```
class Adafruit_TFTLCD : public Adafruit_GFX {
  Adafruit_TFTLCD(uint8_t cs, uint8_t cd, uint8_t wr, uint8_t rd, uint8_t rst);
Adafruit TFTLCD(void);
  void begin(uint16_t id = 0x9325);
void drawPixel(int16_t x, int16_t y, uint16_t color);
void drawFastHLine(int16_t x0, int16_t y0, int16_t w, uint16_t color);
void drawFastVLine(int16_t x0, int16_t y0, int16_t h, uint16_t color);
void filRect(int16_t x, int16_t y, int16_t w, int16_t h, uint16_t c);
   void fillScreen(uint16_t color);
   void reset (void);
void setRegisters8(uint8_t *ptr, uint8_t n);
void setRegisters16(uint16_t *ptr, uint8_t n);
  void setRotation(uint8_t x);
// These methods are public in order for BMP examples to work:
void setAddrWindow(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2);
void pushColors(uint16_t *data, uint8_t len, boolean first);
   uint16_t color565(uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b),
    readPixel(int16_t x, int16_t y), readID(void);
uint32_t readReg(uint8_t r);
private:
// These items may have previously been defined as macros // in pin_magic.h. If not, function versions are declared: #ifndef write8
   void init(),
        write8(uint8_t value),
#endif
#ifndef setWriteDir
setWriteDir(void),
#endif
#ifndef setReadDir
setReadDir(void),
#endif
#ifndef writeRegister8
        writeRegister8(uint8_t a, uint8_t d),
#endif
#ifndef writeRegister16
        writeRegister16(uint16_t a, uint16_t d),
writeRegisterPair(uint8_t aH, uint8_t aL, uint16_t d),
#endif
         setLR(void), flood(uint16_t color, uint32_t len);
   uint8_t driver;
#ifndef read8
  uint8_t read8fn(void);
#define read8isFunctionalized
#ifndef USE_ADAFRUIT_SHIELD_PINOUT
#ifdef
             AVR
   volatile uint8_t *csPort, *cdPort, *wrPort, *rdPort;
   uint8_t csPinSet, cdPinSet, wrPinSet, rdPinSet, csPinUnset, cdPinUnset, wrPinUnset, rdPinUnset, reset;
#endif
};
// For compatibility with sketches written for older versions of library. // Color function name was changed to 'color565' for parity with 2.2" LCD \,
// library.
#define Color565 color565
```

```
#if defined(__SAM3X8E__)
#include <include/pio.h>
#define PROGMEM
  #define pgm_read_byte(addr) (*(const unsigned char *)(addr))
#define pgm_read_word(addr) (*(const unsigned short *)(addr))
  #endif
  #include <avr/pgmspace.h>
#endif
 #endif
#include "Adafruit_TFTLCD.h"
#include "pin_magic.h"
#include "pins_arduino.h"
#include "wiring_private.h"
 //#define TFTWIDTH 320
//#define TFTHEIGHT 480
 #define TFTWIDTH 240
#define TFTHEIGHT 320
  // LCD controller chip identifiers
 // LCD Controller cnip
#define ID_932X 0
#define ID_7575 1
#define ID_9341 2
#define ID_HX8357D 3
#define ID_UNKNOWN 0xFF
  #include "registers.h'
: Adafruit_GFX(TFTWIDTH, TFTHEIGHT)
#ifndef USE_ADAFRUIT_SHIELD_PINOUT
  // Convert pin numbers to registers and bitmasks
  _reset = reset;
#ifdef _AVR_
   csPort = portOutputRegister(digitalPinToPort(cs));
   cdPort = portOutputRegister(digitalPinToPort(cd));
   wrPort = portOutputRegister(digitalPinToPort(wr));
   rdPort = portOutputRegister(digitalPinToPort(rd));
#endif
  #endif
     andif
if defined(__SAM3X8E__)
csPort = digitalPinToPort(cs);
cdPort = digitalPinToPort(cd);
wrPort = digitalPinToPort(wr);
rdPort = digitalPinToPort(rd);
andif
      csPinSet = digitalPinToBitMask(cs):
     csrinset = digitalPinToSitMask(cs);
cdPinSet = digitalPinToSitMask(cd);
wrPinSet = digitalPinToBitMask(wr);
rdPinSet = digitalPinToBitMask(rd);
csPinUnset = ~csPinSet;
cdPinUnset = ~cdPinSet;
wrPinUnset = ~wrPinSet;
rdPinUnset = ~rdPinSet;
     rdrinunset = ~rdrinset;
ifdef _AVR__
*csPort |= csPinSet; // Set all control bits to HIGH (idle)
*cdPort |= cdPinSet; // Signals are ACTIVE LOW
*wrPort |= wrPinSet;
*rdPort |= rdPinSet;
  #ifdef
    endif
     mdif
if defined(_SAM3X8E__)
csPort->PIO_SODR |= csPinSet; // Set all control bits to HIGH (idle)
cdPort->PIO_SODR |= cdPinSet; // Signals are ACTIVE LOW
wrPort->PIO_SODR |= wrPinSet;
rdPort->PIO_SODR |= rdPinSet;
  #if defined(
     endif
pinMode(cs, OUTPUT); // Enable outputs
pinMode(cd, OUTPUT);
pinMode(wr, OUTPUT);
pinMode(wd, OUTPUT);
if (reset) {
    digitalWrite(reset, HIGH);
    inMed(creet, OUTPUT);
}
          pinMode(reset, OUTPUT);
 #endif
     init();
 // Constructor for shield (fixed LCD control lines)
Adafruit_TFTLCD::Adafruit_TFTLCD(void) : Adafruit_GFX(TFTWIDTH, TFTHEIGHT) {
   init();
 // Initialization common to both shield & breakout configs void Adafruit_TFTLCD::init(void) {
 #ifdef USE_ADAFRUIT_SHIELD_PINOUT
    CS_IDLE; // Set all control bits to idle state
    WR_IDLE;
      RD_IDLE;
CD DATA;
     CD_DATA;
digitalWrite(5, HIGH); // Reset line
pinMode(A3, OUTPUT); // Enable outputs
pinMode(A2, OUTPUT);
pinMode(A1, OUTPUT);
pinMode(A0, OUTPUT);
pinMode(5, OUTPUT);
      setWriteDir(); // Set up LCD data port(s) for WRITE operations
     rotation = 0;
cursor_y = cursor_x = 0;
textcolor = 0xFFFF;
_width = TFTWIDTH;
_height = TFTHEIGHT;
 // Initialization command tables for different LCD controllers
#define TFTLCD_DELAY 0xFF
static const uint8 t HX8347G_regValues[] PROGMEM = {
    0x2E, 0x89, 0x29, 0x8F, 0x2E, 0x02, 0xE2, 0x00, 0xE4, 0x01, 0xE5, 0x10,
    0xE6, 0x01, 0xE7, 0x10, 0xE8, 0x70, 0xF2, 0x00, 0xEA, 0x00, 0xEB, 0x20,
```

```
0xEC, 0x3C, 0xED, 0xC8, 0xE9, 0x38, 0xF1, 0x01,
        // skip gamma, do later
        0x1B, 0x1A, 0x1A, 0x02, 0x24, 0x61, 0x25, 0x5C,
        0x18, 0x36, 0x19, 0x01, 0x1F, 0x88, TFTLCD_DELAY, 5, // delay 5 ms 0x1F, 0x80, TFTLCD_DELAY, 5, 0x1F, 0x90, TFTLCD_DELAY, 5, 0x1F, 0xD4, TFTLCD_DELAY, 5, 0x17, 0x05,
        0x36, 0x09, 0x28, 0x38, TFTLCD_DELAY, 40, 0x28, 0x3C,
        0x02,\ 0x00,\ 0x03,\ 0x00,\ 0x04,\ 0x00,\ 0x05,\ 0xEF,\ 0x06,\ 0x00,\ 0x07,\ 0x00,\ 0x08,\ 0x01,\ 0x09,\ 0x3F\};
static const uint8_t HX8357D_regValues[] PROGMEM = {
   HX8357_SWRESET,
       HX8357_SWRESET

0,

HX8357D_SETC,

3,

0xFF,

0x83,

0x57,

TFTLCD_DELAY,

250,

HX8357_SETRGB,

4,
        4,
0x00,
        0x00,
0x06,
0x06,
HX8357D_SETCOM,
        1,
0x25, // -1.52V
HX8357_SETOSC,
        1, 0x68, // Normal mode 70Hz, Idle mode 55 Hz HX8357_SETPANEL,
        1,
0x05, // BGR, Gate direction swapped
HX8357_SETPWR1,
        6,
0x00,
        0x15,
0x1C,
0x1C,
0x83,
        0xAA,
HX8357D_SETSTBA,
        6,
0x50,
        0x50,
0x50,
0x01,
0x3C,
        0x1E.
        0x1E,
0x08,
// MEME GAMMA HERE
HX8357D_SETCYC,
        7,
0x02,
0x40,
0x00,
0x2A,
0x2A,
        0x78,
HX8357_COLMOD,
       1,
0x55,
HX8357_MADCTL,
        1,
0xC0,
HX8357_TEON,
        0x00,
HX8357_TEARLINE,
        2,
0x00,
0x02,
HX8357_SLPOUT,
        0,
TFTLCD_DELAY,
150,
HX8357_DISPON,
        0,
TFTLCD_DELAY,
50,
};
static const uint16_t ILI932x_regValues[] PROGMEM = {
   ILI932X_START_OSC,
   0x0001, // Start oscillator
   TFTLCD_DELAY,
   50, // 50 millisecond delay
   ILI932X_DRIV_OUT_CTRL,
   0x0100
       ILI932X_DATY_G- _
0x0100,
ILI932X_DRIV_WAV_CTRL,
0x0700,
ILI932X_ENTRY_MOD,
0~1030
       IL1932X_ENTRI_...,
0x1030,
IL1932X_RESIZE_CTRL,
0x0000,
IL1932X_DISP_CTRL2,
        0x0202,
ILI932X_DISP_CTRL3,
        0x0000,
ILI932X_DISP_CTRL4,
0x0000,
ILI932X_RGB_DISP_IF_CTRL1,
        0x0,
ILI932X_FRM_MARKER_POS,
0x0,
ILI932X_RGB_DISP_IF_CTRL2,
        UXU,
ILI932X_POW_CTRL1,
0x0000,
ILI932X_POW_CTRL2,
        0x0007,
```

```
ILI932X_POW_CTRL3,
0x0000,
ILI932X_POW_CTRL4,
        0x0000
        TFTLCD_DELAY,
200,
ILI932X_POW_CTRL1,
        0x1690,
ILI932X_POW_CTRL2,
        0x0227
        TFTLCD_DELAY,
        50,
ILI932X_POW_CTRL3,
        0x001A, TFTLCD_DELAY,
        50,
ILI932X_POW_CTRL4,
        0x1800.
        ILI932X_POW_CTRL7,
        0x002A,
TFTLCD_DELAY,
       50,
ILI932X_GAMMA_CTRL1,
0x0000,
ILI932X_GAMMA_CTRL2,
        0 \times 0000
        UXUUUU,
ILI932X_GAMMA_CTRL3,
UXUUU,
ILI932X_GAMMA_CTRL4,
        0x0206
        ILI932X_GAMMA_CTRL5,
       0x0808,
ILI932X_GAMMA_CTRL6,
        0x0007,
ILI932X_GAMMA_CTRL7,
       0x0201,
ILI932X_GAMMA_CTRL8,
        0x0000,
ILI932X_GAMMA_CTRL9,
        0x0000
        ILI932X_GAMMA_CTRL10,
        0x0000,
ILI932X_GRAM_HOR_AD,
        0x0000
        UXUUU,
ILI932X_GRAM_VER_AD,
0x0000,
ILI932X_HOR_START_AD,
        0x0000
        UXUUU,
ILI932X_HOR_END_AD,
UXUUEF,
ILI932X_VER_START_AD,
        0x0000
        ILI932X_VER_END_AD,
        0x013F,
ILI932X_GATE_SCAN_CTRL1,
0xx700, // Driver Output Control (R60h)
ILI932X_GATE_SCAN_CTRL2,
       Ox0003, // Driver Output Control (R61h)
ILI932X_GATE_SCAN_CTRL3,
        0x0000, // Driver Output Control (R62h)
IL1932X_PANEL_IF_CTRL1,
       0X0010, // Panel Interface Control 1 (R90h) IL1932X PANEL_IF_CTRL2,
        0X0000,
ILI932X_PANEL_IF_CTRL3,
        0X0003
        UXUUU3,
ILI932X_PANEL_IF_CTRL4,
0X1100,
ILI932X_PANEL_IF_CTRL5,
        0x0000
        ILI932X_PANEL_IF_CTRL6,
0X0000,
ILI932X_DISP_CTRL1,
        0x0133, // Main screen turn on
void Adafruit_TFTLCD::begin(uint16_t id) {
  uint8_t i = 0;
   reset();
    delay(200);
    if ((id == 0x9325) || (id == 0x9328)) {
       uint16_t a, d;
driver = ID_932X;
       driver = ID_932X;
CS_ACTIVE;
while (i < sizeof(ILI932x_regValues) / sizeof(uint16_t)) {
    a = pgm_read_word(&ILI932x_regValues[i++]);
    d = pgm_read_word(&ILI932x_regValues[i++]);
    if (a == TFTLCD_DELAY)
        delay(d);</pre>
           else
               writeRegister16(a, d);
        setRotation(rotation);
setAddrWindow(0, 0, TFTWIDTH - 1, TFTHEIGHT - 1);
    } else if (id == 0x9341) {
        driver = ID_9341;
        CS_ACTIVE;
writeRegister8(ILI9341_SOFTRESET, 0);
delay(50);
        writeRegister8(ILI9341_DISPLAYOFF, 0);
       writeRegister8(ILI9341_POWERCONTROL1, 0x23);
writeRegister8(ILI9341_POWERCONTROL2, 0x10);
writeRegister16(ILI9341_VCOMCONTROL1, 0x2B2B);
writeRegister8(ILI9341_VCOMCONTROL2, 0xC0);
writeRegister8(ILI9341_MEMCONTROL2, 1L19341_MADCTL_MY | ILI9341_MADCTL_BGR);
writeRegister8(ILI9341_PIXELFORMAT, 0x55);
writeRegister8(ILI9341_FIXELFORMAT, 0x55);
        writeRegister8(ILI9341_ENTRYMODE, 0x07);
/* writeRegister32(ILI9341_DISPLAYFUNC, 0x0A822700);*/
```

```
writeRegister8(ILI9341_SLEEPOUT, 0);
delay(150);
        writeRegister8(ILI9341_DISPLAYON, 0);
        delay(500);
setAddrWindow(0, 0, TFTWIDTH - 1, TFTHEIGHT - 1);
         return;
   delay(len);
            Pelse {
   // Serial.print("Register $"); Serial.print(r, HEX);
   // Serial.print(" datalen "); Serial.println(len);
                 CS ACTIVE;
                CS_ACTIVE;

CD_COMMAND;

write8(r);

CD_DATA;

for (uint8_t d = 0; d < len; d++) {

   uint8_t x = pgm_read_byte(&HX8357D_regValues[i++]);

   write8(x);
                CS_IDLE;
           }
        } return;
    } else if (id == 0x7575) {
       uint8_t a, d;
driver = ID_7575;
CS_ACTIVE;
while (i < sizeof(HX8347G_regValues)) {
    a = pgm_read_byte(&HX8347G_regValues[i++]);
    d = pgm_read_byte(&HX8347G_regValues[i++]);
    if (a == TFTLCD_DELAY)
        delay(d);</pre>
            else
                 writeRegister8(a, d);
        setRotation(rotation);
        setLR(); //
                                 Lower-right corner of address window
   } else {
        driver = ID UNKNOWN:
        return;
void Adafruit_TFTLCD::reset(void) {
   CS IDLE;
            CD DATA;
   WR_IDLE;
RD_IDLE;
#ifdef USE_ADAFRUIT_SHIELD_PINOUT
    digitalWrite(5, LOW);
   delay(2);
digitalWrite(5, HIGH);
delay(2);
digitalWrite(_reset, HIGH);
#endif
   // Data transfer sync
CS_ACTIVE;
CD_COMMAND;
   write8(0x00);
for (uint8_t i = 0; i < 3; i++)
    WR_STROBE; // Three extra 0x00s
   CS_IDLE;
// Sets the LCD address window (and address counter, on 932X).
// Relevant to rect/screen fills and H/V lines. Input coordinates are
// assumed pre-sorted (e.g. x2 >= x1).
void Adafruit_TFTLCD::setAddrWindow(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2) {
    CS ACTIVE:
    if (driver == ID_932X) {
       // Values passed are in current (possibly rotated) coordinate
// system. 932X requires hardware-native coords regardless of
// MADCTL, so rotate inputs as needed. The address counter is
// set to the top-left corner -- although fill operations can be
// done in any direction, the current screen rotation is applied
// because some users find it disconcerting when a fill does not
// occur top-to-bottom.
int x, y, t;
switch (rotation) {
default:
    x = x1;
    y = y1;
    break;
case 1:
        break;

case 1:

t = y1;

y1 = x1;

x1 = TFTWIDTH - 1 - y2;

y2 = x2;

x2 = TFTWIDTH - 1 - t;

x = x2;

y = y1;

break;

case 2:
        case 2:
            t = x1;
x1 = TFTWIDTH - 1 - x2;
x2 = TFTWIDTH - 1 - t;
            t = y1;
y1 = TFTHEIGHT - 1 - y2;
```

```
y2 = TFTHEIGHT - 1 - t;
x = x2;
y = y2;
break;
          case 3:
t = x1;
               x1 = y1;
y1 = TFTHEIGHT - 1 - x2;
x2 = y2;
y2 = TFTHEIGHT - 1 - t;
               x = x1;
y = y2;
break;
          }
writeRegister16(0x0050, x1); // Set address window
writeRegister16(0x0051, x2);
writeRegister16(0x0052, y1);
writeRegister16(0x0053, y2);
writeRegister16(0x0020, x); // Set address counter
writeRegister16(0x0021, y);
                                                                                   // Set address counter to top left
    } else if (driver == ID_7575) {
          writeRegisterPair(HX8347G_COLADDRSTART_HI, HX8347G_COLADDRSTART_LO, x1);
writeRegisterPair(HX8347G_ROWADDRSTART_HI, HX8347G_ROWADDRSTART_LO, y1);
writeRegisterPair(HX8347G_COLADDREND_HI, HX8347G_COLADDREND_LO, x2);
writeRegisterPair(HX8347G_ROWADDREND_HI, HX8347G_ROWADDREND_LO, y2);
    } else if ((driver == ID_9341) || (driver == ID_HX8357D)) {
   uint32_t t;
          t = x1;
t <<= 16;
          writeRegister32(ILI9341_COLADDRSET, t); // HX8357D uses same registers!
          t = y1;
t <<= 16;
t |= y2;
          t |= y2;
writeRegister32(ILI9341_PAGEADDRSET, t); // HX8357D uses same registers!
     ĆS_IDLE;
// Unlike the 932X drivers that set the address window to the full screen // by default (using the address counter for drawPixel operations), the // 7575 needs the address window set on all graphics operations. In order // to save a few register writes on each pixel drawn, the lower-right // corner of the address window is reset after most fill operations, so // that drawPixel only needs to change the upper left each time.

void Adafruit_TFTLCD::setLR(void) {
    CS_ACTIVE;
writeRegisterPair(HX8347G_COLADDREND_HI, HX8347G_COLADDREND_LO, _width - 1);
writeRegisterPair(HX8347G_ROWADDREND_HI, HX8347G_ROWADDREND_LO, _height - 1);
     CS IDLE;
// Fast block fill operation for fillScreen, fillRect, H/V line, etc.
// Requires setAddrWindow() has previously been called to set the fill
// bounds. 'len' is inclusive, MUST be >= 1.
void Adafruit_TFTLCD::flood(uint16_t color, uint32_t len) {
   uint16_t blocks;
   uint8_t i, hi = color >> 8, lo = color;
     CS_ACTIVE;
    CS_ACTIVE;
CD_COMMAND;
if (driver == ID_9341) {
  write8(0x2C);
} else if (driver == ID_932X) {
  write8(0x00); // High byte of GRAM register...
  write8(0x20); // write data to GRAM
} else if (driver == ID_HX8357D) {
  write8(HX8357_RAMWR);
}
    } else {
  write8(0x22); // Write data to GRAM
      // Write first pixel normally, decrement counter by 1
    CD_DATA;
write8(hi);
      write8(lo);
    blocks = (uint16_t) (len / 64); // 64 pixels/block
if (hi == lo) {
   // High and low bytes are identical. Leave prior data
   // on the port(s) and just toggle the write strobe.
   while (blocks--) {
   i = 16; // 64 pixels/block / 4 pixels/pass
   do {
             i = 10,
do {
WR_STROBE;
WR_STROBE;
WR_STROBE;
                     WR_STROBE;
WR_STROBE; // 2 bytes/pixel
WR_STROBE;
                     WR STROBE:
               WR_STROBE;
WR_STROBE; // x 4 pixels
} while (--i);
          / Fill any remaining pixels (1 to 64) for (i = (uint8_t)len & 63; i--;) {
WR_STROBE;
               WR_STROBE;
     } else {
          while (blocks--) {
  i = 16; // 64 pixels/block / 4 pixels/pass
  do {
    write8(hi);
                   write8(hi);
write8(lo);
write8(hi);
write8(hi);
write8(hi);
write8(lo);
                     write8(hi);
write8(lo);
          write8(lo);
} while (--i);
}
```

```
for (i = (uint8_t)len & 63; i--;) {
  write8(hi);
          write8(lo);
       }
   ĆS_IDLE;
int16_t x2;
   // Initial off-screen clipping
if ((length <= 0) || (y < 0) || (y >= _height) || (x >= _width) ||
    ((x2 = (x + length - 1)) < 0))
    return;
   if (x < 0) { // Clip left
  length += x;
  x = 0;</pre>
   }
if (x2 >= _width) { // Clip right
    x2 = _width - 1;
    length = x2 - x + 1;
  setAddrWindow(x, y, x2, y);
flood(color, length);
if (driver == ID_932X)
    setAddrWindow(0, 0, _width - 1, _height - 1);
else
      setLR();
}
int16_t y2;
   length += y;
      у =
              0;
   }
if (y2 >= _height) { // Clip bottom
    y2 = _height - 1;
    length = y2 - y + 1;
   setAddrWindow(x, y, x, y2);
flood(color, length);
if (driver == ID 932K)
setAddrWindow(0, 0, _width - 1, _height - 1);
       setLR();
int16_t x2, y2;
  // Initial off-screen clipping
if ((w <= 0) || (h <= 0) || (x1 >= _width) || (y1 >= _height) ||
            ((x2 = x1 + w - 1) < 0) || ((y2 = y1 + h - 1) < 0))
            return;
if (x1 < 0) { // Clip left
            w += x1;
            x1 = 0;
}
   if (y1 < 0) { // Clip top
      h += y1;
y1 = 0;
   f (x2 >= _width) { // Clip right
    x2 = _width - 1;
    w = x2 - x1 + 1;
   f (y2 >= _height) { // Clip bottom
    y2 = _height - 1;
    h = y2 - y1 + 1;
   setAddrWindow(x1, y1, x2, y2);
flood(fillcolor, (uint32_t)w * (uint32_t)h);
if (driver == ID 932X) setAddrWindow(0, 0, _width - 1, _height - 1);
   else
setLR();
}
void Adafruit_TFTLCD::fillScreen(uint16_t color) {
   if (driver == ID_932X) {
       // For the 932X, a full-screen address window is already the default
// state, just need to set the address pointer to the top-left corner.
// Although we could fill in any direction, the code uses the current
// screen rotation because some users find it disconcerting when a
// fill does not occur top-to-bottom.
       uint16_t x, y;
switch (rotation) {
default:
         x = 0;
y = 0;
break;
      break;
case 1:
    x = TFTWIDTH - 1;
    y = 0;
    break;
case 2:
    x = TFTWIDTH - 1;
    y = TFTHEIGHT - 1;
    break;
case 3:
       case 3:
    x = 0;
    y = TFTHEIGHT - 1;
```

```
break;
         }
CS_ACTIVE;
         writeRegister16(0x0020, x);
writeRegister16(0x0021, y);
    flood(color, (long)TFTWIDTH * (long)TFTHEIGHT);
void Adafruit_TFTLCD::drawPixel(int16_t x, int16_t y, uint16_t color) {
    // Clip if ((x < 0) || (y < 0) || (x >= _width) || (y >= _height))
         return;
    CS_ACTIVE;
if (driver == ID_932X) {
  int16_t t;
  switch (rotation) {
  case 1:
             t = x;
x = TFTWIDTH - 1 - y;
y = t;
break;
         case 2:

x = TFTWIDTH - 1 - x;

y = TFTHEIGHT - 1 - y;
             break;
         case 3:
t = x;
x = y;
y = TFTHEIGHT - 1 - t;
             break;
         writeRegister16(0x0020, x);
         writeRegister16(0x0021, y);
writeRegister16(0x0022, color);
     } else if (driver == ID_7575) {
         uint8_t hi, lo;
switch (rotation) {
default:
             lo = 0;
break;
         case 1:
lo = 0x60;
         break;
case 2:
lo = 0xc0;
         break;
case 3:
lo = 0xa0;
             break;

}
writeRegister8(HX8347G_MEMACCESS, lo);
// Only upper-left is set -- bottom-right is full screen default
writeRegisterPair(HX8347G_COLADDRSTART_HI, HX8347G_COLADDRSTART_LO, x);
writeRegisterPair(HX8347G_ROWADDRSTART_HI, HX8347G_ROWADDRSTART_LO, y);
hi = color >> 8;
lo = color;
color = color;
color = color;
color = color;
color = color;

         CD COMMAND
         write8(0x22);
CD_DATA;
         write8(hi):
         write8(lo);
    } else if ((driver == ID_9341) || (driver == ID_HX8357D)) {
    setAddrWindow(x, y, _width - 1, _height - 1);
         CS_ACTIVE;
CD_COMMAND;
write8(0x2C);
         CD_DATA;
write8(color >> 8);
         write8(color);
    CS_IDLE;
// Issues 'raw' an array of 16-bit color values to the LCD; used
// externally by BMP examples. Assumes that setWindowAddr() has
// previously been set to define the bounds. Max 255 pixels at
// a time (BMP examples read in small chunks due to limited RAM).

void Adafruit_TFTLCD::pushColors(uint16_t *data, uint8_t len, boolean first) {
   uint16_t color;
   uint8_t hi, lo;
   CS_ACTIVE;
   if (first == true) { // Issue GRAM write command only on first call
        CD_COMMAND;
        if (driver == ID_932X)
        write8(0x00);
         ir (driver == ID_932X)
write8(0x00);
if ((driver == ID_9341) || (driver == ID_HX8357D)) {
    write8(0x2C);
         } else {
  write8(0x22);
         }
     CD DATA:
    CD_DATA;
while (len--) {
  color = *data++;
  hi = color >> 8; // Don't simplify or merge these
  lo = color; // lines, there's macro shenanigans
  write8(hi); // going on.
         write8(lo);
    CS_IDLE;
```

void Adafruit_TFTLCD::setRotation(uint8_t x) {

```
// Call parent rotation func first -- sets up rotation flags, etc.
Adafruit_GFX::setRotation(x);
        Then perform hardware-specific rotation operations...
   CS_ACTIVE;
if (driver == ID_932X) {
      uint16_t t;
switch (rotation) {
       default:
          t = 0x1030;
break;
       case 1:
t = 0x1028;
break;
       case 2:
    t = 0x1000;
      t = 0x1000,
break;
case 3:
t = 0x1018;
break;
       writeRegister16(0x0003, t); // MADCTL
// For 932X, init default full-screen address window:
setAddrWindow(0, 0, _width - 1, _height - 1); // CS_IDLE happens here
   if (driver == ID_7575) {
      uint8_t t;
switch (rotation) {
default:
       t = 0;
break;
case 1:
t = 0x60;
          break;
       case 2:
t = 0xc0;
break;
       case 3:
t = 0xa0;
          break;
      }
writeRegister8(HX8347G_MEMACCESS, t);
// 7575 has to set the address window on most drawing operations.
// drawPixel() cheats by setting only the top left...by default,
// the lower right is always reset to the corner.
setLR(); // CS_IDLE happens here
   if (driver == ID_9341) {
   // MEME, HX8357D uses same registers as 9341 but different values
   uint16_t t = 0;
       switch (rotation) {
       case 2:
    t = ILI9341_MADCTL_MX | ILI9341_MADCTL_BGR;
          break;
       case 3:

t = ILI9341_MADCTL_MV | ILI9341_MADCTL_BGR;

break;
       t = ILI9341_MADCTL_MY | ILI9341_MADCTL_BGR;
          break;
          break;
      // writeRegister8(ILI9341_MADCTL, t); // MADCTL
// For 9341, init default full-screen address window:
setAddrWindow(0, 0, _width - 1, _height - 1); // CS_IDLE happens here
   if (driver == ID_HX8357D) {
   // MEME, HX8357D uses same registers as 9341 but different values
   uint16_t t = 0;
      switch (rotation) {
case 2:
   t = HX8357B_MADCTL_RGB;
   break;
       case 3:
          t = HX8357B_MADCTL_MX | HX8357B_MADCTL_MV | HX8357B_MADCTL_RGB;
       case 0:
          t = HX8357B_MADCTL_MX | HX8357B_MADCTL_MY | HX8357B_MADCTL_RGB;
break;
       case 1:
    t = HX8357B_MADCTL_MY | HX8357B_MADCTL_MV | HX8357B_MADCTL_RGB;
       // writeRegister8(ILI9341_MADCTL, t); // MADCTL
// For 8357, init default full-screen address window:
setAddrWindow(0, 0, _width - 1, _height - 1); // CS_IDLE happens here
#ifdef read8isFunctionalized
#define read8(x) x = read8fn()
#endif
// Because this function is used infrequently, it configures the ports for 
// the read operation, reads the data, then restores the ports to the write 
// configuration. Write operations happen a LOT, so it's advantageous to 
// leave the ports in that state as a default.
uint16_t Adafruit_TFTLCD::readPixel(int16_t x, int16_t y) {
   if ((x < 0) || (y < 0) || (x >= _width) || (y >= _height))
return 0;
   CS_ACTIVE;
if (driver == ID_932X) {
      uint8_t hi, lo;
int16_t t;
switch (rotation) {
```

```
case 1:
    t = x;
    x = TFTWIDTH - 1 - y;
    y = t;
      case 2:
         x = TFTWIDTH - 1 - x;

y = TFTHEIGHT - 1 - y;
      case 3:
         t = x;
x = y;
y = TFTHEIGHT - 1 - t;
         break;
      write8(0x00);
write8(0x22); // Read data from GRAM
         CD DATA;
         setReadDir(); // Set up LCD data port(s) for READ operations
read8(hi); // First 2 bytes back are a dummy read
         read8(hi); // Bytes 3, 4 are actual pixel value
         setWriteDir(); // Restore LCD data port(s) to WRITE configuration
      }
CS IDLE;
      return ((uint16_t)hi << 8) | lo;
  } else if (driver == ID_7575) {
      uint8_t r, g, b;
writeRegisterPair(HX8347G_COLADDRSTART_HI, HX8347G_COLADDRSTART_LO, x);
writeRegisterPair(HX8347G_ROWADDRSTART_HI, HX8347G_ROWADDRSTART_LO, y);
      write8(0x22); // Read data from GRAM
setReadDir(); // Set up LCD data port(s) for READ operations
      CD DATA:
      CD_DATA;
read8(r); // First byte back is a dummy read
read8(r);
      read8(q);
     return 0;
}
// Ditto with the read/write port directions, as above.
uint16_t Adafruit_TFTLCD::readID(void) {
   uint16_t id;
  // retry a bunch!
for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
   id = (uintl6_t)readReg(0xD3);
   delayMicroseconds(50);
   if (id == 0x9341) {</pre>
         return id;
  uint8_t hi, lo;
  /"
for (uint8_t i=0; i<128; i++) {
    Serial.print("$");    Serial.print(i, HEX);
    Serial.print(" = 0x");    Serial.println(readReg(i), HEX);</pre>
   if (readReg(0x04) == 0x8000) { // eh close enough
      // setc!
/*
        Serial.println("!");
for (uint8_t i=0; i<254; i++) {
    Serial.print("s");    Serial.print(i, HEX);
    Serial.print(" = 0x");    Serial.println(readReg(i), HEX);
}</pre>
     */
writeRegister24(HX8357D_SETC, 0xFF8357);
delay(300);
// Serial.println(readReg(0xD0), HEX);
if (readReg(0xD0) == 0x990000) {
    return 0x8357;
     }
   }
  CS_ACTIVE;
CD_COMMAND
  write8(0x00);
WR_STROBE; // Repeat prior byte (0x00)
setReadDir(); // Set up LCD data port(s) for READ operations
CD_DATA;
  read8(hi);
read8(lo);
  retwitepir(); // Restore LCD data port(s) to WRITE configuration
CS_IDLE;
  id = hi;
id <<= 8;
id |= lo;
   return id;
uint32_t Adafruit_TFTLCD::readReg(uint8_t r) {
   uint32_t id;
   uint8_t x;
   // try reading register #4
```

CS ACTIVE;

```
CD_COMMAND;
write8(r);
    setReadDir(); // Set up LCD data port(s) for READ operations
     CD DATA;
    delayMicroseconds (50); read8 (x);
   read8(x);
id = x;
id <= 8; // these lines. It's an unfortunate
read8(x);
id |= x; // shenanigans that are going on.
id <= 8; // these lines. It's an unfortunate
read8(x);
id |= x; // shenanigans that are going on.
id <= 8; // these lines. It's an unfortunate
read8(x);
id |= x; // shenanigans that are going on.
id <= 8; // these lines. It's an unfortunate
read8(x):</pre>
    read8(x);
id |= x; // shenanigans that are going on.
CS_IDLE;
    setWriteDir(); // Restore LCD data port(s) to WRITE configuration
    // Serial.print("Read $"); Serial.print(r, HEX);
// Serial.print(":\t0x"); Serial.println(id, HEX);
return id;
// Pass 8-bit (each) R,G,B, get back 16-bit packed color
uint16_t Adafruit_TFTLCD::color565(uint8_t r, uint8_t g, u
  return ((r & 0xF8) << 8) | ((g & 0xFC) << 3) | (b >> 3);
                                                                                                                , uint8_t b) {
// For I/O macros that were left undefined, declare function // versions that reference the inline macros just once:
woid Adafruit_TFTLCD::write8(uint8_t value) { write8inline(value); }
#endif
#ifdef read8isFunctionalized
uint8_t Adafruit_TFTLCD::read8fn(void) {
   uint8_t result;
   read8inline(result);
    return result;
 #endif
#ifndef setWriteDir
void Adafruit_TFTLCD::setWriteDir(void) { setWriteDirInline(); }
 #endif
#ifndef setReadDir
void Adafruit_TFTLCD::setReadDir(void) { setReadDirInline(); }
#endif
#ifndef writeRegister8
void Adafruit_TFTLCD::writeRegister8(uint8_t a, uint8_t d) {
    writeRegister8inline(a, d);
#ifndef writeRegister16
void Adafruit_TFTLCD::writeRegister16(uint16_t a, uint16_t d) {
   writeRegister16inline(a, d);
}
#endif
 #ifndef writeRegisterPair
writeRegisterPair(uint8_t aH, uint8_t aL, uint16_t d) {
   writeRegisterPairInline(aH, aL, d);
}
#endif
void Adafruit_TFTLCD::writeRegister24(uint8_t r, uint32_t d) {
    CS_ACTIVE;
    CD_COMMAND;
    CD_COMMAND;
write8(r);
CD_DATA;
delayMicroseconds(10);
write8(d >> 16);
delayMicroseconds(10);
write8(d >> 8);
delayMicroseconds(10);
     write8(d);
    CS_IDLE;
void Adafruit_TFTLCD::writeRegister32(uint8_t r, uint32_t d) {
    CS_ACTIVE;
    CD_COMMAND;
     write8(r);
    CD_DATA;
delayMicroseconds(10);
write8(d >> 24);
   write8(d >> 24);
delayMicroseconds(10);
write8(d >> 16);
delayMicroseconds(10);
write8(d >> 8);
delayMicroseconds(10);
write8(d);
CS_IDLE;
```