

Every 15 Minutes

L Lathrop

1/19/2017

Introduction

In the summer of 2012, more than 100 marauders on horseback crossed from Chad into Cameroon's Bouba Ndjidah National park with one mission: to kill as many elephants as possible without getting caught. Using rocket-propelled grenades and AK-47s, they mowed down hundreds of elephants, decimating entire herds, all for one reason: ivory.

The illegal killing of elephants in Africa for their ivory takes places sometimes on a small scale, with poisoned watermelons, and other times on a large scale, using belt-fed automatic weapons. But regardless of the method, when an elephant comes into contact with a poacher, more often than not, the poacher gets what he came for. This is why between 2010 and 2012 alone, some 100,000 elephants were slaughtered. There only "crime" that they hold the ivory that the world cannot seem to resist.

This project seeks to understand the socio-economic factors that may contribute to poaching. Several researchers have studied the problem, and their findings will be taken into account in the model. For instance, _____ studied the effect of regulated and unregulated markets and showed that the presence of unregulated markets, either in-country or in a bordering country, had a significant impact on poaching activity.

```
library(ggplot2)
library(ggthemes)
library(psych)
library(GGally)
library(grDevices)
library(colorRamps)
library(dplyr)
library(maptools)
library(RColorBrewer)
library(blme)
library(lubridate)
library(reporttools)
library(stargazer)
library(fpp)
library(xtable)
library(plotly)
library(Cairo)
library(MASS)
library(car)
library(Amelia)
library(corrplot)
library(caret)
options(xtable.floating = FALSE)
options(xtable.timestamp = "")
```

Data preprocessing and exploratory analysis

```
# READ IN DATASET
```

```
elephants <- read.csv("elephant_master.csv", header = TRUE)
```

```
sapply(elephants, function(x) sum(is.na(x)))
```

```
##          country          year
##          0          0
##       IS02       IS03
##       14          0
##       region  subregionid
##          0          0
##       cap.lat    cap.long
##          0          0
##       NGDP_RPCH    NGDPD
##          2          2
##       NGDPDPC    NGSD_NGDP
##          2          16
##       PCPI       PCPIPCH
##          2          2
##       GGX_NGDP    GGXCNL_NGDP
##          2          2
##       GGXWDG_NGDP    BCA
##          2          2
##       HDI         GNI
##       34          34
##       Resource.Depletion  Adult.literacy
##       309          70
##       Primary.ed.enrollment  Mean.Schooling
##       98          306
##       Total.pop    Pop.MultiDim.Povert
##       34          71
##       Deprivation.Intensity  Pop.Below.National.Poverty
##       71          71
##       PPP.125.day    International.Dev.Aid
##       71          34
##       Corruption.Perception.Index    Reg.Market
##       34          0
##       Unreg.Market    Reg.Market.Bordering
##       0          0
##       Unreg.Market.Bordering    Voice.Accountability
##       0          34
##       Political.Stability    Government.Effectiveness
##       34          34
##       Rule.Law    Corruption.Control
##       34          34
##       Reg.Quality    Armed.Conflict
##       34          0
##       Non.State.Conflict    Non.State.Conflict.Deaths
##       0          0
##       PIKE.regional    Definite.Possible
##       34          374
##       Elephant.range    Tot.Carcasses
```

```
##                               377                               174
##           Illegal.Carcasses
##                               174
```

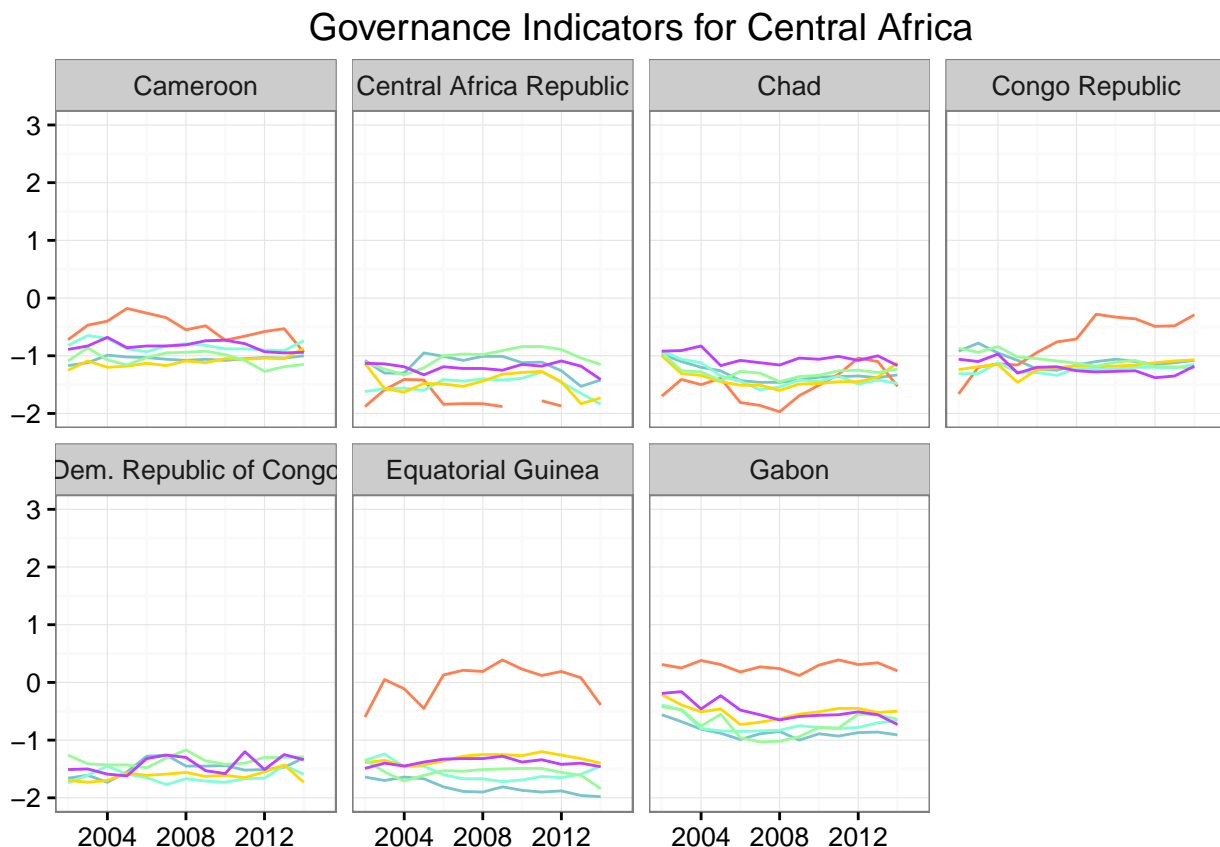
There are significant numbers of missing values in the dataset, so imputation will be necessary.

Note that the mean number of elephant carcasses for a given year is 49.1589404 and the mean number of illegal carcasses is 24.5066225, indicating that approximately half of all elephant deaths recorded are due to illegal poaching.

Governance indicators by region

```
elephantsFC <- filter(elephants, subregionid=="FC")
elephantsFW <- filter(elephants, subregionid=="FW")
elephantsFE <- filter(elephants, subregionid=="FE")
elephantsFS <- filter(elephants, subregionid=="FS")

governanceFC <- ggplot(data=elephantsFC, aes(x=year))+
  geom_line(aes(y=Voice.Accountability), color="cadetblue3")+
  geom_line(aes(y=Political.Stability), color="coral")+
  geom_line(aes(y=Government.Effectiveness), color="aquamarine")+
  geom_line(aes(y=Rule.Law), color="gold")+
  geom_line(aes(y=Corruption.Control), color="palegreen")+
  geom_line(aes(y=Reg.Quality), color="darkorchid1")+
  ylim(-2, 3) + xlab(NULL) + ylab(NULL) +
  ggtitle("Governance Indicators for Central Africa") + theme_bw()
governanceFC + facet_wrap(~country, ncol = 4)
```



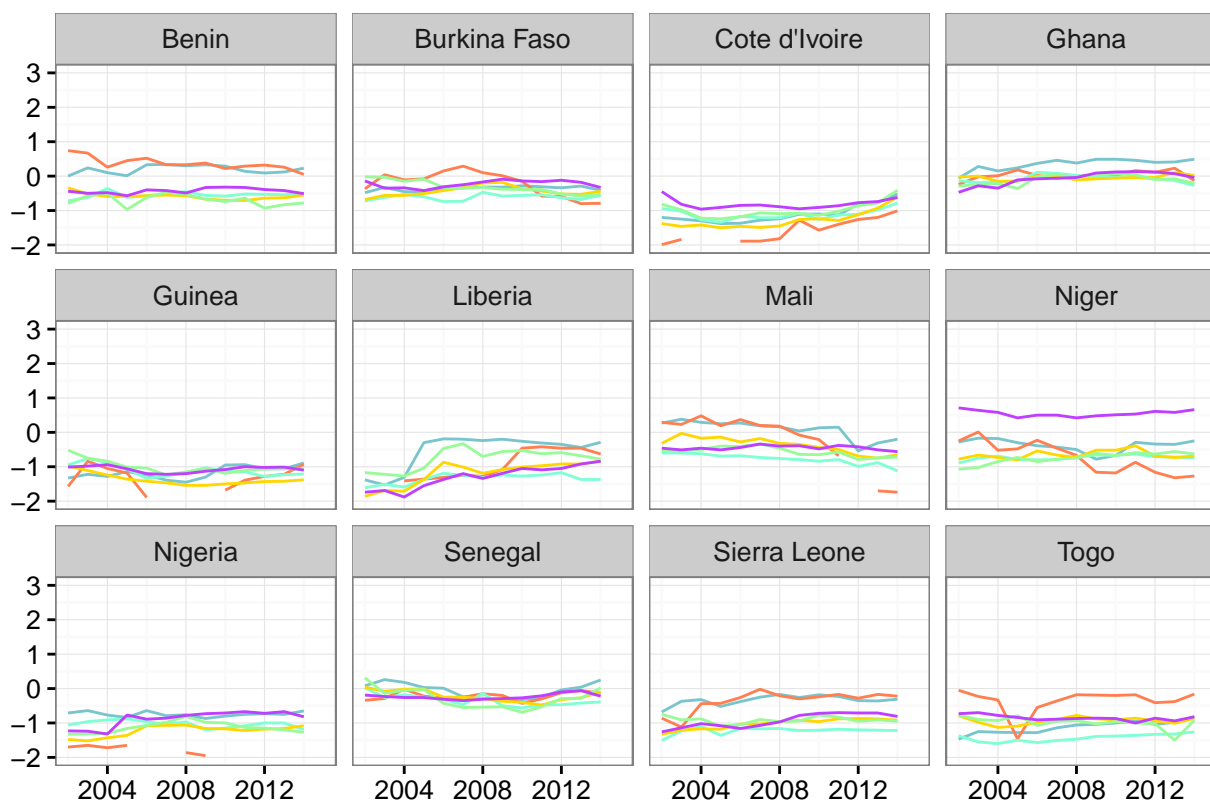
LEGEND



Figure 1:

```
governanceFW <- ggplot(data=elephantsFW, aes(x=year))+
  geom_line(aes(y=Voice.Accountability), color="cadetblue3")+
  geom_line(aes(y=Political.Stability), color="coral")+
  geom_line(aes(y=Government.Effectiveness), color="aquamarine")+
  geom_line(aes(y=Rule.Law), color="gold")+
  geom_line(aes(y=Corruption.Control), color="palegreen")+
  geom_line(aes(y=Reg.Quality), color="darkorchid1")+
  ylim(-2, 3) + xlab(NULL) + ylab(NULL) +
  ggtitle("Governance Indicators for Western Africa")+ theme_bw()
governanceFW + facet_wrap(~country, ncol = 4)
```

Governance Indicators for Western Africa



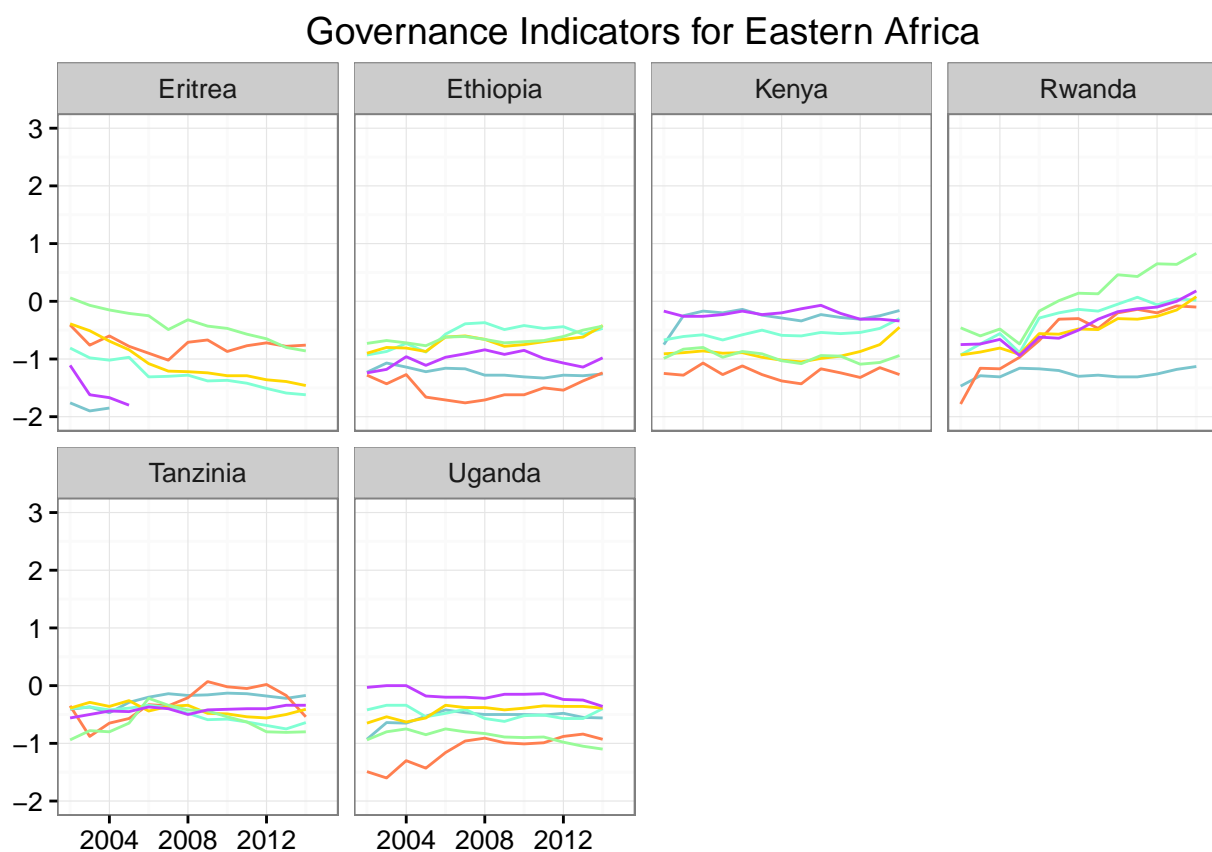
```
governanceFE <- ggplot(data=elephantsFE, aes(x=year))+
  geom_line(aes(y=Voice.Accountability), color="cadetblue3")+
  geom_line(aes(y=Political.Stability), color="coral")+
  geom_line(aes(y=Government.Effectiveness), color="aquamarine")+
  geom_line(aes(y=Rule.Law), color="gold")+
  geom_line(aes(y=Corruption.Control), color="palegreen")+
  geom_line(aes(y=Reg.Quality), color="darkorchid1")+
  ylim(-2, 3) + xlab(NULL) + ylab(NULL) +
  ggtitle("Governance Indicators for Western Africa")+ theme_bw()
governanceFE + facet_wrap(~country, ncol = 4)
```

LEGEND



Figure 2:

```
geom_line(aes(y=Rule.Law), color="gold")+
geom_line(aes(y=Corruption.Control), color="palegreen")+
geom_line(aes(y=Reg.Quality), color="darkorchid1")+
ylim(-2, 3) + xlab(NULL) + ylab(NULL) +
ggtitle("Governance Indicators for Eastern Africa")+ theme_bw()
governanceFE + facet_wrap(~country, ncol = 4)
```



```
governanceFS <- ggplot(data=elephantsFS, aes(x=year))+
geom_line(aes(y=Voice.Accountability), color="cadetblue3")+
geom_line(aes(y=Political.Stability), color="coral")+
geom_line(aes(y=Government.Effectiveness), color="aquamarine")+
geom_line(aes(y=Rule.Law), color="gold")+
geom_line(aes(y=Corruption.Control), color="palegreen")+
geom_line(aes(y=Reg.Quality), color="darkorchid1")+
ylim(-2, 3) + xlab(NULL) + ylab(NULL) +
```

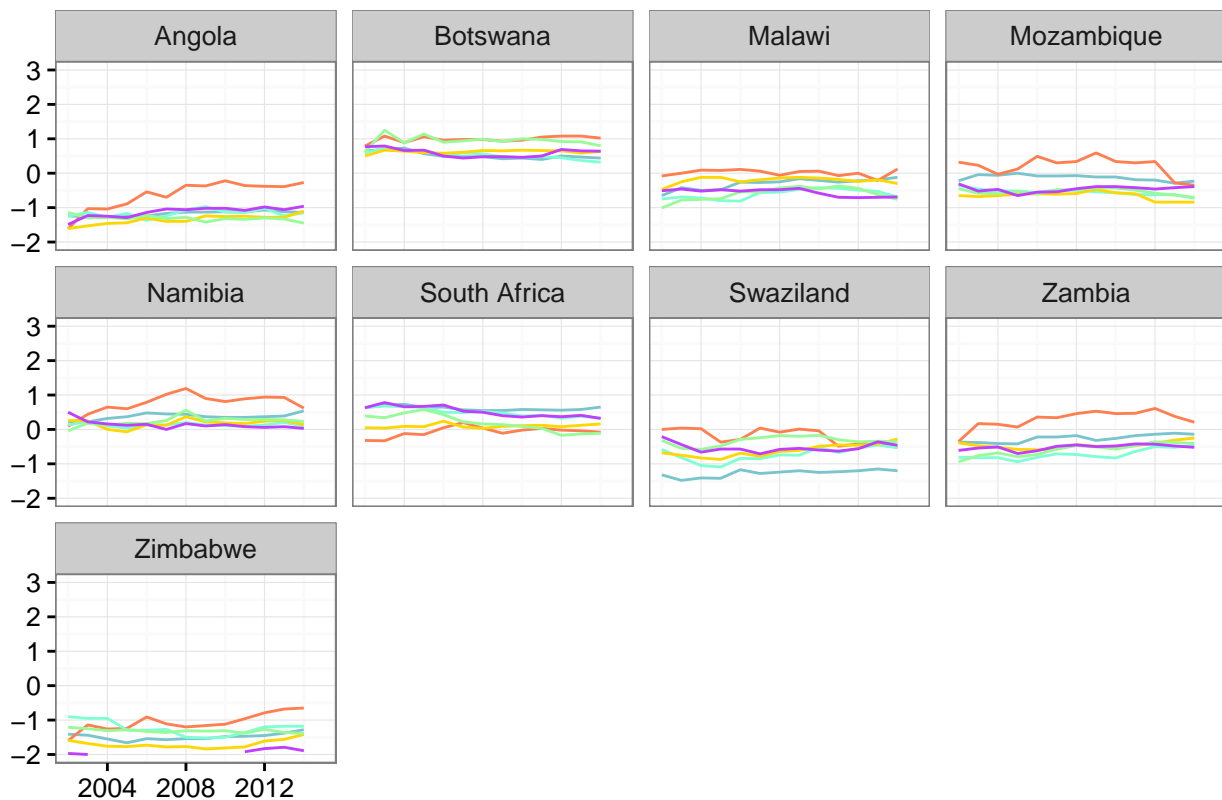
LEGEND



Figure 3:

```
ggtitle("Governance Indicators for Southern Africa")+ theme_bw()  
governanceFS + facet_wrap(~country, ncol = 4)
```

Governance Indicators for Southern Africa



LEGEND



Figure 4:

From these visualizations we can see that governance indicators show a great deal of volatility, especially with respect to the countries of central Africa.

NORMALIZE AND STANDARDIZE THE DATA

```
centered.elephants <- data.frame(scale(elephants[,c(9:31,36:41,45:49)]))
centered.elephants <- cbind(elephants[,c(1:8, 32:35,42:44)], centered.elephants)
summary(centered.elephants)
```

```
##          country      year      IS02      IS03
## Angola          : 14   Min.   :2002   AO      : 14   AGO      : 14
## Benin           : 14   1st Qu.:2005   BF       : 14   BEN      : 14
## Botswana        : 14   Median :2008   BJ       : 14   BFA      : 14
## Burkina Faso    : 14   Mean    :2008   BW       : 14   BWA      : 14
## Cameroon        : 14   3rd Qu.:2012   CD       : 14   CAF      : 14
## Central Africa Republic: 14   Max.    :2015   (Other):392   CIV      : 14
## (Other)         :392                      NA's    : 14   (Other):392
##          region  subregionid  cap.lat      cap.long
## Central Africa : 98   FC: 98      Min.   :-26.180   Min.   :-17.29
## Eastern Africa : 84   FE: 84      1st Qu.: -8.500   1st Qu.:  1.20
## Southern Africa:126   FS:126      Median  :  3.475   Median  : 14.86
## Western Africa :168   FW:168      Mean    : -1.042   Mean    : 14.31
##                                     3rd Qu.:  9.020   3rd Qu.: 31.02
##                                     Max.    : 15.190   Max.    : 38.55
##
##      Reg.Market      Unreg.Market      Reg.Market.Bordering
## Min.   :0.0000      Min.   :0.0000      Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.0000      1st Qu.:0.0000      1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :0.0000      Median :0.0000      Median :0.0000
## Mean    :0.1176      Mean    :0.2059      Mean    :0.4706
## 3rd Qu.:0.0000      3rd Qu.:0.0000      3rd Qu.:0.0000
## Max.    :1.0000      Max.    :1.0000      Max.    :3.0000
##
##      Unreg.Market.Bordering      Armed.Conflict      Non.State.Conflict
## Min.   :0.000      Min.   :0.0000      Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:1.000      1st Qu.:0.0000      1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :1.000      Median :0.0000      Median :0.0000
## Mean    :1.412      Mean    :0.1744      Mean    :0.1429
## 3rd Qu.:2.000      3rd Qu.:0.0000      3rd Qu.:0.0000
## Max.    :4.000      Max.    :1.0000      Max.    :1.0000
##
##      Non.State.Conflict.Deaths      NGDP_RPCH      NGDPD
## Min.   :  0.00      Min.   :-7.6486      Min.   :-0.2287
## 1st Qu.:  0.00      1st Qu.: -0.3971      1st Qu.: -0.2259
## Median :  0.00      Median :  0.0240      Median : -0.2220
## Mean    : 41.52      Mean    :  0.0000      Mean    :  0.0000
## 3rd Qu.:  0.00      3rd Qu.:  0.3883      3rd Qu.: -0.2133
## Max.    :2969.00      Max.    :  6.1413      Max.    :  7.7599
##                                     NA's    :2      NA's    :2
##      NGDPDPC      NGSD_NGDP      PCPI      PCPIPCH
## Min.   :-0.56879      Min.   :-5.08625      Min.   :-0.5900      Min.   :-6.0292
## 1st Qu.: -0.47391      1st Qu.: -0.55617      1st Qu.: -0.3679      1st Qu.: -0.4219
## Median : -0.38399      Median : -0.06108      Median : -0.2965      Median : -0.1483
## Mean    :  0.00000      Mean    :  0.00000      Mean    :  0.0000      Mean    :  0.0000
## 3rd Qu.: -0.08128      3rd Qu.:  0.41464      3rd Qu.: -0.1159      3rd Qu.:  0.2187
## Max.    :  6.74896      Max.    :  4.61274      Max.    :  6.6623      Max.    :11.1132
## NA's    :2      NA's    :16      NA's    :2      NA's    :2
##      GGX_NGDP      GGXCNL_NGDP      GGXWDG_NGDP      BCA
```

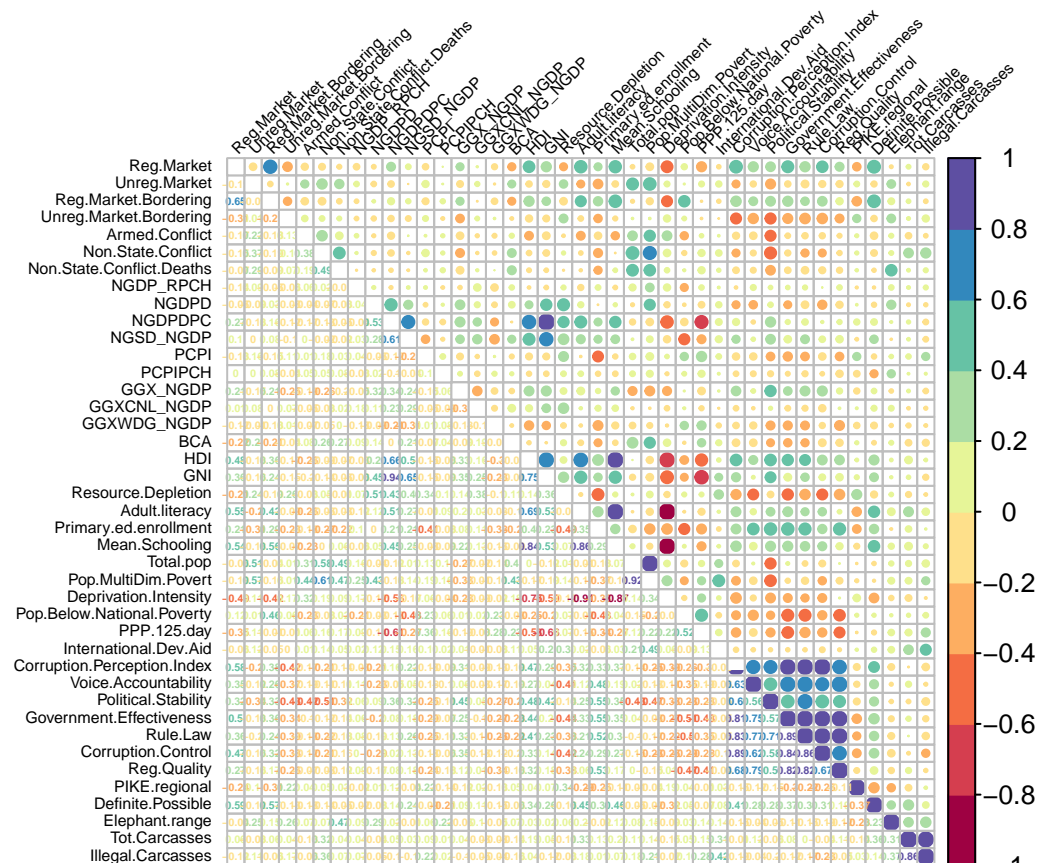
## Min. :-2.2867	Min. :-3.7948	Min. :-0.71674	Min. :-4.45160
## 1st Qu.:-0.6501	1st Qu.:-0.4466	1st Qu.:-0.41669	1st Qu.:-0.17566
## Median :-0.1903	Median :-0.1239	Median :-0.24927	Median :-0.01854
## Mean : 0.0000	Mean : 0.0000	Mean : 0.00000	Mean : 0.00000
## 3rd Qu.: 0.4814	3rd Qu.: 0.2182	3rd Qu.: 0.04561	3rd Qu.: 0.04971
## Max. : 4.7642	Max. : 6.4128	Max. : 9.47498	Max. : 7.87090
## NA's :2	NA's :2	NA's :2	NA's :2
## HDI	GNI	Resource.Depletion	Adult.literacy
## Min. :-1.9747	Min. :-0.69636	Min. :-0.79871	Min. :-1.7751
## 1st Qu.:-0.7177	1st Qu.:-0.53992	1st Qu.:-0.61896	1st Qu.:-0.6691
## Median :-0.1539	Median :-0.38762	Median :-0.34798	Median : 0.2316
## Mean : 0.0000	Mean : 0.00000	Mean : 0.00000	Mean : 0.0000
## 3rd Qu.: 0.5703	3rd Qu.:-0.00254	3rd Qu.: 0.05983	3rd Qu.: 0.5686
## Max. : 2.5877	Max. : 5.89860	Max. : 3.51010	Max. : 1.5693
## NA's :34	NA's :34	NA's :309	NA's :70
## Primary.ed.enrollment	Mean.Schooling	Total.pop	
## Min. :-2.3427	Min. :-1.5998	Min. :-0.7197	
## 1st Qu.:-0.7217	1st Qu.:-0.7544	1st Qu.:-0.5807	
## Median : 0.4164	Median :-0.1638	Median :-0.3005	
## Mean : 0.0000	Mean : 0.0000	Mean : 0.0000	
## 3rd Qu.: 0.8494	3rd Qu.: 0.6237	3rd Qu.: 0.0131	
## Max. : 1.2546	Max. : 2.3840	Max. : 5.2995	
## NA's :98	NA's :306	NA's :34	
## Pop.MultiDim.Povert	Deprivation.Intensity	Pop.Below.National.Poverty	
## Min. :-0.7126	Min. :-2.0053	Min. :-2.11053	
## 1st Qu.:-0.5264	1st Qu.:-0.5484	1st Qu.:-0.54306	
## Median :-0.3401	Median :-0.1437	Median :-0.02057	
## Mean : 0.0000	Mean : 0.0000	Mean : 0.00000	
## 3rd Qu.:-0.1183	3rd Qu.: 0.5847	3rd Qu.: 0.63255	
## Max. : 3.4444	Max. : 2.2683	Max. : 1.94646	
## NA's :71	NA's :71	NA's :71	
## PPP.125.day	International.Dev.Aid	Corruption.Perception.Index	
## Min. :-2.0776	Min. :-0.35140	Min. :-1.5699	
## 1st Qu.:-0.5815	1st Qu.:-0.28960	1st Qu.:-0.6889	
## Median :-0.1415	Median :-0.17179	Median :-0.2484	
## Mean : 0.0000	Mean : 0.00000	Mean : 0.0000	
## 3rd Qu.: 0.7489	3rd Qu.: 0.06152	3rd Qu.: 0.4123	
## Max. : 2.1467	Max. :18.50638	Max. : 3.9364	
## NA's :71	NA's :34	NA's :34	
## Voice.Accountability	Political.Stability	Government.Effectiveness	
## Min. :-2.16869	Min. :-2.4849	Min. :-1.89661	
## 1st Qu.:-0.82092	1st Qu.:-0.7909	1st Qu.:-0.79337	
## Median :-0.03951	Median : 0.2065	Median :-0.00534	
## Mean : 0.00000	Mean : 0.0000	Mean : 0.00000	
## 3rd Qu.: 0.69889	3rd Qu.: 0.7424	3rd Qu.: 0.51701	
## Max. : 2.00364	Max. : 2.1119	Max. : 2.73250	
## NA's :34	NA's :34	NA's :34	
## Rule.Law	Corruption.Control	Reg.Quality	
## Min. :-1.91831	Min. :-2.0943	Min. :-2.50144	
## 1st Qu.:-0.83073	1st Qu.:-0.6954	1st Qu.:-0.65564	
## Median : 0.02881	Median :-0.1595	Median : 0.04045	
## Mean : 0.00000	Mean : 0.0000	Mean : 0.00000	
## 3rd Qu.: 0.66031	3rd Qu.: 0.4673	3rd Qu.: 0.59184	
## Max. : 2.51972	Max. : 3.5194	Max. : 2.26949	


```
## NA's :34      NA's :34      NA's :34
## PIKE.regional  Definite.Possible Elephant.range Tot.Carcasses
## Min. : -1.5287 Min. : -0.4492 Min. : -0.7018 Min. : -0.52983
## 1st Qu.: -0.7476 1st Qu.: -0.4461 1st Qu.: -0.6203 1st Qu.: -0.48672
## Median : -0.2904 Median : -0.3970 Median : -0.4936 Median : -0.37355
## Mean : 0.0000 Mean : 0.0000 Mean : 0.0000 Mean : 0.00000
## 3rd Qu.: 1.0136 3rd Qu.: -0.0240 3rd Qu.: 0.2595 3rd Qu.: -0.03405
## Max. : 1.7035 Max. : 4.5039 Max. : 5.2583 Max. : 7.09011
## NA's :34      NA's :374      NA's :377      NA's :174
## Illegal.Carcasses
## Min. : -0.4849
## 1st Qu.: -0.4651
## Median : -0.3860
## Mean : 0.0000
## 3rd Qu.: -0.0496
## Max. : 8.3991
## NA's :174
```

Several of the variables still appear to be highly skewed, so further transformation will be required, as the Amelia II package imputes missing values assuming a normal distribution.

EXAMINE DATA FOR HIGHLY CORRELATED VARIABLES

```
clrs <- brewer.pal(10, "Spectral")
cors <- cor(centered.elephants[,9:49], use = "pairwise")
corrplot <- corrplot.mixed(cors, col = clrs, number.cex=0.3,
  tl.pos="lt", tl.cex=0.5, tl.col="black",
  tl.srt=45)
```



```

# REMOVE HIGHLY CORRELATED VARIABLES
pd.elephants <- subset(centered.elephants,
                      subset=TRUE, select=c(1:10,12:23,26:40,42:49))

# CREATE DUMMY VARIABLE TO USE FOR BINOMIAL RESPONSE
pd.elephants$Percent.Illegal <- pd.elephants$Illegal.Carcasses /
                                pd.elephants$Tot.Carcasses

pd.elephants$High.Illegal <- factor(with(pd.elephants,
                                         ifelse((Percent.Illegal > 0.5), 1, 0)))

table(pd.elephants$High.Illegal)

##
##    0    1
## 50 252

```

Linear regression was run on each of the highly correlated variables to determine which variables should be removed. Four variables were deleted from the dataset. We also see that of the observed values of total elephant carcasses in relation to illegal carcasses, 252 observations meet the condition of more than 50% of the total were killed illegally.

```

# SEPARATE DATA INTO TRAINING AND TESTING SETS
inVal <- createDataPartition(pd.elephants$High.Illegal, p = 0.7, list=FALSE)
eleph.train <- pd.elephants[inVal,]
eleph.test <- pd.elephants[-inVal,]

# IMPUTE MISSING VALUES
library(snow)
set.seed(1357)
elephants.out.train <- amelia(eleph.train, m=5, frontend = FALSE,
                             idvars = c("IS02", "IS03", "region",
                                           "subregionid", "cap.lat", "cap.long"),
                             ts = "year", cs = "country", noms = "High.Illegal",
                             logs = c("Tot.Carcasses", "Illegal.Carcasses"),
                             polytime = 0, intercs = TRUE, p2s = 1,
                             parallel="snow", ncpus = 3,
                             empri = .01*nrow(centered.elephants))

# Amelia II: Multiple Imputation
# (Version 1.7.4, built: 2015-12-05)
# Copyright (C) 2005-2017 James Honaker, Gary King and Matthew Blackwell
# Refer to http://gking.harvard.edu/amelia/ for more information

# SPOT CHECK VARIABLES WITH HIGH MISSINGNESS
par(mfrow=c(3,2))
tscsPlot(elephants.out.train, cs = "Swaziland", main = "Swaziland",
         var = "Resource.Depletion", ylim = c(-2,1))

```

```

## Warning in amcheck(x = x, m = m, idvars = numopts$idvars, priors = priors, : The log transformation
## variables with negative values. The values
## will be shifted up by 1 plus the minimum value
## of that variable.

```

```

tscsPlot(elephants.out.train, cs = "Botswana", main = "Botswana",
         var = "Resource.Depletion", ylim = c(-2,1))

```

```
## Warning in amcheck(x = x, m = m, idvars = numopts$idvars, priors = priors, : The log transformation :
## variables with negative values. The values
## will be shifted up by 1 plus the minimum value
## of that variable.
```

```
tscsPlot(elephants.out.train, cs = "Cameroon", main = "Cameroon",
         var = "Definite.Possible", ylim = c(-2,1))
```

```
## Warning in amcheck(x = x, m = m, idvars = numopts$idvars, priors = priors, : The log transformation :
## variables with negative values. The values
## will be shifted up by 1 plus the minimum value
## of that variable.
```

```
tscsPlot(elephants.out.train, cs = "Central Africa Republic",
         main = "Central Africa Republic",
         var = "Definite.Possible", ylim = c(-2,1))
```

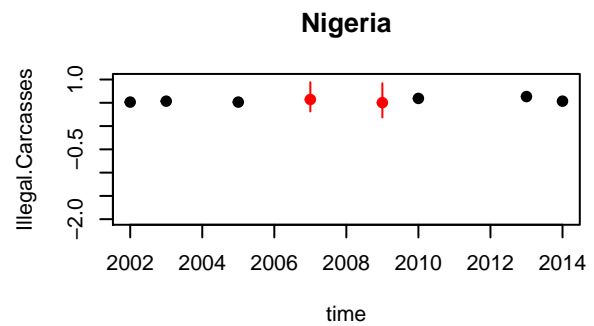
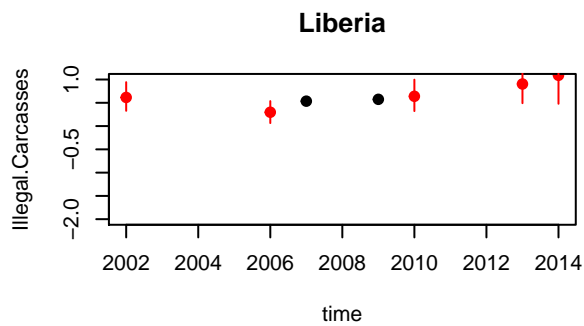
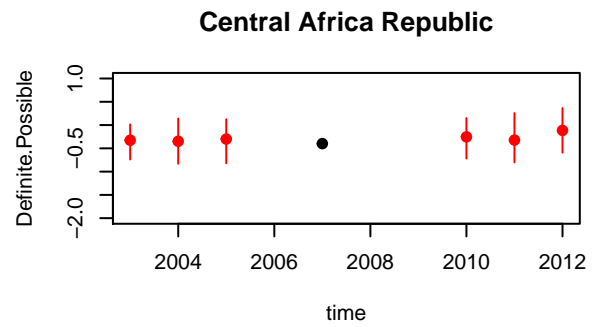
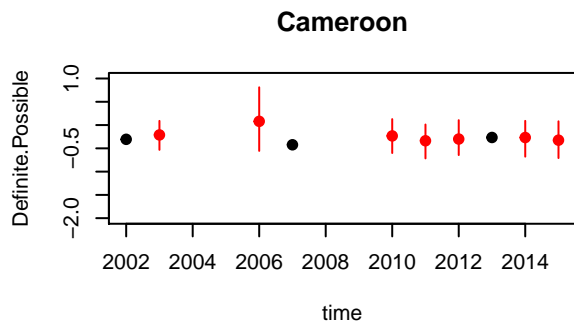
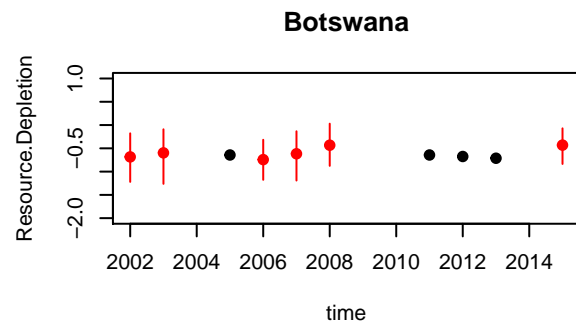
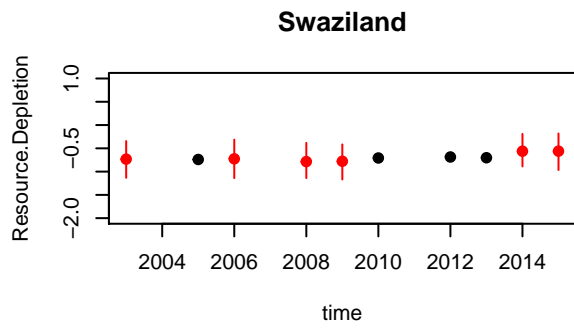
```
## Warning in amcheck(x = x, m = m, idvars = numopts$idvars, priors = priors, : The log transformation :
## variables with negative values. The values
## will be shifted up by 1 plus the minimum value
## of that variable.
```

```
tscsPlot(elephants.out.train, cs = "Liberia", main = "Liberia",
         var = "Illegal.Carcasses", ylim = c(-2,1))
```

```
## Warning in amcheck(x = x, m = m, idvars = numopts$idvars, priors = priors, : The log transformation :
## variables with negative values. The values
## will be shifted up by 1 plus the minimum value
## of that variable.
```

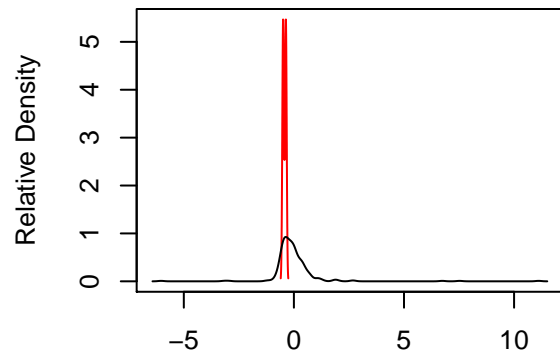
```
tscsPlot(elephants.out.train, cs = "Nigeria", main = "Nigeria",
         var = "Illegal.Carcasses", ylim = c(-2,1))
```

```
## Warning in amcheck(x = x, m = m, idvars = numopts$idvars, priors = priors, : The log transformation :
## variables with negative values. The values
## will be shifted up by 1 plus the minimum value
## of that variable.
```

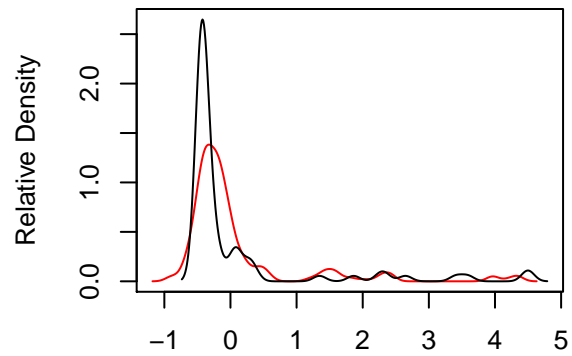


```
# PLOT DENSITIES FOR HIGH MISSINGNESS VARIABLES
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot(elephants.out.train, which.vars=c(20,42,45,46))
```

Observed and Imputed values of PCPIP_{observed} and Imputed values of Definite.Pc

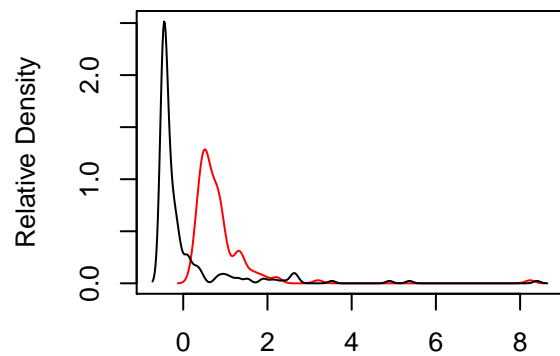


PCPIPCH -- Fraction Missing: 0.006

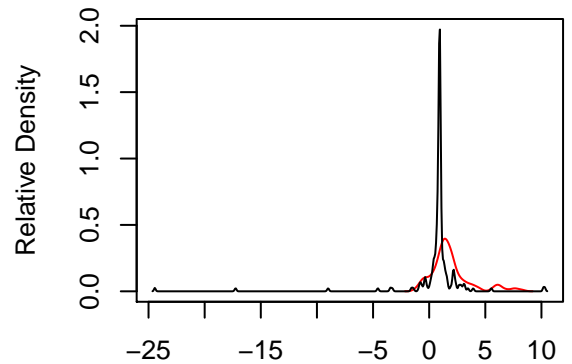


Definite.Possible -- Fraction Missing: 0.772

Observed and Imputed values of Illegal.CarObserved and Imputed values of Percent.Il



Illegal.Carcasses -- Fraction Missing: 0.365



Percent.Illegal -- Fraction Missing: 0.365