

InfiniGRASS Guide



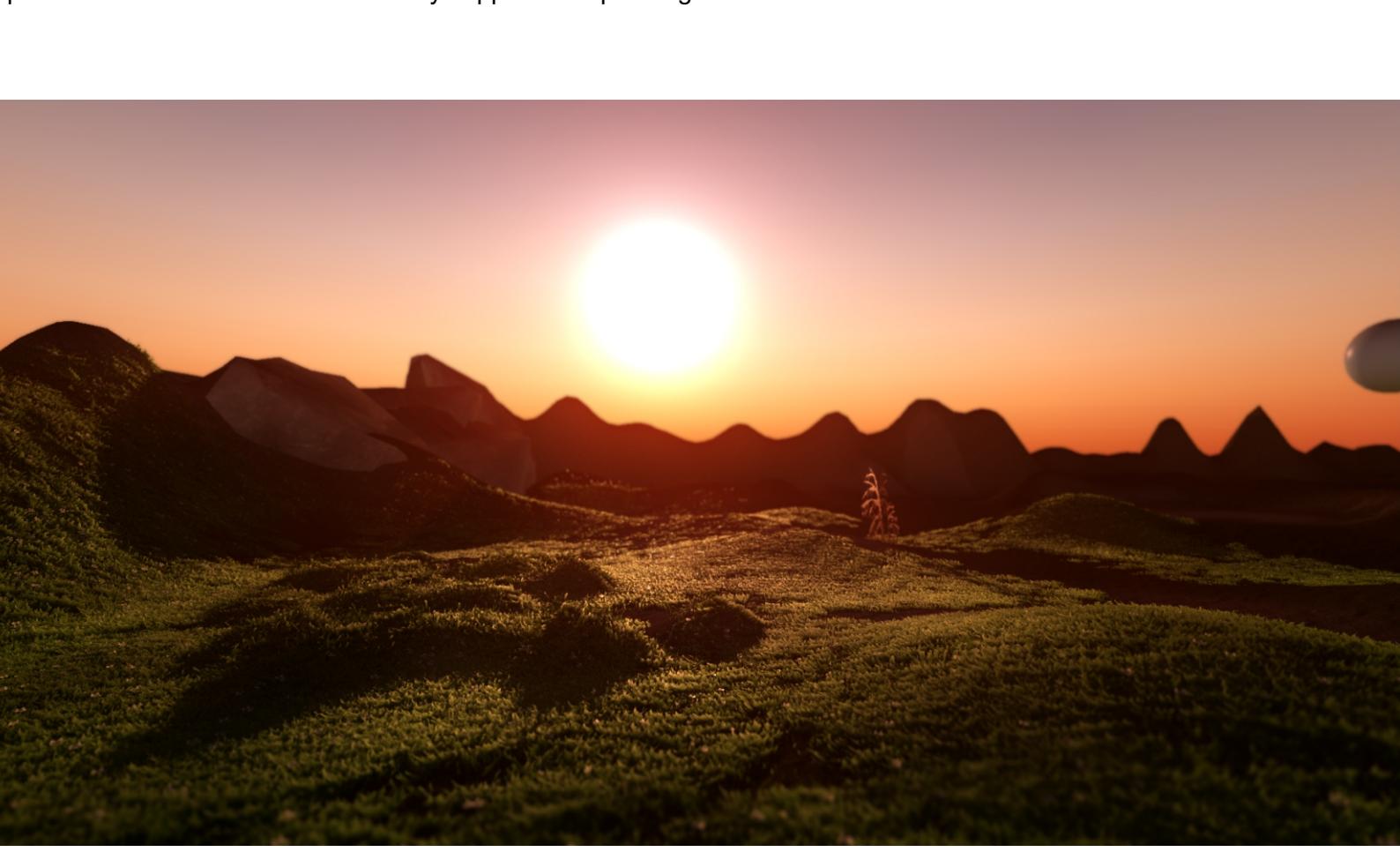
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InfiniGRASS is a robust grass and prefab painting and optimization system, which allows very detailed next gen grass to be placed in mass quantities and is controlled for performance with auto grouping, batching and LOD systems that will minimize CPU usage and reduce draw calls, while giving the option to paint grass in all surfaces with a collider (surfaces created in play mode can also receive grass) and have dynamic options like stepping on grass or making it grow.

- **Create grass of high detail** with any shape and material on any surface, in both Unity editor and while playing the game.
- **Unlimited amount of grass can be placed on a map**, the LOD system will make sure draw calls remain low at all times.
- **Smooth shader fade** option in LOD and cutoff distances
- **Dynamic grass possibilities**. Use any motion or script on grass, only limited by concurrence.
- **Grow grass in play mode and paint it on any surface** with a static collider.
- **Interaction of grass with scene objects**, e.g. throw items to level grass.
- **Static and dynamic batching**, for best performance in each use case.
- **Spectacular shadows**, lighting and grass density
- **Dynamic snow growth** on grass
- **Complete integration with Sky Master ULTIMATE v3.0**, for best lighting, snow coverage control and water combination.
- **Global Wind simulation** with per grass type weighting for total control
- **Translucent lighting emulation**
- **Powerful grass editor**, with complete control over painted grass properties.
- **Fence creation system**, with automatic batching for maximized performance (working in both play mode and Unity editor)
- **Rocks and other prefabs placement system**
- **Extensive collection** of ready to use preset grass brushes.
- **Total control over performance**, with adjustable LOD, grouping and batching systems and compete freedom in grass definition and shading.
- **The system can be used as a general 3D decal system**, the grass is just one of the many possible applications.
- **Rocks can be painted on top of each other** to create various constructs.
- **Special grass placement controls**, for reducing unnecessary detail and adapting grass to the environment.

The v1.0 of InfiniGRASS is targeting mid to high end PC, but the core of the system can be used on any multi-CPU platform with the proper grass shapes and shaders. Lower end system can benefit from the multithreading batching and LOD systems. Later updates will bring more shaders for lower end systems and tests on mobile platforms and more platforms will be added to the officially supported depending on the results.

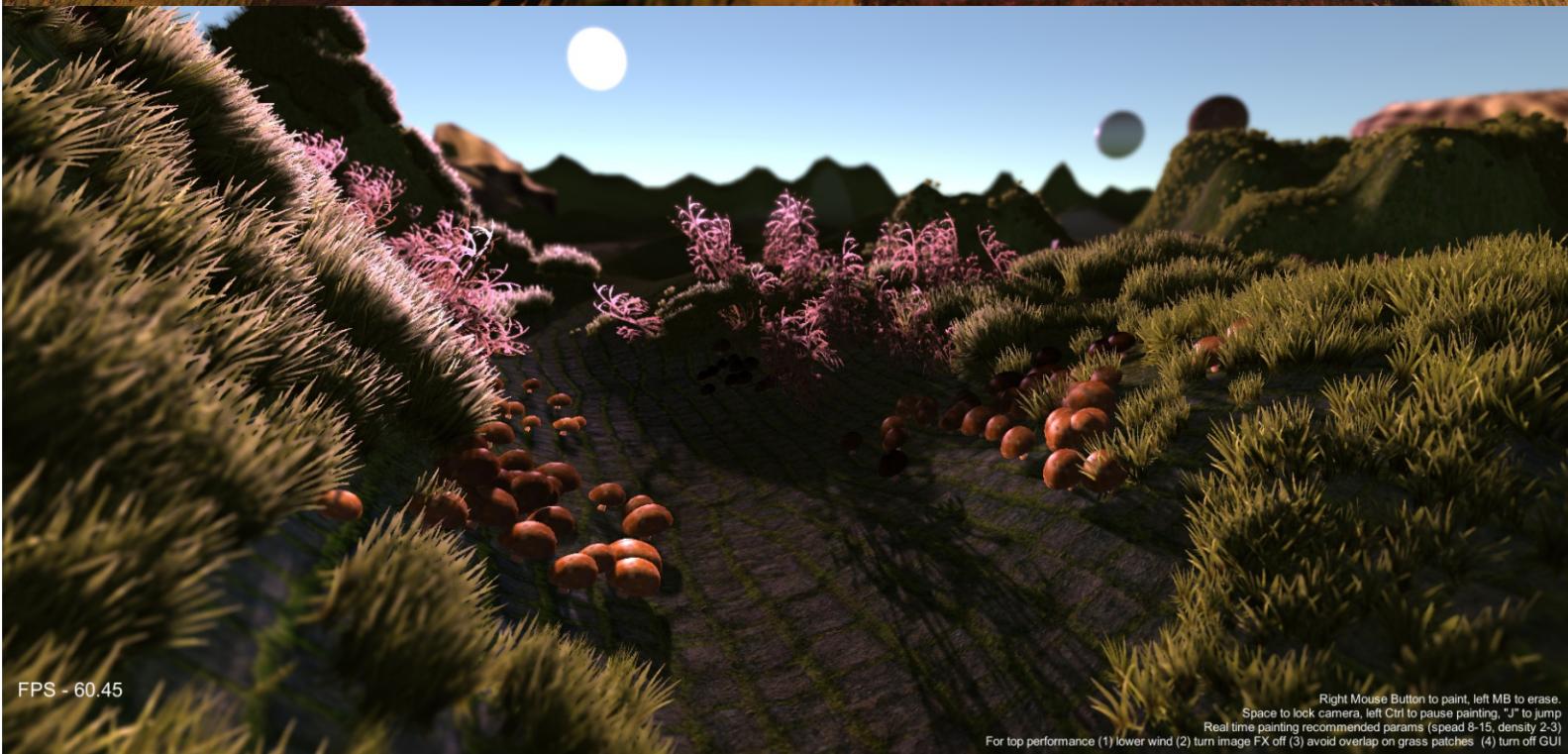


Features v1.1

InfiniGRASS v1.1 brings many new features and a few fixes.

- **Added ability to sort batching by target object**, and allows to control grass with the object transform.
- **Added option to follow the object grass is painted on.** This is more expensive than static grass, but wont show in lower quantities. Two modes are available, parent to object or follow transform. The object must not be scaled (grass follows rotation - translation) in the latter method.
- **Fixed small bug where some blades would in rare case appear in 0,0,0**
- **Fixed bug where absense of Unity terrain would create an error** (in v1.0 Unity terrain should be preset to paint grass)
- **Added two more LOD levels**, now materials must be named LOD0, LOD1 and LOD2 and their mesh filters must be disabled in the source prefab.
- **Added option to avoid hitting the grass own collider** of painted grass
- **Added option to randomize grass rotation**, both uniform and randomized are very usefull and provide different looks. (That is additionally to towards surface normal orientation)
- **Added new 3D "grass" sample brushes, Rocks and Mushrooms** with LOD setup, **Ground Leaves** and **extra vertex varieties (Wild grass)**
- **Added support for texture based grass scaling** depending on Unity terrain splat maps.
- **Addition of castle like wall in demo for vertical painting** and some new ground textures to increase ground quality.

A Unity terrain must be preset in order to use the new texture based grass scaling option.



Grass Manager - Editor

InfiniGRASS uses a minimalistic approach with integration of the Grass Manager and Editor in a single interface. The setup requires an empty gameobject where the 'InfiniGRASSManager' script must be added. It is recommended to name the gameobject as "Grass Manager" for clarity.

After insertion the system will introduce the default prefabs - materials used for the samples in Grass Materials and Grass prefabs lists (1-2). These lists can then hold any number of custom presets per script, with drag and drop from the library. The list count must also be increased accordingly. Icons are provided as a means to select the presets and the extra custom ones can be selected from the horizontal selection slider (Grass type).

Note: The grasses painted can later be edited for interactivity flag using their type, which corresponds to the Grass Prefabs list Id, so it is recommended not to delete items from these lists and only add to them (after painting with one of the items). The references to the painted grass are kept in a private "Grasses" variable in the script.

IMPORTANT: The system **optionally** uses four tags to control the grouping of grass, if the grass should be grown without a grass manager. If these are not automatically added by the scene, they should be manually added. The tags are «INfiniDyForest», «INfiniDyForestInter», «INfiniDyTreeRoot» and «INfiniDyTree». The interactive grass will be batched in the "INfiniDyForestInter" groups. **'Player'** tag is used for the player.

Infini GRASS Manager (Script)

Grass Materials

Size	6	Grass materials (corresponds to the prefabs below, for wind etc shader control)
Element 0		
Element 1		
Element 2		
Element 3		
Element 4		
Element 5		

Grass Prefabs

Size	6	Grass prefabs for painting are defined here
Element 0		
Element 1		
Element 2		
Element 3		
Element 4		
Element 5		

Fence Prefabs

Size	2	Fence prefabs are defined here, mid prefabs are used between the fence posts
Element 0		
Element 1		

Fence Mid Prefabs

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ungrow in editor	Remove grown grass from editor, for performance & lower scene file size. Regrow the grass for editing or preview. Grass is auto-regrown in play mode.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable real time paint	Enable real time painting and erasing of grass	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable real time erase	Enable painting on objects tagged with "PPaint" (on object collider).	
<input type="checkbox"/> Paint on 'PPaint' tagged	Governs the distance in editor from the camera the grass gets disabled, use to enhance performance while painting - editing grass	
Editor view distance		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Toggle Gizmos	Enable gizmos that show the grass placement	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Toggle Colliders	Enable grass colliders in editor	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Toggle Wind	Enable wind on the grass	
Windzone		
<input type="button" value="Add windzone"/>	Create a windzone and keep its reference to control grass with accordingly.	
Wind modifier	<input type="range" value="1"/> 1	Increase or decrease windzone influence to the grass
Wind turbulence	<input type="range" value="1"/> 1	Add a turbulent effect
Preview wind in editor	<input type="checkbox"/>	Show wind effect in editor
Toggle Grass Tint	<input type="checkbox"/>	Tint grass with a custom color for extra variation
Tint power	<input type="range" value="0"/> 0	Tint power & color
Tint Color	<input type="color"/>	Tint frequency (defines the frequency of the color shift pattern)
Tint frequency	<input type="range" value="0.09867"/> 0.09867	Sun lighting enhancement on grass for a translucent effect
Specular power	<input type="range" value="1"/> 1	
Activate Help	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Activate a summary of the basic use of the system

Press 'paint grass' to start planting while the script is active with the right mouse button. Press again to stop. Hold left Shift to erase grass. Hold left Ctrl to stop painting and rotate camera view.

Press 'Paint Fence' and click on the place the fence must start. Stop creation by pressing 'Paint Fence' button while active.

The system optionally requires 5 tags (INfiniDyForestInter, INfiniDyForest, INfiniDyTreeRoot, INfiniDyTree and Player), they only need to be defined if grass is grown without this GrassManager. Use PPaint tag for painting on objects besides Unity Terrain

Painting
Paint rocks
Paint fence

Select paint type. Grass, rocks & fences can be painted in editor or play mode

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Grass Manager - Editor v1.3

InfiniGRASS v1.3 introduces the following new features:

- **Ability to mass place grass**, using two transforms as corners to define a rectangle in the editor
 - The spread can be controlled per splat map, a brush (or no brush with -1) can be assigned for each terrain splat.
- **Ability to gradually grow grass** as the hero moves and also optionally erase grass that is far away to lower RAM usage. This feature eliminates the initial delay to grow all grass on the map and also RAM limitation when there is a lot of grass to be grown. This allows for theoretically infinite grass to be placed on vast maps and has the trade off that very dense grass may create a spike as it grows when hero approaches, depending on the target machine power and the player speed. Use the "Regrow below this distance" parameter to define the hero approach distance.

- Definition of icons for extra user created custom brushes, in the editor

Infini GRASS Manager (Script)

- Grass Materials
- Grass Prefabs
- Grass Prefabs Icons

Size	15
Element 0	GRASS_TYPE1
Element 1	GRASS_TYPE2
Element 2	GRASS_TYPE4
Element 3	GRASS_TYPE3
Element 4	GRASS_TYPE5
Element 5	GRASS_TYPE6
Element 6	GRASS_TYPE7 whites
Element 7	GRASS_TYPE8 curved
Element 8	GRASS_TYPE9 low grass
Element 9	GRASS_TYPE10 vines
Element 10	GRASS_TYPE11 MUSHROOM1
Element 11	GRASS_TYPE12 MUSHROOM2
Element 12	GRASS_TYPE13 LEAVES
Element 13	GRASS_TYPE14 CURVED NOISY GRASS
Element 14	GRASS_TYPE15 STONES
- Rock Prefabs
- Fence Prefabs
- Fence Mid Prefabs
- Brush Type Per Splat

Size	4
Element 0	-1
Element 1	0
Element 2	1
Element 3	2
- Sub Type Per Splat

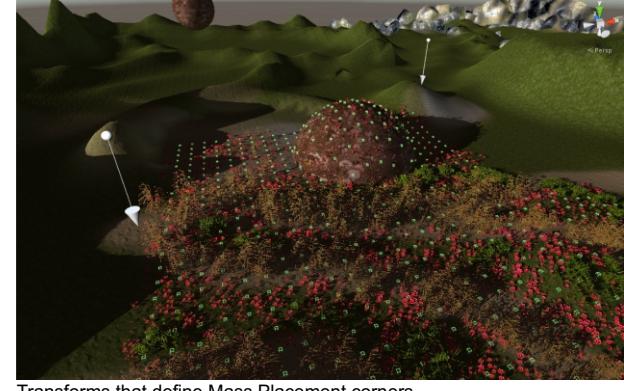
Size	4
Element 0	-1
Element 1	2
Element 2	3
Element 3	4
- Density of Mass Grow
- Regrow below this distance
- Mass paint zone

Add Corner A	None (Transform)
Add Corner B	None (Transform)
Mass Place	
World scale	1
- Painting Paint rocks Paint fence
- Icons for custom brushes

Gradual growth mode, the grass has to be "Ungrown". "Grow gradually" will create the grass as hero approaches and "Recreate Grass" will delete created grass that is far away

Grow gradually (play mode)
 Recreate Grass

Grass brush icons for brushes, these are added in the menu below



Transforms that define Mass Placement corners.
They can be moved while Grass Manager is active.
The 2nd corner (Corner B) must have higher X and Z than corner A.

Assign a brush per splat map for Mass placement

Insert "-1" in order to not spread grass on the specific splat map
Brush ID to be used in splat map

Enable extra grass types for the specific splat map, for variety

Density of grass in Mass Placement, start with lower numbers.

Grass will be grown gradually when below this distance from the player

Transforms that define a rectangle to mass place grass within.

The transforms must be placed above the ground

Mass place grass between the corners and density defined above

Adjust brushes for the desired world scale.

Icons can now be enabled for all custom brushes

The "-1" value will not grow grass on the specified splat map (grass in the below sample)



Grass Painting and control

Painting grass on scene requires the Paint grass button to be pressed and in "painting" mode. **The grass is placed with the right mouse button** and can be **deleted with the left shift keyboard button**. The system uses colliders for the painting, so these must be added to items that need to be pointed with grass. Also to paint on items besides the terrain **a special tag must be added to the item ('PPaint' tag)**.

The brush can either be used with a top-down approach (the grass brush grid casts downwards) or using the hit surface normal to rotate the grid and cast towards the normal direction. The normals method is best for painting on objects and the downwards method for painting evenly around a hit point, even when it is angled. The two methods are toggled using the '**Rotate brush with normal**' checkbox.

The grass can be flagged as interactive ("Make grass interactive" option) and this mode allows the grass manipulation in code based on conditions. A step on grass sample is available as reference ("flatten" option in script), this will scale and rotate grass based on the hero (or other interactor) speed direction and magnitude.

InfiniGRASS has an integrated LOD system, that uses 3 LODs and one cut off distance. Name your materials with 'LOD0' to 'LOD2' word included in the material name and disable their mesh filter in the source prefab, then the system will batch the LODs together and enable them at the specified LOD distances. The cutoff distance will make the grass turn off completely. The grass fade distance governs the fading of the shader based on camera distance, this should be set to fade before the LOD cutoff for a smooth grass vanish effect in the distance.

The system uses a method that automatically groups the items for batching, the number of items to be in each group is controlled by the 'Max interactive group members' parameter for the interactive case, which is the most demanding. The static case has a fixed number of 12 items per group, but this may also be changed if required in the prefabs that hold the grass creators. The lower number will allow a faster opening of a group for interaction, but will introduce more draw calls, so there is a trade off between draw calls and interaction performance. The static case requires to only open the group for adding an item if painting grass in real time, which is very fast (depending also whether the grass will be made to grow when painted and the selected growth speed).

Each grass is created by an instantiated script, which also holds a collider that controls the interaction. The created items are then grouped under a batcher and the batcher keeps a reference to the creation script, which is then used to control the batching and interaction.

Painting **Paint rocks** **Paint fence**

Select paint type

Grass type: Grass 0 Select grass id of grasses prefabs. Icons cover only the sample prefabs.
Rotate brush with normal Cast grass grid along the hit surface normal (or downwards if disabled)

Control interactivity

Set Interactive Set items as interactive in batch. It will apply to the currently selected prefab.
Apply Interactive to all (Set Interactive will apply to all grass)
Make grass interactive (Set Interactive will apply to all in current type)

LOD distances

Set LOD Set the defined LOD & cutoff distances for all painted grass. Use only in editor.

LOD distance (Close)	120	LOD0 distance for the painted grass
LOD distance1 (Mid)	330	LOD1 distance for the painted grass
LOD distance2 (Far)	360	LOD2 distance for the painted grass
Cut off distance	530	Cutoff distance for the painted grass

Grass Fade distance

Grass Fade Distance 510 Smooth shader based fade, set distance so that grass will fade before cutoff

Grass Grouping Control

Max Interactive Group Memb 6 The max number of grass patches to be batched together. Use a smaller number than static grass, to have batched groups open faster for interaction.

Max Static Group Members 8 Group grass for batching by target object, to allow following the object

Group by object Parent to Object Move with Object Parent the batched grass to the object it is painted on, using Group above.
Move grass with the object it is painted on, without parenting (scripted)

Slow wind on interact

Stop Motion Distance 15 Stop wind motion near interactor, so the scripted based control takes over the grass motion completely. Use to avoid sudden motions on interaction.

Grass Painting and control

Painting can be done with various options, enabled from either the editor or the prefab directly for more advanced uses.

The grass patch distance is the minimal distance a new patch will be created at from the last & is used to control constant painting. Raycast distance governs how far the ray will be cast from the hit position to spread the grass patch grass blades.

Grass can have a random scale range. The spread (distance from the hit point) and density defined in the instantiated source prefab can be changed while painting using the Override Grass Spread and Density options. Note that minimum density should be kept lower than maximum for best performance.

Grass placement supports elimination of grass blades that do not hit on the original painted surface and hit on other colliders. This is useful for placing grass near obstacles. The system will check in Near distance for elimination to cut blades or Near distance for scaling to scale blades. If very few blades do register, the 'Clean up low blade count' option can remove the grass patch, if blade count is lower than the minimal for clean up defined with the corresponding slider.

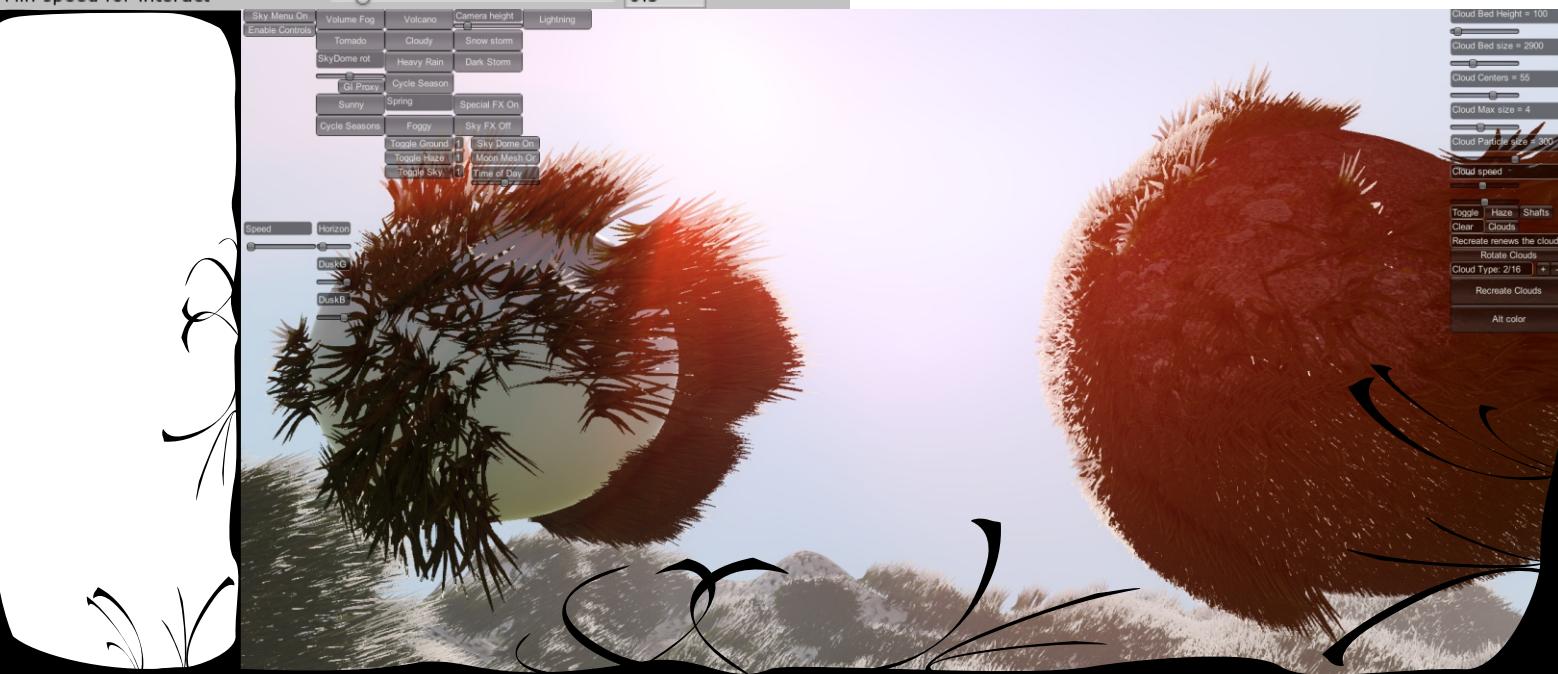
The interaction option refer to the collider that touches the grass and its speed. The Power factor will enhance the force asserted on grass based on collider speed and the Min speed for interact will cut off interaction when the collider speed is lower than the defined threshold.

The screenshot shows the 'Grass Painting and control' interface with several sections and preview images:

- Paint distances:** Includes sliders for 'Grass Patch Distance' (2), 'Raycast distance' (10), 'Mass erase' (checked), and 'Erase radius' (37.5).
- Grass scale - density:** Includes sliders for 'Object scale (0.10 - 0.45)' (0.1 to 0.45), 'Scale values (min-max)' (0.1 to 0.45), 'Randomize rotation' (unchecked), 'Object rotation (-360.00 - 360.00)' (360), 'Object rotation (min-max)' (-360 to 360), 'Collider scale' (1), 'Gizmos scale' (2), 'Override Grass density' (unchecked), 'Grass density (1.00 - 5.00)', 'Override Grass spread' (unchecked), 'Grass spread (1.00 - 5.00)', and 'Scale per splat map' (unchecked).
- Grass clean up:** Includes sliders for 'Clean up low blade count' (checked), 'Minimal blade count for clean up' (5), 'Near distance for elimination' (2), 'Near distance for scaling' (4), and 'Avoid own collider' (unchecked).
- Interaction parameters:** Includes sliders for 'Interaction Power' (1) and 'Min speed for interact' (0.5).

On the right, detailed descriptions for each setting are provided:

- Grass Patch Distance: Select grass id of grasses prefabs. Icons cover the sample prefabs.
- Raycast distance: Cast grass grid along the hit surface normal (or downwards if disabled).
- Mass erase: Activate region based erase.
- Erase radius: Radius to erase around the mouse position.
- Object scale (0.10 - 0.45): Set range of grass scaling.
- Scale values (min-max): Scale values min-max (set specific number).
- Randomize rotation: Set range of grass random rotation.
- Object rotation (-360.00 - 360.00): Rotation values min-max (set specific number).
- Object rotation (min-max): Collider scaling (for interaction).
- Collider scale: Gizmo scale for preview in editor.
- Gizmos scale: Check to define a different density than the set in the grass prefab.
- Override Grass density: Grass density min-max.
- Grass density (1.00 - 5.00): Check to define a different spread area than the set in the grass prefab.
- Override Grass spread: Grass spread area min-max.
- Grass spread (1.00 - 5.00): Use scaling based on Unity Terrain splat maps (weighted).
- Scale per splat map: Clean up low on blades grass patches.
- Clean up low blade count: Grass patch deleted if it has lower blade count than the defined.
- Minimal blade count for clean up: Cut blades that hit different colliders at that range.
- Near distance for elimination: Scale down blades that hit different colliders at that range.
- Near distance for scaling: Avoid hitting the automatically created grass collider while painting.
- Interaction Power: Enhance the force asserted on grass based on collider object speed.
- Min speed for interact: Cutoff interaction if interactor speed lower than this threshold.



Fence Painting and control

Painting fences starts by selecting Paint fence mode. The first mouse click starts the fence at the clicked point and then dragging the mouse will extend the scale. Click again to place the next post and when the fence is painted, click on 'Construct' button to exit fence paint mode and finalize the fence. Press Paint fence to start on the next fence.

Fence post distance will stop fence posts from being created near the last post. Fence scale should the same for the whole fence (it can be changed during fence creation though and then the result may be manually refined).

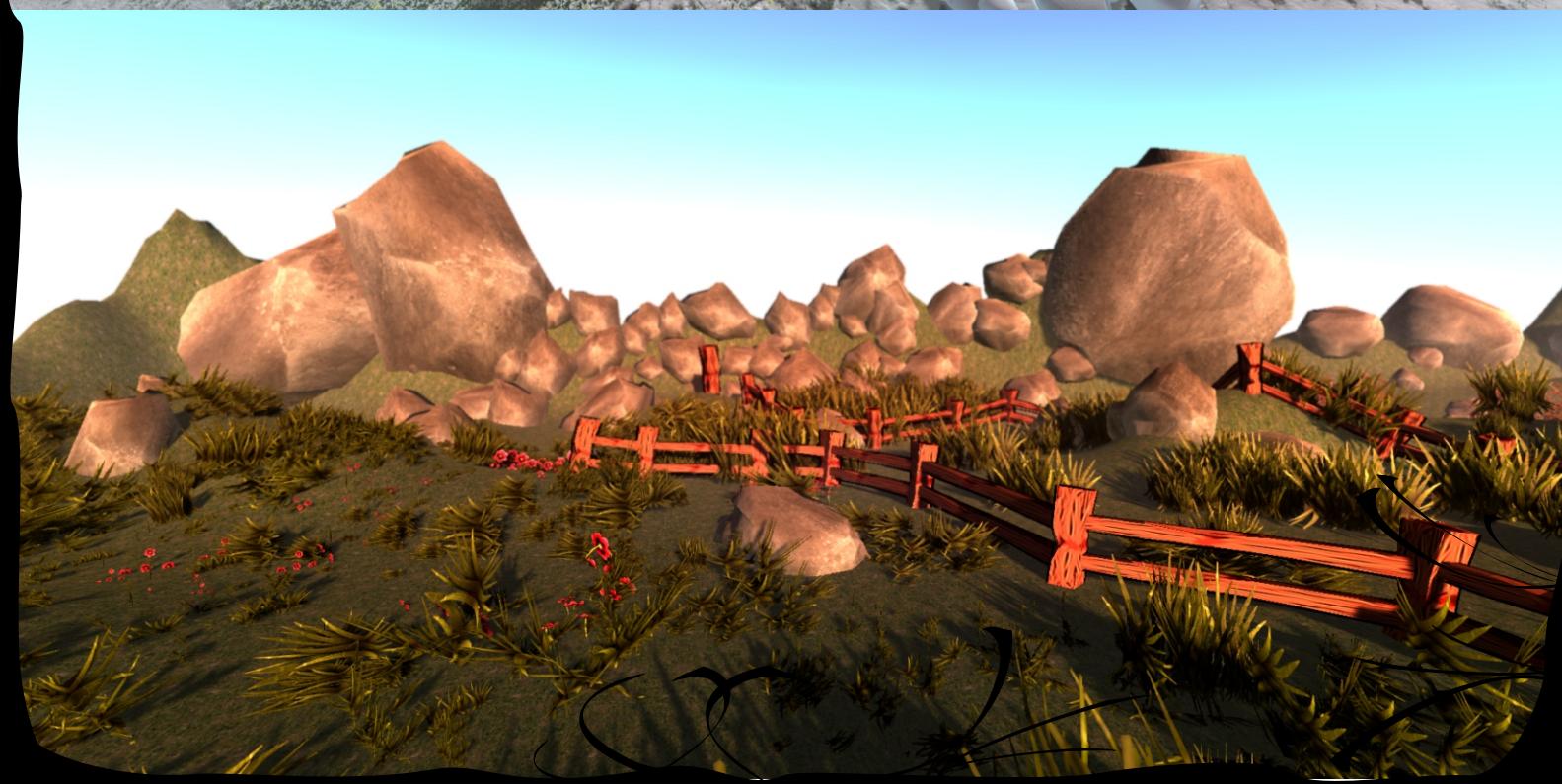
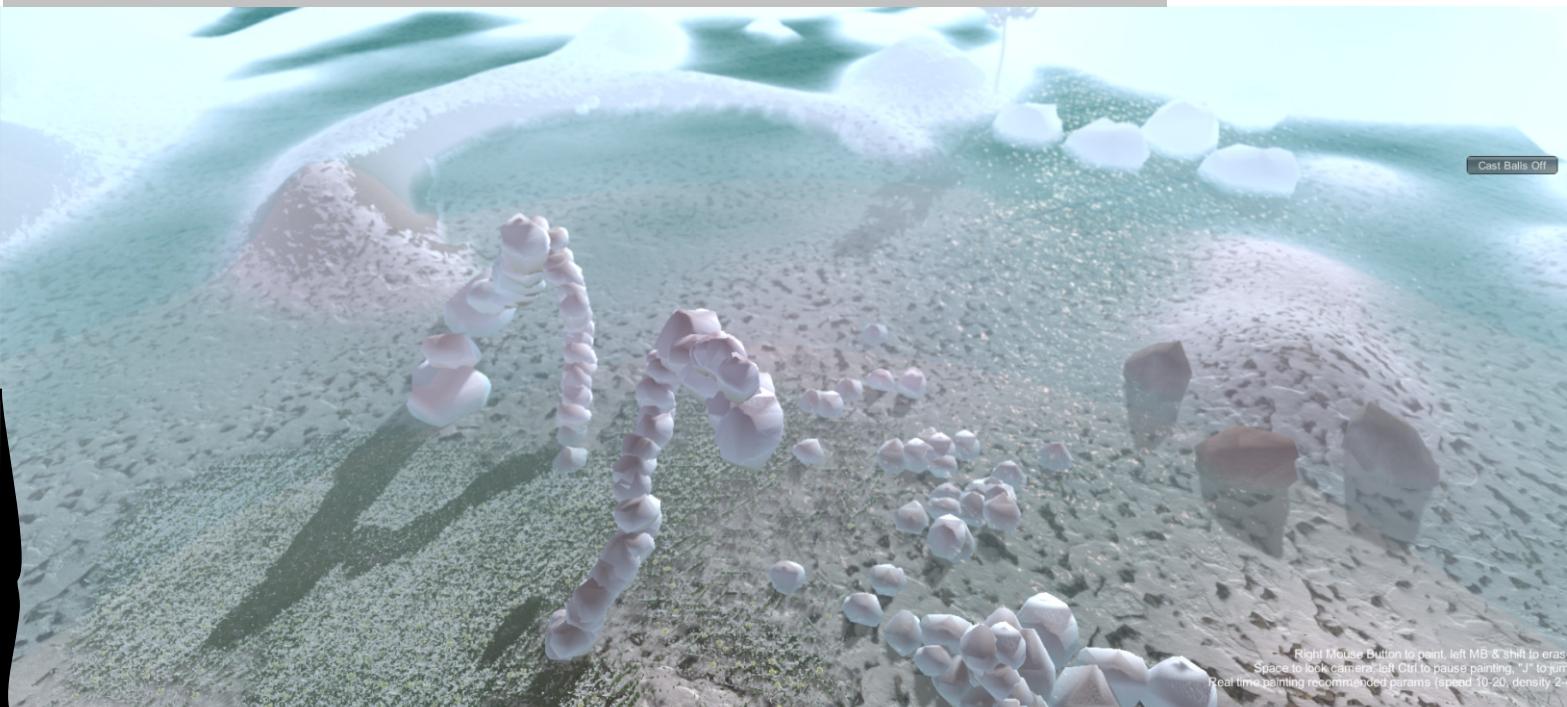
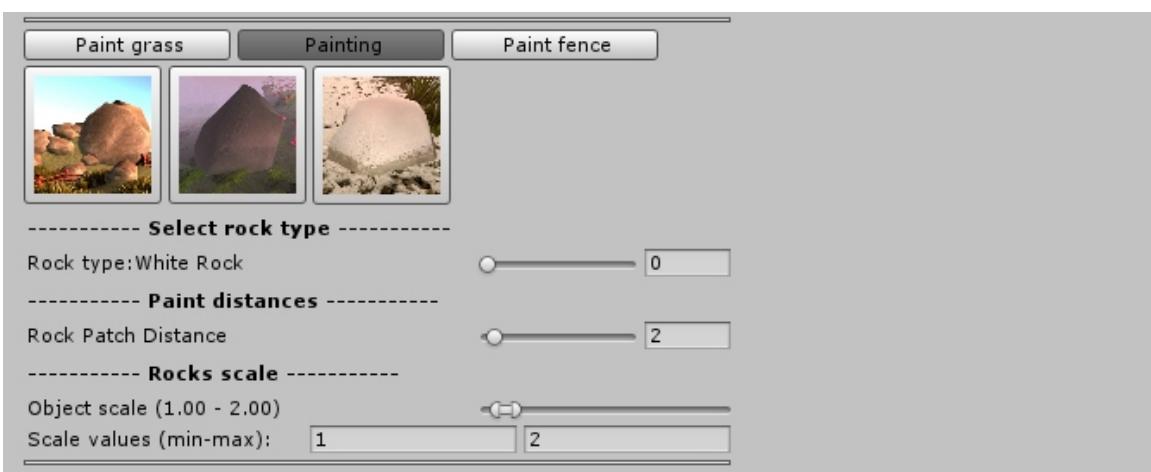
The fence will automatically be grouped in a single gameobject for best organization and will be batched when in play mode for performance. Note that the real time painted fence will be batched per fence, while the editor will be batched whole (all fences together).



Rock painting

Painting rocks is similar in options to grass (scale and patch distance) and can be done with the left mouse button and same erase scheme (left shift).

Rocks are auto batched for speed. Rocks may be painted on top of each other (when PPaint tag is given).



On grass shaping.

- Use low polygon grass for lower end platforms. The vertex variety grass and shaders are a great start for such a setup.
- Create variety by adjusting blades in branch prefabs in various sizes and rotations. Size will also vary based on the level of growth. The grass grows like a tree, where branches are then brought to the ground level.
- The system will align the up vector of the grass blades (branches) with the surface normal, so orient the blades based on the required angle to the up vector (which will determine the angle to the painted surface).

On grass grouping

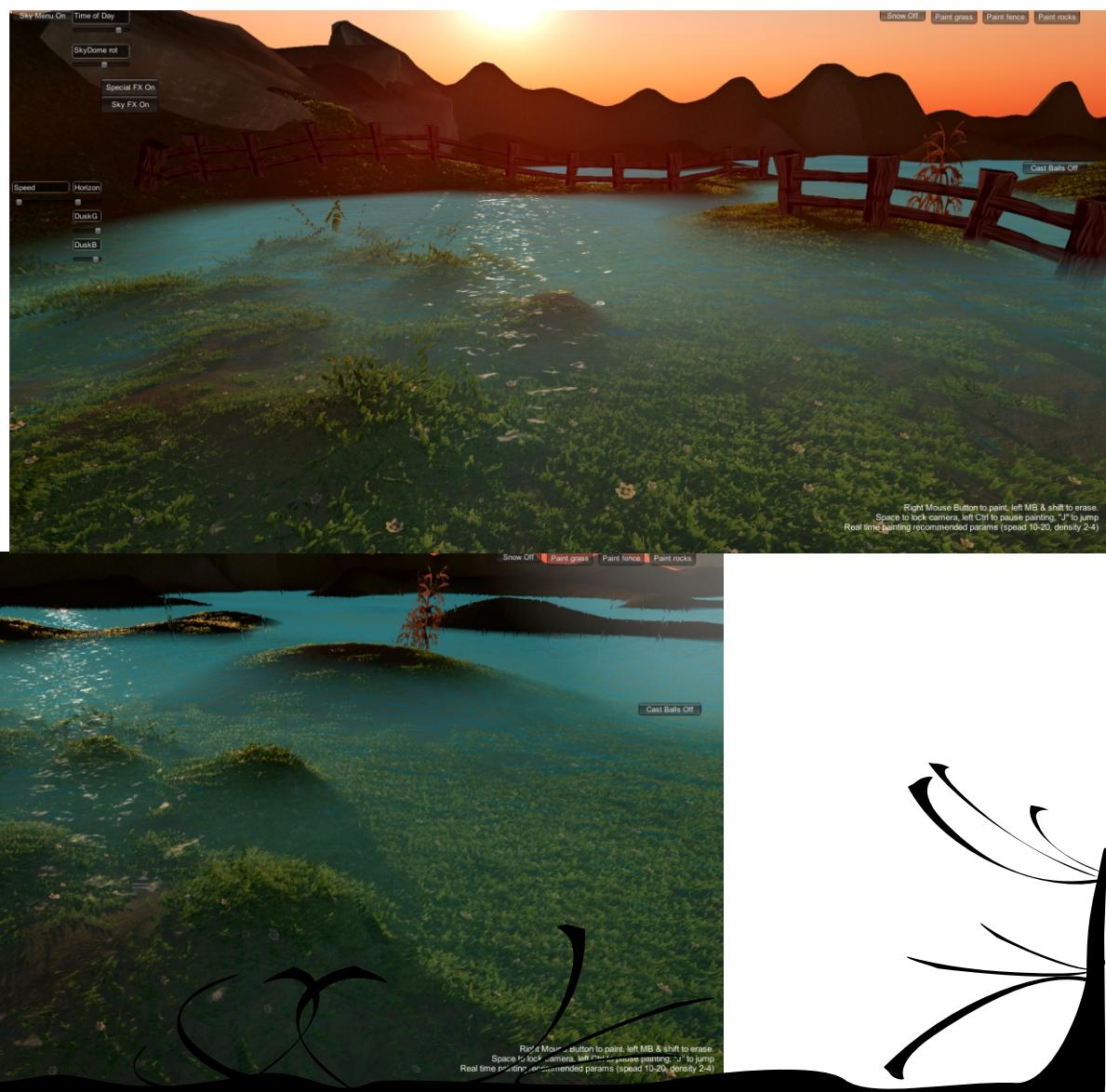
- Use a lower items count for dynamic grass grouping, as the dynamic phase of grass opens up grass patches locally and this will increase draw calls during the action, so the less items the opened group has, the less the impact on draw calls during interaction. Also it is much faster to open the batched group, which means less or no spike during interaction start - end.

Using lower items per group will create more groups, which in turn will cause a higher draw call count while not interacting, and the LOD system can be used to lower this draw call count.

For static grass a higher count of items may be used, if there is no grass growth in real time it is best to have an as high number as it makes sense for a local LOD group to form.

On grass painting in Unity editor.

- For the more detailed grass, Unity editor introduces a delay while painting/moving the camera, so it is best to use a lower editor view distance number and move closer to the painting area. After painting the grass can be disabled for faster scene editing and reenabled before play mode.
- Use the mass erase mode for easier erase of grass.
- The editor holder object must be selected in order to paint grass and control editor view LOD (so if grass is LODed in editor, to restore it when close up, the Grass Editor gameobject must be active).



Best practices

On managing grass in scenes

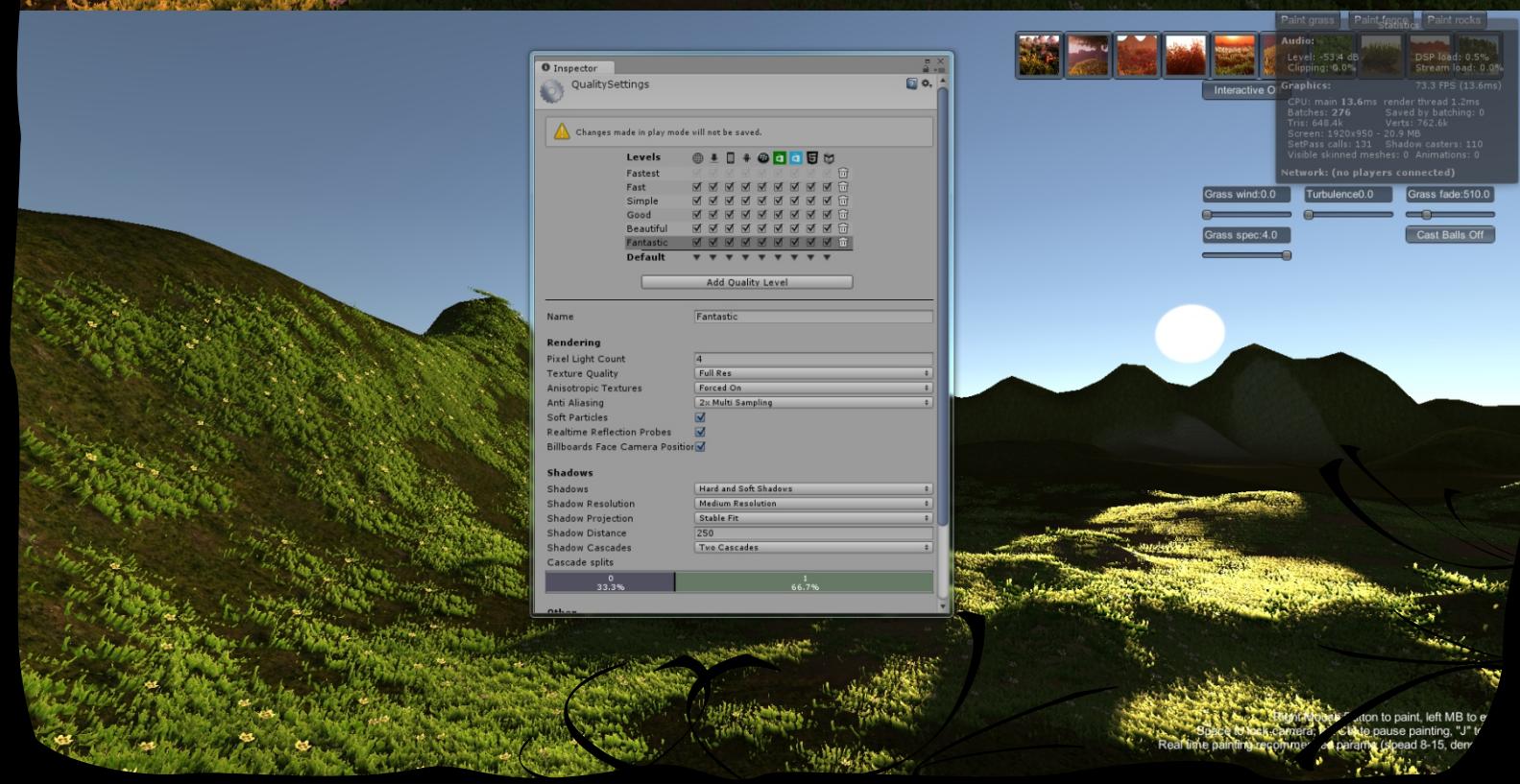
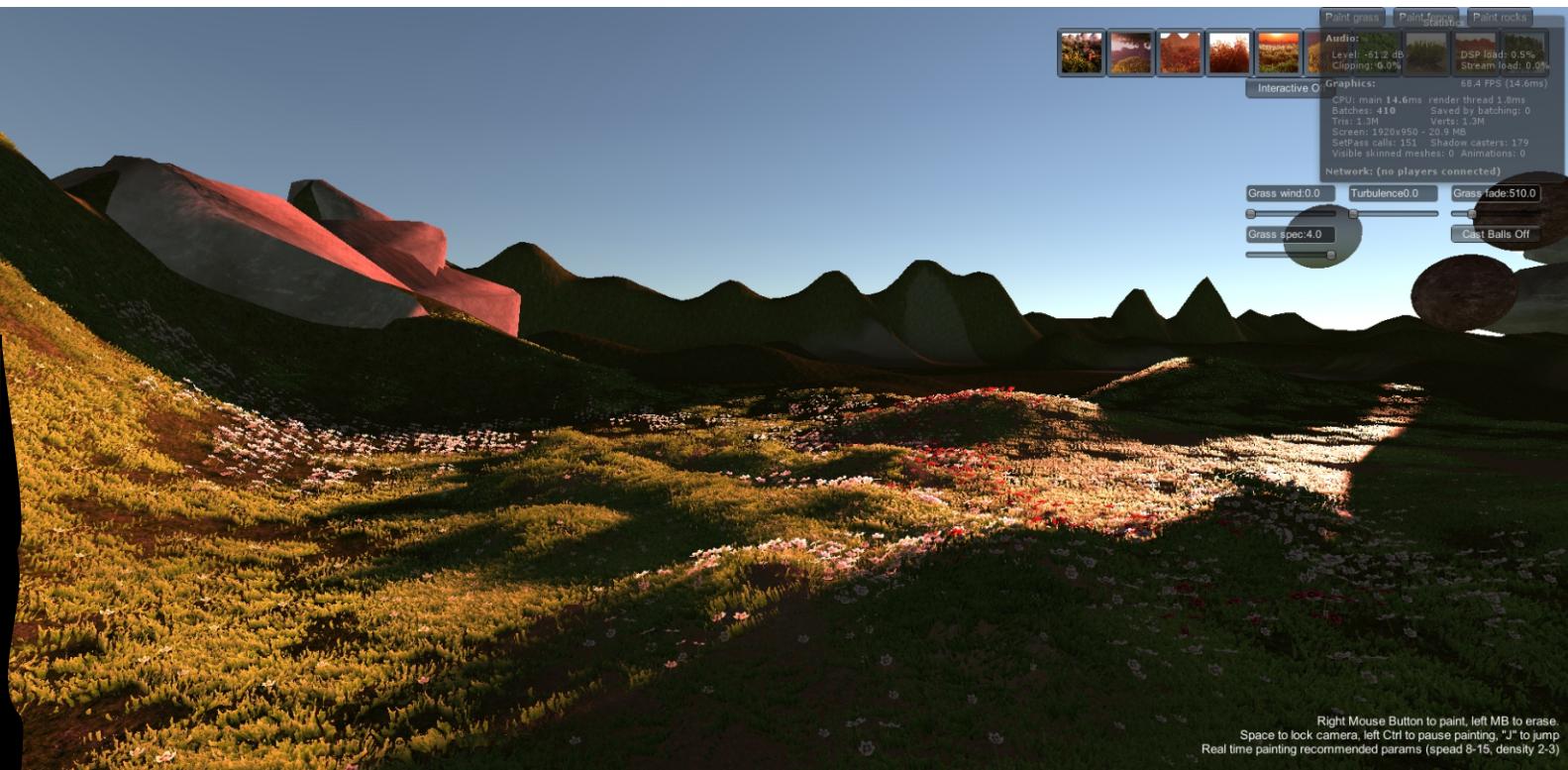
- The system allows the ungrowth of all painted grass in the Unity editor. This allows to reduce the saved scene size, as the grass is only grown at play time. Also it increases the speed of the Unity editor, if the grass quantity is very big.
- The grass can be grown back for further editing at any time.

On image quality settings

- The image quality vs performance depends a lot in the quality settings set for the game. The shadowing is the most important factor and it is recommended to use medium resolution shadows and 2 cascades. Resolution is more important in performance impact and has the least impact in image quality, so the best ratio of image quality vs performance is at medium quality shadows and 4 cascades.

On overdraw

- One of the performance factors with the transparent version of the grass, is overdraw. To avoid overdraw it is a good practice to reduce grass density on taller grass, mix low height grass with higher height one and use vertex grass to fill in between areas.
- Use textures with as little transparent space as possible in the edges & keep the blades prefab in an arrangement where blade quads wont overlap a lot (with a large angle between them, which is also good for making grass look full)



Custom grass prefab creation

The anatomy of the grass patches prefab will be described in this section. The prefab is a single script, that also holds a collider and a collision handler script. This script instantiates the 'bark' (grass base) and 'branches' (grass blades) that are defined in its parameters.

The bark is a single item in the base of the grass (can be used to have a middle flower for example, or for any other use). The LOD may also be a plane in bark itself (if no branch LOD materials are defined, which means no grass blades will be shown at LOD distance), for better performance.

The steps to creating this prefab are:

1. Create an empty gameobject.
2. Add the 'InfiniDyGrassfield' script to the object
3. Add a collider and the 'grassChopCollider' script that handle the collision for the dynamic grass
4. Add the grass middle part and grass blade prefab in the "bark prefab OBJ" and 'Branch Prefabs OBJ' parameters. Leaves may also be defined as an extra decoration for the ground (Leaf prefabs OBJ).
5. Define InfiniGRASS materials for the grass blades and flowers
6. Create a prefab and add it to the grass prefabs in the Grass Manager (and its material)

Note that the grass can be any item, so the system can be used to efficiently spread essentially anything around the level, in both editor and real time.

The screenshot shows the Unity Editor interface with several open windows and panels related to grass creation:

- InfiniDyGrassField (Script) Settings:**
 - Script:** InfiniDyGrassField
 - Pass surface normal rotation to grass:** X: 0, Y: 1, Z: 0
 - Min Avoid Dist:** 0.5
 - Max Scale Avoid Dist:** 3
 - Interaction Speed:** 4
 - Interact Speed Thres:** 0.2
 - Control whether the collider will be active if the grass is not interactive:** Checked
 - ForestCreatorINfiniDyG1 (Box Collider):** X: 3, Y: 2, Z: 3; X: 8, Y: 8; Size: 11; Center: X: 1, Y: 3
 - Remove shadows when grass is decombed:** Unchecked
 - Shadow removal controls:** Unchecked
 - First Person Controller with GI Player for interact:** 20, 5, 2, 1.1
 - Finer controls for blade distribution - scaling:** X: 0.2, Y: 0.4; 0.85, 0.7; 0.5 (Grow grass from this scale to end scale of its original size); 3.5 (Growth speed); Bark Prefab: Grass Blade Bark
- Leaf Prefabs OBJ:**
 - Grass blades prefabs - use same material when possible:** Checked
 - Distribution of defined grass prefabs per grass level:** 1.25
 - Max trees per interactive group:** 12
 - Max trees per static group:** 12
 - Distance to create a new grass group at LEAF_POOL:** 150
 - Use multithreading - recommended:** Checked
 - Index of this item reference in combiner:** 0
 - Index of this item reference in Grass Manager:** 0
 - Combiner:** Batcher with meshes
 - Shadows_removed:** Checked
- Box Collider:**
 - Is Trigger:** Checked
 - Material:** None (Physic Material)
 - Center:** X: 0, Y: 0, Z: 0
 - Size:** X: 1, Y: 1, Z: 1
- Grass Chop Collider (Script) Settings:**
 - Script:** GrassChopCollider
 - Interaction activator:** ForestCreatorINfiniDyG1 (INfiniDyGrassField)
 - Tree Handler:** Chips, Chop, Bash, Basher
 - Remove_after:** 3
- (*Grass blades prefabs sample - Three quad setup):**
 - Branch Prefabs OBJ:** Size: 2; Element 0: Grass Blade (2); Element 1: Grass Blade (2)
 - Preview:** Shows a close-up of a grass patch with three green blades and a small red flower.
- Scene View:** Shows a 3D view of a grass patch with a bounding box and a camera view.

Exporting grass patches

InfiniGRASS has an export feature that can create an object file from a grass patch. This is useful for organizing static grass and helps in Unity editor performance, as the grass patch is a batched version of the painted grass, like it was batched in play mode for performance.

The system should be used in play mode and when the grass patch is static (so batching applies).

The idea is to copy the batched grass patches as a single model in the disk and place it in the scene to replace (or act with) the already painted grass the batched patch corresponds to.

Steps for grass patch creation:

1. Paint grass in the editor or in real time
2. Choose a big static group members count so all relevant grass will go in the same group
3. After the grass patch is painted, enter play mode and select the batched mesh (or meshes if it was split in 64K vertices)
4. Goto File -> Export -> Wavefront object and click to save to a selected directory
5. Exit play mode and insert object in the scene, rotate the root of the object 180 degrees and it will move to the proper location.
6. Apply the material of the originally painted grass on the created grass patch and it can now be used independently of the InfiniGRASS system as a separate entity. A prefab can also be created after this step, so it keeps the material and location when inserted in the scene.

NOTE: The grass area should be kept low, so a LOD system can be applied to the patches (a simple cutoff based on camera distance for example)

NOTE 2: The fading based on camera will still work, so the LOD cutoff may fade for a smooth grass vanishing.

