### Install Anaconda

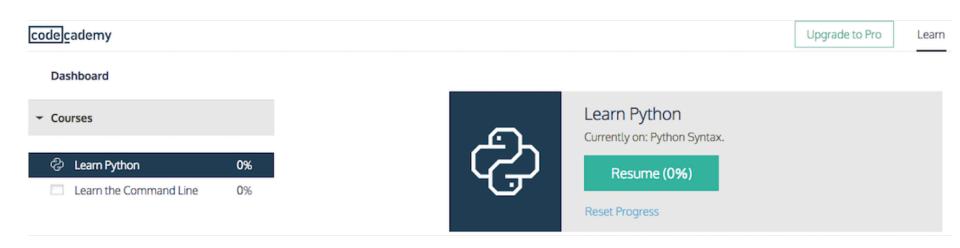
Install anaconda version 2.7 from:

https://www.anaconda.com/download/

It will directly install a lot of useful tools related to python usage to your computer. If your computer refuses to install it, then download python 2.7 here instead:

https://www.python.org/downloads/release/python-2712/

## If you have never programmed



#### Codecademy.com

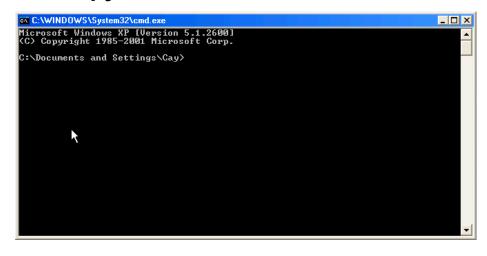
These are self-contained tutorials to get you familiar with python!



#### You need:

1. Windows Command Prompt

It will read python code if you type: **ipython** 



\* If you opened ipython directly from Anaconda no need of starting ipython from the terminal, it is the same thing.

2. A Text editor. You can open scripts there. For example *wordpad*. All the scripts are text files that can be ran bit by bit or at once. Today we want to run them bit by bit.

```
■ NaiveBayes.py - WordPad
                                                               <u>File Edit View Insert Format Help</u>
import os
import sys
def Execute (cmd):
   print "Exec: " + cmd
   os.system(cmd + " >> run.log")
# Check the number of command line arguments
if (len(sys.argv) != 2):
   print "Usage: NaiveBayes.py <basename>"
   sys.exit(1)
base = sys.argv[1]
# Split the data file into training and test cases\
Execute("ITSC Sample -c class -i " + base + ".arff -o trn.arff -t tst.arff -p 0.66")
# Train the classifier
Execute ("ITSC NaiveBayesTrain -c class -i trn.arff -b bayes.txt")
# Apply the classifier
Execute("ITSC NaiveBayesApply -c class -i trn.arff -b bayes.txt -o res trn.arff")
Execute ("ITSC NaiveBayesApply -c class -i tst.arff -b bayes.txt -o res tst.arff")
# Evaluate the results
Execute("ITSC Accuracy -c class -t res trn.arff -v trn.arff -o acc trn.txt")
Execute("ITSC Accuracy -c class -t res tst.arff -v tst.arff -o acc tst.txt")
or Help, press F1
```

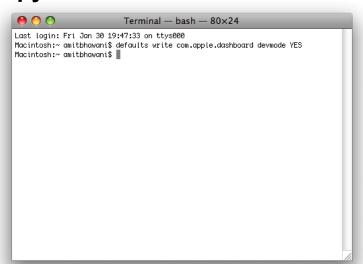


#### You need:



1. Terminal (in Applications/Utilities)

It will read python code if you type: **ipython** 



\* If you opened ipython directly from Anaconda no need of starting ipython from the terminal, it is the same thing.

2. A Text editor. You can open scripts there. For example *TextEdit*. All the scripts are text files that can be ran bit by bit or at once. Today we want to run them bit by bit.

```
ubiquitous_C63CFFE0-FC5F-4BC0-B628-7CF7680AB20D.mailsignature — Edited
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit
Content-Trype: text/html;
charset-ws-ascii
Message-1d: <a href="AB8CA99-4897-4318-B5C1-4DF48788E499@nyc.rr.com">AB8CA99-4897-4318-B5C1-4DF48788E499@nyc.rr.com</a>
Mime-Version: 1.0 (Mac OS X Mail 8.0 \(1055.2\)\
**Shody style="Color: gag(0, 8, 0); letter-spacing: normal; orphans: auto; text-align: start; text-indent: gag( sext-transform: none; white-space: normal; widows: auto; word-spacing: gag; "exbit-troke-width: gag; word-space; break-word; weebkit-mbsp-mode: space; -webkit-text-stroke-width: gag; word-space; break-word; weebkit-nbsp-mode: space; -webkit-line-break: after-white-space; ">This is a temporary placeholder. It will be overwritten later...</a>/body>
```

## Extra tips to get started

# Sublime text is a great looking and very helpful text editor for windows, OS X or linux

https://www.sublimetext.com/

```
void base64_encode(const uint8_t * data, size_t len, char * dst)
    size_t src_idx = 0;
    size_t dst_idx = 0;
     for (; (src_idx + 2) < len; src_idx += 3, dst_idx += 4)</pre>
         uint8_t s0 = data[src_idx];
         uint8 t s1 = data[src_idx + 1];
         uint8_t s2 = data[src_idx + 2];
         dst[dst_idx + 0] = charset[(s0 & 0xfc) >> 2];
         dst[dst_idx + 1] = charset[((s0 & 0x03) << 4) | ((s1 & 0xf0) >> 4)];

dst[dst_idx + 2] = charset[((s1 & 0x0f) << 2) | (s2 & 0xc0) >> 6];
         dst[dst_idx + 3] = charset[(s2 & 0x3f)];
     if (src_idx < len)</pre>
         uint8_t s0 = data[src_idx];
         uint8_t s1 = (src_idx + 1 < len) ? data[src_idx + 1] : 0;
         dst[dst_idx++] = charset[(s0 & 0xfc) >> 2];
         dst[dst_idx++] = charset[((s0 & 0x03) << 4) | ((s1 & 0xf0) >> 4)];
         if (src_idx + 1 < len)
              dst[dst_idx++] = charset[((s1 & 0x0f) << 2)];</pre>
```

## http://tinyurl.com/k9ore9o

- GettingStarted.pdf
  - How to open python on your own computer
- AdvancedBasics.py
  - data structures and python basics
- Summary\_fasta.py
  - Output a brief summary from an input file
- data\_and\_plotting.py
  - process data using python and easy plotting
- resources.txt
  - Some links to a few nice resources