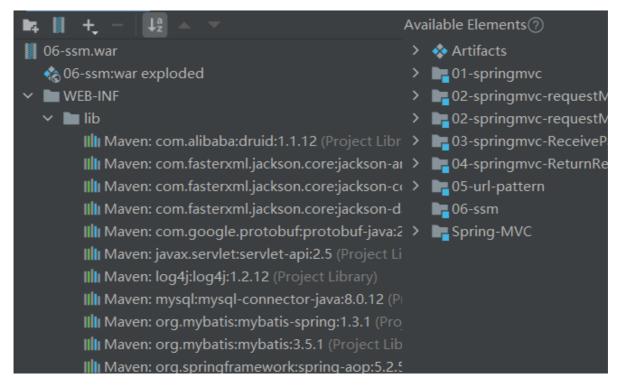
SSM整合步骤, IDEA

一、创建Maven+web工程

IDEA中手动添加web支持的时候,不会默认把Artifacts里面项目的 jar包放到lib包中,这个得自己手动加,如果是采用骨架方式创建的 工程则不用,但是我习惯手动,所以得记住每次弄完需要Artifacts中 手动创建lib文件夹,切记啊,如果你运行tomcat有 NoClassDefFoundError异常,可以看看有没有lib文件夹



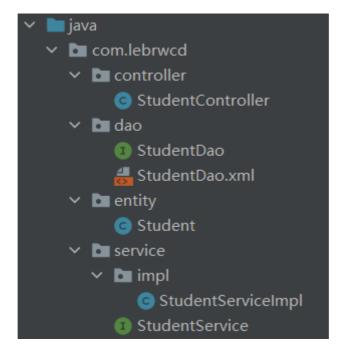
二、pom.xml中添加相关依赖

```
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
   <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
   <version>5.2.5.RELEASE
</dependency>
<!--spring-tx-->
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
   <artifactId>spring-tx</artifactId>
   <version>5.2.5.RELEASE
</dependency>
<!--spring-jdbc-->
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
   <artifactId>spring-jdbc</artifactId>
   <version>5.2.5.RELEASE
</dependency>
<!--servlet-->
<dependency>
   <groupId>javax.servlet
   <artifactId>servlet-api</artifactId>
   <version>2.5</version>
</dependency>
<!--springmvc-->
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
   <artifactId>spring-webmvc</artifactId>
   <version>5.2.5.RELEASE
</dependency>
<!--jackson插件-->
<dependency>
   <groupId>com.fasterxml.jackson.core
   <artifactId>jackson-core</artifactId>
   <version>2.9.0</version>
</dependency>
<!--jackson插件-->
<dependency>
   <groupId>com.fasterxml.jackson.core</groupId>
   <artifactId>jackson-databind</artifactId>
   <version>2.9.0</version>
</dependency>
<!--mybatis-spring-->
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.mybatis
   <artifactId>mybatis-spring</artifactId>
   <version>1.3.1
</dependency>
<!--mybatis-->
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.mybatis
   <artifactId>mybatis</artifactId>
   <version>3.5.1</version>
</dependency>
<!--连接池-->
<dependency>
   <groupId>com.alibaba/groupId>
   <artifactId>druid</artifactId>
   <version>1.1.12
```

```
</dependency>
       <!--log4j日志工具-->
       <dependency>
           <groupId>log4j</groupId>
           <artifactId>log4j</artifactId>
           <version>1.2.12
       </dependency>
       <!--mysq1驱动-->
       <dependency>
           <groupId>mysql</groupId>
           <artifactId>mysql-connector-java</artifactId>
           <version>8.0.12
       </dependency>
   </dependencies>
   <!--当你出现这个异常
org.apache.ibatis.binding.BindingException: Invalid bound statement (not found),
尝试配置以下语句-->
   <build>
       <resources>
           <resource>
               <directory>src/main/java</directory>
               <includes>
                   <!--生成配置文件-->
                   <include>**/*.xml</include>
               </includes>
           </resource>
       </resources>
   </build>
</project>
```

```
用于在classes目录下生成配置文件
<build>
       <resources>
           <resource>
               <directory>src/main/java</directory>
               <includes>
                   <!--生成配置文件-->
                   <include>**/*.xml</include>
               </includes>
           </resource>
           <resource>
               <directory>src/main/resources</directory>
               <includes>
                   <!--生成配置文件-->
                   <include>**/*.xml</include>
                   <include>**/*.properties</include>
               </includes>
           </resource>
       </resources>
   </build>
```

三、创建相关包, controller, service, dao, entity



四、配置文件,包括spring配置文件,springMVC配置文件,mybatis主配置文件,mybatis映射文件,日志配置文件,jdbc配置文件

```
    ✓ ■ resources
    ✓ ■ conf
    ♣ applicationContext.xml
    ♣ dispacherServlet.xml
    ♣ jdbc.properties
    ♣ log.properties
    ♣ mybatis.xml
```

1.spring配置文件:applicationContext.xml

主要负责:声明service,dao,工具类,事务配置

```
<bean id="dataSource" class="${dataSource}">
       roperty name="url" value="${jdbc.url}"/>
       cproperty name="username" value="${jdbc.user}"/>
       cproperty name="password" value="${jdbc.password}"/>
   </bean>
   <!--SqlSessionFactory-->
   <bean id="sqlSessionFactory"</pre>
class="org.mybatis.spring.SqlSessionFactoryBean">
       <!--数据源-->
       roperty name="dataSource" ref="dataSource"/>
       <!--Mybatis主配置文件路径-->
       cproperty name="configLocation" value="classpath:conf/mybatis.xml"/>
   </bean>
   <!--动态代理对象,用于创建dao接口的实现类,采用动态代理方式,
       默认实现类名称是dao接口首字母小写-->
   <bean class="org.mybatis.spring.mapper.MapperScannerConfigurer">
       roperty name="sqlSessionFactoryBeanName" value="sqlSessionFactory"/>
       cproperty name="basePackage" value="com.lebrwcd.dao"/>
   </bean>
</beans>
```

2.springMVC配置文件:dispacherServlet.xml(名字随意,推荐这个)

主要负责:声明controller,视图解析器等web开发中的对象

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</pre>
      xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
      xmlns:context="http://www.springframework.org/schema/context"
      xmlns:mvc="http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc"
      xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd
http://www.springframework.org/schema/context
https://www.springframework.org/schema/context/spring-context.xsd
http://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc
https://www.springframework.org/schema/mvc/spring-mvc.xsd">
   <!--springmvc容器,负责视图解析器,控制器对象,springmvc以注解开发为主,所以也需要
   声明一个注解驱动,注解驱动的作用很大-->
   <!--组件扫描器-->
   <context:component-scan base-package="com.lebrwcd.controller"/>
   <! --视图解析器-->
class="org.springframework.web.servlet.view.InternalResourceViewResolver">
       cproperty name="prefix" value="/WEB-INF/view/"/>
       roperty name="suffix" value=".html"/>
   </bean>
   <!--注册注解驱动(核心)-->
    <mvc:annotation-driven/>
</beans>
```

3.mybatis主配置文件:mybatis.xml

主要负责:起别名,这样mapper映射文件就可以采用别名机制,同时指定mapper 文件的位置

4.mybatis映射文件: xxxxDao.xml

主要负责:编写sql语句,与数据库进行交互返回数据,mybatis映射文件一般放在dao包中,与dao接口名字一致

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<!DOCTYPE mapper
       PUBLIC "-//mybatis.org//DTD Mapper 3.0//EN"
       "http://mybatis.org/dtd/mybatis-3-mapper.dtd">
<!--namespace是dao接口的全限定名称-->
<mapper namespace="com.lebrwcd.dao.StudentDao">
   <!--插入学生-->
   <insert id="insertStudent">
       insert into t_student(id,name,email,age)values (#{id},#{name},#{email},#
{age});
   </insert>
   <! --查询学生-->
   <!--只有select语句才有resultType-->
   <select id="selectStudent" resultType="Student">
      select id,name,email,age from t_student order by id desc;
   </select>
</mapper>
```

5.其他配置文件(可选)

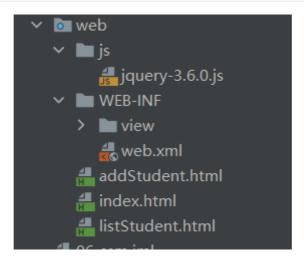
log4j

```
log4j.rootLogger=DEBUG,Console
log4j.appender.Console=org.apache.log4j.ConsoleAppender
log4j.appender.Console.layout=org.apache.log4j.PatternLayout
log4j.appender.Console.layout.ConversionPattern=%d [%t] %-5p [%c] - %m%n
log4j.logger.org.apache=INFO
```

jdbc属性资源配置文件

```
dataSource=com.alibaba.druid.pool.DruidDataSource
jdbc.driver=com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver
jdbc.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/springdb
jdbc.user=root
jdbc.password=wcd0209
```

五、web层的配置



web.xml文件的配置

主要负责: ContextLoaderListener的声明(spring配置文件),作用是创建WebapplicationContext,可以使得其可以在servletContext的作用域中,WebapplicationContext只创建一次;中央调度器的创建DispacherServlet(springMVC配置文件);字符串过滤器的创建:防止post请求乱码

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<web-app xmlns="http://xmlns.jcp.org/xml/ns/javaee"</pre>
         xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
         xsi:schemaLocation="http://xmlns.jcp.org/xml/ns/javaee
http://xmlns.jcp.org/xml/ns/javaee/web-app_4_0.xsd"
         version="4.0">
    <!--ContextLoaderListener-->
   <context-param>
        <param-name>contextConfigLocation</param-name>
       <param-value>classpath:conf/applicationContext.xml</param-value>
   </context-param>
   listener-
class>org.springframework.web.context.ContextLoaderListener</listener-class>
   </listener>
   <!--log4j-->
   <!--字符集过滤器-->
   <filter>
       <filter-name>characterEncodingFilter</filter-name>
class>org.springframework.web.filter.CharacterEncodingFilter</filter-class>
       <init-param>
```

```
<param-name>encoding</param-name>
           <param-value>UTF-8</param-value>
       </init-param>
       <init-param>
           <param-name>forceRequestEncoding</param-name>
           <param-value>true</param-value>
       </init-param>
       <init-param>
           <param-name>forceResponseEncoding</param-name>
            <param-value>true</param-value>
       </init-param>
   </filter>
   <filter-mapping>
       <filter-name>characterEncodingFilter</filter-name>
       <url-pattern>/*</url-pattern>
   </filter-mapping>
   <!--中央调度器-->
   <servlet>
       <servlet-name>dispatcherServlet</servlet-name>
       <servlet-
class>org.springframework.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet</servlet-class>
       <init-param>
           <param-name>contextConfigLocation</param-name>
            <param-value>classpath:conf/dispacherServlet.xml</param-value>
       </init-param>
       <load-on-startup>1</load-on-startup>
   </servlet>
   <servlet-mapping>
       <servlet-name>dispatcherServlet</servlet-name>
       <!--urlpattern可以是*.do或者/, /的话就成为了默认servlet,访问不了静态资源,
           需要配置-->
       <url-pattern>*.do</url-pattern>
   </servlet-mapping>
</web-app>
```

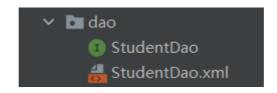
=====到这,基本环境已经搭建完毕========

例子:简易完成学生的注册与查询

数据库:

字段	索引	外键	触发器	选项	注释	SQL 预览						
名						类型	长度	小数点	不是 null	虚拟	键	3
i d						int	10		~		P 1	
name	,					varchar	255		~			
email						varchar	255		~			
age						int	10		~			

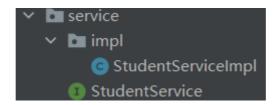
dao:



```
package com.lebrwcd.dao;
import com.lebrwcd.entity.Student;
import java.util.List;

public interface StudentDao {
    int insertStudent(Student student);
    List<Student> selectStudent();
}
```

sevice:



```
package com.lebrwcd.service;
import com.lebrwcd.entity.Student;
import java.util.List;

public interface StudentService {
   int addStudent(Student student);
   List<Student> querryStudent();
}
```

```
package com.lebrwcd.service.impl;

import com.lebrwcd.dao.StudentDao;
import com.lebrwcd.entity.Student;
import com.lebrwcd.service.StudentService;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
```

```
import java.util.List;
/*sevice注解,由于spring配置文件中声明了组件扫描器
<context:component-scan base-package="com.lebrwcd.service"/>
所以之后spring之后会创建service对象,StudentDao是引用类型,才有@Autowired或者@Resource
完成对象的创建*/
@service
public class StudentServiceImpl implements StudentService {
   @Autowired
   private StudentDao studentDao;
   @override
   public int addStudent(Student student) {
       return studentDao.insertStudent(student);
   @override
   public List<Student> querryStudent() {
       return studentDao.selectStudent();
   }
}
```

entity实体类:

```
package com.lebrwcd.entity;
public class Student {
   private Integer id;
   private String name;
   private String email;
   private Integer age;
   public Student() {
   public Integer getId() {
        return id;
    public void setId(Integer id) {
       this.id = id;
   public String getName() {
        return name;
    }
   public void setName(String name) {
       this.name = name;
    }
    public String getEmail() {
        return email;
    public void setEmail(String email) {
        this.email = email;
```

```
public Integer getAge() {
    return age;
}

public void setAge(Integer age) {
    this.age = age;
}

@override
public String toString() {
    return "Student{" +
        "id=" + id +
        ", name="" + name + '\'' +
        ", email='" + email + '\'' +
        "};
}
```

controller:

```
package com.lebrwcd.controller;
import com.lebrwcd.service.StudentService;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Controller;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.ResponseBody;
import org.springframework.web.servlet.ModelAndView;
import com.lebrwcd.entity.Student;
import javax.annotation.Resource;
import java.util.List;
/*@RequestMapping注解放在类上,value值是模板 /student/add.do
                                          /student/querry.do */
@RequestMapping("/student")
@Controller
public class StudentController {
   //service对象
   @Resource
   private StudentService studentService;
   //学生注册
   @RequestMapping(value = "/add.do")
   public ModelAndView doAdd(Student student){
       ModelAndView mv = new ModelAndView();
       int count = studentService.addStudent(student);
       if(count > 0 ){
           //添加成功
           mv.setViewName("success");
       }else{
           //注册失败
           mv.setViewName("error");
       }
       return mv;
   }
```

```
//查询学生列表
@RequestMapping(value = "/querry.do")
@ResponseBody
public List<Student> doQuerry(){
    return studentService.querryStudent();
}
```

首页:

添加学生:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <title>学生注册</title>
</head>
<body>
<div align="center">
  <form action="student/add.do" method="post">
     用户id
           <input type="text" name="id">
        用户名
           <input type="text" name="name">
        用户邮箱
           <input type="text" name="email">
        年龄
           <input type="text" name="age">
        <input type="submit" value="注册">
```

```
</form>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

学生列表:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <title>学生列表</title>
   <script type="text/javascript" src="js/jquery-3.6.0.js"></script>
   <script type="text/javascript">
      $(function (){
          //点击学生列表超链接就可以显示所有学生信息表格
          getStudentInfo();
          $("#doAjax").click(function () {
             //发送ajax请求
             getStudentInfo();
          });
          function getStudentInfo(){
             $.ajax({
                url:"student/querry.do",
                dataType:"json",
                success : function (response){
                    //清空
                    $("#stuInfo").empty();
                    $.each(response,function (i,n){
                       $("#stuInfo").append(
                           "" +
                           "" + n.id +""
                          +""+ n.name +""
                          +"" + n.email +""
                          +"" + n.age + ""+
                          ""
                       )
                   })
                }
             });
          }
      });
   </script>
</head>
<body>
   <div align="center">
      查看学生列表<button id="doAjax">获取学生信息</button>
      <thead>
             id
                name
                email
                age
```

loca	alhost:8080/06	6_ssm/				
下	广软导航网	C (5条消息) CSDN	译 百度翻译-200种语	岁 有道首页	◎ 正则表达式 – 教科	呈 💪 力扣 (LeetCode)
					学生	注册
					<u>学生</u>	<u>列表</u>
		用户id				
		用户名				
		用户邮箱				
		年龄				
		注册				
		/11/1/				
		用户id	222			
		用户名	张三			
		用户邮箱	zs@163.cn			
		年龄	46			
		注册				

查看学生列表 获取学生信息

id	name	email	age
222	张三	zs@163.cn	46
81	wxx	wxx@qq.com	16
75	yr	yr@qqqq.cn	19
56	wsd	wsd@184.com	18
45	las	las@dd.com	45
31	chx	chx@hh.cn	21
15	trr	trr@qq.cn	16
14	wws	wws@qq.com	15
13	wkkd	wkkd@ee.com	19
12	wad	wad@qq.com	14
7	ppcdha	ppha@qq.com	18

简易版,有很多不规范的地方,请谅解,但主要是演示ssm整合的步骤

整合步骤出现的异常:

org.apache.ibatis.binding.BindingExcept ion: Invalid bound statement (not found)

网络搜集方案:

Invalid bound statement (not found)错误的可能原因

其他原因导致此问题解决参考:

1.检查xml文件所在package名称是否和Mapper interface所在的包名

```
<mapper namespace="me.tspace.pm.dao.UserDao">
```

mapper的namespace写的不对!!! 注意系修改。

- 2.UserDao的方法在UserDao.xml中没有,然后执行UserDao的方法会报此
- 3. UserDao的方法返回值是List<User>,而select元素没有正确配置ResultMap,或者只配置ResultType!
- 4. 如果你确认没有以上问题,请任意修改下对应的xml文件,比如删除一个空行,保存.问题解决
- 5.看下mapper的XML配置路径是否正确

```
mybatis:
#配置mapper xml文件所在的路径
mapper-locations: classpath*:com/fz/hr/modules/dao/**/*.xml
p#配置映射类所在的包名
type-aliases-package: com.fz.hr.modules.domain
```

如果如上办法都解决不了,可以尝试在pom.xml中增加如下配置:

src/main/java

*/.xml

java.lang.NoClassDefFoundError: org/springframework/dao/support/DaoS upport

尝试在pom.xml中添加spring-tx依赖