

## Question 2: continued

(input layer derivative)

$$\frac{\partial R}{\partial w_{ij}} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_n \left[ \frac{\partial L^n}{\partial a_j^n} \right] \left( \frac{\partial a_j^n}{\partial w_{ij}} \right) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_n \left[ \sum_k \frac{\partial L^n}{\partial a_k^n} \frac{\partial a_k^n}{\partial a_j^n} \right] \left( \frac{\partial a_j^n}{\partial w_{ij}} \right) = \frac{\sum_n \delta_j^n z_i^n}{N}$$

where  $\delta_j^n$  defined from  $= \frac{1}{N} \sum_n \left[ \sum_k \delta_k^n \frac{\partial a_k^n}{\partial a_j^n} \right] z_i^n = \frac{1}{N} \sum_n \underbrace{\left[ \sum_k \delta_k^n w_{jk} f'(a_j^n; \theta) \right]}_{\delta_j^n} z_i^n$

where  $z_i^n$  just our initial inputs  $x_1, x_2$

Steps then:

[Gradient Descent]

$$w_{ij}^{t+1} = w_{ij}^t - \eta \frac{\partial R}{\partial w_{ij}}$$

$$w_{jk}^{t+1} = w_{jk}^t - \eta \frac{\partial R}{\partial w_{jk}}$$

$$w_{kl}^{t+1} = w_{kl}^t - \eta \frac{\partial R}{\partial w_{kl}}$$

with derivatives as defined above.