



# Pneumonia Detection

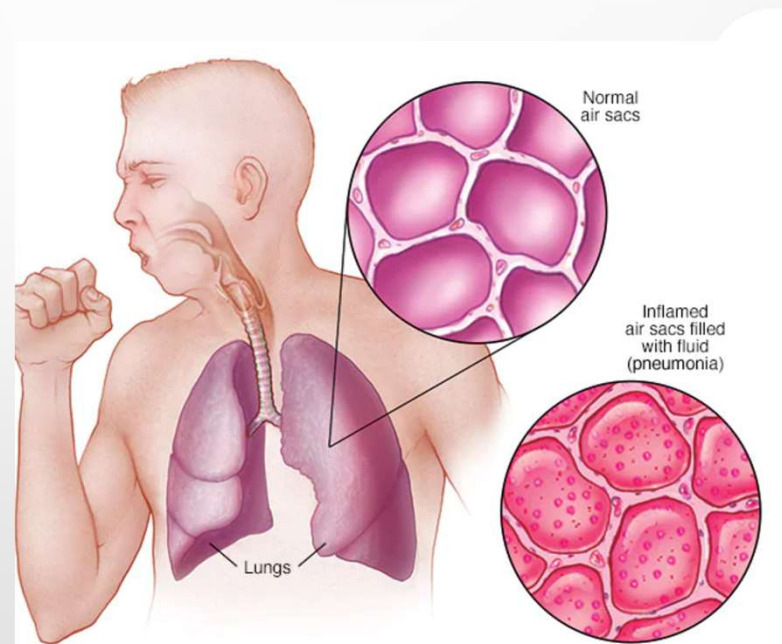
TENSORFLOW & KERAS

By Leticia Drasler  
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# What is Pneumonia?

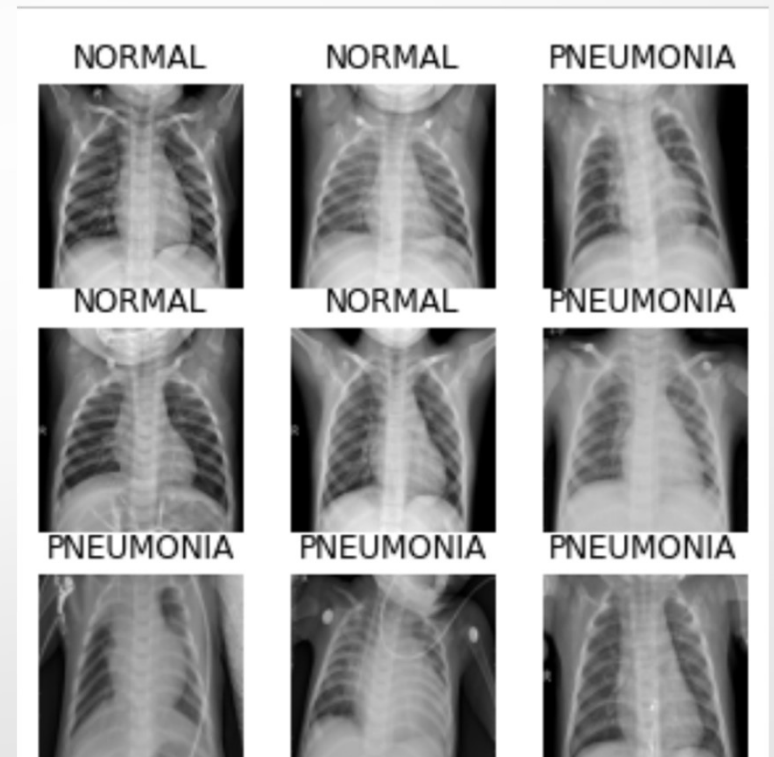
Pneumonia is a common lung infection caused by bacteria, a virus, or fungi. It is often spread via coughing, sneezing, touching or even breathing, and those who don't exhibit symptoms can also spread the illness. It may resemble common cold and flu symptoms.

- The symptoms may include:
- Fever;
- Difficulty breathing;
- Chest pain;
- Cough.



# Summary

In this project we will use Keras inside TensorFlow to build an algorithm that will help us to make predictions wheatear or not a person has pneumonia based on X-Ray images.



# DATA

Dataset provided by Kaggle.

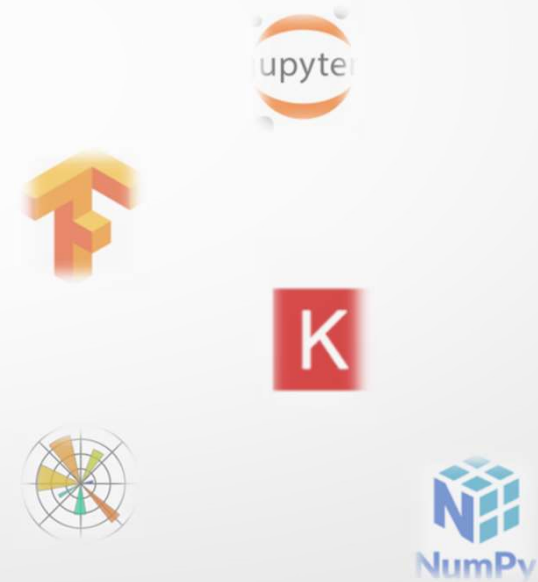
It is free and you can have access to it, here:

<https://www.kaggle.com/paultimothymooney/chest-xray-pneumonia>

- The data include 3 file folders belonging to 2 classes.  
2 types of X-Ray images defined as "NORMAL" AND "PNEUMONIA".

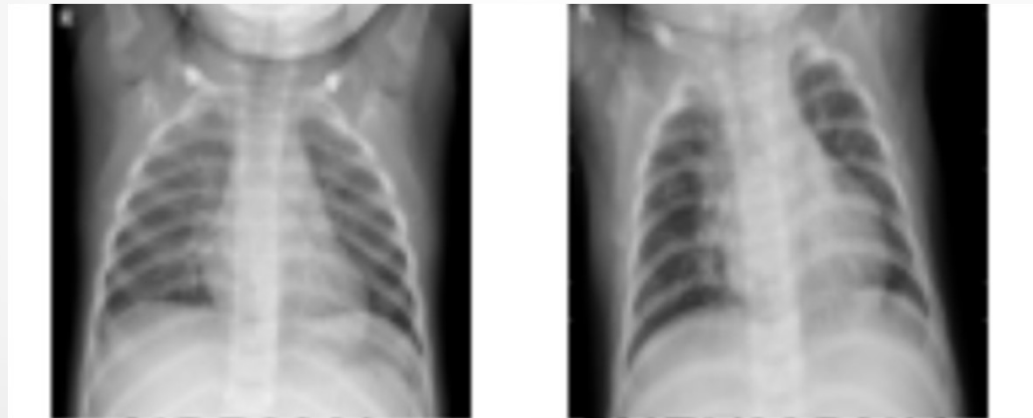
# Environment and tools

- Jupyter Notebook;
- TensorFlow;
- Keras;
- Numpy;
- Matplotlib;
- Lime.



# Challenge

As you can see, it is hard to have any knowledge of it by looking at it.

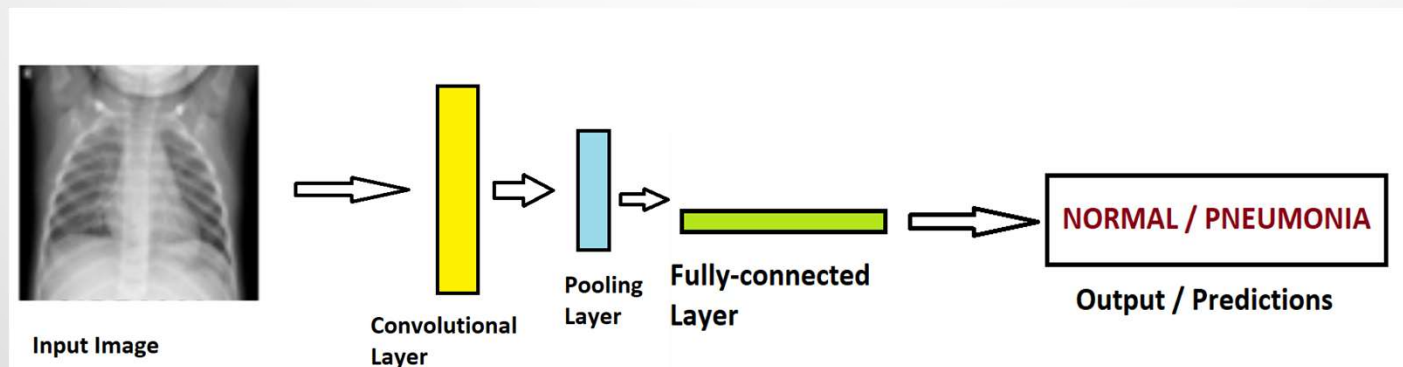


**Which one of these images should be classified as "Normal" and which one as "Pneumonia"?**

# Image Classification Model

## Applying Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)

- Convolutional Layers
- Pooling Layer
- Fully Connected
- Output



# Image Classification Model

- Our model will find parameters starting with simple to more complex parameters deeper in the layers

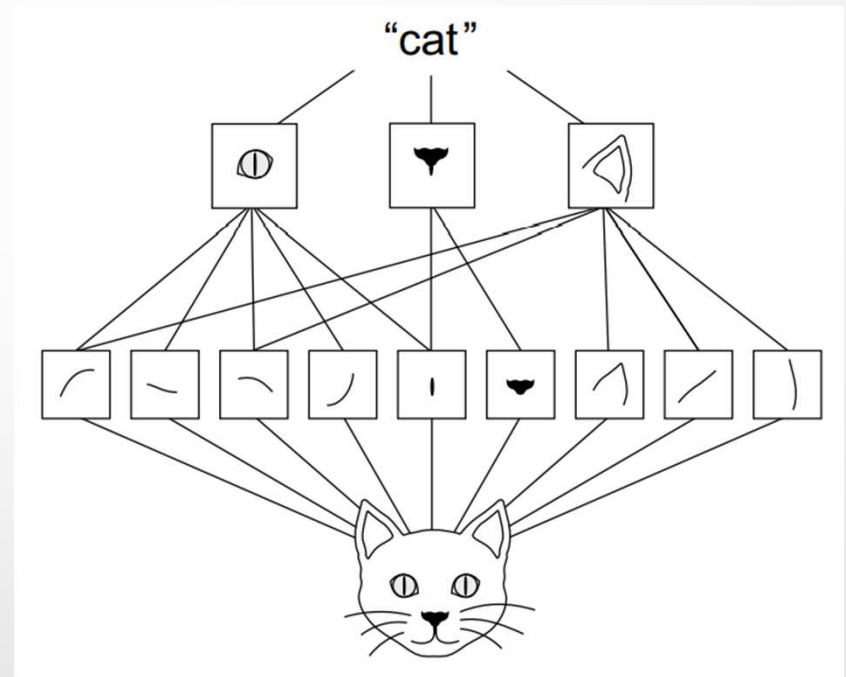


Figure 1. Book: Deep Learning with Python  
François Chollet; 2017.



# Image Classification Model

Single filter:  
Matching simple features.

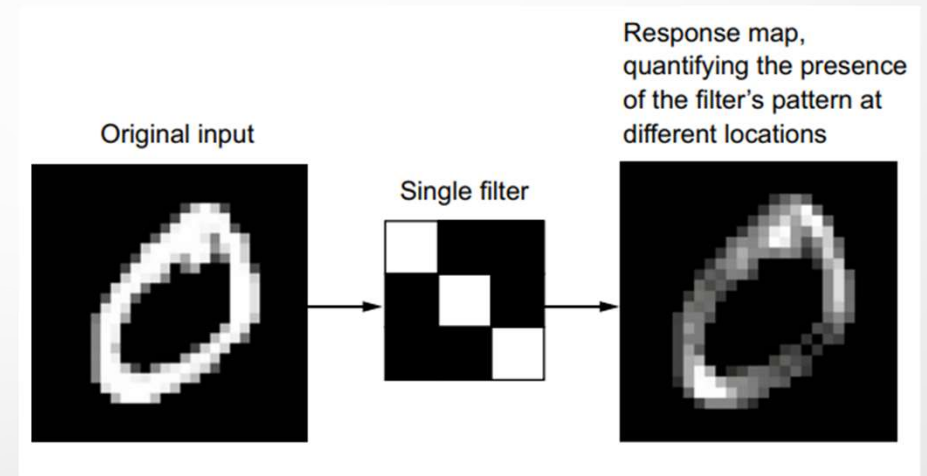
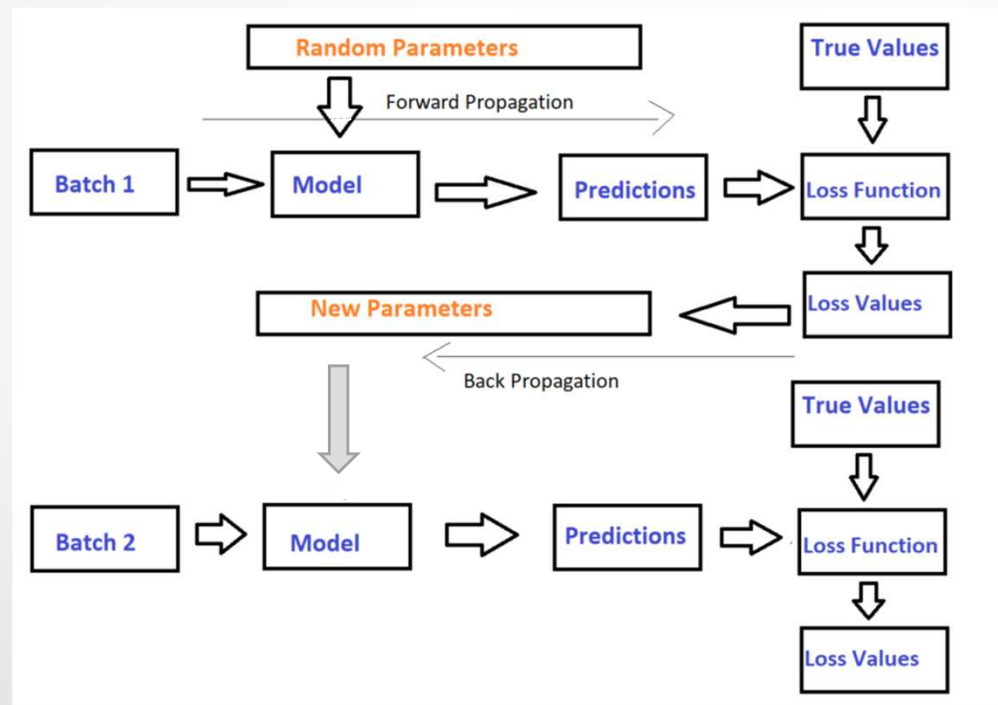


Figure 2. Book: Deep Learning with Python

Francois Chollet; 2017.

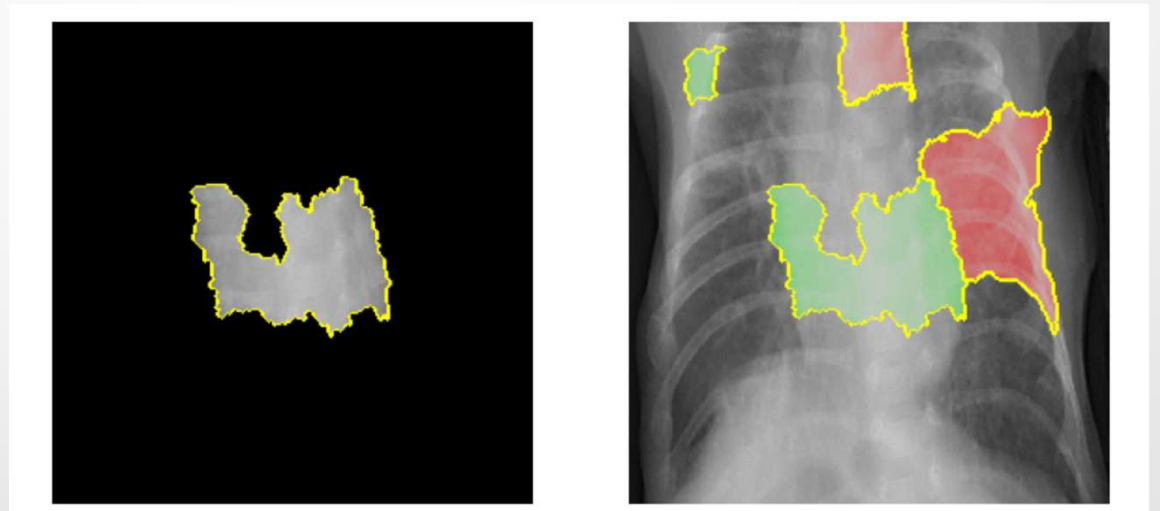
# Deep Learning Algorithm



# Lime Package

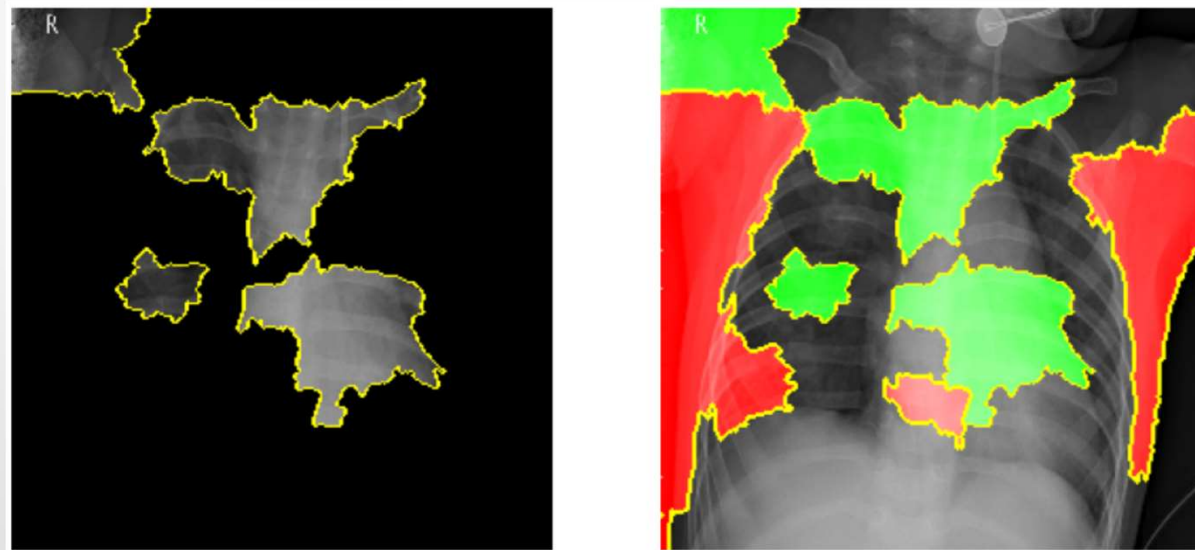
local interpretable model-agnostic explanations

- I used Lime to have a better understand, how the model is getting its parameters



# Lime

- The green parameter stands for as positive pneumonia
- The red parameter stands for normal condition.
- The model will then, measure both parts and it will define its condition based on its weight.
- The example below pointed to PNEUMONIA.



# FINAL RESULTS

Convolutional Neural Network

We achieved a results of 90% of the test model accuracy

A decorative graphic on the left side of the slide, showing the corner of a laptop with a dark grey bezel and a lighter grey body.

# Thank you!!!!

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