

HW 2

1.2

5.

Let $x = s^k r^i$ be an element which commutes with every element of D_{2n} with $k \leq 1, k < n$. We have $s^k s = s s^k = s^{1-k}$ since s has order 2. Since x commutes with s ,

$$\begin{aligned} s s^k r^i &= s^k r^i s \\ s^{1-k} r^i &= s^k s r^{-i} \\ &= s^{k+1} r^{-i} \end{aligned}$$

By equating exponents of s (which we can do because the representation is unique), $1 - k = k + 1$ hence $k = 1$. By equating exponents of r , we have $i = -i \pmod{n}$ hence $2i = 0 \pmod{n}$ hence $i = 0 \pmod{n}$ because n is odd. Hence x is the identity.

7.

$$s^2 = a^2 = 1$$

$$r^n = (s^2 r)^n = (ab)^n = 1$$

$$r s r = s(s r)(s r) = a b^2 = a = s. \text{ Hence } r s = s r^{-1}$$

Conversely,

$$a^2 = s^2 = 1$$

$$b^2 = (s r)^2 = s r s r = s s = 1$$

$$(ab)^n = (s s r)^n = r^n = 1$$

1.3

11.

15.

17.