Languages, automata and computation II Homework 1

Problems: deadline XX/11/2024

Problem 1. Consider a finite alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$. An ω -word is a sequence $a_0 a_1 \cdots$ of letters from Σ . Let Σ^{ω} be the set of all infinite words over Σ .

- 1. For two ω -words $u, v \in \Sigma^{\omega}$ we say that u embeds into v, written $u \sqsubseteq v$, if we can obtain u by deleting finitely or infinitely many letters from v. Show that embedding of ω -words is a well-quasi order.
- 2. Now consider the variant where only finitely many letters from v can be deleted. Is the resulting relation still a well-quasi order?

Problem 2. Consider the structure (\mathbb{N}^d, \leq) , where the order " \leq " is elementwise. Recall that a set $X \subseteq \mathbb{N}^d$ is downward closed if for every $x \in X$ and $y \leq x$ we have $y \in X$.

- 1. Show that any downward-closed set $X \subseteq \mathbb{N}^d$ is semilinear.
- 2. Provide an algorithm that solves the following problem: Given a VAS (without states) of dimension d and an initial configuration $x \in \mathbb{N}^d$, construct a semilinear representation for the downward closure of the set of configurations reachable from x.

Problem 3. Consider first-order logic over the structure (\mathbb{Q}, \leq) of the rational numbers together with their natural order. Let $\mathbb{Q}^{d\uparrow}$ be the set of *increasing d-tuples* of rational numbers (x_1, \ldots, x_d) with $x_1 \leq \cdots \leq x_d$. Show that there are $d! \cdot 2^d$ quantifier-free first-order definable total orders on $\mathbb{Q}^{d\uparrow} \times \mathbb{Q}^{d\uparrow}$.

Problem 4. Consider the following two structures:

$$A = (\{0,1\}^*, \cdot, 0, 1)$$
 and $B = (\mathbb{N}, +, \cdot)$.

In structure A, the binary operation \cdot is the concatenation of words.

- 1. Provide an algorithm s.t. given in input a first-order sentence φ over A it produces in output a first-order sentence ψ over B s.t. φ is true in A iff ψ is true in B.
- 2. Provide an algorithm as in the previous point with the roles of A and B swapped.