Research Methodology & Technical Writing



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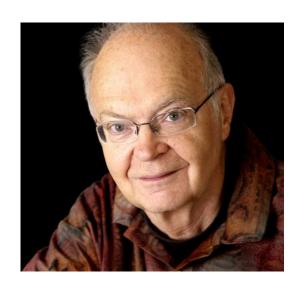
DOCUMENT PREPARATION SYSTEM



LaTex



- TeX is essentially a Markup Language (like HTML, XML and RTF)
- TeX written by **Donald Knuth** in 70's.
 - A revolution in typesetting.
- Latex is an extension of TeX.
- Macro packages to make TeX easier to use.



- LaTeX is a **document preparation** system for high-quality typesetting.
- LaTeX pronounced "lay-tech" or "lah-tech".
 - not like latex gloves!

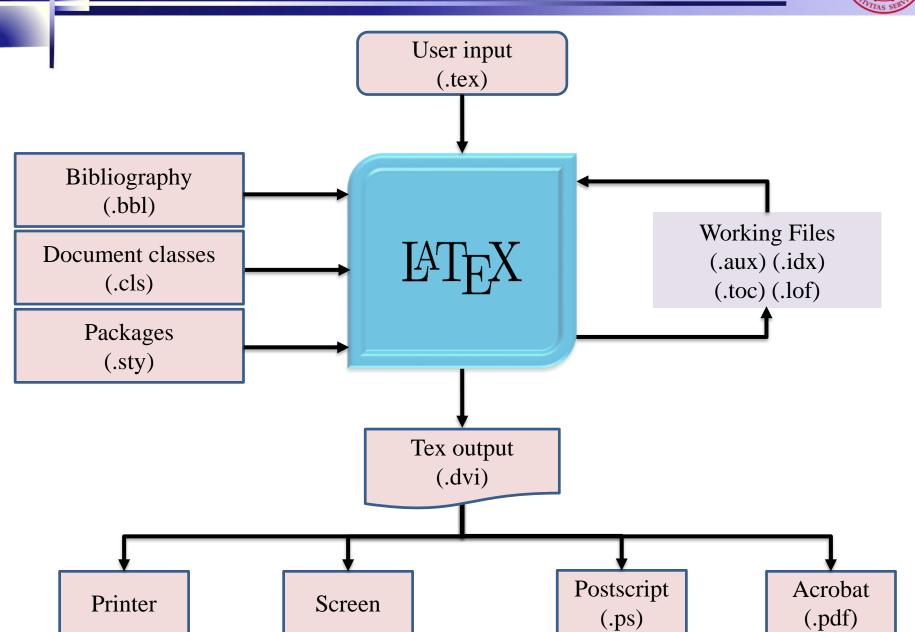
Advantages



- Designed by academics and easily accommodates academic use.
- Good for large documents
- De facto standard for scientific publishing
- Professional typesetting
- Best output
- It is the **standard** for scientific documents
- Processing Mathematical (& other) symbols
- Meaning-based structuring (rather than appearance)
- Knowledgeable and helpful user group
- Its **FREE**!
- Platform independent

The Mechanism





Installation



Compiler

MiKTeX

- MiKTeX is a typesetting system for the Windows.
- Download from www.miktex.org for free
- It is generally recommended to install MiKTeX first, then WinEdt.

WinEdt

- WinEdt is a text editor.
- WinEdt creates the source file (.tex and others).
- Download from <u>www.winedt.com</u> for free for 30 days.
- WinEdt costs \$30.



Installation



Editor

TexStudio

- An integrated writing environment
- For creating LaTeX documents.
- Easy and comfortable
- Syntax-highlighting,
- **Integrated** viewer,
- Reference checking,
- Free.



https://www.texstudio.org/

File Structure



Document Class

• Predefined Formats (article, report, book,..).

Packages used

 Added Functionality (graphics, reference style,...).

• Main Body

• Text and Bibliography References.

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{package name}
\title{Simple Example}
\date{January 2016}
 \begin{document}
    \maketitle
    This is some sample text.
 \end{document}
```

Elements

\end{equation}



\documentclass[options]{class}

```
options = a4paper, 11pt, 12pt, 10pt, twocolumn, landscape,... class = article, report, book,...
```

```
\begin{figure}
\includegraphics{sample}
\begin{equation}
\caption{A sample figure.}
\.....\
\end{figure}
```

Elements



\tableofcontents % generates TOC

\listoftables % generates LOT

\listoffigures % generates LOF

\section{Section Title}

\subsection{Title}

\subsubsection{Title}

\appendix %change numbering schme \chapter % for book and report document c lass

\enumerate % ordered lists with numbering

\itemize % non ordered lists with markers

Cross-referencing



```
\label{marker} \ref{marker} \pageref{marker}
\section{Introduction}
\label{intro}
...
```

As mentioned in section \ref{intro} in page \pageref{intro}

Typesetting



Typesetting Text

- \\ or \newline and \newpage
- Bold \textbf{...... or \bf
- Italics \emph{......} or \textit{......} or \it
- Underline \underline \(\) or \ull

Alignment

\begin{flushright}

Right aligned

\end{flushright}

Font size

\tiny \large

\scriptsize \Large

\footnotesize \LARGE

\small

\normalsize \huge

\Huge

Elements



Tabular

Columns

```
\begin{tabular} {|...|
...|}
\end{tabular}
```

Rows

```
& % Split text into columns
\\ % End a row
\hline % Draw line under row
```

Figure

```
\begin{figure}[ht]
\centering\epsfig{file=uni.ps, width=5cm}
\caption{University of Helsinki}
\label{uni}
\end{figure}
```

Including Figures in main body

\epsfig{file=filename.eps, width=10cm, height=9cm, angle=90}

Bibliography



Citing references in text

```
\cite{cuc98} = (Cuce 1998)
\citeN{cru98} = Crud (1998)
\shortcite{tom98} = (Tom, et. al. 1998)
```

Manually

```
\begin{thebibliography}{}
```

\bibitem[Come95]{Come95} Comer,

D. E., {\it Internetworking with TCP/IP:

Principles, Protocols and Architecture},

volume 1, 3rd edition. Prentice-Hall,

1995.

\end{thebibliography}

Bibtex

@book{Come95,

author="D. E. Comer",

title={Internetworking with TCP/IP: Princip les, Protocols and Architecture},

publisher="Prentice-Hall",

year=1995,

volume=1,

edition="Third"}

Output Formats



- .dvi Device Independent
- .ps Post Script
- .pdf PDF
- .rtf Rich Text Format
- .html HTML
- .xml XML

Overleaf



- Overleaf is a collaborative cloud-based LaTeX editor.
- Used for writing, editing and publishing scientific documents.
- It partners with a wide range of scientific publishers to provide official journal LaTeX templates, and direct submission links.



Final Words: Try and Try ...



- You have already taken your first step by attending this session.
- **Enjoy** writing with LaTeX

Resources



Books

- Leslie Lampert. 1994. LaTeX: A Document Preparation System.
- Helmut Kopta and Patrick W. Daly. 2004.Guide to LaTex
- Frank Mittelbach et al. 2004. The LaTeX Companion



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