# FE8828 Programming Web Applications in Finance

Week 5 Building Financial Applications

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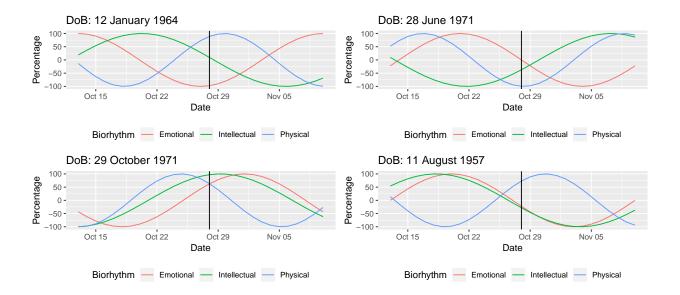
#### Lecture 10: Building Financial Applications

#### Starter

```
# biorhythm.R
library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)
library(ggplot2)
biorhythm <- function(dob, target = Sys.Date()) {</pre>
  dob <- as.Date(dob)</pre>
  target <- as.Date(target)</pre>
  t <- round(as.numeric(difftime(target, dob)))
  days \leftarrow (t - 14) : (t + 14)
  period <- tibble(Date = seq.Date(from = target - 15, by = 1, length.out = 29),</pre>
                        Physical = sin (2 * pi * days / 23) * 100,
                        Emotional = sin (2 * pi * days / 28) * 100,
                        Intellectual = sin (2 * pi * days / 33) * 100)
  period <- gather(period, key = "Biorhythm", value = "Percentage", -Date)</pre>
  ggplot(period, aes(x = Date, y = Percentage, col = Biorhythm)) +
    geom_line() +
    ggtitle(paste("DoB:", format(dob, "%d %B %Y"))) +
    geom_vline(xintercept = as.numeric(target)) +
    theme(legend.position = "bottom")
```

#### Starter - Result

```
# I took four people's birthdays. Hope they are in good mode today.
g1 <- biorhythm("1964-01-12", Sys.Date())
g2 <- biorhythm("1971-06-28", Sys.Date())
g3 <- biorhythm("1971-10-29", Sys.Date())
g4 <- biorhythm("1957-08-11", Sys.Date())
grid.arrange(g1, g2, g3, g4, ncol = 2, nrow = 2)
```



#### Main course

• We need following packages as a start. Use c() to install multiple packages.

install.packages(c("tidyquant", "Quandl", "fOptions", "fExoticOptions", "dygraph", "forecast"))

- tidyquant is also a collection of packages: xts, quantmod.
- Please validate option pricing code.
  - For example, I found Asian Option TurnbullWakemanAsianApproxOption() in fExoticOptions is strangely implemented. Maybe I am wrong.

### tidyquant or Quandl?

Determining factors:

- tidyquant/quantmod can connect to various services: google, yahoo (still active), av (AlphaAdvantage).
- Quandl only connects to Quandl
- It's subjected to where you can find the data.
  - US ETF on Quandl is a premium service.
  - ETF in Google/AlphaAdvantage is free.

## tidyquant or Quandl?

Technical details:

- quantmod returns xts object. Quandl returns data frame or xts
- xts object is can collapse to daily, weekly, monthly price.

# Tidyquant/quantmod

```
# library(tidyquant)
# use Google
```

```
getSymbols('SPY', src = 'yahoo', adjusted = TRUE, output.size = 'full')
## WARNING: There have been significant changes to Yahoo Finance data.
## Please see the Warning section of '?getSymbols.yahoo' for details.
## This message is shown once per session and may be disabled by setting
## options("getSymbols.yahoo.warning"=FALSE).
## [1] "SPY"
str(SPY)
## An 'xts' object on 2007-01-03/2018-10-26 containing:
    Data: num [1:2977, 1:6] 142 141 141 141 141 ...
  - attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
##
     ..$: NULL
     ..$ : chr [1:6] "SPY.Open" "SPY.High" "SPY.Low" "SPY.Close" ...
##
##
     Indexed by objects of class: [Date] TZ: UTC
    xts Attributes:
## List of 2
## $ src
             : chr "yahoo"
   $ updated: POSIXct[1:1], format: "2018-10-28 23:16:14"
# Sign up with AlphaAdvantage to get a token
# getSymbols('SPY', src = 'av', output.size = 'full', api.key = token_av)
# str(SPY)
```

#### Tidyquant/quantmod

```
# What's get returned?
head(SPY)
##
             SPY.Open SPY.High SPY.Low SPY.Close SPY.Volume SPY.Adjusted
## 2007-01-03
              142.25
                        142.86 140.57
                                          141.37
                                                  94807600
                                                                111.1660
## 2007-01-04
              141.23
                       142.05 140.61
                                          141.67
                                                   69620600
                                                               111.4019
## 2007-01-05 141.33 141.40 140.38
                                          140.54
                                                  76645300
                                                               110.5134
## 2007-01-08 140.82 141.41 140.25
                                          141.19
                                                  71655000
                                                               111.0245
## 2007-01-09
             141.31
                       141.60 140.40
                                          141.07
                                                  75680100
                                                               110.9301
## 2007-01-10 140.58
                      141.57 140.30
                                          141.54
                                                  72428000
                                                               111.2997
tail(SPY)
             SPY.Open SPY.High SPY.Low SPY.Close SPY.Volume SPY.Adjusted
## 2018-10-19
              277.13
                        279.30 275.47
                                          276.25 139901600
                                                                 276.25
## 2018-10-22 277.00
                        277.36 274.41
                                          275.01
                                                  82415800
                                                                 275.01
## 2018-10-23
              270.95
                        274.87 268.61
                                          273.61 146352700
                                                                 273.61
## 2018-10-24
               273.33
                        273.76
                                264.70
                                          265.32 177806700
                                                                 265.32
                                                                 270.08
## 2018-10-25
               267.38
                        271.81
                                266.23
                                          270.08 138061500
## 2018-10-26
               265.92
                        271.00 262.29
                                          265.33 201498400
                                                                 265.33
symbols <- c("MSFT", "AAPL")</pre>
getSymbols(symbols, src = 'yahoo', adjusted = TRUE, from = "2016-01-01")
## [1] "MSFT" "AAPL"
```

### xts object

- xts is a wide format. In contrast, ggplot/tidy uses long format.
- We have gather/spread to convert between long/wide format.

- Create xts object:
  - Put index aside, which is usually date
  - Store prices in columns.

```
library(xts)

# if df is a data frame.

# Date | V | GS

xts1 <- xts(x=df[, -1, drop = F], order.by = df[1])

# coredata: returns a matrix from xts objects

core_data <- coredata(xts2)

# index: vector of any Date, POSIXct, chron, yearmon, yearqtr, or DateTime classes
index(xts1)</pre>
```

#### Get data from xts object

```
# What price history is stored here.
str(SPY)
## An 'xts' object on 2007-01-03/2018-10-26 containing:
   Data: num [1:2977, 1:6] 142 141 141 141 141 ...
## - attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 2
##
    ..$ : NULL
    ..$ : chr [1:6] "SPY.Open" "SPY.High" "SPY.Low" "SPY.Close" ...
##
     Indexed by objects of class: [Date] TZ: UTC
##
    xts Attributes:
## List of 2
## $ src
            : chr "yahoo"
## $ updated: POSIXct[1:1], format: "2018-10-28 23:16:14"
SPY2003 <- SPY["2003"]
SPY2 <- SPY["2003/2007"]
SPY3 <- SPY["2003-03-01/2007-07-01"]
SPY4 <- SPY["/2007-07-01"] # till
SPY5 <- SPY["2007-07-01/"] # from
SPY6 <- SPY["2007-07-01/", "SPY.High"]</pre>
SPY7 <- SPY["2007-07-01/", c("SPY.High", "SPY.Close")]</pre>
```

### Quandl

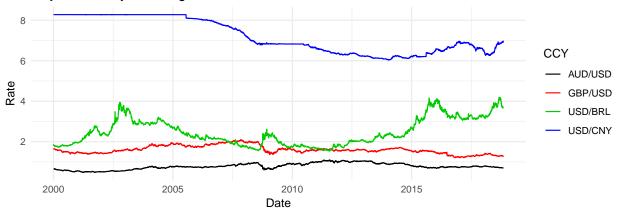
```
library(Quandl)
library(tidyverse)

# Sign up with Quandl to get a token
# token_qd <- "xxxx"
Quandl.api_key(token_qd)
## You don't get SPY: SPDR 500 ETF from Quandl from free service.
## rates <- Quandl(c("EOD/SPY"), start_date="2000-01-01", end_date="2013-06-07")
# You get price for Visa
rates <- Quandl(c("EOD/V"), start_date="2000-01-01", end_date="2013-06-07")
# Get price for GS in xts</pre>
```

### Quandl

```
library(Quandl)
                                 # Quandl package
library(ggplot2)
                                 # Package for plotting
library(tidyverse)
                                 # Package for reshaping data
Quandl.api_key(token_qd)
                                         # Authenticate your token
# Build vector of currencies
rates <- Quandl(c("FRED/DEXUSAL", "FRED/DEXBZUS", "FRED/DEXUSUK", "FRED/DEXCHUS"),</pre>
                start_date="2000-01-01",
                end_date = "2018-11-28")
colnames(rates) <- c("Date", "AUD/USD", "USD/BRL", "GBP/USD", "USD/CNY")</pre>
meltdf <- gather(rates, key = "CCY", value = "Rate", -Date)</pre>
ggplot(meltdf, aes(x = Date, y = Rate, colour = CCY, group = CCY)) +
  geom_line() +
  scale_colour_manual(values=1:22)+
  ggtitle("Major Currency Exchange Rates in USD") +
  theme_minimal()
```

#### Major Currency Exchange Rates in USD



# Quandl and forecast

```
# 52-quandl-forecast.R
# Quandl and Forecast
# Forecast using state space models and automatic ARIMA modelling.

library(Quandl)
library(dplyr)
library(xts)
library(lubridate)
library(forecast)
library(dygraphs)
```

```
# Start with daily data. Note that "type = raw" will download a data frame.
oil_daily <- Quand1("FRED/DCOILWTICO", type = "raw", collapse = "daily",
                    start date="2006-01-01", end date=Sys.Date())
# Now weekely and let's use xts as the type.
oil_weekly <- Quand1("FRED/DCOILWTICO", type = "xts", collapse = "weekly",
                     start_date="2006-01-01", end_date = Sys.Date())
oil_monthly <- Quandl("FRED/DCOILWTICO", type = "xts", collapse = "monthly",</pre>
                      start_date="2006-01-01", end_date = "2017-02-28")
# Have a quick look at our three objects.
str(oil_daily)
str(oil_weekly)
str(oil_monthly)
# Change index from month to day
head(index(oil_monthly))
index(oil_monthly) \leftarrow seq(mdy('01/2006'), mdy('02/28/2017'), by = 'months')
str(oil monthly)
head(index(oil_monthly))
dygraph(oil_monthly, main = "Monthly oil Prices")
forebase1 <- oil_weekly["/2016-02-28"]
forecast1 <- forecast(forebase1, h = 4 * 24)
plot(forecast1, main = "Oil Forecast1")
oil_forecast_data1 <- data.frame(</pre>
  date = seq(last(index(forebase1)),
             by = 'week', length.out = 4 * 24 + 1)[-1],
  Forecast = forecast1$mean,
 Hi_95 = forecast1$upper[,2],
  Lo_95 = forecast1$lower[,2])
oil_forecast_xts1 <- xts(oil_forecast_data1[,-1],</pre>
                          order.by = oil_forecast_data1[,1])
forebase2 <- oil_weekly["/2018-11-30"]
forecast2 <- forecast(forebase2, h = 4 * 3)</pre>
plot(forecast2, main = "Oil Forecast2")
oil_forecast_data2 <- data.frame(</pre>
  date = seq(last(index(forebase2)),
             by = 'week', length.out = 4 * 3 + 1)[-1],
  Forecast2 = forecast2$mean,
 Hi_95_2 = forecast2$upper[,2],
  Lo_95_2 = forecast2$lower[,2])
oil_forecast_xts2 <- xts(oil_forecast_data2[,-1],</pre>
                          order.by = oil_forecast_data2[,1])
# Combine the xts objects with cbind.
oil_combined_xts <- merge(oil_weekly, oil_forecast_xts1, oil_forecast_xts2)</pre>
```

```
# Add a nicer name for the first column.
colnames(oil_combined_xts)[1] <- "Actual"

dygraph(oil_combined_xts, main = "Oil Prices: Historical and Forecast") %>%
    dySeries("Actual", label = "Actual") %>%
    dySeries(c("Lo_95", "Forecast", "Hi_95")) %>%
    dySeries(c("Lo_95_2", "Forecast2", "Hi_95_2"))
```

#### dygraph

dygraph for xts https://rstudio.github.io/dygraphs/shiny.html

```
dygraphOutput("dygraph")

dygraph(oil_combined_xts, main = "Oil Prices: Historical and Forecast") %>%
  # Add the actual series
  dySeries("Actual", label = "Actual") %>%
  # Add the three forecasted series
  dySeries(c("Lo_95", "Forecast", "Hi_95"))
```

### Quandl/Shiny/dygraph

```
# shiny-51-quandl.R
library(shiny)
library(tidyverse)
library(Quandl)
library(xts)
library(dygraphs)
goldChoice <- "CHRIS/CME_GC1.1" # gold data from CME</pre>
dataChoices <- c("WTI oil" = "FRED/DCOILWTICO", #oil data from Fred
                  "Copper" = "ODA/PCOPP_USD", # copper data from ODA
                  "Gold" = "CHRIS/CME_GC1.1",
                  "Silver" = "LBMA/SILVER.1",
                  "Copper" = "CHRIS/CME_HG1.1",
                  "Iron Ore" = "ODA/PIORECR_USD",
                  "Platinum" = "LPPM/PLAT.1",
                  "Palladium" = "LPPM/PALL.1",
                  "Bitcoin" = "BCHARTS/WEXUSD.1")
frequencyChoices <- c("days" = "daily",</pre>
                       "weeks" = "weekly",
                       "months" = "monthly")
ui <- fluidPage(</pre>
  titlePanel("Commodity"),
  sidebarLayout(
```

```
sidebarPanel(
      selectInput("dataSet",
                   "Commodity",
                   choices = dataChoices, #Freddie mac
                   selected = "WTI oil"),
      selectInput("frequency",
                   "freq",
                   choices = frequencyChoices,
                   selected = "months"),
      dateRangeInput("dateRange",
                      "Date range",
                      start = "1980-01-01",
                      end = Sys.Date())
    ),
    mainPanel(
      dygraphOutput("commodity"),
      dygraphOutput("commodity_gold")
    )
  )
)
server <- function(input, output, session) {</pre>
  Quandl.api key("d9EidiiDWoFESfdk5nPy")
  gold <- reactive({</pre>
    gold <- Quandl(goldChoice,</pre>
                    start_date = format(input$dateRange[1]),
                    end_date = format(input$dateRange[2]),
                    order = "asc",
                    type = "xts",
                    collapse = as.character(input$frequency)
   )
  })
  commodity <- reactive({</pre>
    commodity <- Quandl(input$dataSet,</pre>
                         start_date = format(input$dateRange[1]),
                          end_date = format(input$dateRange[2]),
                         order = "asc",
                         type = "xts",
                          collapse = as.character(input$frequency)
    )
  })
  output$commodity <- renderDygraph({</pre>
    dd <- merge(gold(), commodity())</pre>
    dd$ratio <- dd[,1]/dd[,2]</pre>
    dd \leftarrow dd[, -1, drop = F]
    colnames(dd) <- c(names(dataChoices)[dataChoices == isolate(input$dataSet)],</pre>
                        "Gold ratio")
```

```
dygraph(dd,
            main = paste("Price history of",
                         names(dataChoices[dataChoices==input$dataSet]),
                         sep = ""),
            group = "gold group") %>%
      dyAxis("y", label = "$") %>%
      dySeries("Gold ratio", axis = 'y2') %>%
      dyOptions(axisLineWidth = 1.5, fillGraph = TRUE, drawGrid = TRUE,
                colors = RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(3, "Set1")) %>%
      dyRangeSelector()
  })
  output$commodity_gold <- renderDygraph({</pre>
    dygraph(gold(),
            main = paste0("Ratio history of ",
                          names(dataChoices[dataChoices==input$dataSet]),
                                 "/Gold"),
            group = "gold group") %>%
      dyAxis("y", label = "$") %>%
      dyOptions(axisLineWidth = 1.5, fillGraph = TRUE, drawGrid = TRUE) %>%
      dyRangeSelector()
 })
shinyApp(ui, server)
```

#### Portfolio analysis

```
# 53-portfolio-2.R
library(purrr)
library(tidyverse)
library(tidyquant)
library(dygraphs)
# SPY: SPDR S&P 500 ETF Trust
# IJS: iShares S&P SmallCap 600 Value Idx
# EFA: iShares MSCI EAFE Index Fund (ETF): large- and mid-capitalization developed market equities, exc
# EEM: iShares MSCI Emerging Markets Indx (ETF)
# AGG: iShares Barclays Aggregate Bond Fund: total U.S. investment-grade bond
symbols <- c("SPY","IJS","EFA","EEM","AGG")</pre>
prices <-
 getSymbols(symbols, src = 'yahoo', from = "2005-01-01",
             auto.assign = TRUE, warnings = FALSE) %>%
  purrr::map(~Cl(get(.))) %>% # Cl is from quantmod: get Close price
  reduce(merge) %>%
  `colnames<-`(symbols)
prices_monthly <- to.monthly(prices, indexAt = "first", OHLC = FALSE)</pre>
portfolioComponentReturns <- na.omit(Return.calculate(prices_monthly,</pre>
```

```
method = "log"))
plot_ticker <- function(ticker) {</pre>
  ts <- portfolioComponentReturns[, ticker, drop = F]</pre>
  sd_lt <- StdDev(ts)</pre>
  sd_overtime <- round(rollapply(ts, 20, function(x) StdDev(x)), 4)</pre>
  sd_overtime$SD_Longterm <- sd_lt</pre>
  dygraph(sd_overtime,
           main = paste("Volatility history of ", ticker)) %>%
    dyAxis("y", label = "%") %>%
    dyOptions(axisLineWidth = 1.5, fillGraph = FALSE, drawGrid = TRUE) %>%
    dyRangeSelector()
}
plot_ticker("SPY")
plot_ticker("IJS")
w = c(0.25, 0.20, 0.20, 0.25, 0.10)
w_1 < - w[1]
w_2 < - w[2]
w_3 \leftarrow w[3]
w_4 \leftarrow w[4]
w_5 < w_5
asset1 <- portfolioComponentReturns[,1]</pre>
asset2 <- portfolioComponentReturns[,2]</pre>
asset3 <- portfolioComponentReturns[,3]</pre>
asset4 <- portfolioComponentReturns[,4]</pre>
asset5 <- portfolioComponentReturns[,5]</pre>
portfolio_returns_byhand <-
  (w_1 * asset1) +
  (w_2 * asset2) +
  (w_3 * asset3) +
  (w_4 * asset4) +
  (w_5 * asset5)
names(portfolio_returns_byhand) <- "abs returns"</pre>
portfolio_returns_xts_rebalanced_monthly <-</pre>
  Return.portfolio(portfolioComponentReturns, weights = w,
                     rebalance on = "months") %>%
  `colnames<-`("month-rebal returns")</pre>
portfolio_returns_xts_rebalanced_yearly <-</pre>
  Return.portfolio(portfolioComponentReturns, weights = w,
                     rebalance_on = "years") %>%
  `colnames<-`("year-rebal returns")</pre>
head(portfolio_returns_byhand)
```

```
head(portfolio_returns_xts_rebalanced_monthly)
head(portfolio_returns_xts_rebalanced_yearly)
plot_portfolio <- function(portfolio_returns) {</pre>
  portfolio_returns_cum <- cumprod(portfolio_returns + 1)</pre>
  library(htmltools)
  g1 <- dygraph(portfolio_returns,</pre>
          main = paste("Return")) %>%
    dyAxis("y", label = "%") %>%
    dyOptions(axisLineWidth = 1.5, fillGraph = FALSE, drawGrid = TRUE) %>%
    dyRangeSelector()
  g2 <- dygraph(portfolio_returns_cum,</pre>
          main = paste("Cumulative Return")) %>%
    dyAxis("y", label = "%") %>%
    dyOptions(axisLineWidth = 1.5, fillGraph = FALSE, drawGrid = TRUE) %>%
    dyRangeSelector()
  sd_lt <- StdDev(portfolio_returns)</pre>
  sd overtime <-
    round(rollapply(portfolio_returns, 20, function(x) StdDev(x)), 4)
  sd_overtime$SD_Longterm <- sd_lt</pre>
  g3 <- dygraph(sd_overtime,
          main = paste("Volatility history of ", "portfolio_returns_cum")) %>%
    dyAxis("y", label = "%") %>%
    dyOptions(axisLineWidth = 1.5, fillGraph = FALSE, drawGrid = TRUE) %>%
    dyRangeSelector()
  browsable(
    tagList(g1, g2, g3)
  )
}
plot_portfolio(portfolio_returns_byhand)
plot_portfolio(portfolio_returns_xts_rebalanced_monthly)
plot_portfolio(portfolio_returns_xts_rebalanced_yearly)
plot_bband <- function(ticker, n_days = 93) {</pre>
  ts <- prices[, ticker, drop = F]</pre>
  sd_overtime <- round(rollapply(ts, n_days, function(x) StdDev(x)), 3)</pre>
  mean_overtime <- round(rollapply(ts, n_days, function(x) mean(x)), 3)</pre>
  new_ts <- ts
  new_ts$ma <- mean_overtime</pre>
  new_ts$u2 <- mean_overtime + sd_overtime * 2</pre>
  new_ts$d2 <- mean_overtime - sd_overtime * 2</pre>
  dygraph(new_ts,
          main = paste0("Bollinger Bands ", ticker)) %>%
```

```
dyAxis("y", label = "") %>%
  dySeries("ma", strokePattern = "dashed") %>%
  dyOptions(axisLineWidth = 1.5, fillGraph = FALSE, drawGrid = TRUE) %>%
  dyRangeSelector()
}
plot_bband("SPY")
```