "BREAKING CHANGE" if the changes break the API
- reference to the GitHub issue or Pull Request if applicable.

Some examples:

```
fix(img): update size if a new source is set
```

```
fix(bar): fix memory leak
```

```
The animations weren't deleted in the destructor.
```

```
Fixes: #1234
```

```
feat: add span widget
```

```
The span widget allows mixing different font sizes, colors and styles.
It's similar to HTML <span>
```

```
docs(porting): fix typo
```

## 10.3 Developer Certification of Origin (DCO)

### 10.3.1 Overview

To ensure all licensing criteria are met for every repository of the LVGL project, we apply a process called DCO (Developer's Certificate of Origin).

The text of DCO can be read here: <https://developercertificate.org/>.

By contributing to any repositories of the LVGL project you agree that your contribution complies with the DCO.

If your contribution fulfills the requirements of the DCO no further action is needed. If you are unsure feel free to ask us in a comment.

### 10.3.2 Accepted licenses and copyright notices

To make the DCO easier to digest, here are some practical guides about specific cases:

#### Your own work

The simplest case is when the contribution is solely your own work. In this case you can just send a Pull Request without worrying about any licensing issues.

#### Use code from online source

If the code you would like to add is based on an article, post or comment on a website (e.g. StackOverflow) the license and/or rules of that site should be followed.

For example in case of StackOverflow a notice like this can be used:

```
/* The original version of this code-snippet was published on StackOverflow.
 * Post: http://stackoverflow.com/questions/12345
 * Author: http://stackoverflow.com/users/12345/username
 * The following parts of the snippet were changed:
 * - Check this or that
 * - Optimize performance here and there
 */
... code snippet here ...
```

## Use MIT licensed code

As LVGL is MIT licensed, other MIT licensed code can be integrated without issues. The MIT license requires a copyright notice be added to the derived work. Any derivative work based on MIT licensed code must copy the original work's license file or text.

## Use GPL licensed code

The GPL license is not compatible with the MIT license. Therefore, LVGL can not accept GPL licensed code.

# 10.4 Ways to contribute

Even if you're just getting started with LVGL there are plenty of ways to get your feet wet. Most of these options don't even require knowing a single line of LVGL code.

Below we have collected some opportunities about the ways you can contribute to LVGL.

## 10.4.1 Give LVGL a Star

Show that you like LVGL by giving it star on GitHub!

Star

This simple click makes LVGL more visible on GitHub and makes it more attractive to other people. So with this, you already helped a lot!

## 10.4.2 Tell what you have achieved

Have you already started using LVGL in a *Simulator*, a development board, or on your custom hardware? Was it easy or were there some obstacles? Are you happy with the result? Showing your project to others is a win-win situation because it increases your and LVGL's reputation at the same time.

You can post about your project on Twitter, Facebook, LinkedIn, create a YouTube video, and so on. Only one thing: On social media don't forget to add a link to <https://lvgl.io> or <https://github.com/lvgl> and use the hashtag #lvgl. Thank you! :)

You can also open a new topic in the [My projects](#) category of the Forum.

The [LVGL Blog](#) welcomes posts from anyone. It's a good place to talk about a project you created with LVGL, write a tutorial, or share some nice tricks. The latest blog posts are shown on the [homepage of LVGL](#) to make your work more visible.

The blog is hosted on GitHub. If you add a post GitHub automatically turns it into a website. See the [README](#) of the blog repo to see how to add your post.

Any of these help to spread the word and familiarize new developers with LVGL.

If you don't want to speak about your project publicly, feel free to use [Contact form](#) on [lvgl.io](https://lvgl.io) to private message to us.

### 10.4.3 Write examples

As you learn LVGL you will probably play with the features of widgets. Why not publish your experiments?

Each widgets' documentation contains examples. For instance, here are the examples of the [Drop-down list](#) widget. The examples are directly loaded from the [lvgl/examples](#) folder.

So all you need to do is send a [Pull request](#) to the [lvgl](#) repository and follow some conventions:

- Name the examples like `lv_example_<widget_name>_<index>`.
- Make the example as short and simple as possible.
- Add comments to explain what the example does.
- Use 320x240 resolution.
- Update `index.rst` in the example's folder with your new example. To see how other examples are added, look in the [lvgl/examples/widgets](#) folder.

### 10.4.4 Improve the docs

As you read the documentation you might see some typos or unclear sentences. All the documentation is located in the [lvgl/docs](#) folder. For typos and straightforward fixes, you can simply edit the file on GitHub.

Note that the documentation is also formatted in [Markdown](#).

### 10.4.5 Report bugs

As you use LVGL you might find bugs. Before reporting them be sure to check the relevant parts of the documentation.

If it really seems like a bug feel free to open an [issue on GitHub](#).

When filing the issue be sure to fill out the template. It helps find the root of the problem while avoiding extensive questions and exchanges with other developers.

### 10.4.6 Send fixes

The beauty of open-source software is you can easily dig in to it to understand how it works. You can also fix or adjust it as you wish.

If you found and fixed a bug don't hesitate to send a [Pull request](#) with the fix.

In your Pull request please also add a line to [CHANGELOG.md](#).

### 10.4.7 Join the conversations in the Forum

It feels great to know you are not alone if something is not working. It's even better to help others when they struggle with something.

While you were learning LVGL you might have had questions and used the Forum to get answers. As a result, you probably have more knowledge about how LVGL works.

One of the best ways to give back is to use the Forum and answer the questions of newcomers - like you were once.

Just read the titles and if you are familiar with the topic don't hesitate to share your thoughts and suggestions.

Participating in the discussions is one of the best ways to become part of the project and get to know like-minded people!

### 10.4.8 Add features

If you have created a cool widget, or added useful feature to LVGL feel free to open a new PR for it. We collect the optional features (a.k.a. plugins) in `lvgl/src/extra` folder so if you are interested in adding a new features please use this folder. The [README](#) file describes the basics rules of contribution and also lists some ideas.

For further ideas take a look at the [Roadmap](#) page. If you are interested in any of them feel free to share your opinion and/or participate in the implementation.

Other features which are (still) not on the road map are listed in the [Feature request](#) category of the Forum.

When adding a new features the followings also needs to be updated:

- Update `lv_conf_template.h`
- Add description in the [docs](#)
- Add [examples](#)
- Update the [changelog](#)

### 10.4.9 Become a maintainer

If you want to become part of the core development team, you can become a maintainer of a repository.

By becoming a maintainer:

- You get write access to that repo:
  - Add code directly without sending a pull request
  - Accept pull requests
  - Close/reopen/edit issues
- Your input has higher impact when we are making decisions

You can become a maintainer by invitation, however the following conditions need to met

1. Have > 50 replies in the Forum. You can look at your stats [here](#)
2. Send > 5 non-trivial pull requests to the repo where you would like to be a maintainer

If you are interested, just send a message (e.g. from the Forum) to the current maintainers of the repository. They will check if the prerequisites are met. Note that meeting the prerequisites is not a guarantee of acceptance, i.e. if the conditions are met you won't automatically become a maintainer. It's up to the current maintainers to make the decision.

### 10.4.10 Move your project repository under LVGL organization

Besides the core `lvgl` repository there are other repos for ports to development boards, IDEs or other environment. If you ported LVGL to a new platform we can host it under the LVGL organization among the other repos.

This way your project will become part of the whole LVGL project and can get more visibility. If you are interested in this opportunity just open an [issue in lvgl repo](#) and tell what you have!

If we agree that your port fit well into the LVGL organization, we will open a repository for your project where you will have admin rights.

To make this concept sustainable there a few rules to follow:

- You need to add a README to your repo.
- We expect to maintain the repo to some extent:

- Follow at least the major versions of LVGL
  - Respond to the issues (in a reasonable time)
- If there is no activity in a repo for 1 year it will be archived



## CHANGELOG

### 11.1 v8.2.0 31 January 2022

#### 11.1.1 Overview

Among many fixes and minor updates these are the most important features in v8.2.0:

- Abstract render layer to make it easier to attack external draw engines
- Add `LV_FLAD_OVERFLOW_VISIBLE`. If enabled the children of an object won't be clipped to the boundary of the object
- Add ffmpeg decoder support to play videos and open a wide variety of image formats
- Add font fallback support
- Add gradient dithering support
- Add "monkey test"
- Add cmsis-pack support
- Add Grid navigation (`lv_gridnav`)

The GPU support for NXP microcontrollers is still not updated to the new draw architecture. See [#3052](#)

#### 11.1.2 Breaking Changes

- :warning: feat(fs): add caching option for `lv_fs-read` [2979](#)
- :warning: feat(span): `lv_spangroup_get_expand_width()` adds a parameter [2968](#)
- :warning: arch(draw): allow replacing the draw engine [db53ea9](#)
- :warning: indexed images are not chroma keyed. Use the alpha chaneel instead.

### 11.1.3 Architectural

- arch(draw): separate SW renderer to allow replacing it [2803](#)
- arch: merge lv\_demos [5414652](#)
- arch(sdl): migrated to use new backend architecture [2840](#)
- arch(env): move rt-thread into env\_support folder [3025](#)
- arch(env): arch(env): move the cmake folder into the env\_support folder [773d50f](#)
- arch(env): move the zephyr folder into the env\_support folder [4bd1e7e](#)

### 11.1.4 New Features

- feat(cmsis-pack): prepare for lvgl v8.2.0 release [3062](#)
- feat(gridnav): add lv\_gridnav [2911](#)
- feat: update the cmsis-pack to 0.8.3 [3021](#)
- feat(sdl): support rounded images [3012](#)
- feat(cmsis-pack): add cmsis-pack support [2993](#)
- feat(event): add preprocessing and stop bubbling features for events [3003](#)
- feat(draw): add gradient dithering support [2872](#)
- feat(symbols): add guards to LV\_SYMBOL\_\* to allow redefining them [2973](#)
- feat(obj): subdivide LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_SCROLL\_CHAIN into ...CHAIN\_HOR and ...CHAIN\_VER [2961](#)
- feat(draw): add draw\_bg callback to draw\_ctx #2934 [2935](#)
- feat(docs): add Chinese readme [2919](#)
- feat(txt): add used\_width parameter to \_lv\_txt\_get\_next\_line() [2898](#)
- feat(others) add monkey test [2885](#)
- feat(rlottie): add animation control options [2857](#)
- feat(lv\_hal\_indev): add missing lv\_indev\_delete() [2854](#)
- feat(freetype): optimize memory allocation [2849](#)
- feat(Kconfig): add FreeType config [2846](#)
- feat(widgets): add menu widget [2603](#)
- feat(refr): add reset function for FPS statistics [2832](#)
- feat(Kconfig): add monitor position configuration [2834](#)
- feat(examples) add micropython versions of the external library examples [2762](#)
- feat(freetype): support bold and italic [2824](#)
- feat(font) add fallback support and mem. font load option to FreeType [2796](#)
- feat(lib) add ffmpeg video and image decoder [2805](#)
- feat(obj): add LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_OVERFLOW\_VISIBLE [e7ac0e4](#)
- feat(scrollbar): add more control over scrollbar paddings [4197b2f](#)

- feat(dropdown): keep the list on open/close for simpler styling [9d3134b](#)
- feat(qrcode) use destructor instead of lv\_qrcode\_delete() [318edd8](#)
- feat(displ) allow decoupling the disp\_refr timer [85cc84a](#)
- feat(obj): add lv\_obj\_get\_event\_user\_data() [53ececc](#)
- feat(obj) add LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_SCROLL\_WITH\_ARROW [70327bd](#)
- feat/slider): consider ext\_click\_area on the knob with LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_ADV\_HITTEST [9d3fb41](#)

### 11.1.5 Performance

- perf(sdl): optimize the use of SDL\_RenderSetClipRect [2941](#)
- perf(color): add faster lv\_color\_hex function [2864](#)

### 11.1.6 Fixes

- fix(micropython) update examples for new API [3059](#)
- fix: increase default value of LV\_MEM\_SIZE for lv\_demo\_widgets #3057 [3058](#)
- fix(cmsis-pack): fix issue #3032 [3056](#)
- fix(porting): add missing function prototypes [3054](#)
- fix(kconfig): add missing default values [3050](#)
- fix(canvas): force canvas to use sw draw [3045](#)
- fix(rt-thread): use ARCH\_CPU\_BIG\_ENDIAN to replace RT\_USING\_BIG\_ENDIAN [3044](#)
- fix(gradient): general cleanup and fix for alignment issues [3036](#)
- fix(draw): rendering issues for vertical gradient with and without dithering [3034](#)
- fix uninitialized variable [3033](#)
- fix(lru): lower dependency for standard C functions [3024](#)
- fix(env\_support): move cmsis-pack to env\_support folder [3026](#)
- fix(doc): full covering opacity is 255, not 256 [3022](#)
- fix uninitialized variables [3023](#)
- fix various issues for esp32 [3007](#)
- fix(sdl): fix clipped image drawing [2992](#)
- fix(draw): missed bg\_color renaming in the draw function [3002](#)
- fix(porting): fix typo and an unmatched prototype [2998](#)
- fix(conf) add missing LV\_LOG\_LEVEL default definition [2996](#)
- fix(refr): crash if full\_refresh = 1 [2999](#)
- fix(Kconfig): adapt to lvgl's built-in demos [2989](#)
- fix(Makefile): compilation errors [2944](#)
- fix(rlottie): fix variable name [2971](#)
- fix(group): in lv\_group\_del() remove group from indev (lvgl#2963) [2964](#)

- fix(obj): old parent's scroll is not updated in lv\_obj\_set\_parent() 2965
- fix(fatfs) add missing cast 2969
- fix(snapshot) fix memory leak 2970
- fix(examples) move event callback registration outside loop in lv\_example\_event\_3 2959
- fix(canvas): off by one error in size check in lv\_canvas\_copy\_buf 2950
- fix(indev) add braces to avoid compiler warning 2947
- fix: fix parameter order in function prototypes 2929
- fix(style):add const qualifier for lv\_style\_get\_prop() 2933
- fix(dropdown): in lv\_dropdpwn\_get\_selected\_str handle if there are no options 2925
- fix: lv\_deinit/lv\_init crash or hang 2910
- fix(rt-thread): improve the structure 2912
- fix: removed string format warnings for int32\_t and uint32\_t 2924
- fix(lv\_fs\_win32): add missing include of <stdio.h> 2918
- fix: use unsigned integer literal for bit shifting. 2888
- chore(lottie) move rlottie\_capi.h to lv\_rlottie.c 2902
- fix(qrcodegen) add brackets around assert calls 2897
- fix(list) guard image creation with LV\_USE\_IMG 2881
- fix(snapshot): make fake display size big enough to avoid align issue. 2883
- fix(sdl) correct makefile 2884
- fix(draw): fix set\_px\_cb memory write overflow crash. 2882
- fix(freetype): fix memset error 2877
- fix(span): fix align and break word 2861
- fix(refr): swap buffers only on the last area with direct mode 2867
- fix(arc) free memory when drawing full-circle arc 2869
- fix(indev): update lv\_indev\_drv\_update to free the read\_timer 2850
- fix(draw): fix memory access out of bounds when using blend subtract 2860
- fix(chart) add lv\_chart\_refresh() to the functions which modify the data 2841
- fix(conf) mismatched macro judgment 2843
- fix(ffmpeg): when disabled LV\_FFMPEG\_AV\_DUMP\_FORMAT makes av\_log quiet 2838
- fix(rt-thread): fix a bug of log 2811
- fix(log): to allow printf and custom\_print\_cb to work at same time 2837
- fix(keyboard): add missing functions 2835
- fix(checkbox) remove unnecessary events 2829
- fix(qrcode): replace memcpy() with lv\_memcpy() and delete useless macros 2827
- fix(font) improve builtin font source files generation process 2825
- fix(CMake) split CMakeLists.txt, add options, includes and dependencies 2753

- fix(obj): make lv\_obj\_fade\_in/out use the current opa as start value [2819](#)
- fix(qrcode): minimize margins as much as possible [2804](#)
- fix(scripts): switch all scripts to python3 [2820](#)
- fix(event): event\_send\_core crash in special case. [2807](#)
- fix(Kconfig) remove duplicate LV\_BUILD\_EXAMPLES configuration [2813](#)
- fix(obj): in obj event use the current target instead of target [2785](#)
- fix(draw\_label): radius Mask doesn't work in Specific condition [2784](#)
- fix(draw\_mask): will crash if get\_width/height < 0 [2793](#)
- fix(theme) make the basic theme really basic [a369f18](#)
- fix(arc): fix knob invalidation [345f688](#)
- fix(theme): add arc, spinner and colorwheel to basic theme [adc218a](#)
- fix(conf) define LV\_LOG\_TRACE\_... to 0 in lv\_conf\_internal.h to avoid warnings [305284c](#)
- fix(draw): consider opa and clip corner on bg\_img [d51aea4](#)
- fix(draw): add grad\_cache\_mem to GC\_ROOTs [138db9c](#)
- fix(bar, slider): fix shadow drawing on short indicators [364ca3c](#)
- fix(theme): fix theme initialization issue introduced in 6e0072479 [d231644](#)
- fix(draw): add lv\_draw\_sw\_bg [49642d3](#)
- fix(draw) border\_draw crash is special case [075831a](#)
- fix(theme): fix crash in lv\_theme\_basic\_init [ca5f04c](#)
- fix(draw): fix indexed image drawing [5a0dbcc](#)
- fix(roller): clip overflowing text [5709528](#)
- fix(align) fix LV\_SIZE\_CONTENT size calculation with not LEFT or TOP alignment [9c67642](#)
- fix(draw): futher bg\_img draw fixes [81bfb76](#)
- fix(btnmatrix): keep the selected button even on release [d47cd1d](#)
- fix(sw): make knob size calculation more intuitive [5ec532d](#)
- fix(switch): make knob height calculation similar to slider [0921dfc](#)
- fix(span): explicitly set span->txt to the return value of lv\_mem\_realloc(#3005) [a9a6cb8](#)
- fix(example): update LVGL\_Arduino.ino [d79283c](#)
- fix(draw) simplify how outline\_pad is compensated [81d8be1](#)
- fix(obj) make LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_SCROLL\_CHAIN part of the enum instead of define [f8d8856](#)
- fix(label): dot not add dots if the label height > 1 font line height [4d61f38](#)
- fix(event): crash if an object was deleted in an event [9810920](#)
- fix(build) fix sdl build with make [43729d1](#)
- fix(config): fix anonymus choice [71c739c](#)
- chore(docs): fix lv\_list\_add\_text [a5fbf22](#)
- fix(png) check png magic number to be sure it's a png image [1092550](#)

- fix(btnmatrix): fix crash if an empty btnmatrix is pressed [2392f58](#)
- fix(mem/perf monitor): fix issue introduced in #2910 [0788d91](#)
- fix(layout) fix layout recalculation trigger in lv\_obj\_add/clear\_fleg [ee65410](#)
- fix(obj) fix lv\_obj\_fade\_in [4931384](#)
- fix(draw): fix clipping children to parent [5c98ac8](#)
- fix: remove symlinks to be accepted as an Arduino library [6701d36](#)
- chore: fix typos in FATFS config [74091c4](#)
- fix(refr): fix missed buffer switch in double full-screen buffer + direct\_mode [731ef5a](#)
- chore(qrcode): fix warnings [e9d7080](#)
- docs(event): tell to not adjust widgets in draw events [933d67f](#)
- fix(table, chart): fix memory leaks [8d52de1](#)
- fix(event): handle object deletion in indev->feedback\_cb [bfc8edf](#)
- fix(roller): snap on press lost [fa9340c](#)
- fix(dropdown) be sure the list is the top object on the screen [cb7fc2b](#)
- fix(img) fix invalidation issue on transformations [d5ede0e](#)
- fix(obj) fix comments of lv\_obj\_set\_pos/x/y [b9a5078](#)

### 11.1.7 Examples

- example: add non-null judgment to lv\_example\_obj\_2 [2799](#)
- example(table): fix text alignment [b03dc9c](#)

### 11.1.8 Docs

- docs(demos) update information to reflect new layout [3029](#)
- docs(porting): remove duplicated content [2984](#)
- docs(display) fix typo [2946](#)
- docs(get-started) add introduction for Tasmota and Berry [2874](#)
- docs fix spelling, parameter descriptions, comments, etc [2865](#)
- docs: spelling fixes [2828](#)
- docs(style) minor style fix [2818](#)
- docs(porting/display) fix formatting [2812](#)
- docs(roadmap) update [084439e](#)
- docs(widgets) fix edit links [7ed1a56](#)
- docs(contributing) update commit message format [1cd851f](#)
- docs(porting): add more details about adding lvgl to your project [6ce7348](#)
- docs(indev): add description about gestures [2719862](#)
- docs(style): describe const styles [28ffae8](#)

- docs(faq): add "LVGL doesn't start, nothing is drawn on the display" section [0388d92](#)
- docs add demos [02a6614](#)
- docs(fs): update fs interface description to the latest API [285e6b3](#)
- docs(format) let wrap [4bf49a8](#)
- docs(imgbtn) fix typo [d792c5f](#)
- docs(porting) clarify that displays must be registered before input devices [1c64b78](#)
- docs(event) fix lv\_event\_get\_original\_target vs lv\_event\_get\_current\_target [cdd5128](#)
- docs(events) rename LV\_EVENT\_APPLY to LV\_EVENT\_READY (#2791) [bf6837f](#)
- docs(gpu): link style properties and boxing model [6266851](#)
- docs(gesture): clarify gesture triggering with scrolling [e3b43ee](#)
- docs(contributing): remove the mentioning of the dev branch [00d4ef3](#)
- docs(bar) fix default range [eeee48b](#)
- docs(event): tell to not adjust widgets in draw events [933d67f](#)
- docs(switch) improve wording [b4986ab](#)
- docs(font) fix example to match v8 [2f80896](#)

### 11.1.9 CI and tests

- test(bar): add unit tests [2845](#)
- test(switch): add initial unit test [2794](#)
- test(demo) add tests for widget and stress demos [3bd6ad8](#)
- test(dropdown) fix to pass again [918b3de](#)
- test add support for using system heap [446b1eb](#)
- ci remove formatting request workflow [6de89e4](#)
- ci initial support for cross-architecture tests [7008770](#)
- ci create handler for formatting requests [7af7849](#)
- test(style) add test for gradient [da8f345](#)
- test(event) add test for #2886 [51ef9c2](#)
- ci add workflow to check code formatting [a2b555e](#)
- ci attempt to speed up cross tests [80408f7](#)
- ci apply my updates to the verify-formatting action [02f02fa](#)
- ci: add arduino linter action [f79b00c](#)
- ci update action [be9722c](#)
- ci more formatting action updates [1f6037c](#)
- ci disable LeakSanitizer on dockerized tests [c9e1927](#)
- ci one last try at this for tonight [dddafae](#)
- ci try alternate checkout mechanism [cb3de30](#)

- test(style) fix compile error [ba083df](#)
- test(template) simplify \_test\_template.c [b279f63](#)
- ci force ccache to be saved every time [a7c590f](#)
- ci switch to codecov v2 [6b84155](#)
- ci more debugging for formatting action [2f8e4bc](#)
- ci inline apt-get commands [90e2b9f](#)
- ci(micropython) use ESP-IDF 4.4 [b34fe9e](#)
- ci add 5k stack limit [4122dda](#)
- ci force use of ccache in PATH [6de3fa8](#)
- ci add back stack usage check at 4 kilobytes [89135d6](#)
- ci temporarily disable stack usage check [1900c21](#)
- ci(cross) use python3 instead of python [df7eaa0](#)
- ci use specific version tag [59b4769](#)
- ci fix check style action [5bb3686](#)
- ci fix typo in formatting action [d1ccbf6](#)
- ci test formatting action [065d821](#)
- ci(micropython) switch to newer GCC action [1fa7257](#)
- ci(style) force color on diff to help highlight whitespace changes [04f47ea](#)
- ci(cross) install build-essential [772f219](#)
- ci force pushing to upstream branch [8277f78](#)
- ci ensure lvgl-bot is used to make commits [9fcf52a](#)

## 11.2 v8.1.0 10 November 2021

### 11.2.1 Overview

v8.1 is minor release so besides many fixes it contains a lot of new features too.

Some of the most important features are

- Built in support for SDL based GPU drawing
- Much faster circle drawing in the software renderer
- Several [3rd party libraries](#) are merged directly into LVGL.
- Add LVGL as an [RT-Thread](#) and [ESP32](#) component



## 11.2.2 Breaking Changes

- :warning: feat(calendar): add the header directly into the calendar widget [2e08f80](#)

## 11.2.3 Architectural

- arch add small 3rd party libs to lvgl [2569](#)

## 11.2.4 New Features

- feat(display) add direct\_mode drawing mode [2460](#)
- feat(conf): make LV\_MEM\_BUF\_MAX\_NUM configurable [2747](#)
- feat(displ): add non-fullscreen display utilities [2724](#)
- feat(rlottie) add LVGL-Rlottie interface as 3rd party lib [2700](#)
- feat(rtthread): prepare for porting the device-driver of rt-thread [2719](#)
- feat(fsdv) add driver based on Win32 API [2701](#)
- feat(span) indent supports percent for fix and break mode [2693](#)
- feat(rt-thread): implement rt-thread sconscript [2674](#)
- feat(lv\_spinbox) support both right-to-left and left-to-right digit steps when clicking encoder button [2644](#)
- feat add support for rt-thread RTOS [2660](#)
- feat(displ): Enable rendering to display subsection [2583](#)
- feat(keyboard): add user-defined modes [2651](#)
- feat(event) add LV\_EVENT\_CHILD\_CREATED/DELETED [2618](#)
- feat(btnmatrix/keyboard): add option to show popovers on button press [2537](#)
- feat(msgbox) add a content area for custom content [2561](#)
- feat(tests): Include debug information to test builds [2568](#)
- feat(drawing) hardware accelerated rendering by SDL2 [2484](#)
- feat(msgbox): omit title label unless needed [2539](#)
- feat(msgbox): add function to get selected button index [2538](#)
- feat(make) add lvgl interface target for micropython [2529](#)
- feat(obj) add lv\_obj\_move\_to\_index(obj, index), renamed lv\_obj\_get\_child\_id(obj) to lv\_obj\_get\_index(obj) [2514](#)
- feat(obj) add lv\_obj\_swap() function [2461](#)
- feat(mem) LV\_MEM\_POOL\_ALLOC [2458](#)
- feat(switch) add smooth animation when changing state [2442](#)
- feat(anim) add interface for handling lv\_anim user data. [2415](#)
- feat(obj) add lv\_is\_initialized [2402](#)
- feat(obj) Backport keypad and encoder scrolling from v7 lv\_page to v8 lv\_obj [2390](#)

- feat(snapshot) add API to take snapshot for object [2353](#)
- feat(anim) add anim timeline [2309](#)
- feat(span) Add missing spangroup functions [2379](#)
- feat(img) add img\_size property [2284](#)
- feat(calendar) improve MicroPython example [2366](#)
- feat(spinbox ) add function to set cursor to specific position [2314](#)
- feat(timer) check if lv\_tick\_inc is called [aa6641a](#)
- feat(event, widgets) improve the paramter of LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_BEGIN/END [88c4859](#)
- feat(docs) improvements to examples [4b8c73a](#)
- feat(obj) send LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_BEGIN/END for MAIN and SCROLLBAR parts [b203167](#)
- feat(led) send LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_BEGIN/END [fcd4aa3](#)
- feat(chart) send LV\_EVENT\_DRAW\_PART\_BEGIN/END before/after the division line drawing section. [e0ae2aa](#)
- feat(tests) upload coverage to codecov [4fff99d](#)
- feat(conf) add better check for Kconfig default [f8fe536](#)
- feat(draw) add LV\_BLEND\_MODE\_MULTIPLY [cc78ef4](#)
- feat(test) add assert for screenshot compare [2f7a005](#)
- feat(event) pass the scroll aniamtion to LV\_EVENT\_SCROLL\_BEGIN [ca54ecf](#)
- feat(obj) place the scrollbar to the left with RTL base dir. [906448e](#)
- feat(log) allow overwriting LV\_LOG\_... macros [17b8a76](#)
- feat(arc) add support to LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_ADV\_HITTEST [dfa4f5c](#)
- feat(event) add LV\_SCREEN\_(UN)LOAD\_START [7bae9e3](#)
- feat(obj) add lv\_obj\_del\_delayed() [c6a2e15](#)
- feat(docs) add view on GitHub link [a716ac6](#)
- feat(event) add LV\_EVENT\_SCREEN\_LOADED/UNLOADED events [ee5369e](#)
- feat(textarea) remove the need of lv\_textarea\_set\_align [56ebb1a](#)
- feat(rt-thread): support LVGL projects with GCC/Keil(AC5)/Keil(AC6)/IAR [32d33fe](#)
- feat(docs) lazy load individual examples as well [918d948](#)
- feat: add LV\_USE\_MEM\_PERF/MONITOR\_POS [acd0f4f](#)
- feat(canvas) add lv\_canvas\_set\_px\_opa [b3b3ffc](#)
- feat(event) add lv\_obj\_remove\_event\_cb\_with\_user\_data [4eddeb3](#)
- feat(obj) add lv\_obj\_get\_x/y\_aligned [98bc1fe](#)

## 11.2.5 Performance

- perf(draw) reimplement circle drawing algorithms [2374](#)
- perf(anim\_timeline) add lv\_anim\_timeline\_stop() [2411](#)
- perf(obj) remove lv\_obj\_get\_child\_cnt from cycle limit checks [ebb9ce9](#)
- perf(draw) reimplement rectangle drawing algorithms [5b3d3dc](#)
- perf(draw) ignore masks if they don't affect the current draw area [a842791](#)
- perf(refresh) optimize where to wait for lv\_disp\_flush\_ready with 2 buffers [d0172f1](#)
- perf(draw) speed up additive blending [3abe517](#)

## 11.2.6 Fixes

- fix(bidi): add weak characters to the previous strong character's run [2777](#)
- fix(draw\_img): radius mask doesn't work in specific condition [2786](#)
- fix(border\_post): ignore bg\_img\_opa draw when draw border\_post [2788](#)
- fix(refresh) switch to portable format specifiers [2781](#)
- fix(stm32) Mark unused variable in stm32 DMA2D driver [2782](#)
- fix(conf): Make LV\_COLOR\_MIX\_ROUND\_OFS configurable [2766](#)
- fix(misc): correct the comment and code style [2769](#)
- fix(draw\_map) use existing variables instead function calls [2776](#)
- fix(draw\_img): fix typos in API comments [2773](#)
- fix(draw\_img):radius Mask doesn't work in Specific condition [2775](#)
- fix(proto) Remove redundant prototype declarations [2771](#)
- fix(conf) better support bool option from Kconfig [2555](#)
- fix(draw\_border):draw error if radius == 0 and parent clip\_corner == true [2764](#)
- fix(msgbox) add declaration for lv\_msgbox\_content\_class [2761](#)
- fix(core) add L suffix to enums to ensure 16-bit compatibility [2760](#)
- fix(anim): add lv\_anim\_get\_playtime [2745](#)
- fix(area) minor fixes [2749](#)
- fix(mem): ALIGN\_MASK should equal 0x3 on 32bit platform [2748](#)
- fix(template) prototype error [2755](#)
- fix(anim): remove time\_orig from lv\_anim\_t [2744](#)
- fix(draw\_rect):bottom border lost if enable clip\_corner [2742](#)
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- docs(style) use correct API name for local styles [2550](#)
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- docs(color) update colors' docs [9056b5e](#)
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- docs(color) minor fix [ac8f453](#)
- docs update changelog [c386110](#)
- docs(extra) add extra/README.md [8cd504d](#)
- docs add lazy load to the iframes of the examples [c49e830](#)
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- docs include paths in libs [f5f9562](#)
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- docs(obj) add comment lv\_obj\_get\_x/y/width/height about postponed layout recalculation [533066e](#)
- docs fix example list [ed77ed1](#)
- docs describe the options to include or skip lv\_conf.h [174ef66](#)
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- docs update CHANGELOG [0f8bc18](#)
- docs(image) mention the frame\_id parameter of lv\_img\_decoder\_open [2433732](#)
- docs(arduino) update how to use the examples [06962a5](#)
- docs(rlottie): fix typo in commands [ed9169c](#)
- docs(indev, layer) update lv\_obj\_set\_click() to lv\_obj\_add\_flag() [bcd99e8](#)
- docs update version support table [e6e98ab](#)
- docs fix example list [c6f99ad](#)
- docs(examples) add <hr/> to better separate examples [a1b59e3](#)
- docs(checkbox) update the comment lv\_checkbox\_set\_text\_static [3e0ddd0](#)
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### 11.2.9 CI and tests

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- test(ci) build and run tests in parallel. [2515](#)
- ci(tests) run tests using ctest [2503](#)
- ci(tests) add dependency on GNU parallel [2510](#)
- ci(tests) use common script to install development prereqs [2504](#)
- test convert Makefile to CMake [2495](#)
- test Refactor unit test scripts. [2473](#)
- test(font\_loader) migrate the existing font loader test [bc5b3be](#)
- test add build test again, add dropdown test, integrate gcov and gvoctr [e35b1d0](#)
- test(dropdown) add tests for keypad and encoder [4143b80](#)
- test add keypad and encoder emulators [e536bb6](#)
- tests add mouse emulator [2ba810b](#)
- tests add README [b765643](#)
- test add move tests to test\_cases and test\_runners directories [e9e010a](#)
- test fix CI build error [c38cae2](#)
- ci add config for 8bpp [3eacc59](#)
- test move more source files to src folder [3672f87](#)
- test update CI for the new tests [a3898b9](#)
- test clean up report folder [b9b4ba5](#)
- test fix build error [61cda59](#)
- test(font\_loader) migrate the existing font loader test [d6dbbaa](#)
- test add move tests to test\_cases and test\_runners directories [d2e735e](#)
- test add 3rd party libs to all tests and also fix them [7a95fa9](#)
- test(arc): add test case for adv\_hittest [e83df6f](#)
- ci create check for lv\_conf\_internal.h [5d8285e](#)
- test fix warning and docs build error [d908f31](#)

- ci(micropython) add rp2 port [1ab5c96](#)
- test(dropdown) remove dummy test case [9fb98da](#)
- ci(codecov) hide statuses on commits for now [0b7be77](#)
- ci(docs) run apt-get update before installation [f215174](#)
- test fix LV\_USE\_LOG\_LEVEL -> LV\_LOG\_LEVEL typo [80f0b09](#)
- ci(micropython) add GCC problem matcher [ab316a0](#)
- test convert Makefile to CMake (#2495) [9c846ee](#)

### 11.2.10 Others

- chore: replace (void)xxx with LV\_UNUSED(xxx) [2779](#)
- animation improvement [2743](#)
- Improve LV\_FORMAT\_ATTRIBUTE usage [2673](#)
- Fix typo in commands to build rlottie [2723](#)
- del(.gitmodules): delete .gitmodules [2718](#)
- lv\_obj\_draw\_part\_dsc\_t.text\_length added [2694](#)
- expose LV\_COLOR\_DEPTH and LV\_COLOR\_16\_SWAP in micropython [2679](#)
- sync lvgl/lv\_fs\_if [2676](#)
- build: always enable CMake install rule in default configuration [2636](#)
- build: fix lib name in CMakeLists [2641](#)
- build: remove use of 'project' keyword in CMakeLists [2640](#)
- build add install rule to CMakeList.txt [2621](#)
- Fixed row size calculation [2633](#)
- arch add small 3rd party libs to lvgl [2569](#)
- Kconfig: Add missing options [2597](#)
- Espressif IDF component manager [2521](#)
- chore(btnmatrix) removed unnecessary semicolon [2520](#)
- Update README.md [2516](#)
- Corrected a function name in obj.md [2511](#)
- Simple spelling fixes [2496](#)
- added lv\_obj\_move\_up() and lv\_obj\_move\_down() [2467](#)
- Fix buf name error for "lv\_port\_disp\_template.c" and optimize the arduino example [2475](#)
- Fix two examples in the docs with new v8 api [2486](#)
- kconfig: minor fix for default dark theme option [2426](#)
- doc(table) update doc on cell merging [2397](#)
- added example lv\_example\_anim\_timeline\_1.py [2387](#)
- refactor(printf) add printf-like function attribute to \_lv\_txt\_set\_text\_vfmt and lv\_label\_set\_text\_fmt [2332](#)

- Update win.md [2352](#)
- Nxp pxp vglite v8 dev [2313](#)
- More Snapable --> Snappable replacements [2304](#)
- Spelling and other language fixes to documentation [2293](#)
- Update quick-overview.md [2295](#)
- adding micropython examples [2286](#)
- format run code-formatter.sh [d67dd94](#)
- Update ROADMAP.md [2b1ae3c](#)
- Create .codecov.yml [e53aa82](#)
- refactor(examples) drop JS-specific code from header.py [ef41450](#)
- make test run on mseter and release/v8.\* [227402a](#)
- Update release.yml [0838f12](#)
- refactor(examples) drop usys import from header.py [ad1f91a](#)
- Update ROADMAP.md [a38fcf2](#)
- Revert "feat(conf) add better check for Kconfig default" [a5793c7](#)
- remove temporary test file [a958c29](#)
- start to implement release/patch [1626a0c](#)
- chore(indev) minor formatting [79ab3d2](#)
- add basic patch release script [1c3ecf1](#)
- chore(example) minor improvements on lv\_example\_list\_2 [bb6d6b7](#)
- tool: add changelog\_gen.sh to automatically generate changelog [6d95521](#)
- update version numbers to v8.1.0-dev [8691611](#)
- chore(test) improve prints [ea8bed3](#)
- chore(test) improve prints [0c4bca0](#)
- chore: update lv\_conf\_internal.h [41c2dd1](#)
- chore(format) lv\_conf\_template.h minor formatting [3c86d77](#)
- chore(docs) always deploy master to docs/master as well [6d05692](#)
- Update CHANGELOG.md [48fd73d](#)
- Fix compile errors [6c956cc](#)
- Update textarea.md [6d8799f](#)
- chore(assert) add warning about higher memory usage if LV\_USE\_ASSERT\_STYLE is enabled [33e4330](#)
- Update page.html [9573bab](#)
- chore(docs) force docs rebuild [4a0f413](#)
- Fix typo error in color.md [572880c](#)
- Update arc.md [2a9b9e6](#)
- Update index.rst [9ce2c77](#)



- chore(docs) minor formatting on example's GitHub link [75209e8](#)
- chore(lv\_conf\_template) fix spelling mistake [9d134a9](#)
- Update CHANGELOG.md [8472360](#)
- chore(stale) disable on forks [93c1303](#)
- Revert "fix(tests) remove src/test\_runners when cleaning" [ae15a1b](#)
- style fix usage of clang-format directives [2122583](#)
- Revert "fix(indev) focus on objects on release instead of press" [f61b2ca](#)

## 11.3 v8.0.2 (16.07.2021)

- fix(theme) improve button focus of keyboard
- fix(tabview) send LV\_EVENT\_VALUE\_CHANGED only once
- fix(imgbtn) use the correct src in LV\_EVENT\_GET\_SELF\_SIZE
- fix(color) remove extraneous cast for 8-bit color
- fix(obj style) fix children reposition if the parent's padding changes.
- fix(color) remove extraneous LV\_COLOR\_MAKE\_TYPE\_HELPER (#2372)
- fix(spinner) should not be clickable (#2373)
- fix(obj) improve how the focusing indev is determined
- fix(template) update indev template for v8
- fix(sprintf) skip defining attribute if pycparser is used
- refactor(sprintf) add printf-like function attribute to lv\_txt\_set\_text\_vfmt and lv\_label\_set\_text\_fmt (#2332)
- fix(template) include lvgl.h in lv\_port\_\*\_template.c files
- fix(obj) detecting which indev sent LV\_EVENT\_FOCUS
- fix (span) fill LV\_EVENT\_GET\_SELF\_SIZE (#2360)
- fix(arc) disable LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_SCROLL\_CHAIN by default
- fix (draw) fix arc bg image drawing with full arcs
- fix(dispatch) fix memory leak in lv\_disp\_remove (#2355)
- fix warnings introduced by 3fb8baf5
- fix(widgets) use lv\_obj\_class for all the widgets
- fix(obj) move clean ups from lv\_obj\_del to lv\_obj\_destructor
- fix(roller) fix partial redraw of the selected area
- fix(roller) adjust the size of the selected area correctly
- fix(obj) delete useless type conversion (#2343)
- fix(lv\_obj\_scroll.h) typos (#2345)
- fix(scroll) fire LV\_EVENT\_SCROLL\_BEGIN in the same spot for both axes
- fix(btnmatrix) fix button invalidation on focus change

- fix(textarea) style update in oneline mode + improve scroll to cursor
- fix(tlsf) do not use <assert.h>
- fix(imgbtn) consider width==LV\_SIZE\_CONTENT if only mid. img is set
- fix(refr) reduce the nesting level in lv\_refr\_area
- fix(txt) enhance the function of break\_chars (#2327)
- fix(pxp): update RTOS macro for SDK 2.10
- fix(vglite): update for v8
- fix(pxp): update for v8
- fix(flex) fix layout update and invalidation issues
- fix(flex) fix NULL pointer dereference
- fix(obj, switch) do not send LV\_EVENT\_VALUE\_CHANGED twice
- fix(color) overflow with 16-bit color depth
- fix(coords) fix using large coordinates
- fix(chart) fix crash if no series are added
- fix(chart) invalidation with LV\_CHART\_UPDATE\_MODE\_SHIFT
- fix(align) fix lv\_obj\_align\_to G
- fix(table) invalidate the table on cell value change
- fix(label) remove duplicated lv\_obj\_refresh\_self\_size
- fix(draw) underflow in subpixel font drawing
- fix (scroll) do not send unnecessary scroll end events

## 11.4 v8.0.1 (14.06.2021)

- docs(filesystem) update to v8 7971ade4
- fix(msgbox) create modals on top layer instead of act screen 5cf6303e
- fix(colorwheel) disable LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_SCROLL\_CHAIN by default 48d1c292
- docs(grid) typo fix (#2310) 69d109d2
- fix(arduino) fix the prototype of my\_touchpad\_read in the LVGL\_Arduino.ino 1a62f7a6
- fix(meter) fix needle image invalidation 54d8e817
- fix(mem) add lv\_ prefix to tlsf functions and types 0d52b59c
- fix(calendar) fix the position calculation today ad05e196
- fix(typo) rename LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_SNAPABLE to LV\_OBJ\_FLAG\_SNAPPABLE e697807c
- docs(color) language fixes (#2302) 07ecc9f1
- fix(tick) minor optimization on lv\_tick\_inc call test b4305df5
- Spelling and other language fixes to documentation (#2293) d0aaacaf
- fix(theme) show disabled state on buttons of btnmatrix, msgbox and keyboard 0be582b3

- fix(scroll) keep the scroll position on object deleted 52edbb46
- fix(msgbox) handle NULL btn map parameter 769c4a30
- fix(group) allow refocusing objects 1520208b
- docs(overview) spelling fixes d2efb8c6
- Merge branch 'master' of <https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl> 45960838
- feat(timer) check if lv\_tick\_inc is called aa6641a6
- feat(docs) add view on GitHub link a716ac6e
- fix(theme) fix the switch style in the default theme 0c0dc8ea
- docs fix typo 8ab80645
- Merge branch 'master' of <https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl> e796448f
- feat(event) pass the scroll animation to LV\_EVENT\_SCROLL\_BEGIN ca54ecfe
- fix(tabview) fix with left and right tabs 17c57449
- chore(docs) force docs rebuild 4a0f4139
- chore(docs) always deploy master to docs/master as well 6d05692d
- fix(template) update lv\_objx\_template to v8 38bb8afc
- docs(extra) add extra/README.md 8cd504d5
- Update CHANGELOG.md 48fd73d2
- Update quick-overview.md (#2295) 5616471c
- fix(pxp) change LV\_COLOR\_TRANSP to LV\_COLOR\_CHROMA\_KEY to v8 compatibility 81f3068d
- adding micropython examples (#2286) c60ed68e
- docs(color) minor fix ac8f4534
- fix(example) revert test code 77e2c1ff
- fix(draw) with additive blending with 32-bit color depth 786db2af
- docs(color) update colors' docs 9056b5ee
- Merge branch 'master' of <https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl> a711a1dd
- perf(refresh) optimize where to wait for lv\_disp\_flush\_ready with 2 buffers d0172f14
- docs(lv\_obj\_style) update add\_style and remove\_style function headers (#2287) 60f7bcbf
- fix memory leak of spangroup (#2285) 33e0926a
- fix make lv\_img\_cache.h public because cache invalidation is public 38ebcd81
- Merge branch 'master' of <https://github.com/lvgl/lvgl> 2b292495
- fix(btnmatrix) fix focus event handling 3b58ef14
- Merge pull request #2280 from lvgl/dependabot/pip/docs/urllib3-1.26.5 a2f45b26
- fix(label) calculating the clip area 57e211cc
- chore(deps): bump urllib3 from 1.26.4 to 1.26.5 in /docs b2f77dfc
- fix(docs) add docs about the default group 29bfe604

## 11.5 v8.0.0 (01.06.2021)

v8.0 brings many new features like simplified and more powerful scrolling, new layouts inspired by CSS Flexbox and Grid, simplified and improved widgets, more powerful events, hookable drawing, and more.

v8 is a major change and therefore it's not backward compatible with v7.

### 11.5.1 Directory structure

- The `lv_` prefix is removed from the folder names
- The `docs` is moved to the `lvgl` repository
- The `examples` are moved to the `lvgl` repository
- Create an `src/extra` folder for complex widgets:
  - It makes the core LVGL leaner
  - In `extra` we can have a lot and specific widgets
  - Good place for contributions

### 11.5.2 Widget changes

- `lv_cont` removed, layout features are moved to `lv_obj`
- `lv_page` removed, scroll features are moved to `lv_obj`
- `lv_objmask` the same can be achieved by events
- `lv_meter` added as the union of `lv_linemeter` and `lv_gauge`
- `lv_span` new widget mimicking HTML `<span>`
- `lv_animing` new widget for simple slideshow animations
- + many minor changes and improvements

### 11.5.3 New scrolling

- Support "elastic" scrolling when scrolled in
- Support scroll chaining among any objects types (not only `lv_page`s)
- Remove `lv_drag`. Similar effect can be achieved by setting the position in `LV_EVENT_PRESSING`
- Add snapping
- Add snap stop to scroll max 1 snap point

### 11.5.4 New layouts

- CSS Grid-like layout support
- CSS Flexbox-like layout support

### 11.5.5 Styles

- Optimize and simplify styles
- State is saved in the object instead of the style property
- Object size and position can be set in styles too

### 11.5.6 Events

- Allow adding multiple events to an object
- A `user_data` can be attached to the added events

### 11.5.7 Driver changes

- `lv_disp_drv_t`, `lv_indev_drv_t`, `lv_fs_drv_t` needs to be `static`
- `...disp_buf...` is renamed to `draw_buf`. See an initialization example [here](#).
- No partial update if two screen sized buffers are set
- `disp_drv->full_refresh = 1` makes always the whole display redraw.
- `hor_res` and `ver_res` need to be set in `disp_drv`
- `indev_read_cb` returns `void`. To indicate that there is more that to read set `data->continue_reading = 1` in the `read_cb`

### 11.5.8 Other changes

- Remove the copy parameter from create functions
- Simplified File system interface API
- Use a more generic inheritance
- The built-in themes are reworked
- `lv_obj_align` now saved the alignment and realigns the object automatically but can't be used to align to other than the parent
- `lv_obj_align_to` can align to an object but doesn't save the alignment
- `lv_pct(x)` can be used to set the size and position in percentage
- There are many other changes in widgets that are not detailed here. Please refer to the documentation of the widgets.

### 11.5.9 New release policy

- We will follow [Release branches with GitLab flow](#)
- Minor releases are expected in every 3-4 month
- `master` will always contain the latest changes

### 11.5.10 Migrating from v7 to v8

- First and foremost, create a new `lv_conf.h` based on `lv_conf_template.h`.
- To try the new version it's recommended to use a simulator project and see the examples.
- When migrating your project to v8
  - Update the drivers are described above
  - Update the styles
  - Update the events
  - Use the new layouts instead of `lv_cont` features
  - Use `lv_obj` instead of `lv_page`
  - See the changes in [Colors](#)
  - The other parts are mainly minor renames and refactoring. See the functions' documentation for descriptions.

## 11.6 v7.11.0 (16.03.2021)

### 11.6.1 New features

- Add better screen orientation management with software rotation support
- Decide text animation's direction based on `base_dir` (when using `LV_USE_BIDI`)

### 11.6.2 Bugfixes

- `fix(gauge)` fix needle invalidation
- `fix(bar)` correct symmetric handling for vertical sliders

## 11.7 v7.10.1 (16.02.2021)

### 11.7.1 Bugfixes

- `fix(draw)` overlap outline with background to prevent aliasing artifacts
- `fix(indev)` clear the indev's `act_obj` in `lv_indev_reset`
- `fix(text)` fix out of bounds read in `_lv_txt_get_width`
- `fix(list)` scroll list when button is focused using `LV_KEY_NEXT/PREV`

- fix(text) improve Arabic contextual analysis by adding hyphen processing and proper handling of lam-alef sequence
- fix(delete) delete animation after the children are deleted
- fix(gauge) consider paddings for needle images

## 11.8 v7.10.0 (02.02.2021)

### 11.8.1 New features

- feat(indev) allow input events to be passed to disabled objects
- feat(spinbox) add inline get\_step function for MicroPython support

### 11.8.2 Bugfixes

- fix(btnmatrix) fix lv\_btnmatrix\_get\_active\_btn\_text() when used in a group

## 11.9 v7.9.1 (19.01.2021)

### 11.9.1 Bugfixes

- fix(cpicker) fix division by zero
- fix(dropdown) fix selecting options after the last one
- fix(msgbox) use the animation time provided
- fix(gpu\_nxp\_pxp) fix incorrect define name
- fix(indev) don't leave edit mode if there is only one object in the group
- fix(draw\_rect) fix draw pattern stack-use-after-scope error

## 11.10 v7.9.0 (05.01.2021)

### 11.10.1 New features

- feat(chart) add lv\_chart\_remove\_series and lv\_chart\_hide\_series
- feat(img\_cache) allow disabling image caching
- calendar: make get\_day\_of\_week() public
- Added support for Zephyr integration

## 11.10.2 Bugfixes

- fix(draw\_rect) free buffer used for arabic processing
- fix(win) arabic process the title of the window
- fix(dropdown) arabic process the option in lv\_dropdown\_add\_option
- fix(textarea) buffer overflow in password mode with UTF-8 characters
- fix(textarea) cursor position after hiding character in password mode
- fix(linometer) draw critical lines with correct color
- fix(lv\_conf\_internal) be sure Kconfig defines are always uppercase
- fix(kconfig) handle disable sprintf float correctly.
- fix(layout) stop layout after recursion threshold is reached
- fix(gauge) fix redraw with image needle

## 11.11 v7.8.1 (15.12.2020)

### 11.11.1 Bugfixes

- fix(lv\_scr\_load\_anim) fix when multiple screens are loaded at the same time with delay
- fix(page) fix LV\_SCROLLBAR\_MODE\_DRAG

## 11.12 v7.8.0 (01.12.2020)

### 11.12.1 New features

- make DMA2D non blocking
- add unscii-16 built-in font
- add KConfig
- add lv\_refr\_get\_fps\_avg()

### 11.12.2 Bugfixes

- fix(btnmatrix) handle arabic texts in button matrices
- fix(indev) disabled object shouldn't absorb clicks but let the parent to be clicked
- fix(arabic) support processing again already processed texts with \_lv\_txt\_ap\_proc
- fix(textarea) support Arabic letter connections
- fix(dropdown) support Arabic letter connections
- fix(value\_str) support Arabic letter connections in value string property
- fix(indev) in LV\_INDEV\_TYPE\_BUTTON recognize 1 cycle long presses too
- fix(arc) make arc work with encoder



- fix(slider) adjusting the left knob too with encoder
- fix reference to LV\_DRAW\_BUF\_MAX\_NUM in lv\_mem.c
- fix(polygon draw) join adjacent points if they are on the same coordinate
- fix(linometer) fix invalidation when setting new value
- fix(table) add missing invalidation when changing cell type
- refactor(roller) rename LV\_ROLLER\_MODE\_INIFINITE -> LV\_ROLLER\_MODE\_INFINITE

## 11.13 v7.7.2 (17.11.2020)

### 11.13.1 Bugfixes

- fix(draw\_triangle): fix polygon/triangle drawing when the order of points is counter-clockwise
- fix(btnmatrix): fix setting the same map with modified pointers
- fix(arc) fix and improve arc dragging
- label: Repair calculate back `dot` character logical error which cause infinite loop.
- fix(theme\_material): remove the bottom border from tabview header
- fix(imgbtn) guess the closest available state with valid src
- fix(spinbox) update cursor position in lv\_spinbox\_set\_step

## 11.14 v7.7.1 (03.11.2020)

### 11.14.1 Bugfixes

- Respect btnmatrix's `one_check` in `lv_btnmatrix_set_btn_ctrl`
- Gauge: make the needle images to use the styles from `LV_GAUGE_PART_PART`
- Group: fix in `lv_group_remove_obj` to handle deleting hidden objects correctly

## 11.15 v7.7.0 (20.10.2020)

### 11.15.1 New features

- Add PXP GPU support (for NXP MCUs)
- Add VG-Lite GPU support (for NXP MCUs)
- Allow max. 16 cell types for table
- Add `lv_table_set_text_fmt()`
- Use margin on calendar header to set distances and padding to the size of the header
- Add `text_sel_bg` style property

## 11.15.2 Bugfixes

- Theme update to support text selection background
- Fix imgbtn state change
- Support RTL in table (draw columns right to left)
- Support RTL in pretty layout (draw columns right to left)
- Skip objects in groups if they are in disabled state
- Fix dropdown selection with RTL basedirection
- Fix rectangle border drawing with large width
- Fix `lv_win_clean()`

## 11.16 v7.6.1 (06.10.2020)

### 11.16.1 Bugfixes

- Fix BIDI support in dropdown list
- Fix copying base dir in `lv_obj_create`
- Handle sub pixel rendering in font loader
- Fix transitions with style caching
- Fix click focus
- Fix imgbtn image switching with empty style
- Material theme: do not set the text font to allow easy global font change

## 11.17 v7.6.0 (22.09.2020)

### 11.17.1 New features

- Check whether any style property has changed on a state change to decide if any redraw is required

### 11.17.2 Bugfixes

- Fix selection of options with non-ASCII letters in dropdown list
- Fix font loader to support `LV_FONT_FMT_TXT_LARGE`

## 11.18 v7.5.0 (15.09.2020)

### 11.18.1 New features

- Add `clean_dcache_cb` and `lv_disp_clean_dcache` to enable users to use their own cache management function
- Add `gpu_wait_cb` to wait until the GPU is working. It allows to run CPU a wait only when the rendered data is needed.
- Add 10px and 8ox built in fonts

### 11.18.2 Bugfixes

- Fix unexpected DEFOCUS on `lv_page` when clicking to bg after the scrollable
- Fix `lv_obj_del` and `lv_obj_clean` if the children list changed during deletion.
- Adjust button matrix button width to include padding when spanning multiple units.
- Add rounding to btnmatrix line height calculation
- Add `decmodpr_buf` to GC roots
- Fix division by zero in `draw_pattern` (`lv_draw_rect.c`) if the image or letter is not found
- Fix drawing images with 1 px height or width

## 11.19 v7.4.0 (01.09.2020)

The main new features of v7.4 are run-time font loading, style caching and arc knob with value setting by click.

### 11.19.1 New features

- Add `lv_font_load()` function - Loads a `lv_font_t` object from a binary font file
- Add `lv_font_free()` function - Frees the memory allocated by the `lv_font_load()` function
- Add style caching to reduce access time of properties with default value
- arc: add set value by click feature
- arc: add `LV_ARC_PART_KNOB` similarly to slider
- send gestures event if the object was dragged. User can check dragging with `lv_indev_is_dragging(lv_indev_act())` in the event function.

## 11.19.2 Bugfixes

- Fix color bleeding on border drawing
- Fix using 'LV\_SCROLLBAR\_UNHIDE' after 'LV\_SCROLLBAR\_ON'
- Fix cropping of last column/row if an image is zoomed
- Fix zooming and rotating mosaic images
- Fix deleting tabview with LEFT/RIGHT tab position
- Fix btnmatrix to not send event when CLICK\_TRIG = true and the cursor slid from a pressed button
- Fix roller width if selected text is larger than the normal

## 11.20 v7.3.1 (18.08.2020)

### 11.20.1 Bugfixes

- Fix drawing value string twice
- Rename `lv_chart_clear_serie` to `lv_chart_clear_series` and `lv_obj_align_origo` to `lv_obj_align_mid`
- Add linemeter's mirror feature again
- Fix text decor (underline strikethrough) with older versions of font converter
- Fix setting local style property multiple times
- Add missing background drawing and radius handling to image button
- Allow adding extra label to list buttons
- Fix crash if `lv_table_set_col_cnt` is called before `lv_table_set_row_cnt` for the first time
- Fix overflow in large image transformations
- Limit extra button click area of button matrix's buttons. With large paddings it was counter-intuitive. (Gaps are mapped to button when clicked).
- Fix `lv_btnmatrix_set_one_check` not forcing exactly one button to be checked
- Fix color picker invalidation in rectangle mode
- Init disabled days to gray color in calendar

## 11.21 v7.3.0 (04.08.2020)

### 11.21.1 New features

- Add `lv_task_get_next`
- Add `lv_event_send_refresh`, `lv_event_send_refresh_recursive` to easily send `LV_EVENT_REFRESH` to object
- Add `lv_tabview_set_tab_name()` function - used to change a tab's name

- Add LV\_THEME\_MATERIAL\_FLAG\_NO\_TRANSITION and LV\_THEME\_MATERIAL\_FLAG\_NO\_FOCUS flags
- Reduce code size by adding: LV\_USE\_FONT\_COMPRESSED and LV\_FONT\_USE\_SUBPX and applying some optimization
- Add LV\_MEMCPY\_MEMSET\_STD to use standard memcpy and memset

### 11.21.2 Bugfixes

- Do not print warning for missing glyph if its height OR width is zero.
- Prevent duplicated sending of LV\_EVENT\_INSERT from text area
- Tidy outer edges of cpicker widget.
- Remove duplicated lines from lv\_tabview\_add\_tab
- btnmatrix: handle combined states of buttons (e.g. checked + disabled)
- textarea: fix typo in lv\_textarea\_set\_scrollbar\_mode
- gauge: fix image needle drawing
- fix using freed memory in \_lv\_style\_list\_remove\_style

## 11.22 v7.2.0 (21.07.2020)

### 11.22.1 New features

- Add screen transitions with lv\_scr\_load\_anim()
- Add display background color, wallpaper and opacity. Shown when the screen is transparent. Can be used with lv\_disp\_set\_bg\_opa/color/image().
- Add LV\_CALENDAR\_WEEK\_STARTS\_MONDAY
- Add lv\_chart\_set\_x\_start\_point() function - Set the index of the x-axis start point in the data array
- Add lv\_chart\_set\_ext\_array() function - Set an external array of data points to use for the chart
- Add lv\_chart\_set\_point\_id() function - Set an individual point value in the chart series directly based on index
- Add lv\_chart\_get\_x\_start\_point() function - Get the current index of the x-axis start point in the data array
- Add lv\_chart\_get\_point\_id() function - Get an individual point value in the chart series directly based on index
- Add ext\_buf\_assigned bit field to lv\_chart\_series\_t structure - it's true if external buffer is assigned to series
- Add lv\_chart\_set\_series\_axis() to assign series to primary or secondary axis
- Add lv\_chart\_set\_y\_range() to allow setting range of secondary y-axis (based on lv\_chart\_set\_range but extended with an axis parameter)
- Allow setting different font for the selected text in lv\_roller

- Add `theme->apply_cb` to replace `theme->apply_xcb` to make it compatible with the MicroPython binding
- Add `lv_theme_set_base()` to allow easy extension of built-in (or any) themes
- Add `lv_obj_align_x()` and `lv_obj_align_y()` functions
- Add `lv_obj_align_origo_x()` and `lv_obj_align_origo_y()` functions

### 11.22.2 Bugfixes

- `tileview` fix navigation when not screen sized
- Use 14px font by default to for better compatibility with smaller displays
- `linemeter` fix conversation of current value to "level"
- Fix drawing on right border
- Set the cursor image non-clickable by default
- Improve mono theme when used with keyboard or encoder

## 11.23 v7.1.0 (07.07.2020)

### 11.23.1 New features

- Add `focus_parent` attribute to `lv_obj`
- Allow using buttons in encoder input device
- Add `lv_btnmatrix_set/get_align` capability
- DMA2D: Remove dependency on ST CubeMX HAL
- Added `max_used` propriety to `lv_mem_monitor_t` struct
- In `lv_init` test if the strings are UTF-8 encoded.
- Add `user_data` to themes
- Add `LV_BIG_ENDIAN_SYSTEM` flag to `lv_conf.h` in order to fix displaying images on big endian systems.
- Add inline function `lv_checkbox_get_state(const lv_obj_t * cb)` to extend the checkbox functionality.
- Add inline function `lv_checkbox_set_state(const lv_obj_t * cb, lv_btn_state_t state)` to extend the checkbox functionality.

### 11.23.2 Bugfixes

- `lv_img` fix invalidation area when angle or zoom changes
- Update the style handling to support Big endian MCUs
- Change some methods to support big endian hardware.
- remove use of c++ keyword 'new' in parameter of function `lv_theme_set_base()`.
- Add `LV_BIG_ENDIAN_SYSTEM` flag to `lv_conf.h` in order to fix displaying images on big endian systems.
- Fix inserting chars in text area in big endian hardware.

## 11.24 v7.0.2 (16.06.2020)

### 11.24.1 Bugfixes

- `lv_textarea` fix wrong cursor position when clicked after the last character
- Change all text related indices from 16-bit to 32-bit integers throughout whole library. #1545
- Fix gestures
- Do not call `set_px_cb` for transparent pixel
- Fix list button focus in material theme
- Fix crash when a text area is cleared with the backspace of a keyboard
- Add version number to `lv_conf_template.h`
- Add log in true double buffering mode with `set_px_cb`
- `lv_dropdown`: fix missing `LV_EVENT_VALUE_CHANGED` event when used with encoder
- `lv_tileview`: fix if not the {0;0} tile is created first
- `lv_debug`: restructure to allow asserting in from `lv_misc` too
- add assert if `_lv_mem_buf_get()` fails
- `lv_textarea`: fix character delete in password mode
- Update `LV_OPA_MIN` and `LV_OPA_MAX` to widen the opacity processed range
- `lv_btnm` fix sending events for hidden buttons
- `lv_gaguge` make `lv_gauge_set_angle_offset` offset the labels and needles too
- Fix typo in the API `scrllable` -> `scrollable`
- `tabview` by default allow auto expanding the page only to right and bottom (#1573)
- fix crash when drawing gradient to the same color
- chart: fix memory leak
- `img`: improve hit test for transformed images

## 11.25 v7.0.1 (01.06.2020)

### 11.25.1 Bugfixes

- Make Micropython working by adding the required variables as `GC_ROOT`
- Prefix some internal API functions with `_` to reduce the API of LVGL
- Fix built-in SimSun CJK font
- Fix UTF-8 encoding when `LV_USE_ARABIC_PERSIAN_CHARS` is enabled
- Fix DMA2D usage when 32 bit images directly blended
- Fix `lv_roller` in infinite mode when used with encoder
- Add `lv_theme_get_color_secondary()`

- Add `LV_COLOR_MIX_ROUND_OFS` to adjust color mixing to make it compatible with the GPU
- Improve DMA2D blending
- Remove memcpy from `lv_ll` (caused issues with some optimization settings)
- `lv_chart` fix X tick drawing
- Fix vertical dashed line drawing
- Some additional minor fixes and formatings

## 11.26 v7.0.0 (18.05.2020)

### 11.26.1 Documentation

The docs for v7 is available at <https://docs.littlevgl.com/v7/en/html/index.html>

### 11.26.2 Legal changes

The name of the project is changed to LVGL and the new website is on <https://lvgl.io>

LVGL remains free under the same conditions (MIT license) and a company is created to manage LVGL and offer services.

### 11.26.3 New drawing system

Complete rework of LVGL's draw engine to use "masks" for more advanced and higher quality graphical effects. A possible use-case of this system is to remove the overflowing content from the rounded edges. It also allows drawing perfectly anti-aliased circles, lines, and arcs. Internally, the drawings happen by defining masks (such as rounded rectangle, line, angle). When something is drawn the currently active masks can make some pixels transparent. For example, rectangle borders are drawn by using 2 rectangle masks: one mask removes the inner part and another the outer part.

The API in this regard remained the same but some new functions were added:

- `lv_img_set_zoom`: set image object's zoom factor
- `lv_img_set_angle`: set image object's angle without using canvas
- `lv_img_set_pivot`: set the pivot point of rotation

The new drawing engine brought new drawing features too. They are highlighted in the "style" section.

### 11.26.4 New style system

The old style system is replaced with a new more flexible and lightweight one. It uses an approach similar to CSS: support cascading styles, inheriting properties and local style properties per object. As part of these updates, a lot of objects were reworked and the APIs have been changed.

- more shadows options: *offset* and *spread*
- gradient stop position to shift the gradient area and horizontal gradient
- `LV_BLEND_MODE_NORMAL/ADDITIVE/SUBTRACTIVE` blending modes
- *clip corner*: crop the content on the rounded corners
- *text underline* and *strikethrough*



- dashed vertical and horizontal lines (*dash\_gap*, *dash\_width*)
- *outline*: a border-like part drawn out of the background. Can have spacing to the background.
- *pattern*: display an image in the middle of the background or repeat it
- *value* display a text which is stored in the style. It can be used e.g. as a light-weighted text on buttons too.
- *margin*: similar to *padding* but used to keep space outside the object

Read the [Style](#) section of the documentation to learn how the new styles system works.

## 11.26.5 GPU integration

To better utilize GPUs, from this version GPU usage can be integrated into LVGL. In `lv_conf.h` any supported GPUs can be enabled with a single configuration option.

Right now, only ST's DMA2D (Chrom-ART) is integrated. More will in the upcoming releases.

## 11.26.6 Renames

The following object types are renamed:

- `sw` -> `switch`
- `ta` -> `textarea`
- `cb` -> `checkbox`
- `lmeter` -> `linemeter`
- `mbox` -> `msgbox`
- `ddlist` -> `dropdown`
- `btnm` -> `btnmatrix`
- `kb` -> `keyboard`
- `preload` -> `spinner`
- `lv_objx` folder -> `lv_widgets`
- `LV_FIT_FILL` -> `LV_FIT_PARENT`
- `LV_FIT_FLOOD` -> `LV_FLOOD_MAX`
- `LV_LAYOUT_COL_L/M/R` -> `LV_LAYOUT_COLUMN_LEFT/MID/RIGHT`
- `LV_LAYOUT_ROW_T/M/B` -> `LV_LAYOUT_ROW_TOP/MID/BOTTOM`

## 11.26.7 Reworked and improved object

- `dropdown`: Completely reworked. Now creates a separate list when opened and can be dropped to down/up/left/right.
- `label`: `body_draw` is removed, instead, if its style has a visible background/border/shadow etc it will be drawn. Padding really makes the object larger (not just virtually as before)
- `arc`: can draw background too.
- `btn`: doesn't store styles for each state because it's done naturally in the new style system.

- **calendar**: highlight the pressed datum. The used styles are changed: use `LV_CALENDAR_PART_DATE` normal for normal dates, checked for highlighted, focused for today, pressed for the being pressed. (checked+pressed, focused+pressed also work)
- **chart**: only has `LINE` and `COLUMN` types because with new styles all the others can be described. `LV_CHART_PART_SERIES` sets the style of the series. `bg_opa > 0` draws an area in `LINE` mode. `LV_CHART_PART_SERIES_BG` also added to set a different style for the series area. Padding in `LV_CHART_PART_BG` makes the series area smaller, and it ensures space for axis labels/numbers.
- **linemeter, gauge**: can have background if the related style properties are set. Padding makes the scale/lines smaller. `scale_border_width` and `scale_end_border_width` allow to draw an arc on the outer part of the scale lines.
- **gauge**: `lv_gauge_set_needle_img` allows use image as needle
- **canvas**: allow drawing to true color alpha and alpha only canvas, add `lv_canvas_blur_hor/ver` and rename `lv_canvas_rotate` to `lv_canvas_transform`
- **textarea**: If available in the font use bullet (U+2022) character in text area password

## 11.26.8 New object types

- `lv_objmask`: masks can be added to it. The children will be masked accordingly.

## 11.26.9 Others

- Change the built-in fonts to `Montserrat` and add built-in fonts from 12 px to 48 px for every 2nd size.
- Add example CJK and Arabic/Persian/Hebrew built-in font
- Add ° and "bullet" to the built-in fonts
- Add Arabic/Persian script support: change the character according to its position in the text.
- Add `playback_time` to animations.
- Add `repeat_count` to animations instead of the current "repeat forever".
- Replace `LV_LAYOUT_PRETTY` with `LV_LAYOUT_PRETTY_TOP/MID/BOTTOM`

## 11.26.10 Demos

- `lv_examples` was reworked and new examples and demos were added

## 11.26.11 New release policy

- Maintain this Changelog for every release
- Save old major version in new branches. E.g. `release/v6`
- Merge new features and fixes directly into `master` and release a patch or minor releases every 2 weeks.

### 11.26.12 Migrating from v6 to v7

- First and foremost, create a new `lv_conf.h` based on `lv_conf_template.h`.
- To try the new version it suggested using a simulator project and see the examples.
- If you have a running project, the most difficult part of the migration is updating to the new style system. Unfortunately, there is no better way than manually updating to the new format.
- The other parts are mainly minor renames and refactoring as described above.

## ROADMAP

This is a summary for planned new features and a collection of ideas. This list indicates only the current intention and it can be changed.

### 12.1 v8.2

See [#2790](#)

### 12.2 Ideas

- Reconsider color format management for run time color format setting, and custom color format usage. (Also [RGB888](#))
- Make gradients more versatile
- Image transformations matrix
- Switch to RGBA colors in styles
- Consider direct binary font format support
- Simplify groups. Discussion is [here](#).
- `lv_mem_alloc_aligned(size, align)`
- Text node. See [#1701](#)
- CPP binding. See [Forum](#)
- Optimize font decompression
- Need static analyze (via coverity.io or something else)
- Support `dot_begin` and `dot_middle` long modes for labels
- Add new label alignment modes. [#1656](#)
- Support larger images: [#1892](#)
- Curved text on path
- Variable binding improvements like Redux?
- Functional programming support, pure view? See [here](#)
- Circle layout. See [#2871](#)

## Symbols

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