

A. What do you know about academic essay structure? Are the following statements true or false?

						D	
1.	Essays and paragraphs	have a very different	t structure.		* *	A C	
2.	Essays must have a log	ical and cohesive str	ucture.		A		
3.	Topic sentences introdu	ce the main idea of a	an essay.				
В.	Unscramble the lette	rs to reveal the ke	y parts of	an essay.		UL O	
1.	nionittrcoud		6. stihse ts	snteamte			
2.	stnroaintsi		7. ctiop es	cennet			
3.	ncooinscul		8. gcnoince	dlu escennet			
4.	gsnuiptpro siade		9. ybdo sp	hapraarg			
5.	dbnaucokrg		10. sdleita				
C. Match each term above to its correct definition.							
1.	:	is the first paragraph the focus of the essa	•	v. It introduc	es the topic and	indicates	
2.	:	the first part of the some general inform			uces the topic	and gives	
3.	:	the most important the introduction. It eassay.		•			
4.	:	these make up the rand supporting deta			where all the	key ideas	
5.	:	is usually the first s idea or central focus		a paragraph	and expresses	s its main	
6.	:	these are found in t sentence and provid				the topic	
7.	:	usually follow supp things as explanatio				ugh such	
8.	:	this comes at the en	d of a body	paragraph	to restate the r	nain idea.	
9.	:	this is the last paragethesis statement and body paragraphs.					
10):	words or phrases the between paragraphs		oortant idea	s within a para	agraph or	



D. Read the essay and label each item 1-10 below with the corresponding part of the essay from Exercise C.

Fast food is very familiar and pervasive with famous brands such as MacDonald's and KFC found almost everywhere. Fast food is in some ways controversial and has inspired a movement to counter its influence. This counter movement is known as slow food, and it started in Italy in 1986 to offer an alternative to fast food. This essay will explain what the slow food movement is, and why it is good for the environment.

To begin with, slow food sees itself as a philosophy about how food is produced and consumed that is different to fast food in almost every way. The first difference between these two approaches to food centres on health. For example, fast food's negative impacts on health include obesity, heart disease, and diabetes. This is because fast food is typically highly refined and high in sugar and fats. On the other hand, slow food tends to be very healthy as it emphasises food that is more natural and fresh. In addition, the other key difference between them is reflected in their names. Fast food is made for speed and convenience to allow busy people to eat on the go. Conversely, slow food is a more relaxed style of eating. In fact, the main ethos of the movement is "slow and relaxed enjoyment", meaning that both the preparation and the consumption of food should not be rushed but enjoyed slowly so that the experience can be savoured. To sum up, slow food is the very antithesis of fast food.

Another feature of slow food is that it aims to be environmentally sustainable. The first reason why is that slow food is typically unprocessed, which means it has less of an environmental impact. Processing food is an energy intensive undertaking requiring large amounts of water and energy. As slow food focuses on the consumption of food that is seasonal and in its natural state, it requires fewer natural resources for its production. In addition, the transportation of slow food burns less fossil fuel. This is because it promotes local production and consumption, which means food is transported across much shorter distances. In contrast, most of the food we eat is not grown in our local areas but transported from far away, including places on the other side of the globe.

In conclusion, slow food is very much unlike fast food and is better for the environment. Slow food is healthier, more enjoyable, and consumes fewer natural resources. Thus, slow food is an approach to eating that should be widely encouraged.

1. The sentence beginning with, "This essay will "				
2. The sentence beginning with, "To begin with "				
3. The sentence containing the phrase, "the other key difference "				
4. The very first three sentences of the essay				
5. The last two sentences in the second body paragraph				
6. This is the only paragraph that ends with a concluding sentence				
7. "Conversely" and "thus" are examples of which essay feature?				
8. The part of the essay that rephrases the thesis statement				
9. This paragraph has the opposite structure of the conclusion				
10. This is often the shortest paragraph in an essay				



E. Create an essay outline on the topic of healthy eating using the form below. Begin by brainstorming some ideas in the box and then complete the outline. Remember to only use key words and short phrases in your outline.

Topic: The Benefits of Healthy Eating.				
Introduction				
Thesis statement:				
Body paragraph 1				
Topic sentence:				
Supporting idea 1:				
Details:				
Supporting idea 2:				
Details:				
Body paragraph 2				
Topic sentence:				
Supporting idea 1:				
Details:				
Supporting idea 2:				
Details:				

^{*} A conclusion is not required in an outline as it simply recaps ideas already discussed in the essay. Conclusions never include new or additional information.





F. Now, use the outline to write a complete essay. Remember to use transition words and phrases where necessary.					