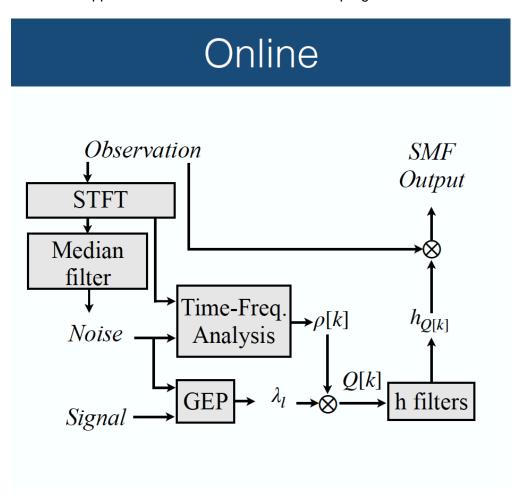
SMF Online application example and comparison to MF

Before to be able to run the online application of the SMF:

- 1. run Offline_save_Z-call.m to simulate the signal and estimate its covariance matrix,
- 2. run Offline_save_filterbank.m to design the filter bank that maximizes the output SNR.

The online application of the SMF executed in this program is illustrated here:



For easy use, required matrices are already saved in the *Offline_saved* folder. A small toy dataset with ABW calls at various SNR is provided (*RR44_2013_D151.wav*). It consists of a 24h record from OBS RR44 deployed during the RHUM-RUM experiment.

```
clearvars
close all
clc

addpath ../Functions
addpath ../Offline_saved
```

Load signal 10 min starting at 12.34

```
% Load file
name = '../RR44_2013_D151.wav';
```

```
padding = 1; %(min)
duration = 10 + padding; %(min)
begin_time = 12.34;

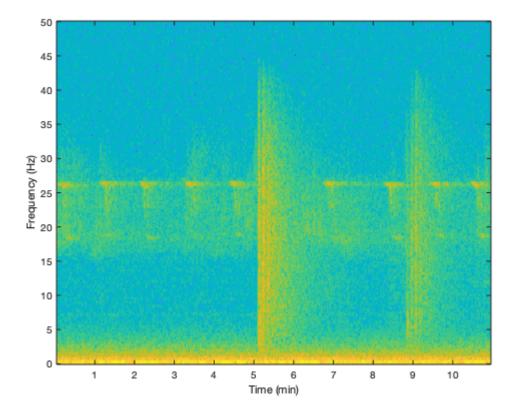
[x, fs] = cutfile_generalized(name, begin_time, duration);
Tx = (length(x)-1)/fs; % Signal duration (s)
tx = 0:1/fs:Tx; % temporal axis (s)
M = length(x);
```

Spectrogram

```
% Spectrogram parameters
fft_size = 512;
overlap = 98; % \% de recouvrement

[stft,f,t,p] = spectrogram(x/max(x),hann(fft_size),round((overlap/100)*fft_size),fft_s:
p = 10*log10(p);

figure
imagesc(t/60,f,p)
axis xy; axis tight;
xlabel('Time (min)');
ylabel('Frequency (Hz)');
set(gca,'clim',[-155 2])
```



Online application of the Stochastic Matched Filter

Loading signal covariance, noise and SNR estimation

WARNING: The median filter size is set MANUALLY to be about duration of the Z-cal in the TF representation

WARNING: In this function, the SNR is estimated for the Z-call frequency band, if applied to an other signal, change frequency boundary inside the function *zcall_rsb_calc*.

```
% Load signal covariance matrix and eigenvectors
load s_whale.mat;
N = length(covs);

% Definition of the size of the median filter for background noise
% estimation AND SNR estimation
% The median filter size =~ duration of the Z-cal in the TF representation
med_win_size = 201;

% Observation noise estimation preprocessing + SNR estimation
[covn, Qmax,snr] = SMF_noise_rsb_preprocess_median_phase(x,fs,fft_size,overlap,N,med_wing)
```

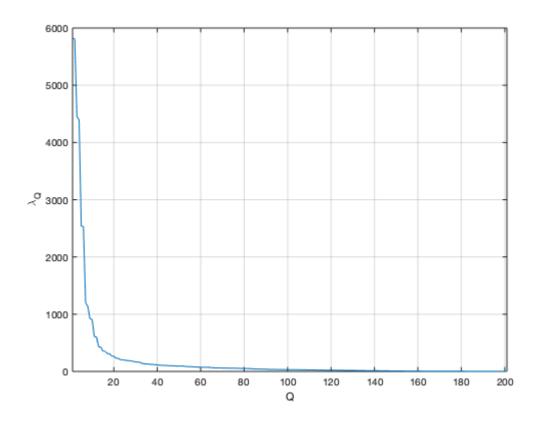
Generalized Eigenvalue Problem

```
% For Lambda estimation
load('filtre_lambda.mat')

% Limit the max number of filter, Qmax
[~,b] = size(h);
if b < Qmax, Qmax = b; end; clear a b

% Estimation of the observation's eigenvalues
Lambda_zcall = SMF_GEP_lambda(vecs, covs, covn, Qmax);

figure
plot(1:Qmax, Lambda_zcall)
xlabel('Q'); ylabel('\lambda_Q')
xlim([1 Qmax])
grid on</pre>
```



"Real time" application

```
% This is conducted using a sliding window to insure stationarity
% Empty matrix declaration
s = zeros(1, M);
Q = zeros(1, M); % <=> Q !!
z = z = z = (1, M+N-1);
% if even or odd
if mod(N, 2) == 0
    z_0(N/2:end-N/2) = x;
    z_0((N+1)/2:end-(N-1)/2) = x;
end
% Application of the SMF filters
for n=1:M
    % Window the observation (we're looking at the center sample)
    zm = z 0 (n:n+N-1);
    \ensuremath{\text{\%}} Estimation of the number of filters Q to apply to the center sample (n)
    % Q = number of (eigenvalues * snr) > 1 at the discreet time n
    Q(n) = sum((abs(Lambda zcall)*snr(n))>1);
    % If none are >1, we only take the first filter
    if Q(n) \le 0, Q(n) = 1; end % Q must be >=1
    % Application of the filter to the observation
```

```
s(n) = zm*h(:,Q(n)); % Reconstruction du signal
  clear zm
end
```

MF compared to the SMF + MF

Application

```
% reference signal zero-padding
s Opadded = zeros(1, length(x));
s \ Opadded(1:N) = s \ whale ;
% MF on band-pass filtered observation
[b,a]=butter(20,15/(fs/2),'high'); x filt = filter(b,a,x); % Filtrage des frequences er
[b,a]=butter(30,30/(fs/2),'low'); x filt = filter(b,a,x filt); % Filtrage des frequence
CORR MF interm = xcorr(x filt, s Opadded, 'coef');
CORR MF interm = CORR MF interm(M-floor(N/2):end-floor(N/2));
CORR MF = zeros(1, M);
% SMF + MF
CORR SMF = zeros(1, M);
CORR_SMF_interm = xcorr(s,s_Opadded,'coef');
CORR SMF interm = CORR SMF interm (M-floor(N/2):end-floor(N/2));
% Correlation max
win size = 200;
for j = 1 : M - win size
     CORR_MF(j+floor(win_size/2)) = max( CORR_MF_interm(j:j+win_size));
    CORR SMF(j+floor(win size/2)) = max(CORR SMF interm(j:j+win size));
end
```

Remove the 1 minute padding

```
% Spectrogram
debspc = find(t/60>= padding/2,1);
finspc = find(t/60>=duration-padding/2,1);
p = p(:,debspc:finspc);
t = linspace(0,duration,length(p));

% On time vectors
deb = find(tx/60>= padding/2,1);
fin = find(tx/60>=duration-padding/2,1);

Tx_new = Tx - padding*60;
tx_new = (0:1/fs:Tx_new-1/fs)/60;
M = length(tx_new);
s = s(deb:fin);
x = x(deb:fin);
x_filt = x_filt(deb:fin);
snr = snr(deb:fin);
```

```
Q = Q(deb:fin);
CORR_SMF = CORR_SMF(deb:fin);
CORR_MF = CORR_MF(deb:fin);
```

Plot

The call are visually annotated to be displayed on the subplots

```
pres_zcall_time = [0.57 1.55 2.72 3.87 6.17 7.71 8.86 9.89];
corr_shift = 0.22;
pres_zcall_time = pres_zcall_time+0.18;
```

The different subplots are

- (a) Spectrogram
- (b) waveform of the input observation pass-band-filtered between 15 and 30 Hz and, in yellow the signal reconstructed by the SMF
- (c) MF max. when applied to the band-pass observation (the blue waveform of b)
- (d) MF max when applied to the SMF output (the yellow waveform of b)

```
fontsize = 10;
fig = figure;
subplot(4,1,1);
imagesc(t/60, f, p);
axis xy; axis tight; %colormap gray
ylabel('Freq. (Hz)');
title('(a)')
set(gca, 'fontsize', fontsize);
subplot(4,1,2)
plot(tx_new,x_filt/max(x_filt))
hold on
plot(tx new, (s/max(x filt)), 'Color', [0.9290 0.6940 0.1250])
plot(pres_zcall_time, 1.1*ones(size(pres_zcall_time)), 'v', 'Color', [0.8500 0.3250 0.0980]
grid on
ylabel('Ampli. Norm.')
leg1 = legend(' $z_{[15 - 30]Hz}(k)$','$\widetilde{s}_{Q[k]}(k)$','Location','South');
set(leg1, 'Interpreter', 'latex');
xlim([0 Tx new/60])
ylim([-1.3 1.3])
title('(b)') % IN/OUT
set(gca, 'fontsize', fontsize);
box on
subplot(4,1,3)
title('(c)')
hold on
plot(tx_new, (CORR_MF))
plot(pres zcall_time,corr_shift*ones(size(pres zcall time)),'v','Color',[0.8500 0.3250
xlim([0 Tx new/60]); grid on
ylabel('MF')
```

```
set(gca, 'fontsize', fontsize);
ylim([0 0.25])
box on
subplot(4,1,4)
title('(c)')
hold on
plot(tx new, CORR SMF)
plot(pres_zcall_time, 0.22*ones(size(pres_zcall_time)), 'v', 'Color', [0.8500 0.3250 0.0980
xlim([0 Tx new/60]); grid on
xlabel('Time (min)')
ylabel('SMF + MF')
hold on
ylim([0 0.25])
set(gca, 'fontsize', fontsize);
box on
subplot(4,1,2)
xlim([0.00 10.00])
ylim([-1.3 1.3])
legend(\{'\z \{[15 - 30]Hz\}(k)\','\\widetilde\{s\} \{Q[k]\}(k)\','\Location','south')
```

