

1. I am not using C, but i do use UDP socket

## RawDatagramSocket abstract class

Extends: [Stream](#)

The [RawDatagramSocket](#) is a low-level interface to an UDP socket, exposing the raw events signaled by the system. It's a [Stream](#) of [RawSocketEvents](#).

Note that the event [READ\\_CLOSED](#) will never be received as an UDP socket cannot be closed by a remote peer.

### 2.Execution instruction

a.cd b01902102\_hw2/

b "pub get"

c. cd bin/

d. "dart b01902102\_hw1\_send.dart", "dart b01902102\_hw1\_recv.dart", "dart b01902102\_hw1\_agent.dart", run three programs on each terminal.It is fine to ran them in any order.

### 3.What you do, and how you do it

packet:

a. List of integer (each int is 7-16 bit)

b. [[type](#), [position 5](#), 6 of sn([\\_XXXX](#)), [position 3](#). 4 of sn, [position 1](#), 2 of sn, [targetIp's 1st number](#), [targetIp's 2nd number](#), [target Ip's 3rd number](#), [target Ip's 4th number](#), [target port/100](#), [target port%100](#), [self Ip's 1st number](#), [self Ip's 2nd number](#), [self Ip's 3rd number](#), [self Ip's 4th number](#), [self port/100](#), [self port%100](#), data(length:100).....]

send:

a. bind at 127.0.0.1

b. read the file, determine how many part the file should be cut(N). [new a list of size N](#), and filed with false, to check whether the whole file is sent, and to compute the which part of file should be send in next window.

c. start listener, when it receive ack:

1. check whether the sn of ack is in current window.

2. if not, ignore it. (to avoid write to unexpected memory area)

3. Otherwise, cancel timer, [flag sent for current window](#)(to check whether the window is done), and [all file](#)(to check whether the whole file is sent, and to compute the which part of file should be send in next window).

4. to check whether the sent packets in current window receive ack. if so, adjust the convection control, move the point to point to next package should send. and call

[\\_sendWindow\(\)](#).

d. call [\\_sendWindow\(\)](#)

e. in [\\_sendWindow\(\)](#):

1. new timer list and **flag list**(to check which received ack)
  2. a for loop to send packet in current window
  3. check whether sn is bigger the last packet, if so new Timer that do nothing when wake, and **flag received ack**(to avoid write to unexpected memory area)
  4. Otherwise, send packet(use **\_current** and **\_last** to know whether is retransmission).
- And then, add new to list of timers, when send each package
5. when timer wake(time out), cancel other timer, adjust convection control, call **\_sendWindow()**.

```
recv  ack  #4159
recv  ack  #4160
recv  ack  #4162
time  out, threshold = 2
resend data #4161, winSize = 1
recv  ack  #4161
resend data #4162, winSize = 2
send  data #4163, winSize = 2
recv  ack  #4162
```

receiver:

- a. if the file with the filename, delete file, and then create file with the filename.
- b. start listener:
  1. if recv FIN, cancel the listen, close program
  2. else if recv ACK, ignore it.
  3. else(recv PSH), push to buffer(call **buffer.push(data, sn)**).
  4. if already write to file or in buffer, return 0. else if buffer is full or should not accept in current buffer(e.g. recv 34, when buffer only accept 1-32) return -1, else, push to buffer, **buffer.\_filled++**(how may package in buffer), **index[sn%size] = true** and then return 1.
  5. if return value is 1 || 0, send ack. else (-1), drop the packet, and judge whether the buffer is full. if full, flush(call **buffer.popAll()** and write to file). Otherwise, do nothing.
  6. when call **buffer.popAll()**, **buffer.\_filled = 0**, **buffer.\_round = 0**(to present 1-32, 33-64 or.... should accept), all in **\_indexes = false**(present which index has store packet);

```
send  ack  #726
recv  data #725
send  ack  #725
ignore data #726
send  ack  #726
recv  data #727
```

```
ignore data #19
send  ack  #19
recv  data #31
send  ack  #31
recv  data #32
send  ack  #32
drop  data #33
flush
recv  data #33
send  ack  #33
```

agent:

- a. initial with recvNum = 0, dropNum = 0,
- b. parse received packet,
- c. if is type of PSH, recvNum++, than random an double, if the double small then 0.1, drop the packet. otherwise forward it, dropNum++.
- d. if type != PSH, forward it.

```
fwd data #623, loss rate = 0.11961722488038277
get data #624
fwd data #624, loss rate = 0.11947431302270012
get data #625
fwd data #625, loss rate = 0.11933174224343675
get data #626
drop data #626, loss rate = 0.12038140643623362
get ack #623
fwd ack #623
```

#### 4. Challenging issues and solutions

- a. how to determine which packet should sent in next window when sb time out.
  - > at first after recv a ack, I will set `_lastestSn` = sn when last = an-1, but it would have problem when recv 5 3 4. Finally, I use a list of size N to flag which recv ack, and go through it to find the `_lastestSn`.
- b. call sendWindow in for loop? but I don't know how to call asynchronism function in in for loop, when I don't know how many loop.
  - > call send window when timeout or recv ack.
- c. sequence Number and port overflow.
  - > parse sequence number to three part i.e.  $(sn/10000).floor()$ ,  $((sn\%10000)/100).floor()$ , and  $sn \% 100$
  - > parse port to two part. i.e  $(port/100).floor()$ ,  $port \% 100$