In Class Asssignment 3

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Calculating 10-Fold CV and LOOCV

The code below creates 32 linear regression models from 5 possible regressors to predict number of wins in a baseball season. Each regression is evaluated using both 10-Fold Cross Validation and Leave One Out Cross Validation.

require(boot)	
## Loading required package: boot	

```
# Reading in the data file
baseball original=read.csv("C:/Users/lydia/Documents/baseball.csv",header=TRUE)
# Omitting the rows with missing data
baseball=baseball_original[1:420,]
# Creating arrays to hold the 10-fold CV error and LOOCV error for each regression model
cv 10err = array(0,32)
loocv_err = array(0,32)
# Loop to run all 32 regression models and calculate both the 10-Fold Cross Validation and LOOCV
error
for(i in 0:31){
 a = as.integer(intToBits(i)[1:5])
 if(a[1] == 0 && a[2]==0 && a[3]==0 && a[4]==0 && a[5]==0)
 {
   param0 = "1"
 }
 else{
   param0 = ""
 if(a[1]==1){
   param1 = "+OBP"
 }
 else{
   param1 = ""
 }
 if(a[2]==1){
   param2 = "+SLG"
 }
 else{
   param2 = ""
 if(a[3]==1){
   param3 = "+BA"
 }
 else{
   param3 = ""
 if(a[4]==1){
   param4 = "+00BP"
 }
 else{
   param4 = ""
 if(a[5]==1){
   param5 = "+OSLG"
 }
 else{
   param5 = ""
 param_list=paste("W~",param0, param1, param2, param3, param4, param5, sep='')
```

```
fit=glm(as.formula(param_list),data=baseball)
  cv_10err[i+1]=cv.glm(baseball,fit,K=10)$delta[1]
  loocv_err[i+1]=cv.glm(baseball,fit)$delta[1]
}
cv_10err
```

```
## [1] 135.57613 99.45733 102.41957 96.29499 114.79325 99.02180 103.80817

## [8] 94.98500 81.70402 32.00918 33.49143 26.33331 44.93327 32.10170

## [15] 31.80157 26.43326 92.15346 40.41098 38.35265 32.42245 53.40052

## [22] 40.57392 36.96755 32.62119 81.14951 29.76891 29.43604 22.67631

## [29] 42.00206 29.52970 27.78543 22.76514
```

```
loocv_err
```

```
[1] 135.86341 99.20064 102.70071 96.70280 115.41830 98.95726 103.12207
##
##
   [8]
        95.01310 81.57998 31.99998 33.41682
                                             26.41277 44.70642 31.95671
## [15]
       31.77785 26.48072 92.36383 40.50615
                                              38.07609
                                                       32.36789
                                                                53.25857
## [22]
       40.40812 36.89112 32.48621 81.12077
                                              29.66546 29.30100 22.77048
## [29]
        42.02894 29.45857 27.58645 22.87867
```

Evaluating the Models

The following code finds and prints the 5 best subsets of regressors as determined by 10-Fold CV and LOOCV.

```
# Sorting the arrays from min to max, including their indices
cv_sorted=sort(cv_10err,index.return=TRUE)
cv_sorted
```

```
## $x
## [1] 22.67631 22.76514 26.33331 26.43326 27.78543 29.43604 29.52970
## [8] 29.76891 31.80157 32.00918 32.10170 32.42245 32.62119 33.49143
## [15] 36.96755 38.35265 40.41098 40.57392 42.00206 44.93327 53.40052
## [22] 81.14951 81.70402 92.15346 94.98500 96.29499 99.02180 99.45733
## [29] 102.41957 103.80817 114.79325 135.57613
##
## $ix
## [1] 28 32 12 16 31 27 30 26 15 10 14 20 24 11 23 19 18 22 29 13 21 25 9
## [24] 17 8 4 6 2 3 7 5 1
```

```
loocv_sorted=sort(loocv_err,index.return=TRUE)
loocv_sorted
```

```
## $x

## [1] 22.77048 22.87867 26.41277 26.48072 27.58645 29.30100 29.45857

## [8] 29.66546 31.77785 31.95671 31.99998 32.36789 32.48621 33.41682

## [15] 36.89112 38.07609 40.40812 40.50615 42.02894 44.70642 53.25857

## [22] 81.12077 81.57998 92.36383 95.01310 96.70280 98.95726 99.20064

## [29] 102.70071 103.12207 115.41830 135.86341

##

## $ix

## [1] 28 32 12 16 31 27 30 26 15 14 10 20 24 11 23 19 22 18 29 13 21 25 9

## [24] 17 8 4 6 2 3 7 5 1
```

```
# Loop that prints out the regressors of the 5 best models according to 10-fold cv
for(j in 1:5){
 a = as.integer(intToBits(cv_sorted$ix[j]-1)[1:5])
 if(a[1] == 0 && a[2]==0 && a[3]==0 && a[4]==0 && a[5]==0)
   param0 = "1"
 }
 else{
   param0 = ""
 if(a[1]==1){
   param1 = "+OBP"
 }
 else{
   param1 = ""
 if(a[2]==1){
   param2 = "+SLG"
 else{
   param2 = ""
 if(a[3]==1){
   param3 = "+BA"
 else{
   param3 = ""
 if(a[4]==1){
   param4 = "+OOBP"
 }
 else{
   param4 = ""
 if(a[5]==1){
   param5 = "+OSLG"
 }
 else{
   param5 = ""
 param_list=paste("W~",param0, param1, param2, param3, param4, param5, sep='')
 print(param_list)
}
```

```
## [1] "W~+OBP+SLG+OOBP+OSLG"

## [1] "W~+OBP+SLG+BA+OOBP+OSLG"

## [1] "W~+OBP+SLG+OOBP"

## [1] "W~+OBP+SLG+BA+OOBP"

## [1] "W~+SLG+BA+OOBP+OSLG"
```

```
# Loop that prints out the regressors of the 5 best models according to loocv
for(j in 1:5){
 a = as.integer(intToBits(loocv_sorted$ix[j]-1)[1:5])
 if(a[1] == 0 && a[2]==0 && a[3]==0 && a[4]==0 && a[5]==0)
   param0 = "1"
 }
 else{
   param0 = ""
 if(a[1]==1){
   param1 = "+OBP"
 }
 else{
   param1 = ""
 if(a[2]==1){
   param2 = "+SLG"
 else{
   param2 = ""
 if(a[3]==1){
   param3 = "+BA"
 else{
   param3 = ""
 if(a[4]==1){
   param4 = "+00BP"
 }
 else{
   param4 = ""
 if(a[5]==1){
   param5 = "+OSLG"
 }
 else{
   param5 = ""
 param_list=paste("W~",param0, param1, param2, param3, param4, param5, sep='')
 print(param_list)
}
```

```
## [1] "W~+OBP+SLG+OOBP+OSLG"

## [1] "W~+OBP+SLG+BA+OOBP+OSLG"

## [1] "W~+OBP+SLG+OOBP"

## [1] "W~+OBP+SLG+BA+OOBP"

## [1] "W~+SLG+BA+OOBP+OSLG"
```

The two methods have basically the same line-up of models. However, the order of a few are switched depending on the method.

The 5 models predict out-of-sample fairly well. The cross validation error ranges from 22 to 28.

Of the top 5 models, the 3rd best (for both methods) uses the fewest regressors (only three): OBP (On-Base-Percentage), SLG (Slugging), and OOBP (Opponent-OBP). According to LOOCV, the out-of-sample error is about 26.4 which is not drastically worse than the best model for which the out-of-sample error is about 22.8.