COMP2203: Application Scripting

Session DA-php2

php Data Types & Structures

David Argles





Overview

We'll be looking at:

- How php handles data types
- Basic php data types
- Arrays
 - Indexed
 - Associative
- Getting help





What Are php Types?

- We introduced a php function
- Which took a parameter, \$title
- We didn't say what to expect
- But we gave it a "string" (text)
- It was happy with that
- If we'd given it something else it would probably have worked
- But it might not have given us the result we were expecting
- php is "loosely typed"
- Many languages are "strongly typed"





Some Basic Types

String

- We had that in our function

Integer

- e.g. for counting

Float

- So we can represent values like -3.59

Boolean

Can be either TRUE or FALSE
 (e.g. if(\$count<3); (\$count<3) will be TRUE or FALSE)





Arrays

Array

- Allows sets of values
- Like [3, 5, 9]
- Or ["red", "blue"]

Created like this:

- \$colours = array ("red", "blue", "green");
- Accessed like this:
 - echo ("I like ".\$colours[1]." cars");
- This is an "indexed" array





Listing an Array

e.g. listing products on a webpage:

```
$length = count ($products);
for ($i=0; $i<$length; $i++)
{
  echo($products[$i]);
}</pre>
```





Associative Arrays

• But we can do arrays differently:

```
$person = array(
"prename"=>"David",
"surname"=>"Argles",
"interest"=>"cars");
```

• Accessed:

```
echo($person["prename"]." likes ". $person["interest"]);
```





Associative Arrays

 This is most useful if we create an array of arrays:

```
$people = array
(
   1=>
    array("prename"=>"David", "surname"=>"Argles"),
   2=>
    array("prename"=>"Russell", "surname"=>Newman")
);
```





Printing out Associative Arrays

• We can now access this:

```
foreach ($people as $person)
{
  echo $person["prename"];
  echo $person["surname"];
}
```





Getting Help

 Don't forget that w3schools is your friend!



