

Observation System Simulation Experiments: reconstructing surface ocean pCO₂ in the Atlantic Ocean

Laura Cimoli - ICCS ECAF



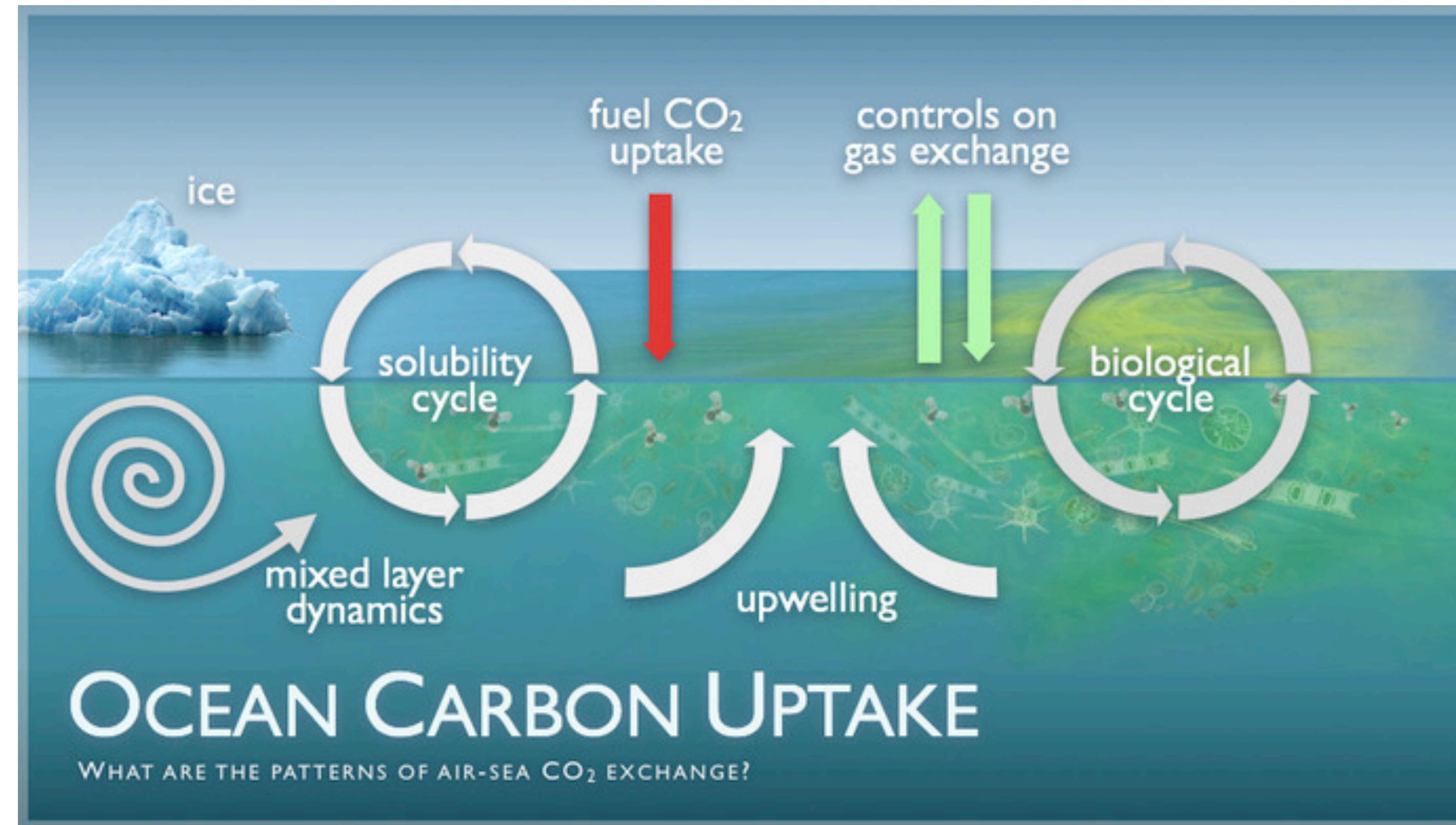
Anna Denvil-Sommer
(NCAS, U Reading)

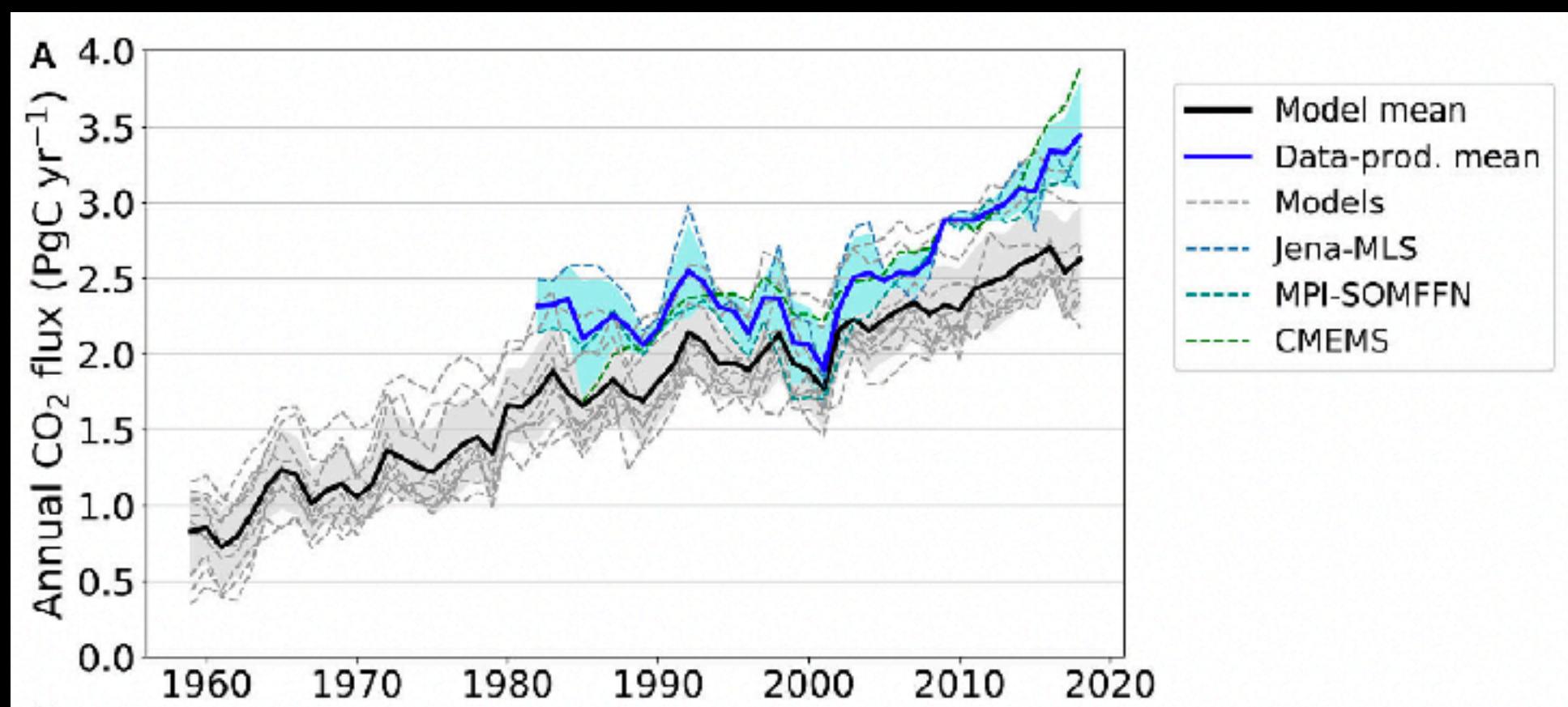
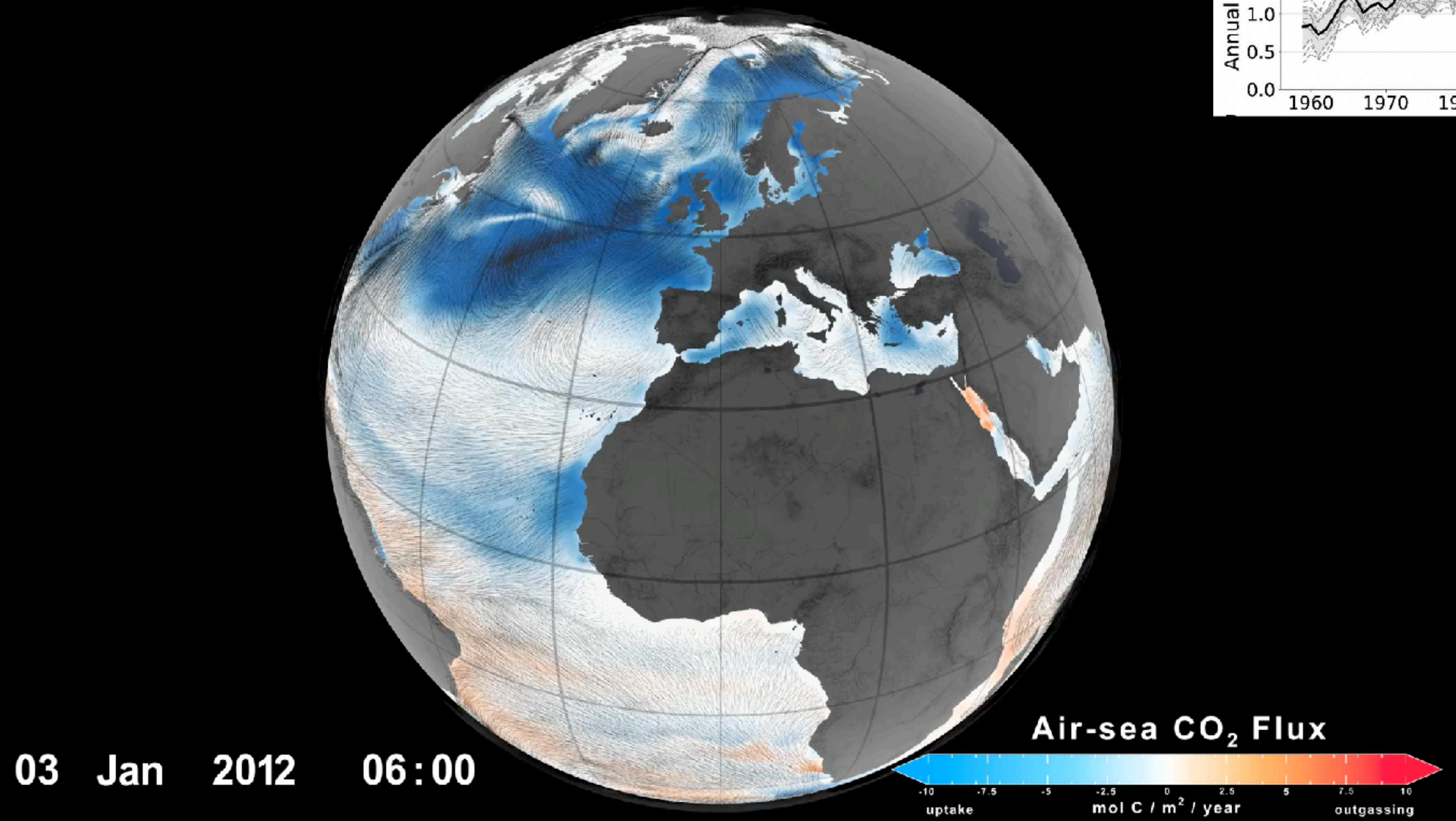
Observation System Simulation Experiments: reconstructing surface ocean pCO₂ in the Atlantic Ocean

Outline:

1. Short introduction to pCO₂ observations
2. Getting ready
3. Exercise

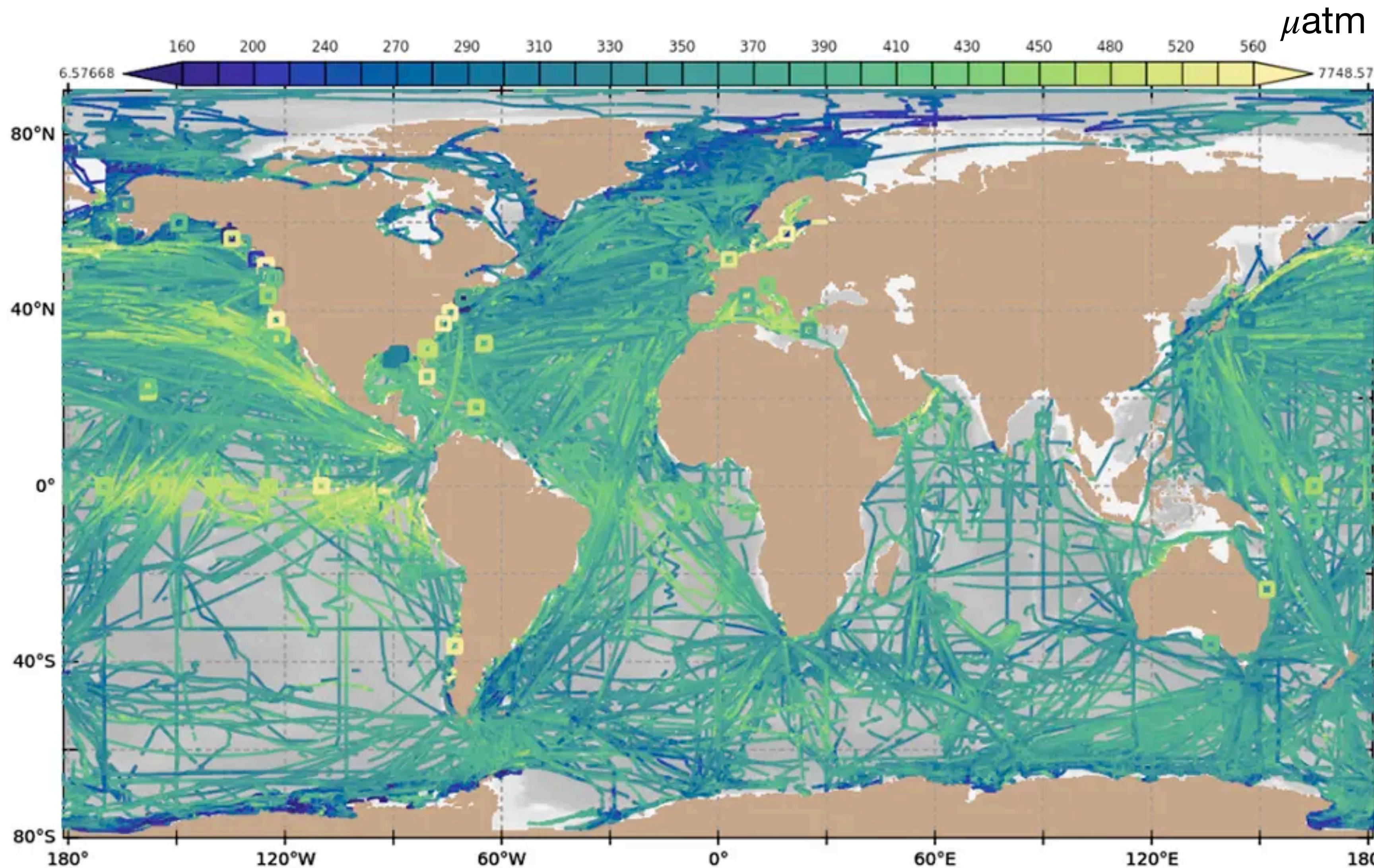
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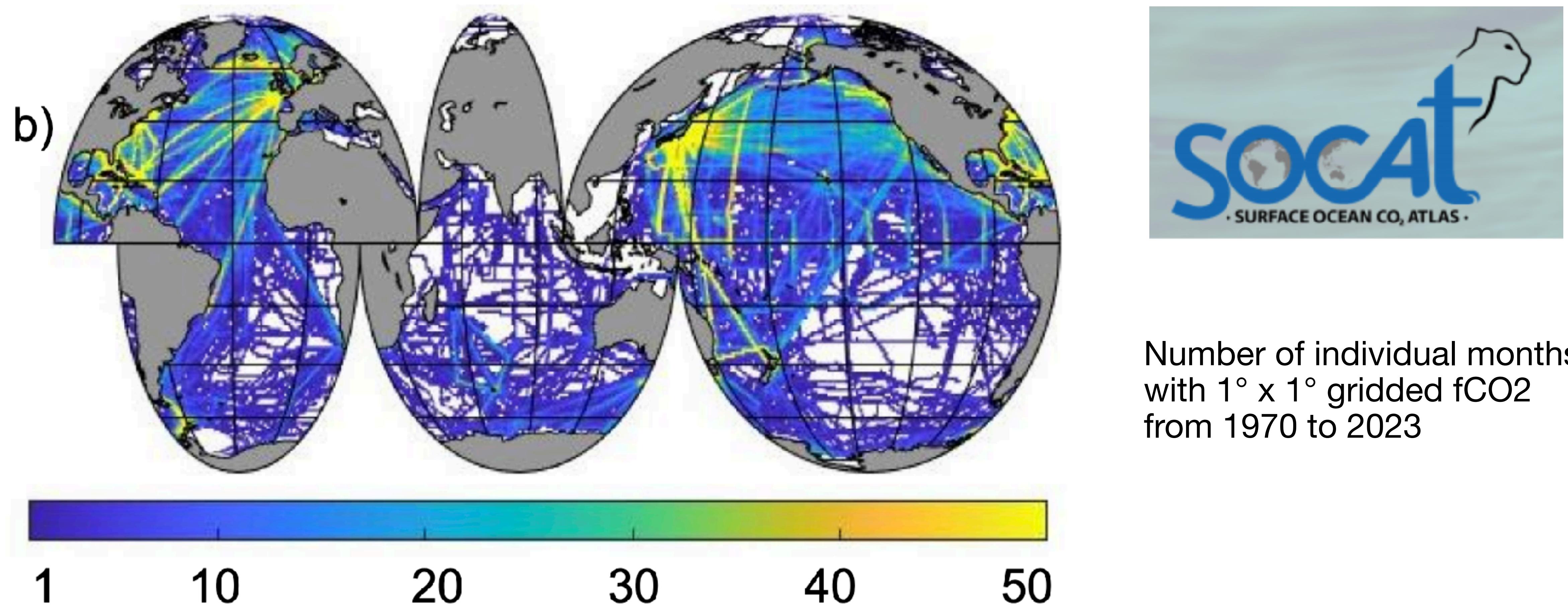
Hauck et al., 2020

Observation-based pCO₂ products: SOCAT



- Data: ship-based observations (lines) + moorings (squares) + drifters (lines)
- Latest SOCAT version (version 2025) has 41.4 million observations from 1957 to 2023

Observation-based pCO₂ products: SOCAT

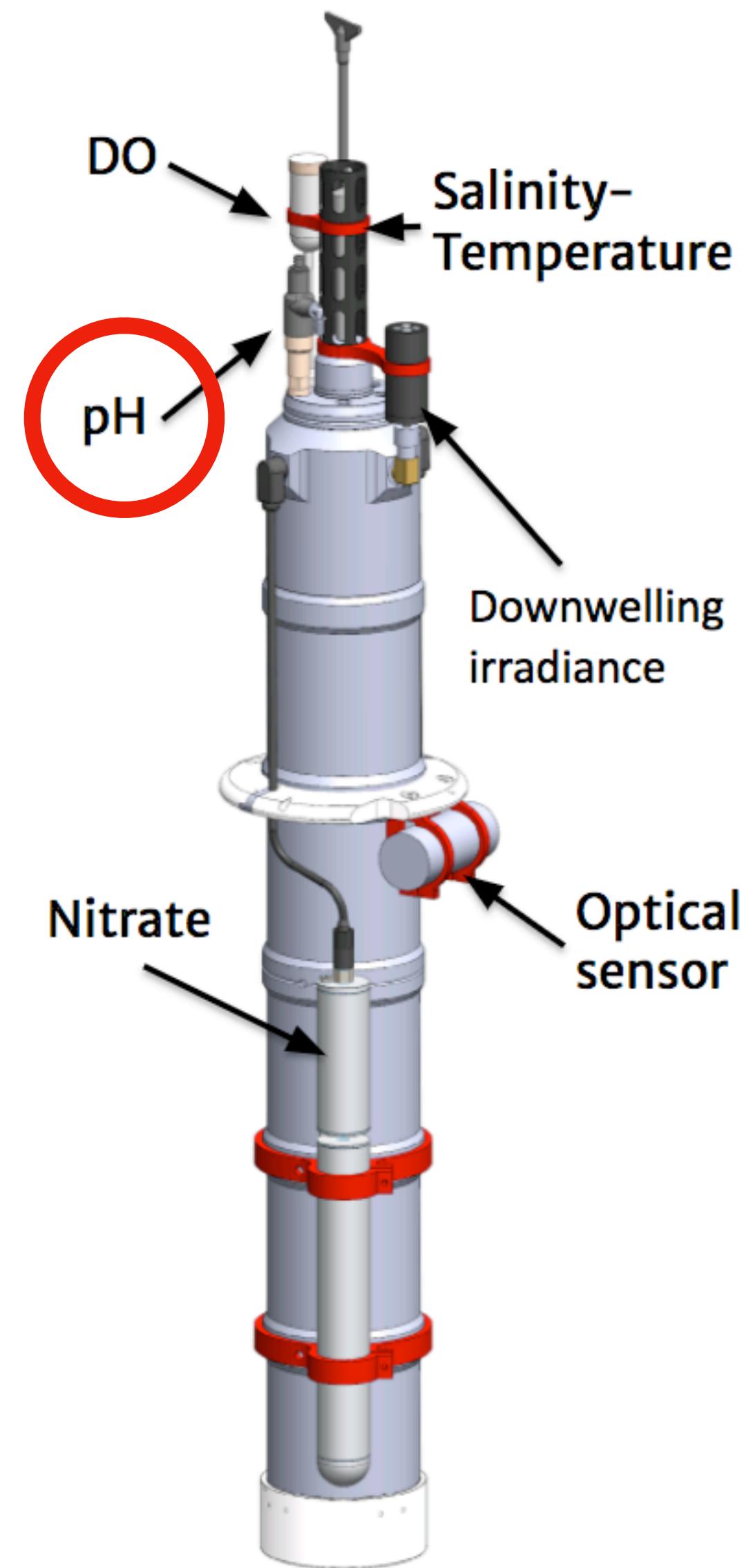
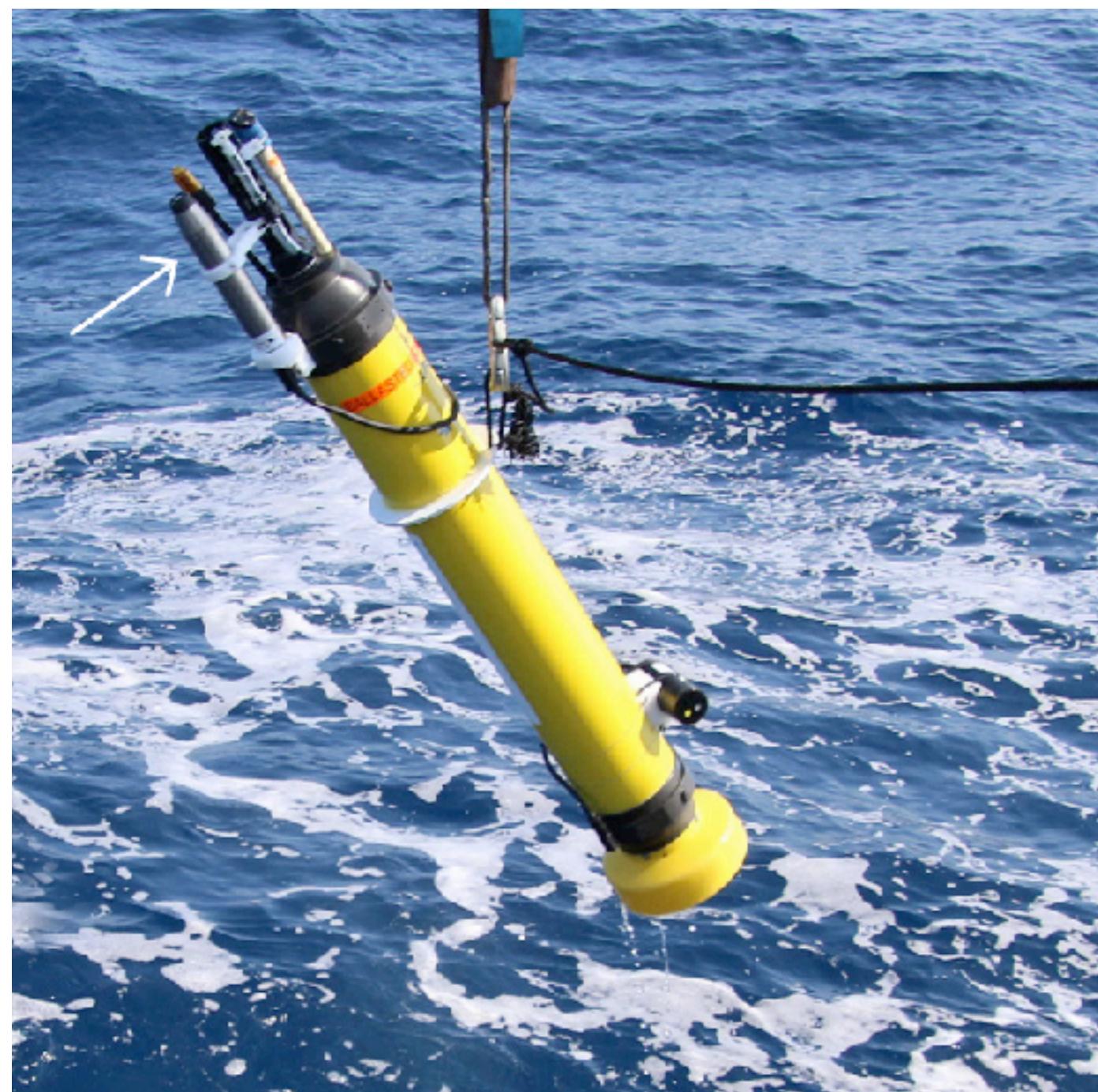
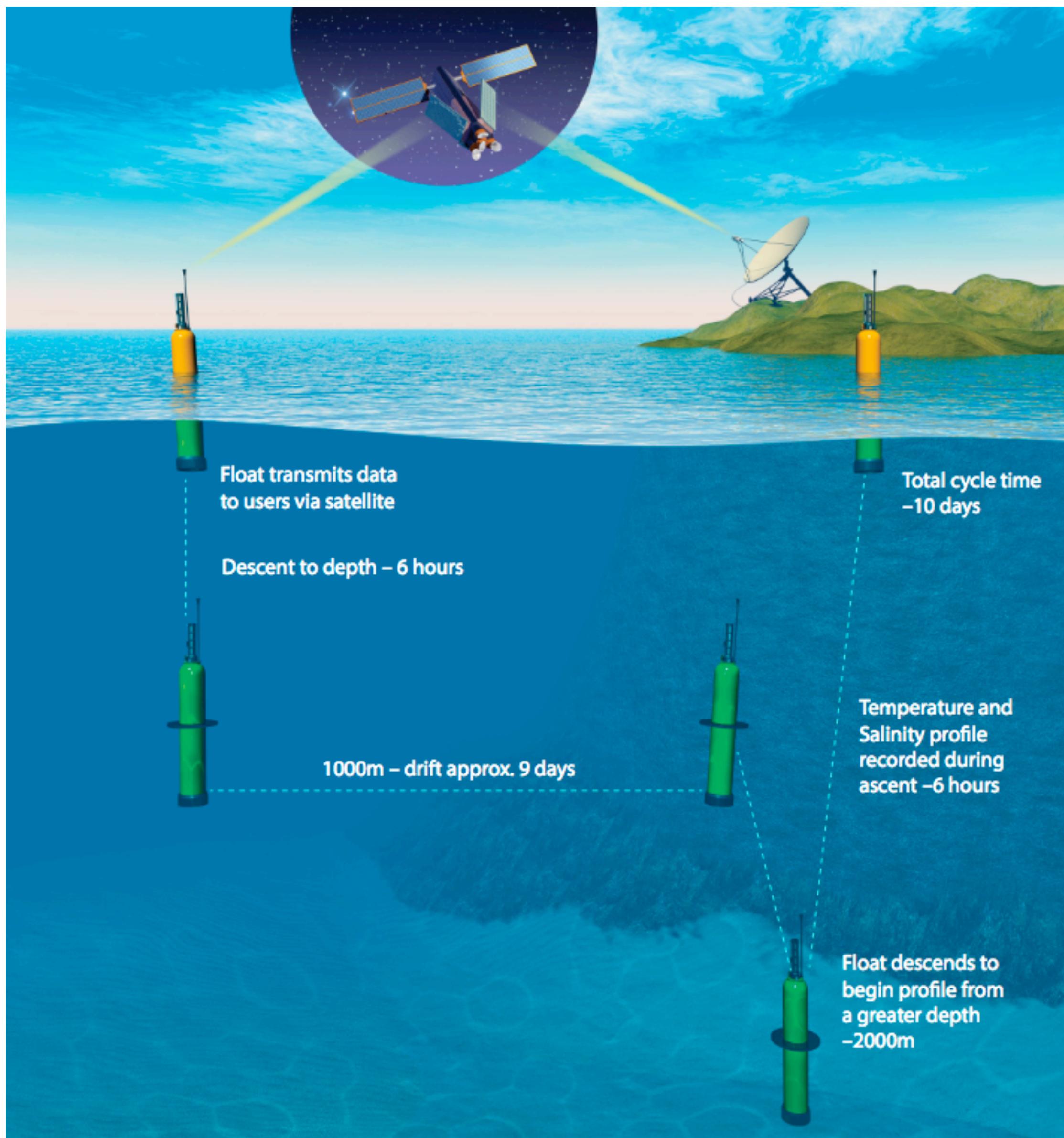


Bakkar et al., 2025

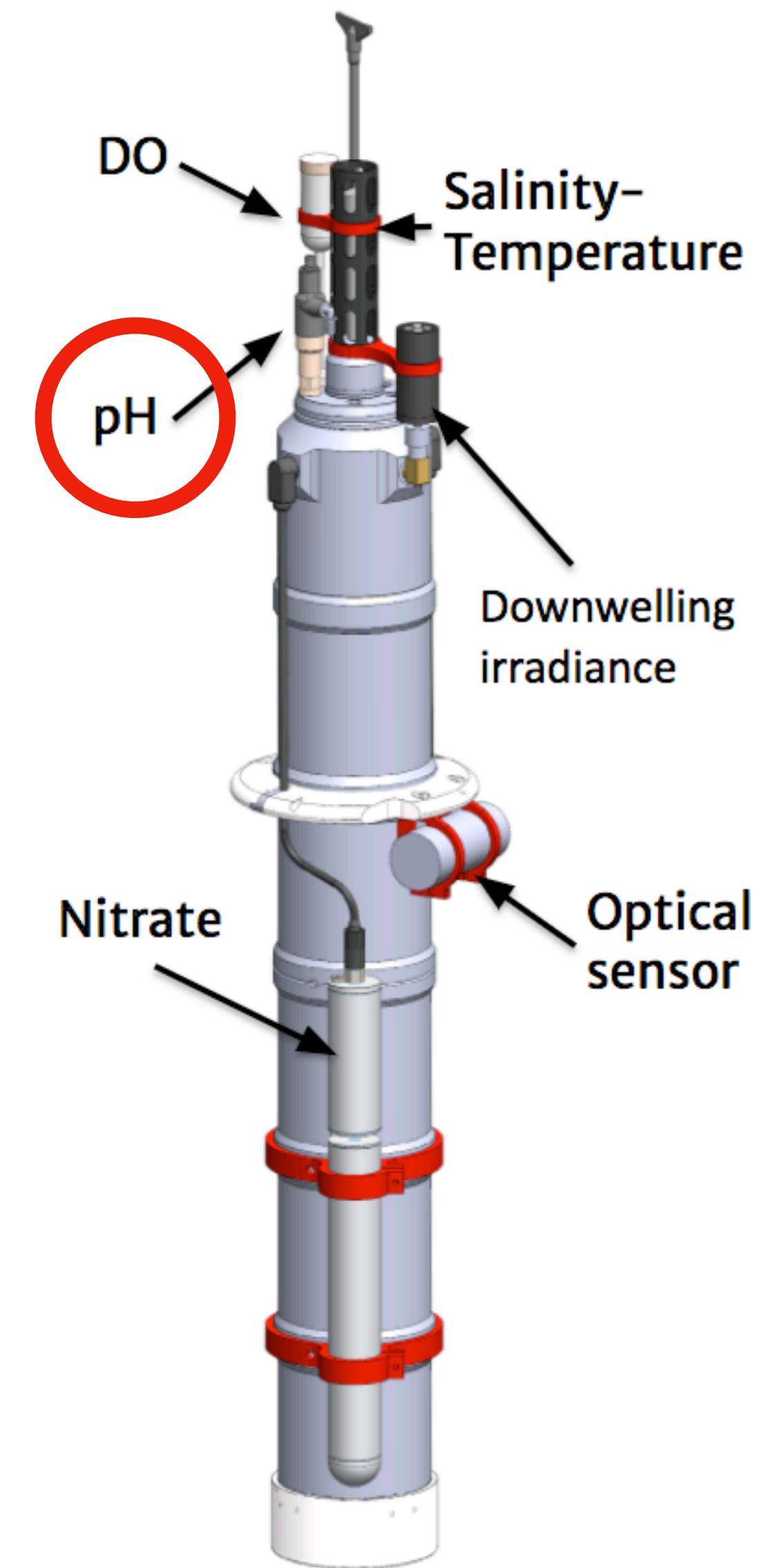
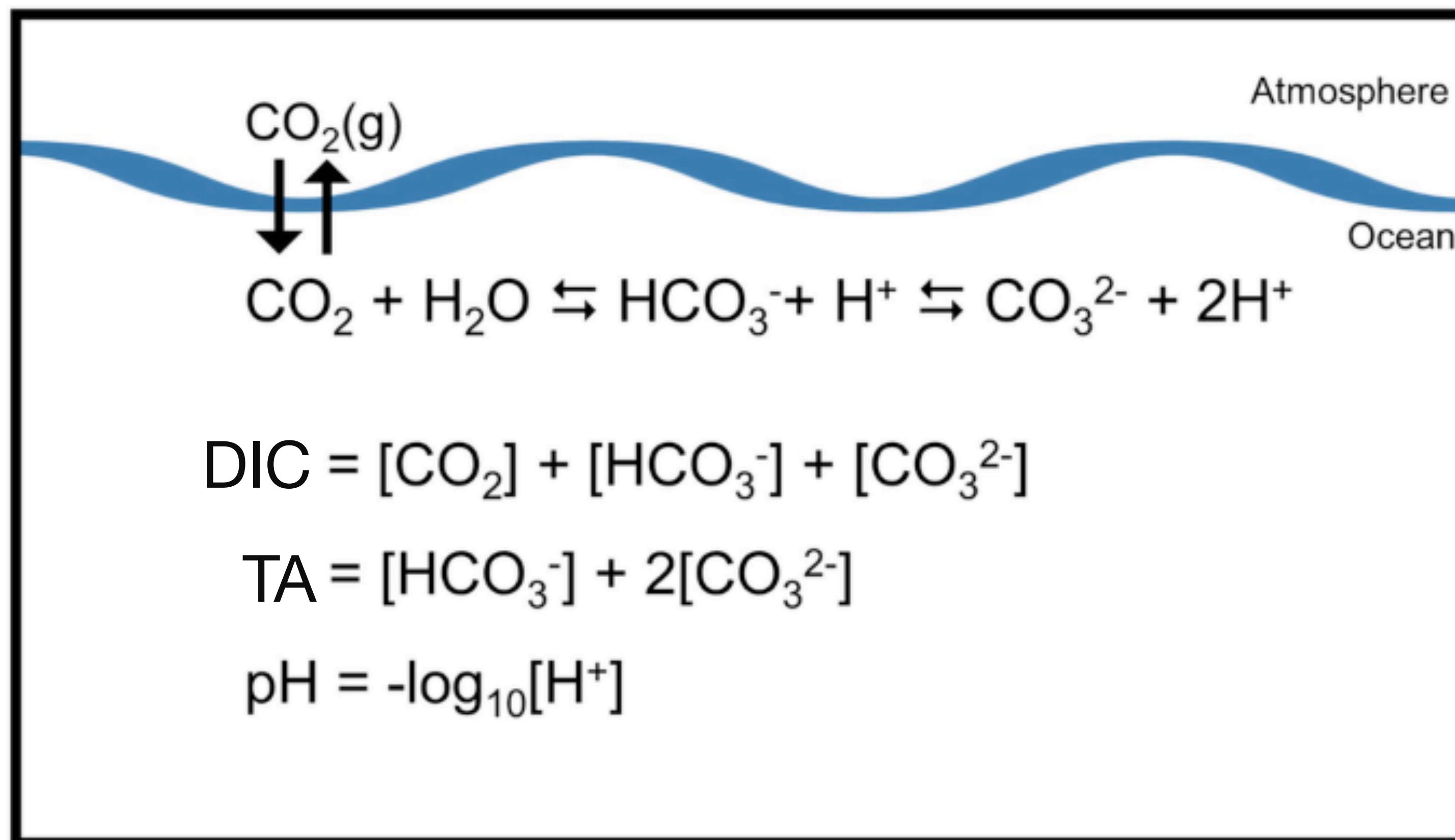
Data is sparse in space and time
ML methods are not good at extrapolating



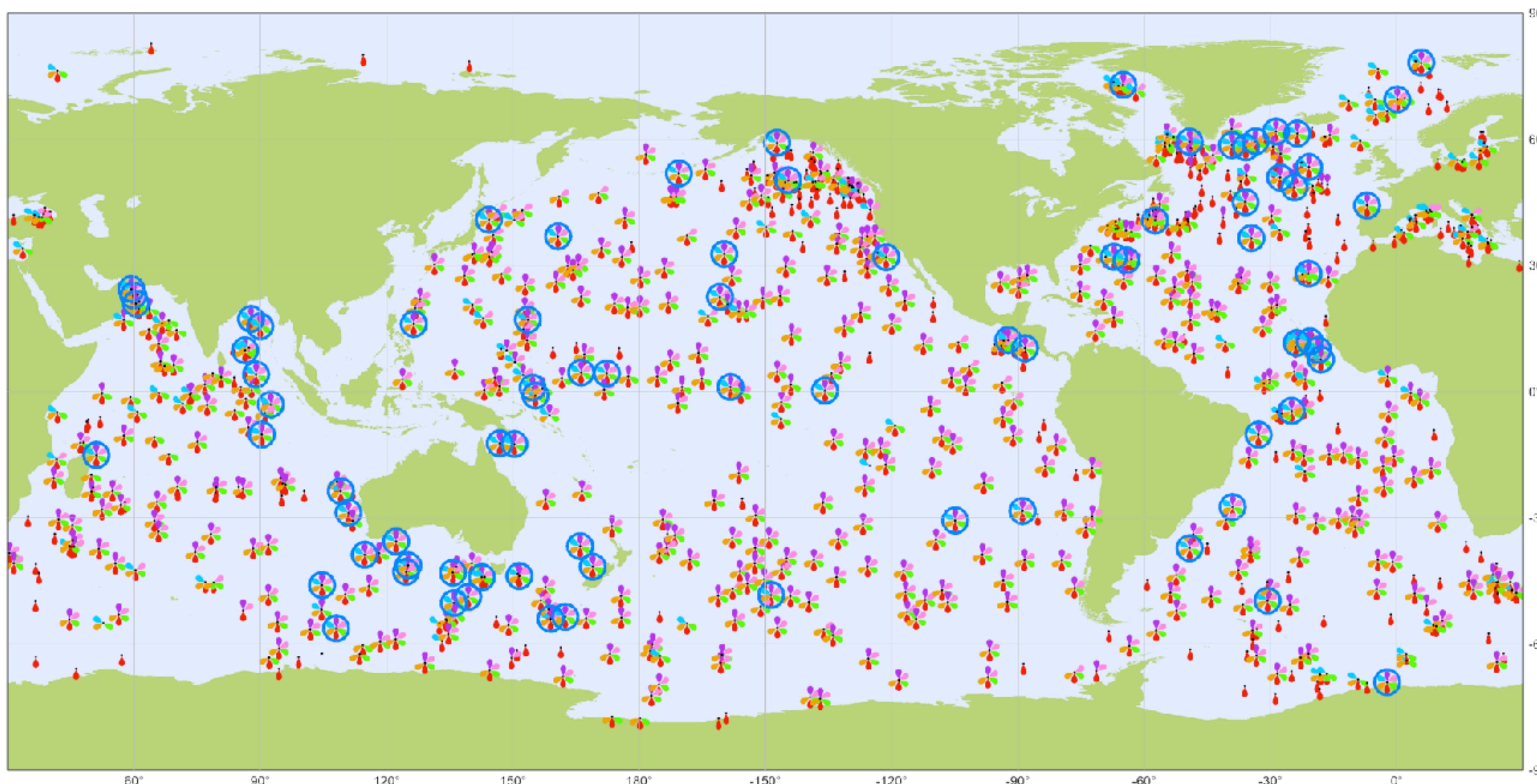
Observation-based pCO₂ products: autonomous BGC floats



Observation-based pCO₂ products: autonomous BGC floats



Observation-based pCO₂ products: autonomous BGC floats



Biogeochemical Argo

Sensor Types

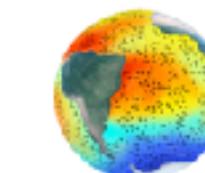
June 2025

Latest location of operational floats (data distributed within the last 30 days)



• Operational Floats (794)	• pH (459)
• Suspended particles (555)	• Nitrate (456)
• Downwelling irradiance (170)	• Chlorophyll a (555)

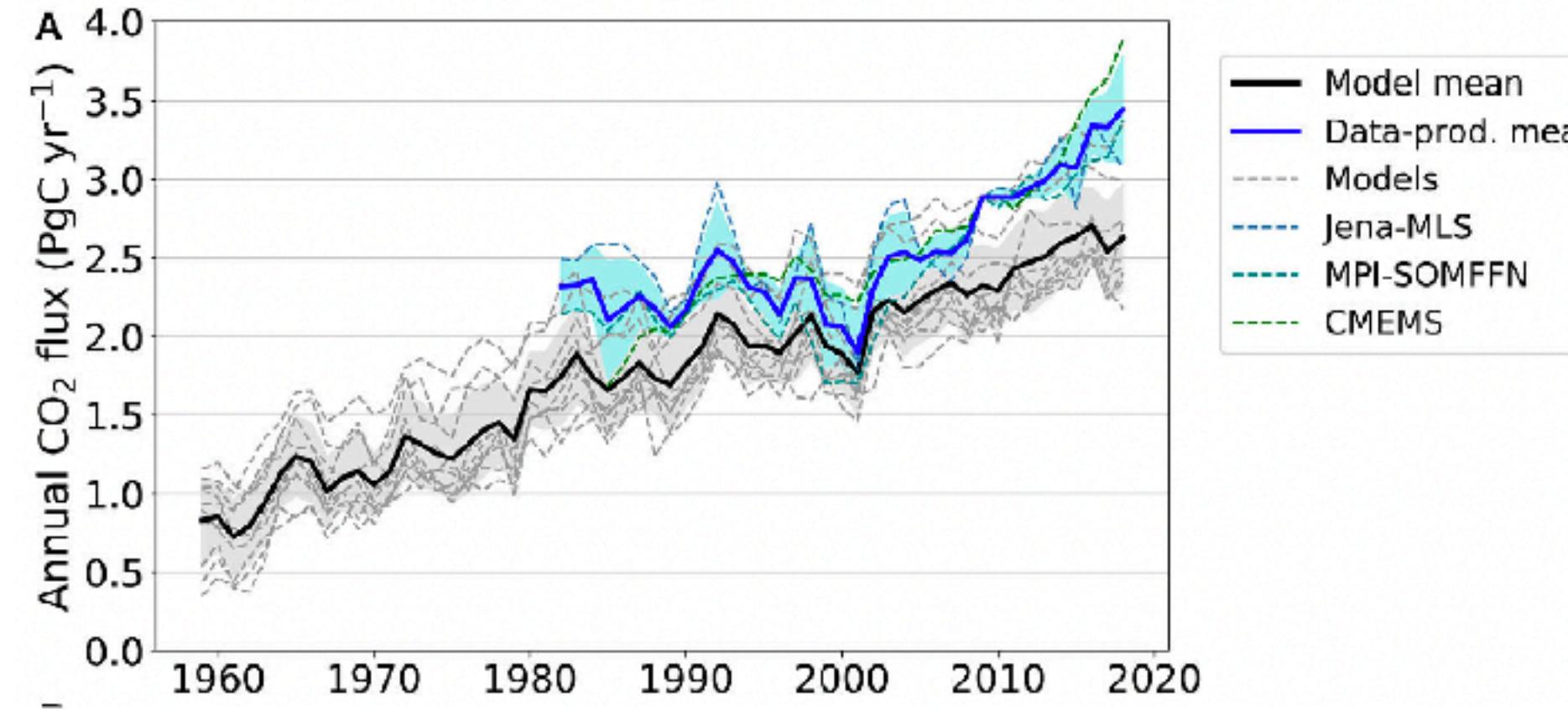
• Oxygen (783)
• Full BGC Floats (79)



Generated by ocean-ops.org, 2025-07-04
Projection: Plate Carree (-150.0000)

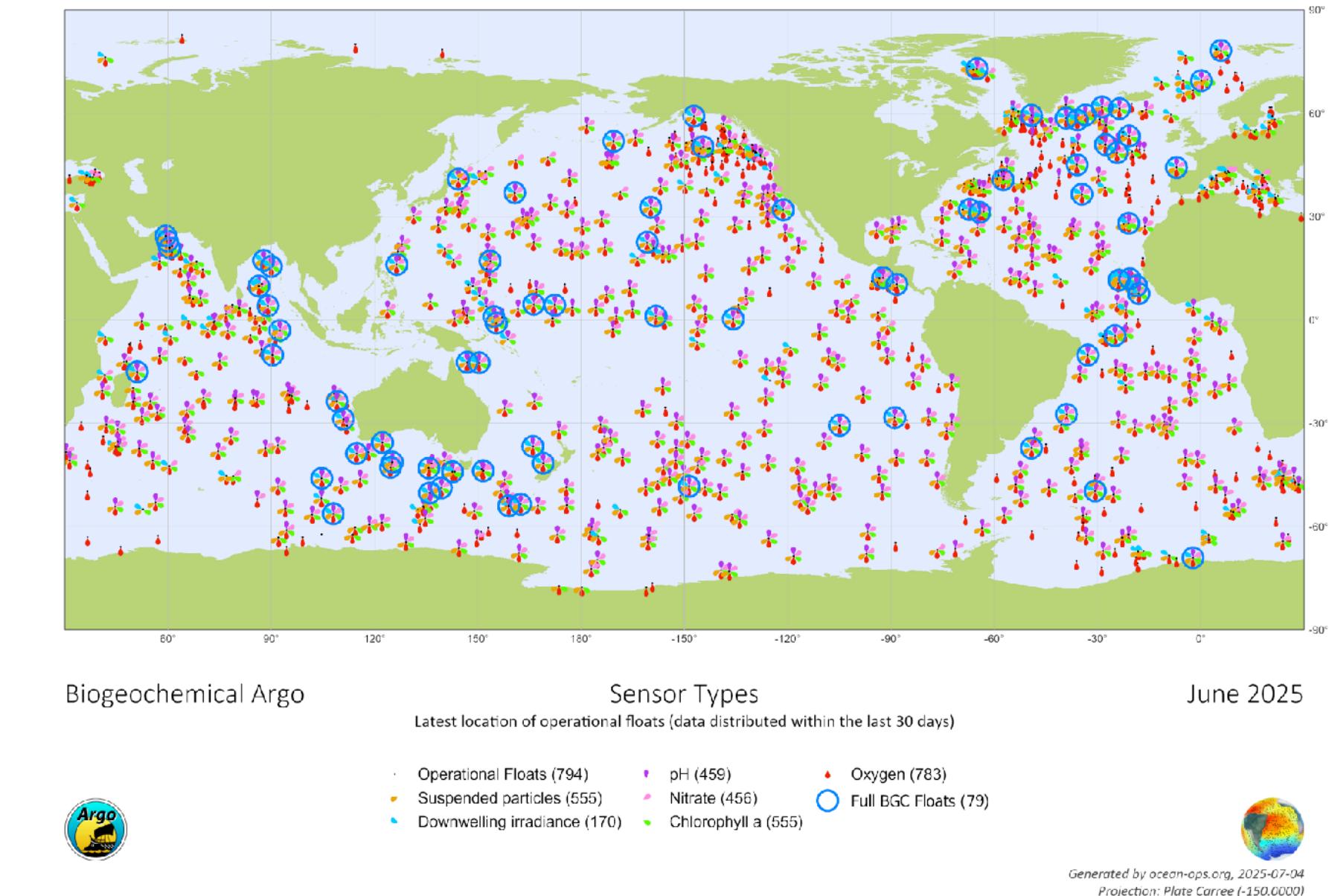
Observation System Simulation Experiment

The problem



Hauck et al., 2020

The solution



OSSE: How many floats should we deploy and where?

Goals:

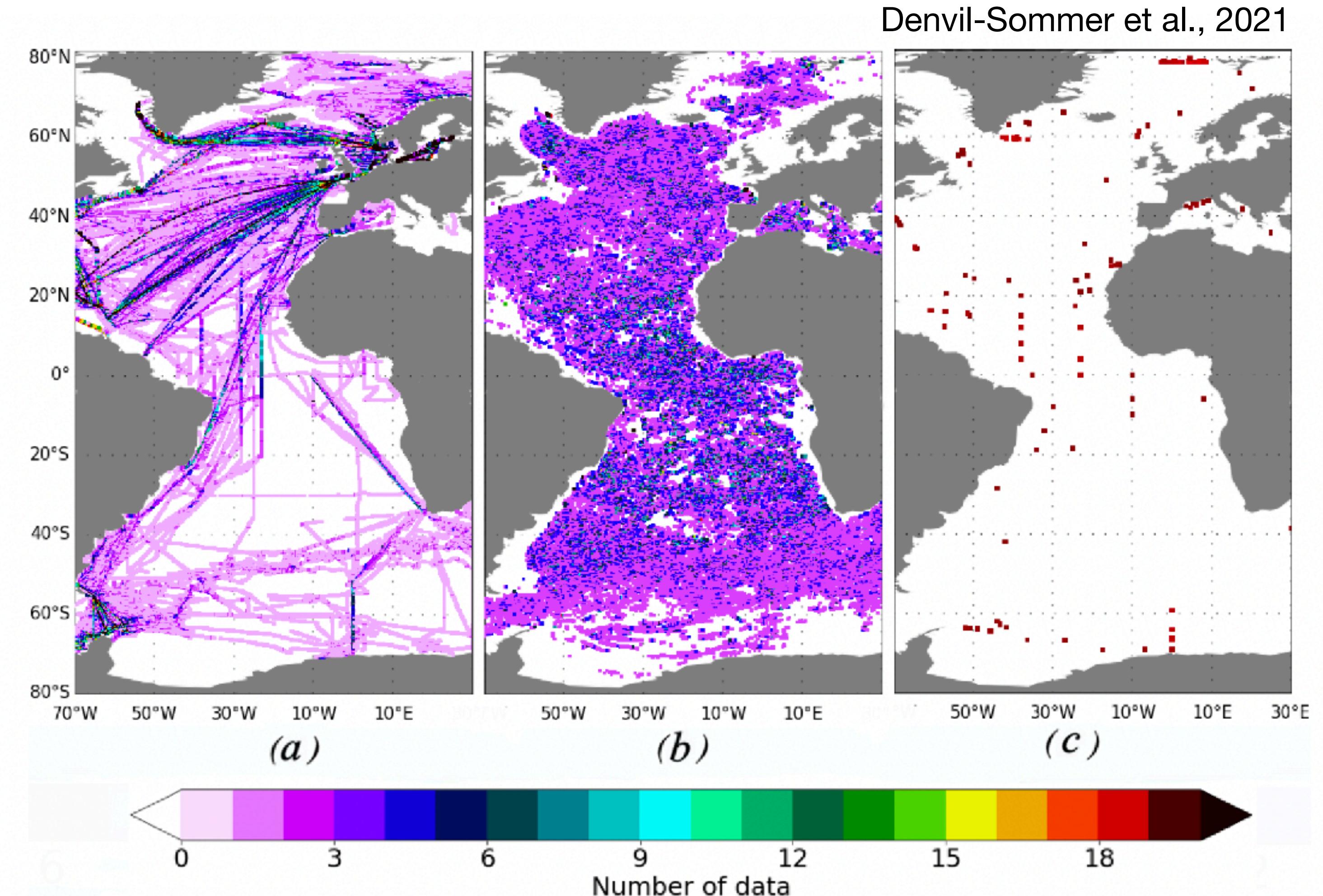
- have enough observations to reconstruct seasonal variability
- improve model skills to reconstruct oceanic carbon cycle

Note: 1 full BGC float costs ~\$100k

OSSE: How many floats should we deploy and where?

- February (only), 2008-2010
- NEMO/PISCES ocean-BGC model: **truth**
- Synthetic data: subsample model where we have observations
- 3 tests:
 - SOCAT data only
 - SOCAT + 25% Argo (everywhere in Atlantic Ocean)
 - SOCAT + 25% Argo (only in South Atl)

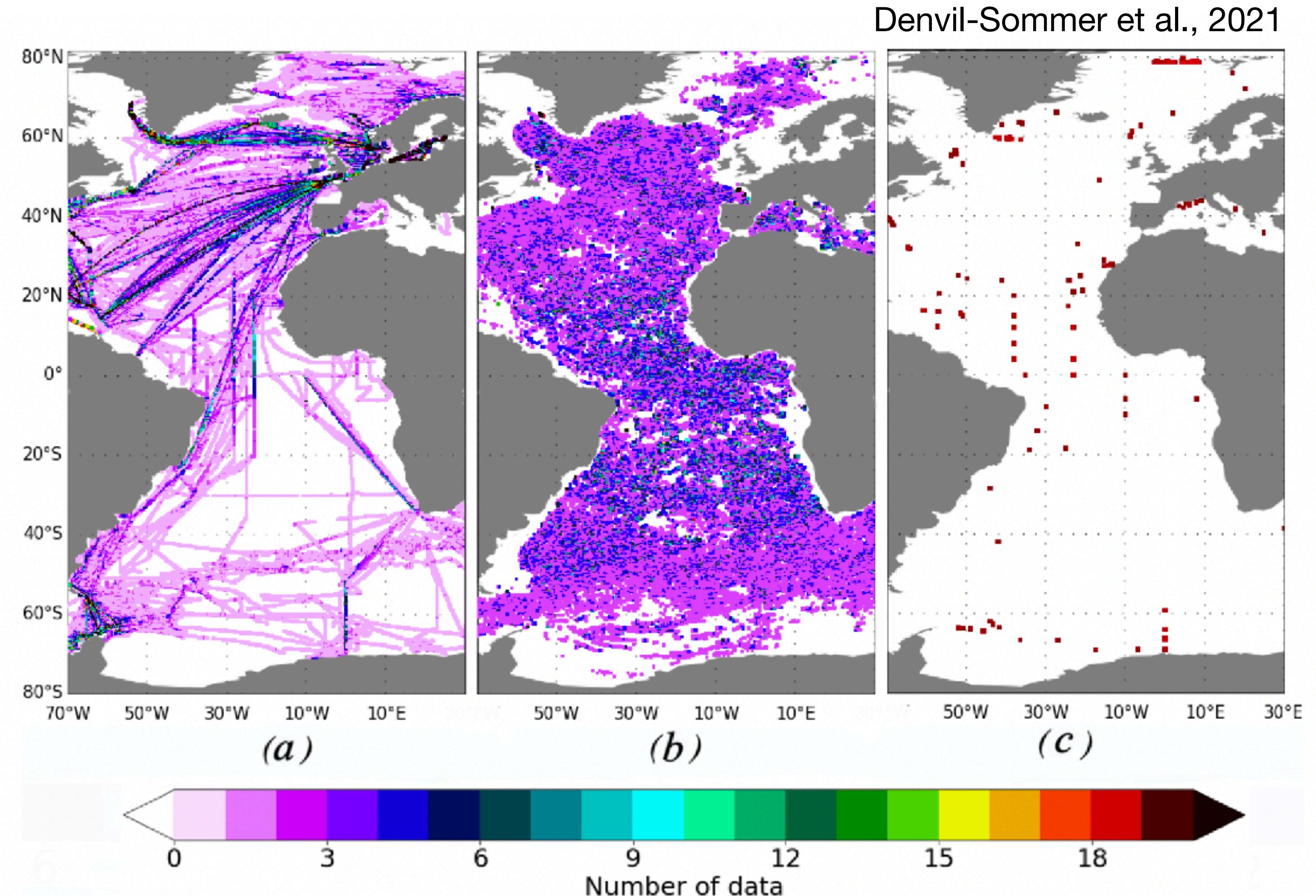
Note: Argo float position —> uses ALL Argo floats available, not just BGC. In other words, we assumes all floats deployed are BGC, which is not true



Spatial distribution of datasets used for training (number of measurements per grid point and 5 d time step): (a) SOCAT data for the period 2001–2010, (b) synthetic Argo data for the period 2008–2010, and (c) mooring positions modelled for the period 2008–2010.

OSSE: How many floats should we deploy and where?

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- 3 tests:
 - SOCAT data only
 - SOCAT + 25% Argo (everywhere in Atlantic Ocean)
 - SOCAT + 25% Argo (only in South Atl)
- Train a ML model based on the 3 tests mentioned above
- Use ML model to reconstruct surface ocean pCO₂ in Atlantic Ocean from other observed features
- Verify which observational system (design) is best to reconstruct surface ocean pCO₂



Spatial distribution of datasets used for training (number of measurements per grid point and 5 d time step): (a) SOCAT data for the period 2001–2010, (b) synthetic Argo data for the period 2008–2010, and (c) mooring positions modelled for the period 2008–2010.

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Getting started

1. Clone this repository into a directory

```
git clone https://github.com/lcimoli/OSSE_pCO2.git
```

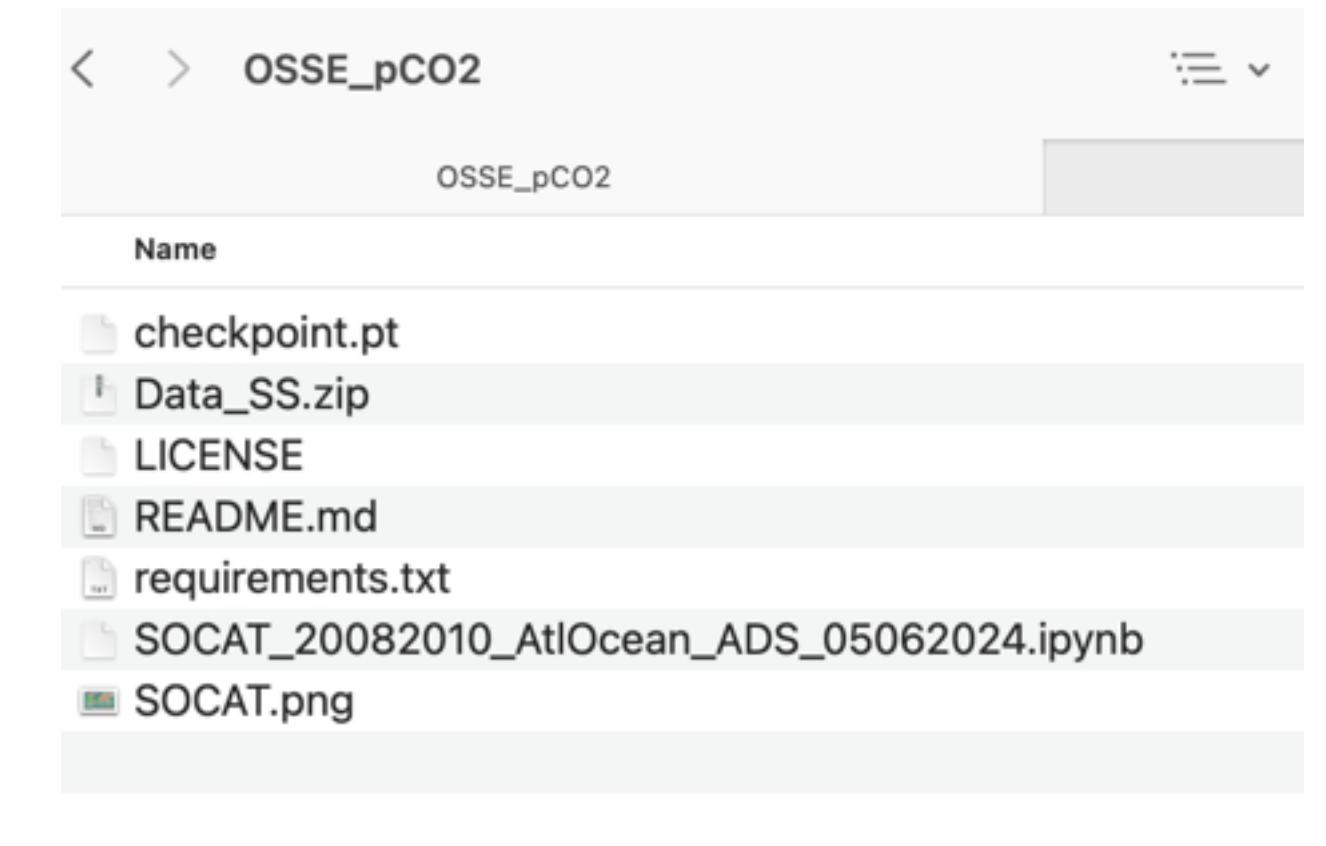
2. Download the data set from:

Denvil-Sommer, A. (2024). Dataset for OSSE exercise at ICCS Summer School 2024 Cambridge [Data set]. Zenodo. <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.12567970>

It is easiest to download `Data_SS.zip` and unzip it into the same directory as the code so that the `.csv` files are alongside the notebook file.

3. To setup the Notebook, we recommend running it in a virtual environment:

```
python3 -m venv venv  
source .venv/bin/activate  
pip install -r requirements.txt
```



Head to Jupyter notebook

Results

Table 1. Information on Observation System Simulation Experiments.

Denvil-Sommer et al., 2021

Data	OSSE number	Period for training	Averaged number of Argo floats per 5 d
SOCAT	OSSE 1	2001–2010	0
Argo ($3^\circ \times 3^\circ$)	OSSE 2	2008–2010	404
SOCAT + Argo ($3^\circ \times 3^\circ$)	OSSE 3	2001–2010 (SOCAT) + 2008–2010 (Argo)	403
SOCAT + Argo 25% ($3^\circ \times 3^\circ$)	OSSE 4	2001–2010 (SOCAT) + 2008–2010 (Argo)	101
SOCAT + Argo 10 % ($3^\circ \times 3^\circ$)	OSSE 5	2001–2010 (SOCAT) + 2008–2010 (Argo)	40
SOCAT + Argo south ($3^\circ \times 3^\circ$)	OSSE 6	2001–2010 (SOCAT) + 2008–2010 (Argo south)	195
SOCAT + Argo 25 % south ($3^\circ \times 3^\circ$)	OSSE 7	2001–2010 (SOCAT) + 2008–2010 (Argo south)	48
SOCAT + Argo 10 % south ($3^\circ \times 3^\circ$)	OSSE 8	2001–2010 (SOCAT) + 2008–2010 (Argo south)	19
SOCAT + Argo south + moorings	OSSE 9	2001–2010 (SOCAT) + 2008–2010 (Argo south, moorings)	195
SOCAT + Argo south 25 % + moorings	OSSE 10	2001–2010 (SOCAT) + 2008–2010 (Argo south, moorings)	48
SOCAT + Argo south 10 % + moorings	OSSE 11	2001–2010 (SOCAT) + 2008–2010 (Argo south, moorings)	19

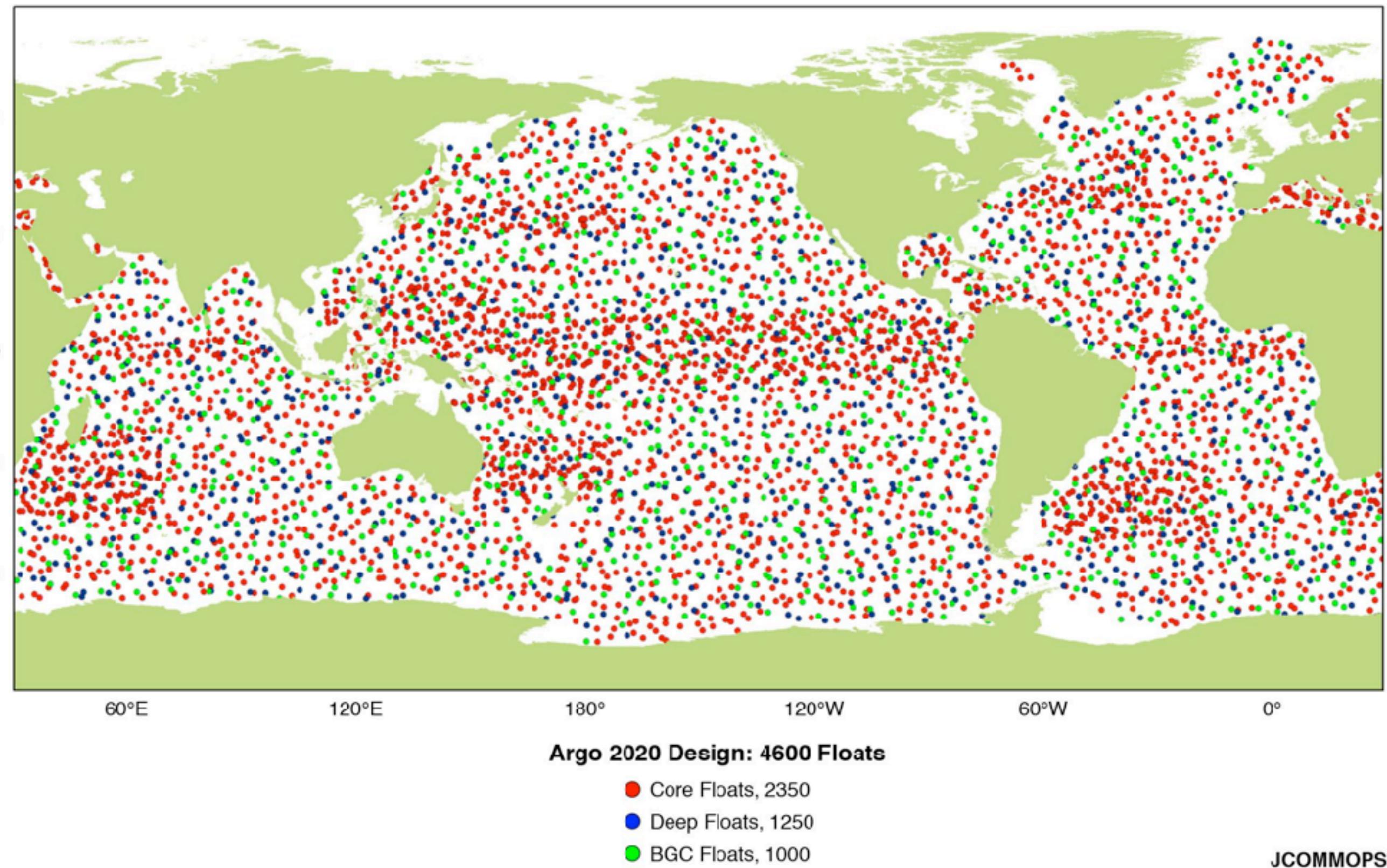
The successful OSSE 10 has a correlation coefficient of 0.85 and a standard deviation of 24.89 μatm . These results are close to the unrealistic benchmark case with total Argo float distribution over 2008–2010: 0.87 and 23.79 μatm . The total pCO₂ over the whole region is also close to NEMO/PISCES, 370 and 371 μatm , respectively. The sea–air flux fgCO₂ is -0:83 Pg yr-1 (OSSE 10) and -0:76 Pg yr-1 (NEMO). The bias in sea–air CO₂ fluxes compared to NEMO/PISCES is reduced by 74% in OSSE 10 compared to OSSE 1 (fgCO₂ is -1:03 Pg yr-1).

Conclusions and future work

One Argo design

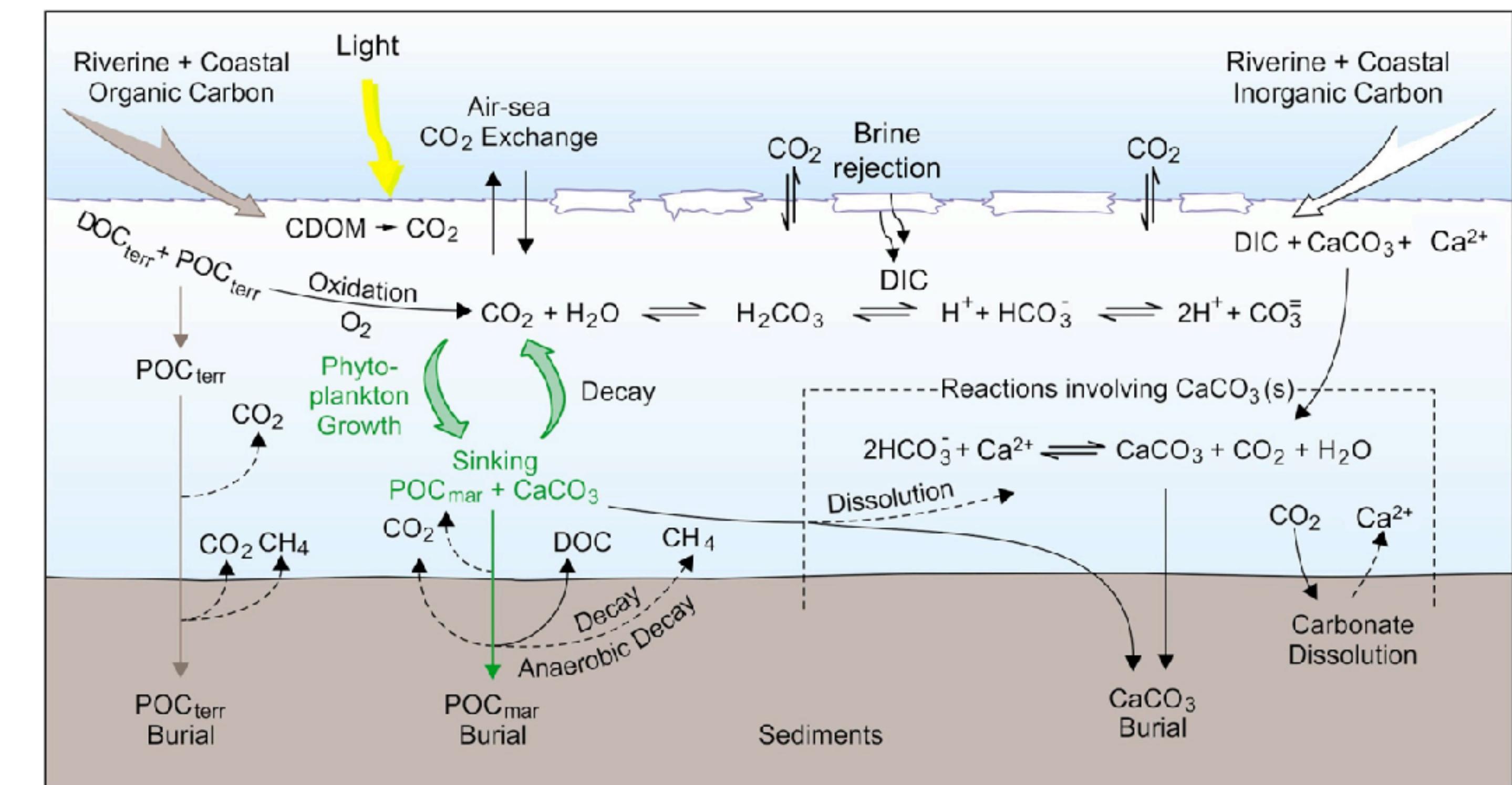
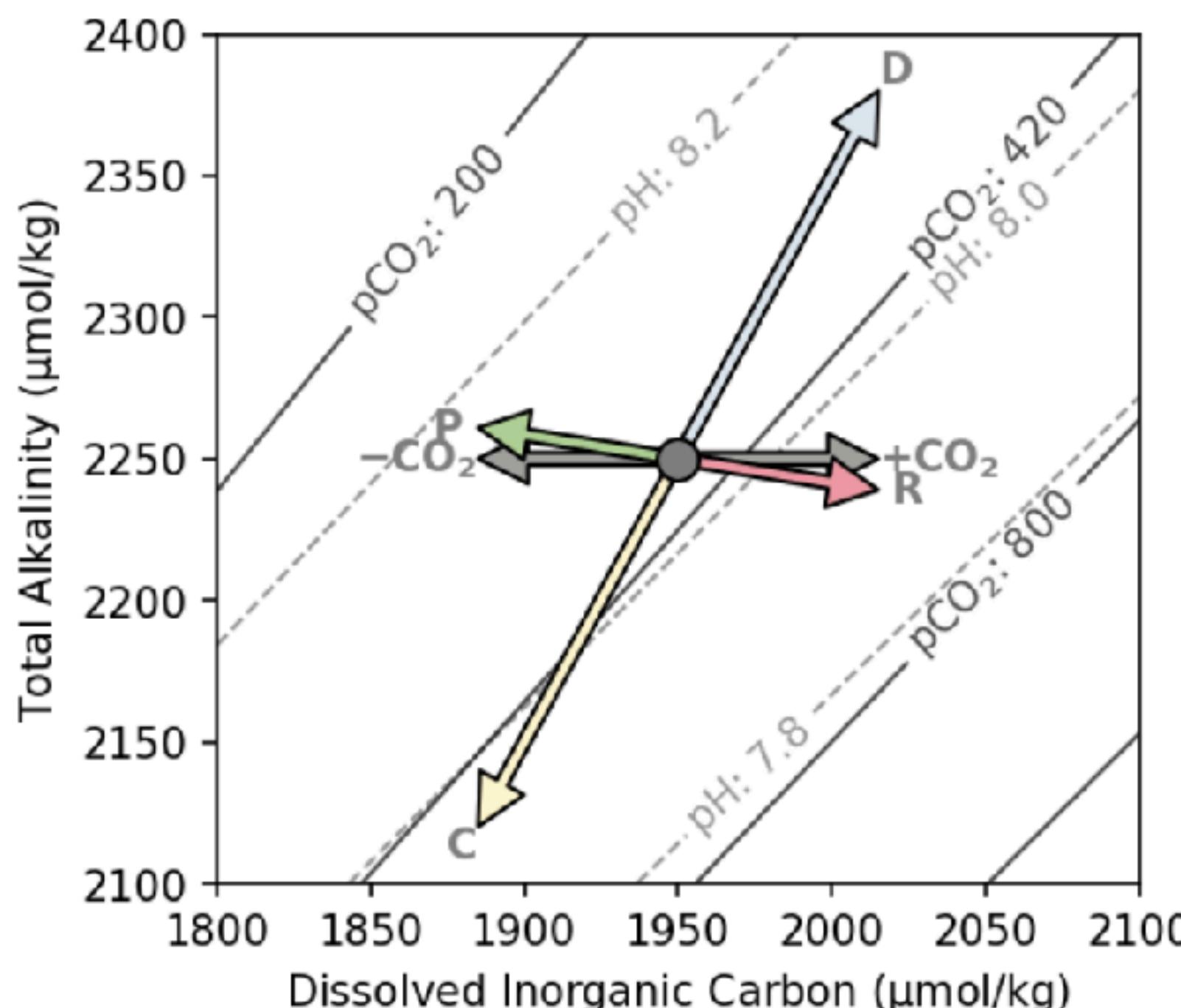
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Conclusions and future work

Monitoring ocean carbon: why
pCO₂ is not enough



References

- Denvil-Sommer, A., Gehlen, M., and Vrac, M.: Observation system simulation experiments in the Atlantic Ocean for enhanced surface ocean pCO₂ reconstructions, *Ocean Sci.*, 17, 1011–1030, <https://doi.org/10.5194/os-17-1011-2021>, 2021.
- Hauck J, Zeising M, Le Quéré C, Gruber N, Bakker DCE, Bopp L, Chau TTT, Gürses Ö, Ilyina T, Landschützer P, Lenton A, Resplandy L, Rödenbeck C, Swinger J and Séférian R (2020). Consistency and Challenges in the Ocean Carbon Sink Estimate for the Global Carbon Budget. *Front. Mar. Sci.* 7:571720. doi: 10.3389/fmars.2020.571720