



UNIVERSITÄT LEIPZIG



# Satisfiability of CTL\* with constraints<sup>1</sup>

Claudia Carapelle, Alexander Kartzow, Markus Lohrey

Universität Leipzig

HIGHLIGHTS

Paris, 21.09.2013

---

<sup>1</sup>Work supported by the DFG Research Training Group 1763 (QuantLA).

# Overview

- Introduction:  $\text{CTL}^*$  with constraints
- $\text{WMSO} + \text{B}$
- Satisfiability of  $\text{CTL}^*$  with constraints
- Constraints over  $\mathbb{Z}$

P - countable set of atomic propositions

Definition. CTL\* formulas

state  $\varphi := p \mid \neg\varphi \mid (\varphi \wedge \varphi) \mid E\psi \quad (p \in P)$

path  $\psi := \varphi \mid \neg\psi \mid (\psi \wedge \psi) \mid X\psi \mid \psi U \psi$

# CTL\* with constraints

P - countable set of atomic propositions

V - countable set of variables

$\mathcal{S}$  - finite set of relation symbols (*Signature*)

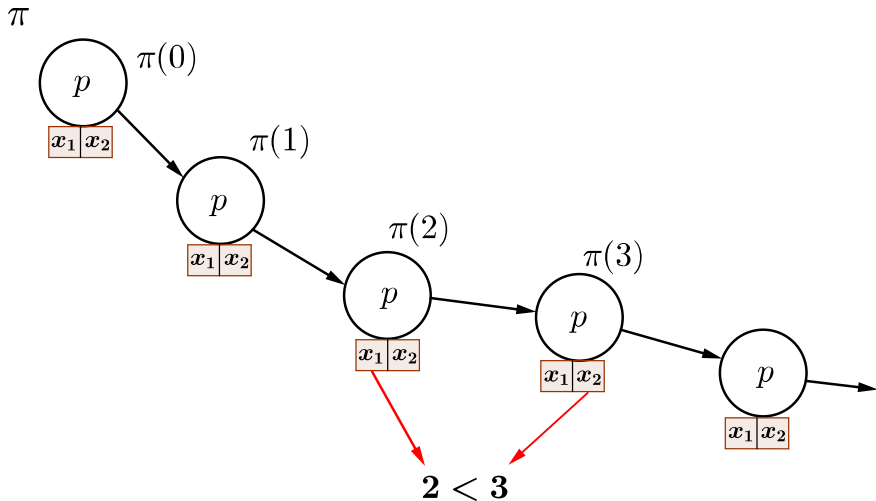
Definition. CTL\*( $\mathcal{S}$ ) formulas

state       $\varphi := p \mid \neg\varphi \mid (\varphi \wedge \varphi) \mid E\psi$       ( $p \in P$ )

path       $\psi := \varphi \mid \neg\psi \mid (\psi \wedge \psi) \mid X\psi \mid \psi U \psi \mid r(X^{i_1}x_1, \dots, X^{i_k}x_k)$   
Atomic Constraint

$r \in \mathcal{S}, \quad k = \text{ar}(r), \quad x_1, \dots, x_k \in V, \quad i_1, \dots, i_k \geq 0$

$$Gp \wedge < (X^2 x_1, X^3 x_2)$$



$V$  - variables

$\mathcal{S}$  - signature

Definition.  $\mathcal{A}$ -constraint graph

$\mathcal{C} = (\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{K}, \gamma)$  where:

$V$  - variables

$\mathcal{S}$  - signature

Definition.  $\mathcal{A}$ -constraint graph

$\mathcal{C} = (\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{K}, \gamma)$  where:

- $\mathcal{A} = (A, r_1, \dots, r_n)$  is an  $\mathcal{S}$ -structure (the *concrete domain*)

V - variables

$\mathcal{S}$  - signature

Definition.  $\mathcal{A}$ -constraint graph

$\mathcal{C} = (\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{K}, \gamma)$  where:

- $\mathcal{A} = (A, r_1, \dots, r_n)$  is an  $\mathcal{S}$ -structure (the *concrete domain*)
- $\mathcal{K} = (D, \rightarrow, \rho)$  is a Kripke structure over P



$V$  - variables

$\mathcal{S}$  - signature

Definition.  $\mathcal{A}$ -constraint graph

$\mathcal{C} = (\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{K}, \gamma)$  where:

- $\mathcal{A} = (A, r_1, \dots, r_n)$  is an  $\mathcal{S}$ -structure (the *concrete domain*)
- $\mathcal{K} = (D, \rightarrow, \rho)$  is a Kripke structure over  $P$
- $\gamma : D \times V \rightarrow A$

$V$  - variables

$\mathcal{S}$  - signature

Definition.  $\mathcal{A}$ -constraint graph

$\mathcal{C} = (\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{K}, \gamma)$  where:

- $\mathcal{A} = (A, r_1, \dots, r_n)$  is an  $\mathcal{S}$ -structure (the *concrete domain*)
- $\mathcal{K} = (D, \rightarrow, \rho)$  is a Kripke structure over  $P$
- $\gamma : D \times V \rightarrow A$

Atomic Constraints

$(\mathcal{C}, \pi) \models r(X^{i_1}x_1, \dots, X^{i_k}x_k)$  iff

$$r(\gamma(\pi(i_1), x_1), \dots, \gamma(\pi(i_k), x_k))$$

## WMSO+B

$\mathcal{S}$  - signature,  $r \in \mathcal{S}$  of arity  $k$

$x_1, \dots, x_k, x, y$  - FO variables

$X$  - **Monadic** SO variable

Definition. WMSO+B formulas over  $\mathcal{S}$

$\varphi ::= r(x_1, \dots, x_k) \mid x = y \mid x \in X \mid \neg\varphi \mid \varphi \wedge \varphi \mid \exists x \varphi \mid \exists X \varphi \mid \text{BX} : \varphi$

## WMSO+B

$\mathcal{S}$  - signature,  $r \in \mathcal{S}$  of arity  $k$

$x_1, \dots, x_k, x, y$  - FO variables

$X$  - **Monadic** SO variable

Definition. WMSO+B formulas over  $\mathcal{S}$

$\varphi ::= r(x_1, \dots, x_k) \mid x = y \mid x \in X \mid \neg\varphi \mid \varphi \wedge \varphi \mid \exists x \varphi \mid \exists X \varphi \mid \text{BX} : \varphi$

SO variables range over **finite** subsets of the interpretation domain

## WMSO+B

$\mathcal{S}$  - signature,  $r \in \mathcal{S}$  of arity  $k$

$x_1, \dots, x_k, x, y$  - FO variables

$X$  - **Monadic** SO variable

Definition. WMSO+B formulas over  $\mathcal{S}$

$\varphi := r(x_1, \dots, x_k) \mid x = y \mid x \in X \mid \neg\varphi \mid \varphi \wedge \psi \mid \exists x \varphi \mid \exists X \varphi \mid \text{BX} : \varphi$

SO variables range over **finite** subsets of the interpretation domain

$(A, r_1, \dots, r_n) \models \text{BX} : \varphi(X)$  iff  $\exists b \in \mathbb{N}$  s.t. for all finite  $C \subseteq A$   
with  $\mathcal{A} \models \varphi(C)$  we have  $|C| \leq b$ .

## Example

$G = (V, E)$  - directed graph

Reachability is definable in WMSO  $\rightarrow \text{reach}_E(a, b)$

## Example

$G = (V, E)$  - directed graph

Reachability is definable in WMSO  $\rightarrow \text{reach}_E(a, b)$

$\text{ECycle}_E = \exists x \exists y (\text{reach}_E(x, y) \wedge E(y, x))$

## Example

$G = (V, E)$  - directed graph

Reachability is definable in WMSO  $\rightarrow \text{reach}_E(a, b)$

$\text{ECycle}_E = \exists x \exists y (\text{reach}_E(x, y) \wedge E(y, x))$

$G \models \neg \text{ECycle}_E \rightarrow$  we exclude the presence of cycles in  $G$ .



## Example

$G = (V, E)$  - directed graph

Reachability is definable in WMSO  $\rightarrow \text{reach}_E(a, b)$

$\text{ECycle}_E = \exists x \exists y (\text{reach}_E(x, y) \wedge E(y, x))$

$G \models \neg \text{ECycle}_E \rightarrow$  we exclude the presence of cycles in  $G$ .

$G$  is acyclic  $\quad \text{Path}_E(a, b, Z)$

$\text{BPaths}_E(x, y) = \text{BZ} : \text{Path}_E(x, y, Z)$

Theorem (Bojanczyk, Torunczyk, 2012)

*Satisfiability over infinite trees is decidable for*  
 $\text{Bool}(\text{MSO}, \text{WMSO} + \text{B})$ .

## SATISFIABILITY

- Fix a signature  $\mathcal{S}$
- Fix a concrete domain  $\mathcal{A}$  ( $\mathcal{S}$ -structure)
- Let  $\varphi$  be a  $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{S})$ -state formula

$\varphi$  is  **$\mathcal{A}$ -satisfiable** if there is an  $\mathcal{A}$ -constraint graph  $\mathcal{C} = (\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{K}, \gamma)$  and a node  $v$  of  $\mathcal{K}$  such that  $(\mathcal{C}, v) \models \varphi$ .

## SATISFIABILITY

- Fix a signature  $\mathcal{S}$
- Fix a concrete domain  $\mathcal{A}$  ( $\mathcal{S}$ -structure)
- Let  $\varphi$  be a  $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{S})$ -state formula

$\varphi$  is  **$\mathcal{A}$ -satisfiable** if there is an  $\mathcal{A}$ -constraint graph  $\mathcal{C} = (\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{K}, \gamma)$  and a node  $v$  of  $\mathcal{K}$  such that  $(\mathcal{C}, v) \models \varphi$ .

### Satisfiability of $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{A})$

INPUT:  $\varphi \in \text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{S})$ .

QUESTION: Is  $\varphi$   $\mathcal{A}$ -satisfiable?

# Satisfiability of $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{A})$

## Theorem 1

If  $\mathcal{A}$  is negation-closed and has the property  
 $\text{EHomDef}(\text{Bool}(\text{MSO}, \text{WMSO} + \text{B}))$  then

satisfiability of  $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{A})$  is decidable.

# Satisfiability of $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{A})$

## Theorem 1

If  $\mathcal{A}$  is negation-closed and has the property  $\text{EHomDef}(\text{Bool}(\text{MSO}, \text{WMSO} + \text{B}))$  then

satisfiability of  $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{A})$  is decidable.

## Definition

$\mathcal{A} = (A, r_1, \dots, r_n)$  is **negation-closed** if the complement of every relation  $r_i$  is effectively definable by a positive existential first-order formula.

# Satisfiability of $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{A})$

## Theorem 1

If  $\mathcal{A}$  is negation-closed and has the property  $\text{EHomDef}(\text{Bool}(\text{MSO}, \text{WMSO} + \text{B}))$  then

satisfiability of  $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{A})$  is decidable.

## Definition

$\mathcal{A} = (A, r_1, \dots, r_n)$  is **negation-closed** if the complement of every relation  $r_i$  is effectively definable by a positive existential first-order formula.

## Example

$(\mathbb{Z}, <, =)$  is negation-closed.

- $\neg x < y$  if and only if  $x = y \vee y < x$ .

# Satisfiability of $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{A})$

## Theorem 1

If  $\mathcal{A}$  is negation-closed and has the property  $\text{EHomDef}(\text{Bool}(\text{MSO}, \text{WMSO} + \text{B}))$  then

satisfiability of  $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{A})$  is decidable.

## Definition. $\text{EHomDef}$

Given a signature  $\mathcal{S}$  and a logic  $\mathcal{L}$ ,  
an  $\mathcal{S}$ -structure  $\mathcal{A}$  has the property  $\text{EHomDef}(\mathcal{L})$  iff  
there exists a  $\mathcal{L}$ -sentence  $\psi$  such that  
for every  $\mathcal{S}$ -structure  $\mathcal{B}$  with countable domain the following holds:  
there exists a homomorphism  $h : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{A}$  if and only if  $\mathcal{B} \models \psi$ .



# Satisfiability of $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{A})$

## Theorem 1

If  $\mathcal{A}$  is negation-closed and has the property  $\text{EHomDef}(\text{Bool}(\text{MSO}, \text{WMSO} + \text{B}))$  then

satisfiability of  $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{A})$  is decidable.

## Definition. $\text{EHomDef}$

Given a signature  $\mathcal{S}$  and a logic  $\mathcal{L}$ ,  
an  $\mathcal{S}$ -structure  $\mathcal{A}$  has the property  $\text{EHomDef}(\mathcal{L})$  iff  
there exists a  $\mathcal{L}$ -sentence  $\psi$  such that  
for every  $\mathcal{S}$ -structure  $\mathcal{B}$  with countable domain the following holds:  
there exists a homomorphism  $h : \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{A}$  if and only if  $\mathcal{B} \models \psi$ .

We write  $\mathcal{B} \leq \mathcal{A}$  if a homomorphism from  $\mathcal{B}$  to  $\mathcal{A}$  exists.

## Example

The structure  $\mathcal{Q} = (\mathbb{Q}, <, =)$  has the property EHomDef(WMSO)

**Example**

The structure  $\mathcal{Q} = (\mathbb{Q}, <, =)$  has the property EHomDef(WMSO)

**Characterization:**

For a countable structure  $\mathcal{B} = (B, r_<, r_=)$

$\mathcal{B} \preceq \mathcal{Q}$  if and only if  $\mathcal{B}$  does not contain a  $<$ -cycle [Lutz, 2004]

**Example**

The structure  $\mathcal{Q} = (\mathbb{Q}, <, =)$  has the property EHomDef(WMSO)

**Characterization:**

For a countable structure  $\mathcal{B} = (B, r_<, r_=)$

$\mathcal{B} \leq \mathcal{Q}$  if and only if  $\mathcal{B}$  does not contain a  $<$ -cycle [Lutz, 2004]

**Translation:**

$$\psi := \neg \exists x \exists y (\text{reach}_{\leq}(x, y) \wedge y < x)$$

**Example**

The structure  $\mathcal{Q} = (\mathbb{Q}, <, =)$  has the property EHomDef(WMSO)

**Characterization:**

For a countable structure  $\mathcal{B} = (B, r_<, r_=)$

$\mathcal{B} \leq \mathcal{Q}$  if and only if  $\mathcal{B}$  does not contain a  $<$ -cycle [Lutz, 2004]

**Translation:**

$$\psi := \neg \exists x \exists y (\text{reach}_{\leq}(x, y) \wedge y < x)$$

$$\mathcal{B} \models \psi \text{ iff } \mathcal{B} \text{ has no } <\text{-cycles} \text{ iff } \mathcal{B} \leq \mathcal{Q}$$

# Satisfiability of $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{A})$

## Theorem 1

If  $\mathcal{A}$  is negation-closed and has the property  $\text{EHomDef}(\text{Bool}(\text{MSO}, \text{WMSO} + \text{B}))$  then

satisfiability of  $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{A})$  is decidable.

# Satisfiability of $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{A})$

## Theorem 1

If  $\mathcal{A}$  is negation-closed and has the property  $\text{EHomDef}(\text{Bool}(\text{MSO}, \text{WMSO} + \text{B}))$  then

satisfiability of  $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{A})$  is decidable.

- tree model property of  $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{S})$

[Gascon, 2008]

# Satisfiability of $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{A})$

## Theorem 1

If  $\mathcal{A}$  is negation-closed and has the property  $\text{EHomDef}(\text{Bool}(\text{MSO}, \text{WMSO} + \text{B}))$  then

satisfiability of  $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{A})$  is decidable.

- tree model property of  $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{S})$  [Gascon, 2008]
- decidability result for  $\text{Bool}(\text{MSO}, \text{WMSO} + \text{B})$  [Bojanczyk and Torunczyk, 2012]



How do we use all this?

## Example

The structure  $\mathcal{Q} = (\mathbb{Q}, <, =)$  has the property  $\text{EHomDef}(\text{WMSO})$  and it is negation-closed.

$\Rightarrow$  satisfiability of  $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{Q})$  is decidable!

How do we use all this?

## Example

The structure  $\mathcal{Q} = (\mathbb{Q}, <, =)$  has the property  $\text{EHomDef}(\text{WMSO})$  and it is negation-closed.

$\Rightarrow$  satisfiability of  $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{Q})$  is decidable!

## Theorem 2

$\mathcal{Z} = (\mathbb{Z}, <, =)$  has the property  $\text{EHomDef}(\text{WMSO} + \text{B})$

( $\Rightarrow$  satisfiability of  $\text{CTL}^*(\mathcal{Z})$  is decidable!)

## STEP 1: $(\mathbb{Z}, <)$

### Lemma - Characterization

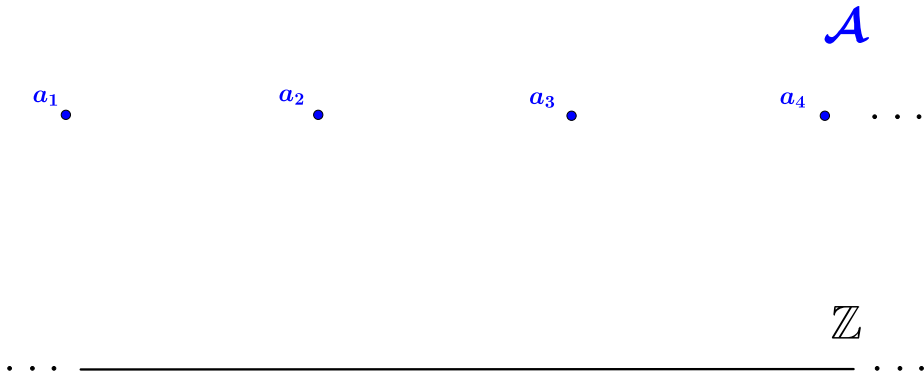
Let  $\mathcal{A} = (A, <)$  be a countable structure.

$\mathcal{A} \preceq (\mathbb{Z}, <)$  if and only if:

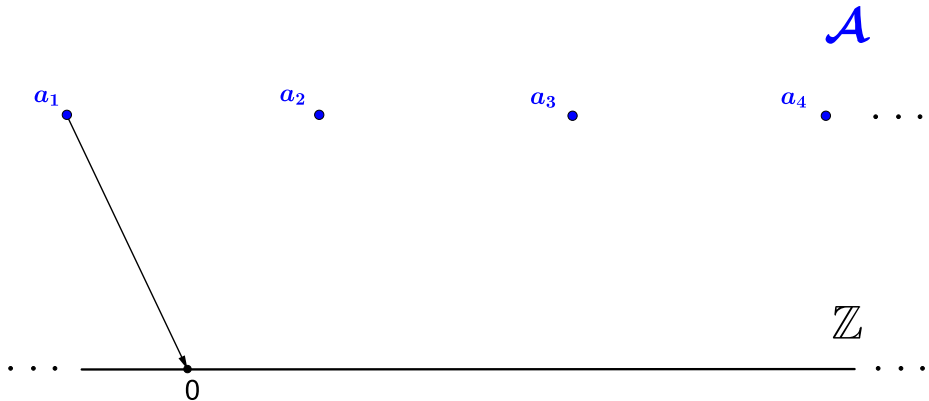
(H1)  $\mathcal{A}$  does not contain cycles

(H2) for all  $x, y \in A$  there is a  $b \in \mathbb{N}$  such that the length of all paths from  $x$  to  $y$  is bounded by  $b$ .

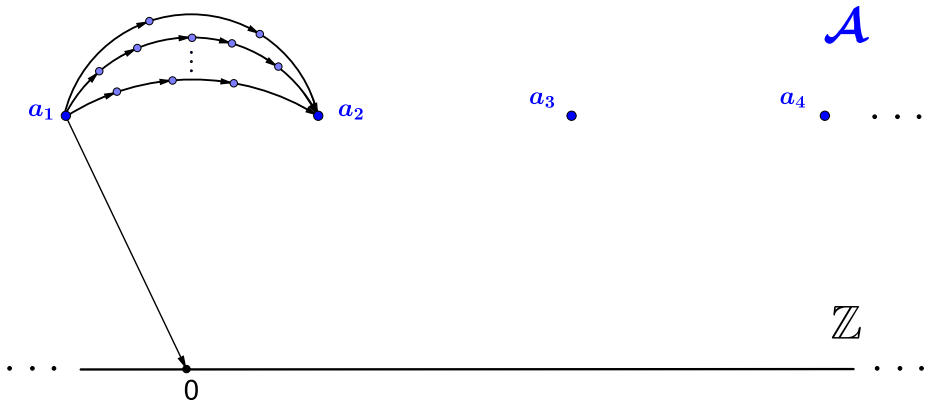
# Concrete domains over $\mathbb{Z}$



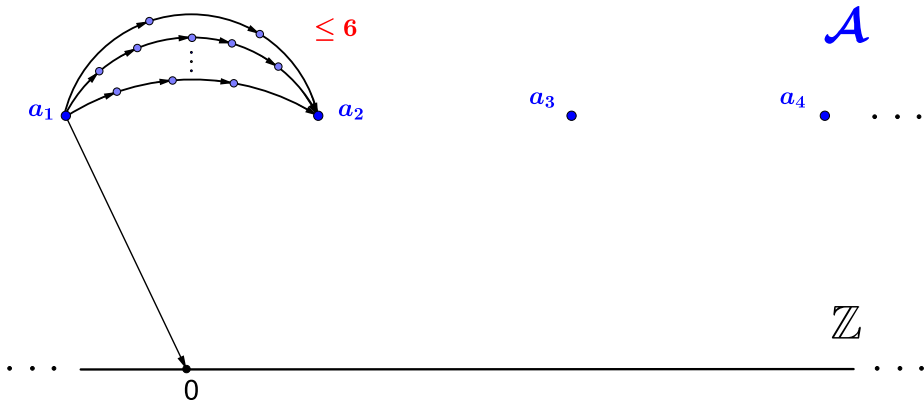
# Concrete domains over $\mathbb{Z}$



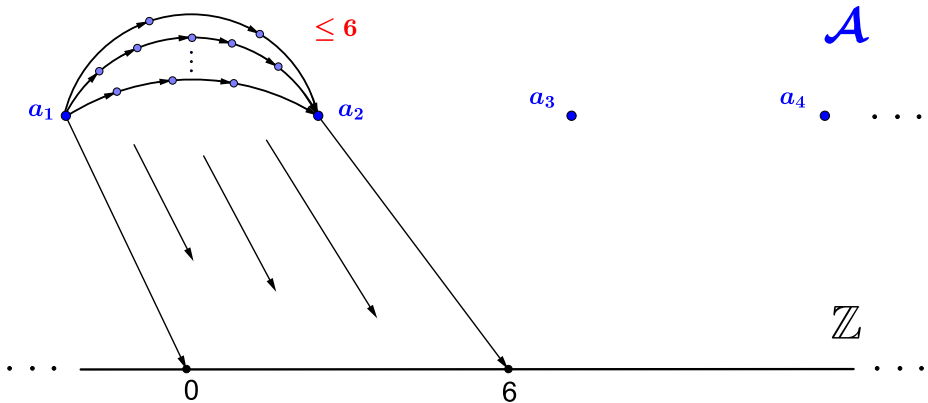
# Concrete domains over $\mathbb{Z}$



# Concrete domains over $\mathbb{Z}$



# Concrete domains over $\mathbb{Z}$





## STEP 1: $(\mathbb{Z}, <)$

### Lemma - Characterization

Let  $\mathcal{A} = (A, <)$  be a countable structure.

$\mathcal{A} \preceq (\mathbb{Z}, <)$  if and only if:

(H1)  $\mathcal{A}$  does not contain cycles

(H2) for all  $x, y \in A$  there is a  $b \in \mathbb{N}$  such that the length of all paths from  $x$  to  $y$  is bounded by  $b$ .

### Lemma - Translation

We can express H1 and H2 in WMSO+B.

(H1)  $\neg \text{ECycle}_{<}$

(H2)  $\forall x \forall y \text{ BPaths}_{<}(x, y)$

STEP 2:  $(\mathbb{Z}, <, =)$

STEP 2:  $(\mathbb{Z}, <, =)$

STEP 3:  $(\mathbb{Z}, <, =, (=_a)_{a \in \mathbb{Z}}, (\equiv_{a,b})_{0 \leq a < b})$