

## [Arrays &amp; Pointers]

```
int a[10];
```

```
cout << a
```

or

```
cout << &a
```

SAME!

Gives address of  $a[0]$   
 $\&a[0]$ .

```
cout << *a
```

does not  
take any  
additional  
memory.

$a$  is pointing to  $a[0]$   
 so  $*a$  is the value at  
 that address.

+ Don't try to change  $a$ .

```
cout << sizeof(a)
```

40 bytes

because of symbol  
table and also ' $a$ '  
is not given separate  
memory

(4x10)

$\Rightarrow$  ' $a$ ' is not allotted any  
 separate memory.  $\therefore$  you cannot  
 change ' $a$ '. ' $a$ ' is pointing  
 to ' $a[0]$ ' and remains as it is.

⊛ 

```
int a[6] = {1, 2, 3}
```

assigns other elements as 0 by  
 default.