Part 2 — Laplace transforms

clear

1. The Laplace transform

Find the Laplace transform of

$$f(t) = 0.0075 - 0.00034e^{-2.5t}\cos(22t) + 0.087e^{-2.5t}\sin(22t) - 0.0072e^{-8t}.$$

```
% make a symbol t
syms t
% the function f(t) represented by MATLAB
f_t = 0.0075 - 0.00034*exp(-2.5*t)*cos(22*t) + ...
     0.087*exp(-2.5*t)*sin(22*t) - 0.0072*exp(-8*t)
```

 $f_{-t} = \frac{87 \sin(22 t) e^{-\frac{5 t}{2}}}{1000} - \frac{17 \cos(22 t) e^{-\frac{5 t}{2}}}{50000} - \frac{9 e^{-8 t}}{1250} + \frac{3}{400}$

The Laplace transform of f(t),

```
% make a symbol s
syms s
% this seems to be the best we can do although it just gives the sum of
% rational expressions instead of a rational expression of polynomials
% because you cannot convert symbol to transfer function
F = laplace(f_t, s)
```

F =

$$\frac{3}{400 \, s} - \frac{9}{1250 \, (s+8)} - \frac{17 \, \left(s + \frac{5}{2}\right)}{50000 \, \left(\left(s + \frac{5}{2}\right)^2 + 484\right)} + \frac{957}{500 \, \left(\left(s + \frac{5}{2}\right)^2 + 484\right)}$$

clear

2. The inverse of the Laplace transform

Find the inverse Laplace transform of

```
% the transfer function to find the inverse Laplace of F = zpk(-[3 5 7], [0 8 roots([1 10 100])'], 2)
```

```
F = 2 (s+3) (s+5) (s+7)
```

```
s (s-8) (s^2 + 10s + 100)
```

Continuous-time zero/pole/gain model.

We can represent the transfer function in Matlab from its roots

```
% make a symbol s
syms s
% get zeros and poles
F_z = F.z\{1\};
F_p = F.p\{1\};
% zeroes and poles that are purely real
F_zr = F_z(imag(F_z) == 0);
F pr = F p(imag(F p) == 0);
% zeroes and poles with negative impaginary part
F zmi = F z(imag(F z) < 0);
F pmi = F p(imag(F p) < 0);
% we don't need the positive imaginary parts because these are just the
% conjugates of the negative ones, and we can get them from the
% negative ones
% multiply the real zeroes/real poles (all linear polynomials)
F_linear = prod(s - F_zr)/prod(s - F_pr);
% multiply in the complex ones (all quadratic polynomials)
F_quadratic = prod(factorFromComplexRoot(F_zmi, s))/...
                    prod(factorFromComplexRoot(F pmi, s));
% multiply linear, quadratic and gain
F_s = F_linear * F_quadratic * F.k(1)
```

```
F_s = \frac{2(s+3)(s+5)(s+7)}{s((s+5)^2+75)(s-8)}
```

Then, the inverse Laplace transform of F(s), make a symbol t

```
syms t

f_t = ilaplace(F_s, t)

f_t = \frac{2145 e^{8t}}{976} + \frac{79 e^{-5t} \left(\cos(5\sqrt{3}t) + 9\sqrt{3}\sin(5\sqrt{3}t)\right)}{1220} - \frac{21}{80}
```

```
function factor = factorFromComplexRoot(complexRoot, s)
```

factorFromComplexRoot(complexRoot, s)

Returns the polynomial factor P(s) that when fixed to 0, gives the given **complexRoot** for polynomial variable **s**.

Input Arguments

complexRoot : double = root for which to find the polynomial

Output Arguments

factor: the factor polynomial P(s) that equals 0 at **s == complexRoot**

```
factor = ((s - real(complexRoot)).^2 + imag(complexRoot).^2);
end % function factorFromComplexRoot(complexRoot, s)
```