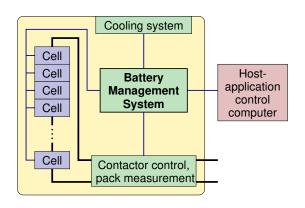
BMS requirement 5: Diagnostics



- So far, we have looked at BMS requirements 1 through 4
- We now consider final requirement 5, diagnostics
 - □ Abuse detection, state-of-health (SOH) estimation, state-of-life (SOL) estimation



Dr. Gregory L. Plett University of Colorado Colorado Springs

Introduction to Battery Management Systems | BMS Design Requirements 2-5 1 of 6

1.4.7: What kinds of diagnostics must a BMS report?

External abuse detection



- BMS often is not in control of battery-pack destiny
- Provides guidance to host application, which host might ignore
- BMS must detect and log external abuse: violation of voltage, current, power, temperature limits



Log for warranty and post-mortem diagnostics

Dr. Gregory L. Plett | University of Colorado Colorado Springs

Introduction to Battery Management Systems | BMS Design Requirements 2–5 | 2 of 6

1.4.7: What kinds of diagnostics must a BMS report?

Internal failure detection



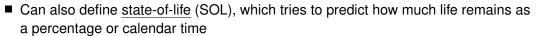
- BMS must detect and log
 - □ Voltage-, current-, temperature-sensor failures
 - □ Failures of balancing system
 - Contactor failure
 - ☐ Fan or pump failures, loss of coolant
 - Loss of communications, garbled or missing messages from host



State-of-health (SOH)



- BMS must report a battery state-of-health (SOH) estimate
- Not precisely defined; generally, quantifies cell aging to date
- Two measurable indicators change as cell ages naturally
 - □ Capacity decreases 20 % to 30 %: (capacity fade)
 - □ Resistance increases 50 % to 100 %: (power fade)
- Estimating R_k and Q_k as the pack operates will give indicators of life. We study this in course 4



☐ Issue: Future rate of cell abuse and aging may differ from past



Dr. Gregory L. Plett University of Colorado Colorado Springs

Introduction to Battery Management Systems | BMS Design Requirements 2–5 | 4 of 6

1.4.7: What kinds of diagnostics must a BMS report?

Summary



- Final BMS requirement we look at is diagnostics
- Need to be able to detect and log external failures that impact battery
- Need to be able to detect and log internal failures that impact battery
- Need to be able to monitor SOH due to normal degradation processes
- May need to predict SOL as well

Dr. Gregory L. Plett University of Colorado Colorado Springs

Introduction to Battery Management Systems | BMS Design Requirements 2-5

1.4.7: What kinds of diagnostics must a BMS report?

Credits



Credits for photos in this lesson

■ Puffy iPhone battery cell on slide 2: By Mpt-matthew (Own work) [CC BY-SA 3.0 (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/3.0)], cropped from https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:

Expanded_lithium-ion_polymer_battery_from_an_Apple_iPhone_3GS.jpg ■ Failed capacitors on slide 3: By Fromthehill [CC BY-SA 3.0

(http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/3.0)], via Wikimedia Commons, https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Nichicon_2200uF_6.3V_swollen_ leaking_capacitors_Compaq_year_2001_motherboard.jpg (cropped)

"Dead" cell on slide 4: Pixabay license (https://pixabay.com/en/service/license/), https://pixabay.com/en/dead-battery-leak-leakage-charge-1623377/