

Introduction

Modelling parallel systems

Linear Time Properties

Regular Properties

Linear Temporal Logic (LTL)

syntax and semantics of LTL



automata-based LTL model checking

complexity of LTL model checking

Computation-Tree Logic

Equivalences and Abstraction

$$\varphi ::= \text{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$$

where $a \in AP$

$\bigcirc \hat{=}$ next

$\mathbf{U} \hat{=}$ until

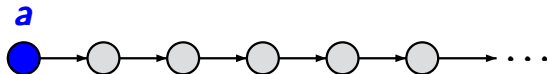
$$\varphi ::= \text{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$$

where $a \in AP$

$\bigcirc \hat{=}$ next

$\mathbf{U} \hat{=}$ until

atomic
proposition
 $a \in AP$



$$\varphi ::= \text{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$$

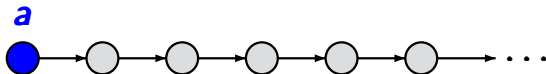
where $a \in AP$

$\bigcirc \hat{=}$ next

$\mathbf{U} \hat{=}$ until

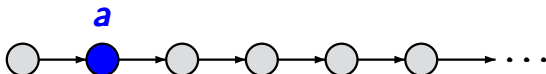
atomic
proposition

$a \in AP$



next operator

$\bigcirc a$



$$\varphi ::= \text{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$$

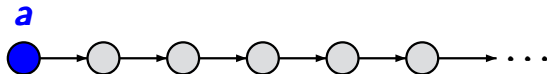
where $a \in AP$

$\bigcirc \hat{=}$ next

$\mathbf{U} \hat{=}$ until

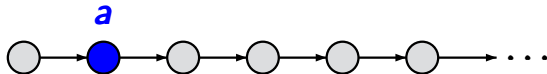
atomic
proposition

$a \in AP$



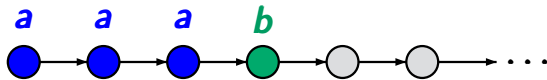
next operator

$\bigcirc a$



until operator

$a \mathbf{U} b$



$$\varphi ::= \text{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$$

derived operators:

$\forall, \rightarrow, \dots$ as usual

$$\varphi ::= \text{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$$

derived operators:

$\forall, \rightarrow, \dots$ as usual

$$\Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{true} \mathbf{U} \varphi \quad \text{eventually}$$

$$\varphi ::= \text{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$$

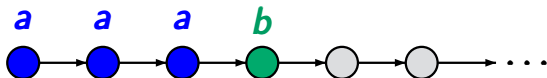
derived operators:

$\forall, \rightarrow, \dots$ as usual

$$\Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{true} \mathbf{U} \varphi \quad \text{eventually}$$

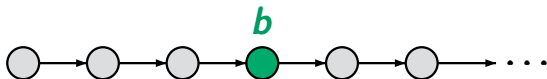
until operator

$$a \mathbf{U} b$$



eventually

$$\Diamond b$$



$$\varphi ::= \text{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$$

derived operators:

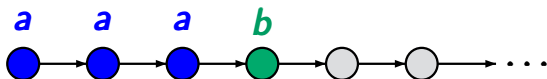
$\forall, \rightarrow, \dots$ as usual

$$\Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{true} \mathbf{U} \varphi \quad \text{eventually}$$

$$\Box \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \neg \Diamond \neg \varphi \quad \text{always}$$

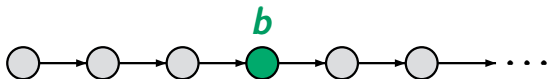
until operator

$$a \mathbf{U} b$$



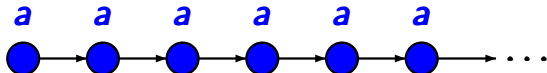
eventually

$$\Diamond b$$

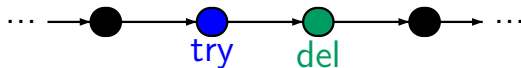


always

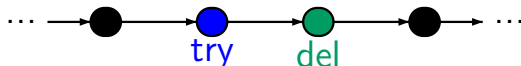
$$\Box a$$



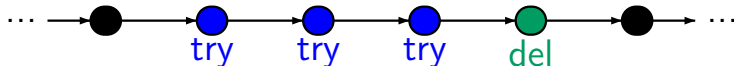
$\square (\text{try_to_send} \rightarrow \bigcirc \text{delivered})$



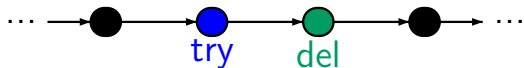
$\square (\text{try_to_send} \rightarrow \bigcirc \text{delivered})$



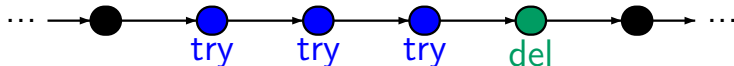
$\square (\text{try_to_send} \rightarrow \text{try_to_send } \mathbf{U} \text{ delivered})$



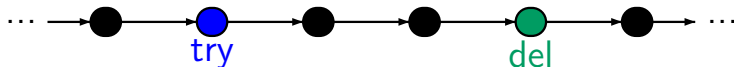
□ (try_to_send → ○ delivered)



□ (try_to_send → try_to_send U delivered)



□ (try_to_send → ◇ delivered)



$$\varphi ::= \text{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$$

eventually

$$\Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{true} \mathbf{U} \varphi$$

always

$$\Box \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \neg \Diamond \neg \varphi$$

$$\varphi ::= \text{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$$

eventually

$$\Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{true} \mathbf{U} \varphi$$

always

$$\Box \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \neg \Diamond \neg \varphi$$

Examples for LTL formulas:

mutual exclusion: $\Box(\neg \text{crit}_1 \vee \neg \text{crit}_2)$

$$\varphi ::= \text{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$$

eventually

$$\Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{true} \mathbf{U} \varphi$$

always

$$\Box \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \neg \Diamond \neg \varphi$$

Examples for LTL formulas:

mutual exclusion: $\Box(\neg \text{crit}_1 \vee \neg \text{crit}_2)$

railroad-crossing: $\Box(\text{train_is_near} \rightarrow \text{gate_is_closed})$

$$\varphi ::= \text{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$$

eventually

$$\Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{true} \mathbf{U} \varphi$$

always

$$\Box \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \neg \Diamond \neg \varphi$$

Examples for LTL formulas:

mutual exclusion: $\Box(\neg \text{crit}_1 \vee \neg \text{crit}_2)$

railroad-crossing: $\Box(\text{train_is_near} \rightarrow \text{gate_is_closed})$

progress property: $\Box(\text{request} \rightarrow \Diamond \text{response})$

$$\varphi ::= \text{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$$

eventually

$$\Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{true} \mathbf{U} \varphi$$

always

$$\Box \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \neg \Diamond \neg \varphi$$

Examples for LTL formulas:

mutual exclusion: $\Box(\neg \text{crit}_1 \vee \neg \text{crit}_2)$

railroad-crossing: $\Box(\text{train_is_near} \rightarrow \text{gate_is_closed})$

progress property: $\Box(\text{request} \rightarrow \Diamond \text{response})$

traffic light: $\Box(\text{yellow} \vee \bigcirc \neg \text{red})$

$$\varphi ::= \text{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$$

$$\text{eventually } \Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{true} \mathbf{U} \varphi$$

$$\text{always } \Box \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \neg \Diamond \neg \varphi$$

$$\varphi ::= \text{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$$

$$\text{eventually } \Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{true} \mathbf{U} \varphi$$

$$\text{always } \Box \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \neg \Diamond \neg \varphi$$

$$\text{infinitely often } \Box \Diamond \varphi$$

$$\varphi ::= \text{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$$

$$\text{eventually } \Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{true} \mathbf{U} \varphi$$

$$\text{always } \Box \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \neg \Diamond \neg \varphi$$

$$\text{infinitely often } \Box \Diamond \varphi$$

e.g., unconditional fairness $\Box \Diamond \text{crit}_i$

strong fairness $\Box \Diamond \text{wait}_i \rightarrow \Box \Diamond \text{crit}_i$

$$\varphi ::= \text{true} \mid a \mid \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \mid \neg \varphi \mid \bigcirc \varphi \mid \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$$

$$\text{eventually } \Diamond \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{true} \mathbf{U} \varphi$$

$$\text{always } \Box \varphi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \neg \Diamond \neg \varphi$$

$$\text{infinitely often } \Box \Diamond \varphi$$

$$\text{eventually forever } \Diamond \Box \varphi$$

$$\text{e.g., unconditional fairness } \Box \Diamond \text{crit}_i$$

$$\text{strong fairness } \Box \Diamond \text{wait}_i \rightarrow \Box \Diamond \text{crit}_i$$

$$\text{weak fairness } \Diamond \Box \text{wait}_i \rightarrow \Box \Diamond \text{crit}_i$$

interpretation of **LTL formulas** over **traces**, i.e.,
infinite words over 2^{AP}

formalized by a satisfaction relation \models for

- LTL formulas and
- infinite words $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$

for $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$:

for $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$:

$\sigma \models \text{true}$

for $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$:

$\sigma \models \text{true}$

$\sigma \models a$ iff $A_0 \models a$, i.e., $a \in A_0$

for $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$:

$\sigma \models \text{true}$

$\sigma \models a$ iff $A_0 \models a$, i.e., $a \in A_0$

$\sigma \models \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2$ iff $\sigma \models \varphi_1$ and $\sigma \models \varphi_2$

for $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$:

$\sigma \models \text{true}$

$\sigma \models a$ iff $A_0 \models a$, i.e., $a \in A_0$

$\sigma \models \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2$ iff $\sigma \models \varphi_1$ and $\sigma \models \varphi_2$

$\sigma \models \neg \varphi$ iff $\sigma \not\models \varphi$

for $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$:

$\sigma \models \text{true}$

$\sigma \models a$ iff $A_0 \models a$, i.e., $a \in A_0$

$\sigma \models \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2$ iff $\sigma \models \varphi_1$ and $\sigma \models \varphi_2$

$\sigma \models \neg \varphi$ iff $\sigma \not\models \varphi$

$\sigma \models \bigcirc \varphi$ iff $\text{suffix}(\sigma, 1) = A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \models \varphi$

for $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$:

$$\sigma \models \text{true}$$

$$\sigma \models a \quad \text{iff} \quad A_0 \models a, \text{ i.e., } a \in A_0$$

$$\sigma \models \varphi_1 \wedge \varphi_2 \quad \text{iff} \quad \sigma \models \varphi_1 \text{ and } \sigma \models \varphi_2$$

$$\sigma \models \neg \varphi \quad \text{iff} \quad \sigma \not\models \varphi$$

$$\sigma \models \bigcirc \varphi \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{suffix}(\sigma, 1) = A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \models \varphi$$

$$\sigma \models \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2 \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{there exists } j \geq 0 \text{ such that}$$

$$\text{suffix}(\sigma, j) = A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi_2 \quad \text{and}$$

$$\text{suffix}(\sigma, i) = A_i A_{i+1} A_{i+2} \dots \models \varphi_1 \quad \text{for } 0 \leq i < j$$

interpretation of **LTL formulas** over **traces**, i.e.,
infinite words over 2^{AP}

formalized by a satisfaction relation \models for

- LTL formulas and
- infinite words $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$

interpretation of **LTL** formulas over traces, i.e.,
infinite words over 2^{AP}

formalized by a satisfaction relation \models for

- LTL formulas and
- infinite words $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$

LT property of formula φ :

$$\text{Words}(\varphi) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \sigma \in (2^{AP})^\omega : \sigma \models \varphi \}$$

for $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$:

$$\begin{array}{l} \vdots \\ \sigma \models \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2 \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{there exists } j \geq 0 \text{ such that} \\ \qquad A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi_2 \quad \text{and} \\ \qquad A_i A_{i+1} A_{i+2} \dots \models \varphi_1 \quad \text{for } 0 \leq i < j \end{array}$$

for $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$:

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \vdots & \\
 \sigma \models \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2 & \text{iff there exists } j \geq 0 \text{ such that} \\
 & A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi_2 \text{ and} \\
 & A_i A_{i+1} A_{i+2} \dots \models \varphi_1 \text{ for } 0 \leq i < j \\
 \sigma \models \Diamond \varphi & \text{iff there exists } j \geq 0 \text{ such that} \\
 & A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi
 \end{array}$$

for $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$:

$\sigma \models \varphi_1 \mathbf{U} \varphi_2$	iff	there exists $j \geq 0$ such that $A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi_2$ and $A_i A_{i+1} A_{i+2} \dots \models \varphi_1$ for $0 \leq i < j$
$\sigma \models \Diamond \varphi$	iff	there exists $j \geq 0$ such that $A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi$
$\sigma \models \Box \varphi$	iff	for all $j \geq 0$ we have: $A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi$

given a TS $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$

define satisfaction relation \models for

- **LTL formulas** over AP
- the **maximal path fragments** and **states** of \mathcal{T}

assumption: \mathcal{T} has **no terminal states**, i.e.,
all maximal path fragments in \mathcal{T} are infinite

LTL semantics over paths of TS

LTLSF3.1-LTL-WORDS-PATHS

given: TS $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$

without terminal states

LTL formula φ over AP

given: TS $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, s_0, AP, L)$

without terminal states

LTL formula φ over AP

interpretation of φ over infinite path fragments

$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 \dots \models \varphi \text{ iff } \text{trace}(\pi) \models \varphi$$

given: TS $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, s_0, AP, L)$

without terminal states

LTL formula φ over AP

interpretation of φ over infinite path fragments

$$\begin{aligned} \pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 \dots \models \varphi & \text{ iff } \text{trace}(\pi) \models \varphi \\ & \text{ iff } \text{trace}(\pi) \in \text{Words}(\varphi) \end{aligned}$$

given: TS $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$

without terminal states

LTL formula φ over AP

interpretation of φ over infinite path fragments

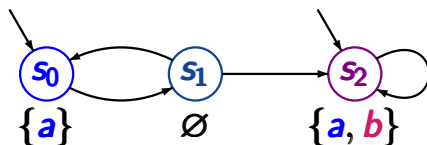
$$\begin{aligned} \pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 \dots \models \varphi & \text{ iff } \text{trace}(\pi) \models \varphi \\ & \text{ iff } \text{trace}(\pi) \in \text{Words}(\varphi) \end{aligned}$$

remind: LT property of an LTL formula:

$$\text{Words}(\varphi) = \{ \sigma \in (2^{AP})^\omega : \sigma \models \varphi \}$$

Example: LTL-semantics over paths

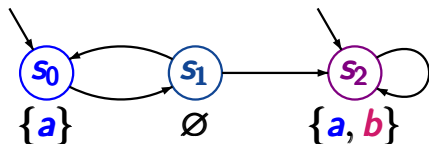
LTLSF3.1-9



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

Example: LTL-semantics over paths

LTLSF3.1-9

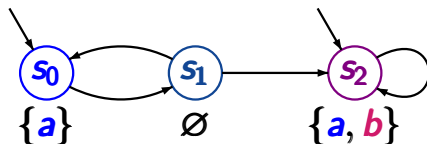


$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 \dots$

Example: LTL-semantics over paths

LTLSF3.1-9



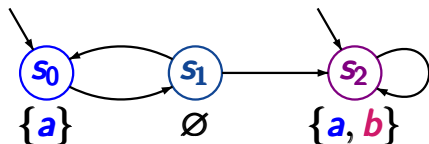
$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

$$\text{path } \pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 \dots \quad \text{trace}(\pi) = \{a\} \emptyset \{a, b\}^\omega$$

$$\pi \models a$$

Example: LTL-semantics over paths

LTLSF3.1-9



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 \dots$

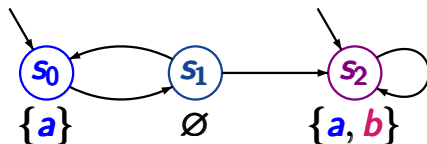
$$trace(\pi) = \{a\} \emptyset \{a, b\}^\omega$$

$\pi \models a$, but $\pi \not\models b$

as $L(s_0) = \{a\}$

Example: LTL-semantics over paths

LTLSF3.1-9



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = \{a\} \emptyset \{a, b\}^\omega$$

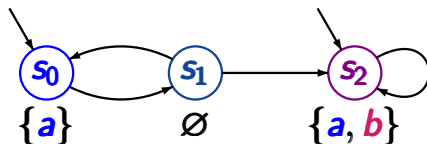
$\pi \models a$, but $\pi \not\models b$

as $L(s_0) = \{a\}$

$\pi \models \bigcirc(\neg a \wedge \neg b)$

Example: LTL-semantics over paths

LTLSF3.1-9



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = \{a\} \emptyset \{a, b\}^\omega$$

$\pi \models a$, but $\pi \not\models b$

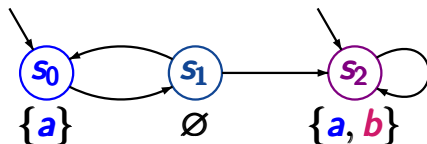
as $L(s_0) = \{a\}$

$\pi \models \bigcirc(\neg a \wedge \neg b)$

as $L(s_1) = \emptyset$

Example: LTL-semantics over paths

LTLSF3.1-9



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = \{a\} \emptyset \{a, b\}^\omega$$

$$\pi \models a, \text{ but } \pi \not\models b$$

$$\text{as } L(s_0) = \{a\}$$

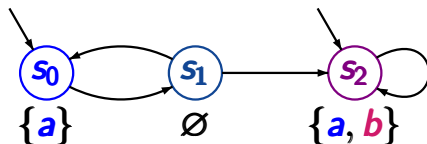
$$\pi \models \bigcirc (\neg a \wedge \neg b)$$

$$\text{as } L(s_1) = \emptyset$$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc (a \wedge b)$$

Example: LTL-semantics over paths

LTLSF3.1-9



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = \{a\} \emptyset \{a, b\}^\omega$$

$$\pi \models a, \text{ but } \pi \not\models b$$

$$\text{as } L(s_0) = \{a\}$$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc (\neg a \wedge \neg b)$$

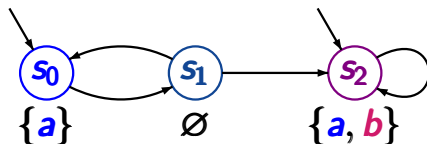
$$\text{as } L(s_1) = \emptyset$$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc (a \wedge b)$$

$$\text{as } L(s_2) = \{a, b\}$$

Example: LTL-semantics over paths

LTLSF3.1-9



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = \{a\} \emptyset \{a, b\}^\omega$$

$$\pi \models a, \text{ but } \pi \not\models b$$

$$\text{as } L(s_0) = \{a\}$$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc (\neg a \wedge \neg b)$$

$$\text{as } L(s_1) = \emptyset$$

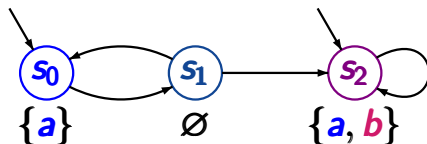
$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc (a \wedge b)$$

$$\text{as } L(s_2) = \{a, b\}$$

$$\pi \models (\neg b) \cup (a \wedge b)$$

Example: LTL-semantics over paths

LTLSF3.1-9



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = \{a\} \emptyset \{a, b\}^\omega$$

$$\pi \models a, \text{ but } \pi \not\models b$$

$$\text{as } L(s_0) = \{a\}$$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc (\neg a \wedge \neg b)$$

$$\text{as } L(s_1) = \emptyset$$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc (a \wedge b)$$

$$\text{as } L(s_2) = \{a, b\}$$

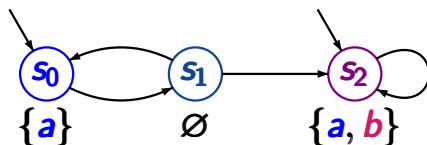
$$\pi \models (\neg b) \cup (a \wedge b)$$

$$\text{as } s_0, s_1 \models \neg b$$

$$\text{and } s_2 \models a \wedge b$$

Example: LTL-semantics over paths

LTLSF3.1-9



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 s_2 s_2 s_2 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = \{a\} \emptyset \{a, b\}^\omega$$

$$\pi \models a, \text{ but } \pi \not\models b$$

$$\text{as } L(s_0) = \{a\}$$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc(\neg a \wedge \neg b)$$

$$\text{as } L(s_1) = \emptyset$$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc (a \wedge b)$$

$$\text{as } L(s_2) = \{a, b\}$$

$$\pi \models (\neg b) \cup (a \wedge b)$$

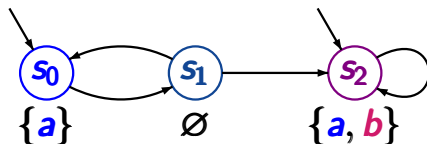
$$\text{as } s_0, s_1 \models \neg b$$

$$\pi \models (\neg b) \cup \Box(a \wedge b)$$

$$\text{and } s_2 \models a \wedge b$$

Correct or wrong ?

LTLSF3.1-7

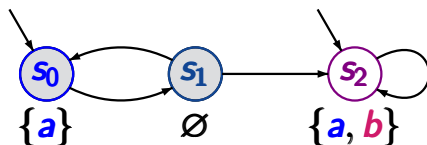


$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$

Correct or wrong ?

LTLSF3.1-7



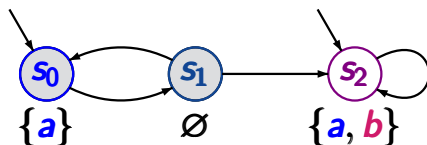
$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \emptyset)^\omega$$

Correct or wrong ?

LTLSF3.1-7



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

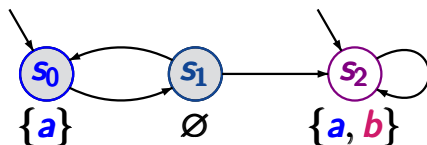
path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \emptyset)^\omega$$

$\pi \models a \cup b$?

Correct or wrong ?

LTLSF3.1-7



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$

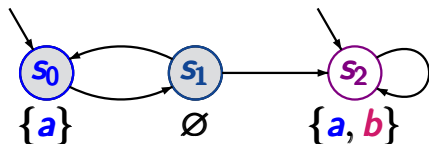
$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \emptyset)^\omega$$

$$\pi \not\models a \cup b$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \not\models b \text{ and } s_1 \not\models a \vee b$$

Correct or wrong ?

LTLSF3.1-7



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \emptyset)^\omega$$

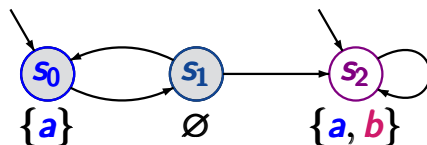
$$\pi \not\models a \cup b$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \not\models b \text{ and } s_1 \not\models a \vee b$$

$$\pi \models \Diamond b \rightarrow (a \cup b) ?$$

Correct or wrong ?

LTLSF3.1-7



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \emptyset)^\omega$$

$$\pi \not\models a \cup b$$

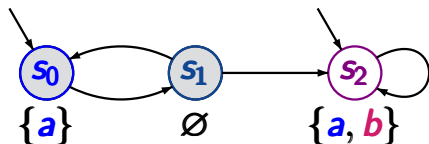
$$\text{as } s_0 \not\models b \text{ and } s_1 \not\models a \vee b$$

$$\pi \models \Diamond b \rightarrow (a \cup b)$$

$$\text{as } \pi \not\models \Diamond b$$

Correct or wrong ?

LTLSF3.1-7



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \emptyset)^\omega$$

$$\pi \not\models a \cup b$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \not\models b \text{ and } s_1 \not\models a \vee b$$

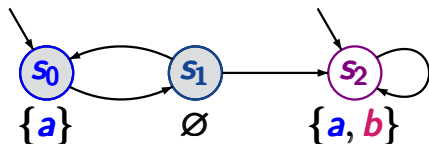
$$\pi \models \Diamond b \rightarrow (a \cup b)$$

$$\text{as } \pi \not\models \Diamond b$$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc \neg b ?$$

Correct or wrong ?

LTLSF3.1-7



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \emptyset)^\omega$$

$$\pi \not\models a \cup b$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \not\models b \text{ and } s_1 \not\models a \vee b$$

$$\pi \models \Diamond b \rightarrow (a \cup b)$$

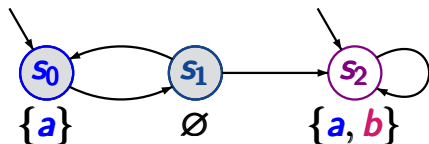
$$\text{as } \pi \not\models \Diamond b$$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc \neg b$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \models \neg b$$

Correct or wrong ?

LTLSF3.1-7



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \emptyset)^\omega$$

$$\pi \not\models a \cup b$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \not\models b \text{ and } s_1 \not\models a \vee b$$

$$\pi \models \Diamond b \rightarrow (a \cup b)$$

$$\text{as } \pi \not\models \Diamond b$$

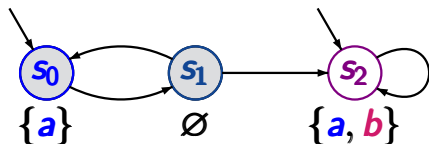
$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc \neg b$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \models \neg b$$

$$\pi \models \Box a ?$$

Correct or wrong ?

LTLSF3.1-7



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \emptyset)^\omega$$

$$\pi \not\models a \cup b$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \not\models b \text{ and } s_1 \not\models a \vee b$$

$$\pi \models \Diamond b \rightarrow (a \cup b)$$

$$\text{as } \pi \not\models \Diamond b$$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc \neg b$$

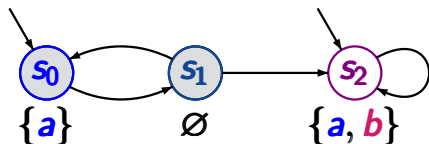
$$\text{as } s_0 \models \neg b$$

$$\pi \not\models \Box a$$

$$\text{as } s_1 \not\models a$$

Correct or wrong ?

LTLSF3.1-7



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \emptyset)^\omega$$

$$\pi \not\models a \cup b$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \not\models b \text{ and } s_1 \not\models a \vee b$$

$$\pi \models \Diamond b \rightarrow (a \cup b)$$

$$\text{as } \pi \not\models \Diamond b$$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc \neg b$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \models \neg b$$

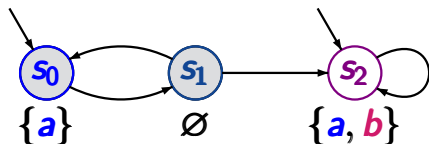
$$\pi \not\models \Box a$$

$$\text{as } s_1 \not\models a$$

$$\pi \models \Box \Diamond a ?$$

Correct or wrong ?

LTLSF3.1-7



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \emptyset)^\omega$$

$$\pi \not\models a \cup b$$

as $s_0 \not\models b$ and $s_1 \not\models a \vee b$

$$\pi \models \Diamond b \rightarrow (a \cup b)$$

as $\pi \not\models \Diamond b$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc \neg b$$

as $s_0 \models \neg b$

$$\pi \not\models \Box a$$

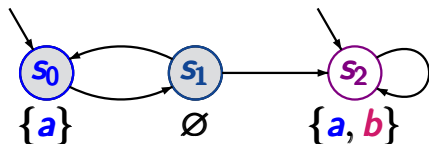
as $s_1 \not\models a$

$$\pi \models \Box \Diamond a$$

as $\Box \Diamond \hat{=}$ infinitely often

Correct or wrong ?

LTLSF3.1-7



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \emptyset)^\omega$$

$$\pi \not\models a \cup b$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \not\models b \text{ and } s_1 \not\models a \vee b$$

$$\pi \models \Diamond b \rightarrow (a \cup b)$$

$$\text{as } \pi \not\models \Diamond b$$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc \neg b$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \models \neg b$$

$$\pi \not\models \Box a$$

$$\text{as } s_1 \not\models a$$

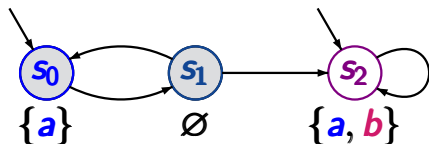
$$\pi \models \Box \Diamond a$$

$$\text{as } \Box \Diamond \hat{=} \text{infinitely often}$$

$$\pi \models \Diamond \Box a ?$$

Correct or wrong ?

LTLSF3.1-7



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

path $\pi = s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots$

$$trace(\pi) = (\{a\} \emptyset)^\omega$$

$$\pi \not\models a \cup b$$

as $s_0 \not\models b$ and $s_1 \not\models a \vee b$

$$\pi \models \Diamond b \rightarrow (a \cup b)$$

as $\pi \not\models \Diamond b$

$$\pi \models \bigcirc \bigcirc \neg b$$

as $s_0 \models \neg b$

$$\pi \not\models \Box a$$

as $s_1 \not\models a$

$$\pi \models \Box \Diamond a$$

as $\Box \Diamond \hat{=}$ infinitely often

$$\pi \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

as $\Diamond \Box \hat{=}$ eventually forever

for $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$:

for $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$:

$\sigma \models \Diamond \varphi$ iff there exists $j \geq 0$ such that

$$A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi$$

$\sigma \models \Box \varphi$ iff for all $j \geq 0$ we have:

$$A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi$$

for $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$:

$\sigma \models \Diamond \varphi$ iff there exists $j \geq 0$ such that

$$A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi$$

$\sigma \models \Box \varphi$ iff for all $j \geq 0$ we have:

$$A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi$$

$\sigma \models \Box \Diamond \varphi$ iff there are infinitely many $j \geq 0$ s.t.

$$A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi$$

for $\sigma = A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$:

$\sigma \models \Diamond \varphi$ iff there exists $j \geq 0$ such that

$$A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi$$

$\sigma \models \Box \varphi$ iff for all $j \geq 0$ we have:

$$A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi$$

$\sigma \models \Box \Diamond \varphi$ iff there are infinitely many $j \geq 0$ s.t.

$$A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi$$

$\sigma \models \Diamond \Box \varphi$ iff for almost all $j \geq 0$ we have:

$$A_j A_{j+1} A_{j+2} \dots \models \varphi$$

LTL semantics over the states of a TS

LTLSF3.1-SEM-STATES

given: TS $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$

without terminal states

LTL formula φ over AP

interpretation of φ over infinite path fragments

$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 \dots \models \varphi \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{trace}(\pi) \models \varphi$$

interpretation of φ over states:

$$s \models \varphi \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{trace}(\pi) \models \varphi \quad \text{for all } \pi \in \text{Paths}(s)$$

given: TS $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$

without terminal states

LTL formula φ over AP

interpretation of φ over infinite path fragments

$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 \dots \models \varphi \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{trace}(\pi) \models \varphi$$

interpretation of φ over states:

$$\begin{aligned} s \models \varphi & \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{trace}(\pi) \models \varphi \text{ for all } \pi \in \text{Paths}(s) \\ & \quad \text{iff} \quad s \models \text{Words}(\varphi) \end{aligned}$$

given: TS $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$

without terminal states

LTL formula φ over AP

interpretation of φ over infinite path fragments

$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 \dots \models \varphi \text{ iff } \text{trace}(\pi) \models \varphi$$

interpretation of φ over states:

$$\begin{aligned} s \models \varphi & \text{ iff } \text{trace}(\pi) \models \varphi \text{ for all } \pi \in \text{Paths}(s) \\ & \text{ iff } s \models \text{Words}(\varphi) \end{aligned}$$



satisfaction relation for LT properties

given: TS $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$

without terminal states

LTL formula φ over AP

interpretation of φ over infinite path fragments

$$\pi = s_0 s_1 s_2 \dots \models \varphi \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{trace}(\pi) \models \varphi$$

interpretation of φ over states:

$$s \models \varphi \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{trace}(\pi) \models \varphi \text{ for all } \pi \in \text{Paths}(s)$$

$$\text{iff } s \models \text{Words}(\varphi)$$

$$\text{iff } \text{Traces}(s) \subseteq \text{Words}(\varphi)$$

given: TS $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$

without terminal states

LTL formula φ over AP

$$\mathcal{T} \models \varphi \text{ iff } s_0 \models \varphi \text{ for all } s_0 \in \mathcal{S}_0$$

given: TS $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$

without terminal states

LTL formula φ over AP

$\mathcal{T} \models \varphi$ iff $s_0 \models \varphi$ for all $s_0 \in \mathcal{S}_0$

iff $trace(\pi) \models \varphi$ for all $\pi \in Paths(\mathcal{T})$

given: TS $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$

without terminal states

LTL formula φ over AP

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{T} \models \varphi & \text{ iff } s_0 \models \varphi \text{ for all } s_0 \in \mathcal{S}_0 \\ & \text{ iff } \text{trace}(\pi) \models \varphi \text{ for all } \pi \in \text{Paths}(\mathcal{T}) \\ & \text{ iff } \text{Traces}(\mathcal{T}) \subseteq \text{Words}(\varphi)\end{aligned}$$

given: TS $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, s_0, AP, L)$

without terminal states

LTL formula φ over AP

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{T} \models \varphi & \text{ iff } s_0 \models \varphi \text{ for all } s_0 \in \mathcal{S}_0 \\ & \text{ iff } \text{trace}(\pi) \models \varphi \text{ for all } \pi \in \text{Paths}(\mathcal{T}) \\ & \text{ iff } \text{Traces}(\mathcal{T}) \subseteq \text{Words}(\varphi) \\ & \text{ iff } \mathcal{T} \models \text{Words}(\varphi)\end{aligned}$$

given: TS $\mathcal{T} = (\mathcal{S}, Act, \rightarrow, \mathcal{S}_0, AP, L)$

without terminal states

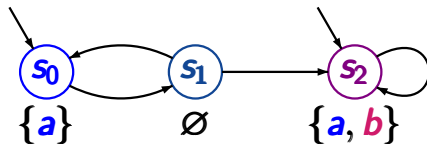
LTL formula φ over AP

$\mathcal{T} \models \varphi$ iff $s_0 \models \varphi$ for all $s_0 \in \mathcal{S}_0$
iff $trace(\pi) \models \varphi$ for all $\pi \in Paths(\mathcal{T})$
iff $Traces(\mathcal{T}) \subseteq Words(\varphi)$
iff $\mathcal{T} \models Words(\varphi)$

↑
satisfaction relation for LT properties

Which formulas hold for \mathcal{T} ?

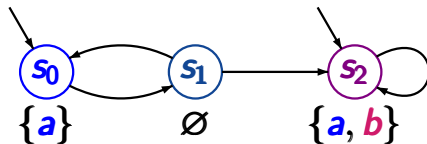
LTLSF3.1-11



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

Which formulas hold for \mathcal{T} ?

LTLSF3.1-11

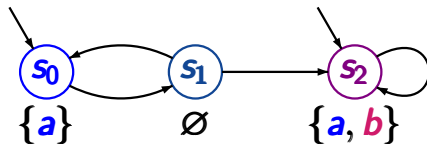


$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models a$$

Which formulas hold for \mathcal{T} ?

LTLSF3.1-11



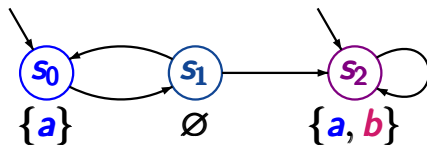
$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models a$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \models a \text{ and } s_2 \models a$$

Which formulas hold for \mathcal{T} ?

LTLSF3.1-11



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

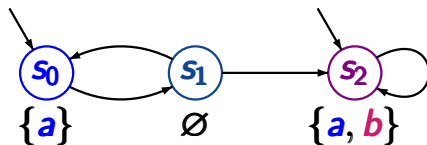
$$\mathcal{T} \models a$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \models a \text{ and } s_2 \models a$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models \Diamond \Box a$$

Which formulas hold for \mathcal{T} ?

LTLSF3.1-11



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

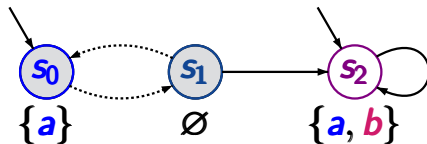
$$\mathcal{T} \models a$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \models a \text{ and } s_2 \models a$$

$$\mathcal{T} \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

Which formulas hold for \mathcal{T} ?

LTLSF3.1-11



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models a$$

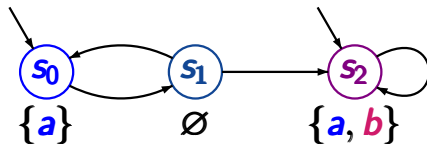
$$\text{as } s_0 \models a \text{ and } s_2 \models a$$

$$\mathcal{T} \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

$$\text{as } s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

Which formulas hold for \mathcal{T} ?

LTLSF3.1-11



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models a$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \models a \text{ and } s_2 \models a$$

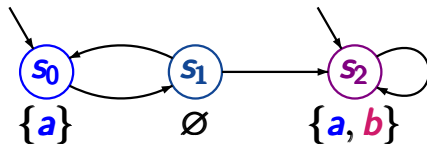
$$\mathcal{T} \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

$$\text{as } s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models \Diamond \Box b \vee \Box \Diamond (\neg a \wedge \neg b)$$

Which formulas hold for \mathcal{T} ?

LTLSF3.1-11



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models a$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \models a \text{ and } s_2 \models a$$

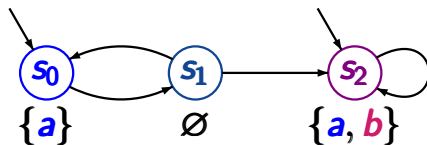
$$\mathcal{T} \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

$$\text{as } s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models \Diamond \Box b \vee \Box \Diamond (\neg a \wedge \neg b) \text{ as } s_2 \models b, s_1 \not\models a, b$$

Which formulas hold for \mathcal{T} ?

LTLSF3.1-11



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models a$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \models a \text{ and } s_2 \models a$$

$$\mathcal{T} \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

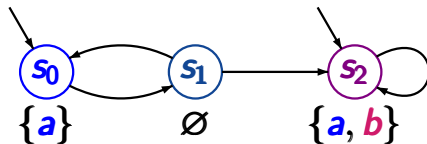
$$\text{as } s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models \Diamond \Box b \vee \Box \Diamond (\neg a \wedge \neg b) \quad \text{as } s_2 \models b, s_1 \not\models a, b$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models \Box (a \rightarrow (\bigcirc \neg a \vee b))$$

Which formulas hold for \mathcal{T} ?

LTLSF3.1-11



$$AP = \{a, b\}$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models a$$

$$\text{as } s_0 \models a \text{ and } s_2 \models a$$

$$\mathcal{T} \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

$$\text{as } s_0 s_1 s_0 s_1 \dots \not\models \Diamond \Box a$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models \Diamond \Box b \vee \Box \Diamond (\neg a \wedge \neg b) \quad \text{as } s_2 \models b, s_1 \not\models a, b$$

$$\mathcal{T} \models \Box (a \rightarrow (\bigcirc \neg a \vee b)) \quad \text{as } s_2 \models b, s_0 \models \bigcirc \neg a$$

Correct or wrong?

LTLSF3.1-12

For each path π we have: $\pi \models \varphi$ or $\pi \models \neg \varphi$

Correct or wrong?

LTLSF3.1-12

For each path π we have: $\pi \models \varphi$ or $\pi \models \neg\varphi$

correct, since $\pi \models \neg\varphi$ iff $\pi \not\models \varphi$

Correct or wrong?

LTLSF3.1-12

For each path π we have: $\pi \models \varphi$ or $\pi \models \neg\varphi$

correct, since $\pi \models \neg\varphi$ iff $\pi \not\models \varphi$

For each state s we have: $s \models \varphi$ or $s \models \neg\varphi$

Correct or wrong?

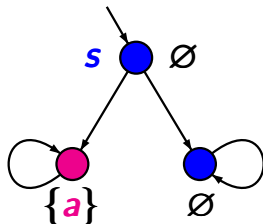
LTLSF3.1-12

For each **path** π we have: $\pi \models \varphi$ or $\pi \models \neg\varphi$

correct, since $\pi \models \neg\varphi$ iff $\pi \not\models \varphi$

For each **state** s we have: $s \models \varphi$ or $s \models \neg\varphi$

wrong.



$s \not\models \Diamond a$ and $s \not\models \neg\Diamond a$

LTL formulas over $AP = \{\text{wait}_1, \text{crit}_1, \text{wait}_2, \text{crit}_2\}$

- the mutual exclusion property

$$\varphi_{\text{mutex}} = ?$$

LTL formulas over $AP = \{\text{wait}_1, \text{crit}_1, \text{wait}_2, \text{crit}_2\}$

- the mutual exclusion property

$$\varphi_{\text{mutex}} = \Box(\neg \text{crit}_1 \vee \neg \text{crit}_2)$$

LTL formulas over $AP = \{\text{wait}_1, \text{crit}_1, \text{wait}_2, \text{crit}_2\}$

- the mutual exclusion property

$$\varphi_{\text{mutex}} = \Box(\neg \text{crit}_1 \vee \neg \text{crit}_2)$$

- “every process enters the critical section infinitely often”

$$\varphi_{\text{live}} = ?$$

LTL formulas over $AP = \{\text{wait}_1, \text{crit}_1, \text{wait}_2, \text{crit}_2\}$

- the mutual exclusion property

$$\varphi_{\text{mutex}} = \Box(\neg \text{crit}_1 \vee \neg \text{crit}_2)$$

- “every process enters the critical section infinitely often”

$$\varphi_{\text{live}} = \Box\Diamond \text{crit}_1 \wedge \Box\Diamond \text{crit}_2$$

LTL formulas over $AP = \{\text{wait}_1, \text{crit}_1, \text{wait}_2, \text{crit}_2\}$

- the mutual exclusion property

$$\varphi_{\text{mutex}} = \Box(\neg \text{crit}_1 \vee \neg \text{crit}_2)$$

- “every process enters the critical section infinitely often”

$$\varphi_{\text{live}} = \Box\Diamond \text{crit}_1 \wedge \Box\Diamond \text{crit}_2$$

- starvation freedom

“every waiting process finally enters its critical section”

$$\varphi_{\text{sf}} = ?$$

LTL formulas over $AP = \{\text{wait}_1, \text{crit}_1, \text{wait}_2, \text{crit}_2\}$

- the mutual exclusion property

$$\varphi_{\text{mutex}} = \Box(\neg \text{crit}_1 \vee \neg \text{crit}_2)$$

- “every process enters the critical section infinitely often”

$$\varphi_{\text{live}} = \Box\Diamond \text{crit}_1 \wedge \Box\Diamond \text{crit}_2$$

- starvation freedom

“every waiting process finally enters its critical section”

$$\varphi_{\text{sf}} = \Box(\text{wait}_1 \rightarrow \Diamond \text{crit}_1) \wedge \Box(\text{wait}_2 \rightarrow \Diamond \text{crit}_2)$$

Provide an LTL formula over $AP = \{a, b\}$ for ... LTLSF3.1-17

- set of all words $A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$ such that:

$$\forall i \geq 0. (a \in A_i \implies i \geq 1 \wedge b \in A_{i-1})$$

- set of all words $A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$ such that:

$$\forall i \geq 0. (a \in A_i \implies i \geq 1 \wedge b \in A_{i-1})$$

$$\forall j \geq 0. (b \in A_j \vee a \notin A_{j+1})$$

- set of all words $A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$ such that:

$$\forall i \geq 0. (a \in A_i \implies i \geq 1 \wedge b \in A_{i-1})$$

$$\forall j \geq 0. (b \in A_j \vee a \notin A_{j+1})$$

$$\equiv \text{Words}(\Box(b \vee \bigcirc \neg a))$$

- set of all words $A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$ such that:

$$\forall i \geq 0. (a \in A_i \implies i \geq 1 \wedge b \in A_{i-1})$$

$$\forall j \geq 0. (b \in A_j \vee a \notin A_{j+1})$$

$$\equiv \text{Words}(\Box(b \vee \bigcirc \neg a))$$

- set of all words of the form

$$\{b\}^{n_1} \{a\} \{b\}^{n_2} \{a\} \{b\}^{n_3} \{a\} \dots$$

where $n_1, n_2, n_3, \dots \geq 0$

- set of all words $A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^{AP})^\omega$ such that:

$$\forall i \geq 0. (a \in A_i \implies i \geq 1 \wedge b \in A_{i-1})$$

$$\forall j \geq 0. (b \in A_j \vee a \notin A_{j+1})$$

$$\equiv \text{Words}(\Box(b \vee \bigcirc \neg a))$$

- set of all words of the form

$$\{b\}^{n_1} \{a\} \{b\}^{n_2} \{a\} \{b\}^{n_3} \{a\} \dots$$

where $n_1, n_2, n_3, \dots \geq 0$

$$\equiv \text{Words}(\Box((b \wedge \neg a) \vee (a \wedge \neg b)))$$

$$\varphi_1 \equiv \varphi_2 \quad \text{iff} \quad \textit{Words}(\varphi_1) = \textit{Words}(\varphi_2)$$

$\varphi_1 \equiv \varphi_2$ iff $Words(\varphi_1) = Words(\varphi_2)$

iff for all transition systems \mathcal{T} :

$$\mathcal{T} \models \varphi_1 \iff \mathcal{T} \models \varphi_2$$

$$\varphi_1 \equiv \varphi_2 \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{Words}(\varphi_1) = \text{Words}(\varphi_2)$$

iff for all transition systems \mathcal{T} :

$$\mathcal{T} \models \varphi_1 \iff \mathcal{T} \models \varphi_2$$

Examples:

$$\varphi_1 \vee \varphi_2 \equiv \varphi_2 \vee \varphi_1$$

$$\neg\neg\varphi \equiv \varphi$$

$$\vdots$$

all equivalences
from propositional logic

$$\varphi_1 \equiv \varphi_2 \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{Words}(\varphi_1) = \text{Words}(\varphi_2)$$

iff for all transition systems \mathcal{T} :

$$\mathcal{T} \models \varphi_1 \iff \mathcal{T} \models \varphi_2$$

Examples:

$$\varphi_1 \vee \varphi_2 \equiv \varphi_2 \vee \varphi_1$$

$$\neg\neg\varphi \equiv \varphi$$

$$\vdots$$

$$\neg\bigcirc\varphi \equiv \bigcirc\neg\varphi$$

all equivalences
from propositional logic

$$\varphi_1 \equiv \varphi_2 \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{Words}(\varphi_1) = \text{Words}(\varphi_2)$$

Claim: $\neg \bigcirc \varphi \equiv \bigcirc \neg \varphi$ “self-duality of next”

$$\varphi_1 \equiv \varphi_2 \text{ iff } \text{Words}(\varphi_1) = \text{Words}(\varphi_2)$$

Claim: $\neg \bigcirc \varphi \equiv \bigcirc \neg \varphi$ “self-duality of next”

Proof: $A_0 A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \models \neg \bigcirc \varphi$

$$\varphi_1 \equiv \varphi_2 \text{ iff } \text{Words}(\varphi_1) = \text{Words}(\varphi_2)$$

Claim: $\neg \bigcirc \varphi \equiv \bigcirc \neg \varphi$ “self-duality of next”

Proof: $A_0 A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \models \neg \bigcirc \varphi$

iff $A_0 A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \not\models \bigcirc \varphi$

$$\varphi_1 \equiv \varphi_2 \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{Words}(\varphi_1) = \text{Words}(\varphi_2)$$

Claim: $\neg \bigcirc \varphi \equiv \bigcirc \neg \varphi$ “self-duality of next”

Proof: $A_0 A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \models \neg \bigcirc \varphi$

iff $A_0 A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \not\models \bigcirc \varphi$

iff $A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \not\models \varphi$

$$\varphi_1 \equiv \varphi_2 \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{Words}(\varphi_1) = \text{Words}(\varphi_2)$$

Claim: $\neg \bigcirc \varphi \equiv \bigcirc \neg \varphi$ “self-duality of next”

Proof: $A_0 A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \models \neg \bigcirc \varphi$

iff $A_0 A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \not\models \bigcirc \varphi$

iff $A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \not\models \varphi$

iff $A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \models \neg \varphi$

$$\varphi_1 \equiv \varphi_2 \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{Words}(\varphi_1) = \text{Words}(\varphi_2)$$

Claim: $\neg \bigcirc \varphi \equiv \bigcirc \neg \varphi$ “self-duality of next”

Proof: $A_0 A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \models \neg \bigcirc \varphi$

iff $A_0 A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \not\models \bigcirc \varphi$

iff $A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \not\models \varphi$

iff $A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \models \neg \varphi$

iff $A_0 A_1 A_2 A_3 \dots \models \bigcirc \neg \varphi$

Correct or wrong?

LTLSF3.1-26

$$\Diamond(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \Diamond\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi$$

Correct or wrong?

LTLSF3.1-26

$$\Diamond(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \Diamond\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi$$

correct

Correct or wrong?

LTLSF3.1-26

$$\Diamond(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \Diamond\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi$$

correct

$$\Diamond(\varphi \wedge \psi) \equiv \Diamond\varphi \wedge \Diamond\psi$$

$$\Diamond(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \Diamond\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi$$

correct

$$\Diamond(\varphi \wedge \psi) \equiv \Diamond\varphi \wedge \Diamond\psi$$

wrong,

e.g.,



$$\models \Diamond b \wedge \Diamond a$$

$$\not\models \Diamond(b \wedge a)$$

Correct or wrong?

LTLSF3.1-26

$$\Diamond(\varphi \vee \psi) \equiv \Diamond\varphi \vee \Diamond\psi$$

correct

$$\Diamond(\varphi \wedge \psi) \equiv \Diamond\varphi \wedge \Diamond\psi$$

wrong,

e.g.,



$$\models \Diamond b \wedge \Diamond a$$

$$\not\models \Diamond(b \wedge a)$$

similarly: $\Box(\varphi \wedge \psi) \equiv \Box\varphi \wedge \Box\psi$

$$\Box(\varphi \vee \psi) \not\equiv \Box\varphi \vee \Box\psi$$

until:

$$\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$$

until: $\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$

eventually: $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \Diamond \psi$

until: $\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$

eventually: $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \vee \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$

note: $\Diamond \psi = \text{true} \mathbf{U} \psi$

until: $\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$

eventually: $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \Diamond \psi$

note: $\Diamond \psi = \mathbf{true} \mathbf{U} \psi$
 $\equiv \psi \vee (\mathbf{true} \wedge \mathbf{O}(\mathbf{true} \mathbf{U} \psi))$

until: $\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$

eventually: $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \Diamond \psi$

note: $\Diamond \psi = \mathbf{true} \mathbf{U} \psi$
 $\equiv \psi \vee (\mathbf{true} \wedge \mathbf{O}(\underbrace{\mathbf{true} \mathbf{U} \psi}_{= \Diamond \psi}))$

until: $\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$

eventually: $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \Diamond \psi$

note: $\Diamond \psi = \mathbf{true} \mathbf{U} \psi$

$$\equiv \psi \vee (\mathbf{true} \wedge \mathbf{O}(\underbrace{\mathbf{true} \mathbf{U} \psi}_{= \Diamond \psi}))$$
$$\equiv \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \Diamond \psi$$

Expansion laws for \mathbf{U} , $\mathbf{\Diamond}$ and $\mathbf{\Box}$

LTLSF3.1-29

until: $\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$

eventually: $\mathbf{\Diamond} \psi \equiv \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Diamond} \psi$

always: $\mathbf{\Box} \psi \equiv ?$

Expansion laws for \mathbf{U} , $\mathbf{\Diamond}$ and $\mathbf{\Box}$

LTLSF3.1-29

until: $\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$

eventually: $\mathbf{\Diamond} \psi \equiv \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Diamond} \psi$

always: $\mathbf{\Box} \psi \equiv \psi \wedge \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Box} \psi$

until: $\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$

eventually: $\mathbf{\Diamond} \psi \equiv \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Diamond} \psi$

always: $\mathbf{\Box} \psi \equiv \psi \wedge \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Box} \psi$

$$\mathbf{\Box} \psi = \neg \mathbf{\Diamond} \neg \psi$$

until: $\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$

eventually: $\mathbf{\Diamond} \psi \equiv \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Diamond} \psi$

always: $\mathbf{\Box} \psi \equiv \psi \wedge \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Box} \psi$

$$\mathbf{\Box} \psi = \neg \mathbf{\Diamond} \neg \psi$$

$$\equiv \neg(\neg \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Diamond} \neg \psi) \leftarrow \text{expansion law for } \mathbf{\Diamond}$$

until: $\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$

eventually: $\mathbf{\Diamond} \psi \equiv \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Diamond} \psi$

always: $\mathbf{\Box} \psi \equiv \psi \wedge \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Box} \psi$

$$\mathbf{\Box} \psi = \neg \mathbf{\Diamond} \neg \psi$$

$$\equiv \neg (\neg \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Diamond} \neg \psi)$$

$$\equiv \neg \neg \psi \wedge \neg \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Diamond} \neg \psi \quad \leftarrow \text{de Morgan}$$

until: $\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$

eventually: $\mathbf{\Diamond} \psi \equiv \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Diamond} \psi$

always: $\mathbf{\Box} \psi \equiv \psi \wedge \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Box} \psi$

$$\mathbf{\Box} \psi = \neg \mathbf{\Diamond} \neg \psi$$

$$\equiv \neg (\neg \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Diamond} \neg \psi)$$

$$\equiv \neg \neg \psi \wedge \neg \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Diamond} \neg \psi$$

$$\equiv \psi \wedge \neg \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Diamond} \neg \psi \quad \leftarrow \text{double negation}$$

until: $\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$

eventually: $\mathbf{\Diamond} \psi \equiv \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Diamond} \psi$

always: $\mathbf{\Box} \psi \equiv \psi \wedge \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Box} \psi$

$$\mathbf{\Box} \psi = \neg \mathbf{\Diamond} \neg \psi$$

$$\equiv \neg (\neg \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Diamond} \neg \psi)$$

$$\equiv \neg \neg \psi \wedge \neg \mathbf{O} \mathbf{\Diamond} \neg \psi$$

$$\equiv \psi \wedge \mathbf{O} \neg \mathbf{\Diamond} \neg \psi \leftarrow \text{self duality of } \mathbf{O}$$

until: $\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$

eventually: $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \Diamond \psi$

always: $\Box \psi \equiv \psi \wedge \mathbf{O} \Box \psi$

$$\Box \psi = \neg \Diamond \neg \psi$$

$$\equiv \neg (\neg \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \Diamond \neg \psi)$$

$$\equiv \neg \neg \psi \wedge \neg \mathbf{O} \Diamond \neg \psi$$

$$\equiv \psi \wedge \mathbf{O} \neg \Diamond \neg \psi$$

$$\equiv \psi \wedge \mathbf{O} \Box \psi$$

← definition of \Box

until: $\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$

eventually: $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \Diamond \psi$

always: $\Box \psi \equiv \psi \wedge \mathbf{O} \Box \psi$

until: $\boxed{\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi} \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc \boxed{\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi})$

eventually: $\boxed{\Diamond \psi} \equiv \psi \vee \bigcirc \boxed{\Diamond \psi}$

always: $\boxed{\Box \psi} \equiv \psi \wedge \bigcirc \boxed{\Box \psi}$

until: $\boxed{\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi} \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc \boxed{\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi})$

eventually: $\boxed{\Diamond \psi} \equiv \psi \vee \bigcirc \boxed{\Diamond \psi}$

always: $\boxed{\Box \psi} \equiv \psi \wedge \bigcirc \boxed{\Box \psi}$

... don't yield a complete characterization, e.g.,

$$\textit{false} \equiv a \wedge \bigcirc \textit{false}$$

$$\Box a \equiv a \wedge \bigcirc \Box a$$

consider

$$\psi = a$$

until: $\boxed{\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi} \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc \boxed{\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi})$

eventually: $\boxed{\Diamond \psi} \equiv \psi \vee \bigcirc \boxed{\Diamond \psi}$

always: $\boxed{\Box \psi} \equiv \psi \wedge \bigcirc \boxed{\Box \psi}$

... don't yield a complete characterization, e.g.,

$$\begin{array}{ll} \textit{false} & \equiv a \wedge \bigcirc \textit{false} \\ \Box a & \equiv a \wedge \bigcirc \Box a \end{array}$$

although
 $\Box a \not\equiv \textit{false}$

Expansion laws are fixed point equations

LTLSF3.1-30

until: $\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$

least fixed point

eventually: $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \vee \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$

least fixed point

always: $\Box \psi \equiv \psi \wedge \bigcirc \Box \psi$

... don't yield a complete characterization, e.g.,

$$\textit{false} \equiv a \wedge \bigcirc \textit{false}$$

$$\Box a \equiv a \wedge \bigcirc \Box a$$

although
 $\Box a \not\equiv \textit{false}$

until: $\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$

least fixed point

eventually: $\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \vee \mathbf{O} \Diamond \psi$

least fixed point

always: $\Box \psi \equiv \psi \wedge \mathbf{O} \Box \psi$

greatest fixed point

... don't yield a complete characterization, e.g.,

$$\textit{false} \equiv a \wedge \mathbf{O} \textit{false}$$

$$\Box a \equiv a \wedge \mathbf{O} \Box a$$

although

$$\Box a \not\equiv \textit{false}$$

The LTL formula $\chi = \varphi \mathbf{U} \psi$ is the least solution of

$$\chi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}\chi)$$

The LTL formula $\chi = \varphi \mathbf{U} \psi$ is the least solution of

$$\chi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}\chi)$$

i.e., $\mathbf{Words}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi)$ least LT-property E s.t.

$$E = \mathbf{Words}(\psi) \cup \{A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in \mathbf{Words}(\varphi) : A_1 A_2 \dots \in E\}$$

The LTL formula $\chi = \varphi \mathbf{U} \psi$ is the least solution of

$$\chi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}\chi)$$

i.e., $\mathbf{Words}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi)$ least LT-property E s.t.

$$E = \mathbf{Words}(\psi) \cup \{A_0A_1A_2\ldots \in \mathbf{Words}(\varphi) : A_1A_2\ldots \in E\}$$

It even holds that $\mathbf{Words}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi)$ least LT-property E s.t.

$$(1) \quad \mathbf{Words}(\psi) \subseteq E$$

$$(2) \quad \{A_0A_1A_2\ldots \in \mathbf{Words}(\varphi) : A_1A_2\ldots \in E\} \subseteq E$$

The weak until operator W

LTLSF3.1-WEAKUNTIL

The weak until operator W

LTLSF3.1-WEAKUNTIL

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\varphi \text{ U } \psi) \vee \Box \varphi$$

The weak until operator W

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\varphi \text{ U } \psi) \vee \Box \varphi$$

deriving “always” and “until” from “weak until”:

$$\Box \varphi \equiv ?$$

The weak until operator W

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\varphi \text{ U } \psi) \vee \Box \varphi$$

deriving “always” and “until” from “weak until”:

$$\Box \varphi \equiv \varphi \text{ W } \textit{false}$$

The weak until operator W

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\varphi \text{ U } \psi) \vee \Box \varphi$$

deriving “always” and “until” from “weak until”:

$$\Box \varphi \equiv \varphi \text{ W } \textit{false}$$

$$\varphi \text{ U } \psi \equiv ?$$

The weak until operator W

$$\varphi \mathbf{W} \psi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi) \vee \Box \varphi$$

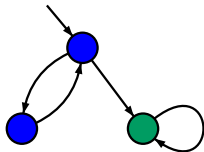
deriving “always” and “until” from “weak until”:

$$\Box \varphi \equiv \varphi \mathbf{W} \textit{false}$$

$$\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv (\varphi \mathbf{W} \psi) \wedge \Diamond \psi$$

Does $\mathcal{T} \models aWb$ hold?

LTLSF3.1-32

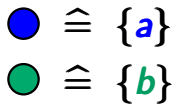
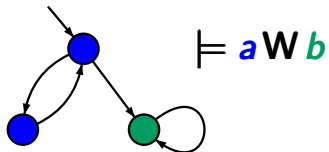


$\bullet \hat{=} \{a\}$

$\bullet \hat{=} \{b\}$

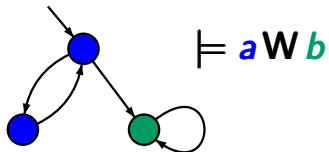
Does $\mathcal{T} \models aWb$ hold?

LTLSF3.1-32



Does $\mathcal{T} \models aWb$ hold?

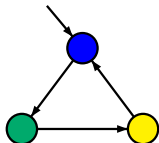
LTLSF3.1-32



$\bullet \hat{=} \{a\}$

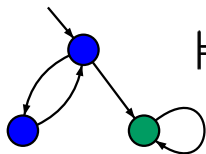
$\bullet \hat{=} \{b\}$

$\bullet \hat{=} \emptyset$



Does $\mathcal{T} \models aWb$ hold?

LTLSF3.1-32

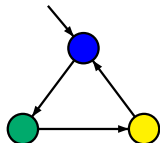


$\models aWb$

$\bullet \hat{=} \{a\}$

$\bullet \hat{=} \{b\}$

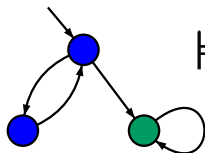
$\bullet \hat{=} \emptyset$



$\models aWb$ (even aUb)

Does $\mathcal{T} \models aWb$ hold?

LTLSF3.1-32

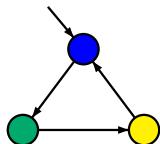


$\models aWb$

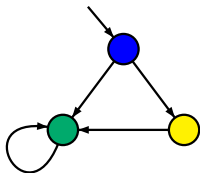
$\bullet \hat{=} \{a\}$

$\bullet \hat{=} \{b\}$

$\bullet \hat{=} \emptyset$

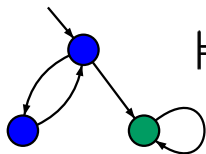


$\models aWb$ (even aUb)



Does $\mathcal{T} \models aWb$ hold?

LTLSF3.1-32

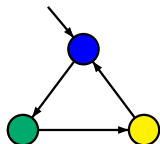


$\models aWb$

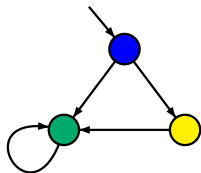
$\bullet \hat{=} \{a\}$

$\bullet \hat{=} \{b\}$

$\bullet \hat{=} \emptyset$



$\models aWb$ (even aUb)



$\not\models aWb$

$$\varphi \mathbf{W} \psi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi) \vee \Box \varphi$$

goal: express $\neg(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi)$ via \mathbf{W} , and vice versa

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\varphi \text{ U } \psi) \vee \Box \varphi$$

$$\neg(\varphi \text{ U } \psi)$$

$$\equiv ((\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \text{ U } (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)) \vee \Box(\varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\varphi \text{ U } \psi) \vee \Box \varphi$$

$$\neg(\varphi \text{ U } \psi)$$

$$\equiv ((\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \text{ U } (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)) \vee \Box(\varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

$$\equiv (\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \text{ W } (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\varphi \text{ U } \psi) \vee \Box \varphi$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \neg(\varphi \text{ U } \psi) \\ \equiv & ((\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \text{ U } (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)) \vee \Box(\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \\ \equiv & (\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \text{ W } (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \\ \equiv & (\neg \psi) \text{ W } (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \end{aligned}$$

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\varphi \text{ U } \psi) \vee \Box \varphi$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \neg(\varphi \text{ U } \psi) \\ \equiv & ((\varphi \wedge \neg\psi) \text{ U } (\neg\varphi \wedge \neg\psi)) \vee \Box(\varphi \wedge \neg\psi) \\ \equiv & (\varphi \wedge \neg\psi) \text{ W } (\neg\varphi \wedge \neg\psi) \\ \equiv & (\neg\psi) \text{ W } (\neg\varphi \wedge \neg\psi) \end{aligned}$$

$$\neg(\varphi \text{ U } \psi) \equiv (\neg\psi) \text{ W } (\neg\varphi \wedge \neg\psi)$$

$$\neg(\varphi \text{ W } \psi) \equiv ?$$

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\varphi \text{ U } \psi) \vee \Box \varphi$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \neg(\varphi \text{ U } \psi) \\ \equiv & ((\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \text{ U } (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)) \vee \Box(\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \\ \equiv & (\varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \text{ W } (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \\ \equiv & (\neg \psi) \text{ W } (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi) \end{aligned}$$

$$\neg(\varphi \text{ U } \psi) \equiv (\neg \psi) \text{ W } (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

$$\neg(\varphi \text{ W } \psi) \equiv (\neg \psi) \text{ U } (\neg \varphi \wedge \neg \psi)$$

Expansion laws for U and W

LTLSF3.1-34

Expansion laws for U and W

LTLSF3.1-34

$$\varphi \text{ U } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \text{O}(\varphi \text{ U } \psi))$$

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \equiv ?$$

Expansion laws for U and W

LTLSF3.1-34

$$\varphi \text{ U } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \text{O}(\varphi \text{ U } \psi))$$

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \text{O}(\varphi \text{ W } \psi))$$

Expansion laws for U and W

LTLSF3.1-34

$$\varphi \text{ U } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \text{O}(\varphi \text{ U } \psi))$$

smallest
solution

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \text{O}(\varphi \text{ W } \psi))$$

Expansion laws for U and W

LTLSF3.1-34

$$\varphi \text{ U } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \text{O}(\varphi \text{ U } \psi))$$

smallest solution

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \text{O}(\varphi \text{ W } \psi))$$

largest solution

$$\varphi \text{ U } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \text{O}(\varphi \text{ U } \psi))$$

smallest
solution

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \text{O}(\varphi \text{ W } \psi))$$

largest
solution

$\text{Words}(\varphi \text{ U } \psi)$ smallest LT-property E s.t.

$$\varphi \text{ U } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \text{O}(\varphi \text{ U } \psi))$$

smallest solution

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \text{O}(\varphi \text{ W } \psi))$$

largest solution

$\text{Words}(\varphi \text{ U } \psi)$ smallest LT-property E s.t.

$$(1) \quad \text{Words}(\psi) \subseteq E$$

$$(2) \quad \{A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in \text{Words}(\varphi) : A_1 A_2 \dots \in E\} \subseteq E$$

$$\varphi \text{ U } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc(\varphi \text{ U } \psi)) \quad \text{smallest solution}$$

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc(\varphi \text{ W } \psi)) \quad \text{largest solution}$$

$\text{Words}(\varphi \text{ U } \psi)$ smallest LT-property E s.t.

$$(1) \quad \text{Words}(\psi) \subseteq E$$

$$(2) \quad \{A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in \text{Words}(\varphi) : A_1 A_2 \dots \in E\} \subseteq E$$



$$\text{Words}(\psi) \cup \{A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in \text{Words}(\varphi) : A_1 A_2 \dots \in E\} \subseteq E$$

$$\varphi \text{ U } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \text{O}(\varphi \text{ U } \psi))$$

smallest solution

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \text{O}(\varphi \text{ W } \psi))$$

largest solution

$\text{Words}(\varphi \text{ U } \psi)$ smallest LT-property E s.t.

$$\text{Words}(\psi) \cup \{A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in \text{Words}(\varphi) : A_1 A_2 \dots \in E\} \subseteq E$$

$$\varphi \text{ U } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc(\varphi \text{ U } \psi))$$

smallest solution

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc(\varphi \text{ W } \psi))$$

largest solution

$Words(\varphi \text{ U } \psi)$ smallest LT-property E s.t.

$$Words(\psi) \cup \{A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in Words(\varphi) : A_1 A_2 \dots \in E\} \subseteq E$$

$Words(\varphi \text{ W } \psi)$ largest LT-property E s.t.

$$\varphi \text{ U } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc(\varphi \text{ U } \psi)) \quad \text{smallest solution}$$

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc(\varphi \text{ W } \psi)) \quad \text{largest solution}$$

$\text{Words}(\varphi \text{ U } \psi)$ smallest LT-property E s.t.

$$\text{Words}(\psi) \cup \{A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in \text{Words}(\varphi) : A_1 A_2 \dots \in E\} \subseteq E$$

$\text{Words}(\varphi \text{ W } \psi)$ largest LT-property E s.t.

$$\text{Words}(\psi) \cup \{A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in \text{Words}(\varphi) : A_1 A_2 \dots \in E\} \supseteq E$$

$$\varphi \text{ U } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \text{O}(\varphi \text{ U } \psi)) \quad \text{smallest solution}$$

$$\varphi \text{ W } \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \text{O}(\varphi \text{ W } \psi)) \quad \text{largest solution}$$

$\text{Words}(\varphi \text{ U } \psi)$ smallest LT-property E s.t.

$$\text{Words}(\psi) \cup \{A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in \text{Words}(\varphi) : A_1 A_2 \dots \in E\} \subseteq E$$

$\text{Words}(\varphi \text{ W } \psi)$ largest LT-property E s.t.

$$E \subseteq \text{Words}(\psi) \cup \{A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in \text{Words}(\varphi) : A_1 A_2 \dots \in E\}$$

$$\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$$

smallest solution

$$\varphi \mathbf{W} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \mathbf{O}(\varphi \mathbf{W} \psi))$$

largest solution

$$\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc(\varphi \mathbf{U} \psi))$$

smallest solution

$$\Diamond \psi \equiv \psi \vee \bigcirc \Diamond \psi$$

smallest solution

$$\varphi \mathbf{W} \psi \equiv \psi \vee (\varphi \wedge \bigcirc(\varphi \mathbf{W} \psi))$$

largest solution

$$\Box \varphi \equiv \varphi \wedge \bigcirc \Box \varphi$$

largest solution

remind: $\Diamond \psi = \text{true} \mathbf{U} \psi$, $\Box \varphi \equiv \varphi \mathbf{W} \text{false}$