



## **Backtracking**

Ausgewählte Kapitel aus "The Art of Computer Programming"

Hardware-Software-Co-Design, Friedrich-Alexander-Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg



#### **Outline**

Einführung

n Queens

**Langford Pairs** 





# Einführung



Sequenzen  $x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_n$  für welche die Bedingung  $P_n(x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_n)$  gilt.

- $P_I(x_1, x_2, x_3 ... x_I)$  gilt nur, wenn  $P_{I-1}(x_1, x_2, x_3 ... x_{I-1})$  gilt
- wenn  $P_l(x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_l)$  gilt, ist  $P_{l+1}(x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_{l+1})$  einfach zu testen
- $P_0$ () gilt immer



Sequenzen  $x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_n$  für welche die Bedingung  $P_n(x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_n)$  gilt.

- $P_l(x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_l)$  gilt nur, wenn  $P_{l-1}(x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_{l-1})$  gilt
- wenn  $P_{I}(x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3} \dots x_{I})$  gilt, ist  $P_{I+1}(x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3} \dots x_{I+1})$  einfach zu testen
- $P_0$ () gilt immer



Sequenzen  $x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_n$  für welche die Bedingung  $P_n(x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_n)$  gilt.

- $P_I(x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_I)$  gilt nur, wenn  $P_{I-1}(x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_{I-1})$  gilt
- wenn  $P_l(x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_l)$  gilt, ist  $P_{l+1}(x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_{l+1})$  einfach zu testen
- $P_0$ () gilt immer



Sequenzen  $x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_n$  für welche die Bedingung  $P_n(x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_n)$  gilt.

- $P_l(x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_l)$  gilt nur, wenn  $P_{l-1}(x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_{l-1})$  gilt
- wenn  $P_l(x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_l)$  gilt, ist  $P_{l+1}(x_1, x_2, x_3 \dots x_{l+1})$  einfach zu testen
- P<sub>0</sub>() gilt immer



#### **Algorithmus**

```
/// A required set of methods needed for the generic backtracking algorithms.
pub trait Sequence {
    type Step;
    type Steps: IntoIterator<Item = Self::Step>;
    /// Checks if this sequence satisfy its condition.
    111
    /// This function can assume that the parent of `self` satisfied this condition.
    fn satisfies condition(&self) -> bool:
    /// generates all possible next steps at this current state.
    fn next_steps(&self) -> Self::Steps;
    /// applies a `step` to `self`, returning the resulting sequence.
    111
    /// this function will only be called if `self.satisfies condition() == true`.
    fn apply step(&self, step: Self::Step) -> Self:
}
```



#### **Algorithmus**

```
pub fn b<T: Sequence>(initial: T, n: usize) -> Vec<T> {
    let mut results = Vec::new():
    let mut states = Vec::new():
    let steps = initial.next_steps().into_iter();
    states.push((initial, steps));
    while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
        if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
            let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
            if next state.satisfies condition() {
                if states.len() < n {</pre>
                    let next_steps = next_state.next_steps().into_iter();
                    states.push((next state, next steps)):
                } else {
                    results.push(next_state);
        } else {
            states.pop();
    results
```



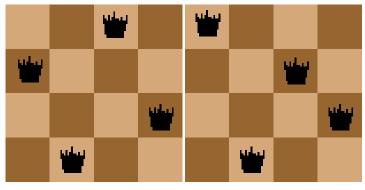


n	Queens				



#### **Damenproblem**

Wie kann man n Damen auf einem n \* n Schachbrett aufstellen, ohne dass sich zwei Damen schlagen können, also keine 2 Damen in der selben Zeile, Reihe oder Diagonalen stehen.

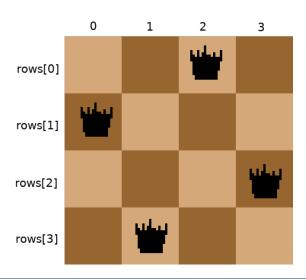


(a) Richtig

(b) Falsch

Bastian Kauschke









Bastian Kauschke

```
pub struct Queens {
   n: usize,
    rows: Vec<usize>,
impl Queens {
    pub fn new(n: usize) -> Self {
        Self {
            n,
            rows: Vec::new(),
```



```
fn satisfies_condition(&self) -> bool {
    if self.rows.is_empty() {
        return true:
    }
    let k = self.rows.len() - 1;
    for j in 0..k {
        let k_col = self.rows[k] as isize;
        let j_col = self.rows[j] as isize;
        if k_col == j_col || (j_col - k_col).abs() as usize == k - j {
            return false:
    true
```



```
fn next_steps(&self) -> Self::Steps {
    0..self.n
}

fn apply_step(&self, step: Self::Step) -> Self {
    let mut rows = self.rows.clone();
    rows.push(step);
    Self { n: self.n, rows }
}
```



```
let results = b(Queens::new(4), 4);
pub fn b<T: Sequence>(initial: T, n: usize) -> Vec<T> {
     let mut results = Vec::new():
     let mut states = Vec::new():
     let steps = initial.next_steps().into_iter();
     states.push((initial, steps));
     // <- we are here
    // ...
results = []
states = [( \blacksquare \blacksquare , [\blacksquare \blacksquare, \blacksquare \blacksquare, \blacksquare \blacksquare, \blacksquare \blacksquare])]
```





```
// ...
 while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
                        if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
                                             // <- we are here
                                              let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
                                              if next state.satisfies condition() {
                                                                     if states.len() < n {</pre>
                                                                                            let next_steps = next_state.next_steps().into_iter();
                                                                                             states.push((next_state, next_steps));
                                                                       } else {
                                                                                             results.push(next_state);
                        } else {
                                              states.pop();
 states = [( \cline{black}, \cline{
 step = ■■■
```



```
// ...
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
    if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
        let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
        // <- we are here
        if next state.satisfies condition() {
            if states.len() < n {</pre>
                let next_steps = next_state.next_steps().into_iter();
                states.push((next_state, next_steps));
            } else {
                results.push(next_state);
    } else {
        states.pop();
                      • , • , • ])]
next state =
```



```
// ...
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
    if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
       let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
       // our previous position
       if next_state.satisfies_condition() {
           if states.len() < n {</pre>
               let next_steps = next_state.next_steps().into_iter();
               states.push((next_state, next_steps));
               // <- we are here
           } else {
               results.push(next_state);
    } else {
       states.pop():
                --, [•••, •••, •••]), (•••, [•••, ••, ••, ••])
```



```
// ...
 while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
                     if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
                                          let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
                                          // <- we are here
                                          if next state.satisfies condition() {
                                                              if states.len() < n {</pre>
                                                                                   let next_steps = next_state.next_steps().into_iter();
                                                                                    states.push((next_state, next_steps));
                                                               } else {
                                                                                    results.push(next_state);
                     } else {
                                          states.pop();
                                                                                                [ lacksquare l
 next state =
```



```
// ...
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
     if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
         let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
         // <- we are here
         if next state.satisfies condition() {
              if states.len() < n {</pre>
                   let next_steps = next_state.next_steps().into_iter();
                   states.push((next_state, next_steps));
              } else {
                   results.push(next_state);
     } else {
         states.pop();
                      [ \bullet \bullet \bullet, \bullet \bullet \bullet, \bullet \bullet \bullet]), ( \bullet \bullet \bullet, \bullet \bullet \bullet])]
next state =
```



```
// ...
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
    if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
        let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
        // <- we are here
        if next state.satisfies condition() {
            if states.len() < n {</pre>
                let next_steps = next_state.next_steps().into_iter();
                 states.push((next_state, next_steps));
             } else {
                 results.push(next_state);
    } else {
        states.pop();
                   , [ • • , • • , • • ]), ( • • , [ • • • , [ • • • ]
next state =
```



```
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
    if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
        let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
        if next state.satisfies condition() {
            if states.len() < n {</pre>
                let next steps = next state.next steps().into iter():
                states.push((next_state, next_steps));
                // <- we are here
            } else {
                results.push(next_state);
    } else {
        states.pop();
```



```
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
                    // <- we are here after discarding all 4 steps
                    if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
                                        let next state = state.applv step(step):
                                        if next state.satisfies condition() {
                                                            if states.len() < n {</pre>
                                                                                let next_steps = next_state.next_steps().into_iter();
                                                                                 states.push((next_state, next_steps));
                                                            } else {
                                                                                 results.push(next_state);
                    } else {
                                        states.pop():
states = [( lacksquare, [ lacksq
```



```
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
                      if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
                                           let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
                                           if next state.satisfies condition() {
                                                                 if states.len() < n {</pre>
                                                                                      let next steps = next state.next steps().into iter():
                                                                                       states.push((next_state, next_steps));
                                                                 } else {
                                                                                      results.push(next_state);
                      } else {
                                           states.pop();
                                           // <- we are here
states = [( lacksquare, [ lacksquare, l
```



```
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
    if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
        let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
        // <- we are here
        if next state.satisfies condition() {
            if states.len() < n {</pre>
                let next_steps = next_state.next_steps().into_iter();
                states.push((next_state, next_steps));
            } else {
                results.push(next_state);
    } else {
        states.pop();
next state =
```



```
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
     if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
           let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
           // <- we are here
           if next_state.satisfies_condition() {
                if states.len() < n {</pre>
                      let next_steps = next_state.next_steps().into_iter();
                      states.push((next_state, next_steps));
                } else {
                      results.push(next_state);
     } else {
           states.pop();
                             [ \blacksquare \blacksquare, \blacksquare \blacksquare, \blacksquare \blacksquare ]), ( \blacksquare \blacksquare, [ ]), ( \blacksquare \blacksquare, [ \blacksquare \blacksquare, [ \blacksquare \blacksquare, \blacksquare \blacksquare ])]
next state =
```



```
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
                      if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
                                            let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
                                            if next state.satisfies condition() {
                                                                  if states.len() < n {</pre>
                                                                                       let next steps = next state.next steps().into iter():
                                                                                         states.push((next state, next steps)):
                                                                  } else {
                                                                                       results.push(next_state);
                      } else {
                                            states.pop();
                                            // <- we are here
states = [( \cline{A}, \cline{A
```



```
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
    if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
         let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
         if next state.satisfies condition() {
              if states.len() < n {</pre>
                  let next steps = next state.next steps().into iter():
                  states.push((next_state, next_steps));
              } else {
                  results.push(next_state);
    } else {
         states.pop();
         // <- we are here
\textit{states} = [( \blacksquare, [\blacksquare, \blacksquare, \blacksquare, \blacksquare)), ( \blacksquare, []), ]
```



```
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
                     if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
                                          let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
                                          if next state.satisfies condition() {
                                                               if states.len() < n {</pre>
                                                                                   let next steps = next state.next steps().into iter():
                                                                                    states.push((next_state, next_steps));
                                                                                   // <- we are here
                                                               } else {
                                                                                   results.push(next_state);
                     } else {
                                          states.pop():
states = [( lacksquare , [ lacksquare , lacksquare ,
```



```
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
   if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
      let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
      if next state.satisfies condition() {
          // <- we are here
          if states.len() < n {</pre>
             let next_steps = next_state.next_steps().into_iter();
             states.push((next_state, next_steps));
          } else {
             results.push(next_state);
   } else {
      states.pop();
               next state =
```





```
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
   if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
       let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
       if next state.satisfies condition() {
           if states.len() < n {</pre>
               let next steps = next state.next steps().into iter():
               states.push((next_state, next_steps));
           } else {
               results.push(next_state);
               // <- we are here
   } else {
       states.pop();
                 , [ •••, •••]), ( •••, [ ]), ( •••, [ •••, •••, •••]),
results =
```



```
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
    if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
        let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
        if next state.satisfies condition() {
            if states.len() < n {</pre>
                let next_steps = next_state.next_steps().into_iter();
                states.push((next_state, next_steps));
            } else {
                results.push(next_state);
                // <- we are here
    } else {
        states.pop();
results =
```



```
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
    if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
        let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
        if next state.satisfies condition() {
            if states.len() < n {</pre>
                let next_steps = next_state.next_steps().into_iter();
                states.push((next_state, next_steps));
            } else {
                results.push(next_state);
    } else {
        states.pop();
        // <- we are here
states = [(----,[])]
```



```
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
    if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
        let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
        if next state.satisfies condition() {
            if states.len() < n {</pre>
                let next_steps = next_state.next_steps().into_iter();
                states.push((next_state, next_steps));
            } else {
                results.push(next_state);
    } else {
        states.pop();
        // <- we are here
states = []
```





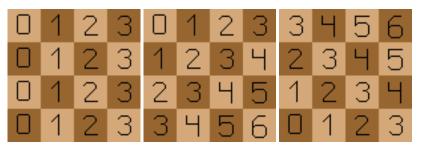
```
while let Some((state, steps)) = states.last_mut() {
    if let Some(step) = steps.next() {
        let next_state = state.apply_step(step);
        if next state.satisfies condition() {
            if states.len() < n {</pre>
                let next_steps = next_state.next_steps().into_iter();
                states.push((next_state, next_steps));
            } else {
                results.push(next_state);
    } else {
        states.pop();
// <- we are here
results
states = []
results =
```



**B**\*

satisfies\_condition vergleicht momentan die neue Reihe mit allen anderen Reihen.

Kann mit drei Bitsets ersetzt werden:



(a) Spalten

(b) Gegendiagonale

(c) Hauptdiagonale



## **Algorithm**

```
pub fn b_star(n: usize) -> Vec<Queens> {
    // setup
   let mut results = Vec::new();
    let mut columns = BitVec::from_elem(n, false);
    let mut left_diagonals = BitVec::from_elem(2 * n - 1, false);
    let mut right_diagonals = BitVec::from_elem(2 * n - 1, false);
    let mut rows = Vec::new();
    let mut column = 0;
    loop {
       // ...
```



```
100p {
   while column < n {
       if !(columns[column]
            || left diagonals[column + rows.len()]
            || right_diagonals[column + n - 1 - rows.len()])
           if rows.len() + 1 < n {
                columns.set(column. true):
                left diagonals.set(column + rows.len(), true):
                right_diagonals.set(column + n - 1 - rows.len(), true);
                rows.push(column);
                column = 0;
            } else {
                let mut a = rows.clone():
                a.push(column):
                results.push(Queens { n, rows: q });
                column += 1:
        } else {
            column += 1:
   if let Some(prev) = rows.pop() {
        right diagonals.set(prev + n - 1 - rows.len(), false):
        left_diagonals.set(prev + rows.len(), false);
       columns.set(prev, false);
       column = prev + 1;
    } else {
       return results:
}
```



```
let results = b_star(4);
pub fn b_star(n: usize) -> Vec<Queens> {
   let mut results = Vec::new():
   let mut columns = BitVec::from elem(n. false):
   let mut left diagonals = BitVec::from elem(2 * n - 1. false):
   let mut right_diagonals = BitVec::from_elem(2 * n - 1, false);
   let mut rows = Vec::new();
   let mut column = 0;
results = []
                   , left_diagonals = , right_diagonals =
column = 0
```



```
loop {
   while column < n {
       if !(columns[column]
           || left diagonals[column + rows.len()]
           || right_diagonals[column + n - 1 - rows.len()])
           if rows.len() + 1 < n {
              // <- we are here
              columns.set(column. true):
              left_diagonals.set(column + rows.len(), true);
              right_diagonals.set(column + n - 1 - rows.len(), true);
              rows.push(column);
              column = 0:
           } else {
              // add to results, removed for clarity
       } else {
           column += 1:
   // backtracking, removed for clarity
                         , left_diagonals = , right_diagonals =
columns =
column = 0
```



```
loop {
   while column < n {
       if !(columns[column]
           || left diagonals[column + rows.len()]
           || right_diagonals[column + n - 1 - rows.len()])
           if rows.len() + 1 < n {
              columns.set(column, true);
              left_diagonals.set(column + rows.len(), true);
              right_diagonals.set(column + n - 1 - rows.len(), true);
              rows.push(column);
              // <- we are here
              column = 0:
           } else {
              // add to results, removed for clarity
       } else {
           column += 1:
   // backtracking, removed for clarity
                         , left_diagonals = , right_diagonals =
column = 0
```

```
loop {
   while column < n {
       if !(columns[column]
           || left diagonals[column + rows.len()]
           || right_diagonals[column + n - 1 - rows.len()])
           if rows.len() + 1 < n {
              columns.set(column. true):
              left_diagonals.set(column + rows.len(), true);
              right_diagonals.set(column + n - 1 - rows.len(), true);
              rows.push(column);
              column = 0;
           } else {
              // add to results, removed for clarity
       } else {
           column += 1:
          // <- we are here
   // backtracking, removed for clarity
                         , left_diagonals = , right_diagonals =
column =
```



```
loop {
   while column < n {
       if !(columns[column]
           || left diagonals[column + rows.len()]
           || right_diagonals[column + n - 1 - rows.len()])
           if rows.len() + 1 < n {
               columns.set(column. true):
               left_diagonals.set(column + rows.len(), true);
               right_diagonals.set(column + n - 1 - rows.len(), true);
               rows.push(column);
               column = 0;
           } else {
              // add to results, removed for clarity
       } else {
           column += 1:
           // <- we are here
   // backtracking, removed for clarity
                          , left_diagonals = , right_diagonals =
```



```
loop {
   while column < n {
       if !(columns[column]
           || left diagonals[column + rows.len()]
           || right_diagonals[column + n - 1 - rows.len()])
           if rows.len() + 1 < n {
              columns.set(column. true):
              left_diagonals.set(column + rows.len(), true);
              right_diagonals.set(column + n - 1 - rows.len(), true);
              rows.push(column);
              column = 0;
              // <- we are here
           } else {
              // add to results, removed for clarity
       } else {
           column += 1:
   // backtracking, removed for clarity
                         , left_diagonals = , right_diagonals =
column = 0
```



```
loop {
   // while ...
   // <- we are here
   if let Some(prev) = rows.pop() {
       right_diagonals.set(prev + n - 1 - rows.len(), false);
      left_diagonals.set(prev + rows.len(), false);
      columns.set(prev. false):
      column = prev + 1:
   } else {
      break:
                    , left_diagonals = , right_diagonals =
rows =
```



```
loop {
   // while ...
    if let Some(prev) = rows.pop() {
       right_diagonals.set(prev + n - 1 - rows.len(), false);
       left_diagonals.set(prev + rows.len(), false);
       columns.set(prev, false);
       column = prev + 1:
       // <- we are here
    } else {
       return results;
prev = 2
                         , left_diagonals = oxed{1} , right_diagonals = oxed{1}
\mathit{rows} =
column = 3
```



```
loop {
    while column < n {
        if !(columns[column]
            || left diagonals[column + rows.len()]
            || right_diagonals[column + n - 1 - rows.len()])
            if rows.len() + 1 < n {
                // update rows etc. removed for clarity
            } else {
                // <- we are here
                let mut q = rows.clone();
                q.push(column);
                results.push(Oueens { n, rows: a }):
                column += 1:
        } else {
            column += 1;
    // backtracking, removed for clarity
                            , left\_diagonals = \begin{tabular}{c} \end{tabular}, right\_diagonals = \end{tabular}
column = 2
```



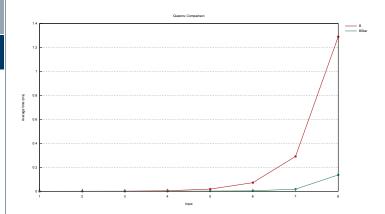
```
loop {
    while column < n {
       if !(columns[column]
           || left_diagonals[column + rows.len()]
           || right_diagonals[column + n - 1 - rows.len()])
           if rows.len() + 1 < n {
               // update rows etc. removed for clarity
           } else {
               let mut q = rows.clone();
               q.push(column);
               results.push(Queens { n, rows: q });
               column += 1:
               // <- we are here
       } else {
           column += 1;
    // backtracking, removed for clarity
results =
rows =
column = 3
```



```
loop {
   // while ...
   // <- we are here
   if let Some(prev) = rows.pop() {
       right_diagonals.set(prev + n - 1 - rows.len(), false);
       left_diagonals.set(prev + rows.len(), false);
       columns.set(prev. false):
       column = prev + 1:
   } else {
       return results:
                       , left_diagonals = , right_diagonals = ,
rows =
column = 4 results = [
```



#### **Performance**







# Langford Pairs



## **Langford Paare**

Finde alle Permutationen der Menge  $M = 1, -1, 2, -2, \dots, n, -n$  für die gilt  $x_l = p \Rightarrow x_{l+p+1} = -p$ .

Für n = 4 sind [2, 3, 4, -2, 1, -3, -1, -4] und [4, 1, 3, -1, 2, -4, -3, -2] dieeinzigen Lösungen.



## **Implementation**

```
pub fn l(n: usize) -> Vec<Vec<isize>> {
    let mut results = Vec::new();
    let mut sequence = vec![0; n * 2];
    let mut position = 0:
    let mut unused_values = (1..=n).collect::<Vec<_>>();
    unused_values.push(0);
    let mut undo = vec![0; n * 2];
    let mut ptr = 0;
    loop {
```





```
loop {
    while unused_values[ptr] != 0 && position + unused_values[ptr] + 1 < sequence.len() {</pre>
        if sequence[position + unused_values[ptr] + 1] == 0 {
            sequence[position] = unused values[ptr] as isize:
            sequence[position + unused_values[ptr] + 1] = -(unused_values[ptr] as isize);
            undo[position] = ptr:
            unused values[ptr] = unused values[unused values[ptr]]:
            ptr = 0;
            position += 1;
            if unused values[ptr] == 0 {
                results.push(sequence.clone()):
            } else {
                while sequence[position] < 0 {</pre>
                    position += 1;
        } else {
            ptr = unused_values[ptr];
    if position != 0 {
        position -= 1:
        while sequence[position] < 0 {
            position -= 1;
        let removed value = sequence[position] as usize:
        sequence[position] = 0;
        sequence[position + removed value + 1] = 0:
        unused_values[undo[position]] = removed_value;
        ptr = removed_value;
    } else {
        return results:
```

48



```
pub fn l(n: usize) -> Vec<Vec<isize>> {
    let mut results = Vec::new():
    let mut sequence = vec! \lceil 0 : n * 2 \rceil:
    let mut position = 0:
    let mut unused values = (1..=n).collect::<Vec< >>():
    unused_values.push(0):
    let mut undo = vec![0; n * 2];
    let mut ptr = 0;
    // <- we are here
    loop {
       // ...
results = []
sequence = [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0], position = 0
unused\_values = [1, 2, 3, 0], ptr = 0, unused\_values[ptr] = 1
undo = [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
```



```
loop {
   while unused_values[ptr] != 0 && position + unused_values[ptr] + 1 < sequence.len() {</pre>
       if sequence[position + unused_values[ptr] + 1] == 0 {
           // <- we are here
            sequence[position] = unused_values[ptr] as isize;
            sequence[position + unused values[ptr] + 1] = -(unused values[ptr] as isize):
           undo[position] = ptr;
           unused values[ptr] = unused values[unused values[ptr]]:
           // update position and reset ptr, removed for clarity
        } else {
           ptr = unused values[ptr]:
   // backtracking, removed for clarity
sequence = [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0], position = 0
unused\_values = [1, 2, 3, 0], ptr = 0, unused\_values[ptr] = 1
undo = [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
```



```
loop {
   while unused_values[ptr] != 0 && position + unused_values[ptr] + 1 < sequence.len() {</pre>
       if sequence[position + unused_values[ptr] + 1] == 0 {
            sequence[position + unused values[ptr] + 1] = -(unused values[ptr] as isize):
            sequence[position] = unused values[ptr] as isize:
           // <- we are here
           undo[position] = ptr:
           unused_values[ptr] = unused_values[unused_values[ptr]];
           // update position and reset ptr, removed for clarity
        } else {
           ptr = unused_values[ptr]:
   // backtracking, removed for clarity
}
sequence = [1, 0, -1, 0, 0, 0], position = 0
unused\_values = [1, 2, 3, 0], ptr = 0, unused\_values[ptr] = 1
undo = [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
```



```
loop {
   while unused_values[ptr] != 0 && position + unused_values[ptr] + 1 < sequence.len() {</pre>
       if sequence[position + unused_values[ptr] + 1] == 0 {
            sequence[position + unused values[ptr] + 1] = -(unused values[ptr] as isize):
            sequence[position] = unused values[ptr] as isize:
           undo[position] = ptr:
           unused_values[ptr] = unused_values[unused_values[ptr]];
           // <- we are here
           // update position and reset ptr, removed for clarity
        } else {
           ptr = unused_values[ptr]:
   // backtracking, removed for clarity
}
sequence = [1, 0, -1, 0, 0, 0], position = 0
unused\_values = [2, 2, 3, 0], ptr = 0, unused\_values[ptr] = 2
undo = [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
```



Thanks for listening.

Any questions?





# References



#### References I