(!) This quiz has been regraded; your score was affected.

Midterm Exam

Due Oct 12 at 2:30pm **Points** 100 **Questions** 25

Available Oct 12 at 1:30pm - Oct 12 at 11:59pm 10 hours and 29 minutes

Time Limit 60 Minutes

Requires Respondus LockDown Browser

Instructions

Midterm Exam

HOW TO ANSWER FILL-IN-THE-BLANK QUESTIONS

In order to get full credit, please follow the following instructions:

- 1. Use this format for your assembly language statement: mov ax,0FFFFh
- 2. Use the possible radix values where needed: 10001000b, FFFFh, 6745o...
- 3. Use lower-case letters for the assembly instructions and registers: mov ax,0FFFFh
- 4. Do not use a space between the comma and the source operand: ax,0FFFFh
- 5. Use upper-case letters for the hexadecimal numbers: FFFFh, ABCDh
- 6. Use spaces to separate your input that requires multiple values: AND 1002Fh 1000h FFFFh 1234h

Please reach out to your instructor with any questions that you may have during the exam.

This quiz was locked Oct 12 at 11:59pm.

Attempt History

	Attempt	Time	Score	Regraded
LATEST	Attempt 1	60 minutes	70 out of 100	73 out of 100

(!) Correct answers are hidden.

Score for this quiz: **73** out of 100 Submitted Oct 12 at 2:31pm This attempt took 60 minutes.

Incorrect

Question 1	0 / 3 pts
The 2's complement representation of −150 is	
O F0A6h	
© F096h	
○ FFA6h	
○ FF96h	

Question 2	3 / 3 pts
What is the result of the following binary subtraction? 10101000b - 00101110b	
○ 11111000b	
O 11111100b	
© 01111010b	
O 01111101b	

Question 3	3 / 3 pts
The decimal value of ECh is	
O 12	
O 20	
O -80	
-20	

Question 4	2 / 2 pts
The following instructions set the Overflow flag: mov al,-132 add al,10	
True	
○ False	

Question 5	2 / 2 pts
The following instructions set the Overflow flag: mov al,130 sub al,3	
True	
○ False	

Incorrect

Question 6 The following instructions set the Overflow flag: mov al,80h add al,10h True False

Question 7 2 / 2 pts

The followi mov al,10h sub al,12h		rflag:	
True	е		
O Fals	se		

Question 8 5 / 5 pts

What will be the hexadecimal value in EDX after the following lines execute? Use the 32-bit hexadecimal value for your answer.

.data

num word 9000h

.code

mov edx,21348041h

movzx edx,num

00009000h

Question 9 5 / 5 pts

What will be the hexadecimal value in EAX after the following lines execute? Use the 32-bit hexadecimal value for your answer.

mov eax,1002FFFFh inc ax

10020000h

Incorrect Question 10 5 / 5 pts

```
What will be the hexadecimal value in EDX after this code is executed?

mov edx,1

mov eax,8000h

cmp eax,7FFFh

jl L1

mov edx,0

L1:
```

What will be the hexadecimal value in EAX after this code is executed? Use the 32-bit hexadecimal value for your answer. .data arr byte 10h,20h,30h,40h,50h,60h,70h,80h .code mov eax, dword ptr arr inc ax

.data
arr byte 10h,20h,30h,40h,50h,60h,70h,80h

The following statement moves the last four bytes of arr to the EBX register:

mov ebx,type dword arr+4

mov ebx,dword ptr arr+4

o mov ebx,byte ptr arr	
mov ebx,word ptr arr	
Question 13	2 / 2 pts
If a bit is in the set, the zero flag is clear.	
True	
True False	

Incorrect

Question 14 Original Score: 0 / 3 pts Regraded Score: 3 / 3 pts This question has been regraded. The following assembly statement sets only bit 7 and leaves the other bits unchanged of a binary value in AL. Note that the least significant bit is bit 0. and al,10101010b and al,10000000b or al,10000000b

Question 15	3 / 3 pts
The following assembly statement clears bit 3 of a value in AL. Note that the significant bit is bit 0.	ne least
o xor al,11110111b	
and al,11110111b	

	al, 11110111b			
О хо	r al, 00001000b			

Question 16 The following assembly statement inverts the upper half and retains the lower half of a 16-bit value in AX. Note that the least significant bit is bit 0. xor ax,0FF00h or ax,0FF00h xor ax,0FF00h

Incorrect

Specify one assembly instruction that sets the overflow flag on Line 2. Use lower-case letters for your answer. mov al,7Fh al; Line 2

Question 18 6 / 6 pts

What will be the value in AX in hexadecimal format after Line 1 is executed? Use the 16-bit hexadecimal value for your answer.

.data

var1 byte 1,2,3,4

not

var2 word 1011h,2022h,3033h,4044h
var3 sword 8088h,9099h
var4 dword 1,2,3,4,5
.code
mov ax,word ptr var1 ;Line 1
mov ax,[var2+2] ;Line 2
mov ax,[var3+1] ;Line 3
mov ax,[var3-5] ;Line 4

0201h

Question 19 6 / 6 pts

What will be the value in AX in hexadecimal format after Line 2 is executed? Use the 16-bit hexadecimal value for your answer.

.data

var1 byte 1,2,3,4

var2 word 1011h,2022h,3033h,4044h

var3 sword 8088h,9099h

var4 dword 1,2,3,4,5

.code

mov ax,word ptr var1 ;Line 1

mov ax,[var2+2] ;Line 2

mov ax,[var3+1] ;Line 3

mov ax,[var3-5] ;Line 4

2022h

Question 20 6 / 6 pts

What will be the value in AX in hexadecimal format after Line 3 is executed? Use the 16-bit hexadecimal value for your answer.

.data

var1 byte 1,2,3,4

var2 word 1011h,2022h,3033h,4044h

var3 sword 8088h,9099h

var4 dword 1,2,3,4,5

.code

mov ax,word ptr var1 ;Line 1

mov ax,[var2+2] ;Line 2

mov ax,[var3+1] ;Line 3

mov ax,[var3-5] ;Line 4

9980h

Incorrect

Question 21 0 / 6 pts

What will be the value in AX in hexadecimal format after Line 4 is executed? Use the 16-bit hexadecimal value for your answer.

.data

var1 byte 1,2,3,4

var2 word 1011h,2022h,3033h,4044h

var3 sword 8088h,9099h

var4 dword 1,2,3,4,5

.code

mov ax,word ptr var1 ;Line 1

mov ax,[var2+2] ;Line 2

mov ax,[var3+1] ;Line 3

mov ax,[var3-5] ;Line 4

2022h

Question 22	3 / 3 pts
QUESTION ZZ	

Use \$, type, and dup to initialize array2 with 0. Assume that array1 and array2 have the same size. Use lower-case letters and numbers for your answer.

.data
array1 dword 10h,20h,30h,40h,50h
array2 dword ______

(\$-array1)/dword type dup(0)

(\$-array1)/type dword dup(0)

(\$-array2)/array2 dup(0)

Question 23 6 / 6 pts

What will be the value in EAX after the following lines are executed? Use the 32-bit hexadecimal value for your answer.

.data

dVal dword 23456789h

(\$-array2)/type dword dup(0)

.code

mov ax,80h

mov word ptr dVal+1,ax

mov eax,dVal

23008089h

Incorrect Question 24 0 / 6 pts

What is the value of EAX after this program is executed? Use the 32-bit hexadecimal value for your answer.

```
.data
a dword 10000001h,10000002h,10000003h,10000010h,10000020h
sum dword 0
.code
main proc
  mov esi,offset a+4
  mov ecx, length of a-1
L1:
  mov eax,[esi]
  add sum,eax
  add esi,type dword
  loop L1
  mov eax,sum
  invoke ExitProcess,0
main endp
end main
```

00000035h

Incorrect

Question 25 0 / 6 pts

What is the value of EAX after this program is executed? Use the 32-bit hexadecimal value for your answer.

```
.data
a dword 10000001h,10000002h,10000003h,10000004h,10000005h
sum dword 0
.code
main proc
mov esi,offset a+8
mov ecx,2
L1:
mov eax,[esi]
add sum,eax
add esi,type dword
```

```
loop L1
mov eax,sum
invoke ExitProcess,0
main endp
end main
```

Quiz Score: 73 out of 100