Rensselaer



Predicting Hospital
Utilization Rates as a
Function of SocioDemographic Factors

Team members:

Affiliations:

Date:

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Background & Objectives

For some









- Hospitals efficiently used
- Patients efficiently treated
- Greater access
- Updated facilities

- Hospitals INefficiently used
- Patients INefficiently treated
- Limited access
- Legacy facilities

Socioeconomic Status



Hospital Utilization



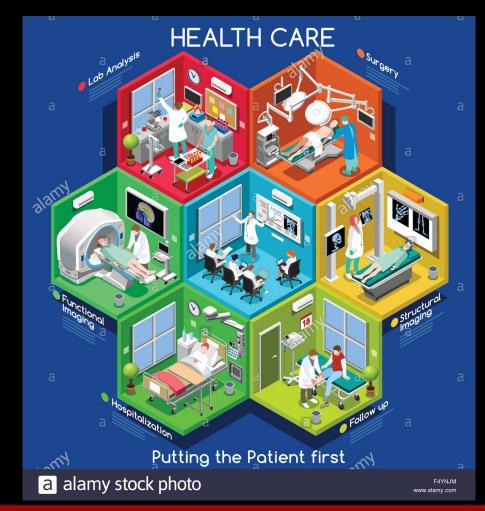
Model Output — Health care resources in hospitals

Three main character resources in a

hospital:

Inpatient

- Short term
- Long term
- Outpatient
 - Lab analysis
 - Imaging
 - ER
- Operating rooms
 - Surgery



Model Output — effective utilization rate of medical resources

Inpatient

```
# Inpatient days
(# Beds x 365)
```

Outpatient

```
# Outpatient Visits
(# Doctors x 365)
```

Operating rooms

```
# Surgeries(In/Outpatient)
(# Surgery Rooms x 365)
```

Utilization



Model Input

Population



- Age, Gender, Race
- Cause of Death
- Government Assistance
- Insurance Access

Household



Utilization



Workforce

www.rpi.edu

- Employment Rate
- Education Level
- Local Industry

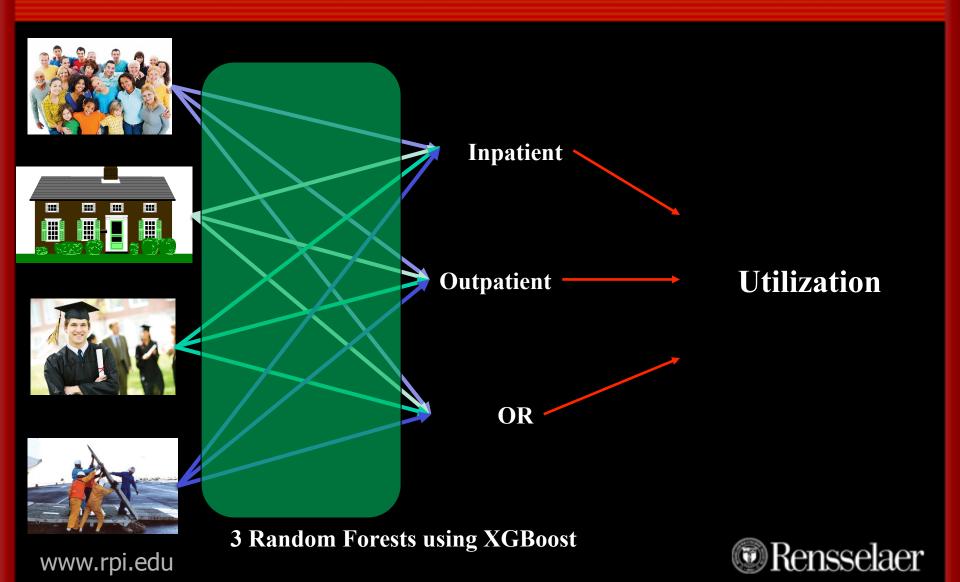


Education

Rensselaer

437 dim input

Combined Random Forest



Results

Model fit:

Inpatient Training R²: 0.76 Test R²: 0.43

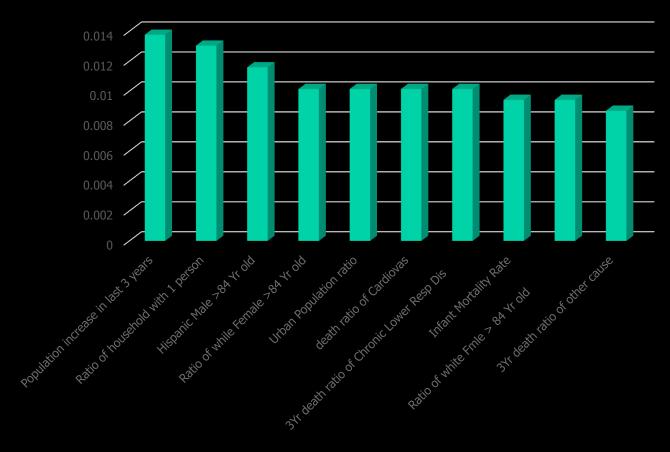
Outpatient Training R²: 0.48 Test R²: 0.03

OR Training R²: 0.59 Test R²: 0.26

Combined R²: 0.75 Test R²: 0.26

Results







Results

- Unimportant Features
 - White Non-Hispanic Female 60-64
 - Non-White 5 yr Infant Mortality Rate
 - 3-Yr White Male Infant Death
 - 3-Yr White Female Infant Death
 - 3 Yr Black Male Infant Death
 - National Hawaiian Male 75-84 Pop



Thank You!

QUESTIONS?

